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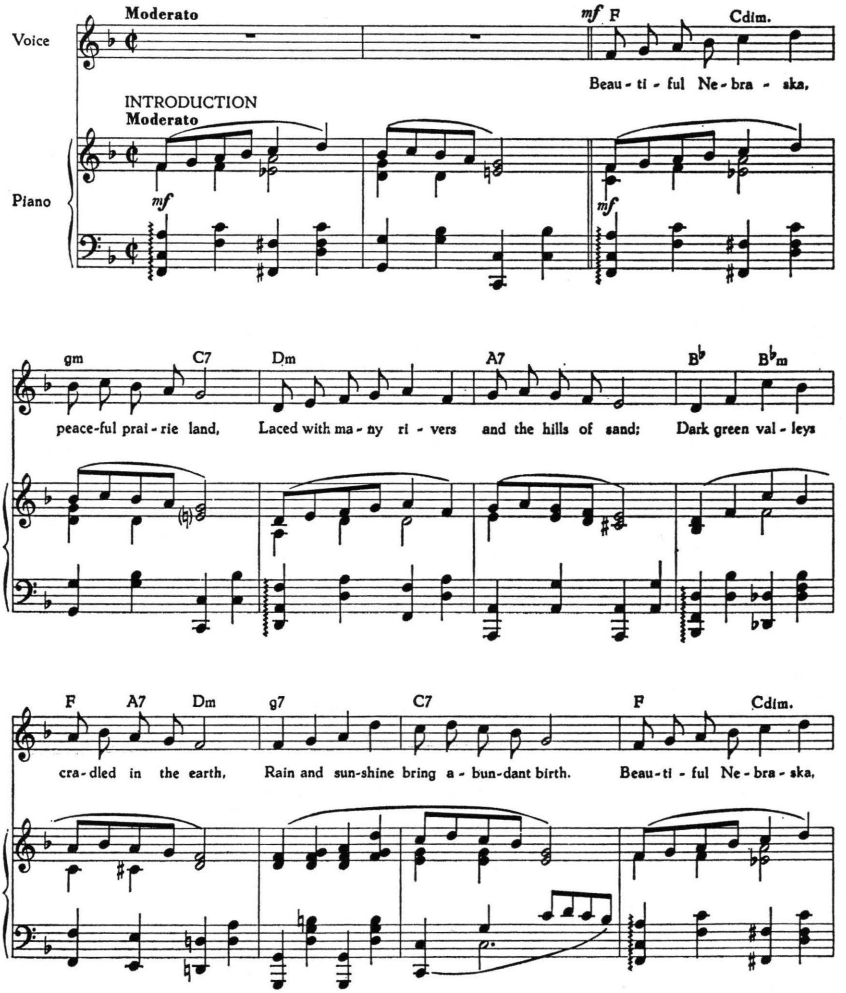
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Beautiful Nebraska

The Official Nebraska State Song

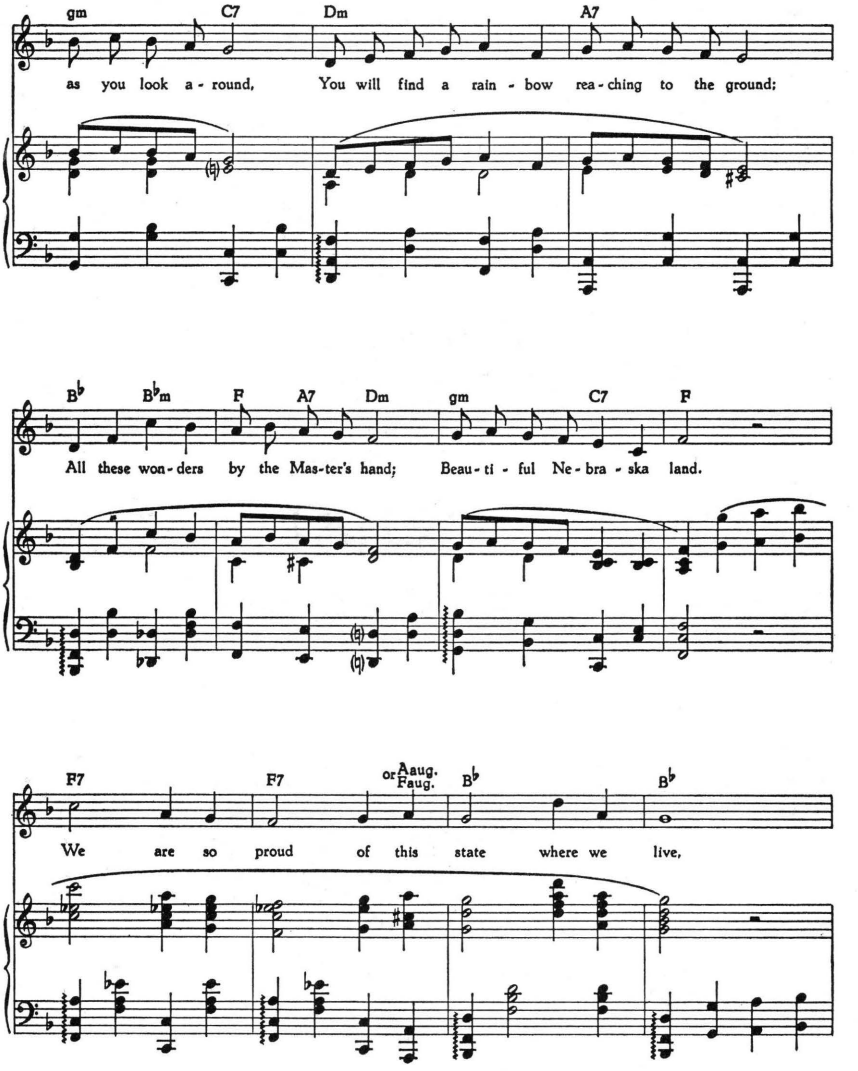
Words by JIM FRAS
and GUY G. MILLER

Music by JIM FRAS

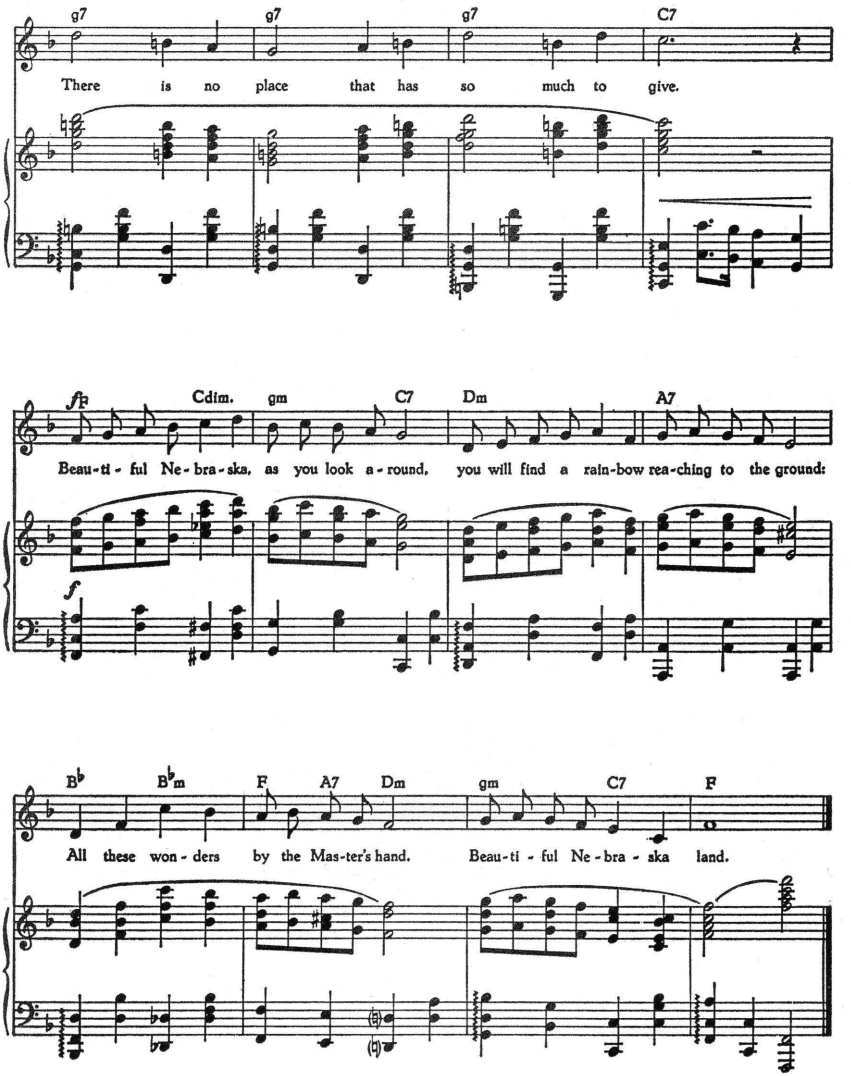


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gm C7 Dm A7
as you look a - round, You will find a rain - bow rea - ching to the ground;
B♭ B♭m F A7 Dm gm C7 F
All these won - ders by the Mas - ter's hand; Beau - ti - ful Ne - bra - ska land.
F7 F7 or Aaug. Faug. B♭ B♭
We are so proud of this state where we live,

W. M. Co. 9547

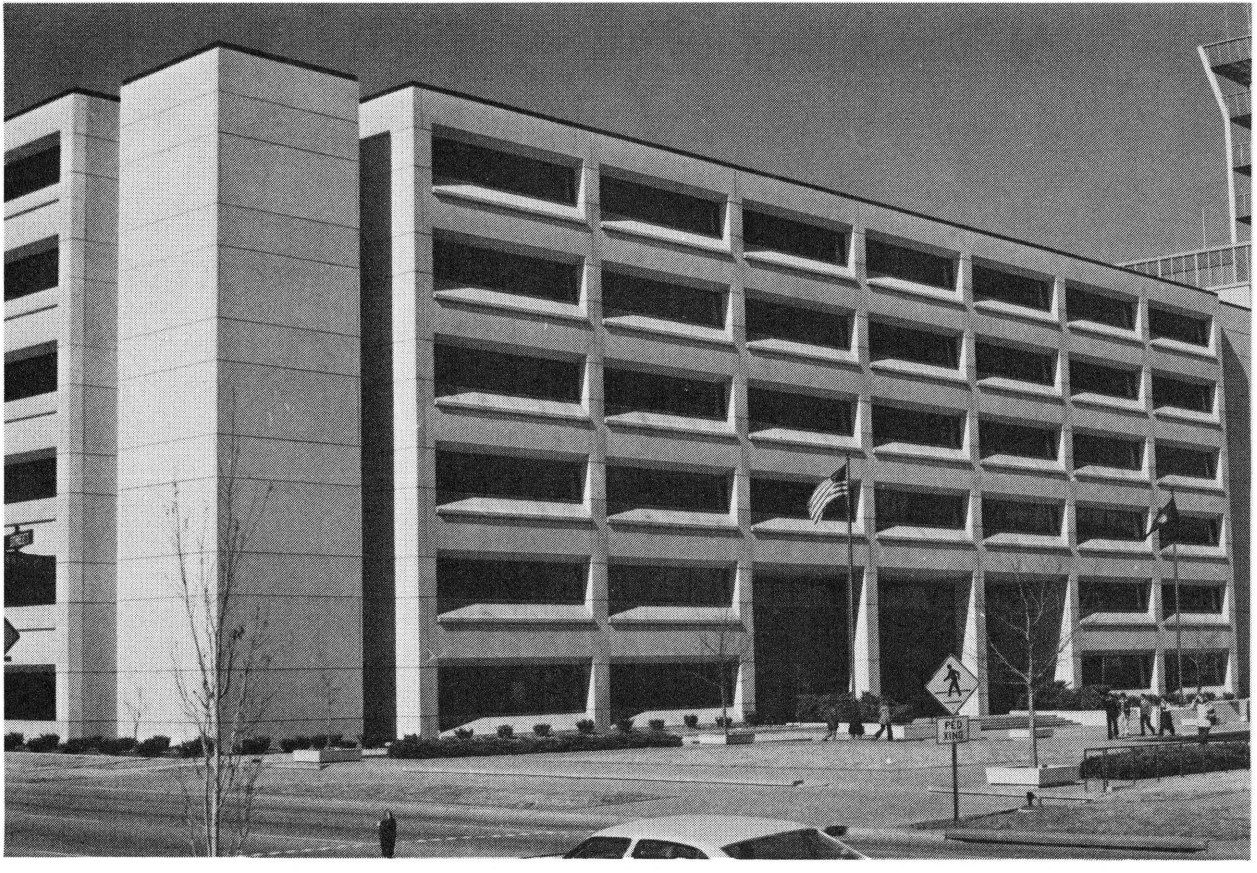

g7 g7 g7 C7
There is no place that has so much to give.
fp Cdim. gm C7 Dm A7
Beau-ti-ful Ne-bra-ska, as you look a-round, you will find a rain-bow rea-ching to the ground:
f
B♭ B♭m F A7 Dm gm C7 F
All these won-ders by the Mas-ter's hand. Beau-ti-ful Ne-bra-ska land.

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State Capitol Building

(Picture Courtesy Game and Parks Commission)



STATE OFFICE BUILDING COMPLETED 1977

THE NEBRASKA CAPITOL[1]

The present State Capitol, the fifth to be erected by the state, is accepted as one of the most beautiful government buildings in the world. The building was designed by Bertram Goodhue who selected Lee Lawrie, sculptor, August Vincent Tack, mural artist, and Hildreth Meiere, designer of tile and mosaic, to assist him. Built of Indiana limestone, it is in the form of a cross in a square, with four interior courts. The base of the building, which is four hundred and thirty-seven feet square, is two stories high. From this base rises the tower, four hundred feet high, crowned with the bronze figure of "The Sower" designed by Lee Lawrie. A progressive form of ornamentation extends from the principal entrance to the rotunda of the building, starting with the carved buffalo at the main entrance.

The building, furnishings, and landscaping cost over ten million dollars. The money was secured by a special capitol levy, and the building was fully paid for when completed in 1932. The actual construction took ten years and was carried out under the direction of William Younkin.

The Capitol Commission responsible for the construction of the building was composed of the Governor, the State Engineer and three members appointed by the Governor. The appointed members were W. E. Hardy, Lincoln; W. H. Thompson, Grand Island and Walter W. Head, Omaha. The Governors acting as chairmen of the commission during the construction of the building were Samuel R. McKelvie, Charles W. Bryan, Adam McMullen and Arthur J. Weaver. The State Engineers were George E. Johnson and Robert L. Cochran. The commission selected Thomas R. Kimball of Omaha as professional adviser for the commission and he wrote the terms of the competition by which the architect was chosen. Hartley Burr Alexander of the University of Nebraska was responsible for the inscriptions and symbols used on the building.

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[1] For Historical Sketch of Nebraska Capitals and Capitols, see pages 113-114.



State Flag of Nebraska

STATE BANNER OR FLAG

Representative J. Lloyd McMaster of Lancaster County introduced a bill in 1925, designating a state banner. The law describes the banner as "a reproduction of the great seal of the state charged on the center in gold and silver on a field of national blue." The 1963 Legislature designated the state banner the official state flag of Nebraska.

STATE BIRD

A joint resolution introduced by Representative F. C. Rundle of Hamilton County, and approved March 22, 1929, declares the western meadowlark to be the state bird of Nebraska.

STATE DAY

A bill introduced by Representative John H. Comstock of Lancaster County, and approved March 25, 1931, designates March 1 as State Day.

STATE FLOWER

A joint resolution introduced by Representative L. P. Judd of Boone County, and approved April 4, 1895, designates the goldenrod (Solidago serotina) as the floral emblem of the state.

STATE GRASS

A bill introduced by Senators Maurice A. Kremer of Aurora, and Wayne L. Schreurs of Seward, and approved May 5, 1969, designates the little blue stem (andropogon scoparius) the official state grass of Nebraska.

STATE NAME

In 1895 by joint resolution introduced by Senator C. H. Sloan of Geneva, and approved on April 4, the state was designated as the "Tree Planters' State." In 1945 by act of the Legislature, the popular name of the state was changed to the "Cornhusker State."

STATE TREE

A bill introduced by Senator Calvin F. Carsten of Avoca, and enacted into law on July 6, 1972, declares the Cottonwood the state tree of Nebraska.

PULASKI MEMORIAL DAY

The Legislature of 1931 designated October 11 as Pulaski Memorial Day.

THOMAS JEFFERSON MEMORIAL DAY

The Legislature of 1935 directed the Governor to proclaim April 13 of each year as Thomas Jefferson Memorial Day.

STATE GEM STONE

A bill introduced by Senators George C. Gerdes of Alliance, Richard F. Proud of Omaha, and Stanley A. Matzke of Milford, and approved March 1, 1967, declares the chalcedony stone, known as blue agate, the state gem stone of Nebraska.

OFFICIAL STATE FOSSIL

A bill introduced by Senators George C. Gerdes of Alliance, Richard F. Proud of Omaha, and Stanley A. Matzke of Milford, and approved March 1, 1967, designates the mammoth as the official state fossil.

STATE ROCK

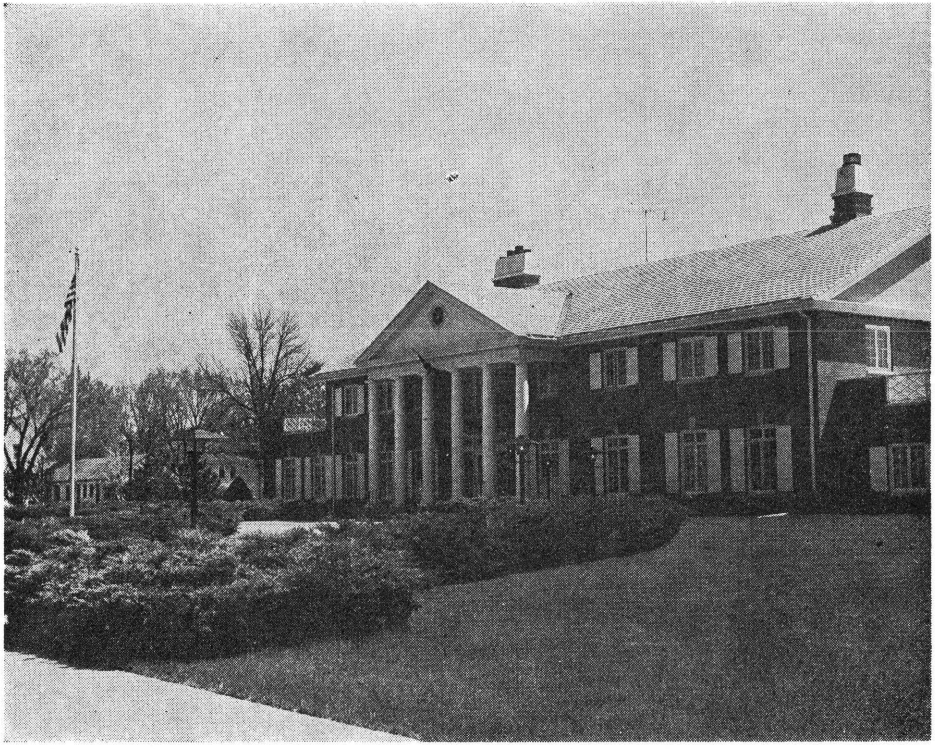
A bill introduced by Senators George C. Gerdes of Alliance, and Richard F. Proud of Omaha, and approved March 1, 1967, declares the chalcedony stone, commonly known as prairie agate, the state rock of Nebraska.

STATE INSECT

Introduced by Senator John S. Savage, Omaha, Legislative Bill 15; approved by the Governor March 19, 1975, adopted the honey bee (Apis mellifera) as the official state insect.

LEGAL HOLIDAYS

New Year's Day	January 1
Lincoln's Birthday	February 12
Washington's Birthday	February (third Monday)
Arbor Day	April 22
Memorial Day	Last Monday in May
Independence Day	July 4
Labor Day	September (first Monday)
Columbus Day	October (second Monday)
Veterans' Day	November 11
Thanksgiving Day	November (fourth Thursday)
Christmas Day	December 25



The Executive Mansion
(Picture Courtesy Game and Parks Commission)

PREFACE

The Nebraska Blue Book is published biennially in the even-numbered years. This is the thirty-first volume to be published since its first appearance in 1915, and the nineteenth to appear under the sponsorship of the Nebraska Legislative Council. Prior to 1940, the responsibility for this work rested upon the Nebraska Legislative Reference Bureau, which was then attached to the University of Nebraska. When the Bureau was abolished in 1939, its duties were transferred to the Legislative Council.

The primary purpose of the Blue Book is to serve as a handy reference to the State of Nebraska, its early history, its constitutional development, and its present governmental structure. It contains detailed descriptions of each of the agencies of the state government, the names of the principal public officials in the state, including those of the cities and counties, and much statistical information on all phases of the state and its people. There is also included in this volume a brief outline of the organization of the national government, the various field offices and chief personnel of the national government situated in the state, and Nebraska's members in Congress.

The Blue Book is prepared for those desiring information concerning the State of Nebraska and its government. The Legislative Council will continue to welcome any and all suggestions relative to changes in, additions to, or deletions from the text of the present volume. The book is about Nebraska for Nebraskans, and their reactions to it are therefore sincerely solicited.

Lois A. Sasso, Editor

The Nebraska Legislature
Lincoln, Nebraska
December, 1976

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SECTION I—HISTORICAL

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State Constitution and Constitutional Amendments

Constitution of the State of Nebraska

Constitutional Conventions and Constitutional Amendments

Historical Sketch of Nebraska

Historical Roster of Officers and Legislators

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Literal print as adopted by the Constitutional Convention at Philadelphia, September 17, 1787.

We the People of the United States, in Order to form a more perfect Union, establish Justice, insure domestic Tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty to ourselves and our Posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I

Section 1. All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

No Person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the Age of twenty five Years, and been seven Years a Citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an Inhabitant of the State in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives[1] and direct Taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective Numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole Number of free Persons, including those bound to Service for a Term of Years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three fifths of all other Persons. The actual Enumeration shall be made within three Years after the first Meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent Term of ten Years, in such Manner as they shall by Law direct. The Number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty Thousand, but each State shall have at Least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of New Hampshire shall be entitled to chuse three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New-York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the Representation from any State, the Executive Authority thereof shall issue Writs of Election to fill such Vacancies.

The House of Representatives shall chuse their Speaker and other Officers; and shall have the sole Power of Impeachment.

[1] See section 2, 14th amendment. See also the 16th amendment.

Section 3. [1]The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for six Years; and each Senator shall have one Vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in Consequence of the first Election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The Seats of the Senators of the first Class shall be vacated at the Expiration of the second Year, of the second Class at the Expiration of the fourth Year, and of the third Class at the Expiration of the sixth Year, so that one third may be chosen every second Year; and if Vacancies happen by Resignation, or otherwise, during the Recess of the Legislature of any State, the Executive thereof may make temporary Appointments until the next Meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such Vacancies.

No Person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained to the Age of thirty Years, and been nine Years a Citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an Inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen.

The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no Vote, unless they be equally divided.

The Senate shall chuse their other Officers, and also a President pro tempore, in the Absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the Office of President of the United States.

The Senate shall have the sole Power to try all Impeachments. When sitting for that Purpose, they shall be on Oath or Affirmation. When the President of the United states is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside: And no Person shall be convicted without the Concurrence of two thirds of the Members present.

Judgment in Cases of Impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from Office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any Office of honor, Trust or Profit under the United States: but the Party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to Indictment, Trial, Judgment and Punishment, according to Law.

Section 4. The Times, Places and Manner of holding Elections for Senators and Representatives, shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by Law make or alter such Regulations, except as to the Places of chusing Senators.

The Congress[2] shall assemble at least once in every Year, and such Meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by Law appoint a different Day.

Section 5. Each House shall be the Judge of the Elections, Returns and Qualifications of its own Members, and a Majority of each shall constitute a Quorum to do Business; but a smaller Number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the Attendance of absent Members, in such Manner, and under such Penalties as each House may provide.

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[1] See the 17th amendment.
[2] See the 20th amendment, Section 2.

Each House may determine the Rules of its Proceedings, punish its Members for disorderly Behaviour, and, with the Concurrence of two thirds, expel a Member.

Each House shall keep a Journal of its Proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such Parts as may in their Judgment require Secrecy; and the Yeas and Nays of the Members of either House on any question shall, at the Desire of one fifth of those Present, be entered on the Journal.

Neither House, during the Session of Congress, shall, without the Consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other Place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting.

Section 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a Compensation for their Services, to be ascertained by Law, and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. They shall in all Cases, except Treason, Felony and Breach of the Peace, be privileged from Arrest during their Attendance at the Session of their respective Houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any Speech or Debate in either House, they shall not be questioned in any other Place.

No Senator or Representative shall, during the Time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil Office under the Authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the Emoluments whereof shall have been encreased during such time; and no Person holding any Office under the United States, shall be a Member of either House during his Continuance in Office.

Section 7. All Bills for raising Revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with Amendments as on other Bills.

Every Bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it become a Law, be presented to the President of the United States; If he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his Objections to that House in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the Objections at large on their Journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such Reconsideration two thirds of that House shall agree to pass the Bill, it shall be sent, together with the Objections, to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two thirds of that House, it shall become a Law. But in all such Cases the Votes of both Houses shall be determined by Yeas and Nays, and the Names of the Persons voting for and against the Bill shall be entered on the Journal of each House respectively. If any Bill shall not be returned by the President within ten Days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the Same shall be a Law, in like Manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress by their Adjournment prevent its Return, in which Case it shall not be a Law.

Every Order, Resolution, or Vote to which the Concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a

question of Adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and before the Same shall take Effect, shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the Rules and Limitations prescribed in the Case of a Bill.

Section 8. The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

To borrow Money on the credit of the United States.

To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

To establish an uniform Rule of Naturalization, and uniform Laws on the subject of Bankruptcies throughout the United States.

To coin Money, regulate the Value thereof, and of foreign Coin, and fix the Standard of Weights and Measures.

To provide for the Punishment of counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States.

To establish Post Offices and post Roads.

To promote the Progress of Science and useful Arts, by securing for limited Times to Authors and Inventors the exclusive Right to their respective Writings and Discoveries.

To constitute Tribunals inferior to the supreme Court.

To define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations.

To declare War, grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal, and make Rules concerning Captures on Land and Water.

To raise and support Armies, but no Appropriation of Money to that Use shall be for a longer Term than two Years.

To provide and maintain a Navy.

To make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces.

To provide for calling forth the Militia to execute the Laws of the Union, suppress Insurrections and repel Invasions.

To provide for organizing, arming and disciplining, the Militia, and for governing such Part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the Appointment of the Officers, and the Authority of training the Militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress.

To exercise exclusive Legislation in all Cases whatsoever, over such District (not exceeding ten Miles square) as may, by Cession of particular States, and the Acceptance of Congress, become the Seat of the Government of the United States, and to exercise like Authority over all Places purchased by the Consent of the Legislature of the State in which

the Same shall be, for the Erection of Forts, Magazines, Arsenals, dock-Yards, and other needful Buildings;—And

To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

Section 9. The Migration or Importation of such Persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the Year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a Tax or duty may be imposed on such Importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each Person.

The Privilege of the Writ of Habeas Corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in Cases of Rebellion or Invasion the public Safety may require it.

No Bill of Attainder or ex post facto Law shall be passed.

No Capitation, or other direct, Tax shall be laid, unless in Proportion to the Census or Enumeration herein before directed to be taken.[1]

No Tax or Duty shall be laid on Articles exported from any State.

No Preference shall be given by any Regulation of Commerce or Revenue to the Ports of one State over those of another: nor shall Vessels bound to, or from, one State, be obliged to enter, clear or pay Duties in another.

No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law; and a regular Statement and Account of the Receipts and Expenditures of all public Money shall be published from time to time.

No Title of Nobility shall be granted by the United States: And no Person holding any Office of Profit or Trust under them, shall, without the Consent of the Congress, accept of any present, Emolument, Office, or Title, of any kind whatever, from any King, Prince, or foreign State.

Section 10. No State shall enter into any Treaty, Alliance, or Confederation; grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal; coin Money; emit Bills of Credit; make any Thing but gold and silver Coin a Tender in Payment of Debts; pass any Bill of Attainder; ex post facto Law, or Law impairing the Obligation of Contracts, or grant any Title of Nobility.

No State shall, without the Consent of the Congress, lay any Imposts or Duties on Imports or Exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing it's inspection Laws: and the net Produce of all Duties and Imposts, laid by any State on Imports or Exports, shall be for the Use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such Laws shall be subject to the Revision and Controul of the Congress.

No State shall, without the Consent of Congress, lay any Duty of Tonnage, keep Troops, or Ships of War in time of Peace, enter into any Agreement or Compact with another State, or with a foreign Power, or engage in War, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent Danger as will not admit of delay.

[1] See 16th amendment.

ARTICLE II

Section 1. The executive Power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his Office during the Term of four Years,[1] and, together with the Vice President, chosen for the same Term, be elected, as follows:

Each State shall appoint, in such Manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a Number of Electors, equal to the whole Number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative, or Person holding an Office of Trust or Profit under the United States, shall be appointed an Elector.

The Electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by Ballot for two Persons, of whom one at least shall not be an Inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a List of all the Persons voted for, and of the Number of Votes for each; which List they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the Seat of the Government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the Presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the Certificates, and the Votes shall then be counted. The Person having the greatest Number of Votes shall be the President, if such Number be a Majority of the whole Number of Electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such Majority, and have an equal Number of Votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately chuse by Ballot one of them for President; and if no Person have a Majority, then from the five highest on the List the said House shall in like Manner chuse the President. But in chusing the President, the Votes shall be taken by States, the Representation from each State having one Vote; A quorum for this Purpose shall consist of a Member or Members from two thirds of the States, and a Majority of all the States shall be necessary to a Choice. In every Case, after the Choice of the President, the Person having the greatest Number of Votes of the Electors shall be the Vice President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal Votes, the Senate shall chuse from them by Ballot the Vice President.[2]

The Congress may determine the Time of chusing the Electors, and the Day on which they shall give their Votes; which Day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No Person except a natural Born Citizen, or a Citizen of the United States, at the time of the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the Office of President; neither shall any Person be eligible to that Office who shall not have attained to the Age of thirty five Years, and been fourteen Years a Resident within the United States.

In Case of the Removal of the President from Office, or of his Death, Resignation, or Inability to discharge the Powers and Duties of the said Office, the Same shall devolve on the Vice President, and the Congress may by Law provide for the Case of Removal, Death, Resignation or

[1] See 22nd amendment.
[2] Superseded by 12th amendment.

Inability, both of the President and Vice President, declaring what Officer shall then act as President, and such Officer shall act accordingly, until the Disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.[1]

The President shall, at stated Times, receive for his Services, a Compensation, which shall neither be encreased nor diminished during the Period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that Period any other Emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enter on the Execution of his Office, he shall take the following Oath or Affirmation:—"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the Office of President of the United States, and will to the best of my Ability, preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States."

Section 2. The President shall be Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, and of the Militia of the several States, when called into the actual Service of the United States; he may require the Opinion, in writing, of the principal Officer in each of the executive Departments, upon any Subject relating to the Duties of their respective Offices, and he shall have Power to grant Reprieves and Pardons for Offences against the United States, except in Cases of Impeachment.

He shall have Power, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Senate, to make Treaties, provided two thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the Advice and Consent of the Senate, shall appoint Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls, Judges of the supreme Court, and all other Officers of the United States, whose Appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by Law: but the Congress may by Law vest the Appointment of such inferior Officers, as they think proper, in the President alone, in the Courts of Law, or in the Heads of Departments.

The President shall have Power to fill up all Vacancies that may happen during the Recess of the Senate, by granting Commissions which shall expire at the End of their next Session.

Section 3. He shall from time to time give to the Congress Information of the State of the Union, and recommend to their Consideration such Measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary Occasions, convene both Houses, or either of them, and in Case of Disagreement between them, with Respect to the Time of Adjournment, he may adjourn them to such Time as he shall think proper; he shall receive Ambassadors and other public Ministers; he shall take Care that the Laws be faithfully executed, and shall Commission all the Officers of the United States.

Section 4. The President, Vice President and all civil Officers of the United States, shall be removed from Office on Impeachment for, and Conviction of, Treason, Bribery, or other high Crimes and Misdemeanors.

[1] See 20th amendment, sections 3 and 4.

ARTICLE III

Section 1. The judicial Power of the United States, shall be vested in one supreme Court, and in such inferior Courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The Judges, both of the supreme and inferior Courts, shall hold their Offices during good Behaviour, and shall, at stated Times, receive for their Services, a Compensation, which shall not be diminished during their Continuance in Office.

Section 2. [1]The judicial Power shall extend to all Cases, in Law and Equity, arising under this Constitution, the Laws of the United States, and Treaties made, or which shall be made, under their Authority;—to all Cases affecting Ambassadors, other Public Ministers and Consuls;—to all Cases of admiralty and maritime Jurisdiction;—to Controversies to which the United States shall be a Party;—to Controversies between two or more States;—between a State and Citizens of another State;—between Citizens of different States;—between Citizens of the same State claiming Lands under Grants of different States, and between a State, or the Citizens thereof, and foreign States, Citizens or Subjects.

In all Cases affecting Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls, and those in which a State shall be Party, the supreme Court shall have original Jurisdiction. In all the other Cases before mentioned, the supreme Court shall have appellate Jurisdiction, both as to Law and Fact, with such Exceptions, and under such Regulations as the Congress shall make.

The Trial of all Crimes, except in Cases of Impeachment, shall be by Jury; and such Trial shall be held in the State where the said Crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the Trial shall be at such Place or Places as the Congress may by Law have directed.

Section 3. Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying War against them, or in adhering to their Enemies, giving them Aid and Comfort. No Person shall be convicted of Treason unless on the testimony of two Witnesses to the same overt Act, or on Confession in open Court.

The Congress shall have Power to declare the Punishment of Treason, but no Attainder of Treason shall work Corruption of Blood, or Forfeiture except during the Life of the Person attainted.

ARTICLE IV

Section 1. Full Faith and Credit shall be given in each State to the public Acts, Records, and judicial Proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general Laws prescribe the Manner in which such Acts, Records and Proceedings shall be proved, and the Effect thereof.

Section 2. The Citizens of each State shall be entitled to all Privileges and Immunities of Citizens in the several States.

A Person charged in any State with Treason, Felony, or other Crime, who shall flee from Justice, and be found in another State, shall on De-

[1] **See the 11th amendment. See also the 6th amendment.**

mand of the executive Authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having Jurisdiction of the Crime.

No person held to Service or Labour in one State, under the Laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in Consequence of any Law or Regulation therein, be discharged from such Service or Labour, but shall be delivered up on Claim of the Party to whom such Service or Labour may be due.[1]

Section 3. New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the Jurisdiction of any other State; nor any State be formed by the Junction of two or more States, or Parts of States, without the Consent of the Legislatures of the States concerned as well as of the Congress.

The Congress shall have Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to Prejudice any Claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

Section 4. The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a Republican Form of Government, and shall protect each of them against Invasion; and on Application of the Legislature, or of the Executive (when the Legislature cannot be convened) against domestic Violence.

ARTICLE V

The Congress, whenever two thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose Amendments to this Constitution, or, on the Application of the Legislatures of two thirds of the several States, shall call a Convention for proposing Amendments, which, in either Case, shall be valid to all Intents and Purposes, as Part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three fourths of the several States, or by Conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other Mode of Ratification may be proposed by the Congress; Provided that no Amendment which may be made prior to the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any Manner affect the first and fourth Clauses in the Ninth Section of the first Article; and that no State, without its Consent, shall be deprived of its equal Suffrage in the Senate.

ARTICLE VI

All Debts contracted and Engagements entered into, before the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution, as under the Confederation.

This Constitution, and the Laws of the United States which shall be made in Pursuance thereof; and all Treaties made, or which shall be made, under the Authority of the United States, shall be the supreme Law of the Land; and the Judges in every State shall be bound thereby; any Thing in the Constitution or Laws of any State to the Contrary notwithstanding.

[1] See 13th amendment

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the Members of the several State Legislatures, and all executive and judicial Officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by Oath or Affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious Test shall ever be required as a Qualification to any Office or public Trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII

The Ratification of the Conventions of nine States, shall be sufficient for the Establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the Same.

done in Convention by the Unanimous Consent of the States present the Seventeenth Day of September in the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and Eighty seven and of the Independence of the United States of America the Twelfth. In witness whereof We have hereunto subscribed our Names.

Go Washington- -*Presidt.*
and deputy from Virginia

New Hampshire
JOHN LANGDON
NICHOLAS GILMAN

Massachusetts
NATHANIEL GORHAM
RUFUS KING

Connecticut
WM. SAML. JOHNSON
ROGER SHERMAN

New York
ALEXANDER HAMILTON

New Jersey
WIL: LIVINGSTON
DAVID BREARLEY
WM. PATTERSON
JONA: DAYTON

Pennsylvania
B. FRANKLIN
THOMAS MIFFLIN
ROBT. MORRIS
GEO. CLYMER
THOS. FITZSIMONS
JARED INGERSOLL
JAMES WILSON
GOUV MORRIS

Delaware
GEO: READ
GUNNING BEDFORD jun
JOHN DICKINSON
RICHARD BASSETT
JACO: BROOM

Maryland
JAMES MCHENRY
DAN *of* ST. THOS. JENIFER
DANL CARROLL

Virginia
JOHN BLAIR—
JAMES MADISON JR.

North Carolina
WM BLOUNT
RICHD DOBBS SPAIGHT
HU WILLIAMSON

South Carolina
J. RUTLEDGE
CHARLES COTESWORTH
PINCKNEY
CHARLES PINCKNEY
PIERCE BUTLER

Georgia
WILLIAM FEW
ABR BALDWIN

Attest:
WILLIAM JACKSON, *Secretary*

Articles in Addition To, and Amendment Of, the Constitution of the United States of America, Proposed by Congress, and Ratified by the Legislatures of the Several States, Pursuant to the Fifth Article of the Original Constitution.[1]

ARTICLE I

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II

A well regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear Arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III

No Soldier shall, in time of peace be quartered in any house, without the consent of the Owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by Oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the Militia, when in actual service in time of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the Assistance of Counsel for his defense.

ARTICLE VII

In Suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and

[1] The 21st amendment was ratified by conventions called for the purpose in the ratifying states.

no fact tried by a jury, shall be otherwise re-examined in any Court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX

The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI

The Judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by Citizens of another State, or by Citizens or Subjects of any Foreign State.

ARTICLE XII

The Electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice-President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate;—The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates and the votes shall then be counted;—The person having the greatest number of votes for President, shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of Electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President—The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice-President, shall be the Vice-President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of Electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice-President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the

whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice-President of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII

Section 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

Section 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XIV

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Section 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the Executive and Judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion, or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Section 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Section 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

Section 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV

Section 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

Section 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XVI

The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several States, and without regard to any census or enumeration.

ARTICLE XVII

The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, elected by the people thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote. The electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State legislatures.

When vacancies happen in the representation of any State in the Senate, the executive authority of such State shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies: *Provided*, That the legislature of any State may empower the executive thereof to make temporary appointments until the people fill the vacancies by election as the legislature may direct.

This amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or term of any Senator chosen before it becomes valid as part of the Constitution.

ARTICLE XVIII*

Section 1. After one year from the ratification of this article the manufacture, sale, or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes is hereby prohibited.

Section 2. The Congress and the several States shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Section 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the legislatures of the several States, as provided in the Constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the States by the Congress.

ARTICLE XIX

The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex.

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* **Repealed by the 21st amendment.**

Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XX

Section 1. The terms of the President and Vice President shall end at noon on the 20th day of January, and the terms of Senators and Representatives at noon on the 3d day of January, of the years in which such terms would have ended if this article had not been ratified; and the terms of their successors shall then begin.

Section 2. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall begin at noon on the 3rd day of January, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

Section 3. If, at the time fixed for the beginning of the term of the President, the President elect shall have died, the Vice President elect shall become President. If a President shall not have been chosen before the time fixed for the beginning of his term, or if the President elect shall have failed to qualify, then the Vice President elect shall act as President until a President shall have qualified; and the Congress may by law provide for the case wherein neither a President elect nor a Vice President elect shall have qualified, declaring who shall then act as President, or the manner in which one who is to act shall be selected, and such person shall act accordingly until a President or Vice President shall have qualified.

Section 4. The Congress may by law provide for the case of the death of any of the persons from whom the House of Representatives may choose a President whenever the right of choice shall have devolved upon them, and for the case of the death of any of the persons from whom the Senate may choose a Vice President whenever the right of choice shall have devolved upon them.

Section 5. Sections 1 and 2 shall take effect on the 15th day of October following the ratification of this article.

Section 6. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States within seven years from the date of its submission.

ARTICLE XXI

Section 1. The eighteenth article of amendment to the Constitution of the United States is hereby repealed.

Section 2. The transportation or importation into any State, Territory, or possession of the United States for delivery or use therein of intoxicating liquors, in violation of the laws thereof, is hereby prohibited.

Section 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by conventions in the several States, as provided in the Constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the States by the Congress.

ARTICLE XXII

Section 1. No person shall be elected to the office of the President more than twice, and no person who has held the office of President, or acted as President, for more than two years of a term to which some other person was elected President shall be elected to the office of the President more than once. But this Article shall not apply to any person holding the office of President when this Article was proposed by Congress, and shall not prevent any person who may be holding the office of President, or acting as President, during the term within which this Article becomes operative from holding the office of President or acting as President during the remainder of such term.

Section 2. This Article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States within seven years from the date of its submission to the States by the Congress.

ARTICLE XXIII

Section 1. The District constituting the seat of Government of the United States shall appoint in such manner as the Congress may direct:

A number of electors of President and Vice President equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives in Congress to which the District would be entitled if it were a State, but in no event more than the least populous State; they shall be in addition to those appointed by the States, but they shall be considered, for the purposes of the election of President and Vice President, to be electors appointed by a State; and they shall meet in the District and perform such duties as provided by the twelfth article of amendment.

Section 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XXIV

Section 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote in any primary or other election for President or Vice President, for electors for President or Vice President, or for Senator or Representative in Congress, shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or any State by reason of failure to pay any poll tax or other tax.

Section 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XXV

Section 1. In case of the removal of the President from office or his death or resignation, the Vice President shall become President.

Section 2. Whenever there is a vacancy in the office of the Vice President, the President shall nominate a Vice President who shall take office upon confirmation by a majority vote of both houses of Congress.

Section 3. Whenever the President transmits to the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives his written declaration that he is unable to discharge the powers and duties of his office, and until he transmits to them a written declaration to the contrary, such powers and duties shall be discharged by the Vice President as Acting President.

Section 4. Whenever the Vice President and a majority of either the principal officers of the executive departments or of such other body as Congress may by law provide, transmit to the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives their written declaration that the President is unable to discharge the powers and duties of his office, the Vice President shall immediately assume the powers and duties of the office as Acting President.

Thereafter, when the President transmits to the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives his written declaration that no inability exists, he shall resume the powers and duties of his office unless the Vice President and a majority of either the principal officers of the executive department or of such other body as Congress may by law provide, transmit within four days to the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives their written declaration that the President is unable to discharge the powers and duties of his office. Thereupon Congress shall decide the issue, assembling within forty-eight hours for that purpose if not in session. If the Congress, within twenty-one days after receipt of the latter written declaration, or, if Congress is not in session, within twenty-one days after Congress is required to assemble, determines by two-thirds vote of both houses that the President is unable to discharge the powers and duties of his office, the Vice President shall continue to discharge the same as Acting President; otherwise, the President shall resume the powers and duties of his office.

ARTICLE XXVI

Section 1. The right of citizens of the United States, who are eighteen years of age or older, to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of age.

Section 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XXVII*

Section 1. Equality of rights under the law shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex.

Section 2. The Congress shall have the power to enforce by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

Section 3. This amendment shall take effect two years after the date of ratification.

* Ratification completed by thirty-four states; needs four more for final adoption.

THE STATE CONSTITUTION AND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

Initial Movement For Statehood.—The first movement for the formation of a State Constitution for Nebraska resulted in submission of the question to the voters of the territory at an election held March 5, 1860. The proposition was defeated by a vote[1] of 2,094 for and 2,372 against. Cass, Otoe and Washington Counties were the strongest supporters of this movement; Douglas, Dakota, Richardson and Sarpy were its strongest opponents.

Second Movement For Statehood.—Political issues arising out of the Civil War prompted and sustained the next movement for statehood. Nebraska had become strongly Republican and there was a call for more Republican Senators and Representatives at Washington. The Ninth Territorial Legislature, by a joint memorial to Congress approved January 16, 1864, petitioned for legislation preparatory to the admission of Nebraska as a state. The Democratic Party in Nebraska was opposed to statehood, and eleven out of thirty-five members in the lower house of the Legislature voted against the memorial. Congress responded almost immediately by passing the Nebraska Enabling Act on April 19, 1864. In accordance with this instrument an election for delegates to a constitutional convention was held June 6, 1864. The number of members chosen was equal to the membership of the Territorial Legislature. The convention met at the capitol in Omaha, July 4, 1864, and elected Sterling P. Majors of Nemaha County, president. Immediately upon completing its organization the convention voted to "adjourn sine die, without forming a constitution." A majority of the members of this convention were pledged to this action before their election. The chief reason assigned was the desire to avoid the expense of state government. An additional reason was opposition by the Democrats.

Drafting and Adoption of Constitution of 1866.—The assassination of President Abraham Lincoln on April 14, 1865, and the rapid development of controversy between President Andrew Johnson and the Republican leaders in Congress again brought the question of statehood for Nebraska to the front. On February 9, 1866, the Eleventh Territorial Legislature passed a joint resolution directing that a constitution be prepared for submission to the people. This constitution was drafted in great haste by a legislative committee and rushed through both houses. It provided for the barest framework of government, the fewest possible officers, the lowest salaries and the most meager functions for the new state in order to forestall objections to the increased expense. The constitution was submitted to the people at an election held June 2, 1866, and adopted after a heated campaign by a vote of 3,938 in its favor to 3,838 against.

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[1] See vote by counties, page 96.

Constitution of 1866 Delayed Statehood.—The Constitution of 1866 limited suffrage to "free white males," in accord with the constitution of many of the free states of the North before the war. Its use in the Nebraska Constitution delayed the admission of the state into the union nearly a year. Congress passed the bill admitting Nebraska under this constitution on July 27, 1866, just before adjournment, but President Johnson withheld his signature and it failed to become a law. Efforts were made during the passage of this bill in Congress to amend it by requiring Nebraska to include Negro suffrage in her constitution. When Congress reassembled, the bill admitting Nebraska was again passed, on January 15, 1867, with the added condition that Nebraska should amend her constitution so as to prevent the "abridgement or denial of the exercise of the elective franchise or of any other right to any person by reason of race or color, excepting Indians not taxed." President Johnson vetoed this bill January 29, 1867. Congress promptly passed it over the President's veto, and provided that the amendment insisted on by Congress should be ratified by the Nebraska Legislature. This was done in a special session on February 20 and 21, 1867, and on March 1, 1867, President Johnson proclaimed Nebraska to be a state.

Constitutional Convention of 1871.—The inadequacy of the Constitution of 1866 was soon felt and the State Legislature at the fifth session, by joint resolution approved February 15, 1869, submitted to the electors a proposition to hold a constitutional convention. On October 11, 1870, the voters, by a vote of 3,968 in favor to 979 against, decided to hold the convention. An act approved March 27, 1871, fixed the date for election of members to the convention on the first Tuesday in May, 1871, and required them to convene in Lincoln on the second Tuesday in June following. On June 13, 1871, Silas A. Strickland of Douglas County was chosen permanent president of the convention. The convention sat forty-seven days. Its discussions covered nearly all the political, social and religious questions of that day. Five different propositions, which a majority of the convention were unwilling to adopt, were submitted separately, viz.: woman suffrage, prohibition, compulsory education, municipal aid to corporations, and liability of stockholders. By a vote[1] of 7,986 for and 8,627 against, this constitution was rejected by the people on September 19, 1871, likewise all the propositions submitted separately. The most potent causes of its defeat were the provisions taxing church property which exceeded five thousand dollars in value and the one providing that railroad right of way should revert to the original owners when no longer used for railroad transportation.

The original shorthand report of the proceedings of the Constitutional Convention of 1871 was discovered in a state house vault in 1899. In 1905 the Legislature made an appropriation for the publication of

[1] See vote by counties, page 97.

these proceedings, and they were published by the Nebraska State Historical Society in two volumes.

Constitutional Convention of 1875.—Agitation for a new constitution grew stronger as settlement extended west of the central portion of the state. The Legislature by a joint resolution, approved February 26, 1873, again submitted the proposition for a constitutional convention. At the election in October, 1874, the proposition carried by a vote of 18,067 to 3,880. On February 20, 1875, the Legislature passed an act providing for the election of members of the constitutional convention on April 6, of that year and required the convention to assemble in Lincoln, May 11. There were sixty-nine members of this convention. John L. Webster of Douglas County was made permanent president and Guy A. Brown of Lancaster County, secretary. The convention adjourned on June 12, and the constitution, which continued to be the fundamental law of the state until January 1, 1921, was adopted on October 12, 1875, by a vote[1] of 30,332 to 5,474.

The Constitution of 1875 was in large part the same as the rejected Constitution of 1871. The executive, legislative and judicial departments were enlarged, and more adequate salaries were provided. State officers were prohibited from appropriating fees to their own use. The Judges of the Supreme Court were relieved from duty as district judges. Special legislation was forbidden. Provision was made for regulation of corporations. The power of taxation was limited.

The Nebraska State Historical Society published the journal of the Constitutional Convention of 1875. The best evidence seems to be that there was no provision for a shorthand report of the proceedings of the 1875 convention. If such a report was made it has been lost.

Constitutional Amendments Proposed from 1875 to 1918.—Thirty-nine amendments (thirty-six by the Legislature and three by popular initiative), were submitted to the people during the years from 1875 to and including 1918. The most persistent subjects were: the increase in the number and salaries of judges, which was considered as six amendments at three elections; the creation of a Railway Commission, which was voted on four times; and the salary of Legislators, which was considered three times and twice raised by amendment.

Constitutional Amendments Adopted from 1875 to 1918.—Only eleven of the amendments voted on were finally adopted. These were: (1) Increasing pay of Legislators in 1886; (2) Creating a Railway Commission in 1906; (3) Increasing number and pay of judges in 1908; (4) Investing of school funds in 1908; (5) Providing for initiative and referendum in 1912; (6) Increasing pay of Legislators in 1912; (7) Creating Board of Commissioners for State Institutions in 1912; (8) Providing for biennial elections in 1912; (9) Providing home rule charters for cities of more than 5,000 inhabitants in 1912; (10) Establishing prohibition in 1916; and (11) Forbidding suffrage to aliens in 1918.

[1] See vote by counties, page 97.

Party Circle Law and Primary Law.—With the exception of the first of these amendments, increasing legislative salaries, on which the vote was recounted by the Legislature, all of the successful amendments submitted by the Legislature had the aid of what is known as the "party circle" law enacted in 1901, and the primary law of 1907. These laws permitted the counting of straight party votes in favor of an amendment, if the party endorsed the amendment at the primaries. Without this form of assistance, it was impossible to amend the fundamental law of Nebraska except through the initiative, which was adopted in November, 1912. The constitutional requirement of a favorable majority of all electors voting at an election for the adoption of an amendment blocked all amendments.

Deputyships.—This inelasticity enforced rigidity upon the entire instrument. Growth of activities and functions was arrested by a provision that "no other executive office shall be continued or created." The burden of all new forms of executive activity thus was forced on officers elected or appointed under the constitution. This resulted in the creation of deputyships. These official positions separated power from performance, and thrust many dissimilar responsibilities upon constitutional officers whose other and fundamental duties grew with the development of the state.

Proposals to Hold Constitutional Conventions.—The need for the revision of the constitution was felt as early as 1903 and the Legislature by joint resolution approved April 6, 1903, submitted to the electors a proposal to hold a constitutional convention. This proposal received at the general election held November 8, 1904, 32,820 votes for and 23,497 against, out of a total vote cast of 232,457, but was defeated due to the constitutional requirement that such a proposal must receive a majority of the total votes cast at said election. No other proposal for a convention was submitted until the Legislature by joint resolution approved April 21, 1917, again gave the electors opportunity to vote on the question. The proposal was adopted at the general election, November 5, 1918, by a vote of 121,830 for and 44,491 against, out of a total vote of 225,717. By an act approved March 24, 1919, the Legislature provided for a special election to elect members to the convention and required that the convention meet in Lincoln, December 2, 1919.

Constitutional Convention of 1919.—The constitutional convention was in session from December 2, 1919 until March 25, 1920. It recessed until October 19, 1920, when it met for an adjourned session. It submitted forty-one amendments to the people and at a special election held on September 21, 1920, all of the amendments were adopted.[1] A committee had been appointed by the convention before adjournment on March 25, to incorporate the amendments adopted into the Constitution of 1875. On October 19, 1920, the convention met and signed the amended document.

[1] See pages 100-103 for vote on and subject matter of amendments adopted.

Amendments Adopted Since 1920.—One hundred and fifteen amendments have been incorporated into the constitution since 1920.

Amendments 1924 and 1928.—In 1924 an amendment submitted by popular initiative provided for the establishment of direct primary and nonpartisan elections. This amendment was defeated.

An amendment of 1928 which provided for control of schools for the blind and deaf was declared void by the Supreme Court.

Amendments 1930-1938.—In 1930 two amendments dealing with the banking situation were submitted to the people. Only one of these was adopted. It dealt with the liability of stockholders in banks which had failed, and with the collection of such liability. The amendment providing relief to depositors' guaranty fund was defeated.

In 1934 three amendments were voted on. One was submitted by the Legislature and provided for the repeal of the prohibition amendment. Two amendments were submitted by the initiative and they provided for pari-mutuel betting and the creation of Unicameral Legislature. All three were adopted.

In 1936 two amendments submitted by the Legislature were voted on. The people adopted one which eliminated the office of Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings from the list of constitutional offices. They defeated the other which related to double liability of stockholders in banks.

In 1938 six amendments were submitted to the people, one by the initiative and five by the Legislature. The initiative amendment to license slot machines was defeated as were four of the amendments submitted by the Legislature. These four amendments listed on the ballot as short ballot amendments, A, B, C, D, provided for the following changes in the state government: Amendment A—the appointment of the Secretary of State, the Attorney General and Treasurer by the Governor with the consent of three-fifths of the members of the Legislature, and the election of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Auditor of Public Accounts and Superintendent of Public Instruction for four year terms; Amendment B—the substitution of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction on the Board of Educational Lands and Funds in place of the Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings whose office was abolished in 1936; Amendment C—the change in the membership of the Board of Pardons from the Governor, Attorney General and Secretary of State to the Governor, Auditor of Public Accounts and Superintendent of Public Instruction; Amendment D—the method of recall for elected constitutional officers. The fifth amendment submitted by the Legislature which provided for the repeal of the double liability of stockholders in failed banks was adopted.

Amendments 1940-1948.—In 1940 two amendments were submitted to the people by the Legislature. One, making the State Superintendent of Public Instruction a member of the Board of Educational Lands and Funds, was adopted. The other, requiring the Legislature to pro-

vide an optional form of county government, "county manager," in which county officers might be elective or appointive, was defeated.

In 1942, the Legislature again submitted the amendment which provided for an optional form of county government to a vote of the people, but the proposal was again defeated.

An amendment seeking to prohibit the diversion of money raised from the tax on gasoline to any use other than the building and maintenance of roads was submitted by the initiative in 1944. This proposal was defeated.

In 1946 two amendments were submitted by the initiative. One which provided for state aid to schools was defeated, and the other which abolished the "closed shop" was adopted.

In 1948 an amendment submitted by the Legislature concerning the taxation of reservations of mineral rights was defeated.

Amendments 1950-1958.—In the general election of 1950 an amendment submitted by the Legislature was defeated. This amendment provided for either annual or biennial sessions of the Legislature; restrictions on business transacted by the Legislature in regular sessions held in even numbered years; election of members of the Legislature for four-year terms; and payment of compensation to members of the Legislature as provided by law.

Six amendments were on the ballot of the general election in 1952. One, which provided for an annual salary of $1,250 for Legislators, was defeated. The remaining five were adopted: One—provided a different method of taxing motor vehicles and fixing the proportional allocation of the proceeds of such tax; Two—determined the number of members of a constitutional convention, the manner of election, and the boundaries of election districts; Three—provided for a State Department of Education, a State Board of Education and a Commissioner of Education; Four—provided that where public officers are elected or appointed to a court, board or commission, the terms of office of members ending at different times, the compensation of all members may be increased or diminished commencing with the beginning of the full term of any member; and Five—provided that notice of a proposed constitutional amendment must be published once each week for three consecutive weeks.

In 1954 eight amendments were submitted to the people by the Legislature. Four of the amendments were adopted and they provided for the following changes: One—the appointment of the members of the Board of Educational Lands and Funds by the Governor; Two—the prescribing of methods of determining property values at uniform value; Three—the exemption of household goods from taxation; and Four—the prohibition of levying property tax on adoption of sales or income taxes. The four amendments which were defeated proposed the following: One—the removal of the provision restricting change of salaries of cer-

tain officers not more than once in eight years; Two—the changing of provisions requiring certain executive officers to reside at seat of government; Three—the permitting the Legislature to provide for the appointment of a Tax Commissioner or a Tax Commission; and Four—the permitting the Legislature to provide for the appointment of county assessors and boards of equalization and assessment for counties or for other taxing districts.

In the general election of 1956, five amendments were submitted to the people by the Legislature. Three amendments were adopted, namely: One—Removed the restriction that salaries of certain officers cannot be changed oftener than once in eight years; Two—Changed the allocation of fines and penalties for violation of laws prohibiting the overloading of vehicles used upon public highways and roads of the state; and Three—Substituted a basis other than valuation for taxes upon grain and seed produced or handled in the state. Two amendments failed to pass. These were: One—Permitting the Legislature to provide for the appointment of a Tax Commissioner or Tax Commission, and Two—Authorizing the Legislature to absolve real property of tax and assessment charges unpaid for a period of time as long or longer than that provided for taking title to real property by prescription.

In 1958 nine amendments, seven approved by the 1957 Legislature and two by initiative petitions, were on the ballot of the general election. Five of seven amendments approved by the Legislature were adopted. These were: One—Authorized Legislature to create separate juvenile court; Two—Repealed requirement that certain executive officers reside at seat of government; Three—Canceled property taxes and assessment charges unpaid for fifteen years or longer; Four—Revised line of succession in case of vacancy in office of Governor; Five—Removed Board of Control as constitutionally-created agency and authorized Legislature to provide for management, control and government of the state institutions. The two amendments which failed to pass proposed: One—To increase or double the aggregate salary of members of Legislature from $37,500 to $75,000 a year; and Two—To authorize municipalities to acquire, own and lease property to private enterprises. The two amendments by initiative petitions were also adopted. These were: One—A plan to legalize bingo, and Two—A plan seeking to change the method of in-lieu-of tax payments by public power districts.

Amendments 1960-1968.—Seven amendments approved by the 1959 Legislature, one amendment approved by the 1960 special session of the Legislature, and one initiative petition were on the ballot of the general election in November, 1960. The eight amendments approved by the Legislature were adopted. They provided for the following changes: (1) Authorized the Legislature to provide by law measures and procedures to insure continuity of governmental operations in emergencies resulting from enemy attack or imminent threat thereof; (2) Prescribed the maximum compensation, not to exceed $200.00 a month, that mem-

bers of the Legislature may receive during their term of office; (3) Provided that preferred stockholders may or may not have a vote and that preferred stock may or may not be of equal par value of all stock of the corporation; (4) Authorized the Legislature to provide a different method of taxing livestock and provided for reciprocal and proportionate taxation of livestock located in this state for only a part of a year; (5) Authorized the Legislature to prescribe by law the manner of contesting of elections for the offices of the executive; (6) Authorized the Legislature to establish bonded and licensed warehouses or storage areas for goods, wares, and merchandise in transit in the state which are intended for and which are shipped to final destination outside this state, and exempted such goods, wares, and merchandise from ad valorem taxation while in such warehouses or storage areas; (7) Provided for election of more than one county judge for a county and for forming county judicial districts; and (8) Authorized cities and villages to issue revenue bonds through which they may acquire and develop sites and buildings for lease to manufacturing and industrial enterprises. The initiative petition was rejected. It proposed to make the state education commissioner an elected rather than an appointed official.

The seven amendments approved by the 1961 Legislature and adopted by the electors in the general election in 1962 provided for the following changes: (1) Permitted the Lieutenant Governor to be a candidate for the office of Governor; (2) Permitted the Legislature to authorize lottery or gift enterprises; (3) Provided a four-year term of office for members of the Legislature, with one half being elected each two years; (4) Increased the term of office of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor to four years; (5) Provided that in redistricting of the state for legislative purposes established lines other than county lines may be followed and that primary emphasis shall be given to population with prescribed weight being given to area; (6) Provided that the State Railway Commission shall consist of not less than three nor more than seven members, and that such members shall be elected from districts of substantially equal population; and (7) Provided a merit plan for the selection and term of office of the Chief Justice and Judges of the Supreme Court, judges of the district courts, and judges of other courts as prescribed by the Legislature.

Five amendments approved by the 1963 Legislature in regular session, one amendment approved by the 1963 Legislature in special session, and one amendment proposed by initiative petition were submitted to the voters in the November general election of 1964. The six amendments approved by the Legislature were adopted. They proposed the following constitutional changes: (1) A four-year term of office for the Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, State Treasurer, and Attorney General; (2) A different method of taxing motor vehicles for resale of dealers and a different method of taxing state registered motor vehicles owned by state residents and operating in in-

terstate commerce; (3) To exempt from taxation the home contributed by U. S. Veterans' Administration to paraplegic veteran or multiple amputee veteran during his lifetime or his widow's lifetime or until her remarriage; (4) To classify intangible property for taxation and describe specific intangible property that may be exempt from taxation; (5) To realign duties of certain state executive officers as provided by the Legislature; (6) To authorize the Legislature to define and classify loans and installment sales, to establish maximum rates within classifications of loans or installment sales which it establishes, and to regulate with respect thereto. The amendment by initiative petition was rejected. It proposed to elect the Commissioner of Education for a four-year term, to place his supervision and administration of school system under direction of the Legislature, and to authorize the Legislature to determine his qualifications. It also provided for an eight member State Board of Education to be appointed by the Governor for a term of four years.

Seventeen amendments, and one initiative petition were submitted to the voters in the general election of 1966. The following thirteen amendments were adopted and they proposed: (1) To eliminate ineligibility of elective executive state officers to any other state office during the term for which they have been elected; (2) To increase the number of members on the State Board of Education from six to eight, and to decrease the terms from six to four years; (3) To provide procedure for the removal or retirement of any Justice or judge of any court of this state; (4) To provide that when an income tax is adopted, the Legislature may base the tax upon the laws of the United States; (5) To limit the Governor to two consecutive elective terms of office; (6) To authorize the Legislature to provide for payment or cancellation of taxes against real estate owned or acquired by the state; (7) To provide for the deducting of costs of administering the unsold school lands before the distribution of income is made; (8) To authorize the Legislature to invest educational funds as provided by statute; (9) To authorize the Legislature to invest funds of the state, cities, villages, school districts, public power districts and other governmental subdivisions as provided by statute; (10) To change the method of apportionment of members to be elected to the Legislature; (11) To authorize the Legislature to specify representation in districts changed by reapportionment; (12) To permit the exemption from an intangible property tax of life insurance and life insurance annuity contracts and any rights to pension or retirement payments; and (13) To terminate the state property tax. Five amendments were rejected and they are as follows: (1) To authorize the payment of travel expenses and a per diem to Legislators during the Legislative session; (2) To permit the state or governmental subdivisions to enter into contracts for services with private, commercial and vocational schools; (3) To authorize the Legislature to fix the value of land actively devoted to agricultural use; (4) To authorize transportation services for children attending any elementary or secondary school; and (5) To provide that when a general sales tax and income tax is adopted by the Legislature, no property tax shall be levied except for funds for

capital building improvements, and the Legislature shall allocate not less than twenty per cent of the proceeds from the tax to the common schools of the state or an educational governmental subdivision thereof.

Sixteen amendments, and one initiative petition were submitted to the voters in the general election of 1968. They approved thirteen amendments which proposed the following changes: (1) To rename normal schools as colleges, with the Legislature to designate the name of their governing body; (2) To authorize the Legislature to provide by law for the consolidation of county offices for two or more counties subject to the right of disapproval by each of the counties affected; (3) To provide that the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction in the election contest involving state officers other than members of the Legislature; (4) To authorize the Legislature to call special elections to submit proposed constitutional amendments to the electors; (5) To permit the Legislature to increase the number of regents of the University of Nebraska and require the Legislature to redistrict the state for their election; (6) To permit the Legislature to authorize lotteries, raffles and gift enterprises which are intended solely as business promotions or the proceeds of which are to be used solely for charitable or community betterment purposes without profit to the promoter; (7) To provide by law for the establishment of a Board of Parole and provide qualifications of the members; provide that the power to pardon shall rest with the Governor, Attorney General and the Secretary of State, sitting as a board; (8) To remove the restriction that prevented a member of the Legislature to be appointed to another state office while holding membership in the Legislature; (9) To provide that when terms of members of the Legislature commence at different times, the compensations of all members may be increased or diminished at the same time; (10) To provide that the Legislature may by general law provide that a portion of the value of any residence actually occupied as a homestead by any classification of owners as determined by the Legislature shall be exempt from taxation; (11) To permit the state to guarantee or make long-term low-interest rate loans to Nebraska residents seeking adult or post high school education; (12) To authorize the state to issue bonds for construction of highways if approved by a three-fifths vote of the Legislature, and to pledge state revenue closely to the use of such highways for payment thereof; and (13) To provide that each member of the Legislature shall receive a salary of not to exceed $400.00 a month. The three amendments not approved are as follows: (1) To reduce the age of electors from twenty-one years to nineteen years; (2) To provide that the Legislature may classify personal property, and may exempt any of such classes or all personal property from taxation; and (3) To provide that the Legislature may, by special law, create public corporations which are or have been organized wholly or in part for the purposes of the generation, transmission, or sale, or any combination thereof, of electricity. The initiative petition that provided that the State of Nebraska shall be prohibited from levying an income tax for state purposes was defeated.

Amendments 1970-1974.—Seventeen constitutional amendments appeared on the ballot of the general election of 1970. Ten amendments which were approved by the electors are as follows: (1) To reduce the age of electors to twenty years; (2) To eliminate justices of the peace as constitutional courts, to permit county court districts, to delete certain constitutional requirements relating to county courts and county judges, to vest general administrative authority over all courts in the Supreme Court, to provide for an administrative director of courts, to restrict the practice of law by judges, and to provide residence requirements for judges; (3) To provide that retired Supreme Court or district court judges may be called upon for temporary duty by the Supreme Court; (4) To authorize the Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska, the Board of Trustees of the Nebraska State Colleges, and the State Board of Education to issue revenue bonds for the purpose of constructing dormitories and other facilities and authorizing the pledge of revenue, fees, and other student payments to secure the same; and to ratify and validate any such revenue bonds previously issued by such boards; (5) To provide for the redistricting of Supreme Court Judicial Districts; (6) To provide that the Legislature may classify personal property, and may exempt any of such classes or all personal property from taxation; (7) To provide for investment of funds set apart for education purposes as the Legislature shall provide by law, and for the approval by the Legislature of the members appointed to the Board of Educational Lands and Funds; (8) To authorize the election of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor from the same political party by one vote cast jointly; (9) To provide that the Lieutenant Governor shall serve on boards and commissions in lieu of the Governor whenever designated by the Governor, shall perform such duties as may be delegated him by the Governor, and after January 1, 1975, he shall devote his full time to the duties of his office; and (10) To provide for annual sessions of the Legislature limited to 90 legislative days in odd-numbered years and 60 legislative days in even-numbered years unless extended by a four-fifths vote of all members elected to the Legislature and to provide that bills and resolutions being considered upon adjournment of a regular session held in an odd-numbered year may be considered at the next regular session. The seven constitutional amendments that were not approved are: (1) To eliminate the requirement of reading each bill at large before the Legislature before a final vote is taken; (2) To repeal the limitation on the county mill levy: (3) To create a commission on Legislative Compensation to set the salary and expenses of members of the Legislature; (4) To change the number of electors to petition for the amendment of the charter of a home rule city or to call a charter convention; (5) To permit the Legislature to make grants for the benefit of students enrolled in nonpublic schools as reimbursement for the part of their tuition that is allocable to instruction in state-approved courses, which reimbursement shall not exceed one-third of the per student cost in the public school district in which the student resides nor shall any plan of reimbursement breach the separation of the church and state required by the First Amend-

ment to the Constitution of the United States; (6) To eliminate the Lieutenant Governor as the presiding officer of the Legislature and to eliminate his right to vote in case of a tie; and (7) To provide that the general government of the University of Nebraska, the state colleges, and publicly-supported junior colleges, vocational technical schools and other institutions of higher education shall be vested in a nine-member Board of Trustees of Higher Education.

Sixteen constitutional amendments appeared on the ballot of the primary election held on May 9, 1972, and were approved by the electors. The amendments proposed: (1) To clarify the meaning and eliminate obsolete matter pertaining to the Legislature; (2) To eliminate the requirement that the Legislature make appropriations until the expiration of the first quarter after the adjournment of the next regular session; (3) To reduce the age of electors to eighteen years; (4) To direct the Governor to prepare a budget bill to be introduced by the Speaker of the Legislature and to change veto powers of the bill by the Governor and effect thereof, also to eliminate obsolete matter; (5) To provide for the creation or abolishment of Juvenile court judicial districts by a majority of those voting on the issue; (6) To conform the provisions of preparing judicial budget with annual sessions of the Legislature; (7) To change resident requirements, to eliminate exception to military duty on election day; to permit other methods of voting; (8) To clarify Legislature's certifying each candidate's election; (9) To remove obsolete language referring to two-house Legislatures; (10) To repeal obsolete provisions for election of a United States Senator; (11) To recodify and revise Article XVII and omit obsolete matter; (12) To provide that the state or any local government may exercise any of its powers or perform any of its functions, including financing the same, jointly or in cooperation with any other governmental entity or entities, either within or without the state, except as the Legislature shall provide otherwise by law; (13) To clarify the provisions of the article concerning the militia; (14) To provide that public funds shall not be appropriated to any school not owned or exclusively controlled by the state or a political subdivision; to permit the state to receive money from the federal government and distribute it in accordance with the terms of the grant, but to prohibit adding any state or local funds to such money; (15) To transfer provisions for industrial development bonds from Article XV to Article XIII of the constitution and to eliminate conflicting provisions; and (16) To consolidate the provisions of Article XII into one section.

Sixteen constitutional amendments appeared on the ballot of the general election on November 7, 1972. The following twelve amendments were approved by the electors: (1) Change qualifications of members of the Legislature and correct provisions of the Constitution; (2) A majority of the members of the Legislature may change the number of district court judges and alter judicial districts; (3) Guarantee the right of appeal in all felony cases; (4) Transfer provisions respecting vacancies in office from the legislative to the executive article, change provisions for

removing officers and for filling vacancies in office, provide for succession to the office of Governor, and repeal certain provisions; (5) Change the name of the State Railway Commission to Public Service Commission; (6) Clarification of Article XV, section 2; (7) Authorization to fix the value of land actively devoted to agricultural and horticultural use; (8) Recodify, revise, and clarify the provisions of Article VII; (9) Increase membership of the judicial nominating committee, provide certain qualifications; a judge of the Supreme Court shall be a nonvoting member, release of names of the candidates and the number of votes required to be nominated; (10) Authorization that retirement benefits of retired public officers and employees may be adjusted to reflect changes in the cost of living and wage levels that have occurred subsequent to the date of retirement and to permit local governing bodies to review and adjust vested pension benefits; (11) Allow cities and villages to provide off-street parking by special assessment and special taxation of property benefited or within off-street parking districts to allow maintenance, repair and reconstruction of such off-street parking by special assessments; and (12) Prescribe standards and definitions for determining conflicts of interest and the effect thereof. The four amendments rejected are as follows: (1) The salary of members of the Legislature shall be as set by law; (2) Provide for a per diem compensation for members of the Legislature as provided by law for services when Legislature is not in session; (3) Change duties of the Tax Commissioner, and change membership of the State Board of Equalization and Assessment; and (4) Members and employees of the Legislature may be included in an existing retirement system for state officers and employees at any time.

Two amendments were voted on in the primary election, May 14, 1974, which proposed: (1) To remove the Lieutenant Governor as presiding officer of the Legislature and remove his right to vote in case of ties; and to provide for presiding officers; and (2) To provide that members of the Legislature receive a salary of not to exceed six hundred seventy-five dollars ($675.00) a month. Both amendments failed of adoption.

Three amendments were passed in the general election, November 5, 1974 which provide: (1) To provide for nonvoting student membership on the University of Nebraska Board of Regents; (2) To change the date and time when the Legislature meets in regular session; and (3) To delete as obsolete language referring to submission by the two-house Legislature of certain orders, resolutions, or votes of the Legislature to the Governor.

Two amendments were passed in the general election, November 2, 1976: (1) To authorize the Legislature to line item override the Governor's line item veto of appropriation items individually for purposes of approving or overriding the Governor's veto; (2) To permit contracting with institutions not wholly owned or controlled by the state or any political subdivision for nonsectarian services for handicapped children.

The amendments of the state Constitution are incorporated into the body of the document as they are adopted, in contrast to the amendments of the federal constitution which are written as a separate final section. Thus, the Constitution of Nebraska which follows, is inclusive of amendments to November 2, 1976.

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CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF NEBRASKA OF 1875

AND SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENTS

PREAMBLE. We, the people, grateful to Almighty God for our freedom, do ordain and establish the following declaration of rights and frame of government, as the Constitution of the State of Nebraska.

ARTICLE I—BILL OF RIGHTS

Section 1. All persons are by nature free and independent, and have certain inherent and inalienable rights; among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. To secure these rights, and the protection of property, governments are instituted among people, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.

Sec. 2. There shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude in this state, otherwise than for punishment of crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted.

Sec. 3. No person shall be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law.

Sec. 4. All persons have a natural and indefeasible right to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of their own consciences. No person shall be compelled to attend, erect or support any place of worship against his consent, and no preference shall be given by law to any religious society, nor shall any interference with the rights of conscience be permitted. No religious test shall be required as a qualification for office, nor shall any person be incompetent to be a witness on account of his religious beliefs; but nothing herein shall be construed to dispense with oaths and affirmations. Religion, morality, and knowledge, however, being essential to good government, it shall be the duty of the Legislature to pass suitable laws to protect every religious denomination in the peaceable enjoyment of its own mode of public worship, and to encourage schools and the means of instruction.

Sec. 5. Every person may freely speak, write and publish on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that liberty; and in all trials for libel, both civil and criminal, the truth when published with good motives, and for justifiable ends, shall be a sufficient defense.

Sec. 6. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate, but the Legislature may authorize trial by a jury of a less number than twelve in courts inferior to the District Court, and may by general law authorize a verdict in civil cases in any court by not less than five-sixths of the jury.

Sec. 7. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures shall not be violated; and no warrant shall issue but upon probable cause, sup-

ported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the person or thing to be seized.

Sec. 8. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless, in case of rebellion or invasion, the public safety requires it, and then only in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

Sec. 9. All persons shall be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for treason and murder, where the proof is evident or the presumption great. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishment inflicted.

Sec. 10. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense, except in cases in which the punishment is by fine, or imprisonment otherwise than in the penitentiary, in case of impeachment, and in cases arising in the army and navy, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury; Provided, That the Legislature may by law provide for holding persons to answer for criminal offenses on information of a public prosecutor; and may by law, abolish, limit, change, amend, or otherwise regulate the grand jury system.

Sec. 11. In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall have the right to appear and defend in person or by counsel, to demand the nature and cause of accusation, and to have a copy thereof; to meet the witnesses against him face to face; to have process to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf; and a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county or district in which the offense is alleged to have been committed.

Sec. 12. No person shall be compelled, in any criminal case, to give evidence against himself, or be twice put in jeopardy for the same offense.

Sec. 13. All courts shall be open, and every person, for any injury done him in his lands, goods, person or reputation, shall have a remedy by due course of law, and justice administered without denial or delay.

Sec. 14. Treason against the state shall consist only in levying war against the state, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

Sec. 15. All penalties shall be proportioned to the nature of the offense, and no conviction shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate; nor shall any person be transported out of the state for any offense committed within the state.

Sec. 16. No bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or making any irrevocable grant of special privileges or immunities shall be passed.

Sec. 17. The military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

Sec. 18. No soldier shall in time of peace be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; nor in time of war except in the manner prescribed by law.

Sec. 19. The right of the people peaceably to assemble to consult for the common good, and to petition the government, or any department thereof, shall never be abridged.

Sec. 20. No person shall be imprisoned for debt in any civil action or mesne or final process, unless in cases of fraud.

Sec. 21. The property of no person shall be taken or damaged for public use without just compensation therefor.

Sec. 22. All elections shall be free; and there shall be no hindrance or impediment to the right of a qualified voter to exercise the elective franchise.

Sec. 23. In all cases of felony the defendant shall have the right of appeal to the Supreme Court; and in capital cases such appeal shall operate as a supersedeas to stay the execution of the sentence of death, until further order of the Supreme Court. (Amended, 1972).

Sec. 24. The right to be heard in all civil cases in the court of last resort, by appeal, error, or otherwise, shall not be denied.

Sec. 25. There shall be no discrimination between citizens of the United States in respect to the acquisition, ownership, possession, enjoyment or descent of property. The right of aliens in respect to the acquisition, enjoyment and descent of property may be regulated by law.

Sec. 26. This enumeration of rights shall not be construed to impair or deny others, retained by the people, and all powers not herein delegated, remain with the people.

Sec. 27. The English language is hereby declared to be the official language of this state, and all official proceedings, records and publications shall be in such language, and the common school branches shall be taught in said language in public, private, denominational and parochial schools.

ARTICLE II—DISTRIBUTION OF POWERS

Sec. 1. The powers of the government of this state are divided into three distinct departments, the Legislative, Executive and Judicial, and no person or collection of persons being one of these departments, shall exercise any power properly belonging to either of the others, except as hereinafter expressly directed or permitted.

ARTICLE III—LEGISLATIVE

Sec. 1. Commencing with the regular session of the Legislature to be held in January, nineteen hundred and thirty-seven, the legislative authority of the state shall be vested in a Legislature consisting of one chamber. The people reserve for themselves, however, the power to pro-

pose laws, and amendments to the constitution, and to enact or reject the same at the polls, independent of the Legislature, and also reserve power at their own option to approve or reject at the polls any act, item, section, or part of any act passed by the Legislature. All authority vested by the constitution or laws of the state in the Senate, House of Representatives, or joint session thereof, in so far as applicable, shall be and hereby is vested in said Legislature of one chamber. All provisions in the constitution and laws of the state relating to the Legislature, the Senate, the House of Representatives, joint sessions of the Senate and House of Representatives, Senator, or member of the House of Representatives, shall in so far as said provisions are applicable, apply to and mean said Legislature of one chamber hereby created and the members thereof. All references to Clerk of House of Representatives or Secretary of Senate shall mean, when applicable, the Clerk of the Legislature of one chamber. All references to Speaker of the House of Representatives or temporary president of the Senate shall mean Speaker of the Legislature. Wherever any provision of the constitution requires submission of any matter to, or action by, the House of Representatives, the Senate, or joint session thereof, or the members of either body or both bodies, it shall after January first, nineteen hundred and thirty-seven, be construed to mean the Legislature herein provided for. (Amended, 1934).

Sec. 2. The first power reserved by the people is the initiative whereby laws may be enacted and constitutional amendments adopted by the people independently of the Legislature. This power may be invoked by petition wherein the proposed measure shall be set forth at length. If the petition be for the enactment of a law, it shall be signed by seven per cent of the electors of the state and if the petition be for the amendment of the Constitution, the petition therefor shall be signed by ten per cent of such electors. In all cases the electors signing such petition shall be so distributed as to include five per cent of the electors of each of two-fifths of the counties of the state and when thus signed the petition shall be filed with the Secretary of State, who shall submit the measure thus proposed to the electors of the state at the first general election held not less than four months after such petition shall have been filed. The same measure, either in form or in essential substance, shall not be submitted to the people by initiative petition, either affirmatively or negatively, oftener than once in three years. If conflicting measures submitted to the people at the same election be approved, the one receiving the highest number of affirmative votes shall thereby become law as to all conflicting provisions. The constitutional limitations as to the scope and subject matter of statutes enacted by the Legislature shall apply to those enacted by the initiative. (Adopted, 1912. Amended, 1920.)

Sec. 3. The second power reserved is the referendum which may be invoked, by petition, against any act or part of an act of the Legislature, except those making appropriations for the expense of the state government or a state institution existing at the time of the passage of such act.

Petitions invoking the referendum shall be signed by not less than five per cent of the electors of the state, distributed as required for initiative petitions, and filed in the office of the Secretary of State within ninety days after the Legislature at which the act sought to be referred was passed shall have adjourned sine die or for more than ninety days. Such petition shall set out the title of the act against which the referendum is invoked, and in addition thereto, when only a portion of the act is sought to be referred, the number of the section or sections or portion of sections of the act designating such portion. When the referendum is thus invoked, the Secretary of State shall refer the same to the electors for approval or rejection at the first general election to be held not less than thirty days after the filing of such petition.

When the referendum is invoked, as to any act or part of act, other than emergency acts or those for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health or safety, by petition signed by not less than ten per cent of the electors of the state, distributed as aforesaid, it shall suspend the taking effect of such act or part of act until the same has been approved by the electors of the state. (Adopted 1912. Amended, 1920.)

Sec. 4. The whole number of votes cast for Governor at the general election next preceding the filing of an initiative or referendum petition shall be the basis on which the number of signatures to such petition shall be computed. The veto power of the Governor shall not extend to measures initiated by or referred to the people. A measure initiated shall become a law or part of the Constitution, as the case may be, when a majority of the votes cast thereon, and not less than thirty-five per cent of the total vote cast at the election at which the same was submitted, are cast in favor thereof, and shall take effect upon proclamation by the Governor which shall be made within ten days after the official canvass of such votes. The vote upon initiative and referendum measures shall be returned and canvassed in the manner prescribed for the canvass of votes for president. The method of submitting and adopting amendments to the Constitution provided by this section shall be supplementary to the method prescribed in the article of this Constitution, entitled, "Amendments" and the latter shall in no case be construed to conflict herewith. The provisions with respect to the initiative and referendum shall be self-executing, but legislation may be enacted to facilitate their operation. All propositions submitted in pursuance hereof shall be submitted in a nonpartisan manner and without any indication or suggestion on the ballot that they have been approved or endorsed by any political party or organization. Only the title or proper descriptive words of measures shall be printed on the ballot and when two or more measures have the same title they shall be numbered consecutively in the order of filing with the Secretary of State and the number shall be followed by the name of the first petitioner on the corresponding petition. (Adopted 1912. Amended, 1920.)

Sec. 5. At the regular session of the Legislature held in the year

nineteen hundred and thirty-five the Legislature shall by law determine the number of members to be elected and divide the state into legislative districts. In the creation of such districts, any county that contains population sufficient to entitle it to two or more members of the Legislature shall be divided into separate and distinct legislative districts, as nearly equal in population as may be and composed of contiguous and compact territory. One member of the Legislature shall be elected from each such district. The basis of apportionment shall be the population excluding aliens, as shown by the next preceding federal census. The Legislature shall redistrict the state after each federal decennial census. In any such redistricting, county lines shall be followed whenever practicable, but other established lines may be followed at the discretion of the Legislature. (Amended, 1934, 1962, 1966.)

Sec. 6. The Legislature shall consist of not more than fifty members and not less than thirty members. The sessions of the Legislature shall be annual except as otherwise provided by this constitution or as may be otherwise provided by law. (Amended, 1934, 1970.)

Sec. 7. At the general election to be held in November, 1964, one half the members of the Legislature, or as nearly thereto as may be practicable, shall be elected for a term of four years, and the remainder for a term of two years, and thereafter all members shall be elected for a term of four years, with the manner of such election to be determined by the Legislature; Provided, that when the Legislature is redistricted the members elected prior to the redistricting shall continue in office, and the law providing for such redistricting shall where necessary specify the newly established district which they shall represent for the balance of their term. Each member shall be nominated and elected in a nonpartisan manner and without any indication on the ballot that he is affiliated with or endorsed by any political party or organization. Each member of the Legislature shall receive a salary of not to exceed four hundred dollars per month during the term of his office. In addition to his salary, each member shall receive an amount equal to his actual expenses in traveling by the most usual route once to and returning from each regular or special session of the Legislature. Members of the Legislature shall receive no pay nor perquisites other than said salary and expenses, and employees of the Legislature shall receive no compensation other than their salary or per diem. (Amended 1934, 1960, 1962, 1966, 1968.)

Sec. 8. No person shall be eligible to the office of member of the Legislature unless on the date of the general election at which he is elected or on the date of his appointment he is a registered voter, has attained the age of twenty-one years and has resided within the district from which he is elected for the term of one year next before his election, unless he shall have been absent on the public business of the United States or of this State. And no person elected as aforesaid shall hold his office after he shall have removed from such district. (Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 9. No person holding office under the authority of the United States, or any lucrative office under the authority of this state, shall be eligible to, or have a seat in the Legislature. No person elected or appointed to the Legislature shall receive any civil appointment to a state office while holding membership in the Legislature or while the Legislature is in session, and all such appointments shall be void. (Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 10. Beginning with the year 1975, regular sessions of the Legislature shall be held annually, commencing at 10 a.m. on the first Wednesday after the first Monday in January of each year. The duration of regular sessions held shall not exceed ninety legislative days in odd-numbered years unless extended by a vote of four-fifths of all members elected to the Legislature, and shall not exceed sixty legislative days in even-numbered years unless extended by a vote of four-fifths of all members elected to the Legislature. Bills and resolutions under consideration by the Legislature upon adjournment of a regular session held in an odd-numbered year may be considered at the next regular session, as if there had been no such adjournment. The Lieutenant Governor shall preside, but shall vote only when the Legislature is equally divided. A majority of the members elected to the Legislature shall constitute a quorum; the Legislature shall determine the rules of its proceedings and be the judge of the election, returns, and qualifications of its members, shall choose its own officers, including a Speaker to preside when the Lieutenant Governor shall be absent, incapacitated, or shall act as Governor. No member shall be expelled except by a vote of two-thirds of all members elected to the Legislature, and no member shall be twice expelled for the same offense. The Legislature may punish by imprisonment any person not a member thereof who shall be guilty of disrespect to the Legislature by disorderly or contemptuous behavior in its presence, but no such imprisonment shall extend beyond twenty-four hours at one time, unless the person shall persist in such disorderly or contemptuous behavior. (Amended, 1934, 1970, 1974.)

Sec. 11. The Legislature shall keep a journal of its proceedings and publish them (except such parts as may require secrecy) and the yeas and nays of the members on any question, shall at the desire of any one of them be entered on the journal. All votes shall be viva voce. The doors of the Legislature and of the Committees of the Whole, shall be open, unless when the business shall be such as ought to be kept secret. (Amended, 1934.)

Sec. 12. Repealed 1934.

Sec. 13. The style of all bills shall be, "Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska," and no law shall be enacted except by bill. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature unless by the assent of a majority of all members elected and the yeas and nays on the question of final passage of any bill shall be entered upon the journal. (Amended, 1912, 1920, 1972.)

Sec. 14. Every bill and resolution shall be read by title when introduced, and a printed copy thereof provided for the use of each member, and the bill and all amendments thereto shall be printed and read at large before the vote is taken upon its final passage. No such vote upon the final passage of any bill shall be taken, however, until five legislative days after its introduction nor until it has been on file for final reading and passage for at least one legislative day. No bill shall contain more than one subject, and the same shall be clearly expressed in the title. And no law shall be amended unless the new act contain the section or sections as amended and the section or sections so amended shall be repealed. The Lieutenant Governor, or the Speaker if acting as presiding officer, shall sign, in the presence of the Legislature while the same is in session and capable of transacting business, all bills and resolutions passed by the Legislature. (Amended, 1934.)

Sec. 15. Members of the Legislature in all cases except treason, felony or breach of the peace, shall be privileged from arrest during the session of the Legislature, and for fifteen days next before the commencement and after the termination thereof.

Sec. 16. No member of the Legislature or any state officer shall have a conflict of interest, as defined by the Legislature, directly in any contract, with the state or any county or municipality thereof, authorized by any law enacted during the term for which he shall have been elected or appointed, or within one year after the expiration of such term. The Legislature shall prescribe standards and definitions for determining the existence of such conflicts of interest in contracts, and it shall prescribe sanctions for enforcing this section. (Amended, 1920, 1968, 1972.)

Sec. 17. The Legislature shall have the sole power of impeachment, but a majority of the members elected must concur therein. Upon the adoption of a resolution of impeachment a notice of an impeachment of any officer, other than a Judge of the Supreme Court, shall be forthwith served upon the Chief Justice, by the Clerk of the Legislature, who shall thereupon call a session of the Supreme Court to meet at the Capitol within ten days after such notice to try the impeachment. A notice of an impeachment of the Chief Justice or any Judge of the Supreme Court shall be served by the Clerk of the Legislature, upon any Judge of the judicial district within which the Capitol is located, and he thereupon shall notify all the Judges of the District Court in the State to meet with him within thirty days at the Capitol, to sit as a Court to try such impeachment, which Court shall organize by electing one of its number to preside. No person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of the Court of impeachment, but judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than removal from office and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, profit, or trust, in this State, but the party impeached, whether convicted or acquitted shall nevertheless be liable to prosecution and

punishment according to law. No officer shall exercise his official duties after he shall have been impeached and notified thereof, until he shall have been acquitted. (Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 18. The Legislature shall not pass local or special laws in any of the following cases, that is to say:

For granting divorces.

Changing the names of persons or places.

Laying out, opening altering and working roads or highways.

Vacating roads, Town plats, streets, alleys, and public grounds.

Locating or changing County seats.

Regulating County and Township offices.

Regulating the practice of Courts of Justice.

Regulating the jurisdiction and duties of Justices of the Peace, Police Magistrates and Constables.

Providing for changes of venue in civil and criminal cases.

Incorporating Cities, Towns and Villages, or changing or amending the charter of any Town, City, or Village.

Providing for the election of Officers in Townships, incorporated Towns or Cities.

Summoning or empaneling Grand or Petit Juries.

Providing for the bonding of cities, towns, precincts, school districts or other municipalities.

Providing for the management of Public Schools.

The opening and conducting of any election, or designating the place of voting.

The sale or mortgage of real estate belonging to minors, or others under disability.

The protection of game or fish.

Chartering or licensing ferries, or toll bridges, remitting fines, penalties or forfeitures, creating, increasing and decreasing fees, percentage or allowances of public officers, during the term for which said officers are elected or appointed.

Changing the law of descent.

Granting to any corporation, association, or individual, the right to lay down railroad tracks, or amending existing charters for such purpose.

Granting to any corporation, association, or individual any special or exclusive privileges, immunity, or franchise whatever; Provided, that notwithstanding any other provisions of this Constitution, the Legislature shall have authority to separately define and classify loans and installment sales, to establish maximum rates within classifications of loans or installment sales which it establishes, and to regulate with respect thereto. In all other cases where a general law can be made applicable, no special law shall be enacted. (Amended, 1964.)

Sec. 19. The Legislature shall never grant any extra compensation to any public officer, agent, or servant after the services have been rendered nor to any contractor after the contract has been entered into, except that retirement benefits of retired public officers and employees may be adjusted to reflect changes in the cost of living and wage levels that have occurred subsequent to the date of retirement, nor shall the compensation of any public officer, including any officer whose compensation is fixed by the Legislature, be increased or diminished during his term of office except that, when there are members elected or appointed to the Legislature or officers elected or appointed to a court, board, or commission having more than one member and the terms of one or more members commence and end at different times, the compensation of all members of the Legislature or of such court, board, or commission may be increased or diminished at the beginning of the full term of any member thereof. Nothing in this section shall prevent local governing bodies from reviewing and adjusting vested pension benefits periodically as prescribed by ordinance. (Amended, 1920, 1952, 1968, 1972.)

Sec. 20. The salt springs, coal, oil, minerals, or other natural resources on or contained in the land belonging to the state shall never be alienated; but provision may be made by law for the leasing or development of the same. (Amended, 1920.)

Sec. 21. Lands under control of the state shall never be donated to railroad companies, private corporations or individuals.

Sec. 22. Each Legislature shall make appropriations for the expenses of the Government. And whenever it is deemed necessary to make further appropriations for deficiencies, the same shall require a two-thirds vote of all the members elected to the Legislature. Bills making appropriations for the pay of members and officers of the Legislature, and for the salaries of the officers of the Government, shall contain no provision on any other subject. (Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 23. Repealed 1972.

Sec. 24. The Legislature shall not authorize any game of chance, nor any lottery or gift enterprise where the consideration for a chance to participate involves the payment of money for the purchase of property, services, chance or admission ticket, or requires an expenditure of substantial effort or time; Provided, that it may authorize and regulate other lotteries, raffles, and gift enterprises which are intended solely as business promotions or the proceeds of which are to be used solely for charitable or community betterment purposes without profit to the promoter of such lotteries, raffles, or gift enterprises. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the enactment of laws providing for the licensing and regulation of wagering on the results of horse races by the parimutuel or certificate method, when conducted by licensees within the race track enclosure at licensed horse race meetings, or to prohibit the enactment of laws providng for the licensing and regulation

of bingo games conducted by nonprofit associations which have been in existence for a period of five years immediately preceding the application for license; Provided, bingo games cannot be conducted by agents or lessees of such associations on a percentage basis. (Amended, 1934, 1958, 1962, 1968.)

Sec. 25. No allowance shall be made for the incidental expenses of any state officer except the same be made by general appropriation and upon an account specifying each item. No money shall be drawn from the treasury except in pursuance of a specific appropriation made by law, and on the presentation of a warrant issued as the Legislature may direct, and no money shall be diverted from any appropriation made for any purpose or taken from any fund whatever by resolution. (Amended, 1964.)

Sec. 26. No member of the Legislature shall be liable in any civil or criminal action whatever for words spoken in debate.

Sec. 27. No act shall take effect until three calendar months after the adjournment of the session at which it passed, unless in case of emergency, to be expressed in the preamble or body of the act, the Legislature shall, by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected otherwise direct. All laws shall be published in book form within sixty days after the adjournment of each session and distributed among the several counties in such manner as the Legislature may provide. (Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 28. Repealed, 1934.

Sec. 29. (1). In order to insure continuity of state and local governmental operations in periods of emergency resulting from enemy attack upon the United States, or the imminent threat thereof, the Legislature shall have the power and the immediate duty, notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary in this Constitution, to provide by law for:

(a) The prompt and temporary succession to the powers and duties of all public offices, of whatever nature and whether filled by election or appointment, the incumbents of which, after an attack, may be or become unavailable or unable to carry on the powers and duties of such offices;

(b) The convening of the Legislature into general or extraordinary session, upon or without call by the Governor, during or after a war or enemy caused disaster occurring in the United States; and, with respect to any such emergency session, the suspension or temporary change of the provisions of this Constitution or of general law relating to the length and purposes of any legislative session or prescribing the specific proportion or number of legislators whose presence or vote is necessary to constitute a quorum or to accomplish any legislative act or function;

(c) The selection and changing from time to time of a temporary

state seat of government, of temporary county seats, and of temporary seats of government for other political subdivisions; to be used if made necessary by enemy attack or imminent threat thereof;

(d) The determination, selection, reproduction, preservation, and dispersal of public records necessary to the continuity of governmental operations in the event of enemy attack or imminent threat thereof; and

(e) Such other measures and procedures as may be necessary and proper for insuring the continuity of governmental operations in the event of enemy attack or imminent threat thereof.

(2) In the exercise of the powers hereinbefore conferred, the Legislature shall in all respects conform to the requirements of this Constitution except to the extent that, in the judgment of the Legislature, so to do would be impracticable or would admit of undue delay. (Adopted, 1960.)

ARTICLE IV—EXECUTIVE

Sec. 1. The executive officers of the state shall be the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, Treasurer, Attorney General, and the heads of such other executive departments as set forth herein or as may be established by law. The Legislature may provide for the placing of the above named officers as heads over such departments of government as it may by law establish.

The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts and the Treasurer shall be chosen at the general election held in November, 1974, and in each alternate even-numbered year thereafter, for a term of four years and until their successors shall be elected and qualified. In the general election one vote shall be cast jointly for the candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor nominated by the same party. The Governor shall be ineligible to the office of Governor for four years next after the expiration of two consecutive terms for which he was elected. The records, books, and papers of all executive officers shall be kept at the seat of government, and such officers, excepting the Lieutenant Governor and members of boards and commissions when the board or commission is the head of an executive department, shall reside there during their respective terms of office. Officers in the executive department of the state shall perform such duties as may be provided by law. The heads of all executive departments established by law, other than those to be elected as provided herein, shall be appointed by the Governor, with the consent of a majority of all members elected to the Legislature, but officers so appointed may be removed by the Governor. Subject to the provisions of this Constitution, the heads of the various executive or civil departments shall have power to appoint and remove all subordinate employees in their respective departments. (Amended, 1920, 1936, 1952, 1958, 1962, 1964, 1966, 1970.)

Sec. 2. No person shall be eligible to the office of Governor, or Lieutenant Governor, who shall not have attained the age of thirty years, and who shall not have been for five years next preceding his election a resident and citizen of this state and a citizen of the United States. None of the appointive officers mentioned in this article shall be eligible to any other state office during the period for which they have been appointed. (Amended, 1920, 1962, 1966.)

Sec. 3. The treasurer shall be ineligible to the office of treasurer, for two years next after the expiration of two consecutive terms for which he was elected.

Sec. 4. The returns of every election for the officers of the executive department shall be sealed up and transmitted by the returning officers to the Secretary of State, directed to the Speaker of the Legislature, who shall immediately after the organization of the Legislature, and before proceeding to other business, open and publish the same in the presence of a majority of the members of the Legislature. The person having the highest number of votes for each of said offices shall be declared duly elected; but if two or more have an equal and the highest number of votes, the Legislature shall choose one of such persons for said office. The conduct of election contests for any of said offices shall be in such manner as may be prescribed by law. (Amended, 1960, 1972.)

Sec. 5. All civil officers of this state shall be liable to impeachment for any misdemeanor in office.

Sec. 6. The supreme executive power shall be vested in the Governor, who shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed and the affairs of the state efficiently and economically administered. (Amended, 1920.)

Sec. 7. The Governor may, at the commencement of each session, and at the close of his term of office and whenever the Legislature may require, give by message to the Legislature information of the condition of the state, and shall recommend such measures as he shall deem expedient. At a time fixed by law, he shall present, by message, a complete itemized budget of the financial requirements of all departments, institutions and agencies of the state and a budget bill to be introduced by the Speaker of the Legislature at the request of the Governor. Said budget bill shall be prepared with such expert assistance and under such regulations as may be required by the Governor. No appropriations shall be made in excess of the recommendation contained in such budget including any amendment the Governor may make thereto unless by three-fifths vote of the Legislature, and such excess so approved shall not be subject to veto by the Governor. (Amended, 1920, 1964, 1972.)

Sec. 8. The Governor may, on extraordinary occasions, convene the Legislature by proclamation, stating therein the purpose for which they are convened, and the Legislature shall enter upon no business except that for which they were called together.

Sec. 9. Repealed, 1934.

Sec. 10. The Governor shall appoint with the approval of a majority of the Legislature, all persons whose offices are established by the Constitution, or which may be created by law, and whose appointment, or election is not otherwise by law or herein provided for; and no such person shall be appointed or elected by the Legislature. The Governor shall have power to remove, for cause and after a public hearing, any person whom he may appoint for a term except officers provided for in Article V of the Constitution, and he may declare his office vacant, and fill the same as herein provided as in other cases of vacancy. The Governor shall have power to remove any other person whom he appoints at any time and for any reason. (Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 11. If any elected state office created by this Constitution, except offices provided for in Article V of this Constitution or the office of Lieutenant Governor, shall be vacated by death, resignation or otherwise, it shall be the duty of the Governor to fill that office by appointment, and the appointee shall hold the office until his successor shall be elected and qualified in such manner as may be provided by law. (Amended, 1962, 1972.)

Sec. 12. If any nonelective state office, except offices provided for in Article V of this Constitution, shall be vacated by death, resignation or otherwise, it shall be the duty of the Governor to fill that office by appointment. If the Legislature is in session, such appointment shall be subject to the approval of a majority of the members of the Legislature. If the Legislature is not in session, the Governor shall make a temporary appointment until the next session of the Legislature, at which time a majority of the members of the Legislature shall have the right to approve or disapprove the appointment. All appointees shall hold their office until their successors shall be appointed and qualified. No person after being rejected by the Legislature shall be again nominated for the same office at the same session, unless at request of the Legislature, or be appointed to the same office during the recess or adjournment of the Legislature. (Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 13. The Legislature shall provide by law for the establishment of a Board of Parole and the qualifications of its members. Said board, or a majority thereof, shall have power to grant paroles after conviction and judgment, under such conditions as may be prescribed by law, for any offenses committed against the criminal laws of this state except treason and cases of impeachment. The Governor, Attorney General and Secretary of State, sitting as a board, shall have power to remit fines and forfeitures and to grant respites, reprieves, pardons, or commutations in all cases of conviction for offenses against the laws of the state, except treason and cases of impeachment. The Board of Parole may advise the Governor, Attorney General and Secretary of State on the merits of any application for remission, respite, reprieve, pardon or commutation but such advice shall not be binding on them. The Governor

shall have power to suspend the execution of the sentence imposed for treason until the case can be reported to the Legislature at its next session, when the Legislature shall either grant a pardon, or commute the sentence or direct the execution, or grant a further reprieve. (Amended, 1920, 1968.)

Sec. 14. The Governor shall be commander-in-chief of the military and naval forces of the state (except when they shall be called into the service of the United States) and may call out the same to execute the laws, suppress insurrection, and repel invasion.

Sec. 15. Every bill passed by the Legislature, before it becomes a law, shall be presented to the Governor. If he approves he shall sign it, and thereupon it shall become a law, but if he does not approve or reduces any item or items of appropriations, he shall return it with his objections to the Legislature, which shall enter the objections at large upon its journal, and proceed to reconsider the bill with the objections as a whole, or proceed to reconsider individually the item or items disapproved or reduced. If then three-fifths of the members elected agree to pass the same bill with objections it shall become a law, or if three-fifths of the members elected agree to repass any item or items disapproved or reduced, the bill with such repassage shall become a law. In all such cases the vote shall be determined by yeas and nays, to be entered upon the journal. Any bill which shall not be returned by the Governor within five days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, shall become a law in like manner as if he had signed it; unless the Legislature by their adjournment prevent its return; in which case it shall be filed, with his objections, in the office of the Secretary of State within five days after such adjournment, or become a law. The Governor may disapprove or reduce any item or items of appropriations contained in bills passed by the Legislature, and the item or items so disapproved shall be stricken therefrom, and the items reduced shall remain as reduced unless the Legislature has reconsidered the item or items disapproved or reduced and has repassed any such item or items over the objection of the Governor by a three-fifths approval of the members elected. (Amended, 1972, 1974, 1976.)

Sec. 16. In case of the conviction of the Governor on impeachment, his removal from office, his resignation or his death, the Lieutenant Governor, the Speaker of the Legislature and such other persons designated by law shall in that order be Governor for the remainder of the Governor's term.

In case of the death of the Governor-elect, the Lieutenant Governor-elect, the Speaker of the Legislature and such other persons designated by law shall become Governor in that order at the commencement of the Governor-elect's term.

If the Governor or the person in line of succession to serve as Governor is absent from the state, or suffering under an inability, the powers and duties of the office of Governor shall devolve in order of precedence until the absence or inability giving rise to the devolution of

powers ceases as provided by law. After January 1, 1975, the Lieutenant Governor shall serve on all boards and commissions in lieu of the Governor whenever so designated by the Governor, shall perform such duties as may be delegated him by the Governor, and shall devote his full time to the duties of his office. (Amended, 1970, 1972.)

Sec. 17. Repealed, 1934.

Sec. 18. Repealed, 1972.

Sec. 19. The general management, control and government of all state charitable, mental, reformatory, and penal institutions shall be vested as determined by the Legislature. (Amended, 1920, 1958.)

Sec. 20. There shall be a Public Service Commission, consisting of not less than three nor more than seven members, as the Legislature shall prescribe, whose term of office shall be six years, and whose compensation shall be fixed by the Legislature. Commissioners shall be elected by districts of substantially equal population as the Legislature shall provide. The powers and duties of such commission shall include the reguation of rates, service and general control of common carriers as the Legislature may provide by law. But, in the absence of specific legislation, the commission shall exercise the powers and perform the duties enumerated in this provision. (Amended, 1962, 1972.)

Sec. 21. Repealed, 1972.

Sec. 22. The Legislature shall provide by statute for the keeping of accounts and the reporting by those agencies of the state which are required to administer cash funds not subject to appropriation by the Legislature, and an annual report thereof shall be made to the Governor under oath; and any officer who makes a false report shall be guilty of perjury and punished accordingly. (Amended, 1964.)

Sec. 23. All expending agencies of the state as the Legislature may provide shall at least ten days preceding each regular session of the Legislature severally report to the Governor, who shall transmit such reports to the Legislature, together with the reports of the Judges of the Supreme Court of defects in the constitution and laws, and the Governor or the Legislature may at any time require information, in writing, under oath, from the officers of all expending agencies, upon any subject relating to the condition, management and expenses of their respective offices. (Amended, 1964.)

Sec. 24. There shall be a seal of the state, which shall be called the "Great Seal of the State of Nebraska," which shall be kept by the Secretary of State and used by him officially as directed by law.

Sec. 25. The officers provided for in this article shall receive such salaries as may be provided by law. Such officers, or such other officers as may be provided for by law, shall not receive for their own use any fees, costs, or interest upon public money in their hands. All fees that may hereafter be payable by law for services performed, or received by an officer provided for in this article, by virtue of his office

shall be paid forthwith into the state treasury. (Amended, 1920, 1956.)

Sec. 26. All officers of government shall give bond as may be prescribed by law. (Amended, 1964.)

Sec. 27. No executive state office other than herein provided shall be created except by a two-thirds majority of all members elected to the Legislature. (Amended, 1920, 1972.)

Sec. 28. A Tax Commissioner shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. He shall have jurisdiction over the administration of the revenue laws of the state, and together with the Governor, Secretary of State, State Auditor and State Treasurer shall have power to review and equalize assessments of property for taxation within the state. He shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as the Legislature may provide. His term of office and compensation shall be as provided by law. (Adopted, 1920.)

ARTICLE V—JUDICIAL

Sec. 1. The judicial power of the state shall be vested in a Supreme Court, district courts, county courts, in and for each county, with one or more judges for each county, or with one judge for two or more counties, as the Legislature shall provide and such other courts inferior to the Supreme Court as may be created by law. In accordance with rules established by the Supreme Court and not in conflict with other provisions of this Constitution and laws governing such matters, general administrative authority over all courts in this state shall be vested in the Supreme Court and shall be exercised by the Chief Justice. The Chief Justice shall be the executive head of the courts and may appoint an administrative director thereof. (Amended, 1896, 1920, 1970.)

Sec. 2. The Supreme Court shall consist of seven judges, one of whom shall be the Chief Justice. A majority of the judges shall be necessary to constitute a quorum. A majority of the members sitting shall have authority to pronounce a decision except in cases involving the constitutionality of an act of the Legislature. No legislative act shall be held unconstitutional except by the concurrence of five judges. The Supreme Court shall have jurisdiction in all cases relating to the revenue, civil cases in which the state is a party, mandamus, quo warranto, habeas corpus, election contests involving state officers other than members of the Legislature, and such appellate jurisdiction as may be provided by law. The Legislature may provide that any Judge of the Supreme Court who has retired may be called upon for temporary duty by the Supreme Court. Whenever necessary for the prompt submission and determination of causes, the Supreme Court may appoint judges of the district court to act as associate judges of the Supreme Court, sufficient in number, with the judges of the Supreme Court, to constitute two divisions of the court of five judges in each division. Whenever judges of the district court are so acting the court shall sit in two divisions, and four of the judges thereof shall be necessary to constitute a quorum. Judges of the district court so appointed

shall serve during the pleasure of the court, and shall have all the powers of judges of the Supreme Court. The Chief Justice shall make assignments of judges to the divisions of the court, and shall preside over the division of which he is a member, and designate the presiding judge of the other division. The judges of the Supreme Court, sitting without division, shall hear and determine all cases involving the constitutionality of a statute, and all appeals from conviction of homicide; and may review any decision rendered by a division of the court. In such cases, in the event of the disability or disqualification by interest or otherwise, of any of the judges of the Supreme Court, the court may appoint judges of the district court to sit temporarily as judges of the Supreme Court, sufficient to constitute a full court of seven judges. Judges of the district court shall receive no additional salary by virtue of their appointment and service as herein provided; but they shall be reimbursed their necessary traveling and hotel expenses. (Amended, 1890, 1896, 1908, 1920, 1968, 1970.)

Sec. 3. At least two terms of the supreme court shall be held each year, at the seat of government.

Sec. 4. The Chief Justice and the Judges of the Supreme Court shall be selected as provided in this Article V. They shall reside at the place where the court is located but no Justice or Judge of the Supreme Court shall be deemed thereby to have lost his residence at the place from which he was selected. (Amended, 1890, 1896, 1908, 1920, 1962.)

Sec. 5. The Legislature shall divide the state into six contiguous and compact districts of approximately equal population, which shall be numbered from one to six, which shall be known as the Supreme Court judicial districts. The Legislature shall redistrict the state after each federal decennial census. In any such redistricting, county lines shall be followed whenever practicable, but other established lines may be followed at the discretion of the Legislature. Such districts shall not be changed except upon the concurrence of a majority of the members of the Legislature. Whenever the Supreme Court is redistricted, the judges serving prior to the redistricting shall continue in office, and the law providing for such redistricting shall where necessary specify the newly established districts which they shall represent for the balance of their terms. (Amended, 1890, 1896, 1908, 1920, 1962, 1970.)

Sec. 6. The chief justice shall preside at all terms and sittings of the supreme court, and in his absence or disability the judges present shall select one of their number chief justice pro tempore. (Amended, 1908, 1920.)

Sec. 7. No person shall be eligible to the office of Chief Justice or Judge of the Supreme Court unless he shall be at least thirty years of age, and a citizen of the United States, and shall have resided in this state at least three years next preceding his selection; nor, in the case of a Judge of the Supreme Court selected from a Supreme Court judicial district, unless he shall be a resident and elector of the district from which selected. (Amended, 1920, 1962.)

Sec. 8. There shall be appointed by the supreme court, a clerk and a reporter of the court, each of whom shall hold his office for a term of six years, unless sooner removed by the court, and their salaries shall be fixed by law; the clerk shall also act as librarian of the law and miscellaneous library of the state. The court shall also appoint such clerical help as may be needed for the proper dispatch of the business of the court. The court shall prepare and recommend to each session of the Legislature a budget of the estimated expenses of the court. The copyright of the state reports shall forever remain the property of the state. (Amended, 1920, 1972.)

Sec. 9. The district courts shall have both chancery and common law jurisdiction, and such other jurisdictions as the Legislature may provide; and the judges thereof may admit persons charged with felony to a plea of guilty and pass such sentence as may be prescribed by law.

Sec. 10. The state shall be divided into district court judicial districts. Until otherwise provided by law, the boundaries of the judicial districts and the number of judges of the district courts shall remain as now fixed. The judges of the district courts shall be selected from the respective districts as provided in this Article V. (Amended, 1920, 1962.)

Sec. 11. The Legislature may change the number of Judges of the district courts, and alter the boundaries of judicial districts. Such change in number or alterations in boundaries shall not vacate the office of any judge. Such districts shall be formed of compact territory bounded by county lines. (Amended, 1896, 1920, 1972.)

Sec. 12. The judges of the district court may hold court for each other and shall do so when required by law or when ordered by the Supreme Court. The Legislature may provide that any judge of the district court who has retired may be called upon for temporary duty by the Supreme Court. (Amended, 1920, 1970.)

Sec. 13. The chief justice, the judges of the supreme court and the judges of the district court shall receive such salaries as may be provided by law. (Amended, 1890, 1896, 1908, 1920.)

Sec. 14. No judge of the supreme or district courts shall act as attorney or counsellor at law in any manner whatsoever. No judge shall practice law in any court in any matter arising in or growing out of any proceedings in his own court. (Amended, 1920, 1970.)

Sec. 15. Repealed, 1970.

Sec. 16. Repealed, 1970.

Sec. 17. Repealed, 1970.

Sec. 18. Repealed, 1970.

Sec. 19. The organization, jurisdiction, powers, proceedings, and practice of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law and the force and effect of the proceedings, judgments and decrees of such courts, severally, shall be uniform. (Amended, 1920.)

Sec. 20. All officers provided for in this Article shall hold their offices until their successors shall be qualified and they shall respectively reside in the district or county from which they shall be selected. All officers, when not otherwise provided for in this Article, shall perform such duties and receive such compensation as may be prescribed by law. (Amended, 1920, 1962, 1970.)

Sec. 21. (1) In the case of any vacancy in the Supreme Court or in any district court or in such other court or courts made subject to this provision by law, such vacancy shall be filled by the Governor from a list of at least two nominees presented to him by the appropriate judicial nominating commission. If the Governor shall fail to make an appointment from the list within sixty days from the date it is presented to him, the appointment shall be made by the Chief Justice or the acting Chief Justice of the Supreme Court from the same list.

(2) In all other cases, any vacancy shall be filled as provided by law.

(3) At the next general election following the expiration of three years from the date of appointment of any judge under the provisions of subsection (1) of this section and every six years thereafter as long as such judge retains office, each Justice or Judge of the Supreme Court or district court or such other court or courts as the Legislature shall provide shall have his right to remain in office subject to approval or rejection by the electorate in such manner as the Legislature shall provide; Provided, that every judge holding or elected to an office described in subsection (1) of this section on the effective date of this amendment whether by election or appointment, upon qualification shall be deemed to have been selected and to have once received the approval of the electorate as herein provided, and shall be required to submit his right to continue in office to the approval or rejection of the electorate at the general election next preceding the expiration of the term of office for which such judge was elected or appointed, and every six years thereafter. In the case of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the electorate of the entire state shall vote on the question of approval or rejection. In the case of any Judge of the Supreme Court, other than the Chief Justice, and any judge of the district court or any other court made subject to subsection (1) of this section, the electorate of the district from which such judge was selected shall vote on the question of such approval or rejection.

(4) There shall be a judicial nominating commission for the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and one for each judicial district of the Supreme Court and of the district court and one for each area or district

served by any other court made subject to subsection (1) of this section by law. Each judicial nominating commission shall consist of nine members, one of whom shall be a Judge of the Supreme Court who shall be designated by the Governor and shall act as chairman, but shall not be entitled to vote. The members of the bar of the state residing in the area from which the nominees are to be selected shall designate four of their number to serve as members of said commission, and the Governor shall appoint four citizens, not admitted to practice law before the courts of the state, from among the residents of the same geographical area to serve as members of said commission. Not more than four of such voting members shall be of the same political party. The terms of office for members of each judicial nominating commission shall be staggered and shall be fixed by the Legislature. The nominees of any such commission cannot include a member of such commission or any person who has served as a member of such commission within a period of two years immediately preceding his nomination or for such additional period as the Legislature shall provide. The names of candidates shall be released to the public prior to a public hearing.

(5) Members of the nominating commission shall vote for the nominee of their choice by roll call. Each candidate must receive a majority of the voting members of the nominating commission to have his name submitted to the Governor. (Amended, 1920, 1962, 1972.)

Sec. 22. The state may sue and be sued, and the Legislature shall provide by law in what manner and in what courts suits shall be brought.

Sec. 23. The several judges of the courts of record shall have such jurisdiction at chambers as may be provided by law.

Sec. 24. All process shall run in the name of "The State of Nebraska," and all prosecutions shall be carried on in the name of "The State of Nebraska."

Sec. 25. For the effectual administration of justice and the prompt disposition of judicial proceedings, the supreme court may promulgate rules of practice and procedure for all courts, uniform as to each class of courts, and not in conflict with laws governing such matters. To the same end, the court may, and when requested by the Legislature by joint resolution, shall certify to the Legislature, its conclusions as to desirable amendments or changes in the general laws governing such practice and proceedings. (Adopted, 1920.)

Sec. 26. If the foregoing amendment shall be adopted by the electors, all existing courts which are not in the foregoing amendment specifically enumerated and concerning which no other provision is herein made, shall continue in existence and exercise their present jurisdiction, and the judges thereof shall receive their present compensation, until otherwise provided by law; and such judges or appointees to fill vacancies shall hold their offices until their successors shall be elected and qualified. (Adopted, 1920.)

Sec. 27. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 9 of this Article, the Legislature may establish courts to be known as juvenile courts, with such jurisdiction and powers as the Legislature may provide. The term, qualification, compensation, and method of appointment or election of the judges of such courts, and the rules governing proceedings therein, may be fixed by the Legislature. The state shall be divided into juvenile court judicial districts that correspond to district court judicial districts until otherwise provided by law. No such court shall be established or afterwards abolished in any juvenile court judicial district unless approved by a majority of those voting on the issue. (Adopted, 1958, Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 28. The Legislature shall provide for a Commission on Judicial Qualifications consisting of: (1) Two Judges of the Supreme Court, two judges of the various district courts, one judge of a municipal court, one judge of the Nebraska Workmen's Compensation Court, and one judge of the county courts, all of whom shall be appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court; (2) two members of the Nebraska State Bar Association who shall have practiced law in this state for at least ten years and who shall be appointed by the Executive Council of the Nebraska State Bar Association; and (3) two citizens, neither of whom shall be a Justice or Judge of the Supreme Court or judge of any court, active or retired, nor a member of the Nebraska State Bar Association, and who shall be appointed by the Governor. (Adopted, 1966.)

Sec. 29. The Commission on Judicial Qualifications shall select one of its members to serve as its chairman. The commission shall act by a vote of the majority of its members and no action of the commission shall be valid unless concurred in by the majority of its members. (Adopted, 1966.)

Sec. 30. (1) A Justice or Judge of the Supreme Court or judge of any court of this state may be removed from office for (a) willful misconduct in office, (b) willful disregard of or failure to perform his duties, (c) habitual intemperance, (d) conviction of a crime involving moral turpitude, or (e) disbarment as a member of the legal profession licensed to practice law in the State of Nebraska, or he may be retired for physical or mental disability seriously interfering with the performance of his duties if such disability is determined to be permanent or reasonably likely to become permanent. Any citizen of the State of Nebraska may request the Commission on Judicial Qualifications to consider the qualifications of any Justice or Judge of the Supreme Court or other judge, and in such event, the commission shall make such investigation as the commission deems necessary and in its discretion may order a hearing to be held before it concerning the removal or retirement of such Justice or Judge of the Supreme Court or other judge. In the alternative or in addition, the commission may request the Supreme Court to appoint one or more special masters who shall be judges of courts of record to hear and take evidence in any such matter, and to report to the commis-

sion. If, after hearing, or after considering the record and report of the masters, the commission finds good cause therefore, it shall recommend to the Supreme Court that the Justice or Judge of the Supreme Court or other judge involved shall be removed or retired as the case may be.

(2) The Supreme Court shall review the record of the proceedings and in its discretion may permit the introduction of additional evidence. The Supreme Court shall make such determination as it finds just and proper, and may order the removal or retirement of such Justice or Judge of the Supreme Court or other judge, or may wholly reject the recommendation. Upon an order for retirement, the Justice or Judge of the Supreme Court or other judge shall thereby be retired with the same rights and privileges as if he had retired pursuant to statute. Upon an order for removal, the Justice or Judge of the Supreme Court or other judge shall be removed from office and his salary shall cease from the date of such order.

(3) All papers filed with and proceedings before the commission or masters appointed by the Supreme Court pursuant to this section shall be confidential and the filing of papers with and the testimony given before the commission or masters shall be deemed a privileged communication. The Supreme Court shall by rule provide for procedure under this section before the commission, the masters and the Supreme Court.

(4) No Justice or judge who is a member of the Commission or of the Supreme Court shall participate, as a member of such commission, or as a master, or as a member of the Supreme Court, in any proceedings involving his own removal or retirement. (Adopted, 1966.)

Sec. 31. These amendments are alternative to and cumulative with the methods of removal of Justices and judges provided in Article III, section 17, and Article IV, section 5, of this Constitution, and any other provision of law relating to the methods and manner of the removal of Justices, Judges, and judges of the courts of this state. (Adopted, 1966.)

ARTICLE VI—SUFFRAGE

Sec. 1. Every citizen of the United States, who has attained the age of eighteen years, and has resided within the state and the county and voting precinct for the terms provided by law, shall, except as provided in section 2 of this article, be an elector. (Amended, 1910, 1918, 1920, 1970, 1972.)

Sec. 2. No person shall be qualified to vote who is non compos mentis, or who has been convicted of treason or felony under the laws of the state or the United States, unless restored to civil rights.

Sec. 3. Every elector in the military or naval service of the United States or of this state may exercise the right of suffrage at such place and under such regulations as may be provided by law. (Amended, 1920.)

Sec. 4. Repealed, 1972.

Sec. 5. Electors shall in all cases, except treason, felony, or breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at elections, and going to and returning from the same. (Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 6. All votes shall be by ballot or by other means authorized by the Legislature whereby the vote and the secrecy of the elector's vote will be preserved. (Amended, 1972.)

ARTICLE VII—EDUCATION

Sec. 1. The Legislature shall provide for the free instruction in the common schools of this state of all persons between the ages of five and twenty-one years. The Legislature may provide for the education of other persons in the educational institutions owned and controlled by the state or a political subdivision thereof. (Amended, 1940, 1952, 1954, 1970, 1972.)

Sec. 2. The State Department of Education shall be comprised of a State Board of Education and a Commissioner of Education. The State Department of Education shall have general supervision and administration of the school system of the state and of such other activities as the Legislature may direct. (Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 3. The State Board of Education shall be composed of eight members, who shall be elected from eight districts of substantially equal population as provided by the Legislature. Their term of office shall be for four years each. Their duties and powers shall be prescribed by the Legislature, and they shall receive no compensation, but shall be reimbursed their actual expense incurred in the performance of their duties. The members of the State Board of Education shall not be actively engaged in the educational profession and they shall be elected on a nonpartisan ballot. (Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 4. The State Board of education shall appoint and fix the compensation of the Commissioner of Education, who shall be the executive officer of the State Board of Education and the administrative head of the State Department of Education, and who shall have such powers and duties as the Legislature may direct. The board shall appoint all employees of the State Department of Education on the recommendation of the Commissioner of Education. (Amended, 1966, 1972.)

Sec. 5. All fines, penalties, and license money arising under the general laws of the state, except fines and penalties for violation of laws prohibiting the overloading of vehicles used upon the public roads and highways of this state, shall belong and be paid over to the counties respectively, where the same may be levied or imposed, and all fines, penalties, and license money arising under the rules, by-laws, or ordinances of cities, villages, precincts, or other municipal subdivision less than a county, shall belong and be paid over to the same respectively.

All such fines, penalties, and license money shall be appropriated exclusively to the use and support of the common schools in the respective subdivisions where the same may accrue, except that all fines and penalties for violation of laws prohibiting the overloading of vehicles used upon the public roads and highways shall be placed as follows: Seventy-five per cent in a fund for state highways, and twenty-five per cent to the county general fund where the fine or penalty is paid. (Amended, 1956.)

Sec. 6. No lands now owned or hereafter acquired by the state for educational purposes shall be sold except at public auction under such conditions as the Legislature shall provide. The general management of all lands set apart for educational purposes shall be vested, under the direction of the Legislature, in a board of five members to be known as the Board of Educational Lands and Funds. The members shall be appointed by the Governor, subject to the approval of the Legislature, with such qualifications, and for such terms and compensation as the Legislature may provide. (Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 7. The following are hereby declared to be perpetual funds for common school purposes of which the annual interest or income only can be appropriated, to wit:

First. Such per cent as has been, or may hereafter be, granted by Congress on the sale of lands in this state.

Second. All money arising from the sale or leasing of sections number sixteen and thirty-six in each township in this state, and the lands selected, or that may be selected, in lieu thereof.

Third. The proceeds of all lands that have been, or may hereafter be, granted to this state, where by the terms and conditions of such grant the same are not to be otherwise appropriated.

Fourth. The net proceeds of lands and other property and effects that may come to this state, by escheat or forfeiture, or from unclaimed dividends, or distributive shares of the estate of deceased persons.

Fifth. All other property of any kind now belonging to the perpetual fund. (Amended, 1920, 1972.)

Sec. 8. All funds belonging to the state for educational purposes, the interest and income whereof only are to be used, shall be deemed trust funds. Such funds with the interest and income thereof are hereby solemnly pledged to the purposes for which they are granted and set apart and shall not be transferred to any other fund for other uses. The state shall supply any net aggregate losses thereof realized at the close of each calendar year that may in any manner accrue. Notwithstanding any other provisions in the Constitution, such funds shall be invested as the Legislature may by statute provide. (Amended, 1920, 1972).

Sec. 9. The following funds shall be exclusively used for the support and maintenance of the common schools in each school district in the state as the Legislature shall provide:

a. Income arising from the perpetual funds;

b. The income from the unsold school lands, except that costs of administration shall be deducted from the income before it is so applied;

c. All other grants, gifts, and devises that have been or may hereafter be made to the state which are not otherwise appropriated by the terms of the grant, gift or devise; and

d. Such other support as the Legislature may provide.

No distribution or appropriation shall be made to any school district for the year in which school is not maintained for the minimum term required by law. (Amended, 1966, 1970, 1972.)

Sec. 10. The general government of the University of Nebraska shall, under the direction of the Legislature, be vested in a board of not less than six nor more than eight regents to be designated the Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska, who shall be elected from and by districts as herein provided and three students of the University of Nebraska who shall serve as nonvoting members. Such nonvoting student members shall consist of the student body president of the University of Nebraska at Lincoln, the student body president of the University of Nebraska at Omaha, and the student body president of the University of Nebraska Medical Center. The terms of office of elected members shall be for six years each. The terms of office of student members shall be for the period of service as student body president. Their duties and powers shall be prescribed by law; and they shall receive no compensation, but may be reimbursed their actual expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties. (Amended, 1974.)

The Legislature shall divide the state, along county lines, into as many compact regent districts as there are regents provided by the Legislature, of approximately equal population, which shall be numbered consecutively.

The Legislature shall redistrict the state after each federal decennial census. Such districts shall not be changed except upon the concurrence of a majority of the members of the Legislature. In any such redistricting, county lines shall be followed whenever practicable, but other established lines may be followed to the discretion of the Legislature. Whenever the state is so redistricted the members elected prior to the redistricting shall continue in office, and the law providing for such redistricting shall where necessary specify the newly established district which they shall represent for the balance of their term. (Amended, 1920, 1968.)

Sec. 11. Notwithstanding any other provision in the Constitution, appropriation of public funds shall not be made to any school or institution of learning not owned or exclusively controlled by the state or a political subdivision thereof; Provided, that the Legislature may provide that the state or any political subdivision thereof may contract with institutions not wholly owned or controlled by the state or any political subdivision to provide for educational or other services for the benefit of children under the age of twenty-one years who are

handicapped, as that term is from time to time defined by the Legislature, if such services are nonsectarian in nature.

All public schools shall be free of sectarian instruction.

A religious test or qualification shall not be required of any teacher or student for admission or continuance in any school or institution supported in whole or in part by public funds or taxation. (Amended, 1920, 1972, 1976.)

Sec. 12. The Legislature may provide by law for the establishment of a school or schools for the safekeeping, education, employment and reformation of all children under the age of eighteen years, who, for want of proper parental care, or other cause, are growing up in mendicancy or crime. (Amended, 1920.)

Sec. 13. The general government of the state normal schools as now existing, and such other state colleges as may be established by law, shall be vested, under the direction of the Legislature, in a board of seven members to be styled as designated by the Legislature, six of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislature, two each for a term of two, four, and six years, and two each biennium thereafter for a term of six years, and the Commissioner of Education shall be a member ex officio. The duties and powers of the board shall be prescribed by law, and the members thereof shall receive no compensation for the performance of their duties, but may be reimbursed their actual expenses incurred therein. (Amended, 1920, 1952, 1968.)

Sec. 14. Repealed, 1972.

Sec. 15. Repealed, 1972.

Sec. 16. Repealed, 1972.

Sec. 17. Repealed, 1972.

ARTICLE VIII—REVENUE

Sec. 1. The necessary revenue of the state and its governmental subdivisions shall be raised by taxation in such manner as the Legislature may direct. Taxes shall be levied by valuation uniformly and proportionately upon all tangible property and franchises, except that the Legislature may provide for a different method of taxing motor vehicles and may also establish a separate class of motor vehicles consisting of those owned and held for resale by motor vehicle dealers which shall be taxed in the manner and to the extent as provided by the Legislature and may also establish a separate class for trucks, trailers, semi-trailers, truck-tractors, or combinations thereof, consisting of those owned by residents and nonresidents of this state, and operating in interstate commerce, and may provide reciprocal and proportionate taxation of such vehicles; Provided, that such tax proceeds from motor vehicles taxed in each county shall be allocated to the state, counties, townships, cities,

villages, and school districhs of such county in the same proportion that the levy of each bears to the total levy of said county on personal tangible property. The Legislature may enact laws to provide that the value of land actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use shall, for property tax purposes, be that value which such land has for agricultural or horticultural use without regard to any value which such land might have for other purposes or uses, and prescribe standards and methods for the determination of the value of real or other tangible property at uniform and proportionate values. Taxes uniform as to class of property or the ownership or use thereof may be levied by valuation or otherwise upon classes of intangible property as the Legislature may determine, and such intangible property held in trust or otherwise for the purpose of funding pension, profit-sharing, or other employee benefit plans as defined by the Legislature may be declared to be exempt from taxation. Taxes, other than property taxes, may be authorized by law. Existing revenue laws shall continue in effect until changed by the Legislature. The Legislature may provide that livestock shall constitute a separate and distinct class of property for purposes of taxation and may further provide for reciprocal and proportionate taxation of livestock located in this state for only part of a year. (Amended, 1952, 1954, 1960, 1964, 1972.)

Sec. 1A. The state shall be prohibited from levying a property tax for state purposes. (Adopted, 1954, Amended, 1966.)

Sec. 1B. When an income tax is adopted by the Legislature, the Legislature may adopt an income tax law based upon the laws of the United States. (Adopted, 1966.)

Sec. 2. The property of the state and its governmental subdivisions shall be exempt from taxation. The Legislature by general law may exempt property owned by and used exclusively for agricultural and horticultural societies, and property owned and used exclusively for educational, religious, charitable or cemetery purposes, when such property is not owned or used for financial gain or profit to either the owner or user. Household goods and personal effects, as defined by law, may be exempted from taxation in whole or in part, as may be provided by general law, and the Legislature may prescribe a formula for the determination of value of household goods and personal effects. The Legislature by general law may provide that the increased value of land by reason of shade or ornamental trees planted along the highway shall not be taken into account in the assessment of such land. The value of a home substantially contributed by the Veterans' Administration of the United States for a paraplegic veteran or multiple amputee shall be exempt from taxation during the life of such veteran or until the death of his widow or her remarriage. The Legislature may exempt from an intangible property tax life insurance and life insurance annuity contracts and any payment connected therewith and any right to pension or retirement payments. The Legislature may classify personal prop-

erty in such manner as it sees fit, and may exempt any of such classes, or may exempt all personal property from taxation. No property shall be exempt from taxation except as provided in the Constitution. The Legislature may by general law provide that a portion of the value of any residence actually occupied as a homestead by any classification of owners as determined by the Legislature shall be exempt from taxation. (Amended, 1954, 1964, 1966, 1968, 1970.)

Sec. 2A. The Legislature may establish bonded and licensed warehouses or storage areas for goods, wares and merchandise in transit in the state which are intended for and which are shipped to final destinations outside this state upon leaving such warehouses or storage areas, and may exempt such goods, wares and merchandise from ad valorem taxation while in such storage areas. (Adopted, 1960.)

Sec. 3. The right of redemption from all sales of real estate, for the non-payment of taxes or special assessments of any character whatever, shall exist in favor of owners and persons interested in such real estate, for a period of not less than two years from such sales thereof. Provided, that occupants shall in all cases be served with personal notice before the time of redemption expires.

Sec. 4. Except as to tax and assessment charges against real property remaining delinquent and unpaid for a period of fifteen years or longer, the Legislature shall have no power to release or discharge any county, city, township, town, or district whatever, or the inhabitants thereof, or any corporation, or the property therein, from their or its proportionate share of taxes to be levied for state purposes, or due any municipal corporation, nor shall commutation for such taxes be authorized in any form whatever; Provided, that the Legislature may provide by law for the payment or cancellation of taxes or assessments against real estate remaining unpaid against real estate owned or acquired by the state or its governmental subdivisions. (Amended, 1958, 1966.)

Sec. 5. County authorities shall never assess taxes the aggregate of which shall exceed fifty cents per one hundred dollars actual valuation as determined by the assessment rolls, except for the payment of indebtedness existing at the adoption hereof, unless authorized by a vote of the people of the county. (Amended, 1920.)

Sec. 6. The Legislature may vest the corporate authorities of cities, towns and villages, with power to make local improvements, including facilities for providing off-street parking for vehicles, by special assessments, or by special taxation of property benefited, and to redetermine and reallocate from time to time the benefits arising from the acquisition of such off-street parking facilities, and the Legislature may vest the corporate authorities of cities and villages with power to levy special assessments for the maintenance, repair and reconstruction of such off-street parking facilities. For all other corporate purposes, all municipal corporations may be vested with authority to assess and collect

taxes, but such taxes shall be uniform in respect to persons and property within the jurisdiction of the body imposing the same, except that cities and villages may be empowered by the Legislature to assess and collect separate and additional taxes within off-street parking districts created by and within any city or village on such terms as the Legislature may prescribe. (Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 7. Private property shall not be liable to be taken or sold for the payment of the corporate debts of municipal corporations. The Legislature shall not impose taxes upon municipal corporations, or the inhabitants or property thereof, for corporate purposes.

Sec. 8. The Legislature at its first session shall provide by law for the funding of all outstanding warrants, and other indebtedness of the state, at a rate of interest not exceeding eight per cent per annum.

Sec. 9. The Legislature shall provide by law that all claims upon the treasury shall be examined and adjusted as the Legislature may provide before any warrant for the amount allowed shall be drawn. Any party aggrieved by the action taken on a claim in which he has an interest may appeal to the district court. (Amended, 1964.)

Sec. 10. Notwithstanding the other provisions of Article VIII, the Legislature is authorized to substitute a basis other than valuation for taxes upon grain and seed produced or handled in this state. Existing revenue laws not inconsistent with the Constitution shall continue in effect until changed by the Legislature. (Adopted, 1956.)

Section. 11. Every public corporation and political subdivision organized primarily to provide electricity or irrigation and electricity shall annually make the same payments in lieu of taxes as it made in 1957, which payments shall be allocated in the same proportion to the same public bodies or their successors as they were in 1957.

The Legislature may require each such public corporation to pay to the treasurer of any county in which may be located any incorporated city or village, within the limits of which such public corporation sells electricity at retail, a sum equivalent to five (5) per cent of the annual gross revenue of such public corporation derived from retail sales of electricity within such city or village, less an amount equivalent to the 1957 payments in lieu of taxes made by such public corporation with respect to property or operations in any such city or village. The payments in lieu of tax as made in 1957, together with any payments made as authorized in this section shall be in lieu of all other taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, franchise payments, occupation and excise taxes, but shall not be in lieu of motor vehicle licenses and wheel taxes, permit fees, gasoline tax and other such excise taxes or general sales taxes levied against the public generally.

So much of such five (5) per cent as is in excess of an amount equivalent to the amount paid by such public corporation in lieu of taxes in 1957 shall be distributed in each year to the city or village, the school districts located in such city or village, the county in which such

city or village is located, and the State of Nebraska, in the proportion that their respective property tax mill levies in each such year bear to the total of such mill levies. (Adopted, 1958.)

ARTICLE IX—COUNTIES

Sec. 1. No new county shall be formed or established by the Legislature which will reduce the county or counties, or either of them to a less area than four hundred square miles, nor shall any county be formed of a less area.

Sec. 2. No county shall be divided nor any part of the territory of any county be stricken therefrom, nor shall any county or part of the territory of any county be added to an adjoining county without submitting the question to the qualified electors of each county affected thereby, nor unless approved by a majority of the qualified electors of each county voting thereon; provided, that when county boundaries divide sections, or overlap, or fail to meet, or are in doubt, the Legislature may by law provide for their adjustment, but in all cases the new boundary shall follow the nearest section line or the thread of the main channel of a boundary stream. (Amended, 1920.)

Sec. 3. When a county shall be added to another, all prior indebtedness of each county shall remain a charge on the taxable property within the territory of each county as it existed prior to consolidation. When any part of a county is stricken off and attached to another county, the part stricken off shall be holden for its proportion of all then existing liabilities of the county from which it is taken, but shall not be holden for any then existing liabilities of the county to which it is attached. (Amended, 1920.)

Sec. 4. The Legislature shall provide by law for the election of such county and township officers as may be necessary and for the consolidation of county offices for two or more counties; Provided, that each of the counties affected may disapprove such a consolidation by a majority vote in each of such counties. (Amended, 1968.)

Sec. 5. The Legislature shall provide by general law for township organization, under which any county may organize whenever a majority of the legal voters of such county voting at any general election shall so determine; and in any county that shall have adopted a township organization the question of continuing the same may be submitted to a vote of the electors of such county at a general election in the manner that shall be provided by law.

ARTICLE X—PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATIONS

Sec. 1. Every public utility corporation or common carrier organized or doing business in this state shall report, under oath, to the Railway Commission, when required by law or the order of said Com-

mission. The reports so made shall include such matter as may be required by law or the order of said Commission. (Amended, 1920.)

Sec. 2. The rolling stock and all other movable property belonging to any railroad company or corporation in this state, shall be liable to execution and sale in the same manner as the personal property of individuals, and the Legislature shall pass no law exempting any such property from execution and sale.

Sec. 3. No public utility corporation or common carrier shall consolidate its stock, property, franchise, or earnings in whole or in part with any other public utility corporation or common carrier owning a parallel or competing property without permission of the Railway Commission; and in no case shall any consolidation take place except upon public notice of at least sixty days to all stockholders, in such manner as may be provided by law. The Legislature may by law require all public utilities and common carriers to exchange business through physical connection, joint use, connected service, or otherwise. (Amended, 1920.)

Sec. 4. Railways heretofore constructed, or that may hereafter be constructed, in this state are hereby declared public highways, and shall be free to all persons for the transportation of their persons and property thereon, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law. And the Legislature may from time to time pass laws establishing reasonable maximum rates of charges for the transportation of passengers and freight on the different railroads in this state. The liability of railroad corporations as common carriers shall never be limited.

Sec. 5. The capital stock of public utility corporations or common carriers shall not be increased for any purpose, except after public notice for sixty days, and in such manner as may be provided by law. No dividend shall be declared or distributed except out of net earnings after paying all operating expenses including a depreciation reserve sufficient to keep the investment intact. (Amended, 1920.)

Sec. 6. The exercise of the power and the right of eminent domain shall never be so construed or abridged as to prevent the taking by the Legislature, of the property and franchises of incorporated companies already organized, or hereafter to be organized, and subjecting them to the public necessity the same as of individuals.

Sec. 7. The Legislature shall pass laws to correct abuses and prevent unjust discrimination and extortion in all charges of express, telegraph and railroad companies in this state and enforce such laws by adequate penalties to the extent, if necessary for that purpose, of forfeiture of their property and franchises.

Sec. 8. No railroad corporation organized under the laws of any other state, or of the United States and doing business in this State shall be entitled to exercise the right of eminent domain or have power

to acquire the right-of-way, or real estate for depot or other uses, until it shall have become a body corporate pursuant to and in accordance with the laws of this state.

ARTICLE XI—MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS

Sec. 1. No city, county, town, precinct, municipality, or other subdivision of the state, shall ever become a subscriber to the capital stock, or owner of such stock, or any portion or interest therein of any railroad, or private corporation, or association.

Sec. 2. Any city having a population of more than five thousand (5,000) inhabitants may frame a charter for its own government, consistent with and subject to the constitution and laws of this state, by causing a convention of fifteen freeholders, who shall have been for at least five years qualified electors thereof, to be elected by the qualified voters of said city at any general or special election, whose duty it shall be within four months after such election, to prepare and propose a charter for such city, which charter, when completed, with a prefatory synopsis, shall be signed by the officers and members of the convention, or a majority thereof, and delivered to the clerk of said city, who shall publish the same in full, with his official certification, in the official paper of said city, if there be one, and if there be no official paper, then in at least one newspaper published and in general circulation in said city, three times, and a week apart, and within not less than thirty days after such publication it shall be submitted to the qualified electors of said city at a general or special election, and if a majority of such qualified voters, voting thereon, shall ratify the same, it shall at the end of sixty days thereafter, become the charter of said city, and supersede any existing charter and all amendments thereof. A duplicate certificate shall be made, setting forth the charter proposed and its ratification (together with the vote for and against) and duly certified by the city clerk, and authenticated by the corporate seal of said city and one copy thereof shall be filed with the Secretary of State and the other deposited among the archives of the city, and shall thereupon become and be the charter of said city, and all amendments of such charter, shall be authenticated in the same manner, and filed with the secretary of state and deposited in the archives of the city. (Adopted, 1912.)

Sec. 3. But if said charter be rejected, then within six months thereafter, the mayor and council or governing authorities of said city may call a special election at which fifteen members of a new charter convention shall be elected to be called and held as above in such city, and they shall proceed as above to frame a charter which shall in like manner and to the like end be published and submitted to a vote of said voters for their approval or rejection. If again rejected, the procedure herein designated may be repeated until a charter is finally approved by a majority of those voting thereon, and certified (together

with the vote for and against) to the Secretary of State as aforesaid, and a copy thereof deposited in the archives of the city, whereupon it shall become the charter of said city. Members of each of said charter conventions shall be elected at large, and they shall complete their labors within sixty days after their respective election. The charter shall make proper provision for continuing, amending or repealing the ordinances of the city. (Adopted, 1912.)

Sec. 4. Such charter so ratified and adopted may be amended, or a charter convention called, by a proposal therefor made by the law-making body of such city or by the qualified electors in number not less than five per cent of the next preceding gubernatorial vote in such city, by petition filed with the council or governing authorities. The council or governing authorities shall submit the same to a vote of the qualified electors at the next general or special election not held within thirty days after such petition is filed. In submitting any such charter or charter amendments, any alternative article or section may be presented for the choice of the voters and may be voted on separately without prejudice to others. Whenever the question of a charter convention is carried by a majority of those voting thereon, a charter convention shall be called through a special election ordinance, and the same shall be constituted and held and the proposed charter submitted to a vote of the qualified electors, approved or rejected, as provided in Section 2 hereof. The city clerk of said city shall publish with his official certification, for three times, a week apart in the official paper of said city, if there be one, and if there be no official paper, then in at least one newspaper, published and in general circulation in said city, the full text of any charter or charter amendment to be voted on at any general or special election.

No charter or charter amendment adopted under the provisions of this amendment shall be amended or repealed except by electoral vote. And no such charter or charter amendment shall diminish the tax rate for state purposes fixed by act of the Legislature, or interfere in any wise with the collection of state taxes. (Adopted, 1912.)

Sec. 5. The charter of any city having a population of more than one hundred thousand inhabitants may be adopted as the home rule charter of such city by a majority vote of the qualified electors of such city voting upon the question, and when so adopted may thereafter be changed or amended as provided in Section 4 of this article, subject to the constitution and laws of the state. (Adopted, 1920.)

ARTICLE XII—MISCELLANEOUS CORPORATIONS

Sec. 1. The Legislature shall provide by general law for the organization, regulation, supervision and general control of all corporations, and for the organization, supervision and general control of mutual and cooperative companies and associations, and by such legis-

lation shall insure the mutuality and co-operative features and functions thereof. Foreign corporations transacting or seeking to transact business in this state shall be subject, under general law, to regulation, supervision and general control, and shall not be given greater rights or privileges than are given domestic corporations of a similar character. No corporations shall be created by special law, nor their charters be extended, changed or amended, except those corporations organized for charitable, educational, penal or reformatory purposes, which are to be and remain under the patronage and control of the state. The Legislature shall provide by law that in all elections for directors or managers of incorporated companies every stockholder owning voting stock shall have the right to vote in person or proxy for the number of such shares owned by him, for as many persons as there are directors or managers to be elected or to cumulate such shares and give one candidate as many votes as the number of directors multiplied by the number his shares shall equal, or to distribute them upon the same principal among as many candidates as he shall think fit, and such directors or managers shall not be elected in any other manner; Provided, that any mutual or co-operative company or association may, in its articles of incorporation, limit the number of shares of stock any stockholder may own, the transfer of such stock, and the right of each stockholder or member to one vote only in the meetings of such company or association. All general laws passed pursuant to this section may be altered from time to time, or repealed. (Amended, 1920, 1972.)

Secs. 2 to 6. Repealed, 1972.

Sec. 7. Repealed, 1938.

ARTICLE XIII—STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL INDEBTEDNESS

Sec. 1. The state may, to meet casual deficits, or failures in the revenues, contract debts never to exceed in the aggregate one hundred thousand dollars, and no greater indebtedness shall be incurred except for the purpose of repelling invasion, suppressing insurrection, or defending the state in war, and provision shall be made for the payment of the interest annually, as it shall accrue, by a tax levied for the purpose, or from other sources of revenue, which law providing for the payment of such interest by such tax shall be irrepealable until such debt is paid; Provided, that if the Legislature determines by a three-fifths vote of the members elected thereto that the need for construction of highways in this state requires such action, it may authorize the issuance of bonds for such construction, and for the payment of the interest and the retirement of such bonds it may pledge any tolls to be received from such highways or it may irrevocably pledge for the term of the bonds all or a part of any state revenue closely related to the use of such highways, such as motor vehicle fuel taxes or motor vehicle license fees; and provided further, that the Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska, the Board of Trustees of the Nebraska State Col-

leges, and the State Board of Education may issue revenue bonds to construct, purchase or otherwise acquire, extend, add to, remodel, repair, furnish and equip dormitories, residence halls, single or multiple dwelling units or other facilities for the housing and boarding of students, single or married, and faculty or other employees, buildings and structures for athletic purposes, student unions or centers, and for the medical care and physical development and activities of students, and buildings or other facilities for parking, which bonds shall be payable solely out of revenue, fees and other payments derived from the use of the buildings and facilities constructed or acquired, including buildings and facilities heretofore or hereafter constructed or acquired, and paid for out of the proceeds of other issues of revenue bonds, and the revenue, fees and payments so pledged need not be appropriated by the Legislature, and any such revenue bonds heretofore issued by either of such boards are hereby authorized, ratified and validated. Bonds for new construction shall be first approved as the Legislature shall provide. (Amended, 1968, 1970.)

Sec. 2. Notwithstanding any other provision in the Constitution, the Legislature may authorize any county, incorporated city or village, including cities operating under home rule charters, to acquire, own, develop, and lease real and personal property suitable for use by manufacturing or industrial enterprises and to issue revenue bonds for the purpose of defraying the cost of acquiring and developing such property by construction, purchase, or otherwise. Such bonds shall not become general obligation bonds of the governmental subdivision by which such bonds are issued. Any such real or personal property so acquired, owned, developed or used by any such county, city or village, shall be subject to taxation to the same extent as private property during the time it is leased to or held by private interests, notwithstanding the provisions of Article VIII, section 2, of the Constitution. The acquiring, owning, developing, and leasing of such property shall be deemed for a public purpose, but the governmental subdivision shall not have the right to acquire such property by condemnation. The principal of an interest on any bonds issued may be secured by a pledge of the lease and the revenue therefrom and by mortgage upon such property. No such governmental subdivision shall have the power to operate any such property as a business or in any manner except as the lessor thereof. (Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 3. The credit of the state shall never be given or loaned in aid of any individual, association, or corporation, except that the state may guarantee or make long-term, low-interest loans to Nebraska residents seeking adult or post high school education at any public or private institution in this state. Qualifications for and the repayment of such loans shall be as prescribed by the Legislature. (Amended, 1968.)

ARTICLE XIV—MILITIA

Sec. 1. The Legislature may provide for the personnel, organization, and discipline of the militia of the state. (Amended, 1972.)

ARTICLE XV—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 1. Executive and judicial officers and members of the Legislature, before they enter upon their official duties shall take and subscribe the following oath, or affirmation: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of the State of Nebraska, and will faithfully discharge the duties of ..... according to the best of my ability, and that at the election at which I was chosen to fill said office, I have not improperly influenced in any way the vote of any elector, and have not accepted, nor will I accept or receive, directly or indirectly, any money or other valuable thing from any corporation, company or person, or any promise of office, for any official act or influence (for any vote I may give or withhold on any bill, resolution, or appropriation)." Any such officer or member of the Legislature who shall refuse to take the oath herein prescribed, shall forfeit his office, and any person who shall be convicted of having sworn falsely to, or of violating his said oath shall forfeit his office, and thereafter be disqualified from holding any office of profit or trust in this state unless he shall have been restored to civil rights.

Sec. 2. No person who is in default as collector and custodian of public money or property shall be eligible to any office of trust or profit under the constitution or laws of this state. No person convicted of a felony shall be eligible to any such office unless he shall have been restored to civil rights. (Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 3. Drunkenness shall be cause of impeachment and removal from office.

Sec. 4. The necessity of water for domestic use and for irrigation purposes in the State of Nebraska is hereby declared to be a natural want. (Adopted, 1920.)

Sec. 5. The use of the water of every natural stream within the State of Nebraska is hereby dedicated to the people of the state for beneficial purposes, subject to the provisions of the following section. (Adopted, 1920.)

Sec. 6. The right to divert unappropriated waters of every natural stream for beneficial use shall never be denied except when such denial is demanded by the public interest. Priority of appropriation shall give the better right as between those using the water for the same purpose, but when the waters of any natural stream are not sufficient for the use of all those desiring to use the same, those using the water for domestic purposes shall have preference over those claiming it for any other purpose, and those using the water for agricultural purposes shall have the preference over those using the same for manufacturing purposes. Provided, no inferior right to the use of the waters

of this state shall be acquired by a superior right without just compensation therefor to the inferior user. (Adopted, 1920.)

Sec. 7. The use of the waters of the state for power purposes shall be deemed a public use and shall never be alienated, but may be leased or otherwise developed as by law prescribed. (Adopted, 1920.)

Sec. 8. Laws may be enacted regulating the hours and conditions of employment of women and children, and securing to such employees a proper minimum wage. (Adopted, 1920.)

Sec. 9. Laws may be enacted providing for the investigation, submission and determination of controversies between employers and employees in any business or vocation affected with a public interest, and for the prevention of unfair business practices and unconscionable gains in any business or vocation affecting the public welfare. An Industrial Commission may be created for the purpose of administering such laws, and appeals shall lie to the Supreme Court from the final orders and judgments of such commission. (Adopted, 1920.)

Sec. 10. Repealed, 1934.

Sec. 11. Repealed, 1972.

Sec. 12. The seat of government of the state shall not be removed or relocated without the assent of a majority of the electors of the state voting thereupon, at a general election or elections, under such rules and regulations as to the number of elections and manner of voting and places to be voted for, as may be prescribed by law. Provided the question of removal may be submitted at such other general elections as may be provided by law.

Sec. 13. No person shall be denied employment because of membership in or affiliation with, or resignation or expulsion from a labor organization or because of refusal to join or affiliate with a labor organization; nor shall any individual or corporation or association of any kind enter into any contract, written or oral, to exclude persons from employment because of membership in or nonmembership in a labor organization. (Adopted, 1946.)

Sec. 14. The term "labor organization" means any organization of any kind, or any agency or employee representation committee or plan, which exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with employers concerning grievances, labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours of employment, or conditions of work. (Adopted, 1946.)

Sec. 15. This article is self-executing and shall supersede all provisions in conflict therewith; legislation may be enacted to facilitate its operation but no law shall limit or restrict the provisions hereof. (Adopted, 1946.)

Sec. 16. Repealed, 1972.

Sec. 17. Notwithstanding section 3 of Article XIII or any other provision in the Constitution:

(1) The Legislature may provide for the investment of any state funds, including retirement or pension funds of state employees and Nebraska school employees in such manner and in such investments as it may by statute provide; and

(2) The Legislature may authorize the investment of retirement or pension funds of cities, villages, school districts, public power districts, and other governmental or political subdivisions in such manner and in such investments as the governing body of such city, village, school district, public power district and other governmental or political subdivision may determine but subject to such limitations as the Legislature may by statute provide. (Adopted, 1966.)

Sec. 18. The state or any local government may exercise any of its powers or perform any of its functions, including financing the same, jointly or in cooperation with any other governmental entity or entities, either within or without the state, except as the Legislature shall provide otherwise by law. (Adopted, 1972.)

ARTICLE XVI—AMENDMENTS

Sec. 1. The Legislature may propose amendments to this Constitution. If the same be agreed to by three-fifths of the members elected to the Legislature, such proposed amendments shall be entered on the journal, with the yeas and nays, and published once each week for three consecutive weeks, in at least one newspaper in each county, where a newspaper is published, immediately preceding the next election of members of the Legislature or a special election called by the vote of four-fifths of the members elected to the Legislature for the purpose of submitting such proposed amendments to the electors. At such election said amendments shall be submitted to the electors for approval or rejection upon a ballot separate from that upon which the names of candidates appear. If a majority of the electors voting on any such amendment adopt the same, it shall become a part of this Constitution, provided the votes cast in favor of such amendment shall not be less than thirty-five per cent of the total votes cast at such election. When two or more amendments are submitted at the same election, they shall be so submitted as to enable the electors to vote on each amendment separately. (Amended, 1952, 1968.)

Sec. 2. When three-fifths of the members elected to the Legislature deem it necessary to call a convention to revise, amend, or change this constitution, they shall recommend to the electors to vote at the next election of members of the Legislature, for or against a convention, and if a majority of the electors voting on the proposition, vote for a convention, the Legislature shall, at its next session provide by law for calling the same; Provided, the votes cast in favor of calling a convention shall not be less than thirty-five per cent of the total votes cast at such elec-

tion. The convention shall consist of not more than one hundred members, the exact number to be determined by the Legislature, and to be nominated and elected from districts in the manner to be prescribed by the Legislature. Such members shall meet within three months after their election, for the purpose aforesaid. No amendment or change of this constitution, agreed upon by such convention, shall take effect until the same has been submitted to the electors of the state, and adopted by a majority of those voting for and against the same. (Amended, 1952.)

ARTICLE XVII—SCHEDULE

Sec. 1. Whenever they shall appear in this Constitution, the terms members of the Legislature, elected members of the Legislature, or similar terms referring to the members of the Legislature, shall include appointed and elected members of the Legislature. (Adopted, 1920, Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 2. Repealed, 1972.

Sec. 3. Repealed, 1972.

Sec. 4. The general election of this state shall be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November in the year 1914 and every two years thereafter. All state, district, county, precinct, township and other officers by the constitution or laws made elective by the people, except school district officers, and municipal officers in cities, villages and towns, shall be elected at a general election to be held as aforesaid. An incumbent of any office shall hold over until his successor is duly elected and qualified. (Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 5. Unless otherwise provided by this Constitution or by law the terms of all elected officers shall begin on the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in January next succeeding their election. (Amended, 1972.)

Sec. 6. The Legislature shall pass all laws necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this constitution.

Sec. 7. Repealed, 1972.

Sec. 8. Repealed, 1972.

Sec. 9. This constitution shall be enrolled and deposited in the office of the Secretary of State, and printed copies thereof shall be prefixed to the books containing the laws of this state, and all future editions thereof.

(Amendment proposed by Legislative Bill No. 30, Fifty-Fifth Session of the Nebraska Legislature, to be known as Section 10, failed of adoption at election held on November 5, 1940.)

Sec. 11. Repealed, 1972.

(Pursuant to amendments of 1976, the Constitution of Nebraska contains 18,795 words.)

MEMBERS OF NEBRASKA CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS

1864

NAME AND COUNTY

Albertson, Isaac, Platte, Hall, Buffalo, Merrick
Barnum, Guy C., Platte
Bayne, Oliver P., Richardson
Beyschlag, Frederick, Otoe
Bradford, Henry, Cass
Brown, Charles H., Douglas
Bunn, Frederick, Douglas
Campbell, Robert, Otoe
Castetter, Abraham, Washington
Chapman, John W., Cass
Clark, Elias H., Washington
Davis, Leander, Dakota, Cedar, Dixon, L'Eau Qui Court
Dorsey, Charles G., Nemaha
Drexel, Frederick, Douglas
Finney, John, Sarpy, Dodge
Fitchie, T. James, Otoe
Giddings, Charles W., Pawnee
Goss, John Q., Sarpy
Graff, George B., Dakota
Hall, John A., Douglas
Heyden, Walter C., Dixon, Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court
Hoback, Robert D., Cass
Holcomb, James, Richardson

NAME AND COUNTY

Horn, William S., Nemaha
Jackson, Alfred H., Douglas
Johnson, Eugene H., Richardson
Kline, William, Washington, Burt, Cuming
Laune, Lewis D., Otoe
Leverett, James W., Richardson
Little, William A., Douglas
McLennan, William, Otoe
Majors, Sterling P., Nemaha
Maxwell, Samuel, Cass
O'Connor, Cornelius, Dakota, Cedar, Dixon, L'Eau Qui Court
Parker, Jason, Platte, Monroe, Merrick, Hall, Buffalo, Kearney
Patrick, John, Douglas
Renner, Frederick, Otoe
Reynolds, Herman M., Pawnee, Gage, Johnson, Clay, Jones
Sanders, Daniel C., Nemaha
Sheldon, Lawson, Cass
Sweet, James, Otoe
Walther, Charles F., Richardson
Weston, Jefferson B., Pawnee, Gage, Johnson, Clay, Jones

1871

NAME AND COUNTY

Abbott, Othman A., Hall
Ballard, M., Washington
Boyd, James E., Douglas
Campbell, John C., Otoe
Cassell, John N., Lancaster
Curtis, W. H., Pawnee
Eaton, J. W., Otoe
Estabrook, Experience, Douglas
Gibbs, Pelham S., Burt
Granger, George C., Dakota
Gray, Enos F., Dodge
Grenell, Edwin N., Sarpy
Griggs, Nathan K., Gage
Hascall, Isaac S., Douglas
Hinman, Beach, Lincoln
Kenaston, J. A., Cass
Kilburn, James, Saunders
Kirkpatrick, Samuel M., Cass
Lake, George B., Douglas
Ley, Lewis, Stanton
Lyon, Waldo, Burt
McCann, Dwight J., Otoe
Majors, Sterling P., Nemaha
Manderson, Charles F., Douglas
Mason, Oliver P., Otoe
Maxwell, Samuel, Cass

NAME AND COUNTY

Moore, D. T., York
Myers, John C., Douglas
Neligh, John D., Cuming
Newsom, B. S., Otoe
Parchen, W., Richardson
Parker, Hiram W., Seward
Philpott, James E., Lancaster
Price, Barzillai, Jefferson
Reynolds, Herman M., Gage
Robinson, Seth, Lancaster
Scofield, Gilbert B., Otoe
Shaff, Jacob, Saunders[1]
Speice, Charles A., Platte
Sprague, A. L., Saunders
Stevenson, R. F., Cuming
Stewart, Alexander S., Pawnee
Strickland, Silas A., Douglas
Thomas, Edward W., Nemaha
Thummel, Geo. H., Hall, Merrick
Tisdel, Freeman A., Nemaha
Towle, Edwin S., Richardson
Vifquain, Victor, Saline
Wakeley, Eleazer, Douglas
Weaver, Archibald J., Richardson
Wilson, John, Johnson
Woolworth, James M., Douglas

[1] **Nebraska Constitutional Conventions, Volume III, page 676, lists Jacob Shaff from Richardson County.**

1875

NAME AND COUNTY

Abbott, Othman A., Hall
Agur, Luke, Seward
Becker, John P., Platte
Boyd, James E., Douglas
Briggs, Clinton, Douglas
Broady, Jefferson H., Richardson, Nemaha
Brown, Charles H., Douglas
Burtch, Samuel Findley, Sarpy
Calhoun, Stephen H., Otoe
Carns, Edmund C., Seward
Clark, Thomas S., Polk
Coats, S. H., Dixon
Conner, Alexander H., Buffalo, Sherman, Valley
Cummins, William B., York
Dawes, James W., Saline
Doom, James E., Gage
Dunlap, William L., Johnson
Eldridge, Reuben C., Antelope, Boone, Greeley
Ewan, J. G., Nemaha
Foss, S. R., Saline
Frady, C. H., Knox, Pierce, Holt
Garber, Joseph, Thayer, Nuckolls
Gere, Charles H., Lancaster
Grebe, Henry, Douglas
Grenell, Edwin N., Washington
Griffing, George L., Pawnee
Gwyer, William A., Douglas
Hallner, A., Saunders
Hamilton, J. D., Fillmore
Harper, James, Butler
Harrington, R. B., Gage
Hawley, J. B., Lancaster
Hayward, M. L., Otoe
Henry, David P., Pawnee, Johnson
Hinman, Beach I., Cheyenne, Keith, Lincoln and territory north of Dawson County and west of Valley County
Hopewell, M. R., Burt

NAME AND COUNTY

Hunter, Cyrus E., Cedar, Stanton, Wayne
Kendall, A. G., Howard, Merrick
Kirkpatrick, Samuel M., Cass
Laird, James, Webster, Adams, Kearney
McPherson, John, Harlan, Furnas
Manderson, Charles F., Douglas
Martin, Frank, Richardson
Matthews, Austin W., Jefferson
Maxwell, Samuel, Dodge
Munger, William H., Dodge
Perry, J. H., Nemaha
Pierce, C. W., Lancaster
Pound, S. B., Lancaster
Powers, Isaac, Jr., Dakota
Reese, M. B., Saunders
Robertson, W. M., Madison
Rogers, Josiah, Otoe
Sauls, J. H., Hamilton
Shedd, H. H., Saunders
Smith, George S., Cass
Sterns, W. H., Richardson
Stevenson, R. F., Cuming
Thompson, J. J., Washington
Thorne, Legrand B., Webster, Adams, Kearney
Vallery, Jacob, Sr., Cass
VanWyck, Charles H., Otoe
Walling, Aug. M., Colfax
Walther, Charles F., Richardson
Warrington, T. L., Red Willow, Hitchcock, Dundy, Chase, Frontier, Dawson and unorganized territory lying between Frontier and Chase Counties
Weaver, Archibald J., Richardson
Webster, John L., Douglas
Wilcox, M. W., Clay
Zediker, J. F., Franklin, Phelps, Gosper

1919

NAME AND POST OFFICE

Abbott, Lysle I., Omaha
Albert, I. L., Columbus
Alder, Lewis K., Ainsworth
Anderson, Walter L., Lincoln
Austin, George Smith, Orleans
Beeler, Joseph G., North Platte
Bigelow, Anson H., Omaha
Bratton, Alcinous Thomas, Hastings
Bryant, Wilbur F., Hartington
Butler, Benjamin Franklin, Cambridge

NAME AND POST OFFICE

Byrum, Albert H., Bloomington
Cleve, Henry R., Nebraska City
Cornell, Charles Hiram, Valentine
Corrothers, Festus, Whitman
Coufal, Edward A., David City
Cowan, Elmer S., Albion
Davies, John A., Butte
Donahoe, Anthony J., Omaha
Donohoe, James A., O'Neill
Elwood, Henry Clay, Creighton
Epperson, Charles Harvey, Fairfield

1919 (Continued)

NAME AND POST OFFICE

Evans, Isaiah David, Kenesaw
Fauquet, Emil, Wahoo
Ferneau, Edgar, Auburn
Flansburg, Claude Copley, Lincoln
Grueber, William, Byron
Halderman, Jacob F., Pawnee City
Hare, Arthur Merlin, Aurora
Haskell, John DeForest, Wakefield
Hastings, George H., Crete
Heasty, John, Fairbury
Hewett, James H. H., Alliance
Higgins, Michael J., Schuyler
Holbrook, W. D., Ames
Howard, Jeremiah (Jerry), Omaha
Jackson, George Washington, Nelson
Johnson, John Harry, Holdrege
Junkin, George C., Smithfield
Keefe, Harry L., Walthill
Keeney, Henry G., Cowles
Kieck, William Gehrt, Springfield
Kunz, James G., Wood River
Lahners, Thomas, Belvidere
Landgren, George, Shickley
Lehman, Harry S., Culbertson
Lewis, John Greenleaf Whittier, Wayne
Lute, Harry D., Paxton
McDonald, Nathan P., Kearney
McLaughlin, Charles Francis, Omaha
McLeod, Charles, Stanton
Magney, George A., Omaha
Malicky, Frank, Barneston
Marvin, Earl Morton, Beatrice
Matteson, Richard A., Geneva
Meserve, William Andrew, Creighton
Norman, George E., Omaha
Norton, John N., Polk
Norval, Richard Sampson, Seward
Nye, Fred A., Kearney
Oleson, A. R., Wisner

NAME AND POST OFFICE

Osborne, Thomas C., Bayard
Peterson, C. Petrus, Lincoln
Pitzer, William Henry, Nebraska City
Pollard, Ernest Mark, Nehawka
Price, Herbert V., York
Pugsley, Charles William, Lincoln
Radke, Franz Christopher, Hartington
Rankin, I. C., Minden
Ream, J. D., Broken Bow
Rhoades, Herbert, Tekamah
Rodman, James Albert, Kimball
Ross, Elmer Edgar, Central City
Saunders, Charles L., Omaha
Scott, Perlee W., Imperial
Sears, Charles Wilbur, Omaha
Selleck, William Alson, Lincoln
Sidner, Seymour Stephen, Fremont
Spillman, Ora Seldon, Pierce
Spirk, Emanuel J., Wilber
Sprick, A. W., Fontanelle
Stebbins, Willis M., Gothenburg
Stewart, John M., Lincoln
Stolley, Emil G., Grand Island
Strong, David E., Ord
Sughroue, Edward, Indianola
Sullivan, Murt M., Spalding
Svoboda, C. V., St. Paul
Taylor, W. J., Merna
TePoel, Louis J., Omaha
Thielen, Charles J., Humphrey
Tyler, M. Dayton, Norfolk
Ullstrom, Andrew Lewis, Memphis
Varner, Lorin A., Sterling
Votava, Joseph T., Omaha
Wall, Aaron, Loup City
Weaver, Arthur J., Falls City
Widle, R., Genoa
Wilson, Everett P., Chadron
Wilson, Roy A., Omaha
Wiltse, John H., Falls City

VOTE BY COUNTIES FOR AND AGAINST STATEHOOD AT THE ELECTION HELD MARCH 5, 1860

Counties	For	Against	Counties	For	Against
Burt	68	42	Johnson	24	1
Cass	449	146	Lancaster	11	10
Cedar	12	46	Nemaha	308	212
Cuming	7	1	Otoe	559	310
Clay	10	24	Pawnee	69	75
Dakota	24	198	Platte	21	45
Douglas	136	592	Richardson	70	224
Dodge	13	42	Sarpy	28	254
Dixon	4	77	Washington	244	42
Gage	25	18			
Hall	12	13	Total	2,094	2,372

VOTE ON NEBRASKA CONSTITUTION, 1866, 1871, 1875

	For	Against
1866	3,938	3,838

1871

Counties	For	Against	Counties	For	Against
Buffalo	1	25	Lincoln	76	201
Burt	70	278	Madison	35	124
Butler	101	56	Merrick	85	58
Cass	769	241	Nemaha	259	936
Cedar	12	156	Otoe	574	583
Cheyenne	45	3	Pawnee	242	369
Colfax	90	134	Pierce		30
Cuming	210	185	Platte	13	329
Dakota	11	297	Polk		9
Dawson	6	21	Richardson	882	494
Dixon	59	152	Saline	304	40
Dodge	253	450	Sarpy	94	367
Douglas	672	1,594	Saunders	492	145
Fillmore	42		Seward	356	12
Gage	196	209	Stanton	10	106
Hall	90	91	Washington	208	305
Jefferson	183	27	Wayne	22	3
Johnson	226	360	York	55	36
L'Eau Qui Court	6	23			
Lancaster	1,237	178	Total	7,986	8,627

1875

Counties	For	Against	Counties	For	Against
Adams	729	21	Kearney	143	1
Antelope	235	8	Keith	30	
Boone	75	63	Knox	243	4
Buffalo	623	17	Lancaster	2,110	108
Burt	533	180	Lincoln	463	16
Butler	560	3	Madison	269	116
Cass	952	971	Merrick	633	19
Clay	786	3	Nemaha	913	161
Cedar	227	78	Nuckolls	144	1
Cheyenne	264	6	Otoe	640	930
Colfax	630	19	Pawnee	525	149
Cuming	830	12	Phelps	44	
Dakota	262	35	Pierce	69	47
Dawson	313	2	Platte	617	7
Dixon	363	46	Polk	537	30
Dodge	859	218	Red Willow	98	
Douglas	1,883	350	Richardson	1,991	60
Fillmore	642	10	Saline	1,281	34
Franklin	382	5	Sarpy	118	294
Frontier	32		Saunders	1,110	192
Furnas	266	5	Seward	928	36
Gage	633	215	Sherman	60	1
Gosper	20	1	Stanton	44	96
Greeley	42		Thayer	335	10
Hall	949	4	Valley	65	13
Hamilton	811	5	Washington	166	602
Harlan	321	9	Wayne	59	1
Hitchcock	21	5	Webster	395	9
Howard	227		York	766	6
Jefferson	498	50			
Johnson	568	127	Total	30,332	5,474[1]

[1] These figures actually total 5,411; however, the total shown is the correct number of votes cast against the constitution.

VOTE ON SEPARATE PROPOSITIONS SUBMITTED WITH THE CONSTITUTION OF 1871

Following is the vote by counties as reported by the special board of canvassers appointed by the constitution, namely, the president of the convention, Silas A. Strickland, the secretary of state, William H. James, the state auditor, John Gillespie.

Counties	Liabilities of Stockholders		Aid to Corporations		Compulsory Education		Prohibition or License		Extension of Suffrage	
	For	Agst.	For	Agst.	For	Agst.	For	Agst.	For	Agst.
Buffalo	1	25	1	25	---	26	---	26	4	22
Burt	110	224	110	226	101	232	95	239	38	289
Butler	120	37	118	39	102	63	109	48	39	118
Cass	698	312	553	455	462	545	538	470	312	690
Cedar	26	127	7	146	31	122	6	147	9	144
Cheyenne	12	36	11	37	38	10	13	35	8	40
Colfax	97	127	81	143	106	118	91	133	34	190
Cuming	191	204	190	205	124	270	96	299	55	340
Dakota	10	298	9	298	13	295	11	297	9	298
Dawson	---	---	4	---	---	---	---	---	4	---
Dixon	75	117	76	118	74	118	62	130	38	153
Dodge	218	484	221	481	188	514	173	529	118	584
Douglas	607	1,646	516	1,741	545	1,714	442	1,815	371	1,872
Fillmore	41	1	39	3	41	1	42	---	34	8
Gage	181	224	157	242	128	273	174	227	73	328
Hall	81	67	62	86	74	73	41	106	33	114
Jefferson	139	49	139	48	146	50	125	71	57	129
Johnson	222	365	240	348	179	416	217	371	181	406
L'Eau Qui Court	---	29	---	29	6	23	6	23	---	29
Lancaster	1,164	248	987	426	923	497	894	517	543	848
Lincoln	67	42	59	157	60	155	59	162	42	191
Madison	79	80	65	94	74	85	45	114	27	132
Merrick	81	62	76	67	64	79	56	87	37	106
Nemaha	273	921	248	946	267	926	257	935	173	1,019
Otoe	510	646	450	705	461	690	464	689	265	885
Pawnee	183	396	157	420	140	435	193	382	107	468
Pierce	---	30	---	30	---	30	---	30	14	16
Platte	24	318	14	328	28	314	13	329	15	327
Polk	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Richardson	701	551	676	697	596	768	569	795	244	1,130
Saline	284	60	278	66	264	81	209	135	60	282
Sarpy	135	263	128	272	108	290	91	308	79	319
Saunders	451	133	417	174	391	201	386	206	198	383
Seward	341	22	304	55	293	67	314	46	151	201
Stanton	12	104	19	97	17	99	12	104	2	114
Washington	217	296	220	293	194	319	202	311	94	419
Wayne	18	7	10	15	22	3	17	8	7	18
York	56	29	48	37	29	56	49	36	27	56
Total	7,425	8,580	6,690	9,549	6,289	9,958	6,071	10,160	3,502	12,496[1]
Majority against		1,155		2,859		3,669		4,089		8,994

The above table was copied from the Omaha Weekly Herald of Oct. 17, 1871. Adams, Brown, Clay, Franklin, Greeley, Hamilton, Howard, Kearney, Nuckolls, Sherman, Valley and Webster counties were included in the list of the official canvass, but no returns were credited to them. Only one of these counties—Hamilton—sent returns in 1870. In 1872 Clay, Franklin, Hamilton, Howard, Kearney, Nuckolls and Webster made returns.

[1] These figures total 12,668, but earlier records list 12,496 as the total. The original abstract of votes is not available to determine the correct total.

VOTE ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS, SEPTEMBER, 1920

At the special election held September 21, 1920, upon the forty-one proposals submitted by the constitutional convention there was a very light vote—about one-sixth of the qualified electors (men and women) going to the polls. Separate ballot boxes were provided for the woman vote—there being some legal question raised whether women were entitled at that time, to vote upon constitutional amendments. It will be noted that the vote of the men rejected by a majority of 2,113 Proposal No. 6, permitting the Legislature to increase the membership of the Senate. The woman vote gave a majority of 4,458 for the measure and it was decided carried. Upon each of the other propositions both the man vote and the woman vote gave a majority in favor.

The following tabulation gives separately the vote of the men and women and the combined vote:

VOTE ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS, SEPTEMBER, 1920

Amendment Number	Men		Women		Total		Total Vote
	For	Against	For	Against	For	Against	
1	48,743	15,400	15,807	2,434	64,550	17,834	82,384
2	49,619	13,363	16,302	1,860	65,921	15,223	81,144
3	52,111	12,089	17,515	1,535	69,626	13,624	83,250
4	42,379	16,862	13,667	2,972	56,046	19,834	75,880
5	45,185	16,899	14,309	3,183	59,494	20,082	79,576
6	30,153	32,266	10,930	6,472	41,083	38,738	79,821
7	42,239	17,094	14,094	2,659	56,333	19,753	76,086
8	39,425	15,105	13,048	2,309	52,473	17,414	69,887
9	47,973	12,909	15,602	1,594	63,575	14,503	78,078
10	49,250	13,996	16,149	1,965	65,399	15,961	81,360
11	51,359	9,910	16,154	1,254	67,513	11,164	78,677
12	44,439	11,442	14,396	1,378	58,835	12,820	71,655
13	45,391	14,168	15,093	1,942	60,484	16,110	76,594
14	43,653	15,542	14,483	2,254	58,136	17,796	75,932
15	42,751	13,844	13,583	2,064	56,334	15,908	72,242
16	49,836	10,885	15,306	1,559	65,142	12,444	77,586
17	44,073	17,051	12,839	4,302	56,912	21,353	78,265
18	47,471	14,462	18,012	954	65,483	15,416	80,899
19	54,763	7,605	17,216	1,081	71,979	8,686	80,665
20	49,923	10,505	16,117	1,356	66,040	11,861	77,901
21	51,282	11,958	15,261	2,445	66,543	14,403	80,946
22	42,119	17,235	12,743	3,973	54,862	21,208	76,070
23	45,725	13,242	15,270	2,123	60,995	15,365	76,360
24	49,873	11,734	17,040	1,465	66,913	13,199	80,112
25	44,015	14,723	15,009	2,361	59,024	17,084	76,108
26	44,903	13,489	14,202	2,072	59,105	15,561	74,666
27	52,492	10,793	16,411	1,798	68,903	12,591	81,494
28	48,454	12,861	15,009	1,831	63,463	14,692	78,155
29	41,771	15,371	13,768	1,994	55,539	17,365	72,904
30	47,658	11,218	14,118	1,769	61,776	12,987	74,763
31	51,282	11,958	15,261	2,445	66,543	14,403	80,946
32	47,828	9,721	14,254	1,307	62,082	11,028	73,110
33	44,735	11,648	13,847	1,808	58,582	13,456	72,038
34	49,612	8,608	14,831	1,093	64,443	9,701	74,144
35	49,265	8,388	15,088	1,056	64,353	9,444	73,797
36	53,576	6,502	16,285	875	69,861	7,377	77,238
37	51,221	9,095	16,792	1,223	68,013	10,318	78,331
38	43,219	18,263	14,285	3,210	57,504	21,473	78,977
39	45,735	12,736	14,509	1,919	60,244	14,655	74,899
40	46,544	13,254	14,849	2,256	61,393	15,510	76,903
41	40,982	12,721	13,712	1,541	54,694	14,262	68,956

PROPOSALS SUBMITTED BY THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION OF 1920

Proposal to:

No. 1. Authorize a five-sixths jury verdict in civil cases.

No. 2. Permit regulation by law of property rights of aliens.

No. 3. Declare English to be the official language of the state and require common school branches to be taught therein.

No. 4. Reduce percentages in the number of signatures required for initiative and referendum.

No. 5. Require district legislative apportionment in counties entitled to two or more Representatives or Senators, and omit the state census.

No. 6. Permit the increase of state Senators from 33 to 50.

No. 7. Increase legislative salaries from $600 to $800.

No. 8. Revise legislative procedure relating to adoption of conference reports and first and second readings of bills.

No. 9. Prohibit the appointment of members of the Legislature to state offices.

No. 10. Prohibit raising salaries during terms of office.

No. 11. Reserve mineral rights in state lands.

No. 12. Eliminate obsolete 1875 legislative apportionment.

No. 13. Provide for the creation of new executive offices by a two-thirds vote of the Legislature, provide for an executive budget, a Board of Pardons, and a five year residence requirement for eligibility for the office of Governor.

No. 14. Create the office of Tax Commissioner, and provide a Board of Equalization.

No. 15. Revise the organization, jurisdiction and procedure of the courts, and the election of judges.

No. 16. Require the concurrence of five Judges of the Supreme Court to declare laws unconstitutional.

No. 17. Provide for the election of Judges of the Supreme Court by districts.

No. 18. Provide for woman suffrage.

No. 19. Provide for soldier suffrage.

No. 20. Provide for the distribution of a temporary school fund.

No. 21. Prohibit the sale of school lands except at public auction.

No. 22. Provide for the election of University Regents by districts.

No. 23. Prohibit state aid to sectarian institutions.

No. 24. Raise the age for commitment to industrial schools from 16 to 18.

No. 25. Provide a Board of Education for Normal Schools.

No. 26. Require uniform and proportional taxes on tangible property and franchises; permit classification of other property, and taxes other than property taxes.

No. 27. Allow tax exemptions, including $200 of household goods to each family; revise forestry exemptions.

No. 28. Place the county tax limit at $.50 on $100 actual valuation.

No. 29. Provide for changes in county boundaries.

No. 30. Require public utility corporations to report to the Railway Commission.

No. 31. Prohibit consolidation of competing public utility corporations without permission of the Railway Commission.

No. 32. Regulate stocks and dividends of public utility corporations.

No. 33. Permit metropolitan cities to adopt their present charter as the home rule charter.

No. 34. Insure cooperative features in certain associations and permit limitation of shares and voting, regulate foreign corporations, and allow stocks and bonds to issue only for actual value.

No. 35. Define priority rights in the use of water power.

No. 36. Secure the title of state to water power sites.

No. 37. Permit regulation as to minimum wage and conditions of employment of women and children.

No. 38. Permit creation of an industrial commission to administer laws relative to labor disputes and profiteering.

No. 39. Provide that amendments to the constitution submitted by the Legislature shall be adopted by a majority voting on the question if the affirmative vote be equal to 35 percent of the total vote cast.

No. 40. Fix increased salaries of state officers including Judges of the Supreme and district Courts, effective until changed by the Legislature (not oftener than once in eight years).

No. 41. Eliminate obsolete provisions and provide a continuing schedule.

VOTE ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS, 1882-1974

(Adopted: 167; Rejected: 76; Total Submitted: 243)

Year Voted On		Subject of Amendment	For	Ag'st	Rec'nt For	Rec'nt Ag'st	Total* Vote At Election
1882	—	1. Woman suffrage, authorization	25,756	50,693	.....	.....	89,068
1884	—	1. Legislators, term of office two years, salary $300, sessions not less than sixty days	51,959	17,766	.....	.....	.....
	—	2. Board of Railway Commissioners, term of office two years, requirement of residence at seat of government	22,297	44,488	.....	.....	133,555
1886	+	1. Legislators, term of office two years, salary $5 per day (instead of $3 as hitherto) while in session; session limit 100 days, sixty days at one time	65,712	22,236	72,497	22,135[1]	138,239
1890	—	1. Liquor traffic prohibition	82,292	111,728	.....	.....	.....
	—	2. Liquor traffic licensing	75,462	91,084	.....	.....	.....
	—	3. Supreme Court, increase to five Judges, term of office five years	86,418	53,022	.....	.....	.....
	—	4. Supreme Court, salary increase from $2,500 to $3,500; district court, from $2,500 to $3,000	69,192	61,519	.....	.....	214,861
1892	—	1. Board of Railway Commissioners, creation, term of office three years	80,032	14,185	80,569[2]	.....	.....
	—	2. Permanent educational funds, investment	84,426	11,258	89,050	.....	197,474
1896	—	1. Supreme Court, increase to five Judges, term of office five years	84,579	37,896	97,644	37,029[2]	.....
	—	2. Supreme and District Court Judges, compensation to be established by Legislature and not changed oftener than once in four years	61,119	48,533	.....	.....	.....
	—	3. Executive state officers, compensation to be established by Legislature and not changed oftener than once in four years	59,496	47,611	.....	.....	.....
	—	4. Judicial power to be vested in Supreme Court, district courts, county courts, justices of the peace, police magistrates and in such other courts inferior to Supreme Court as may be created by law	60,094	45,377	.....	.....	.....
	—	5. Judges, Legislature may increase number in Supreme Court and district courts and judicial districts of state, but not oftener than once in four years	59,343	46,576	.....	.....	.....
	—	6. Five-sixths jury verdict. Legislature may provide in civil actions, may also provide trial by jury of less than twelve men in courts inferior to the district court	73,573	39,006	.....	.....	.....
	—	7. Executive state officers, number, including Railway Commissioners, term of office	67,045	40,597	.....	.....	.....

* Total vote cast for Governor including ballots of persons not voting on particular amendment indicated.

— Rejected.

\+ Adopted.

[1] 27,778 ballots were cast on which electors expressed no choice as to such amendment. "16,013 ballots were cast on which were printed 'For proposed amendments to constitution relating to the legislative department' and 'Against proposed amendment to the constitution relating to the legislative department' and neither proposition erased." (Neb. House Journal, 1887, p. 969.)

[2] For analysis of vote and recount see earlier editions of the Blue Book.

[3] Nebraska House Journal, 1897, p. 1055.

Year Voted On		Subject of Amendment	For	Against	Total Vote At Election
1896	— 8.	State officers, manner of increasing number	60,246	44,063	.....
con't	— 9.	Educational funds, investment	78,447	36,619	.....
	—10.	Questions of merging government of any city of metropolitan class and government of county in which city is located, to be submitted to voters	56,960	47,634	.....
	—11.	Votes to be by ballot or by such other method as may be prescribed by law	62,303	44,370	.....
	—12.	Questions of donations to works of internal improvement and manufacturers must be submitted to qualified electors and ratified by a two-thirds vote	60,479	45,669	217,763
1904[4]	— 1.	Constitution, provisions for revising, amending and changing	32,820	23,497	232,457
1906[5]	+ 1.	Board of Railway Commissioners, duties, term of office six years	147,472	8,896	194,692
1908	+ 1.	Supreme Court, number of Judges seven, provision for election, term of office six years, salary $4,500; district court judges, $3,000	214,218	16,271	.....
	+ 2.	Educational funds, investment	213,000	14,395	271,491
1910	— 1.	Suffrage, limit to full citizens of United States, 21 years old and resident of state six months next preceding the election in precinct or ward[6]	100,450	74,878	243,390
1912	+ 1.	Initiative and referendum, authorization	189,200	15,315	.....
	+ 2.	Legislators, term of office two years, salary $600	173,225	26,355	.....
	+ 3.	Board of Commissioners of State Institutions, creation	174,939	25,439	.....
	+ 4.	Biennial elections, establishment	174,151	25,048	.....
	+ 5.	Home rule charters, authorization for cities of more than 5,000 inhabitants	164,579	32,041	259,124
1914	— 1.	Uniform and progressive taxation, provision	88,068	82,136	.....
	— 2.	Five-sixths jury verdict, authorization	102,891	63,596	.....
	— 3.	Executive state officers, salaries	89,385	76,013	.....
	— 4.	Woman suffrage, authorization[7]	90,738	100,842	246,941
1916	+ 1.	Liquor traffic, prohibition[7]	146,574	117,132	.....
	— 2.	Pure Food Department, creation[7]	91,215	105,993	302,685
1918	+ 1.	Suffrage, limit to full citizens	123,292	51,600	225,717
1920[8]	+41.				390,833
1924	— 1.	Direct primary and nonpartisan elections, establishment[7]	163,932	228,485	471,600
1928	— 1.	Schools for blind and deaf, control[9]	240,995	185,410	554,762
1930	+ 1.	Stockholders in failed banks, liability	182,536	92,593	.....
	— 2.	Depositors' guaranty fund, relief	120,554	144,882	451,904
1934	+ 1.	Liquor traffic, repeal of prohibition	328,074	218,107	.....
	+ 2.	Unicameral Legislature, creation[7]	286,086	193,152	.....
	+ 3.	Pari-mutuel betting, authorization[7]	251,111	187,455	578,764
1936	+ 1.	Land Commissioner, abolition of office	246,682	210,143	.....
	— 2.	Stockholders in banks, liability	204,904	234,908	617,066
1938	— 1.	Slot machines, licensing[7]	115,189	333,120	.....
	+ 2.	Stockholders in failed banks, liability	190,328	178,998	.....
	— 3.	Elective executive officers, reduction of number	89,357	233,319	.....
	— 4.	State Superintendent of Public Instruction, member of Board of Educational Lands and Funds	145,345	168,035	.....
	— 5.	Board of Pardons, change of membership	111,284	189,056	.....
	— 6.	Elective, executive officers of state, recall	124,829	170,883	507,471

— Rejected.

+ Adopted.

[4] Last election at which total was calculated from the total vote for Governor.

[5] First election under provision permitting state conventions to adopt proposed amendments and all "party circle ballots" to be counted therefor. Both Republican and Democratic Parties adopted amendment.

[6] Republican Party adopted amendment at primary and Democratic Party rejected it.

[7] Submitted by popular initiative.

[8] See pages 100-101 for the 41 proposals submitted by the Constitutional convention of 1920.

[9] Election declared void by Supreme Court.

Year Voted On		Subject of Amendment	For	Against	Total Vote At Election
1940	+	1. State Superintendent of Public Instruction, member of Board of Educational Lands and Funds	239,805	179,600	
	—	2. County government, optional form	173,107	254,639	623,781
1942	—	1. County government, optional form	125,513	160,801	387,992
1944	—	1. Gas tax, prohibition of diversion	205,262	271,901	568,464
1946	+	1. Closed shop, abolition[1]	212,443	142,702	
	—	2. Schools, state aid[1]	101,881	260,345	399,501
1948	—	1. Minerals, taxation	150,071	190,526	497,084
1950	—	1. Legislature, annual or biennial sessions, 30-50 members, term of office four years, compensation to be provided by law	71,173	129,677	459,319
1952	+	1. Courts, boards or commissions, effective date of compensation	224,452	151,977	
	+	2. Motor vehicle tax	248,292	166,767	
	—	3. Legislature, increasing salary of	196,842	184,940	
	+	4. State Department of Education, establishment	243,116	144,426	
	+	5. Constitutional Convention, provisions for calling a	229,919	126,438	
	+	6. Constitutional amendments, reducing publication to three issues	277,033	93,280	616,236
1954	—	1. Officers salaries, remove eight year restriction	159,361	163,006	
	+	2. Board of Educational Lands and Funds, method of appointing members	163,108	144,743	
	—	3. Executive officers, change residence requirements	149,447	149,767	
	+	4. Property values, methods of determining uniform value	167,979	134,006	
	—	5. County assessors and boards of equalization and assessment, appoint	134,938	175,621	
	+	6. Household goods, exempt from taxation	185,972	139,238	
	+	7. On adoption of sales or income tax, prohibition of property tax	189,444	128,250	
	—	8. Tax Commissioner or Tax Commission, appoint	149,108	149,134	431,917
1956	+	1. Overloading vehicles, change allocation of fines and penalties	238,008	219,552	
	+	2. Grain tax	251,513	193,282	
	—	3. Absolve realty tax	194,858	206,006	
	+	4. Officers salaries, remove eight year restriction	236,364	209,162	
	—	5. Tax Commissioner or Tax Commission, appoint	194,812	213,936	584,786
1958	+	1. Executive officers, change resident requirements	183,915	126,938	
	+	2. Property taxes and assessment charges unpaid for fifteen years, cancel	206,055	107,152	
	+	3. Vacancy in office of Governor, revise line of succession	243,913	68,673	
	+	4. Abolish Board of Control, provide for management, control and government of state institutions	218,062	98,109	
	—	5. Legislature, increase salaries	111,447	209,122	
	+	6. Separate Juvenile Court, create	238,290	98,813	
	—	7. Municipalities acquire, own and lease property to private enterprises	124,026	175,874	
	+	8. Public Power Districts, in lieu of taxes[1]	197,348	123,342	
	+	9. Bingo[1]	214,923	151,350	430,769
1960	+	1. Government, continuity in emergencies	388,813	82,281	
	+	2. Preferred stock, value, voting rights	230,472	170,442	
	+	3. Livestock, change method of taxation	245,503	185,186	
	+	4. Executive officers, contesting of elections for	283,128	126,805	
	+	5. Bonded warehouses, exempt from taxation goods in storage	221,405	193,191	
	+	6. County judges, election; county judge judicial districts, formation of	234,990	198,158	
	+	7. Legislators, increase salaries	298,716	145,113	
	+	8. Municipalities, acquire, own and lease property to private enterprises	336,631	129,312	
	—	9. Commissioner of Education, election of[1]	228,321	304,014	619,399
1962	+	1. Lottery on gift enterprises, authorization	342,695	85,926	
	+	2. State Railway Commission, election from districts	227,709	135,556	
	+	3. Lieutenant Governor, candidacy for Governor	307,740	85,774	

— Rejected.
+ Adopted.
[1] Submitted by popular initiative.

Year Voted On	Subject of Amendment	For	Against	Total Vote At Election
	+ 4. Governor and Lieutenant Governor, four year terms	198,601	195,177	.....
	+ 5. Legislators, four year terms	214,651	168,618	.....
	+ 6. Chief Justice, Judges of Supreme Court and District Court Judges, appointment	220,181	150,212	.....
	+ 7. Legislative districts, reapportionment	218,019	175,613	472,249
1964	— 1. Commissioner of Education, election of[7]	222,667	324,266	.....
	+ 2. State officials, term of office for	306,408	187,692	.....
	+ 3. Certain Veterans, tax exemption for	368,913	120,714	.....
	+ 4. Intangible property for tax purposes, classification of	251,035	204,613	.....
	+ 5. Certain motor vehicles, different method of taxing	236,607	215,173	.....
	+ 6. Certain state executive officers, realignment of duties of	270,280	159,942	.....
	+ 7. Certain loans, authorize Legislature to separately define, classify and regulate, and to establish maximum interest rates	260,922	233,387	592,673
1966	+ 1. Ineligibility of elective executive officers, eliminate	238,417	167,874	.....
	— 2. Legislators, travel expenses for	162,020	255,624	.....
	— 3. Private vocational schools, contracts with governmental subdivisions	174,704	231,587	.....
	+ 4. Board of Education, increase membership	268,029	141,722	.....
	— 5. Agricultural land use, valuation of	153,127	240,083	.....
	— 6. Parochial or private schools, transportation services for	191,986	253,945	.....
	+ 7. Judges, removal or retirement of	323,244	77,877	.....
	+ 8. State Income Tax Law based upon the Federal laws	215,696	176,326	.....
	+ 9. Governor, limitation to two consecutive terms	258,332	150,405	.....
	+10. State real estate taxes, payment or cancellation of taxes	219,424	161,547	.....
	+11. Unsold school lands, administration of	230,970	144,856	.....
	+12. Educational funds, investment of	223,845	142,903	.....
	+12a. Investment of other funds, Legislature to provide for	193,215	153,163	.....
	+13. Legislature to be elected, change method of apportionment	201,130	150,149	.....
	+13a. Legislature, specify representation in districts changed by reapportionment	181,403	144,644	.....
	—14. State property tax, restriction on	182,364	218,061	.....
	+15. Intangible property tax exemptions, life insurance contracts	270,377	112,067	.....
	+16. Property tax, termination of[7]	223,969	216,093	497,995
1968	— 1. Electors, reduce voting age to nineteen	246,672	255,051	.....
	+ 2. Normal schools, rename and designate governing body	249,809	182,508	.....
	+ 3. County offices, consolidation	256,346	178,736	.....
	+ 4. Election contests, jurisdiction by Supreme Court	250,863	165,795	.....
	+ 5. Constitutional amendments, Legislature empowered to call special elections	258,178	162,880	.....
	— 6. Personal property, classify or exempt from taxation	206,126	230,705	.....
	+ 7. University regents, redistrict and increase membership	221,625	194,995	.....
	+ 8. Lotteries, raffles and gift enterprises, use and regulation	306,577	139,260	.....
	+ 9. Board of Parole, establish	318,446	101,216	.....
	—10. Public electrical corporations, create	176,339	217,094	.....
	+11a. Legislators, appoint to other offices	254,876	149,333	.....
	+11b. Legislators, mid-term salary increases	226,298	152,752	.....
	+12. Homestead, tax exemption	238,143	178,037	.....
	+13. Education, student long-term loans	301,610	144,182	.....
	+14. Highway construction, state bonds and revenue for	224,927	208,758	.....
	+15. Legislators, increase salaries	282,039	168,165	.....
	—16. Income tax, prohibit[7]	183,328	331,987	540,176
1970	+ 1. Electors voting age reduced to twenty	235,548	194,301	.....
	+ 2. Supreme Court judicial districts redistricting of	230,589	148,941	.....
	— 3. Legislature eliminate reading of entire bill before final vote	170,873	222,788	.....
	+ 4. Retired Supreme Court or District Court Judge, called for duty	260,349	127,900	.....

+ Adopted
— Rejected
[7] Submitted by popular initiative.

Year Voted On	Subject of Amendment	For	Against	Total Vote At Election
	+ 5. Universities and colleges, issue revenue bonds for facilities	233,330	143,373	
	— 6. Mill levy, repeal county limitation	93,251	288,288	
	— 7. Commission on Legislative Compensation, create	112,443	266,446	
	— 8. Home Rule Charter or Convention, amendment of, increase number of electors	156,650	194,008	
	+ 9. Justice of Peace, eliminate; county court districts, permit; Supreme Court, administrative authority vested in; judges, regulations and restrictions; administrative director of courts, appointment of	198,450	165,087	
	+10. Personal property, classification, taxation	215,418	199,637	
	+11. Legislative, educational trust funds, management of	213,233	152,155	
	—12. Financial grants, students, nonpublic schools	182,827	250,529	
	—13a. Lieutenant Governor, presiding officer, eliminate	164,946	200,085	
	+13b. Lieutenant Governor and Governor, election, same political party, one vote jointly	187,147	146,695	
	+13c. Lieutenant Governor, full-time duties	214,906	115,803	
	—14. Board of Trustees of Higher Education, establish	129,628	243,637	
	+15. Annual legislative sessions, limited length	194,971	173,064	471,055
1972	Primary Election			
	+ 1. Legislature, clarify the meaning and eliminate obsolete matter	255,656	62,482	
	+ 2. Legislature, annual appropriations	150,352	145,460	
	+ 3. Governor's budget bill, veto powers and effect	198,201	108,024	
	+ 4. Juvenile court judicial districts, creation or abolition	174,096	125,622	
	+ 5. Executive officers, clarification of Legislature's certification of each candidate's election	244,376	59,945	
	+ 6. Two-house Legislature, removal of obsolete language referring to	240,046	60,994	
	+ 7. Supreme Court budget, conform with annual sessions	228,368	66,496	
	+ 8. Electors, reduce voting age to eighteen years	218,569	92,838	
	+ 9. State and local governments, authorization of joint or governmental functions	183,458	107,092	
	+10. United States Senator, repeal obsolete provisions for election of	234,047	62,842	
	+11. Schedule, recodification and revision, removal of obsolete matter	220,803	66,448	
	+12. Industrial development bonds, transfer of provisions, eliminate conflicting provisions	178,140	104,162	
	+13. Militia, revision	202,172	85,073	
	+14. Corporations, revision	178,361	97,246	
	+15. Suffrage, change resident requirements	180,208	113,567	
	Eliminate exceptions to military duty on election day	164,230	109,508	
	Permit other methods of voting	167,375	107,260	
	+16. Education, disburse federal funds to private schools when authorized by federal law	173,405	163,683	413,015
1972	General Election			
	+ 1. Legislature, qualifications of members	368,109	140,448	
	+ 2. Judiciary, change number of district judges, alter district boundaries	247,609	224,907	
	— 3. Legislature, salary as set by law	169,310	326,063	
	+ 4. Felony, guarantee right of appeal	291,348	155,048	
	+ 5. Officers, removal, filling vacancies, succession to office of Governor	266,481	186,734	
	— 6. Legislature, per diem compensation for members, procedure for establishing	177,554	292,472	
	+ 7. State Railway Commission, change name	282,678	177,575	
	+ 8. Felony, conviction, when prohibited from holding office	334,085	116,558	
	+ 9. Agricultural land, fix valuation, revenue, procedure	250,672	220,656	
	+10. Education, recodify, revise, clarify provisions	320,909	126,737	
	—11. Board of Equalization, change membership	218,761	227,652	
	+12. Judicial nominating commission, release candidates' names, Supreme Court Judge, nonvoting member	261,380	184,193	
	+13. State officers, employees, retirement benefits, cost of living changes	283,686	190,093	
	+14. Off-street parking, authorize revenue for	246,893	210,173	

— Rejected
+ Adopted

Year Voted On	Subject of Amendment	For	Against	Total Vote At Election
1972 Con't	—15. Legislative officers, employees, include in state retirement system	222,724	244,581	.....
	+16. Conflicts of interest, standards, definitions for determining effects	237,263	200,183	591,616
1974	Primary Election			
	— 1. Legislature, increase salary from $400.00 to $675.00 a month	141,205	162,364	.....
	— 2. Legislature, Lieutenant Governor, remove as presiding officer, remove voting right	99,052	180,100	334,156
1974	General Election			
	+ 1. University of Nebraska Board of Regents, non-voting student membership	198,737	198,024	.....
	+ 2. Legislature, regular sessions, commencement date change	199,036	175,221	.....
	+ 3. Legislature, submission of acts to Governor	168,376	176,669	466,893
1976	General Election			
	— 1. Legis, eliminate requirement that bill will be read at large before final vote	207,816	315,089	.....
	+ 2. Legislature, override line item veto of appropriations bills	284,796	205,732	.....
	— 3. Legislature, change date of regular session and terms of members	225,247	256,594	.....
	— 4. Legislature, remove Lieutenant Governor as presiding officer	156,554	329,347	.....
	— 5. Legislature, authorize political subdivision to issue bonds for redevelopment projects	210,684	277,671	.....
	+6(1). Permit state to enter contracts providing nonsectarian service to handicapped children	289,683	229,824	.....
	—6(2). Allow state to make loans or grants to students in private colleges, universities and other institutions of higher learning	255,394	267,315	.....
	— 7. Allow broadening of Industrial Development Act for counties and cities	195,008	283,674	.....
	— 8. Legislature, increase salary from $400.00 to $675.00 per month	241,032	286,017	623,764

— Rejected
+ Adopted

INITIATED AND REFERRED LAWS

Vote on laws referred to the people by initiative and referendum petitions.

Year Voted on	Subject of Law	For	Against	Total No. Votes Cast
1914	1. Employers' liability	92,513	85,777	.....
	2. Nebraska City Armory	40,520	133,457	.....
	3. University removal[1]	66,883	148,110	246,941
1920	1. Partial repeal of primary	49,410	133,115	390,833
1922	1. Bank charters	172,675	149,240	.....
	2. Anti-picketing	186,101	140,419	.....
	3. Partial repeal of primary	95,494	208,261	.....
	4. Registration of voters	106,314	195,066	407,673
1930	1. Authorization for cities and villages and public electric light and power districts to extend their lines[1]	144,595	157,107	.....
	2. Authorization for cities and towns owning electric light plants to extend their lines[1]	240,579	89,205	.....
	3. Prohibition of sale of municipally owned plants except for cash, etc.[1]	118,617	160,050	451,904
1932	1. State police[1]	203,393	306,682	576,946
1944	1. Prohibition of liquor traffic[1]	130,947	397,190	568,464
1948	1. Soldiers' bonus[1]	196,318	212,340	497,084
1950	1. Repeal of increased gas tax	207,408	195,130	.....
	2. Repeal of increased motor vehicle registration fee	202,098	186,854	459,319
1956	1. Ton mile tax[1]	241,128	311,528	584,786
1966	1. Income tax law	133,594	310,681	497,995
1974	1. State aid to schools	177,704	250,908	428,612

[1] Proposed by popular initiative.

COST OF ADVERTISING CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS AND OTHER INITIATED AND REFERRED MEASURES

Year	Amendments and Questions Submitted			Legislative	Initiative and Referendum			Total
	By Legislature	By Constitutional Convention	By Initiative & Referendum		Paid by State	Paid by Advocates and Opponents	Total	
1882	1	.....	.....	$ 2,207.00	.....	.....	.....	$ 2,207.00
1884	2	.....	.....	6,814.40	.....	.....	.....	6,814.40
1886	1	.....	.....	3,871.00	.....	.....	.....	3,871.00
1890	4	.....	.....	11,737.50	.....	.....	.....	11,737.50
1892	2	.....	.....	10,500.00	.....	.....	.....	10,500.00
1896	12	.....	.....	25,249.99	.....	.....	.....	25,249.99
1904	1	.....	.....	6,300.00	.....	.....	.....	6,300.00
1906	1	.....	.....	4,721.00	.....	.....	.....	4,721.00
1908	2	.....	.....	13,419.01	.....	.....	.....	13,419.01
1910	1	.....	.....	5,670.00	.....	.....	.....	5,670.00
1912	5	.....	.....	50,231.98	.....	.....	.....	50,231.98
1914	3	.....	4	17,315.50	$ 4,891.98	$ 2,812.50	$ 7,704.48	25,019.98
1916	..	.....	2	.....	2,713.99	1,590.40	4,303.39	4,303.39[3]
1918	1	.....	.....	4,802.00	.....	.....	.....	4,802.00
1920	..	41	1	.....[1]	.....	.....	.....	.....
1922	..	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1924	..	.....	1	.....	6,663.62	159.38	6,823.00	6,823.00
1928	1	.....	.....	595.16	.....	.....	.....	595.16
1930	2	.....	3	27,883.68	.....	.....	.....	27,883.68[2]
1932	..	.....	1	9,401.48	.....	.....	.....	9,401.48[2]
1934	1	.....	2	.....	20,503.72	.....	.....	20,503.72[2]
1936	2	.....	.....	6,498.52	.....	.....	.....	6,498.52
1938	5	.....	1	38,019.15	.....	.....	.....	38,019.15[2]
1940	2	.....	.....	11,743.87	.....	.....	.....	11,743.87
1942	1	.....	.....	4,064.10	.....	.....	.....	4,064.10
1944	..	.....	2	.....	8,664.75	.....	.....	8,664.75[2]
1946	..	.....	2	.....	14,640.48	.....	.....	14,640.48[2]
1948	1	.....	1	4,222.98	12,115.26	.....	.....	16,338.24[2]
1950	1	.....	2	17,333.80	25,870.18	.....	.....	43,203.98[2]
1952	6	.....	.....	93,127.52	.....	.....	.....	93,127.52
1954	8	.....	.....	35,406.00	.....	.....	.....	35,406.00
1956	5	.....	1	47,570.16	.....	.....	.....	47,570.16[2]
1958	7	.....	2	44,391.30	.....	.....	.....	44,391.30[2]
1960	8	.....	1	63,461.92	.....	.....	.....	63,461.92[2]
1962	7	.....	.....	64,953.01	.....	.....	.....	64,953.01
1964	6	.....	1	72,657.58	.....	.....	.....	72,657.58[2]
1966	17	.....	2	185,043.79	.....	.....	.....	185,043.79[2]
1968	16	.....	1	109,482.40	.....	.....	.....	109,482.40[2]
1970	17	.....	.....	157,477.22	.....	.....	.....	157,477.22
1972[4]	16	.....	.....	173,920.67	.....	.....	.....	173,920.67
1972[5]	16	.....	.....	272,545.28	.....	.....	.....	272,545.28
1974[4]	2	.....	.....	37,911.43	.....	.....	.....	
1974[5]	3	.....	.....	50,600.57	.....	.....	.....	
			1	107,023.05	.....	.....	.....	195,535.05
1976[5]	8	.....	.....	143,359.09	.....	.....	.....	143,359.09

[1] Figures not available.
[2] Includes initiated and referred measures.
[3] These figures total 4,304.39 but early records list 4,303.39 as the total. The original figures are not available to determine the correct total.
[4] Primary election.
[5] General Election. Figures are estimated.

COST OF CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS

Year	Cost
1864[1]	$ 3,000.00
1866[2]	Cost included in legislative expenses
1871	24,326.22
1875	15,000.00
1920	116,000.00
Total	$158,326.22

[1] Delegates to the Constitutional Convention of 1864 met at Omaha and immediately adjourned without drafting a constitution.
[2] The Constitution of 1866 was drafted by the Legislature, submitted to the people and adopted by them.

HISTORICAL SKETCH OF THE STATE

Earliest Records.—The huge fossil beds and glacial deposits of Nebraska give proof that in past geologic ages this region was the bottom of an inland sea, and was later elevated above the water. At one time there prevailed a tropical climate and during a later period, glaciers covered the land. Archeological explorations have uncovered considerable evidence indicating the presence of prehistoric man in the state.

The Nebraska Indians.—The Pawnee Indian tribe was one of the first to be recorded in Nebraska history. Other tribes found by explorers were the Oto, Omaha, Ponca, Sioux, Cheyenne and Arapahoe. With the introduction of the horse by the Spaniards buffalo hunting supplemented primitive agriculture in the mode of living of the Indians. The traditions of the Indians, who numbered about 40,000 at the time of the earliest white settlements in Nebraska, indicate that they had migrated to the Nebraska region a few hundred years before the first explorers.

The First White Men.—Pedro de Villasur and his party of forty-five Spanish soldiers were the first white men known to reach Nebraska. Most of the command were killed near the Platte in 1720. It was rumored at the time that some French were trading among the Pawnee. French furtraders and trappers began to venture up the Missouri River about the year 1700. In 1739 the Mallet brothers, with a party of six Frenchmen, named the Platte River and traveled nearly the entire length of the state on a journey from the Missouri River to Santa Fe. They were followed by many other French fur traders during the next sixty years.

Struggle for Possession of Nebraska.—Spain, France and England all claimed the Nebraska region at different times, basing their claims upon discoveries and explorations. In 1763, at the close of the Seven Years' War, France ceded all her claims east of the Mississippi River to England and west of the Mississippi to Spain. Nebraska was thus a part of the Spanish province of Louisiana from 1763 until 1801, when Napoleon bought it back from Spain. In 1803 France sold the entire region to the United States.

Early American Exploration.—Lewis and Clark were the commanders of the first American expedition to visit Nebraska, in the years 1804-1806. In the year 1811 the Hunt party of Astorians skirted Nebraska on their way to Oregon and in 1813 seven of the party crossed the mountains and followed the North Platte to its junction with the South Platte and thence on along the Platte to the Missouri River. In 1819 Major Long with a party of twenty men traveled from the Missouri River up the Platte to the head waters of its south fork near Denver. During the years 1807-1820 Manuel Lisa, of Spanish descent, but a citizen of the United States, became the leading fur trader and explorer of the Nebraska region.

The First Military Post.—Fort Atkinson was established in the years 1819 and 1820 and abandoned in 1827. It was near the site of the present village of Fort Calhoun in Washington County, 16 miles above Omaha. It had a population of over 1,000 people and was the site of the first school, library, brickyard, sawmill, grist-mill and the first extensive farming by white men within the state.

The Early Missionaries.—Reverend Moses Merrill and his wife, Eliza Wilcox Merrill, were the first resident missionaries to the Nebraska Indians. They arrived in Bellevue in 1833 and continued their work as missionaries and teachers until Reverend Merrill died in 1840. Reverend Samuel Allis and Reverend John Dunbar arrived in Bellevue in 1834 and continued as missionaries to the Pawnee tribe for the next twelve years. Father De Smet, a Catholic missionary, came to Nebraska in 1838 and for the next thirty-five years ministered to the Indians west of the Missouri River.

The Overland Trail.—On April 10, 1830, William L. Sublette set out from St. Louis with a wagon train of merchandise to meet his fur-trading partners, Jedediah Smith and David Jackson in Wind River, Wyoming. His route across Nebraska was up the valley of the Little Blue and Platte Rivers. In the fall the three partners returned to St. Louis over the same route. In 1832 Nathaniel J. Wyeth went over the same road to Oregon. This was the beginning of the Oregon Trail, which for the next forty years was the greatest wagon road the world had ever seen. Other trails across Nebraska were the Mormon Trail, starting from Florence or Omaha and traveling up the north bank of the Platte; the Denver Trail from the Missouri River to Denver and the "steam wagon road" or Nebraska City cutoff, from Nebraska City up the West Blue to the Platte and on to Denver. These trails were traveled by thousands of wagons every year until the construction of the Pacific railroads.

Steamboats on the Missouri.—The "Western Engineer," which brought Major Long's party on its exploring expedition in September, 1819, was the first steam vessel to navigate Nebraska waters. In 1832 the steamboat, "Yellowstone," began the first regular annual fur trading voyages up the Missouri River, stopping at points on the Nebraska shore. From 1850 to 1860 steamboat navigation on the Missouri was at its height, forty or fifty different steamboats being in the river trade. With the construction of railroads the steamboat business fell off rapidly until only a few ferryboats and one or two steamboats a year navigated the Missouri River along the Nebraska shore.

Conditions in Nebraska from 1830 to 1854.—Frontier conditions of the most rugged nature prevailed in Nebraska between these years. Steamboats plied the Missouri River between St. Louis and the head of navigation. The overland trails from the Missouri River to the mountains and Pacific coast were traveled by caravans of emigrants and freighting wagons each summer. A little group of Christian missionaries and teachers were laboring among the Nebraska Indians. A few

white fur traders and buffalo hunters followed the streams and crossed the prairies. Fort Kearny, on the Platte River, opposite the present city of Kearney, and Bellevue, on the Missouri River, were the only two white settlements of any size within the present state.

Beginning of Government.—The Nebraska region was part of the Territory of Indiana from October 1, 1804, to July 4, 1805. From July 4, 1805, to December 7, 1812, it was part of the Territory of Louisiana with its capital at St. Louis. It then became a part of the Territory of Missouri until the year 1821 when Missouri was made a state and Nebraska became a part of the unorganized region commonly called the "Indian country." By the act of June 30, 1834, Congress defined the boundaries of the Indian country and enacted laws excluding white men and regulating relations with the Indians. The Indian Superintendent at St. Louis was made governor over the "Indian country."

Nebraska Name and Organization.—The name "Nebraska" first appeared in the writings of Etienne Viniard de Bourgmont who explored the Missouri River in 1714, and he spelled it "Nibraski." It was not until 1842 that the word "Nebraska" began to appear in publications. Lieutenant John C. Fremont explored the plains and mountains in that year. His report speaks of the "Nebraska River," the Oto Indian name for the Platte from the Oto word "Nebrathka," meaning "Flat Water." Secretary of War, William Wilkins, in his report of November 30, 1844, says "the Platte or Nebraska River being the central stream would very properly furnish a name to the (proposed) territory." The first bill to organize the new Nebraska Territory was introduced in Congress December 17, 1844, by Stephen A. Douglas of Illinois. This bill failed to pass, as did the second and third bills of 1848 and 1853. In 1854, a fourth Nebraska bill, now called the "Kansas-Nebraska Bill," was passed after a prolonged and bitter struggle and signed by President Franklin Pierce on May 30, 1854. The prolonged struggle between the slave states and the free states for dominance in the Nebraska region led to the organization of the new Republican Party and precipitated the border conflicts before the Civil War.

The First Nebraska Government.—Francis Burt, of South Carolina, was the the first Governor of Nebraska Territory. He arrived at Bellevue, October 7, 1854. He took the oath of office on the 16th, before Chief Justice Ferguson, and his death occurred on October 18, 1854. Thomas B. Cuming became the Acting Governor. A struggle between the new town of Omaha and the old town of Bellevue for the territorial capital was determined in favor of Omaha by Governor Cuming, who called the first session of the Territorial Legislature to meet there January 16, 1855.

The Early Territorial Period.—The prevalent issues of the early territorial Nebraska days involved the settlement of the country, the laws relating to land and currency, the proposed Pacific railroad, the removal of the capital, the rivalry between north and south Platte regions, the

organization of the Republican Party in 1858 as a rival of the Democratic Party and the defeat of the first efforts to make Nebraska a state. The population grew from 2,732 in November, 1854, to 28,841 in 1860.

The Later Territorial Period.—The election of Abraham Lincoln as President in 1860, the Civil War which followed and the appointment of Alvin Saunders as Governor of Nebraska Territory by President Lincoln in 1861, constitute a dividing period in Nebraska territorial history. The chief events in the later period were the raising of the First Nebraska Cavalry under Brigadier General John M. Thayer for service in the Union Army; the enactment of the Free Homestead Law, taking effect January 1, 1863; the beginning of construction upon the Union Pacific Railway in 1865; the fierce war with the Sioux and Cheyenne Indians on the plains which broke out in August, 1864; the passage of the Enabling Act by Congress on April 19, 1864, permitting Nebraska to become a state and the fight over statehood between the Republican and Democratic Parties centering in the election of June 2, 1866, in which victory was won for statehood by the close vote of 3,938 for to 3,838 against.

From Admission as a State March 1, 1867, to the Adoption of the Constitution of 1875, November 1, 1875.—This was the formative period of the new state. Among its principal events were the relocation of the capital at Lincoln, July 29, 1867, the establishment of the State University and Agricultural College February 15, 1869, the impeachment of Governor David Butler in 1871, the first period of railway construction, including the completion of the Pacific Railroad to the ocean and the entrance of the Burlington and Northwestern Railroads into the region, the hard times and grasshopper period beginning in 1873, and the first wave of homesteading immigrants who settled most of the desirable land in the eastern half of the state and sent adventurous pioneers into the remotest parts.

From the Adoption of the Constitution in 1875 to the Farmers Alliance and Populist Revolution in 1890.—This period is marked by settlement in all parts of the state except in a few million acres of sand hills and in the extreme western panhandle region where settlement was just getting underway; by a rising demand for railroad regulation and political conflicts with railroad companies; by the removal of the Sioux, Pawnee, Ponca and Oto Indians from their old Nebraska homes to new locations in Oklahoma and South Dakota; by the beginning of the world-wide struggle between organized capital and organized wage-earners exemplified by strikes in the city of Omaha in 1882 and the great Burlington strike of 1888; and finally by the organization of the Populist Party—its entrance into the political field, and first victory in the election of 1890.

From 1890 to 1940.—This period of Nebraska history saw many changes. The years between 1891 and 1897 were years of drouth and depression so severe that state aid was extended to the stricken regions. In the years 1897 to 1930 Nebraska reached its peak of population. New

crops were developed, winter wheat, alfalfa and sugar beets, which with irrigation, new methods of soil culture, the motorization of farm machinery, the development of the livestock industry and the establishment of the Omaha stockyards contributed to make Nebraska one of the great agricultural states.

Much progressive legislation was enacted in this fifty year period, legislation providing for the adoption of the Australian ballot, the direct primary, the initiative and referendum, the civil administrative code, which reorganized the state administrative system and the constitutional amendment which established the Unicameral Legislature. The educational system was greatly expanded, high school education was made available to all pupils and a public ownership of textbooks law was adopted. A state highway system was built from money raised by the enactment of a gasoline tax law and federal aid.

The years between 1930 and 1938 were marked by the devastating effects of a national depression coupled with a series of drouth years. The depression brought low prices for farm produce, bank failures, and failures of small businesses. The drouth of the 1930's brought short crops and in places complete failure of crops. Federal aid and relief activities helped and the state enacted social security legislation and imposed new liquor and head taxes, and additional gasoline taxes to furnish funds for state assistance. The drouth had other effects. Nebraska lost four and five-tenths per cent of its population and tenant farming which had been increasing since 1925 reached the fifty-two and seven-tenths per cent mark.

Nebraska Capitals and Capitols.—Leading contenders for the location of the capital of Nebraska Territory were Bellevue and Omaha. The rapidly growing new town of Omaha was the victor, and here in 1855 the first capitol was erected at a cost of $3,000. It was a two-story brick building, but quite inadequate and was superseded in 1857-58 by a new building financed in part by the federal government ($50,000) and in part by the City of Omaha ($60,000). Growing agitation for the removal of the capital south of the Platte led to the passage of the Removal Act in 1867 which transferred the seat of government from Omaha to Lincoln and provided for the erection of a new capitol. This capitol was erected at a cost of $75,817.50 which amount was derived from the sale of lots in Lincoln. The building was so poorly constructed that it started to show signs of decay within four years. The need of another building led to successive attempts to remove the capital farther west and north of the Platte but these attempts failed and the Legislature in 1879 appropriated funds for the construction of a west wing of a new capitol. Succeeding Legislatures appropriated funds and the east and central portions of the building were completed in 1888 at a cost of $691,428.80. By the turn of the century there was some agitation for a new capitol but it was not until 1919 when the deterioration of the old building had progressed so far that repairs were impracticable that the Legislature made provisions for the present building. Construction of

this building was begun in April 1922, and completed in 1932. (See page 8 for additional information on the present Capitol.)

Nebraska in World War I.—On April 6, 1917, the Congress of the United States declared that a state of war existed between this country and Germany. Nebraska furnished 47,801 men for the war. For the various war causes, the purchase of United States bonds, the Red Cross and others, Nebraska furnished nearly $300,000,000. About one thousand Nebraska soldiers died in the service and her men fought in all the great battles of Europe in which American troops participated and served on ships in every part of the world. The largest contribution Nebraska made to the war was, perhaps, the food supply. The surplus food which supplied the allies and the American soldiers was produced in no small measure by Nebraska and surrounding states. Nebraska furnished Base Hospital 49, consisting of 400 men and women stationed at Allerey, France. This hospital cared for many thousands of badly wounded soldiers during the last campaign of the war.

Nebraska in World War II.—During the war Nebraska furnished some 128,000 men and women to the armed forces of the United States, under the Selective Service Law of September, 1940. Of this number 3,655 died in the service. Inductions into the armed forces under the Selective Service Law continued after the close of the war. A civilian defense program was organized in 1941 under the direction of the Nebraska Advisory Defense Committee. War bond purchases by individuals totaled $1,152,066,922 while the banks of the state held on December 31, 1945, $187,591,559 worth of bonds. Contributions to the National War Funds and the Red Cross amounted to $8,116,651. War plants in the state produced major war supplies in the amount of $1,269,605,000 to June, 1945. A great part of Nebraska's contribution to the war effort was to the food supply. In the five crop seasons after the declaration of a war emergency in the spring of 1941, Nebraska farmers grew 1,229,000,000 bushels of corn, 289 million bushels of wheat, 294 million bushels of oats, 54,506,000 bushels of potatoes and 3,636,000 tons of sugar beets. Livestock production was also increased. Over 16 million hogs were marketed, and nearly 7 million cattle and 6 million sheep were marketed in the same period.

Nebraska Since World War II.—The end of World War II ushered in a period of prosperity which has, for the most part, continued. Agriculture has retained its position of prime importance to the state's economy. Since 1959 the average farm size has increased from 514 acres to 706 acres in 1975, but the number of farms has decreased from 94,000 to 68,000. Spectacular growth has occurred in irrigation, and with the invention of the center pivot system, thousands of acres of dry land have been made productive. Concern over the future of Nebraska's water supply has caused controversy between developers and environmentalists. Consolidation of many school districts has taken place. The University of Nebraska was reorganized to include the University of Nebraska-Lincoln and outstate activities, the University

of Nebraska at Omaha (formerly the University of Omaha), and the Medical Center in Omaha. The student enrollment of the four state colleges has increased, and there is also an increase in the number of state-supported technical colleges. The Nebraska Educational Telecommunications Center, one of the most modern such complexes in the U.S., has become an important aspect of education. Nebraska continues to benefit from the diversification of industry and numerous industrial plants are located in Nebraska communities. Federal housing projects have made it possible for the elderly and handicapped to remain in their own communities. All of Nebraska's 478 miles of Interstate Highway are completed. Untold benefits have been gained since Nebraska took part in the greatest undertaking of its history—the comprehensive flood control, navigation, irrigation, power, and soil conservation program designed for the far-flung Missouri River Basin. Nebraska is the only state lying wholly within the Basin. Nebraskans have surmounted floods, drouths, and blizzards in the past, and they will continue to develop the state's resources during its second century of statehood.

Territorial Centennial 1854-1954.—The Legislature in 1953 directed the Governor to appoint a Territorial Centennial Commission to assist the people in Nebraska in celebrating the centennial of the organization of Nebraska Territory in 1954. Governor Crosby appointed a commission of fourteen, headed by James E. Lawrence of Lincoln, chairman. To carry out its activities, the commission received $4,681.00 in gifts from Nebraska firms and individuals. In addition, the railroads of Nebraska made available a traveling museum, viewed by 107,316 Nebraskans during the summer of 1954. The commission encouraged local communities of the state to observe the centennial, and many groups throughout the state held centennial programs in observance of the occasion.

State Centennial 1867-1967.—The 1961 Legislature authorized Governor Frank B. Morrison to appoint a ten-member Centennial Commission (increased to fifteen members in 1963) to develop programs and plans for a State Centennial Observance in 1967. Mr. Don H. Shriner was chosen the Centennial Commission Director and Mr. Ed Sykes, the Assistant Director. The Nebraska Centennial Commission office was opened in Lincoln, in December, 1963, and served as a clearing house for all Centennial efforts, and developed special plans for the commemoration of the Centennial Year of 1967. Eighty-five of the State's counties organized County Centennial Committees and thirty-three State Committees were formed. Over 1,000 local and State Centennial Celebrations took place in all localities through the State. Miss Nancy Griffin of Atkinson was chosen the official Centennial Queen. The official dates of the Nebraska Centennial Observances were from "Statehood Day," March 1, 1967 to "Thanksgiving Day," November 25, 1967. The 1965 Legislature appropriated $600,000 for the use of the Nebraska Centennial Commission. The Nebraska Centennial Non-Profit Association aided the Commission by financing commercial programs that

the Commission had no state authority to undertake. The Association raised funds by selling "Golden Card Club" memberships for $100.00 each, collected royalties on items bearing the franchised Official Centennial Seal and shared the royalties with County Centennial Committees where the souvenirs were sold. It issued commemorative medals, sold state flags, and aided the publication of the Centennial Cookbook and a state history.

Arbor Day Centennial Commission 1972.—The 1972 Legislature directed Governor J. J. Exon to appoint an Arbor Day Centennial Commission to plan a program for observing the one hundreth anniversary of Arbor Day. The members of the nine-member commission were: Vern Livingston, Nebraska City, president; State Senator Calvin Carsten, Avoca; Stanley Matzke, John Rosenow, Marvin Kivett, Charles Chace, Robert Harris, Roger Larson, Lawrence Enersen, all of Lincoln. Ten thousand dollars was appropriated by the Legislature for the program. The main celebration was held April 23, 1972 in Nebraska City, home of J. Sterling Morton, Founder of Arbor Day. Trees were planted on the State Capitol grounds and ceremonies conducted. Many cities throughout the state, schools, civic groups held programs and planted trees.

Fort Robinson Centennial Commission.—The Legislature in 1973 established a Fort Robinson Centennial Commission and appropriated $15,000 for the proper commemoration of the history of Fort Robinson. The Commission by Governor's appointment consisted of: Willard Barbee, Virginia Coffee, Thomas Doyle, Mrs. Nancy Black Horse, Steve Janis, Marvin Kivett, Roy Landis, William Lindeken, Ronald J. Mertens, Mark Monroe, Dr. Edwin C. Nelson, Vance Nelson, Larry Norgard, John Saunders, George A. Smith, Senator Leslie Stull, Nellie Yost, Dana F. Cole, Vince Rotherham and Bruce M. Christenson. Week-long ceremonies began on Sunday, July 14, 1974, and featured a western art show, Indian dances, parades featuring costumes from the past, horse jumping demonstrations, guard dog tactics, honoring of Miss Indian America, and a reunion of soldiers and civilians who formerly worked at the fort. The observance was officially opened at a flag raising ceremony by Major General Francis Winner, Adjutant General of Nebraska. Governor J. James Exon officiated at closing ceremonies July 21 and dedicated the fort's old polo field in the name of Eric L. "Bud" Parker, who was an employee at Fort Robinson for twenty-five years. Additional observances were held throughout the summer. The terms of the Commission terminate June 30, 1975.

Nebraska American Revolution Bicentennial Commission 1972-77. The 1972 Legislature directed Governor J. James Exon to appoint 15 members to the Nebraska American Revolution Bicentennial Commission to plan and direct the state's celebration of the bicentennial of the beginning of the American Revolution. The commission appointed county chairmen in each of the 93 counties which in turn helped each community within their county to organize and plan local celebrations for the bicentennial. All in all, 506 communities in the state were ac-

corded national bicentennial recognition, for events and projects, in the national Bicentennial Communities Program carried out by the American Revolution Bicentennial Administration office in Washington, D. C. The Commission received appropriations from the Legislature during fiscal year 1972-73 through fiscal year 1976-77 for a total of $145,944. The Commission also received $177,500 from the national ARBA office for administration. During the life of the Commission, $364,500 was received for projects in the state. The matching funds were awarded to 88 projects that varied in scope from the Interstate 80 Bicentennial Sculpture Project to the restoration of various historic buildings across the state. Appointed to the Commission in 1972 were: Tom Allan, Kay Blackstone, Henry Cox, Philip Crowl, Alfred Gilpin, Mrs. William Hasebroock, M.S. Hevelone, Ambrose Jackson, Marvin Kivett, Robert Manley, Mrs. Stanley Matzke, Sr., Gerald McGinley, Don Searcy, Howard Stalnaker and Wayne Ziebarth. After the resignations of Crowl, Manley, McGinley, Searcy, Stalnaker and Ziebarth, the Governer appointed Jim Johnson, Willis Moreland, Dale Grace, Wade Ellis, Ken James, Owen Sadler and Marian Kjar. No one big celebration was held. Instead the success of the bicentennial was measured by the number of "grass roots" events held from 1973 through 1976. Seward was proclaimed the state's Bicentennial 4th of July City. The Commission published a quarterly publication called the BROADSIDE, a bi-monthly newsletter for county and community chairman called the LEXICON along with a "1976 Calendar of Events and Activities". All files of the NARBC were sent to the State Historical Society in April 1977.

HISTORICAL ROSTER
TERRITORIAL OFFICERS OF NEBRASKA

GOVERNORS

Francis Burt	Oct. 16, 1854- Oct. 18, 1854[1]	J. Sterling Morton	Dec. 5, 1858- May 2, 1859[6]
Thomas B. Cuming	Oct. 18, 1854- Febr. 20, 1855[2]		Febr. 24, 1861- May 6, 1861[8]
	Oct. 25, 1857- Jan. 12, 1858[4]	Samuel W. Black	May 2, 1859- Febr. 24, 1861[7]
Mark W. Izard	Febr. 20, 1855- Oct. 25, 1857[3]	Algernon S. Paddock	May 6, 1861- May 15, 1861[9]
William A. Richardson	Jan. 12, 1858- Dec. 5, 1858[5]	Alvin Saunders	May 15, 1861- Mar. 27, 1867

[1] Died October 18, 1854.

[2] Acting Governor upon the death of Governor Burt.
[3] Resigned October 25, 1857.
[4] Acting Governor upon resignation of Governor Izard.
[5] Resigned December 5, 1858.
[6] Acting Governor upon resignation of Governor Richardson.
[7] Resigned February 24, 1861.
[8] Acting Governor upon resignation of Governor Black.
[9] Acting Governor.

SECRETARIES

Thomas B. Cuming	Aug. 13, 1854-Mar. 12, 1858[1]	J. Sterling Morton	July 12, 1858-May 6, 1861
John B. Motley	Mar. 23, 1858-July 12, 1858[2]	Algernon S. Paddock	May 6, 1861-Febr. 21, 1867

[1] Died March 12, 1858.
[2] Acting Secretary until arrival of J. Sterling Morton.

AUDITORS

Chas. B. Smith	Mar. 16, 1855-June 1, 1858	Robert C. Jordan	Aug. 2, 1858-Oct. 7, 1861
Samuel L. Campbell	[1]	William E. Harvey	Oct. 8, 1861-Oct. 9, 1865
William E. Moore	June 1, 1858-Aug. 1, 1858	John Gillespie	Oct. 19, 1865-Febr. 20, 1867

[1] Appointed but did not qualify.

TREASURERS

	Term of Office Began
Benjamin P. Rankin	Mar. 16, 1855
William W. Wyman	Nov. 6, 1855
Augustus Kountze	Oct. 8, 1861

LIBRARIANS

	Term of Office Began		Term of Office Began
James S. Izard	Mar. 16, 1855	Alonzo D. Luce	Nov. 7, 1859
H. C. Anderson	Nov. 6, 1855	Robert S. Knox	June 1861
John H. Kellom	Aug. 3, 1857		

TERRITORIAL COMMISSIONER OF COMMON SCHOOLS[1]

William E. Harvey — November 8, 1859 to October 8, 1861

[1] Office abolished by Legislative Act of January 11, 1861.

SUPREME COURT—TERRITORIAL JUSTICES

	Associate Justices Term of Office	Chief Justice Term of Office
Fenner Ferguson		Oct. 12, 1854-1857
Augustus Hall		March 15, 1858-1861
William Pitt Kellogg[1]		May 27, 1861-1865
William Kellogg		May 8, 1865-1867
Edward R. Harden	December 4, 1854-1860	
James Bradley	October 25, 1854-1857	
J. W. Underwood[2]	1857-1857	

[1] William Pitt Kellogg was granted leave of absence by President Lincoln to join the 7th Illinois Cavalry. He served as Colonel in the Regiment September 8, 1861-June 1, 1862. He resigned as Territorial Chief Justice in 1865.
[2] Listed as an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court in **Complete Session Laws**, 1855-1887, volume 1, page 370.

Samuel W. Black ..... January, 1857-May, 1859
Eleazer Wakeley ..... April 22, 1857-May, 1861
Joseph Miller ..... April 9, 1859-1860
William F. Lockwood ..... May 16, 1861-1867
Joseph E. Streeter ..... November 18, 1861-February 20, 1863
Elmer S. Dundy ..... June 22, 1863-1867

CLERKS OF THE SUPREME COURT

J. Sterling Morton 1855
H. C. Anderson 1856
Charles S. Salisbury 1858
E. B. Chandler 1859
John H. Kellom 1861
William Kellogg, Jr. 1865

DISTRICT ATTORNEYS

D. S. McGary ..... May 10, 1855
Jonathan H. Smith ..... June 9, 1855
S. A. Strickland ..... June 11, 1855
John M. Latham ..... Nov. 6, 1855
Jacob Safford ..... Nov. 6, 1855
William Kline ..... Nov. 6, 1855
James G. Chapman ..... Aug. 3, 1857
William McLennan ..... Aug. 3, 1857
George W. Doane ..... Aug. 3, 1857
U. C. Johnson ..... Oct. 11, 1859

Office abolished by act of January 11, 1861; Revived June 11, 1867

UNITED STATES MARSHALS

Mark W. Izard ..... Oct. 28, 1854
Eli R. Doyle ..... Apr. 7, 1855
B. P. Rankin ..... Mar. 29, 1856
Phineas Hitchcock ..... Sept. 19, 1861
Casper E. Yost ..... Apr. 1, 1865

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS

	Elected		Elected
N. B. Giddings	Dec. 12, 1854	Samuel G. Daily	May 18, 1860[1]
Bird B. Chapman	Nov. 6, 1855		Elected—Oct. 9, 1860[2]
Fenner Ferguson	Aug. 3, 1857	Phineas W. Hitchcock	Oct. 11, 1864
E. Estabrook	Oct. 11, 1859-May 18, 1860[1]		

[1] Experience Estabrook removed from office May 18, 1860. Seat filled by contestant, Samuel G. Daily.
[2] J. Sterling Morton elected October 9, 1860. Six months later Governor Black without any recanvass issued certificate of election to Samuel G. Daily who had months before contested Mr. Morton's right to seat in Congress. Contest was never decided but Mr. Daily held the seat under the second certificate.

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATORS—1855-1867

Name	District	Council	House
Abbe, Joshua G.	Otoe		1857[3]
Abbott, Luther J.	Washington		1867[3]
Acton, Asa M.	Richardson		1860[5]
Adams, Truman H.	Otoe		1859
Albertson, Isaac	Platte, Buffalo, Monroe, Kearney, Merrick, Lincoln, Hall	1865,66[4]	
Allen, Edwin A.	Washington, Burt, Cuming	1864,65,66[4]	1861
Allen, James A.	Washington, Burt, Cuming, Douglas	1857[1] [3]	

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name	District	Council	House
Allgawahr, Lewis	Richardson		1861,64
Anderson, D. M.	Otoe		1867[3]
Armstrong, George	Douglas		1857[1] [2]
Arnold, Anselum	Washington		1855[1]
Arnold, Joseph	Cass		1866[4]
Arnott, James M.	Sarpy		1859
Austin, Benjamin	Cass		1866[4]
Bain, Alexander	Otoe		1859
Baker, John P.	Nemaha		1859,60
Baker, William	Lincoln, Kearney, Saline, Butler		1867[3]
Barnard, Edward Henry	Dodge		1861
Barnard, Richard C.	Monroe, Hall		1859
Barnum, Evander W.	Cass, Lancaster		1860,61
Barnum, Guy Conger	Platte		1865,66[4]
Barrett, James	Cedar, Dakota, Dixon, L'Eau Qui Court		1860
Bates, Barnabas	Dakota, Dixon, Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court	1867[3]	1859,61
Bates, Rufus B.	Burt, Cuming		1866[4]
Baumer, William	Douglas	1867[3]	
Bayne, Oliver P.	Richardson	1865	
Beall, Enos	Hall, Monroe		1861
Beane, George	Nemaha		1860
Beck, William Burnie	Washington, Burt, Cuming		1855[2],57[2]
Becker, John P.	Butler, Platte, Saunders, Seward		1864
Belden, David D.	Douglas	1860,61	1859
Benedict, Albert J.	Nemaha, Johnson		1857[2]
Bennet, Gideon	Pierce		1855[1]
Bennet, Hiram P.	Pierce, Otoe	1855[1]	1858
Bennett, John B.	Otoe	1860,61,65,66[4]	
Beuter, John	Otoe		1865
Biggs, John	Pawnee		1865
Birchfield, William P.	Otoe		1861
Blakely, Nathan	Johnson, Clay, Gage		1861
Blanchard, Corrington	Sarpy, Dodge	1861,65,66[4]	1864
Boulware, John	Otoe		1855[2]
Bowen, John S.	Washington		1859,61
Bowen, Leavitt L.	Douglas, Sarpy	1857[1] [2],58	1855[2]
Boykin, Thomas J.	Sarpy	1859	
Bradford, Allen A.	Otoe	1855[2],57[1] [2]	
Bradford, Henry	Pierce, Otoe	1855[1] [2]	
Bramble, Downer Tenny	Dakota, Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court		1858
Breman, M. W.	Richardson		1864
Briggs, Clinton	Douglas		1858
Brodhead, William H.	Otoe		1859
Brown, Charles H.	Douglas		1865,66[4]
Brown, Richard	Forney, Nemaha	1855[1] [2]	
Brush, Marcus	Clay, Lancaster, Saunders, Seward		1866[4]
Buchanan, William	Otoe		1861
Buck, John Foster	Cass		1855[2]
Burbank, J. Edward	Richardson		1859

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name	District	Council	House
Butler, David	Pawnee, Richardson, Gage, Jones	1864	1861
Butler, John R.	Pawnee		1866[4],67[3]
Byers, William Newton	Douglas		1855[1]
Cadman, John	Clay, Lancaster, Gage, Johnson		1864,65,66[4]
Cahn, Aaron	Douglas		1861
Campbell, John C.	Otoe	1864	1855[2],57[2],59
Campbell, Marshall S.	Otoe		1866[4]
Cardwell, James A.	Lancaster, Cass, Clay		1857[1]
Cassell, John	Otoe		1858
Cavins, Adin G.	Otoe		1860
Chalfant, James Madison	Cass, Lancaster		1861
Chambers, Samuel A.	Nemaha, Johnson		1855[2],57[1] [2]
Chapin, William Franklin	Cass, Lancaster		1861,66[4],67[3]
Chapman, John W.	Cass, Lancaster	1865,66[4]	1864
Chase, Amos S.	Cedar, Dixon, L'Eau Qui Court		1860
Cheever, John H.	Cass, Otoe, Dodge	1858,59	
Chilcott, George M.	Burt, Cuming		1857[1]
Child, Edward P.	Douglas		1867[3]
Clancy, William	Washington, Douglas	1857[1] [2]	1855[1] [2]
Clark, Elam L.	Lancaster, Seward, Saunders		1867[3]
Clark, Elias Hicks	Washington		1866[4]
Clark, Merrill H.	Douglas		1860,61
Clark, Milton F.	Nemaha, Johnson		1858
Clark, Munson H.	Dodge	1855[1]	
Clarke, Henry T.	Burt, Sarpy, Washington	1864	1861
Clayes, George	Douglas		1857[2],58
Cleburne, William	Sarpy		1860
Closser, J.	Otoe		1861
Cody, Milo K.	Johnson		1865
Cole, Broad	Cass		1857[1]
Cole, Dimitt	Cass		1867[3]
Coleman, Thomas	Dakota		1860
Collier, David L.	Burt, Cuming		1858,59
Collier, Thomas T.	Dakota	1859	
Collins, Thomas J.	Richardson		1867[3]
Connor, William	Washington		1857[1]
Conoyer, Charles M.	Douglas		1865
Cooper, Paris G.	Washington		1857[2],58
Cotterell, Matthew S.	Dodge		1860
Cowles, Charles H.	Otoe, Pierce	1855[1] [2]	1860
Cowles, Henry Clinton	Otoe		1857[1]
Cowles, James Harvey	Pierce		1855[1]
Crawford, George N.	Sarpy		1867[3]
Crawford, William G.	Dakota, Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court	1858	1857[2]
Critchfield, Andrew J.	Douglas		1865
Cromwell, A. F.	Richardson, Pawnee		1857[1] [2]
Crothers, John	Nemaha		1861
Crouch, Mason	Otoe		1865
Crounse, Lorenzo	Richardson		1866[4]
Crowe, George	Nemaha		1859,61,65,67[3]

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name	District	Council	House
Croxton, John H.	Otoe		1861
Curran, Sterrett M.	Douglas		1867[3]
Daily, Samuel G.	Nemaha, Johnson		1858
Daily, William	Nemaha		1867[3]
Dash, Joseph	Nemaha		1864
Davidson, Fleming	Douglas		1855[1]
Davidson, James	Sarpy		1857[2],60
Davis, Alexander	Douglas		1855[2]
Davis, Charles D.	Washington		1858
Davis, Josiah W.	Dakota		1864
Davis, Oscar F.	Douglas		1861
Davis, Thomas	Douglas		1855[1]
Davis, William Rose	Cass, Lancaster		1858,59,60
Dean, Archibald C.	Richardson, Pawnee		1858
Decker, James H.	Otoe, Pierce		1855[1 2],57[2]
DePuy, Henry W.	Dodge, Platte, Wash.		1858,60
Deweese, James M.	Richardson		1867[3]
Doane, George W.	Burt, Washington, Sarpy, Douglas	1858,59,67[3]	
Donelan, Edmund Armstrong	Cass, Clay, Lancaster, Gage	1858,59	1857[2]
Doom, James E.	Cass, Otoe, Dodge, Lancaster, Saline, Saunders, Seward	1864,67[3]	
Doom, Robert G.	Cass		1858
Dorsey, Charles G.	Nemaha		1864
Dorsey, Jonathan E.	Dodge		1867[3]
Downs, Hiram P.	Otoe		1857[1],60
Doyle, Eli R.	Dodge		1855[1]
Drexel, Frederick	Douglas		1866[4]
Duerfeldt, Gustavus	Richardson		1867[3]
Duggan, Daniel	Dakota		1867[3]
Dundy, Elmer S.	Richardson, Pawnee	1858[5],59,60,61	
Dunning, Oliver W.	Richardson		1865
Dyson, Joseph	Douglas		1857[1]
Eikenberry, Samuel	Cass, Lancaster		1861
Eisley, Charles	Washington		1866[4]
Elbert, Samuel H.	Cass, Otoe, Dodge	1860	
Ellis, Joseph C.	Otoe		1857[1]
Ely, William H.	Dodge		1865
Emry, Elias L.	Douglas		1865
Evans, Frederick	Platte, Buffalo, Hall, Merrick		1865
Evans, John	Dodge	1855[2]	
Evans, John	Washington		1864
Ewing, John S.	Richardson		1861
Fairbrother, Geo.	Nemaha		1864
Faulkner, George	Richardson	1866[4]	
Finney, John	Douglas		1857[1]
Finney, William A.	Forney, Nemaha		1855[1 2],57[1]
Fisher, James O.	Dakota, Dixon, Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court		1864
Fisher, Thomas R.	Nemaha, Johnson	1864	1860
Fleming, William C.	Richardson, Pawnee		1858
Folsom, Benjamin R.	Burt	1855[1 2]	
Fowler, Edward W.	Pawnee		1860

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name	District	Council	House
Freeman, F. K.	Platte, Hall, Buffalo, Kearney, Monroe, Lincoln	1867[3]	
Frost, George W.	Douglas		1867[3]
Fuller, Abel B.	Cass		1867[3]
Furnas, Robert W.	Nemaha	1857[1] [2],58,59	
Gantt, Daniel	Douglas		1864
Gates, Amos	Sarpy		1857[2],60,64,65
Gibbs, Isaac L.	Otoe		1857[1]
Gibson, Thomas	Dodge		1855[2]
Gilmore, James A.	Otoe		1866[4]
Gilmour, William	Cass, Lancaster		1860
Goodwill, Taylor G.	Douglas	1855[1] [2]	
Goshen, Charles A.	Johnson, Clay, Gage		1859
Goss, John Q.	Burt, Washington, Sarpy	1860,61	
Goyer, Alfred D.	Douglas		1855[1]
Graves, John G.	Otoe		1867[3]
Gray, A. W.	Johnson		1866,67[3]
Grebe, Henry	Douglas		1860,64
Green, John	Nemaha		1866[4]
Gregory, John S., Jr.	Cass, Lancaster		1864
Griffey, Thomas L.	Dakota, Dixon, Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court	1865,66[4]	
Griffin, Joel T.	Douglas		1860,61
Griffing, George L.	Pawnee		1864
Gwyer, William A.	Douglas		1858
Hacker, Jonas	Nemaha		1860
Hagaman, Robert M.	Cedar, Dixon, L'Eau Qui Court		1861
Hagood, John McF.	Cass		1855[2],65
Hail, William B.	Pierce, Otoe		1855[1] [2],57[1] [2],58
Hall, George A.	Cedar, Dixon, L'Eau Qui Court		1865
Hanscom, Andrew J.	Douglas		1855[1],57[1],59
Hardenburgh, E. H.	Lancaster		1867[3]
Harsh, Levi	Douglas		1855[2]
Hart, John Jay	Richardson		1866[4]
Harvey, Augustus Ford	Otoe		1867[3]
Haywood, Charles F.	Nemaha		1867[3]
Heaton, Isaac E.	Dodge		1864
Hedde, Frederick A. P.	Hall, Monroe, Buffalo, Kearney, Lincoln		1860,64
Hedges, Rochester	Otoe		1865
Heffernan, John	Dakota		1865
Hicklin, William M.	Otoe		1867[3]
Hinsdale, George A.	Dakota		1859
Hitchcock, Horace M.	Washington		1865
Hoback, Robert D.	Cass, Lancaster		1864
Hobbs, Lorenzo	Burt, Cuming		1864
Hoile, Joseph T.	Richardson		1867[3]
Holladay, Andrew S.	Nemaha	1865,66[4]	1861
Holloway, Charles T.	Douglas, Sarpy		1857[1] [2]
Hoover, James T. A.	Cass		1865
Hoover, Jerome	Nemaha, Richardson		1855[2]
Hyde, Judson R.	Burt		1860

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name	District	Council	House
Imlay, William	Lancaster, Seward, Saunders		1865
Jackson, Alfred H.	Dakota, Cedar, Dixon, L'Eau Qui Court	1864	
Johnson, Eugene H.	Richardson		1865
Johnson, Harrison	Douglas		1857[1],59
Johnston, David M.	Richardson		1855[1]
Jones, Alfred D.	Douglas	1855[1 2]	1861
Jones, Edward C.	Dakota, Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court		1857[1 2]
Jones, Lewis E.	Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court, Dixon		1866[4]
Keeling, William Wesley	Nemaha		1859
Kelley, John E.	Platte		1867[3]
Kempton, William	Cass		1855[1]
Kennedy, Benj. Eli Barnet	Douglas	1865,66[4]	1864
Kennedy, George F.	Douglas		1859
Kimball, Richard	Douglas		1857[1]
King, Wingate	Richardson, Pawnee		1857[2]
Kirk, Abel Downing	Richardson		1855[2]
Kirkpatrick, Samuel M.	Cass, Otoe, Dodge	1855[2],57[1 2],61	1865
Kline, Lewis M.	Washington		1858
Laird, William	Cass		1855[2]
Lake, George B.	Douglas		1859,64,66
Langdon, Martin	Sarpy		1865
Larimer, William, Jr.	Douglas		1855[2]
Larsh, Napoleon B.	Otoe		1861
Lash, Joseph	Nemaha		1864
Latham, John M.	Cass		1855[1]
Latta, William S.	Cass, Lancaster		1859
Lawrence, Isaac C.	Nemaha		1857[1]
Leaming, Silas T.	Burt		1861
Lee, George F.	Otoe		1858
Lefler, North P.	Sarpy		1866[4]
Leighton, A. C.	Saline, Butler, Kearney, Lincoln		1865
Lincoln, Justus Casner	Richardson		1864
Link, Harvey	Douglas		1867[3]
Little, William A.	Douglas	1859,60,61,64	
Lockwood, William F.	Dakota		1860
Lowe, Samuel A.	Douglas		1860
McCandlish, William N.	Washington		1865
McCartney, Allen T.	Otoe		1864
McCasland, Jeremiah N.	Pawnee, Clay, Gage, Johnson, Jones	1865,66[4]	1859
McCormick, John	Douglas	1864	
McDonald, Charles	Pawnee, Richardson	1857[1 2],58[5]	1855[2]
McLaughlin, Daniel	Cedar, Dakota, Dixon, L'Eau Qui Court		1861
McLennan, William	Otoe		1864
McPherson, John	Nemaha, Johnson	1861	
Maddox, Wilson Meeks	Pierce		1855[1]
Majors, Thomas Jefferson	Nemaha	1867[3]	
Malcolm, A. B.	Douglas		1859
Marquett, Turner Mastin	Cass, Clay, Lancaster, Gage	1860,61,64	1857[2],58,59

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name	District	Council	House
Mason, Oliver P.	Otoe	1864,65,66[4]	1858
Mathias, Alfred	Otoe		1860
Maxon, John H.	Otoe		1866[4]
Maxwell, Samuel	Cass, Lancaster		1859,65,66[4]
Mead, Giles	Washington		1860
Megeath, James Gabriel	Douglas		1866[4]
Millard, Ezra T.	Douglas		1860
Miller, George L.	Douglas	1857[1 2],58,59	1855[2]
Miller, Jason G.	Cass, Lancaster, Saline, Seward	1865,66[4]	
Minick, John S.	Nemaha, Johnson		1857[2]
Mitchell, James C.	Washington	1855[1 2]	
Moore, William E.	Douglas	1858	1855[2],57[1]
Morton, J. Sterling	Otoe		1855[2],57[2]
Mullen, Louden	Cass, Lancaster		1860
Murphy, Michael	Douglas		1857[1 2]
Myers, Nathan	Richardson		1859
Neligh, John D.	Burt, Cuming, Washington	1867[3]	1865
Newman, Henry A.	Otoe		1864
Noel, Jesse	Nemaha, Johnson		1858,59
Norwood, Charles C.	Sarpy		1858
Nuckolls, Houston	Richardson		1859
Nuckolls, Lafayette	Cass	1855	
Nuckolls, Stephen F.	Otoe		1859
O'Connor, Cornelius	Dakota		1861,64,66[4]
Paddock, Joseph Williamson	Douglas		1857[2],66[4]
Parchen, William	Richardson		1866[4]
Pardee, Henry C.	Cass, Lancaster		1864
Parker, Hiram W.	Johnson, Clay, Gage		1860
Parmelee, Daniel S.	Douglas		1867[3]
Perkins, Alonzo	Washington		1857[2 5]
Petit, Samuel	Nemaha		1865
Phillips, William B.	Nemaha		1865,66[4]
Pickard, James W.	Douglas		1865
Pollock, William A.	Nemaha		1866[4]
Poppleton, Andrew J.	Douglas		1855[1],57[2]
Porter, Henry B.	Richardson		1860,61
Porter, John Redmond	Douglas	1858,59,64, 65,66[4]	
Porter, Nathan S.	Dixon, Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court		1864,65
Presson, William A.	Richardson	1867[3]	
Puett, Alfred W.	Dakota	1857[1 2]	
Purple, Hascall C.	Burt		1855[1]
Ramsey, James D.	Richardson, Pawnee		1858,66[4]
Rankin, Benjamin P.	Sarpy		1858
Reck, John	Platte, Green, Calhoun, Butler		1859,61
Reddick, John Irwin	Douglas		1860
Reed, William H.	Cass		1860
Reed, William S.	Nemaha		1861
Reeves, Mills S.	Otoe	1857[1 2],58, 59,67[3]	
Renner, Frederick	Otoe		1864
Reynolds, Herman Myer	Gage, Jones		1865

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name	District	Council	House
Reynolds, Milton W.	Otoe		1859,61
Rice, Lorenzo	Nemaha		1864
Richardson, J. W.	Dodge		1855[1]
Richardson, Origen D.	Douglas	1855[1 2]	
Riden, Mastin W.	Otoe		1855[2]
Ritchie, John	Douglas		1864
Robb, Daniel B.	Otoe		1857[2]
Robertson, John B.	Burt		1855[1]
Robertson, Theodore H.	Sarpy		1866[4]
Robinson, James	Johnson		1866[4]
Roeder, Augustus	Douglas		1858
Rogers, Eliphus Hibbard	Dodge, Sarpy	1867[3]	1859
Rogers, Pleasant M.	Richardson, Pawnee		1857[2]
Rogers, Samuel E.	Douglas	1855[1 2],57[1 2]	
Rohwer, Hans J.	Washington		1864
Rolfe, DeForest P.	Otoe		1867[3]
Rose, Amazial M.	Otoe, Cass		1855[2]
Ross, Hugh M.	Gage, Jones		1867[3]
Rowles, William D.	Sarpy		1861
Safford, Jacob	Dodge, Cass, Otoe	1857[1 2]	
Salisbury, Alonzo F.	Douglas	1857[1 2]	1855[2]
Sapp, William F.	Douglas	1861	
Scott, George E.	Washington	1858,59	
Seeley, Jonas	Douglas		1857[1]
Seeley, Silas E.	Dodge, Platte		1857[1]
Seymour, Charles W.	Otoe		1864
Seymour, James H.	Douglas		1858,61
Sharp, Joseph L.	Richardson	1855[1 2]	
Sharp, Neal Johnson	Richardson		1857[1]
Sheldon, Lawson	Cass, Clay, Gage, Lancaster	1867[3]	1857[2]
Shields, Matthew J.	Sarpy		1858,59
Sibley, Samuel P.	Otoe		1860
Sim, Francis	Otoe		1864
Singleton, John A.	Richardson, Pawnee		1855[1],57[1]
Slaughter, William M.	Cass		1857[1]
Smith, Andrew J.	Washington		1855[1]
Smith, James G.	Dodge		1866[4]
Smith, Joel S.	Douglas		1864
Sollenberger, Jacob	Otoe		1860
Steele, Robert W.	Douglas		1858
Steinberger, John A.	Douglas		1857[1 2],58
Stephenson, John N.	Cass, Lancaster		1859
Stewart, Alexander S.	Pawnee, Johnson, Clay, Jones, Gage	1867[3]	
Stewart, J. S.	Douglas		1857[2]
Stewart, James	Douglas		1858
Stewart, James A.	Washington		1857[1 2],59
Stout, Elisha P.	Washington		1857[1]
Strickland, Silas A.	Douglas, Sarpy	1860	1857[1 2],59
Stuefer, Martin	Burt, Cuming		1867[3]
Sullivan, Potter C.	Washington		1855[2],57[2 5]
Taffe, John	Dakota, Dixon, Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court	1860,61	1858,59
Taggart, John M.	Dodge, Platte		1857[2]
Taylor, John W.	Nemaha		1865,66[4]
Taylor, William H.	Otoe	1858,59,60,61	

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATORS—Concluded

Name	District	Council	House
Thayer, John M.	Douglas	1860	
Thompson, Joseph D. N.	Cass		1855[1]
Thorn, James	Otoe		1866[4]
Thrall, Wm. Rockwell	Douglas		1857[2]
Tipton, Thomas W.	Nemaha, Johnson	1860	
Tisdel, Freeman A.	Richardson		1860,65
Todd, Levi G.	Cass, Lancaster		1864
Trumble, Abner W.	Sarpy		1867[3]
Tufts, James	Dixon, Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court		1859
Tuxbury, Albert	Otoe		1866[4]
Unthank, John A.	Washington	1860,61	
Van Horn, Joseph	Cass, Clay, Gage, Lancaster		1857[2]
Waldter, Louis	Nemaha		1867[3]
Wallichs, John	Platte, Hall, Buffalo, Merrick		1866[4],67[3]
Walther, Charles F.	Richardson		1865
Wardell, William W.	Otoe	1867[1,3]	
Warrick, Amasa S.	Washington		1867[3]
Wasson, James B.	Otoe		1858
Wattles, Stephen H.	Sarpy		1858,61
Watts, Samuel F.	Dakota		1857[1]
Welch, Frank	Burt	1864	
West, George P.	Otoe		1865
Whalen, John	Sarpy		1864
Whaley, Charles H.	Butler, Calhoun, Green, Platte		1860
White, James D.	Otoe		1857[1]
Whitted, Robert B.	Douglas		1855[1]
Wilbur, Russel H.	Dakota, Cedar, Dixon, L'Eau Qui Court		1866[4]
Wiles, Isaac	Cass, Lancaster		1861,67[3]
Wolph, Henry C.	Cass		1857[1]
Wood, Joel Martin	Forney		1855[1]
Young, William J.	Cass		1858

[1] First session.

[2] Second session.

[3] Member of Territorial Legislature which met January 10, 1867. See explanation, Section III, State Government Legislative Branch.

[4] Member of Territorial Legislature which met January 4, 1866. See explanation, Section III, State Government Legislative Branch.

[5] Seats contested: Asa M. Acton was unseated December 29, 1860; Charles McDonald resigned in 1858 after his seat was contested by Elmer S. Dundy; Alonzo Perkins was seated December 21, 1857; and Potter C. Sullivan was unseated in 1857.

STATE OFFICERS OF NEBRASKA FROM ITS ORGANIZATION

All state elections are held on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the even-numbered years. The term of all elective officers begins on the Thursday after the first Tuesday in January of the odd-numbered years.

GOVERNORS[1]

David Butler, R., ...Mar. 27, 1867-June 2, 1871[2]
William H. James, R., ...June 2, 1871-Jan. 13, 1873[3]
Robert W. Furnas, R., ...1873-1875
Silas Garber, R., ...1875-1879
Albinus Nance, R., ...1879-1883
James W. Dawes, R., ...1883-1887
John M. Thayer, R., ...1887-1891
1891-1892[4]
James E. Boyd, D., ...1891-1891
1892-1893[5]
Lorenzo Crounse, R., ...1893-1895
Silas A. Holcomb, F., ...1895-1899
William A. Poynter, F., ...1899-1901
Charles H. Dietrich, R., ...1901-1901[6]
Ezra P. Savage, R., ...1901-1903[7]
John H. Mickey, R., ...1903-1907
George L. Sheldon, R., ...1907-1909
Ashton C. Shallenberger, D., ...1909-1911
Chester H. Aldrich, R., ...1911-1913
John H. Morehead, D., ...1913-1917
Keith Neville, D., ...1917-1919
Samuel R. McKelvie, R., ...1919-1923
Charles W. Bryan, D., ...1923-1925
1931-1935
Adam McMullen, R., ...1925-1929
Arthur J. Weaver, R., ...1929-1931
Robert Leroy Cochran, D., ...1935-1941
Dwight Griswold, R., ...1941-1947
Val Peterson, R., ...1947-1953
Robert B. Crosby, R., ...1953-1955
Victor E. Anderson, R., ...1955-1959
Ralph G. Brooks, D., ...1959-1960[8]
Dwight W. Burney, R., ...1960-1961[9]
Frank B. Morrison, D., ...1961-1967
Norbert T. Tiemann, R., ...1967-1971
J. J. Exon, D., ...1971-

[1] The political affiliation of the Governors is indicated as follows: R. Republican; D. Democrat; F. Fusion, made up of Populists and Democrats.
[2] Elected in 1866 but did not take office until after Nebraska became a state. Impeached.
[3] Acting Governor until inauguration of Governor Furnas.
[4] In office 1887 to January 15, 1891; May 5, 1891 to February 8, 1892.
[5] Election contested by Governor John M. Thayer. Suit delayed the final seating of Governor Boyd. In office January 15, 1891 to May 5, 1891; February 8, 1892-1893.
[6] In office from January 3, 1901 to May 1, 1901. Resigned.
[7] Acting Governor upon resignation of Governor Charles H. Dietrich.
[8] Died September 9, 1960.
[9] Acting Governor from September 9, 1960 to January 5, 1961.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS

Othman A. Abbott 1877-1879
Edmund C. Carns 1879-1883
A. W. Agee 1883-1885
H. H. Shedd 1885-1889
Geo. D. Meiklejohn 1889-1891
Thomas J. Majors 1891-1895
Robert E. Moore 1895-1897
James E. Harris 1897-1899
E. A. Gilbert 1899-1901
Ezra P. Savage 1901-1903
Edmund G. McGilton 1903-1907
M. R. Hopewell ....1907-1911[1]
S. R. McKelvie 1913-1915
James Pearson 1915-1917
Edgar Howard 1917-1919
Pelham A. Barrows 1919-1923

[1] Died May 2, 1911.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS—Concluded

Fred G. Johnson	1923-1925	Robert B. Crosby	1947-1949
George A. Williams	1925-1931	Charles J. Warner	1949-1955[3]
Theodore W. Metcalfe	1931-1933	Dwight W. Burney	1957-1965
Walter H. Jurgensen	1933-1938	Philip C. Sorensen	1965-1967
Nate M. Parsons	1938-1939[2]	John E. Everroad	1967-1971
William E. Johnson	1939-1943	Frank Marsh	1971-1975
Roy W. Johnson	1943-1947	Gerald T. Whelan	1975-

[2] Elected to fill unexpired term. In office November 8, 1938 to January 5, 1939.
[3] Died September 24, 1955.

SECRETARIES OF STATE

Thomas P. Kennard	1867-1871[1]	A. Galusha	1905-1907
William H. James	1871-1873	George C. Junkin	1907-1911
John J. Gosper	1873-1875	Addison Wait	1911-1915
Bruno Tzschuck	1875-1879	Charles W. Pool	1915-1919
S. J. Alexander	1879-1883		1923-1927
Edward P. Roggen	1883-1887	Darius M. Amsberry	1919-1923
Gilbert L. Laws	1887-1889[2]	Frank Marsh	1927-1933
Benjamin R. Cowdery	1889-1891[3]		1941-1951[4]
John C. Allen	1891-1895	Harry R. Swanson	1933-1941
Joel A. Piper	1895-1897	James S. Pittenger	1951-1953[5]
William F. Porter	1897-1901	Frank Marsh	1953-1971
George W. Marsh	1901-1905	Allen J. Beermann	1971-

[1] Term of office began February 21, 1867.
[2] Resigned November 20, 1889, to fill unexpired term in Congress caused by the death of James Laird.
[3] Appointed to fill vacancy.
[4] Died February 9, 1951.
[5] Appointed February 10, 1951 to fill vacancy.

STATE AUDITORS

John Gillespie	1867-1873[1]	W. B. Howard	1913-1915
Jefferson B. Weston	1873-1879	William H. Smith	1915-1919
F. W. Liedtke	1879-1880[2]	George W. Marsh	1919-1927
John Wallichs	1880-1885[3]		1931-1933
H. A. Babcock	1885-1889	L. B. Johnson	1927-1931
Thomas H. Benton	1889-1893	W. B. Price	1933-1935[4]
Eugene Moore	1893-1897	Fred C. Ayres	1935-1937[5]
John F. Cornell	1897-1901	William H. Price	1937-1939
Charles Weston	1901-1905	Ray C. Johnson	1939-1971
Edward N. Searle, Jr.	1905-1909	Ray A. C. Johnson	1971-
Silas R. Barton	1909-1913		

[1] Term of office began February 21, 1867.
[2] In office from 1879 to November 11, 1880.
[3] In office from November 12, 1880 to 1885.
[4] In office from 1933 to August 19, 1935.
[5] In office from August 20, 1935 to 1937.

STATE TREASURERS

Augustus Kountze	1867-1869[1]
James Sweet	1869-1871
Henry A. Koenig	1871-1875
J. C. McBride	1875-1879
George M. Bartlett	1879-1883
Phelps D. Sturdevant	1883-1885
Charles H. Willard	1885-1889
John E. Hill	1889-1893
Joseph S. Bartley	1893-1897
John B. Meserve	1897-1901
William Stuefer	1901-1903
Peter Mortensen	1903-1907
L. G. Brian	1907-1911
Walter A. George	1911-1915
George E. Hall	1915-1919
	1933-1936[2]
Daniel B. Cropsey	1919-1923
C. D. Robinson	1923-1927
W. M. Stebbins	1927-1931
T. W. Bass	1931-1933
	1939[3]
H. J. Murray	1936-1937[4]
Walter H. Jensen	1937-1939
John Havekost	1939-1941[5]
L. B. Johnson	1941-1943
Carl G. Swanson	1943-1945[6]
Edward Gillette	1946-1951[7]
Frank B. Heintze	1951-1955
Ralph W. Hill	1955-1958[8]
Bertha I. Hill	1958-1959[9]
Richard R. Larsen	1959-1961
Clarence L. E. Swanson	1961-1964[10]
P. Merle Humphries	1964-1965[11]
Fred Sorensen	1965-1967
Wayne R. Swanson	1967-1975
Frank Marsh	1975-

[1] Term of office began February 21, 1867.
[2] In office 1933 to December 21, 1936.
[3] Died August 21, 1939.
[4] In office December 21, 1936 to January 7, 1937.
[5] In office August 26, 1939 to 1941.
[6] In office 1943 to December 31, 1945.
[7] Appointed to fill vacancy January 1, 1946. Elected in November, 1946, for full term.
[8] Died July 13, 1958.
[9] Appointed to fill vacancy July, 1958.
[10] Died April 5, 1964.
[11] Appointed to fill vacancy April 10, 1964.

COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC LANDS AND BUILDINGS

(Office created in 1875.)

F. M. Davis	1877-1881
A. G. Kendall	1881-1885
Joseph Scott	1885-1889
John Steen	1889-1891
A. R. Humphrey	1891-1895
Henry C. Russell	1895-1897
Jacob V. Wolfe	1897-1901
George D. Follmer	1901-1905
Henry M. Eaton	1905-1909
E. B. Cowles	1909-1913
Fred Beckmann	1913-1917
G. L. Shumway	1917-1919
Dan Swanson	1919-1933
Harry P. Conklin	1933-1935
Leo N. Swanson	1935-1939

(Office abolished by constitutional amendment, 1936 and by statute in 1937.)

ATTORNEYS GENERAL

Champion S. Chase	1867-1869[1]
Seth Robinson	1869-1871
George H. Roberts	1871-1873
	1875-1879
J. R. Webster	1873-1875
C. J. Dilworth	1879-1883
Norris Brown	1905-1907
Isaac Powers, Jr.	1883-1885
William Leese	1885-1891
George H. Hastings	1891-1895
Arthur S. Churchill	1895-1897
Constantine J. Smyth	1897-1901
Frank N. Prout	1901-1905
Paul F. Good	1933-1935

[1] Term began February 21, 1867.

ATTORNEYS GENERAL—Concluded

William T. Thompson	1907-1910[2]	Richard C. Hunter	1937-1939
Arthur F. Mullen	1910-1911[3]	Walter R. Johnson	1939-1949
Grant G. Martin	1911-1915	James H. Anderson	1949-1950[3]
Willis E. Reed	1915-1919	Clarence S. Beck	1950-1961[4]
Clarence A. Davis	1919-1923	Harold P. Caldwell	1951[5]
O. S. Spillman	1923-1929	Clarence A. H. Meyer	1961-1975
C. A. Sorensen	1929-1933	Paul L. Douglas	1975-
William H. Wright	1935-1937		

[2] Resigned.
[3] Appointed to fill vacancy. In office October 31, 1910 to January 5, 1911.
[4] Appointed to fill vacancy, March 1, 1950. Elected in November, 1950, for full term.
[5] Elected for short term. In office about 31 hours.

SUPERINTENDENTS OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

(Office created by act of February 15, 1869.)
(Office abolished by constitutional amendment, 1952 and by statute in 1953.)

S. Dewitt Beals	1869-1871[1]	E. C. Bishop	1909-1911
J. M. McKenzie	1871-1877	James W. Crabtree	1911[2]
S. R. Thompson	1877-1881	James E. Delzell	1911-1915[3]
W. W. W. Jones	1881-1887	A. O. Thomas	1915-1917
George B. Lane	1887-1891	W. H. Clemmons	1917-1920[4]
A. K. Goudy	1891-1895	John M. Matzen	1920-1927[5]
Henry R. Corbett	1895-1897	Charles W. Taylor	1927-1943
William R. Jackson	1897-1901	Wayne O. Reed	1943-1950[6]
William K. Fowler	1901-1905	Otto G. Ruff	1950-1951[7]
Jasper L. McBrien	1905-1909	Freeman B. Decker	1951-1955

[1] Appointed by Governor Butler February 16, 1869.
[2] Resigned. In office January to October 1911.
[3] In office October, 1911 to January, 1915.
[4] In office 1917 to January 1920.
[5] In office January 15, 1920 to 1927.
[6] Resigned.
[7] Appointed to fill vacancy until general election.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

(Board created by 1953 Legislature.)

Frank E. Landis	1955-	Gerald T. Whelan	1971-1974[1]
Morris E. Jacobs	1955-1959[2]	Shirley A. Peterson	1971-1975
Walter A. Steffen	1955[1]	Marilyn Fowler	1971-
Hamilton F. Mitten	1955[2]-1967	Francis Y. Knapple	1971-1975
W. Ray Hill	1955-1967	Patrick L. Cooney	1971-1973[3]
A. J. Crabtree	1955-1965	R. Jerry Hargitt	1973-1977
Raymond M. Gilmore	1955-1965	Walter L. Moller	1973-1977
Frank C. Heinisch	1959-1964[4]	Willard H. Waldo	1973-1977
Norman A. Otto	1964-1971[5]	Dorothy Weyer Creigh	1974[7]-
Robert G. Simmons, Jr.	1965-1971	Margaret Lockwood	1975-
John A. Wagoner	1965-1971	Harold O. Peterson	1975-
Allen P. Burkhardt	1967-1973	James H. Monahan	1977-
Lloyd V. Wright	1967-1973	Walter M. Thompson	1977-
Mrs. Deborah Shepherd	1969-1971	Don H. Lienemann	1977-
John K. Londay	1969-1971		

[1] Resigned.
[2] Appointed to fill vacancy. Elected November 1956 and reelected in 1960.
[3] Resigned January 3, 1959.
[4] Appointed to fill vacancy in 1959. Elected in 1962. Died September 22, 1964.
[5] Appointed December 23, 1964, to fill vacancy. Resigned February, 1971.
[6] Appointed February 18, 1971, to fill vacancy.
[7] Appointed January 18, 1974, to fill vacancy. Elected in November, 1974.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSIONERS[22]

H. J. Winnett	1907-1913
Robert Cowell	1907[1]
H. T. Clarke, Jr.	1907-1917[2]
J. A. Williams	1907-1909
W. H. Cowgill	1909-1910[3]
W. J. Furse	1910-1911[4]
T. L. Hall	1911-1921[5]
H. G. Taylor	1913-1927[6]
Victor E. Wilson	1917-1919[7]
Thorne A. Brown	1919-1926[8]
H. L. Cook	1921-1923[9]
C. A. Randall	1923-1935
John H. Miller	1926-1933[10]
John E. Curtiss	1927-1930[11]
Hugh Drake	1930-1937[12]
Floyd L. Bollen	1933-1939
Will M. Maupin	1935-1941
F. A. Good	1937-1943
Duane T. Swanson	1939-1948[13]
Richard H. Larson	1941-1947
	1949-1967
John Knickrehm	1943-1949
Walter F. Roberts	1947-1952[14]
Einar Viren	1948[15]
Harold A. Palmer	1949-1954[17]
Joseph J. Brown	1952[16]-1971
Paul Pettygrove	1955-1957[18]
Wayne R. Swanson	1957-1967
Robert T. Marland	1967-1969[19]
	1971-1977
Frederick N. Peterson	1965-1970[20]
John W. Swanson	1965-1975
James F. Munnelly	1967-
Eric C. Rasmussen	1969-
L. E. Adams	1970-1971[21]
Duane Gay	1971-
Jack Romans	1975-
Harold D. Simpson	1977-

[1] Resigned April 4, 1907.
[2] Appointed April 4, 1907, to fill vacancy. Elected 1907 to fill remainder of term. Re-elected 1910.
[3] Died October 6, 1910.
[4] Appointed November 7, 1910, to fill vacancy. Served until December 1, 1911.
[5] Elected 1911 to fill remainder of term. Re-elected 1914.
[6] Resigned July 1, 1927.
[7] Resigned September 30, 1919.
[8] Appointed October 1, 1919, to fill vacancy. Elected 1920. Resigned September 15, 1926.
[9] Elected 1920 to fill remainder of term.
[10] Appointed November 8, 1926, when he was commissioner-elect to fill vacancy.
[11] Appointed July 1, 1927 to fill vacancy. Elected 1928 to fill remainder of term. Resigned September 1, 1930.
[12] Appointed September 1, 1930 to fill vacancy. Elected 1930.
[13] Resigned February 1, 1948.
[14] Resigned April 1, 1952.
[15] Appointed February 1, 1948. Resigned November, 1948.
[16] Appointed April 3, 1952, to fill vacancy. Elected 1952. Re-elected 1958 and 1964.
[17] Elected 1948 to fill remainder of term. Re-elected 1950. Died December 5, 1954.
[18] Appointed January 4, 1955, to fill vacancy.
[19] Appointed February 13, 1967, to fill vacancy. Elected 1971.
[20] Died April 18, 1970.
[21] Appointed May 15, 1970 to fill vacancy.
[22] Formerly Railway Commissioners. Name changed by 1972 Constitutional Amendment.

SUPREME COURT JUSTICES

	Supreme Court Term of Office	Chief Justice Term of Office	Associate Justice Term of Office
William A. Little[1]	-	-	-
Oliver P. Mason[2]	1867-1873	1867-1873	-
George B. Lake	1867-1884	1873-1878	1867-1873
		1882-1884	1878-1882
Lorenzo Crounse	1867-1873	-	1867-1873
Daniel Gantt[3]	1873-1878	1878	1873-1878
Samuel Maxwell	1873-1894	1878-1882	1873-1878
		1886-1888	1882-1886
		1892-1894	1888-1892
Amasa Cobb[4]	1878-1892	1884-1886	1878-1884
		1890-1892	1886-1890

[1] Elected 1867 but died before he qualified.
[2] Appointed 1867. Elected 1868.
[3] Died May 29, 1878.
[4] Appointed 1878 to fill vacancy created by death of Chief Justice Gantt. Elected 1879.

SUPREME COURT JUSTICES—Continued

	Supreme Court Term of Office	Chief Justice Term of Office	Associate Justice Term of Office
Manoah B. Reese	1884-1890	1888-1890	1884-1888
	1908-1915	1909-1915	1908-1909
T. L. Norval	1890-1902	1894-1896	1890-1894
		1900-1902	1896-1900
Alfred M. Post	1892-1898	1896-1898	1892-1896
T. O. C. Harrison	1894-1900	1898-1900	1894-1898
John J. Sullivan	1898-1904	1902-1904	1898-1902
Silas A. Holcomb	1900-1906	1904-1906	1900-1904
Samuel H. Sedgwick[5]	1902-1908	1906-1908	1902-1906
	1910-1919	-	1910-1919
John B. Barnes	1904-1917	1908-1909	1904-1907
			1909-1917
Charles B. Letton	1906-1925	-	1906-1925
James R. Dean[6]	1909-1910	-	1909-1910
	1917-1935	-	1917-1935
Jesse L. Root[6]	1909-1911	-	1909-1911
Jacob Fawcett[6]	1909-1917	Acting[7]	1909-1917
William Rose[6]	1909-1943	-	1909-1943
Francis G. Hamer[9]	1911-1918	-	1911-1918
Conrad Hollenbeck[8]	Jan. 7-21, 1915	Jan. 7-21, 1915	-
			-
Andrew M. Morrissey[10]	1915-1927	1915-1927	-
Albert J. Cornish[11]	1917-1920	-	1917-1920
Chester H. Aldrich[12]	1918-1924	-	1918-1924
Leonard A. Flansburg[13]	1920-1923	-	1920-1923
George A. Day[14]	1920-1927	-	1920-1927
Edward E. Good[15]	1923-1937	-	1923-1937
W. H. Thompson[16]	1924-1931	-	1924-1931
Robert E. Evans[17]	1925	-	1925
George A. Eberly[18]	1925-1943	-	1925-1943
Charles A. Goss[19]	1927-1938	1927-1938	-
Francis S. Howell[20]	1928-1929	-	1928-1929
L. B. Day[21]	1929-1938	-	1929-1938
Bayard H. Paine	1931-1949	-	1931-1949
Edward F. Carter	1935-1971	-	1935-1971
Frederick W. Messmore[22]	1937-1965	-	1937-1965

[5] Died December 25, 1919.
[6] Constitutional amendment approved in 1908 increased membership of justices from three to seven. The Governor appointed four judges, two to serve until successors were elected in general election of 1909, and the other two to serve until successors were elected in general election of 1911.
[7] Acting Chief Justice, January 21, to January 25, 1915.
[8] Died January 21, 1915.
[9] Died August 10, 1918.
[10] Appointed Chief Justice January 25, 1915, to fill vacancy created by death of Chief Justice Hollenbeck.
[11] Died April 18, 1920.
[12] Appointed November 16, 1918, to fill vacancy created by death of Justice Hamer. Justice Aldrich died March 10, 1924.
[13] Appointed April 21, 1920, to fill vacancy created by death of Justice Cornish.
[14] Appointed January 8, 1920, to fill vacancy created by death of Justice Sedgwick. Justice Day died December 20, 1927.
[15] Died August 4, 1937.
[16] Appointed April 15, 1924, to fill vacancy created by death of Justice Aldrich.
[17] Died July 8, 1925.
[18] Appointed July 24, 1925, to fill vacancy created by death of Justice Evans.
[19] Died August 13, 1938.
[20] Appointed December 29, 1927, to fill vacancy created by death of Justice George A. Day.
[21] Died November 22, 1938.
[22] Appointed August 9, 1937, to fill vacancy created by death of Justice Edward E. Good.

SUPREME COURT JUDGES—Concluded

	Supreme Court Term of Office	Chief Justice Term of Office	Associate Justice Term of Office
Harvey M. Johnsen[23]	1939-1940	-	1939-1940
Robert G. Simmons[24]	1939-1963	1939-1963	-
John W. Yeager[25]	1941-1965	-	1941-1965
E. B. Chappell	1943-1961	-	1943-1961
Adolph E. Wenke[26]	1943-1961	-	1943-1961
P. E. Boslaugh	1949-1961	-	1949-1961
Harry A. Spencer	1961-	-	1961-
Leslie Boslaugh	1961-	-	1961-
Robert C. Brower[27]	1961-1967	-	1961-1967
Paul W. White	1963-	1963-	-
Hale McCown[28]	1965-	-	1965-
Robert L. Smith[28]	1965-1973[29]	-	1965-1973[29]
John E. Newton[28]	1967-1977	-	1967-1977[29]
Lawrence M. Clinton[28]	1971-	-	1971-
Donald Brodkey[28]	1974-	-	1974-
C. Thomas White[28]	1977-	-	1977-

[23] Appointed November 28, 1938, to fill vacancy created by death of Justice L. B. Day. Term began January 3, 1939. Resigned November 8, 1940, upon appointment to United States Circuit Court.
[24] Appointed November 12, 1938, to fill vacancy created by death of Chief Justice Goss. Term began January 5, 1939.
[25] Appointed November 18, 1940, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Justice Johnsen.
[26] Died March 3, 1961.
[27] Appointed March 13, 1961, to fill unexpired term of Justice A. E. Wenke who died.
[28] Appointed by Governor to fill vacancy.
[29] Resigned.

SUPREME COURT COMMISSIONERS

Robert Ryan	1893-1899	Edward E. Good	1907-1909
John M. Ragan	1893-1899	Elisha C. Calkins	1907-1909
Frank Irvine	1893-1899	Jesse L. Root	1908-1909
William G. Hastings	1901-1904	William C. Parriott	1915-1919
George A. Day	1901-1902	Grant C. Martin	1915-1919
John S. Kirkpatrick	1901-1904	Fred O. McGirr	1915-1919
Willis D. Oldham	1901-1906	Franklin Shotwell	1919
Samuel H. Sedgwick	1901-1902	Leonard A. Flansburg	1919-1920
Roscoe Pound	1901-1902	William C. Dorsey	1919-1921
Edward Duffie	1901-1909	George W. Tibbets	1919-1921
John H. Ames	1901-1907		1925-1929
I. L. Albert	1901-1907	William M. Cain	1920-1921
Charles S. Lobingier	1902-1903	John C. Martin	1925-1929
Richard C. Glanville	1902-1903	Thomas F. Neighbors	1925-1927
Charles B. Letton	1902-1906	William T. Thompson	1925-1929
John B. Barnes	1902-1904	Charles E. Sandall	1925-1929
Jacob Fawcett	1904-1908	Wilmer W. Wilson	1925-1931
N. D. Jackson	1905-1909	Frederick L. Wolff	1927-1931
Ambrose C. Epperson	1906-1909	Claude A. Davis	1928-1931

CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT

George Armstrong, appointed June 11, 1867.

REPORTERS OF THE SUPREME COURT

	Appointed		Term
J. M. Woolworth	1870	Walter D. James	1944-1945[1]
Lorenzo Crounse	1873	Wm. E. Peters	Mar. 4, 1968-1971
Henry P. Stoddart	1921-1944	H. Emerson Kokjer	1971-1977
		Marvin L. Green	1977-

[1] Appointed Reporter of the Supreme Court December 1, 1944 and served until February 23, 1945.

REPORTER OF SUPREME COURT AND REVISOR OF STATUTES

Walter D. James, 1944[1]-1968[2]

[1] In 1945 the Legislature provided that the Reporter of the Supreme Court should serve ex officio as Revisor of Statutes. In 1967 the Legislature created the office of Revisor of Statutes within the Legislative Council effective July 1, 1967.
[2] Died February 18, 1968.

STATE LIBRARIANS

Thomas P. Kennard, June 22, 1867. Wm. H. James, January 10, 1871.

CLERKS AND REPORTERS OF SUPREME COURT AND STATE LIBRARIANS

Guy A. Brown, appointed Clerk August 8, 1868. Appointed Librarian March 3, 1871. Appointed Reporter 1875. Died October 27, 1889.
Walter A. Leese, appointed October 29, 1889.
D. A. Campbell, July 14, 1890-May 1, 1900.
Lee Herdman, May 1, 1900-May 1, 1904.
Harry C. Lindsay, May 1, 1904-1921.

CLERKS OF SUPREME COURT AND STATE LIBRARIANS

Harry C. Lindsay, 1921-1927. Charles B. Letton, 1927-May 1, 1932.
George H. Turner, May 14, 1932-1977
Larry D. Donelson, 1977-

DISTRICT JUDGES[1]

Name	District	Address	Term
Ach, Joseph	7	Friend	1961-1971[1a]
Adams, Ed. L.	10	Minden	1900-1908
Albert, I. L.	6	Columbus	1898[2]
Allen, William V.	9	Madison	1892-1893[2]
			Mar.-Dec. 1899[2]
			1917-1924[2]
Ambrose, G. W.	4	Omaha	1892-1896
Ankeny, Harry R.	3	Lincoln	1945-1961
Appleget, Thomas	1	Tecumseh	1887-1892
Babcock, Albert H.	1	Beatrice	1892-1896
			1904-1905[4]
Baker, Benjamin S.	4	Omaha	1896-1902[4a]
Barnes, J. B.	6, 7	Ponca	1879-1884[5]
Barron, P. J.	17	Gering	1922-1927[6]
Bartlett, Edwin M.	4	Omaha	1904[7]
Bartos, Stanley	7	Wilber	1941-1961

[1] Prior to the Constitution of 1875, Judges of the Supreme Court were also assigned to a district court by statute.
[1a] Resigned 1971.
[2] Appointed December 31, 1897, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge J. J. Sullivan. Term began January 1, 1898.
[2] Resigned upon election to United States Senate. Appointed March 8, 1899, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Robinson. Resigned December 16, 1899. Died January 12, 1924.
[4] Died 1905.
[4a] Resigned January, 1902.
[5] Appointed in fall of 1879, to fill vacancy created by election of Judge Valentine to Congress in 1878. Elected November, 1879.
[6] Appointed December 15, 1922, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Hobart. Died April 11, 1927.
[7] Appointed April 9, 1904, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Baxter until election in November, 1904.

DISTRICT JUDGES—Continued

Name	District	Address	Term
Bartow, Alfred	15	Chadron	1892-1896
Bates, Edward	5	York	1891-1900[8]
Baxter, Irving F.	4	Omaha	1900-1904[9]
Beal, Henry J.	4	Omaha	1941-1953[10]
Beall, F. B.	10	Alma	1892-1896
		Hastings	1896-1900
Beck, Clarence S.	13	North Platte	1961-1965
Begley, James T.	2	Plattsmouth	1913-1934[11]
Blackledge, Lewis H.	10	Hastings	1921-1941
Blair, J. H.	4	Omaha	1892-1896
Blue, William D.	3	Lincoln	1972- [11a]
Boyd, James F.	9	Oakdale, Neligh	1900-1907[12]
Boyles, Bartlett E.	3	Lincoln	1963-1972[12a]
Broady, Jefferson H.	1	Beatrice	1884-1892
Broady, Jefferson H.	3	Lincoln	1923-1952[13]
Brodkey, Donald	4	Omaha	1961-1974[13a]
Brown, Ralph D.	7	Crete	1917-1925
Buckley, James A.	4	Omaha	1970- [13b]
Burke, John C.	4	Omaha	1961-
Bush, J.E.	1	Beatrice	1892-1896
Button, Frederick W.	6	Fremont	1915-1928[14]
Caniglia, Samuel P.	4	Omaha	1971-
Carrigan, Edmund B.	4	Blair	1927[15]
Carter, Edward F.	17	Gering	1927-1935[16]
Case, Raymond J.	2	Plattsmouth	1974- [16a]
Chadderdon, Norris	10	Holdrege	1958- [16b]
Chapman, Samuel M.	2	Plattsmouth	1887-1895
Chappell, E. B.	3	Lincoln	1929-1943[17]
Chase, Dewitt Clinton	9	Stanton	1924-1938[18]
Chase, Jackson B.	4	Omaha	1946-1954[19]
			1957-1961[19]
Church, A. H.	10, 13	North Platte	1889-1892[20]
Clark, John E.	4	Omaha	1972- [11a]

[8] Appointed 1891, in conformity with legislative act. Elected November, 1891.
[9] Resigned April 9, 1904.
[10] Appointed November 8, 1940, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Yeager. Term began January 9, 1941. Elected November, 1944. Died May 24, 1953.
[11] Appointed October 22, 1913, to fill vacancy created by Judge Travis. Elected November, 1916. Died 1934.
[11a] Appointed 1972, in conformity with legislative act.
[12] Elected November 6, 1900, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge William V. Allen (Douglas Cones, appointee, until election.) Resigned February 22, 1907.
[12a] Appointed December, 1962, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Paul W. White. Term began January 3, 1963. Died June, 1972.
[13] Appointed May 1, 1923, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge E. J. Clements. Elected November, 1924.
[13a] Resigned upon election to State Supreme Court.
[13b] Appointed January 21, 1970, in conformity with legislative act of 1969.
[14] Appointed December 1, 1914, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Hollenbeck. Term began January 1, 1915. Elected November, 1916. Died May 30, 1928.
[15] Appointed February 16, 1927, to fill vacancy. Died December 10, 1927.
[16] Appointed April 26, 1927, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Barron. Elected November, 1928. Elected Judge of Supreme Court, 1934.
[16a] Appointed May 31, 1974, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Walter H. Smith. Resigned 1974.
[16b] Appointed September 20, 1958, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Munday.
[17] Resigned upon election to Supreme Court.
[18] Appointed February 2, 1924, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Allen. Elected November, 1924.
[19] Appointed July 1, 1946. Elected November, 1948. Resigned September 1, 1954. Elected November, 1956.
[20] Appointed 1889, in conformity with legislative act.

DISTRICT JUDGES—Continued

Name	District	Address	Term
Clarkson, Joseph R.	3	Omaha	1888-1892
Clements, Edwin P.	11	Ord	1921-1941[21]
Clements, Elliott J.	3	Lincoln	1919-1923[22]
Coady, Orville L.	7	Hebron	1971-[22a]
Cochran, James E.	11, 14	McCook	1887-1892[23]
Coffin, E. M.	11	Ord	1891-1892[24]
Colby, Lenard W.	18	Beatrice	1921-1924[25]
Colwell, William F.	1	Pawnee City	1963-[25a]
Cones, Douglas	8	Pierce	1899-1900[26]
Corcoran, George F.	5	York	1908-1925
Cornish, Albert J.	3	Lincoln	1896-1916[27]
Cosgrave, P. James	3	Lincoln	1912-1918[28]
Crawford, J. C.	7	West Point	1884-1888
Crites, A. W.	15	Chadron	1891-1892[29]
Crites, Albert W.	16	Chadron	1959-1966[29a]
Davidson, Samuel P.	1	Tecumseh	1882-1884[30]
Davis, Herbert J.	4	Omaha	1891-1896[31]
Day, George A.	4	Omaha	1902-1921[32]
Day, L. B.	4	Omaha	1921-1929
Day, W. A.	4	Omaha	1936-1957[33]
Dickinson, Charles T.	4	Tekamah	1896-1904
Dickson, Robert R.	15	O'Neill	1912-1941[34]
Dierks, John M.	2	Nebraska City	1952-1964[34a]
Dilworth, William A.	10	Holdrege	1919-1928[35]
Dineen, Frank M.	4	Omaha	1929-1950[36]
Dittrick, George W.	9	Norfolk	1961-1977[36a]
Doane, George W.	3, 4	Omaha	1888-1892
Dorsey, William C.	10	Bloomington	1917-1919[37]
Duffie, E. R.	4	Omaha	1892-1896
Dunbar, Thomas E.	2	Nebraska City	1944-1952[38]
Dungan, Harry	10	Hastings	1908-1917[39]
Eldred, Charles E.	14	McCook	1919-1945[40]

[21] Died 1941.
[22] Appointed October 9, 1919. Elected November, 1920. Died 1923.
[22a] Appointed March 5, 1971, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Joseph Ach.
[23] Elected November, 1887. Appointed 1891, in conformity with legislative act.
[24] Appointed 1891, in conformity with legislative act.
[25] Died November 15, 1924.
[25a] Appointed February 4, 1963, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Virgil Falloon.
[26] Appointed December 16, 1899, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Allen.
[27] Resigned 1916.
[28] Resigned January 4, 1918.
[29] Appointed 1891 in conformity with legislative act. Elected November, 1891.
[29a] Appointed April 29, 1959, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge E. L. Meyer. Resigned February 1, 1966.
[30] Appointed 1882, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge A. J. Weaver.
[31] Appointed 1891, in conformity with legislative act. Elected November, 1891.
[32] Elected November 4, 1902, to fill vacancy.
[33] Appointed November 6, 1936, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Redick.
[34] Died July, 1941.
[34a] Appointed October 27, 1952, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Dunbar. Elected November, 1952. Died December 3, 1964.
[35] Appointed October 25, 1919, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Dorsey. Elected November, 1920. Died 1928.
[36] Died February 2, 1950.
[36a] Retired January 6, 1977.
[37] Appointed April 24, 1917, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Dungan. Elected November, 1918. Resigned 1919.
[38] Appointed July 6, 1944, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Robertson. Elected November, 1944. Died October 21, 1952.
[39] Resigned 1917.
[40] Appointed December 12, 1919, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge E.B. Perry. Elected November, 1920. Died December 19, 1945.

DISTRICT JUDGES—Continued

Name	District	Address	Term
Ellis, Cloyde B.	18	Beatrice	1937-1958[41]
English, James P.	4	Omaha	1913-1917[42]
English, James T.	4	Omaha	1945-1959[43]
Estelle, Lee S.	4	Omaha	1891-1892[44]
			1900-1921
Evans, Arthur J.	5	David City	1904-1908
Evans, Robert E.	8	Dakota City	1896-1900
Fahrnbruch, Dale E.	3	Lincoln	1972- [44b]
Falloon, Virgil	1	Falls City	1937-1963[44a]
Fawcett, Jacob	4	Omaha	1896-1904[45]
Feidler, Ted R.	17	Scottsbluff	1961-1977[45a]
Ferguson, A. N.	4	Lincoln	1886-1892[46]
Field, Allen W.	2, 3	Omaha	1921-1961
Fitzgerald, James M.	4	Lincoln	1918-1919[47]
Flansburg, Leonard A.	3	Scottsbluff	1961-1977[45a]
Flory, Robert D.	6	Columbus	1949-1965
Flory, Robert L.	6	Fremont	1961- [47a]
Foster, Charles E.	4	Omaha	1929-1933
Frost, Lincoln	3	Lincoln	1898-1912[48]
			1924-1925[48]
			1929-1937[48]
Frum, Sidney T.	8	South Sioux City	1941-1955[48a]
Fuhrman, Mark J.	6	Pender	1977- [48b]
Garrotto, Paul J.	4	Omaha	1961-1971
Gaslin, William, Jr.	5, 8, 10	Kearney	1876-1892
Gillan, George C.	13	Lexington	1923-1925[49]
Good, Benjamin F.	5	York, Wahoo	1900-1912
Good, Edward E.	5	Wahoo	1912-1923[50]
Goss, Charles A.	4	Omaha	1921-1927[51]
Grant, John T	4	Omaha	1974- [51a]
Graves, Guy T.	8	Pender	1900-1924
Green, W. L.	12	Kearney	1896-1897[52]
Griffey, Thomas L.	6	Dakota City	1876-1877[53]
Grimes, Hanson M.	13	North Platte	1895-1921[54]
Grimison, James A.	6	Schuyler	1899-1904[55]

[41] Appointed August 9, 1937, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Messmore. Elected November 5, 1940. Died April 21, 1958.
[42] Appointed May 29, 1913, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Kennedy.
[43] Appointed November 20, 1944, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Rine. Term began January, 1945. Elected November, 1948. Died January 18, 1959.
[44] Appointed 1891, in conformity with legislative act. Elected November, 1891.
[44a] Resigned January 1, 1963.
[44b] Appointed December 18, 1972, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Elmer M. Scheele.
[45] Resigned January 5, 1904.
[45a] Retired January 6, 1977.
[46] Appointed 1886.
[47] Appointed January 7, 1918, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Cosgrave. Elected November, 1918. Resigned 1919.
[47a] Appointed February 14, 1961, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Russell A. Robinson.
[48] Elected November, 1898. Appointed March 11, 1924. Resigned 1937.
[48a] Died 1955.
[48b] Appointed January 6, 1977 to replace Robert R. Flory, retired.
[49] Appointed July 1, 1923.
[50] Resigned 1923.
[51] Appointed April 4, 1921. Elected November, 1924. Resigned January 1, 1927.
[51a] Appointed April 16, 1974, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Donald Brodkey.
[52] Resigned February 15, 1897.
[53] Election successfully contested by E. K. Valentine after one year of service.
[54] Died 1921.
[55] Appointed January 7, 1899, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Marshall. Elected November, 1899.

DISTRICT JUDGES—Continued

Name	District	Address	Term
Groff, Lewis A.	3	Omaha	1887-1892[56]
Gutterson, Charles L.	12	Broken Bow	1903-1904[57]
Hall, Charles L.	3	Lincoln	1891-1898[58]
Hamer, Frances G.	10, 12	Kearney	1884-1892
Hamilton, Donald J.	4	Omaha	1965- [58a]
Hanna, James R.	11	Greeley, Grand Island	1904-1921
Harrington, James J.	15	O'Neill	1900-1912
Harrison, T. O. C.	9, 11	Grand Island	1887-1894[59]
Hastings, Lovell S.	5	David City	1923-1947[60]
Hastings, William C.	3	Lincoln	1965- [60a]
Hastings, William G.	7, 4	Wilber	1892-1900
		Omaha	1923-1937[61]
Hayward, M. L.	2	Nebraska City	1886[61a]
Hendrix, Jack H.	14	Trenton	1969- [61b]
Hippe, Robert O.	17	Scottsbluff	1977- [61c]
Hobart, Ralph W.	16, 17	Mitchell, Gering	1911-1922[62]
Holcomb, Silas A.	12	Broken Bow	1892-1894[63a]
Hollenbeck, Conrad	6	Fremont	1898-1914[63]
Holmes, Edward P.	3	Lincoln	1894-1908[63a]
Hopewell, Melville R.	3, 4	Tekamah, Omaha	1887-1896[64]
Horth, Ralph R.	11	Grand Island	1931-1934[65]
Hostetler, Bruno O.	12	Kearney	1904-1941
Huber, Walter G.	6	Blair	1972- [11a]
Hubka, Ernest A.	18	Beatrice	1958-1971[65a]
Hurd, Leslie G.	7	Harvard	1904-1917
Irons, Fred R.	10	Hastings	1971-
Irvine, Frank	4	Omaha	1891-1892[65b]
Irwin, George W.	17	Bridgeport	1935-1939[66]
Jackson, Lyle E.	9	Neligh	1941-1961[67]
Jackson, N. D.	9	Neligh	1892-1896
James, J. W.	10	Hastings	1928-1934[68]

[56] Appointed 1887, in conformity with legislative act. Elected November, 1887.
[57] Appointed February 4, 1903, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge H. M. Sullivan.
[58] Appointed 1891, in conformity with legislative act. Elected November, 1891. Died August 24, 1898.
[58a] Appointed to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Robert L. Smith.
[59] Appointed 1887, in conformity with legislative act. Elected November, 1887. Resigned upon election to Supreme Court.
[60] Appointed 1923, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge E. E. Good. Died April 15, 1947.
[60a] Appointed January 7, 1965, to fill vacancy created by retiring Judge John L. Polk.
[61] Appointed March 12, 1923, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Sears. Elected November, 1924. Died 1937.
[61a] Appointed 1886, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge J. L. Mitchell.
[61b] Appointed February 1, 1969, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Westermark.
[61c] Appointed January 6, 1977 to replace Ted R. Feidler, retired.
[62] Appointed 1911, in conformity with law. Elected November, 1911. Resigned 1922.
[62a] Resigned 1894, upon election to governorship.
[63] Elected November 8, 1898, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge J. J. Sullivan. (I. L. Albert, appointee, until election in November.) Resigned 1914, upon being elected Chief Justice of Supreme Court.
[63a] Appointed 1894, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Jesse B. Strode.
[64] Appointed 1887, in conformity with legislative act. Elected November, 1887.
[65] Appointed 1931, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Paine. Elected November, 1932.
[65a] Appointed April, 1958, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Ellis.
[65b] Appointed 1891, elected November, 1891.
[66] Appointed January 4, 1935. Elected November, 1936. Died March 16, 1939.
[67] Appointed October 24, 1941, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge C. H. Stewart.
[68] Appointed January 27, 1928, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Dilworth.

DISTRICT JUDGES—Continued

Name	District	Address	Term
Jessen, Paul	2	Nebraska City	1900-1908
Johnson, Earl C.	20	Broken Bow	1973-[68a]
Kanouff, Howard V.	5	Wahoo	1971-
Kelligar, William H.	1	Auburn	1904-1908
Kelly, Lloyd, Jr.	11	Grand Island	1972-[11a]
Kendall, A. A.	11	St. Paul	1894-1900[69]
Kennedy, Howard, Jr.	4	Omaha	1904-1913[70]
Keysor, W. W.	4	Omaha	1892-1902[70a]
Kieck, W. G.	2	Plattsmouth	1937[71]
Kinkaid, Moses P.	12, 15	O'Neill	1887-1900[72]
Knapp, John D.	19	Kimball	1974-[72a]
Kneifl, Francis J.	8	So. Sioux City	1975-
Kokjer, Emerson	5	Wahoo	1947-1971[72a]
Kortum, Alfred J.	17	Gering	1972-[11a]
Krell, Lawrence C.	4	Omaha	1959-[73]
Kroger, E. G.	11	Grand Island	1934-1961[74]
Kuns, John	13, 19	Kimall	1949-1974[75]
Landis, Harry D.	5	Seward	1925-1956[75a]
Leslie, Charles	4	Omaha	1912-1945[76]
Letton, C. B.	1	Fairbury	1896-1903[77]
Lightner, Louis	6	Columbus	1923-1949[78]
Livingston, D. W.	2	Nebraska City	1934-1937[79]
Lynch, Patrick W.	4	Omaha	1954-[79a]
Manasil, William F.	11, 20	Burwell	1958-1973[79b]
Marsh, Joseph	8	Dakota City	1967-1975[79c]
Marshall, William	4, 6	Fremont	1887-1898[80]
McFadden, Eugene C.	9	So. Sioux City	1977-[80a]
Messmore, Fred W.	18	Beatrice	1929-1937[81]
Meyer, Earl L.	16	Alliance	1926-1959[82]
Miller, Matt	5	David City	1891-1892[83]

[68a] Appointed September 19, 1973, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge William F. Manasil.
[69] Appointed 1894, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge T. O. C. Harrison.
[70] Elected November 8, 1904, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Baxter. (Judge Bartlett, appointee, until election, 1904.)
[70a] Resigned September, 1902.
[71] Died 1937.
[72] Appointed 1887, in conformity with legislative act.
[72a] Appointed February 14, 1974, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge John Kuns.
[72a] Appointed April 18, 1947, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge L. S. Hastings.
[73] Appointed January, 1959, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge James T. English.
[74] Appointed October 19, 1934.
[75] Appointed December 30, 1949, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Tewell. Resigned 1974.
[75a] Died April 23, 1956.
[76] Died December 3, 1945.
[77] Resigned November 4, 1903.
[78] Appointed September 8, 1923, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge A. M. Post. Elected November, 1924.
[79] Appointed March 23, 1934, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Begley.
[79a] Appointed September 14, 1954, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Jackson B. Chase.
[79b] Appointed June 30, 1958, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Spikes. Resigned 1973.
[79c] Appointed February 25, 1967, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge John E. Newton.
[80] Appointed 1887, in conformity with legislative act. Elected November, 1887. Died December 21, 1898.
[80a] Appointed January 6, 1977 to replace George W. Dittrick, retired.
[81] Appointed Justice of Supreme Court August 9, 1937.
[82] Appointed December 16, 1926, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Westover. Elected November, 1928. Resigned March 23, 1959.
[83] Appointed 1891, in conformity with legislative act.

DISTRICT JUDGES—Continued

Name	District	Address	Term
Mitchell, J. L.	2	Nebraska City	1885-1886[84]
Moran, Robert R.	16	Alliance	1966- [84a]
Morning, William M.	3	Lincoln	1917-1924[85]
Morris, William H.	5, 7	Crete	1883-1884[86]
			1887-1892[86]
Moss, William Jefferson	18	Fairbury	1924-1929[87]
Mounts, Dayton R.	15	Atkinson, O'Neill	1941-1961[88]
Mullery, Edward A.	4	Omaha	1961-1962[88a]
Munday, Frank J.	10	Red Cloud	1933-1958[88b]
Munn, C. A.	11	Ord	1900-1901[89]
Murphy, James M.	4	Omaha	1977- [89a]
Murphy, John E.	4	Omaha	1961-
Neville, James	3	Omaha	1883-1888[90]
Neville, William	13	North Platte	1892-1894
Newkirk, L. Ross	4	Omaha	1953-1961[90a]
Newton, John E.	8	Ponca	1957-1967[90b]
Nimtz, Frank G.	4	Omaha	1961-1964[90c]
Nisley, I. J.	13	North Platte	1925-1961
Norris, G. W.	14	McCook, Beaver City	1896-1903[91]
Norris, W. F.	7, 8	Ponca	1888-1896
Norton, William H.	5	Osceola	1977- [91a]
Norval, T. L.	6	Seward	1883-1890[92]
Nuss, Edmund	10	Hastings	1941-1971
O'Brien, James P.	4	Omaha	1961-1977
Ogden, Charles	4	Omaha	1892-1896
Oleson, Andrew R.	9	Wisner	1915-1917[93]
Orr, Robert C.	14	Hayes Center, McCook	1903-1912[94]
Paine, Bayard H.	11	Grand Island	1917-1931[95]
Patton, James M.	4	Omaha	1949-1961
Paul, James N.	11	St. Paul	1901-1917[96]
Pemberton, Leander M.	1, 18	Beatrice	1908-1921
Perry, Claibourne G.	17	Gering	1939-1957[97]
Perry, Ernest B.	14	Cambridge	1912-1919[98]

[84] Appointed spring 1885. Died 1886.
[84a] Appointed February 15, 1966, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Albert W. Crites.
[85] Appointed April 11, 1917. Elected November 2, 1920. Died February 18, 1924.
[86] Appointed March, 1883, in conformity with legislative act. Appointed 1887. Elected November, 1887.
[87] Appointed December 5, 1924, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Colby.
[88] Appointed July 14, 1941, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Dickson. Elected November, 1944.
[88a] Appointed acting judge to fill vacancy created by Judge John E. Murphy who was called to National Guard duty. Judge Murphy resumed his duties as District Judge on August 4, 1962.
[88b] Resigned August 16, 1958.
[89] Died 1901.
[89a] Appointed January 6, 1977 to replace James P. O'Brien, retired.
[90] Appointed March, 1883, in conformity with legislative act.
[90a] Appointed June 15, 1953, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Beal.
[90b] Resigned upon appointment, January 13, 1967 to the Supreme Court.
[90c] Died May 2, 1964.
[91] Resigned February 13, 1903.
[91a] Appointed January 6, 1977 to replace John D. Zeilinger, retired.
[92] Appointed March, 1883, in conformity with legislative act. Elected November, 1883. Resigned upon election to Supreme Court.
[93] Appointed July 10, 1915.
[94] Appointed February 21, 1903, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge G. W. Norris.
[95] Resigned upon election to Supreme Court.
[96] Appointed July 1, 1901, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Munn. Elected November 6, 1901.
[97] Appointed March 25, 1939, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Irwin. Elected November, 1940. Died 1957.
[98] Resigned 1919.

DISTRICT JUDGES—Continued

Name	District	Address	Term
Polk, John L.	3	Lincoln	1937-1965[99]
Pollock, Fay H.	9	Stanton	1943-1969[100]
Post, Alfred M.	4, 6	Columbus	1880-1892 1919-1923[101]
Post, George W.	4	York	1876-1880
Pound, Stephen B.	2	Lincoln	1876-1888
Powell, Clinton N.	4	Omaha	1896-1900
Powers, Isaac, Jr.	7, 9	Norfolk	1887-1892[102]
Proudfit, Robert M.	7	Friend	1925-1941
Rait, James E.	4	Omaha	1927-1929[103]
Ramsey, B. S.	2	Plattsmouth	1896-1900
Raper, John B.	1	Pawnee City	1906-1937[104]
Raun, Alfred D.	8	Walthill	1955-1957[104a]
Read, Guy R. C.	4	Omaha	1902-1904[105]
Reagan, Ronald E.	2	Bellevue	1972- [11a]
Redick, William A.	4	Omaha	1904-1912 1915-1936[106]
Reed, Eldridge G.	12	Kearney	1941-1961
Reeder, James G.	6	Columbus	1904-1908
Reimer, Henry F.	15	O'Neill	1974- [106a]
Rhoades, Herbert	4	Tekamah, Omaha	1927-1961[107]
Richling, Theodore L.	4	Omaha	1970- [107a]
Rine, John A.	4	Omaha	1937-1944[108]
Rist, William B.	18	Beatrice	1971-
Robertson, William A.	2	Plattsmouth	1944[109]
Robinson, J. S.	9	Madison	1895-1899[110]
Robinson, Russell A.	6	Fremont	1945-1961[111]
Ronin, Herbert A.	3	Lincoln	1961-
Ryan, Mark J.	8	Pender	1925-1941
Savage, James W.	3	Omaha	1876-1883[112]
Savidge, Samuel L.	10	Kearney	1883-1884[113]
Scheele, Elmer M.	3	Lincoln	1961-1972[112a]
Schmidt, Victor H.	2	Papillion	1964-1972[113a]

[99] Appointed September 1, 1937, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Frost. Elected November 5, 1940.
[100] Appointed November 27, 1942, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Wenke. Term began January 7, 1943. Elected November, 1944. Resigned February, 1969.
[101] Appointed December 10, 1919, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Thomas. Elected November 2, 1920. Died 1923.
[102] Appointed 1887, in conformity with legislative act. Elected November, 1887.
[103] Appointed December 31, 1926, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Goss. Term began January, 1927.
[104] Appointed November 9, 1905, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Babcock. Term began 1906. Elected November, 1907.
[104a] Appointed July, 1955, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Frum.
[105] Appointed January 27, 1902, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Baker.
[106] Appointed January 30, 1915, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Sutton. Elected November, 1916. Died 1936.
[106a] Appointed July 2, 1974, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge William C. Smith, Jr.
[107] Appointed December 21, 1927, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Carrigan.
[107a] Appointed January 21, 1970, in conformity with legislative act of 1969.
[108] Appointed January 12, 1937, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Hastings. Elected November, 1940. Died August 22, 1944.
[109] Appointed April 13, 1944, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Wilson. Died July 3, 1944.
[110] Resigned March 3, 1899.
[111] Appointed November 1, 1945, to fill vacancy. Elected November, 1948. Resigned January, 1961.
[112] Resigned 1883.
[112a] Died November 11, 1972.
[113] Appointed 1883, in conformity with legislative act.
[113a] Appointed December 21, 1964, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge John M. Dierks. Died 1972.

DISTRICT JUDGES—Continued

Name	District	Address	Term
Scott, C. R.	4	Omaha	1892-1900
Sears, Willis G.	4	Tekamah	1904-1923[114]
		Omaha	1933-1949
Sedgwick, S. H.	5	York	1896-1900
Sharp, Betty P.	2	Nebraska City	1972-1976[114bb]
Shepherd, Frederick E.	3	Lincoln	1917-1945
Sidner, S. S.	12	Kearney	1961-1976
Sinclair, H. M.	12	Kearney	1895-1896[114a]
Slabaugh, W. W.	4	Omaha	1896-1904
Smith, Jerome H.	6	Aurora	1890-1892[114b]
Smith, Robert L.	4	Omaha	1961-1965[114c]
Smith, Walter H.	2	Plattsmouth	1965-1974[114d]
Smith, William C., Jr.	15	Ainsworth	1961-1974
Sornborger, S. H.	5	York	1900-1904
Spear, Frederick L.	6	Fremont	1928-1945[115]
Spencer, Harry A.	3	Lincoln	1952-1961[116]
Spikes, Wm. F.	11	St. Paul	1941-1958[117]
Stalmaster, Irvin	4	Omaha	1928-1929[118]
Stanley, George H.	2	Syracuse	1976- [118a]
Stauffer, Carroll	4	Oakland	1921-1925[119]
Stauffer, Carroll O.	4	Omaha	1950-1961[120]
Stewart, Charles H.	9	Norfolk	1928-1941[121]
Stewart, Willard E.	3	Lincoln	1908-1929
Strode, Jesse B.	3	Lincoln	1892-1894[122]
Stuart, Hugh	13	Lexington, North Platte	1965- [122a]
Stubbs, George W.	7	Superior	1900-1904
Stull, J. S.	1	Auburn	1896-1904
Sullivan, Homer M.	12	Broken Bow	1897-1903[123]
Sullivan, J. J.	6	Columbus	1892-1897[124]
Sutton, Abraham L.	4	Omaha, South Omaha	1904-1914[125]
			1925-1927[125]
Tesar, Rudolph	4	Omaha	1964- [125a]

[114] Resigned March 10, 1923.
[114bb] Appointed September 1, 1972, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Victor H. Schmidt. Died January 12, 1976.
[114a] Appointed 1895, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Silas A. Holcomb.
[114b] Appointed 1890, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge T. L. Norval.
[114c] Resigned. Appointed Judge of Supreme Court for term beginning January 7, 1965.
[114d] Appointed August 1, 1965. Died 1974.
[115] Appointed June 6, 1928, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Button. Elected November, 1928.
[116] Appointed January 28, 1952, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge R. P. Wilson. Elected November, 1952.
[117] Appointed 1941, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge E. P. Clements. Resigned June 1, 1958.
[118] Appointed April 13, 1928, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Wakeley.
[118a] Appointed February 23, 1976 to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Betty P. Sharp.
[119] Appointed April 4, 1921.
[120] Appointed February 5, 1950, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Dineen. Elected November, 1952.
[121] Appointed April 12, 1928, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Welch. Elected November, 1928. Died October 18, 1941.
[122] Elected to Congress 1894.
[122a] Appointed January 7, 1965, to fill vacancy created by retiring Judge Clarence S. Beck.
[123] Appointed February 18, 1897, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Green. Resigned February 3, 1903.
[124] Resigned 1897, upon election to Supreme Court.
[125] Resigned 1914. Died February 10, 1927.
[125a] Appointed July 1, 1964, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Frank G. Nimtz.

DISTRICT JUDGES—Continued

Name	District	Address	Term
Tewell, J. L.	13	Sidney	1921-1949[126]
Thomas, George H.	6	Columbus, Schuyler	1908-1919[127]
Thompson, J. R.	11	Grand Island	1892-1904
Thomsen, Arthur C.	4	Omaha	1929-1961
Tibbets, A. S.	3	Lincoln	1891-1896[128]
Tiffany, Fayette B.	9	Albion	1883-1892[129]
Travis, Harvey D.	2	Plattsmouth	1908-1913
Troup, Alexander C.	4	Omaha	1904-1929[130]
Tuttle, Samuel J.	3	Lincoln	1898[131]
Valentine, E. K.	6	West Point	1877-1878[132]
Van Pelt, Samuel	3	Lincoln	1972- [132aa]
Van Steenberg, Richard M.	17	Mitchell	1957-1961[132a]
Wakeley, Arthur C.	4	Omaha	1917-1927[132b]
Wakeley, Eleazer	3, 4	Omaha	1883-1892[133]
Walton, W. C.	4	Blair	1892-1896
Warren, Merritt C.	9	Creighton	1969- [133a]
Weaver, A. J.	1	Falls City	1876-1882[134]
Weaver, Donald H.	11	Grand Island	1961-
Welch, Anson A.	9	Wayne	1907-1928[135]
Welty, D. T.	14	Cambridge	1892-1896
Wenke, Adolph E.	9	Stanton	1938-1943[136]
Westermark, Victor	14	McCook	1946-1969[137]
Westover, William H.	15, 16	Rushville	1896-1926[138]
Wheeler, Mason	3	Lincoln	1925-1929
Wheeler, Robert	5	Osceola	1892-1896
White, C. Thomas	6, 21	Columbus	1965-1977[138a]
White, Paul W.	3	Lincoln	1953-1963[138b]
Wilson, Ralph	3	Lincoln	1943-1952[139]
Wilson, W. W.	2	Nebraska City	1937-1944[140]
Windrum, Keith	13	Gothenberg	1972- [11a]
Wolf, DeWayne	12	Kearney	1976- [140a]

[126] Appointed May 24, 1921, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Grimes. Elected 1922. Died December 23, 1949.
[127] Resigned 1919.
[128] Appointed 1891, in conformity with legislative act. Elected November, 1891.
[129] Appointed March, 1883, in conformity with legislative act. Elected November, 1883.
[130] Died October 23, 1929.
[131] Appointed September 8, 1898, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Hall.
[132] Successfully contested election of Thomas Griffey, Dakota County, who served one year. Elected to Congress, 1878.
[132aa] Appointed June 30, 1972, to fill vacancy created by the death of Judge Bartlett E. Boyles.
[132a] Appointed July 6, 1957, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge C. G. Perry.
[132b] Died 1927.
[133] Appointed March, 1883, in conformity with legislative act. Elected November, 1883.
[133a] Appointed February, 1969, to fill vacancy created by the resignation of Judge Pollock.
[134] Elected to Congress, 1882.
[135] Appointed February 20, 1907, to fill vacancy created by resignation of Judge Boyd. Elected November, 1907. Died 1928.
[136] Appointed February 5, 1938. Elected November, 1940. Resigned upon election to Supreme Court.
[137] Appointed February 2, 1946, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Eldred. Elected November, 1948. Resigned January, 1969.
[138] Died December 5, 1926.
[138a] Appointed January 7, 1965, to fill vacancy created by retiring Judge Robert D. Flory.
[138b] Resigned. Elected Chief Justice of the Supreme Court November 6, 1962.
[139] Appointed November 27, 1942. Term began January 7, 1943. Resigned January 28, 1952.
[140] Appointed April 2, 1937, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Kieck. Died April 8, 1944.
[140a] Appointed January 1, 1976 to replace S. S. Sidner.

DISTRICT JUDGES—Concluded

Name	District	Address	Term
Wright, Fred A.	4	Omaha	1929-1932[141]
Yeager, John W.	4	Omaha	1933-1940[142]
Zeilinger, John D.	5	York	1956- [143]

[141] Appointed November 2, 1929, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Troup.
[142] Resigned upon election to Supreme Court.
[143] Appointed April 27, 1956, to fill vacancy created by death of Judge Landis, Retired January 6, 1977.

DISTRICT ATTORNEYS

Name	District	Address	Date of Election
Hewitt, O. B.	1	Brownville	Oct. 13, 1868
			Oct. 11, 1870
Cowin, J. C.	2	Omaha	Oct. 13, 1868
			Oct. 11, 1870
Gray, E. F.	3	Fremont	Oct. 13, 1868
			Oct. 11, 1870
Weaver, A. J.	1	Falls City	Oct. 8, 1872
Connell, William J.	2	Omaha	Oct. 8, 1872
			Oct. 13, 1874
	3		Oct. 12, 1875
Hoxie, Melville B.	3	Fremont	Oct. 8, 1872
			Oct. 13, 1874
	4		Oct. 12, 1875
Dilworth, C. J.	1	Plum Creek	Oct. 13, 1874
			Oct. 12, 1875
	5		Nov. 7, 1876
Eller, J. W.	1	Omaha	Oct. 12, 1875
Broady, J. H.	2	Beatrice	Oct. 12, 1875
Barnes, John B.	6	Ponca	Oct. 12, 1875
			Nov. 7, 1876
Maule, J. P.	1	Fairmont	Nov. 7, 1876
			Nov. 5, 1878
Smith, George S.	2	Plattsmouth	Nov. 7, 1876
Buckingham, E. H.	3	Omaha	Nov. 7, 1876
Succeeded by			
Greene, C. J.	3	Omaha	Nov. 1876
Reese, M. B.	4	Wahoo	Nov. 7, 1876
			Nov. 5, 1878
			Nov. 2, 1880
Watson, John C.	2	Nebraska City	Nov. 5, 1878
			Nov. 2, 1880
Ferguson, A. N.	3	Omaha	Nov. 5, 1878
Scofield, T. D.	5	Hastings	Nov. 5, 1878
McNish, C. C.	6	Wisner	Nov. 5, 1878
			Nov. 2, 1880
Morris, William H.	1	Crete	Nov. 2, 1880
Burnham, N. J.	3	Omaha	Nov. 2, 1880
Bierbower, V.	5	Sidney	Nov. 2, 1880
Sabin, Robert W.	1	Beatrice	Nov. 7, 1882
Strode, J. B.	2	Plattsmouth	Nov. 7, 1882
			Nov. 4, 1884
Godwin, Park	3	Omaha	Nov. 7, 1882
Roberts, Jacob C.	4	David City	Nov. 7, 1882
Bemis, George W.	5	Sutton	1883*
Darnell, Thomas	6	St. Paul	Nov. 7, 1882
			Nov. 4, 1884
Bryant, Wilbur F.	7	Ponca	Nov. 7, 1882

DISTRICT ATTORNEYS—Concluded

Name	District	Address	Date of Election
Morlan, W. S.	8	Arapahoe	Nov. 7, 1882
			Nov. 4, 1884
Coffin, E. M.	9	Ord	1883*
Bixler, J. W.	10	North Platte	1883*
Osgood, Daniel	1	Tecumseh	Nov. 4, 1884
Estelle, Lee S.	3	Blair	Nov. 4, 1884
Marshall, William	4	Fremont	Nov. 4, 1884
Savage, Manford	5	Hebron	Nov. 4, 1884
Wilber, Guy R.	7	St. Helena	Nov. 4, 1884
Jackson, N. D.	9	Neligh	Nov. 4, 1884
Sinclair, H. M.	10	Plum Creek	Nov. 4, 1884

Act of March 10, 1885, provided for county attorneys.

* **Appointed 1883.**

REGENTS, UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA

The Board of Regents as established in 1869 was composed of twelve members, three of whom were ex officio, the Governor, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Chancellor. The Constitution of 1875 reduced the number of members to six and provided for their election in the odd-numbered year. An amendment adopted in 1920 provided for their election in the even-numbered year. In 1969 membership was increased to eight members.

*Samuel D. Beals	1869-1871	Charles H. Marple	1892-1894
*David Butler	1869-1871	Henry Estabrook	1894-1896
Champion S. Chase	1869-1875	C. W. Kaley	1894-1898
William B. Dale	1869-1871	Charles Weston	1894-1900
D. R. Dungan	1869-1875	H. L. Goold	1896-1902
John C. Elliott	1869-1871	Victor Rosewater	1896-1897
Abel B. Fuller	1869-1873	Thomas Rawlins	1897-1900
Robert W. Furnas	1869-1873	George F. Kenower	1898-1904
	1873-1875*	E. von Forell	1898-1904
Fyfield H. Longley	1869-1875	Edson P. Rich	1900-1906
John B. Maxfield	1869-1875	John L. Teeters	1900-1906
William G. Olinger	1869-1873	Elisha C. Calkins	1902-1908
*Allen R. Benton	1871-1876	Carl J. Ernst	1902-1908
Uriah Bruner	1871-1876	Charles S. Allen	1904-1917
*W. H. James	1871-1873	William G. Whitmore	1904-1917
Dwight McCann	1871-1873	Frederick H. Abbott	1906-1909
*John M. McKenzie	1871-1876	Victor G. Lyford	1906-1919
William Adair	1873-1882	Charles B. Anderson	1908-1915
James W. Savage	1873-1875	George Coupland	1908-1915
W. D. Scott	1873-1875	Harvey E. Newbranch	1909
Benjamin Barrows	1875-1876	Frank L. Haller	1910-1919
Alexander Bear	1875-1876	E. P. Brown	1915-1921
*Silas Garber	1875-1876	J. E. Miller	1915-1921
Charles A. Holmes	1875-1884	P. L. Hall	1917-1923
Edgar W. Hungerford	1875-1876	H. D. Landis	1917-1929
Samuel J. Tuttle	1875-1879	Frank W. Judson	1919-1925
Lebbius Fifield	1876-1884	John R. Webster	1919-1931
Joseph W. Gannett	1876-1884	William L. Bates	1921-1927
Seth P. Mobley	1876-1878	George N. Seymour	1921-1927
N. R. Persinger	1878-1884	William P. Warner	1923-1929

* **Ex officio.**

REGENTS, UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA—Concluded

John L. Carson	1880-1881
Isaac Powers	1882
C. H. Gere	1882-1892
H. C. Meritt	1883
J. M. Hiatt	1883-1888
E. P. Holmes	1884-1888
M. J. Hull	1884-1890
Leavitt Burnham	1884-1892
J. T. Mallalieu	1884-1890
Byron B. Davis	1888-1894
George Roberts	1888-1894
J. L. Knight	1890-1896
Charles H. Morrill	1890-1902
E. A. Hadley	1892-1898
James LeRoy Welsh	1947 -1967
Dwight P. Griswold	1951 -1952
Earle G. Johnson	1951 -1957
J. G. Elliott	1952[2]-1955
	1957 -1974[6]
B. N. Greenberg	1953 -1971
Clarence E. Swanson	1955 -1967
Frank O. Foote	1957 -1963
Richard E. Adkins	1959 -1971
Val Peterson	1963 -1966
Earl Cline	1925-1937
Stanley D. Long	1927-1951
Frank J. Taylor	1927-1939
Fred A. Marsh	1929-1935
Marion A. Shaw	1929-1947
Arthur C. Stokes	1931-1940
Charles Y. Thompson	1935-1959
R. W. Devoe	1937-1955
Frank M. Johnson	1939-1951
	1955[2]-1957
William E. Reed	1940[1]-1944
Fred Thomas	1940[1]
Vincent C. Hascall	1944 -1947
George Liggett	1947 -1953
Robert Raun	1966[3]-
Edward Schwartzkopf	1967 -
Richard L. Herman	1967 -1970[4]
Kermit R. Hansen	1970[5]-
Kermit Wagner	1971 -
Robert Prokop	1971 -
Robert Koefoot	1971 -
James H. Moylan	1971 -
Camille Elliott	1974 -1975[6]
Robert G. Simmons, Jr.	1975 -

[1] Served from the death of Dr. Arthur C. Stokes until the general election in November, 1940, when William E. Reed was elected to fill the remainder of the term. William E. Reed elected to full term November, 1942.
[2] Appointed upon resignation of Dwight Griswold until the general election in November, 1954, when Frank M. Johnson was elected to fill the remainder of the term.
[3] Appointed January 11, 1966, to fill unexpired term of Mr. Val Peterson who resigned.
[4] Resigned.
[5] Appointed December 21, 1970, to fill unexpired term of Mr. Richard L. Herman.
[6] Appointed April 13, 1974, to fill unexpired term of Mr. J. G. Elliott, deceased.

UNITED STATES SENATORS

John M. Thayer	1867-1871
Thomas W. Tipton	1867-1875
Phineas W. Hitchcock	1871-1877
Algernon S. Paddock	1875-1881
	1887-1893
Alvin Saunders	1877-1883
C. H. Van Wyck	1881-1887
Charles F. Manderson	1883-1895
William V. Allen	1893-1899
	1899-1901[1]
John M. Thurston	1895-1901
Monroe L. Hayward. Elected March 8, 1899. Died December 4, 1899. Never qualified.	
Norris Brown	1907-1913
Gilbert M. Hitchcock	1911-1923
George W. Norris	1913-1943
Robert B. Howell	1923- March 11, 1933
William H. Thompson	1933-1934[1]
Richard C. Hunter	1934-1935
Edward R. Burke	1935-1941
Hugh A. Butler	1941-1954[4]
Kenneth S. Wherry	1943-1951[2]
Fred A. Seaton	1951-1953[1]
Dwight P. Griswold	1953-1954[3]
Mrs. Eva Bowring	1954[1]
Sam W. Reynolds	1954[1]
Mrs. Hazel Abel	1954[5]

[1] Appointed.
[2] Died November 29, 1951.
[3] Died April 12, 1954.
[4] Died July 1, 1954.
[5] Elected at general election November, 1954, for two months unexpired term of Dwight Griswold.

UNITED STATES SENATORS—Concluded

Joseph H. Millard 1901-1907
Charles H. Dietrich 1901-1905
Elmer J. Burkett 1905-1911
Roman L. Hruska ..... 1954-1976[6]
Carl T. Curtis 1955-
Edward Zorinsky ..... 1976- [1]

[6] Resigned at close of business December 27, 1976.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS

From 1867 to 1883 Nebraska had only one Representative; from 1883 to 1893, three; from 1893 to 1933, six; from 1933 to 1943, five; from 1943 to 1963, four; since noon, January 3, 1963, Nebraska has had three Representatives.

T. M. Marquette ..... March 2-4 1867
John Taffe 1867-1873
Lorenzo Crounse 1873-1877
Frank Welch ..... 1877-1878[1]
Thomas J. Majors 1878-1879
Elected to fill vacancy
E. K. Valentine 1879-1883

[1] Died 1878.

First District

A. J. Weaver 1883-1887
John A. McShane 1887-1889
W. J. Connell 1889-1891
W. J. Bryan 1891-1895
J. B. Strode 1895-1899
E. J. Burkett 1899-1905
E. M. Pollard 1905-1909
J. A. Maguire 1909-1915
C. F. Reavis ..... 1915-1922[1]
R. H. Thorpe 1922-1923
John H. Morehead 1923-1935
Henry C. Luckey 1935-1939
George H. Heinke ..... 1939- Jan. 2, 1940[2]
J. Hyde Sweet ..... April 9, 1940-1941
Elected to fill vacancy
Oren S. Copeland 1941-1943
Carl T. Curtis 1943-1955
Phil Weaver 1955-1963
Ralph F. Beermann 1963-1965
Clair A. Callan 1965-1967
Robert V. Denney 1967-1971
Charles Thone 1971-

[1] Resigned 1922.
[2] Died January 2, 1940.

Second District

James Laird ..... 1883- Aug. 18, 1889
Gilbert L. Laws ..... 1889-1891[1]
W. A. McKeighan 1891-1893
D. H. Mercer 1893-1903
Gilbert M. Hitchcock 1903-1905 1907-1911
John L. Kennedy 1905-1907
C. O. Lobeck 1911-1919
A. W. Jeffries 1919-1923
Willis G. Sears 1923-1931
Malcolm Baldridge 1931-1933
Edward R. Burke 1933-1935
Charles F. McLaughlin 1935-1943
Howard Buffett 1943-1949 1951-1953
Eugene D. O'Sullivan 1949-1951
Roman L. Hruska ..... 1953-1954[2]
Jackson B. Chase 1955-1957
Glenn Cunningham 1957-1971
John Y. McCollister 1971-1977
John J. Cavanaugh, III 1977-

[1] Elected to fill vacancy.
[2] Resigned November 8, 1954, and was sworn in as U. S. Senator on that date.

Third District

E. K. Valentine 1883-1885
G. W. E. Dorsey 1885-1891
Robert E. Evans 1919-1923
Edgar Howard 1923-1935

O. M. Kem	1891-1893
Geo. D. Meiklejohn	1893-1897
Samuel Maxwell	1897-1899
John S. Robinson	1899-1903
J. J. McCarthy	1903-1907
J. F. Boyd	1907-1909
James P. Latta	1909-1911
Dan V. Stephens	1911-1919
Karl Stefan	1935-Oct. 2, 1951[1]
Robert D. Harrison	1951-1959
Lawrence Brock	1959-1961
Ralph F. Beermann	1961-1963
David Martin	1963-1975
Virginia D. Smith	1975-

[1] Died October 2, 1951.

Fourth District

E. J. Hainer	1893-1897
William L. Stark	1897-1903
Edmund H. Hinshaw	1903-1911
C. H. Sloan	1911-1919
	1929-1931
M. O. McLaughlin	1919-1927
John N. Norton	1927-1929
	1931-1933
A. C. Shallenberger	1933-1935
C. G. Binderup	1935-1939
Carl T. Curtis	1939-1943
A. L. Miller	1943-1959
Donald F. McGinley	1959-1961
David Martin	1961-1963

Fifth District

W. A. McKeighan	1893-1895
W. E. Andrews	1895-1897
	1917-1923
R. D. Sutherland	1897-1901
A. C. Shallenberger	1901-1903
	1915-1917
	1923-1929
	1931-1933
G. W. Norris	1903-1913
Silas R. Barton	1913-1915
Fred G. Johnson	1929-1931
Terry Carpenter	1933-1935
Harry B. Coffee	1935-1943

Sixth District

O. M. Kem	1893-1897
William L. Green	1897-1901
William Neville	1901-1903
Moses P. Kinkaid	1903-1922
A. R. Humphrey	1922-1923
Robert G. Simmons	1923-1933

STATE LEGISLATORS—1866-1975

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Abbott, N. C., Lincoln		1881	
Abbott, Othman A., Grand Island	1872		
Abbott, Rufus, Pawnee City	1875		
Abel, Anton, Plum Creek		1883	
Abrahamson, Otto, Axtell		1887,89	
Acton, Frank W., Beatrice		1921	
Adams, Ernest A., Benson, Omaha			1937,39,41
Adams, George M., Crawford	1917	1907	
Adams, John, Jr., Omaha		1935[5,6]	1937,39,41
Adams, John M., Sidney		1885	
Adams, John, Sr., Omaha			1949,51,53,55, 57,59,61
Adams, Joseph G., Omaha		1933	
Adams, M. E., Scottsbluff		1933	
Adams, Maxwell W., Dannebrog		1925,27,29	
Adams, Thomas H., Lincoln			1945,47,49, 51,55
Adamson, Elvin, Nenzel, Valentine			1961,63,65,67, 69[5]
Agee, Alfred W., Aurora		1887	
Ahmanson, John, Douglas County		1871	
Aiken, Relzy M., Nelson		1885,87	
Ainlay, Benj. J., Belgrade	1919	1915,17	
Akers, William R., Collins	1895		
Albert, Henry, Wilber		1891	
Albert, I. L., Columbus	1911,17		
Alden, J. M., Pierce	1903	1891	
Alderman, Frank B., West Point		1897	
Alderson, T. E., Creston		1907	
Aldrich, Chester H., David City	1907		
Alexander, C. L., Hastings	1899		
Alexander, Thomas J., Johnson		1887	
Allan, James, Omaha		1895,1919,23	
Allen, Charles E., Cozad	1923,31,35		
Allen, Charles F., Beatrice		1913,19	
Allen, Cyrus, Summit		1877	
Allen, E. N., Arapahoe	1899,1901		
Allen, H. A., Atkinson		1909,11	
Allyn, A. E., Hastings		1929	
Althouse, George W., Omaha			1970[4]
Ambrose, George W., Omaha	1877		
Ames, George W., Omaha		1893	
Ames, W. R., Swift		1891	
Amsberry, J. A., Mason City		1929	
Amspoker, Ross, Springview	1927,29	1923	
Andersen, Crist, Bristow	1931,33	1913,15,17	
Anderson, Anton Marinus, Oak		1927,31,33	
Anderson, C. J., Omaha		1905	
Anderson, Charles, Marquette		1903,05	
Anderson, Charles B., Crete, Lincoln	1903,21,23		
Anderson, Chris, Norman		1911,13	
Anderson, D. M., Otoe County		1866[1],67[1,2]	
Anderson, D. S., Lexington			1943
Anderson, Emil, Minden		1925,31,33	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Anderson, Frank, Aurora		1919,21	
Anderson, Frank E., Wausa		1903,19,21	
Anderson, Gary L., Axtell			1973,74,75,76
Anderson, George W., Havelock		1899	
Anderson, James H., Scottsbluff			1943,45
Anderson, Lester H., Aurora			1945,47,49,53, 55
Anderson, Nels J., Omaha		1913	
Anderson, Nils, Shickley		1882[a],99[a]	
Anderson, Oscar T., Holdrege		1915,17	
Anderson, Victor, Minden		1901,03	
Anderson, Victor, Stromsburg	1933		
Anderson, Victor E., Lincoln			1949
Anderson, W. J., David City		1919	
Anderson, Walter L., Lincoln		1921	
Andres, Philip, Omaha		1887	
Andrews, Henry C., Kearney		1887	
Andrews, J. A., Eustis		1901	
Andrews, Vernon D., College View		1929	
Ankeny, H. T., Laurel		1897	
Anness, Wilber W., Dunbar		1911	
Anyan, William, Beatrice		1876[a],77	
Arends, J. H., Syracuse	1899,1901		
Armitage, H. G., Kenesaw		1883	
Armstrong, F., Elm Creek		1909	
Armstrong, John W., South Auburn, Auburn		1899,1901,07, 21	
Armstrong, Robert M., Auburn			1937
Arnold, A. J., Columbus		1873	
Arnold, E. W., Grand Island	1879		
Arnold, Edward, Odell		1891	
Arnold, Edward W., Platte County		1866[a]	
Ashburn, D. P., Gibbon		1873[a,c]	
Ashby, Thomas F., Franklin		1883	
Ashby, William, Fairfield		1895	
Ashmore, Hugh B., Palisade			1937,39
Ashton, F. W., Grand Island	1907		
Ashton, Harry L., Seward		1929	
Ashton, T., Otoe County	1869		
Asimus, Tony, O'Neill			1941,43
Aten, John, Green Island	1877		
Atwood, Silas S., Beaver Crossing, Milford		1903,05	
Aufenkamp, John, Julian			1953,55,57,59
Aurand, L. H., Chapman		1925,27,29	
Auten, James, Albion		1917,23,25	
Auxier, Edward Everett, Verdon		1923,25	
Axtell, James A., Fairbury	1931	1917,19,21	
Axtell, Thomas, North Platte		1923,25,27	
Ayer, Simon C., Gibbon		1881	
Ayers, Oliver C., Humboldt		1913	
Babcock, A. H., Pawnee City		1873	
Babcock, Charles F., McCook		1883	
Babcock, N. C., Exeter		1881	
Babcock, Oscar, North Loup		1879	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Babcock, R. A., Sidney			1945,47,49,51
Babcock, Walter E., Cambridge		1887	
Babcock, William N., Omaha	1893		
Bacon, Frank, Gothenburg		1895	
Bacon, George E., Overton, Doss		1903,05	
Bahensky, LeRoy, Palmer, St. Paul			1955,57,63
Bailey, E. Preston, Carleton		1923,25,27,29, 35	
Bailey, J. B., Herman		1881	
Bailey, Orestus G., Bloomington		1887,89	
Bailey, Stephen M., Fairbury		1885	
Bailey, Willard F., Kearney		1911	
Baird, Cyrus N., Lincoln	1877		
Baird, Harlan, Dakota County	1867[a]	1887	
Baird, J. P., Ord		1907	
Baker, Alexander H., Omaha		1875,77	
Baker, Alva Avery, Winnetoon		1919	
Baker, B. S., Fairbury		1889	
Baker, D. W., Benedict		1907,09,11	
Baker, Jason W., Seneca		1913	
Baker, Sidney, Keene	1881	1879	
Baker, William, Saline, Butler, Lincoln, Kearney Counties		1867[a] [s]	
Balder, B. F., Ashland		1933	
Baldridge, H. Malcolm, Omaha		1923	
Baldrige, Howard H., Omaha	1901		
Baldwin, A. S., Plum Creek		1881	
Baldwin, C. W., Elkhorn		1897[t]d	
Ball, F. W., Crete		1923	
Ballard, John R., Fairmont		1887,89	
Ballentine, D. C., Stockville	1881[t]e		
Baltzley, O. W., Dixon, Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court Counties, Crete		1867[a],73	
Banks, Andrew H., Wausa		1913	
Banks, E. M., Alliance		1925	
Banning, W. B., Union	1909,11,23,25, 27,29,33		
Barbour, W. M., Scottsbluff		1919,21,23, 25,27,29	
Barclay, Andrew D., Bookwalter		1909,11	
Barclay, Fred H., Pawnee City		1933	
Barker, A. H., Dakota County		1866[t]	
Barker, John A., Franklin		1915	
Barker, L. D., Pleasant Hill	1883		
Barker, S., Plattsmouth		1876[a],77	
Barnard, E. H., Dodge County		1869	
Barnard, Samuel, Table Rock		1879	
Barnes, Elmer C., Doughboy		1933,35	
Barnes, John W., Plattsmouth		1873,75	
Barnes, S. C., Omaha		1905,07	
Barnett, Ferdinand L., Omaha		1927	
Barnett, Wallace, Jr., Lincoln			1971,72,73,74, 75,76,77
Barney, Reuben E., Kearney		1885	
Barnum, E. W., Factoryville	1873		

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Barnum, Guy C., Buffalo, Hall, Platte, Lincoln, Merrick, Kearney Counties	1869		
Barnum, Guy C., Jr., Columbus		1877	
Barr, John D., Liberty	1919,23		
Barrett, George W., Shelton		1907,09	
Barrett, Jacob H., Wisner		1887	
Barrett, John C., South Omaha		1915	
Barrows, Benjamin H., Omaha		1875	
Barry, Patrick H., Greeley Center		1893,95	
Bartels, H. C., Carroll		1911,13	
Bartholomew, H. C., Creighton		1891	
Bartlett, E. M., Omaha		1881	
Bartlett, W. R., Omaha		1873	
Bartling, Henry H., Nebraska City	1911,13		
Barton, Guy C., North Platte	1873,75		
Barton, Lewis, Minden		1883	
Barton, Wallace R., Tecumseh	1899		
Bartoo, A. E., Arcadia		1903,05	
Bartos, F. W., Wilber	1909,11		
Bassett, Samuel C., Gibbon		1885,1911	
Batchelder, Clifton B., Omaha			1965,67,69
Bates, M. A., Plattsmouth		1909	
Bates, William L., Lodgepole		1915,17	
Batty, R. A., Hastings		1879	
Bauer, Hal, Lincoln			1965
Bauer, William E., David City	1895		
Baumer, John, Omaha		1875	
Beal, Charles W., Broken Bow	1897,1915,17	1893	
Beal, Eugene, Ogallala		1917	
Beall, Charles H., Fairfield		1901	
Beall, Enos, Hall, Buffalo, Merrick Counties		1871	
Beals, Seth W., Humboldt		1875	
Beans, James M., Lexington		1921	
Bear, Alexander, Norfolk	1875	1877	
Beardsley, J. M., Weeping Water		1877	
Beardsley, S. W., Cheney	1889		
Beatty, W. I., Foster		1935	
Beaver, John E., Beemer			1951,53,55,57
Becher, Dierk A., Oldenbusch, Columbus		1901,03	
Becher, Gus G., Columbus		1895	
Beck, Henry S., Pierce		1895	
Beck, William B., Tekamah	1879,91		
Becker, Carl H., Lincoln		1925	
Beckman, Edith, Omaha		1933[3,6]	
Beckman, Henry, Germantown		1889	
Beckman, Herman F., Utica		1921	
Bedford, Jeff W., Omaha	1915		
Bedford, Mervin V., Geneva			1955,57
Bedford, William H., Meek		1905	
Bee, E. R., Cambridge		1895	
Beebe, Harvey C., Osceola	1921		
Beebe, Henry, Dodge County		1867[3]	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Beekly, William H., Dorchester		1901	
Beethe, C. H., Elk Creek		1901	
Beghtol, Peter F., Bennet	1903,05		
Begole, B. H., Beatrice		1909	
Behrens, Henry, Beemer	1923,25,27,31	1917,19,21	
Beisner, Conrad, Hebron		1899,1901	
Belden, H. S., Dawson		1903	
Belden, Nafew S., North Bend		1877	
Belding, Frank E., Omaha		1923	
Bell, T. R., Cass County		1866[1]	
Bender, Jacob, Sutton		1925	
Bender, John W., Humphrey		1905	
Benedict, E., Omaha		1895	
Benesch, J. V., Omaha			1947,49
Benjamin, G. W., Trenton		1899[1]b	
Bennett, J. H., Omaha	1917		
Bennett, John B., Otoe County		1867[3]	
Bennett, Lewis M., Omaha		1879	
Bentley, William G., Ashland		1887	
Bentzen, Otto, Naper		1935	
Bereuter, Douglas, Utica			1975,76,77
Berka, Louis, Omaha	1921	1919	
Berkley, Hugh, Ohiowa		1883	
Berlet, Peter, Auburn, Johnson	1901	1899	
Berlin, R. S., Omaha		1889	
Bernard, James J., Pawnee City, Lewiston		1895,97	
Berry, E. M., Mission Creek		1889	
Bertrand, George E., Omaha		1891	
Besse, C. R., Red Cloud	1909	1907	
Best, F. C., Omaha		1907	
Bethea, William W., Ewing		1919,21	
Beushausen, Charles F., Loup City		1923,33[4]	
Beverly, James A., Omaha		1899	
Bevins, George W., Omaha			1941,47
Bick, Henry, Seward		1881,87	
Bickley, William M., Madison		1885	
Bierbower, V., Sidney		1883	
Biermann, August H., Wisner		1935	
Billings, O. P., Norden		1897	
Binfield, E. E., Prosser		1929,31,33	
Birdsall, George A., Alexandria		1919	
Birkhauser, Peter W., Falls City	1877,79		
Bisbee, N. B., Chambers		1889	
Bishop, John S., Lincoln		1929,31,35	
Bivens, George W., Hastings		1931	
Bixler, J. Monroe, Harrison			1953,55,57
Black, Cyrus, Hickman		1909,19	
Black, Joseph, Kearney	1895		
Blackman, S. C., Tilden		1931	
Blackmore, Thomas, Omaha		1877	
Blaco, Richard, Blair		1885	
Blaine, William H., Geneva		1885	
Blake, Palmer, Tecumseh		1897,99	
Blakely, Nathan, Gage, Jones, Jefferson Counties		1866[1],69	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Blanchard, George F., Fremont	1877		
Blauser, C. L. E., Diller		1915	
Blessing, Alvin, Ord	1935		
Bliss, Clarence G., Elm Creek	1921,23,25		
Blodgett, Charles, Howard		1873	
Blome, E. R., Sidney			1941
Bloom, Bill K., Omaha			1967,69
Blystone, W. J., Lincoln		1907,09	
Bobbitt, T. N., Sunlight		1877	
Bock, Henry, David City		1921,23,25, 33,35	
Bodinson, C. F., Kearney	1909,11		
Boelts, John G., St. Libory, Central City	1933	1909,31	
Boggs, L. B., Beatrice		1877	
Bohacek, William, Wilber		1889	
Bohlke, W. Halsey, Hastings			1949
Boland, Peter G. H., Omaha		1909,11	
Bolen, J. M., Surprise, Ulysses		1905,07	
Bollen, Floyd L., Crofton		1913	
Bolln, Henry, Omaha		1881	
Bomgardner, D. E., Orleans	1883		
Bonesteel, H. E., Niobrara	1887		
Bonham, Luther, Fairbury		1911	
Booth, James, Scribner		1885	
Bortis, C. W., Glenville		1889	
Bostrom, Nels J., Concord		1933	
Botts, S. J., Ord		1909	
Boughn, Keith M., Norfolk			1977
Boulier, Alex, Cedar Bluffs		1899,1901	
Bowen, A., Nebraska City	1873		
Bowen, K. L., Red Cloud			1959,61,63,65, 67[5]
Bower, Samuel, St. Paul		1897,99	
Bowman, A. H., Lawrence		1909	
Bowman, David H., Omaha		1921	
Bowman, George G., Columbus		1887	
Bowman, H. E., Lawrence, Hastings		1905	1941,43
Bowman, John E., Loup City	1929,31		
Bowring, Arthur, Merriman	1930[3] [4],31	1927,29	
Boyd, James, Nelson		1901	
Boyd, James E., Platte, Merrick, Hall, Buffalo Counties		1866[1]	
Boyd, R. W., Aurora		1909	
Bradley, A. H., North Platte		1879	
Bradstreet, Thomas E., Grand Island	1919		
Bradstreet, W. D., Spencer		1933	
Brady, Frank J., Atkinson	1935		1937,39
Brady, James T., Albion	1903		
Brady, John, Kearney		1895	
Brain, John Bell, Omaha		1913	
Brandt, Henry F., Beatrice		1935	1937
Brandt, William B., Unadilla			1961,63
Brandt, William, Jr., Malcolm		1885	
Brant, W. H., Springview		1915	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Braucht, H. G., Clarkson		1889	
Brauer, S. H., Sr., Norfolk			1965,67
Brazda, Rudolph, West Point	1929		
Brecht, Charles, Falls City		1911	
Bredeson, Ole, Surprise		1891	
Breen, Joseph J., South Omaha		1891	
Bremer, Carl, Aurora		1931,35	
Bren, Joseph, Omaha	1933		
Brennan, J. C., Omaha		1891	
Brennan, William E., Omaha			1977
Bresee, Charles P., Rushville	1905		
Bressler, John T., Wayne	1895		
Brewer, Wells, Hall, Buffalo, Merrick Counties		1869	
Brewster, Sardius C., Douglas County		1869	
Bridenbaugh, Hal, Dakota City			1949,51,53,55, 57,59,61,63
Briggs, A. C., Dodge County		1871	
Briggs, Thomas L., Antioch		1919	
Brink, A. P., Cedar Rapids		1889	
Britt, Fay, Lincoln			1954[3,6]
Britt, Howard L., Lincoln			1953
Britton, James, Wayne		1883	
Broatch, W. J., Omaha		1881	
Brockman, John M., Stella		1893,95	
Brodahl, A. J., Wahoo			1941,43,45
Brodecky, Emil E., Howells	1933,35		1937,39
Broderick, J. E., Fairfield		1909	
Broderick, Monmouth, Fairfield		1899,1901	
Brokaw, W. A., Ruby		1895	
Brookley, Will, Edgar	1913,15		
Brooks, James, Stanton	1919		
Broome, Frank M., Alliance, Antioch		1915,23	
Brott, Lewis, Sextorp		1913	
Brower, Robert C., Fullerton			1953[6],55
Brown, C. M., Cambridge		1901	
Brown, Charles H., Omaha	1877,79,83		
Brown, David, Nebraska City	1871[5]	1901	
Brown, David J., Seward		1883,93	
Brown, E. A., Loup City		1907,09	
Brown, E. E., Lincoln	1879,83		
Brown, Edward P., Lincoln, Davey	1909,11	1907	
Brown, Elmer W., Lincoln		1907,09	
Brown, Ezra, Harvard	1883,85		
Brown, Frank W., Arlington		1933,35	
Brown, Fred A., Holdrege	1921		
Brown, George W., Dayton		1881	
Brown, Guy A., Geneva		1929	
Brown, J. L., Brule			1951,53[5]
Brown, J. Marion, Fontanelle	1891		
Brown, James Arthur, Lincoln		1927,35	
Brown, John L., Plattsmouth		1873,75	
Brown, Milton H., Gothenburg		1925	
Brown, O. B., Lyman		1929	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Brown, O. F., Richland	1883		
Brown, R. G., Sutton	1887		
Brown, W. A., Stanton		1923,27	
Brown, W. C., Springview	1903		
Brown, William W., Culbertson		1887	
Brownell, R. C., Morse Bluff		1895	
Brownlee, R. D., Burr, Oak		1879	
Bruce, G. C., Hebron		1879	
Brunner, Thomas C., Omaha		1885	
Bruno, Henry A., Chapman		1877	
Brunt, James A., Fairbury	1933		
Brush, Marcus, Butler, Seward, Saunders Counties		1869	
Bruveleit, Paul, Stanton		1931,33	
Bryant, A. M., Wahoo	1877		
Buck, Ralph J., Sutton		1929	
Buck, S. H., Berlin	1907,09		
Buckendorf, W. E., Bassett		1929,31	
Buckley, J. B., Stromsburg		1907	
Buckner, George R., Waverly		1913	
Buckworth, A. D., North Platte	1885		
Budd, Rick S., Nebraska City			1965,67,69[5]
Buffington, John W., Hamlet		1933,35	
Buffington, Joseph R., Liberty		1885	
Buhrman, J. H., St. Libory	1909,11,15,17		
Bulla, J. H., South Omaha		1911,17	
Bullard, W. C., McCook	1933,35		
Bunnell, T. A., Ashland	1879		
Burbach, Julius, Crofton, Hartington			1957,59,61,63, 65,67,69,71, 72,73,74,75, 76
Burch, J. C., Wymore		1895	
Buresh, James, Omaha		1931,35	
Buresh, John J., Omaha		1927	
Buresh, Vaclav, Omaha		1901	
Burgess, H. C. M., Lincoln		1903,05	
Burgess, J. Frank, Omaha		1915,19	
Burke, Allen G., Bancroft		1923,25,27,29,31	
Burke, David W., Bancroft		1895	
Burket, Homer K., Lincoln		1913	
Burkett, Elmer J., Lincoln		1897	
Burkley, V., Douglas County		1866[4]	
Burling, T. R., Firth		1879	
Burman, Frank, Omaha		1897[4],99	
Burney, Dwight W., Hartington			1945,47,49, 51,53,55
Burney, Willard H., Hartington		1919	
Burnham, A. J., Springview		1889	
Burnham, Harry F., Sargent, Ansley			1943,45,47,49
Burnham, Sumner W., Lincoln	1887	1885	
Burns, Edward C., Scribner		1895	
Burns, J. F., Scribner	1881		
Burns, Joseph, Lincoln	1907	1893,95,99,1905	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Burns, Martin, York	1881		
Burns, William H., Omaha		1879	
Burr, C. C., Lincoln	1875,85		
Burr, W. M., Juniata, Kenesaw		1927,29,31,33,35	
Burroughs, W. W., Central City		1905	
Burrows, Charles W., Adams		1917	
Burrows, George, Adams			1975,76,77
Burtch, George S., LaPlatte		1873	
Burtch, Samuel F., Papillion		1877	
Burton, George W., Orleans	1889		
Busboom, Ben H., Crete		1935	
Busch, Charles H., Nebraska City		1913	
Bush, A. H., Naponee		1877	
Bush, G. H., Grand Island		1879	
Bushee, Berton Kenyon, Kimball	1913,15,17, 19,21	1909,11	
Busse, C. H. W., Decatur		1911	
Butler, David, Pawnee City	1883		
Butler, J. R., Pawnee City		1867[2,8]	
Butler, John H., Omaha		1897[7,g]	
Butt, William, Omaha		1909	
Byars, Charles E., Valley		1925	
Byers, Effie Marie, Hastings		1933[3,6]	
Bygland, I. S., Bradish	1915	1909	
Byram, H. D., Decatur		1897,1907	
Byrnes, J. C., Columbus	1907		
Byrum, Albert H., Bloomington		1919,21,25	
Cadman, John, Lincoln	1866[1]	1867[3],77	
Cady, A. E., St. Paul	1905	1889	
Cady, H. F., Nebraska City	1881		
Cady, P. L., Arlington, Fremont	1935		1937
Cain, J. R., Jr., Stella	1909	1901	
Cain, John B., Aurora		1893,95	
Caldwell, George H., Grand Island	1895		
Caldwell, H. P., Omaha		1925	
Caldwell, James L., Lincoln		1887,89	
Caldwell, P. A., Edgar		1903,05	
Caldwell, S. T., Edgar		1877	
Caldwell, Smith T., Edgar	1897		
Calhoun, Samuel H., Otoe County	1866[1]		
Calkins, D. K., Macon	1887		
Calkins, Elisha C., Kearney	1877		
Calkins, J. F., Friend		1901	
Callahan, Thomas C., Friend		1885	
Callan, John S., Odell	1933,35		1939,41,47,49
Cameron, John H., Herman		1887	
Cameron, M., Vacoma		1889	
Campbell, B. W., Clay Center		1897	
Campbell, Challen G., Walthill		1927,29,31,33	
Campbell, Frank, O'Neill	1901		
Campbell, J. E., Papillion	1887		
Campbell, Jacob N., Fullerton	1893,95		
Campbell, Robert W., Grand Island		1895	
Campbell, William, Otoe County	1882[3]		
Canaday, J. S., Minden	1897,99		
Canfield, George, Omaha	1883		

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Canfield, John, Tekamah		1935	
Cannon, J. T., Cass County		1871	
Cannon, Samuel L., Westerville		1887	
Cantlin, J. R., Webster		1881	
Capek, Thomas, Omaha		1891	
Carder, W. W., Lincoln		1879	
Carlberg, Roy B., Pender			1945,47
Carlin, J. J., Bassett		1907	
Carlson, Oscar, Axtell		1895	
Carlson, Swan, Funk		1935	1937,39,41
Carman, A. A., Spring Creek		1881	
Carman, J. L., Cook		1933	
Carmody, Arthur, Trenton			1941,43,45,47, 49,51,53
Carnaby, William, Omaha		1883	
Carns, Edmund C., Seward	1887		
Carpenter, Earl W., Guide Rock			1937
Carpenter, G. J., Fairbury		1893	
Carpenter, Robert C., Bellwood		1891	
Carpenter, Terry, Scottsbluff			1953,57,59,63, 65,67,69,71, 72,73,74[5]
Carr, John F., Springview		1909	
Carroll, Frank L., Schuyler		1922[3,6]	
Carroll, T. L., Gothenburg		1919	
Carson, Hugh, Ord			1949,51,53
Carsten, Calvin F., Avoca			1971,72,73,74, 75,76,77
Carsten, Fred L., Avoca	1935		1937,39
Carstens, Fred W., Beatrice			1965,67,69,71, 72,73,74
Carstensen, John, Genoa		1919	
Carter, Samuel, Richardson County		1870	
Carton, John, O'Neill		1899	
Case, E. S., Stockville		1909	
Case, J. H., Fairfield		1881	
Case, Leslie Dwight, Bloomfield		1925,27	
Case, O. C., Red Cloud	1883		
Casebeer, James H., Blue Springs		1897,1905	
Casper, Charles D., David City	1887	1885,93,95	
Cassell, Job W., Nebraska City		1903,05	
Castle, G. H., Blue Springs	1882[3]	1883	
Cavanaugh, John J., III, Omaha			1973,74,75,76
Cawthra, R., Holbrook		1899	
Chab, John, Dorchester		1909	
Chaddock, Luther, Seward County		1882[3]	
Challburg, H. L., Potter		1933	
Chambers, A. M., Walthill		1915	
Chambers, B. F., Dakota City		1875	
Chambers, Ernest W., Omaha			1971,72,73,74, 75,76,77
Chambers, J. H., Herman		1899	
Chambers, William N., Omaha	1923,25,27	1915	
Champlin, Lewis C., Fairbury		1877	
Chapin, C. C., Riverton		1883	
Chapin, William F., Cass, Saunders Counties	1869[5]	1866[1],67[3,8]	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Chapman, Samuel M., Plattsmouth	1875,77		
Chapman, Thomas C., Wahoo		1875	
Chapman, W. O., Crete		1895	
Chappell, Chas. A., Minden	1917,19,27		
Chappell, George W., Enderslake		1913	
Charlston, C. O., Phelps		1883	
Chase, Charles H., Crawford		1909	
Chase, Charles H., Stanton		1895	
Chase, J. O., Fairmont		1877	
Chase, Jackson B., Omaha		1933	
Chase, John N., Sarpy County		1869	
Cheney, M. B., Lincoln	1879		
Cherry, A. B., DeWitt	1885		
Chittenden, W. E., Cortland, Clatonia		1897,99	
Christensen, A. C., Minden		1905	
Christofferson, George C., Omaha	1891		
Christopherson, J., Omaha		1883	
Christy, George S., Johnson		1903,19	
Christy, Hal, Scribner		1889	
Christy, S. W., Edgar		1889	
Church, Jarvis S., Nemaha County		1869	
Clapp, Hammond, Steele City		1891	
Clark, A. F., Schuyler		1883	
Clark, Chester M., Burchard		1931	
Clark, Cloyd E., Elwood	1935[2 6]		
Clark, E. L., Lancaster, Seward, Saunders, Clay Counties		1867[2 8]	
Clark, Elam, Washington County		1871	
Clark, H. F., Bellevue	1885		
Clark, H. G., Omaha		1883	
Clark, James, Dakota County		1871	
Clark, Loran, Albion		1875,77	
Clark, O. G., Columbus	1929,31		
Clark, Paul F., Lincoln		1897,99	
Clark, Ralph A., Stella		1897,1909	
Clark, Robert L., Sidney			1969,71,72,73, 74,75,76,77
Clark, T. S., Osceola		1879	
Clarke, A. L., Hastings	1907		
Clarke, Charles H., Omaha	1893		
Clarke, E. D., Valentine		1911	
Clarke, Henry T., Jr., Omaha		1905,07	
Clarkson, J. T., Schuyler	1879		
Claussen, Peter H., Leigh		1935	1957,59,61,63, 65
Clayburn, Henry, Monroe		1915	
Clayton, I. R., Wymore		1911	
Clizbe, George D., Ainsworth		1921	
Coats, William N., Stuart		1903,05	
Coffee, Charles F., Chadron		1901	
Coffey, C. J., Spencer	1903		
Coffey, Tom, Alma			1953
Coie, William, Upland		1897	
Colby, Leonard W., Beatrice	1877,87		

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Cole, Albert V., Juniata		1885,87	
Cole, Charles, Humboldt		1881	
Cole, D. J., Merriman			1951,53,55,57
Cole, Dimitt, Cass County		1867[2,3]	
Cole, Irving M., Doniphan		1883	
Cole, J. W., Culbertson		1895	
Cole, Willis W., Neligh		1919,21	
Coleman, A., Stromsburg		1889	
Coleman, J. M., Neligh		1889	
Collins, George B., Omaha		1923	
Collins, George F., Firth	1891		
Collins, George S., Omaha		1923	
Collins, George W., Pawnee City		1871	
Collins, J. S., Colon		1883	
Collins, T. J., Richardson County		1867[2,3]	
Collins, William, Bancroft		1889	
Colman, A. C., Chappell		1923	
Colpetzer, Frank, Omaha		1883	
Colton, George R., David City		1893	
Colton, William, York		1911	
Comstock, John H., Lincoln		1931,33,35	1937
Conaway, John B., York	1897	1895	
Cone, Trenmor, Wahoo, Benson, Valley		1907,27,29, 31,33,35	
Conger, J. W., Otoe County		1871	
Conger, William H., Loup City	1887	1885	
Conklin, J E, Hubbell			1943,45
Conkling, A. T., Tekamah	1883		
Conley, Thomas E., Beatrice, Fairbury		1915,17	
Conner, A. H., Kearney	1883,89		
Connolly, James P., Omaha		1909	
Conwell, M., Grafton		1899[1]a	
Cook, J. M., Oxbow		1881,83	
Cook, W. L., Fairbury		1883	
Cooksey, W. H., Burress		1901	
Cooley, Alfred S., Eagle		1893,95	
Coon, C. B., Hebron	1881		
Cooper, John R., Sr., Humboldt			1959
Cooper, John W., Omaha	1919,21,23,25, 27,29,31		
Cooperrider, I. J., Hastings		1909	
Cope, James A., Pawnee City		1885,87	
Cope, Ron, Kearney			1975,76,77
Copeland, John L., Mariaville			1947
Coppoc, Ed., Chambers		1901	
Copsey, A. H., Westerville, Ansley		1903,05	
Corbin, Orlin A., Vesta, Tecumseh		1889,1913	
Cordeal, John F., McCook	1911,13,19		
Corneer, S. A., Omaha		1901	
Cornelius, George, Grand Island		1885	
Cornell, Charles H., Valentine	1889		
Cornell, W. H., York County		1876[4]	
Cornish, A. J., Lincoln		1891,93	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Corr, Thomas, Staplehurst		1885	
Correll, Erasmus M., Hebron	1893	1881	
Cosgrove, James H., Burwell		1899	
Coulter, Bern R., Bridgeport		1925,27,29	
Coulter, John F., Fairmont	1879		
Coulter, T. B., Underwood	1891		
Coutant, Charles K., Omaha	1879		
Covell, George W., Nebraska City	1877		
Cox, H. A., Wilcox	1911		
Cox, James M., Hampton, Marquette	1903,09,11		
Cox, John E., Cairo		1915	
Cox, Joshua, Hampton, York	1913	1883,85	
Cox, Levi, South Omaha		1897[7]h,99	
Craddock, James H., Omaha		1917	
Craft, Cecil I., North Platte			1961,63,65
Craft, Ellen, North Platte			1966[8],69,71,72
Craig, William S., Craig		1887	
Cramb, J. O., Fairbury		1891,95	
Cramer, Glenn, Albion			1947,49,51,53, 55
Cramer, J. E., Fairmont		1873	
Crandall, H. C., Curtis			1965
Crane, Morgan, Taylor		1887	
Crane, Thomas D., Omaha	1895	1893	
Craven, George I., Lincoln			1939,43
Cravens, Joseph M., Armour		1903,05	
Crawford, George N., Sarpy County		1867[2 3]	
Crawford, J. C., West Point	1873,77	1875	
Crawford, James, South Bend		1885	
Crawford, John, Atkinson	1895		
Creighton, James, Omaha		1877	
Cretsinger, Clyde F., Paxton			1947,49,54[3 6]
Crinklaw, J. G., Neligh		1915	
Crissey, H. G., Crab Orchard		1901	
Critchfield, A. J., Omaha		1866[1]	
Crockett, Charles, Bloomfield		1899,1901	
Crofoot, Edward Brooks, Omaha		1927	
Cromer, E. P., Gering		1931,33,35	
Cronin, Dennis H., O'Neill	1919,21	1911,13,15,17	1945
Cronk, J. H., Ord		1897	
Crook, William H., Falls City		1885	
Cropsey, A. J., Jefferson, Pawnee, Gage, Saline, Lancaster Counties	1871		
Cropsey, Daniel B., Fairbury		1903,05	
Crosby, Robert B., North Platte			1941,43
Cross, George, Fairbury	1895	1893	
Crossland, William A., Wayne			1941,43,45
Crounse, J., Omaha		1931,33	
Crounse, Lorenzo, Fort Calhoun	1901		
Crow, Joseph, Omaha	1899	1895,97[7]i	
Crowe, George, Nemaha County		1867[2 3],69	
Crowley, Chas. B., Omaha	1935		
Crozier, Wilmot F., Osceola		1919,31,33	
Cruzen, A. R., Curtis		1889	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Culdice, C. H., DeWitt		1907	
Cullan, Samuel K., Hemingford			1977
Cullingham, Sidney J., Omaha			1943,45
Cummins, Bert, Seward		1935[3,6]	
Cummins, H. B., Seward	1901	1935	
Cunningham, A. V., Giltner		1903,05	
Cunningham, Benjamin F., Richardson County		1866[1,7]j	
Cunningham, Ebenezer E., Richardson County	1869,71[5]		
Cunningham, Findley, Orleans		1899	
Cuppy, John A., Fontanelle	1879		
Currie, F. M., Broken Bow, Sargent	1899,1901		
Currie, Frank, Whitney, Crawford		1903,05	
Curry, G. R., Holbrook, Arapahoe		1927,29,31	
Curtis, C. E., South Omaha		1897	
Curtis, Charles W., Battle Creek		1891	
Curtis, William, Adams		1879[7]k	
Cushing, Marion J., Ord		1929,31,33,35	
Cushing, R. C., Omaha		1889	
Cushing, Ruth Work, Ord		1935[3,6]	
Daddow, Fred, Loup City		1929,31,33	
Dafoe, Albert N., Tecumseh		1915,17	
Dafoe, Charles A., Tecumseh	1935		1937
Dahlsten, Peter, Ericson		1901	
Dailey, Robert B., Indianola		1881[7]l	
Daily, William, Nemaha County	1870[3,6]	1867[2,3],71	
Daily, William, Jr., Peru	1881		
Dalbey, Dwight S., Beatrice		1915,17,19	
Dale, Walter F., Atlanta	1893,95		
Dame, Norval B., Stratton			1957
Damrow, Thomas H., Beatrice			1963
Danner, Edward R., Omaha			1963,65,67,69
Darner, J. H., Cozad	1893		
Dau, William G. J., Hooper		1915,17	
Davenport, H. H., St. Helena		1883	
Davey, Charles, Scottsbluff			1974[6]
Davidson, James, Xenia		1875	
Davies, John A., Plattsmouth		1893,95	
Davies, Thomas M., Lincoln			1949
Davis, Edward S., North Platte		1919,21	
Davis, F. E., Wahoo		1879	
Davis, Frank J., Weeping Water		1907	
Davis, James A., Omaha	1921	1913	
Davis, James H., Gibbon		1879,1903,05	
Davis, Jesse T., Washington County	1867[2,3]		
Davis, John P., Geneva		1923	
Davis, Troy L., Weeping Water		1923,27,29,31	
Dawes, James W., Crete	1877		
Dawson, John, Alma		1883	
Day, C. A., Sand Creek	1885		
Day, George L., Superior	1903		
Day, R. N., Tekamah		1879	
Day, T. J., Burwell	1891		

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Dean, Frank A., Holdrege	1903		
Dearing, William H., Plattsmouth	1897		
DeCamp, John W., Neligh			1971,72,73,74, 75,76,77
Dech, William H., Ithaca	1883	1873	
Decker, F., Hebron		1891	
Delaney, M. C., Brainard		1889,95	
Deles-Dernier, William, Elmwood		1903,05	
Dempsey, William, Alliance		1895	
Dempster, John A., Geneva		1887,89	
Dempster, Peregrine J., Republican City		1879,85	
Denman, H. C., Doniphan		1889	
Denman, Z. H., Jr., Alda		1883	
Dennis, Paul M., Lincoln		1923	
Densmore, Leonard Darwin, Wymore		1923,25	
Denton, W. A., Douglas County		1866[1]	
Dern, John, Hooper	1889		
Detrick, H. M., York		1903,05	
Detweiler, J. O., Omaha		1899	
Dew, J. S., Tecumseh		1881,93	
Deweese, J. M., Richardson County		1866[1],67[2 3]	
Dick, James A., Wauneta		1925	
Dickerson, Albert, Litchfield		1891,93	
Dickinson, James A., Millard			1973,74,75,76
Dickinson, John W., Waverly		1887,89	
Diers, H. K., Gresham			1951,53,55,59, 61
Diers, Herman, Gresham	1909	1901	
Diers, W. H., Gresham		1933,35	1937,39
Dietz, J. A., Broken Bow		1925,27	
Diller, William H., Diller		1887,89	
Dillon, Job A., Tecumseh	1873		
Dillon, W. E., Otoe County		1871	
Dimery, Martin W., Beaver Crossing	1905		
Dimmick, J. M., Macon		1893	
Dinan, Emmett, Omaha		1935	
Dinsmore, John B., Sutton	1881		
Dittmar, R. A., Nebraska City		1899	
Doane, George W., Omaha	1881		
Dobry, Joseph G., Schuyler		1899,1903	
Dobson, Richard, Grafton		1891,93,97	
Dodd, J. F., St. Paul		1883	
Dodge, G. M., Glencoe		1879	
Dodge, Hugh L., Douglas County		1873	
Dodge, Nathan P., Jr., Omaha	1913,15	1905,07	
Dodson, P. F., Wilber	1907		
Dolan, James W., Indianola	1883,85		
Dolezal, Frank, Wahoo	1925	1909,11	
Donnelly, C. F., Fullerton		1923	
Donner, John G., Elgin			1957,59
Donohoe, James A., O'Neill	1909		
Dooley, Tom, Papillion			1943,45,53,57

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Doolittle, W. H., Sterling		1877	
Doom, James E., Cass, Otoe Counties	1867[2,3]	1871	
Doran, Thomas H., Burwell		1905,07	
Dorsey, B. F., Tecumseh	1879		
Dorsey, W. C., Bloomington		1917[5]	
Dort, E. H., Auburn		1911	
Dostal, Joseph, Abie		1909,11	
Doty, C. W., Beaver Crossing	1917		
Douglas, James A., Bassett		1903,05	
Douglas, R. G., Osceola		1921	
Douthett, D. M., Overton	1915,17		
Dowell, E. W., Salem		1935[3,6]	
Dowell, M. L., Salem		1933,35	
Downing, Alfred B., Vesta		1919,21	
Dowty, J. R., Falls City		1881	
Doyle, John F., Greeley		1935	1939,43,45,47
Draper, David S., Plattsmouth		1883	
Draper, H. A., Edgar		1879	
Draper, Solomon, Niobrara		1883	
Druesedow, Robert C., Omaha		1913,15,19, 21,27,29	
Duby, Charles, Sarpy County		1871	
Dudley, Erwin G., Omaha		1873	
Duerfeldt, Gustavus, Richardson County		1867[2,3]	
Dugan, Edward J., Omaha		1933,35	
Duis, Herbert J., Gothenburg			1951,53,69,71, 72,73,74,75, 76,77
Dundas, John H., Auburn	1897		
Dunham, Martin, Omaha		1867[2,3],73	
Dunkin, M. W., Unadilla		1907	
Dunn, Francis, Rogers		1891	
Dunn, James A., Rogers	1899		
Dunn, Lester L., Lincoln		1935	1937,39
Dunn, W. J., DeWitt		1889	
Dunphy, R. E., Seward	1883		
Duras, C., Crete	1887		
Durland, A. J., Norfolk	1885		
Dutcher, Charles K., Indianola		1923,25	
Dutton, William R., Merna	1921		
Dworak, Donald, Columbus			1975,76,77
Dworak, Gus A., Omaha	1929,31,33		
Dyball, George B., Omaha		1919,21,23,25	
Dye, William, Fairmont	1883		
Dysart, Thomas B., Omaha	1925	1921,23	
Dysart, William, Superior	1891,93		
Eager, DeWitt, Beaver Crossing		1897	
Eager, Earl O., Lincoln		1911	
Easterling, John M., Kearney		1899	
Eastman, L. H., Campbell		1909,11	
Eastman, William G., Kingston		1897,99	
Easton, Harry K., Omaha	1929,31		
Eberman, Joseph H., Davenport		1885,1915	
Edgar, William H., Beatrice	1901		

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Edmondson, J. H., Aurora		1901	
Edwards, Jonathan, Sarpy County		1870	
Eggenberger, Peter, Jr., Strang		1903,11	
Egger, John F., Roca		1923,25	
Eggleston, George W., Bennet	1891,93	1887	
Eickhoff, Arnold, Aten		1893	
Eighmy, P. H., Long Pine		1897	
Einsel, E. D., Holdrege	1885		
Eiseley, Charles F., Norfolk, Hooper		1877,79,87	
Elder, Samuel M., Clay Center		1891,93	
Eller, I. C., Blair		1907	
Elliott, Allen, Ragan		1889	
Elliott, J. B., Syracuse		1877	
Elliott, J. S., Kearney		1925	
Ellis, Charles C., Sterling		1887	
Ellis, Enos E., Allen		1893,1911	
Ellis, Frank O., Beatrice		1909	
Elmelund, William C., Valparaiso		1913,15	
Elrod, Don, Grand Island			1966[e],67,69, 71,72
Elsasser, A. W., Omaha		1923	
Elwood, Henry C., Creighton		1899	
Elwood, William A., Oakdale		1913	
Ely, James F., Auburn		1895	
Ely, Richard L., Guide Rock			1967[e]
Emerson, Charles D., May		1885	
Emerson, R., Lexington		1930[e],31	
Endicott, John J., Dorchester		1899	
Endorf, F. W., Tobias		1897	
England, George, Eldorado		1933	
Englehard, F. W., Rising City		1879	
Engstrom, P. G., Funk		1905	
Enyart, Logan, Nebraska City		1873,75	
Epke, Walter H., York			1971,72,73,74
Epperson, Charles H., Fairfield	1905,07	1921	
Erickson, Andrew, Campbell	1919	1913	
Erisman, LeRoy, Auburn		1935	
Erlewine, Dale, Grant			1959,61,63
Ernst, George A., Kimball		1923,27	
Ernst, William, Graf		1905	
Ervin, J. R., Pawnee City	1881		
Essam, Harvey R., Beatrice		1921,23,25,27, 29	
Evans, Arthur J., David City	1881		
Evans, C. B., Dixon, Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court Counties		1869	
Evans, F. B., Dixon		1915	
Evans, Isaiah D., Kenesaw		1899,1911	
Evans, J. H., Omaha	1897		
Evans, J. L., Aurora		1909	
Evans, John E., North Platte		1901	
Everett, Benaiah W., Lyons		1885	
Everett, Fremont, Lyons	1893	1889	
Ewan, J. G., Grant		1877	
Ewing, James, Wood River		1887	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Ewing, S. M., Benkelman		1917	
Fablinger, George, South Auburn		1883	
Fairbrother, George W., Nemaha County		1866[1]	
Fallstead, George H., Falls City		1913	
Fannon, George W., Royal		1909	
Farley, Henry W., Weeping Water		1875	
Farley, J. J., Marquette		1889	
Farley, W. I., Aurora		1907	
Farman, George A., Jr., Ainsworth		1927	
Farnsworth, J. B., Springview		1893	
Farrel, John, North Bend		1893	
Farrell, Thomas F., Chapman	1897,99		
Faxon, J. W., Lanham		1891	
Fee, J. R., Crookston		1891	
Feichtinger, Charles, Pleasant Valley		1891	
Felker, W. S., Omaha		1891,97	
Fellers, A. H., Humboldt		1901	
Fellers, E. E., Monroe		1903	
Fellman, Richard M., Omaha			1973,74
Felton, G. A., Angus		1891,93	
Feltz, F. Q., Ogallala	1897		
Fenlon, Peter F., David City		1905	
Fenno, S. B., Omaha		1889	
Fenske, A. A., Sunol			1953,55,57,59
Fenton, Jerry, Dawson's Mill		1879	
Fenton, William, Dawson		1887,89	
Ferguson, Arthur N., Omaha	1877		
Ferguson, George, Syracuse		1879	
Fernow, Martin, Roseland		1897	
Ferrar, Henry S., Grand Island		1903,05	
Fickler, Albert, Stanton		1929	
Field, Allen W., Lincoln		1883,85	
Fieldgrove, Henry, Shelton		1889	
Filley, Elijah, Beatrice	1883	1881	
Filley, H. Clyde, Beatrice		1911	
Filley, William F., Allen		1919	
Filson, G. M., Humboldt	1885		
Finnegan, S. J., Lindsay		1933,35	
Fischer, Henry, Arago		1875	
Fishback, George C., Harvard		1903,05	
Fisher, Allen G., Chadron		1899	
Fisher, H. A., Pilger		1879	
Fisher, J. B., Nemaha, Aspinwall	1875,83		
Fisher, J. Walker, Petersburg		1913	
Fitchie, James, Otoe County		1869	
Fitchpatrick, W. W., Hebron		1877	
Fitle, Frank J., South Omaha		1905	
Fitzgerald, Tom, Omaha			1975,76,77
Flaherty, F. P., St. Edward		1935	
Flamme, William, Berlin		1891	
Flanagan, Ira, Omaha		1913	
Flansburg, Leonard A., Lincoln		1917[5]	
Fleetwood, Leonard T., Wakefield		1917	
Fleming, George H., Sidney			1961,63,65,67

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Fleming, Henry J., St. Paul		1935	
Fletcher, W. G., Orchard		1907	
Flynn, Thomas J., Omaha		1899	
Fogarty, J. L., Greeley		1909	
Folda, Frank, Schuyler		1875	
Foote, Kathleen A., Axtell			1955,57
Ford, Harvey, Hubbell		1903	
Ford, Patrick, Omaha		1891	
Ford, Philo H., Bertrand		1893	
Forell, Ira G., Chester		1931,33	
Forrester, M. M., Anselmo			1961,63
Foster, Clifton N., Benedict			1963
Foster, Harry A., Omaha, Florence		1905,13,19, 21,29,31	1943,45,47
Foster, William, Lincoln		1915	
Fouke, G. R., Liberty		1897	
Foulon, James S., Fairmont		1913,17	
Fowler, Charles A., Ohiowa	1899	1901	
Fowler, Steven, Lincoln			1973,74,75,76, 77
Fox, George, Osmond		1913,15	
Fox, George W., Cozad		1887	
Fox, Joseph, Douglas County		1869	
Frady, C. H., Pierce		1877	
Frahm, William C., Blue Hill		1929,31	
France, C. L., Syracuse		1907	
Frank, C. E., Norman		1935	
Franklin, S. J., Beaver City		1921	
Franse, T. M., West Point		1881,83	
Frantz, H. K., Eagle		1919,21	
Frantz, Millard F., Friend		1887	
Frazeur, Allen, Bellevue		1921	
Frazier, George H., Oxford			1952[2 6 8]
Frazier, Kelly, Dixon, Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court Counties		1866[1]	
Frederick, J. F., St. Paul		1879,81	
Freeburn, William, Sterling		1883	
Freeman, F. K., Kearney County	1867[2 3]		
Freeouf, Frank, Crete, Wilber		1927,29,31,33	
French, H. A., Milford		1879	
Frerichs, John, Febing		1877	
Fretz, I. S., Geranium		1899	
Fried, William, Fremont		1881	
Friedrich, M. L., Cedar Creek, Plattsmouth		1901,03	
Fries, M. L., Arcadia	1903,05		
Fries, Soren M., Dannebrog	1923	1903,07 to 19	
Fritz, Nick, Pender	1897	1895	
Frost, Andrew, Uehling		1919,21	
Frost, George W., Douglas County	1869	1867[2 3]	
Frost, Tracy T., St. Paul		1935[3 6]	1937
Frost, William S., Blair		1891	
Frush, George F., Wahoo	1927,29,31,33		
Fuchs, John W., Platte Center		1887	
Fuller, A. B., Cass County		1867[2 3]	
Fuller, F. W., Paris		1889	
Fuller, Frank, Wayne	1887		

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Fuller, George W., Seward	1909	1899,1901,11 to 19	
Fuller, John N., Hanover		1887	
Fulton, F. F., Wymore		1933	
Fulton, George F., Beatrice			1959[9]
Fulton, Samuel, Alma		1891,93	
Fulton, Samuel A., Johnson County	1870[2,6]		
Fults, John F., Beaver City		1915,17,19	
Funck, I. W., Beatrice	1889		
Funk, Philip C., Funk		1907,13	
Furay, John B., Douglas County		1869	
Gaffin, J. N., Colon		1891,93,97	
Gafford, Charles C., Wymore		1887	
Gale, A. H., Bassett		1891	
Galey, S. B., Lancaster County		1871	
Gallagher, C. V., Omaha	1879		
Gallagher, Donald, O'Neill		1923	
Gallagher, Felix L., Rosalie		1911	
Gallogly, James J., Chapman	1889		
Gallogly, O., Johnstown		1901	
Galt, A. A., Edgar		1911	
Gamble, James G., Hooper		1887	
Gammill, John G., Stockville	1909		
Gandy, Jesse, Broken Bow		1911	
Gannon, John G., Rosalie	1921[5]		
Gantz, Harry E., Alliance			1937,39,41,43
Garber, Daniel, Red Cloud		1923	1939,41,43, 45,47
Garber, Silas, Red Cloud		1873	
Gardiner, M. J., Omaha		1929	
Gardner, Jonathan F., Richardson County		1869	
Gardner, W. A., Omaha		1889,91	
Garfield, Horace, David City	1877		
Garvey, Patrick, Omaha		1877	
Gass, Thomas, Kearney	1933		
Gassman, F. W., Ogallala		1879	
Gates, Amos, Gilmore		1879,81,89	
Gates, J. M., Fort Crook	1915,17	1909,13	
Gawne, W. Y. R., Central City		1901	
Gaylord, E. S., Fontanelle		1875	
Gaylord, Fred, Kearney		1897	
Gaylord, R. E., Omaha		1879	
Gelwick, C. C., Brainard		1903	
George, Walter, Blair			1975,76,77
Gerdes, George C., Alliance			1959,61,63,65, 67
Gerdes, Henry, Barada, Falls City		1891,93,97, 1905,09,11	
Gerdis, William, Arago		1877	
Gere, Charles H., Pawnee, Gage, Jefferson, Saline, Lancaster Counties, Lincoln	1869,81	1866[1]	
Gerhart, Edwin H., Newman Grove		1919	
Gerhart, H. L., Newman Grove			1961,63

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Gerrard, Leander, Columbus	1871[5]		
Gibson, J. S., Omaha		1877,79	
Gibson, L. C., South Omaha	1905,07		
Giffert, D. C., West Point	1899		
Giffin, W. D., Gothenburg	1903,05		
Gifford, Ernest H., Lewiston		1919,21	
Gifford, William M., Lewiston		1891,93	
Gilbert, D. W., Omaha		1903	
Gilbert, E. A., York		1889	
Gilbert, J. W., Friend		1879	
Gilchrist, L. W., Alliance		1889	
Gilham, James S., Red Cloud	1877		
Gill, David, Hebron		1885	
Gillespie, L. G., O'Neill		1935	
Gillespie, Mabel A., Gretna		1925,27,29,31,33	
Gillette, Edward, Holdrege	1935		
Gilligan, John P., O'Neill	1905		
Gillilan, John J., Lincoln		1891	
Gilman, J. D., Falls City		1877	
Gilman, L. S., Havelock		1907	
Gilmore, J. C., Prosser		1921,23,25	
Gilmore, Joseph C., Plattsmouth		1877,87	
Gishwiller, C. W., Wilcox		1901,03	
Givens, Felix, West Point		1897	
Glasgow, William G., Nemaha County		1866[1]	
Glenn, Robert A., West Salem		1885	
Gliem, Philip, Danbury		1905,07	
Glover, H. B., Comstock	1907		
Goar, Isaac N., Callaway		1895	
Goddard, Samuel, McCook		1891	
Goehner, J. F., Seward	1885		
Goldsmith, Bennett, West Point		1893	
Gondring, John N., Columbus	1897		
Good, Ellis E., Peru, Salem	1905	1903,17,19,21	
Good, James W., Chadron	1919,21,23		
Goodall, Francis A., Omaha		1917	
Goodin, Isaac, Saline, Lincoln, Kearney Counties		1871	
Goodman, Charles F., Omaha		1873	
Goodrich, Glenn A., Omaha			1971,72,73,74, 75,76,77
Goodrich, Henry E., Nelson	1925,27	1919,21	
Goodrich, L., Fairmont	1907		
Goodwill, William F., Washington, Butler Counties	1869		
Gordon, A. P., Hemingford		1923	
Gordon, Henry, Lavinia		1883	
Gormly, William, Lowell		1915,17	
Goshorn, J. S., Chester		1897	
Goss, Charles A., Omaha		1893	
Goss, T. S., Wayne		1893	
Gottschalk, F. O., Columbus			1963[6]
Gould, E. D., Wolbach	1905,07		
Gould, W. T., Elm Creek		1921,23	
Gow, James, Papillion		1883	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Grace, Jackson M., Mascot	1913,15		
Graff, Charles, Bancroft		1907,09	
Graff, R. V., Bancroft		1933	
Grafton, William S., Western		1899	
Graham, Alexander, Beatrice	1893,95		
Graham, Loyal M., Stockville	1897		
Graham, Robert B., Waverly		1881	
Graham, Thomas, Seward	1881		
Grammer, Charles, St. Paul		1893	
Grandstaff, Joseph L., Bladen		1897,99	
Graver, William, Brock		1883	
Graves, John G., Otoe County		1866[1],67[2]	
Gray, A. W., Tecumseh		1866[1]	
Gray, Fred W., Wahoo		1883	
Gray, W. B., Carleton		1881	
Gray, William M., North Loup	1893,95		
Graybill, R. W., Aurora		1879	
Green, Barton, Lincoln		1919	
Green, Charles D., Sidney	1933,35		
Green, J. Reid, Lincoln		1919,21,23	
Green, O. E., Genoa		1889	
Green, S. W., Ewing		1907	
Green, Samuel L., McCook		1887	
Greenamyre, H. G., Norfolk			1941,43[5]
Greenwalt, George W., Broken Bow		1913,15,17	
Gregg, Charles H., Kearney		1927	
Gregg, F. M., Wayne		1903	
Greig, James, Genoa		1907,09	
Grell, Claus, Chalco		1897,99,1901	
Grenell, Edwin N., Sarpy County		1871	
Griffin, B. F., Tekamah		1909	
Griffin, Joel T., Douglas County		1867[2],69	
Griffin, Thomas D., Hardy		1925	
Griffith, Peter, Juniata		1893,95	
Griffith, W. C., Lincoln		1877	
Griggs, Nathan K., Beatrice	1873,75		
Grimes, H. M., Ord		1883	
Grimes, M. C., Chambers		1897	
Grimm, J. H., Wilber	1879		
Grinstead, R. E., Humboldt		1883	
Griswold, Dwight P., Gordon	1925,27,29[5]	1921	
Grosbach, H. H., Wauneta		1935[3,6]	
Gross, George B., Valentine			1939
Grossmann, John H., Omaha	1913	1911	
Grosvenor, J. H., Aurora, Stark		1897,99	
Grothan, O., St. Paul	1897		
Grout, A. P., Syracuse		1883	
Groves, C. E., Firth		1909	
Grueber, William, Byron		1909,11,13	
Gumaer, Alfred W., St. Paul		1885	
Gumb, John, Fremont	1923		
Gunnerson, Joe E., Aurora		1933	
Gunnett, J. M., York		1891	
Gustafson, Carl H., Mead, Lincoln		1911,13	
Gustin, John J., Murdock		1913	
Guthrie, David, Superior		1895	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Gutoski, Peter P., Omaha		1935	1939,43
Gwyer, William A., Omaha	1873		
Haarmann, Ferdinand, Omaha	1913		
Haase, F. F., Emerson	1917		
Hadsell, Fred L., Wahoo		1909	
Hagemeister, W., Henderson		1907	
Hager, Walter E., Hastings	1917		
Hagerty, James F., Sargent		1913	
Hagood, J. Mc. F., Cass County		1869,70	
Hahn, Leopold, Hastings	1893,95	1889	
Hairgrove, E. E., Sutton		1895	
Hakanson, Peter, Fairfield		1921	
Halderman, Jacob F., Pawnee City	1921		
Halderman, W. J., Burchard, Mission Creek	1899	1877	
Hale, Fielden J., Norfolk, Battle Creek	1893,99,1913		
Hall, A. W., Edgar		1923	
Hall, Charles L., Lincoln		1889	
Hall, Ed. J., Grand Island		1891	
Hall, George A., Green Island		1877	
Hall, Hamilton J., David City	1919		
Hall, James, Eight Mile Grove		1881,83	
Hall, James, Newport		1899	
Hall, Joseph, Tekamah	1903	1901	
Hall, Leland R., Roseland	1935[5,6]		1937,39
Hall, Matthew A., Omaha	1903		
Hall, Patrick J., Ashland		1885	
Hall, T. F., Douglas County		1871	
Haller, William D., Blair	1897,1905	1893,95,99,1911	
Hallgren, Frank, Holdrege		1927	
Halpine, P. F., Omaha	1933		
Hamer, T. F., Kearney		1907	
Hamilton, David W., Millerton, Rising City		1897,1901	
Hamilton, W. R., Washington County		1866[1]	
Hammitt, B. F., Bradford		1879	
Hammond, J. W., Cambridge	1917,19		
Hampton, I. B., Guide Rock		1889	
Hand, W. E., Greenwood		1905	
Haney		1876[3]	
Hanks, H. H., Nebraska City		1901	
Hanna, David, Wood Lake	1907	1903	
Hanna, Don E., Brownlee, Valentine			1941,43,45,49
Hanna, Don Jr., Brownlee			1969[6]
Hanna, J. R., Greeley Center		1889	
Hanna, Thomas K., Cass County	1866[1]		
Hanner, Harry, David City		1921	
Hannibal, Rasmus R., St. Paul	1899		
Hansen, Christian D., Tilden		1923	
Hansen, Henry P., North Platte		1925,27,29, 31,35	
Hansen, I. E., Archer		1907	
Hanson, Robert, Oakland		1879	
Hanthorn, James, Superior		1889	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Hanthorn, W. A., Superior		1935	
Hardenburg, E. H., Lancaster County		1867[2]	
Hardin, D. S., Alma		1911,13,19,23	
Harding, W. A., Oakland		1889	
Hardy, H. R., Stromsburg		1899	
Harkson, Henry, Davey		1895,99	
Harlan, Nathan V., York	1901	1885,87	
Harman, William J., Fremont		1903,05	
Harmon, Frank P., Pauline		1893	
Harrington, Buel S., Ainsworth		1909,11	
Harrington, R. B., Beatrice	1881		
Harrington, R. E., University Place		1923,25	
Harrington, William, Tekamah		1883	
Harris, C. L., Cedar Rapids	1883		
Harris, D. H., Unadilla		1899	
Harris, J. E., Amherst		1901,13,15, 17,19	
Harris, James E., Talmage	1893		
Harris, John C., Greeley		1917	
Harris, R. D., Ogallala		1895	
Harris, Robert H., Lynch	1922[3,6]		
Harrison, Charles J., Wahoo		1887	
Harrison, M. T., Dunbar		1907	
Harrison, Peter, Alda		1877	
Harrison, Thomas O. C., Grand Island	1883		
Harrison, W. G., Blair		1903	
Harrison, W. H., Grand Island	1903	1895	
Harriss, Riley C., Fairbury	1919,21		
Harritt, R. F., Nelson		1929	
Harsh, A. F., Lowell	1905		
Harsh, Lester, Bartley			1965,67,69
Hart, David, Hastings	1905		
Hart, J. E., Gresham		1907	
Harte, A. C., Omaha		1895,1919	
Hartwell, Addison F., Inavale		1913	
Hartwell, James B., Hastings	1887		
Harvey, A. E., Arapahoe		1877	
Harvey, A. R., Omaha		1907	
Harvey, Augustus F., Otoe County		1867[2,3]	
Hascall, Isaac S., Douglas County	1867[2,3],71		
Hascall, Vincent C., Omaha		1921	
Hasebroock, William H., West Point			1961,63,65,67, 69,71, 72, 73, 74,75,76,77
Hasik, John D., Abie		1911,13	
Hasselbalch, Earl, St. Edward		1929	
Hastings, A. J., Webster		1899	
Hastings, Alfred G., Lincoln		1875	
Hastings, George B., Grant	1921,23		
Hastings, George H., Crete, Pleasant Hill		1875	
Hastings, Jay, Osceola		1935	1939
Hastings, Shelby, David City	1903		
Hastings, W. G., Wilber	1885		

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Hasty, D. S., Arapahoe	1903		
Hatch, W. O., Vacoma		1883	
Hatfield, I. H., Lincoln		1911	
Hatfield, J. D., Neligh	1909		
Hathaway, Hiram D., Cass County	1869	1866[1]	
Hathorn, J. E., Bartley		1899,1901,03	
Havekost, John, Hooper		1927,29,31, 33,35	
Haven, H. H., Gibbon		1883	
Havens, C. E., Atkinson		1929	
Havlik, James, Abie		1895	
Hawk, C. S., Chadron		1933	
Hawke, Robert, Otoe County	1871[5]		
Hawxby, Fred G., Nemaha, Auburn	1933	1901	
Haycock, Frank L., Callaway		1923[6]	
Haycock, W. F., Callaway		1933,35	1937
Hayden, Benjamin H., Wilber		1887	
Hayden, C. M., London		1875	
Hayden, D. T., Nebraska City	1879		
Hayes, Samuel W., Fremont, Norfolk	1873,77		
Hays, C. W., McCool Junction		1882[3],89	
Haywood, C. F., Nemaha County		1867[2,3]	
Hazen, Solon M., Blue Springs		1885	
Heacock, P. S., Falls City		1881	
Healey, Thomas A., Milford		1877	
Heapy, J. W., Litchfield	1897		
Heasty, John, Fairbury	1913		
Heater, Arthur A., Orafino, Eustis, Stockville		1925,27,33	
Heath, E. L., Rushville		1891	
Heckt, Cornelius T., Bloomfield	1925		
Hector, Fred, South Auburn		1909	
Hedge, J. C., Hastings	1903		
Hedges, Charles A., Indianola		1919	
Heermann, W. F., Pilger		1925	
Heffernan, Dan C., Hubbard		1907,09,23, 25,27,31	
Heffernan, John C., Jackson		1877	
Hefner, Elroy M., Coleridge			1976[6],77
Heiliger, H. P., Lincoln			1943,45,47
Heiliger, Henry, Plymouth		1911,13	
Heimrich, John, Hooper		1883,85	
Heimrod, George, Omaha		1887	
Heist, George W., Sidney	1883		
Helmer, Lewis, Lincoln		1875	
Helms, John H., Aurora		1881	
Hendershot, F. J., Hebron		1875	
Henderson, Robert, Henderson		1897	
Henderson, Roy, Riverview		1935	
Hennick, C. W., Burwell		1891	
Henry, David P., Tecumseh		1885	
Henry, Frank J., Schuyler	1909		
Henry, H. R., O'Neill, Mineola, Disney		1891,93,1907, 09	
Henry, John R., Howells	1915,17		

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Herman, S. J., Wilber		1881,91	
Hermanson, Niles, Dannebrog		1905	
Hern, William, Chadron			1945,47,49,51
Herrick, Charles R., Curtis		1935	1939
Herron, J. R., Orchard		1903	
Herzog, H. H., Herman		1911	
Hibbert, Thomas E., Adams		1899,1901	
Hibbler, George W., Omaha		1930[3 6]	
Hicklin, William M., Otoe County		1867[3]	
Hickman, William, Seward		1879	
Hicks, Charles E., Bladen		1899	
Higgins, James M., Sunlight	1887	1885	
Higgins, P. M., Schuyler	1887		
Higgins, Ray M., Omaha		1925	
Higgins, W. P., Westcott		1893,95	
Hile, L. L., St. Michael		1897	
Hill, Earle L., Ohiowa		1933	
Hill, J. F., Juniata	1891		
Hill, James S., Bellwood		1889	
Hill, John C., Imperial		1905,07	
Hill, R. H., Edgar		1897	
Hill, R. W., Hebron			1949,51,53
Hill, W. C., Blue Springs		1921	
Hilliard, Earle, Roscoe		1921	
Hilton, B. F., Washington, Burt	1871		
Hinds, E. B., Odell		1893,95	
Hines, Leon L., Benkelman	1935[3 6]		
Hines, Robert E., Omaha		1925	
Hinkle, H. M., Springfield		1891	
Hinman, Beach I., North Platte	1877		
Hinman, Charles R., Newman Grove		1925	
Hitchcock, J. H., Tecumseh	1895		
Hoagland, Henry V., Lincoln	1913,15		
Hoagland, Walter V., North Platte	1911,13,19,21		
Hoare, Edwin H., Monroe		1921	
Hoare, Fred, Monroe		1905	
Hocknell, George, McCook		1885	
Hodges, B., Minden	1901[7]m		
Hoebel, Louis, Syracuse	1885	1883	
Hoff, Samuel G., Florence		1913	
Hoffmeister, Fred, Imperial		1913,15,17,21	
Hoffmeister, George, Imperial			1955
Hogrefe, W. H., Stella		1903,05	
Hoile, Joseph T., Richardson County		1866[1 3],67[2 3],69	
Holbrook, W. D., Ames, Everett	1895,99, 1907,25	1897	
Holcomb, H., Middleburg		1873	
Holden, Oscar, Pawnee, Gage, Johnson, Clay, Jones Counties	1867[3]		
Holland, L. J., Indianola		1897	
Hollenbeck, Earl, Long Pine			**1959**
Holliet, James G., Havelock		1903,05	
Hollman, Joseph, Dakota City		1881,83	
Holmes, Charles A., Tecumseh	1887	1875	
Holmes, Edward P., Pierce		1885	
Holmes, Louis A., Grand Island			1949

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Holmes, Robert H., Omaha		1909,11	
Holmquist, C. W., Oakland			1965,67,69, 71,72
Holsworth, William, Homer		1885	
Holt, Frank H., Beatrice		1885	
Holt, John W., Salem	1877		
Homer, J. C., North Bend		1883	
Hooper, Edward, Grand Island		1889	
Hoover, John S., Blue Hill	1889		
Hoover, Mc., Salem		1919	
Hopkins, John H., Omaha		1917[5]	
Hopkins, Owen H., Alma		1935	
Horn, Valentine, Phillips	1891		
Hornby, Thomas C., Valentine		1915	
Horne, O., Syracuse		1889	
Horner, William, Lexington		1897	
Horst, George, Osceola		1887,93,95	
Horton, Richard S., Omaha	1911		
Horton, W. H., Springview, Norden		1901,05	
Hospodsky, John A., Wilber		1909,11	
Hostetler, M. A., Shelton		1913,15,17,19	
Hostetter, Christopher, Central City		1881	
Houck, Miles D., Omaha		1899	
Householder, W. B., Bladen		1901	
Housh, F. M., Neligh		1911	
Houston, E. C., Tekamah	1919		
Hovis, Victor M., Lexington		1927,29	
Howard, A. S., Kenesaw		1907	
Howard, A. T., Scottsbluff	1935		
Howard, Edgar, Papillion		1895	
Howard, Ezra E., Edgar		1883,85	
Howard, F. M., Aurora	1899		
Howard, Jeremiah, South Omaha, Omaha		1909,15,17, 19,29	
Howard, L. M., Green Island		1873	
Howard, R. M., Flats, Sutherland		1935	1937,39,41
Howard, T. J., Greeley		1911	
Howarth, Walter, Exeter		1915	
Howe, Church, Auburn, Howe, Sherman, Bedford	1877,79,85,89	1875,81,91,93	
Howe, F. A., North Bend		1907	
Howe, H. R., Auburn		1905	
Howe, John D., Omaha	1881		
Howell, Edward E., Omaha	1897,1909,15,17		
Howell, M., York	1883,85		
Howell, Robert B., Omaha	1903		
Howell, Sam J., Omaha	1935		
Hoy, C. H., Silver Creek		1901,03	
Hoye, Charles W., Omaha	1925		
Hoyt, Ed., McCook			1945,47,49,51[8]
Hoyt, T. C., Rulo	1875		
Hubbard, Edwin P., Juniata		1913	
Hubka, Ernest A., Beatrice			1953,55
Hubka, Latimer J., Beatrice			1943,45
Hudson, A. J., Platte, Colfax Counties		1871	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Hueftle, G. C., Eustis		1923	
Huff, Edward T., Springfield		1885	
Hughes, Calista Cooper, Humboldt			1965,67
Hughes, Hugh, Columbus	1905		
Hughes, John J., Battle Creek		1917	
Hughes, John R., South Omaha		1923	
Hull, O., Alma		1895,97	
Hullihen, Thomas G., Niobrara		1877	
Hummel, George W., Red Cloud	1913		
Humphrey, A. R., Broken Bow		1935	
Humphrey, Clara C., Mullen		1925	
Humphrey, Fred B., Lincoln		1909	
Humphrey, George C., Grand Island, Doniphan	1921,25	1901	
Humphrey, George M., Pawnee City		1883	
Hungate, J. H., Omaha		1889	
Hunker, F. D., West Point		1905	
Hunt, Cary M., South Omaha		1901	
Hunt, Edward L., Syracuse		1929,31	
Hunt, George A., Crete		1917,19	
Hunt, Jacob S., Saline, Lincoln, Kearney Counties		1869	
Hunter, Charles, Inavale		1903	
Hunter, Charles W., St., Paul		1901	
Hunter, J. M., Mineola, O'Neill		1889,1925	
Hunter, Richard C., Omaha		1915	
Hurd, L. G., Harvard	1889		
Huse, Jesse B., Omaha		1891	
Hutton, A. H., Lincoln		1915,17	
Hutton, Lynn D., Norfolk			1944[a,e]
Hyatt, N. Secor, President		1897	
Hyde, Mason E., Gothenburg		1923,35	
Hyers, Robert W., Plattsmouth	1885		
Hynek, C. F., Wilber		1915	
Ijams, William H., Omaha	1889		
Illian, William H., Albion	1921,23,25		
Iodence, W. M., Hemingford		1931,33	
Irwin, William J., West Hill		1885,93	
Israel, Frank, Benkelman		1899[7]b	
Jackman, Charles E., Grand Island		1931,33	
Jackman, Ernest Eugene, Grant		1927,29	
Jackson, A. H., Pawnee City		1881	
Jackson, George W., Nelson		1913,15,17	
Jackson, H. W. L., Beatrice	1905		
Jackson, N. D., Neligh		1905	
Jackson, S. K., Omaha		1881	
Jacobs, Florian, Broken Bow		1919,21	
Jacobson, John E., Lexington		1917,19	
Jacoby, I. W., Havelock		1923	
Jahnel, Frank, Kennard, Blair		1903,05	
James, P. H., Cortland		1893	
Jamison, James M., Touhy		1901	
Jansen, Peter, Jansen, Beatrice	1911	1899	
Jardine, Walter S., Omaha		1931	
Jeary, Clark, Lincoln	1925,27,29	1919,21	
Jeary, Edwin, Greenwood, Lincoln		1887,1913,15	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Jeffcoat, John, Omaha	1897		
Jeffords, Carl P., Mullen			1943,45
Jeffres, E. W., Horace	1895		
Jelen, Edward, Omaha	1935		
Jelen, Jerry J., Omaha		1917	
Jelen, Oldrich J., Omaha		1929,31	
Jenison, Andrew J., Harvard		1907,19	
Jenkins, Charles T., Haigler		1919	
Jenkins, D. C., Gage, Jefferson Counties		1871	
Jenkins, E. M., Alexandria		1893,95	
Jenkins, George E., Fairbury		1897	
Jenkins, John D., Fairmont		1879	
Jenness, Richard H., Omaha		1895	
Jennings, William H., Davenport	1903,05		
Jensen, A. G., Fremont		1931,33	
Jensen, Hans O., Aurora			1957,59,61[5]
Jensen, John, Geneva		1893	
Jensen, Thomas, Ulysses		1881,83	
Jeppesen, Louis M., Hubbard		1935	1941,43
Jewett, George H., Sidney	1879		
Jewett, L. H., Broken Bow	1889		
Jindra, Joseph, Crete		1885	
John, James, Cambridge		1911	
Johnson, Alfred, Holdrege		1925	
Johnson, Benjamin, Wahoo		1881	
Johnson, C. W., Potter	1925,27,29,31		
Johnson, Charles S., Wahoo		1883	
Johnson, Charles T., Omaha		1901	
Johnson, E. Thome, Fremont			1968[6],68,71, 72,73,74,75, 76
Johnson, Edward Henry, Sterling		1927	
Johnson, Eric, Holdrege		1889	
Johnson, Erick, Roseland, Hastings	1921,23	1905,09,17	
Johnson, F. M., Tekamah		1877	
Johnson, Fred G., Dorchester, Hastings	1919	1907,17	
Johnson, J. L., Abbott		1893	
Johnson, J. M., Orleans	1901'm		
Johnson, J. S., Funk		1899,03	
Johnson, J. V., Ord		1891	
Johnson, John H., Herman		1923,25	
Johnson, John Harry, Holdrege	1929	1919,21	
Johnson, L. L., Inland	1893,97		
Johnson, Nathan, York		1893	
Johnson, Nels, Oakland		1909	
Johnson, Olaf O., Gordon		1925,27,29	
Johnson, Oscar F., Oakland		1919	
Johnson, Porter C., Tecumseh		1911	
Johnson, Richard N., Fremont			1939,41
Johnson, Richard O., Havelock		1927,29	
Johnson, Roy W., Miller			1937
Johnson, Stanfield B., Omaha		1933	
Johnson, T. B., Aurora		1877	
Johnson, Walter Richard, Omaha		1925,31,33	1937
Johnston, A. M., Doniphan		1935	1939

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Johnston, B. J., Howe		1893,95	
Johnston, James C., Lincoln		1885	
Johnston, John W., Omaha		1895	
Johnston, Nathaniel, Howard		1879	
Johnston, Samuel Elwell, Orchard		1923,25,27,29	
Johnston, Simon, Milford		1891	
Jones, C. R., Juniata		1881	
Jones, Cass, Rulo		1903,07	
Jones, Charles L., Schuyler		1925,27,29,31	
Jones, D. A., Wayne		1897	
Jones, D. N., Brock		1897	
Jones, E. F., Lyons		1891	
Jones, George U., Wymore		1897,99	
Jones, J. O., Glenwood		1883	
Jones, John M., Clay Center		1911	
Jones, Oliver C., Richardson County		1869	
Jones, R. F., Lyons		1891	
Jones, R. T., Scottsbluff		1931	
Jones, R. W. W., Dunbar	1905	1903	
Jones, T. L., Hendley		1913	
Jones, T. P., Falls City		1895	
Jones, W. B., Clarks		1905	
Jones, W. L., Wymore		1931	
Jordan, E., Pawnee City		1877	
Jordan, William, Odessa		1901	
Jouvenat, Frank, Petersburg		1901,03,05	
Judd, L. P., Cedar Rapids		1895	
Junkin, George C., Smithfield	1930[3,4]	1903,05	
Jury, Jacob A., Ashland		1877	
Kahle, Martin F., Kearney			1977
Kain, Lloyd, Lexington			1945,47
Kaley, C. H., Red Cloud		1882[3]	
Kaley, C. W., Red Cloud		1905	
Kaley, H. S., Red Cloud		1881	
Kaley, Jacob L., Red Cloud		1885	
Kapp, George F., Butte		1897	
Karbach, C. J., Omaha		1879	
Kaspar, Joseph F., Prague	1935[5]		
Kauffman, William M., Brownville		1913,15	
Kaup, William, Western		1893,95	
Kautsky, Charles, Omaha		1923	
Kaveny, John, Linwood		1901,03	
Keck, B. S., Stromsburg		1923,25	
Keckley, Charles R., York	1887,89	1893,1913	
Keckley, W. H., York		1879	
Keegan, Frank E., Omaha		1917	
Kehm, Karl, Omaha		1927,29,31	
Kehoe, John A., Platte Center		1885	
Keifer, J. W., Jr., Bostwick		1907	
Keifer, Oswin, Bostwick		1923	
Keiper, George F., Pierce	1891	1887,89	
Keister, Estial C., Auburn		1929	
Keller, Fred, Eustis		1931	
Kelley, J. W., Beaver City		1909	
Kelley, John E., Platte County		1867[3,8]	
Kelley, P. C., Grand Island		1913	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Kelly, Ralph D., Grand Island			1973,74,75,76, 77
Kemp, J. M., Fullerton	1911,13		
Kemper, E. L., Aurora		1923	
Kempton, W. H., Wilber		1881	
Kenagy, David P., Milford		1919[5]	
Kendall, James F., Ponca		1921,23,27,29	
Kennard, Thomas P., Lincoln	1877		
Kennedy, Andrew, R., Cass, Sarpy, Saunders, Seward, Butler Counties	1871[7aa]		
Kennedy, B. E. B., Omaha		1879	
Kennedy, Horace F., Broken Bow	1929		
Kennedy, J. A. C., Omaha		1903	
Kennedy, R. A., Pawnee City		1879	
Kennedy, Thomas C., Newman Grove			1969,71,72,73, 74,75,76
Kenney, Andrew J., Red Cloud		1887	
Kent, Lewis A., Minden	1887		
Kent, Walter R., Hay Springs		1911	
Kerns, J. W., Auburn		1903	
Kerr, Louis Herman, Maxwell	1925		
Kessler, John F., Oakland		1893	
Ketchum, Smith, Chester	1909		
Keyes, Albert Marshall, Holbrook		1923,25	
Keyes, Clarence E., Springfield		1893	
Keyes, Orval A., Papillion, Springfield			1969,71,72,73, 74,75,76,77
Kiechel, Walter, Johnson	1913,15		
Kier, Samuel Max, Lincoln		1927,29,31	
Kiester, Henry C., St. Edward		1897,99	
Killen, D. J., Adams		1907,09	
Kilmer, George M., Western		1885	
Kime, Michael G., Nehawka		1915	
Kime, Otho G., Valentine			1971,72,73,74, 75,76
Kimmel, W. F., Osceola	1879		
King, Edwin L., Osceola	1907,09	1885	
King, H. P., Beaver Crossing		1881	
King, Horace G., Friend		1887	
Kinkaid, M. P., O'Neill	1883		
Kipp, Frank, Burt, Cuming Counties		1871	
Kirk, West L., Creighton		1911	
Kittle, E. H., Rockville		1903	
Kjar, Albert A., Lexington			1961,63,65,67
Klaver, Sam, Omaha			1939,43,45,51, 53,55,57,59, 61,63,65,67, 69,71,72
Klein, Jacob, Beatrice	1909,13		
Kloepfel, John, Rulo		1879,81	
Kloke, Robert F., West Point		1893	
Klopping, Frank J., Wayne		1931,33	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Knapp, William M., York	1877		
Knepper, A. J., Octavia	1899		
Knezacek, Joseph T., Ord			1941
Knickrehm, John, Grand Island			1937
Knight, George A., Lincoln			1961
Knight, John E., Lincoln			1965,67,69
Knowles, J. H., Fremont		1907	
Knox, David, Omaha		1887	
Knox, Oscar, Kearney		1903,05	
Knudson, Knud C., Fullerton		1913	
Knutzen, C. F., Bruning		1917	
Koch, Ferdinand, West Point		1915,17	
Koch, Gerald D., Ralston			1975,76,77
Koetter, F. W., Omaha		1903	
Kohl, Phillip H., Wayne	1911,13,15,17		
Kokes, Rudolf C., Ord			1965,67,69, 71,72
Koontz, Jasper N., Estell	1891		
Korff, Henry, Hartington		1913,15	
Korisko, Walter, Omaha		1925	
Kosman, Henry D., Omaha			1947,49[6]
Koster, George G., Niobrara	1931		
Kotouc, Otto, Jr., Humboldt			1941
Kotouc, Otto, Sr., Humboldt		1909,11	1951,53,55,57
Kraus, J. P., South Omaha		1909	
Krause, Nell, Albion			1946[6]
Kremer, Maurice A., Aurora			1963,65,67,69, 71,72,73,74, 75,76,77
Kreutz, R. H., Giltner			1951
Krick, Edward, Minden		1891,93	
Kroh, J. S., Ogallala	1923		
Krumbach, Charles, Shelby	1901,13,15		
Krummer, Vincient, Platte, Monroe, Buffalo, Merrick, Hall, Kearney, Lincoln Counties	1866[1] [7]n		
Kruse, James G., Creighton		1891,93	
Kryger, Ralph M., Neligh	1927,29		
Kuhl, John, Randolph		1907,09,11	
Kunkel, H. L., Albion	1931,33		
Kuony, John B., Fort Calhoun		1883,85	
Kuppinger, Herman E., Omaha		1925	
Kyd, Robert R., Beatrice		1905	
Kyner, James H., Omaha		1881,93	
Labedz, Bernice, Omaha			1976[6],77
LaBounty, Albert, Moorefield		1915,17[5]	
LaChappelle, Joseph Blanchard, Ashland		1927	
Laflin, L. H., Crab Orchard		1873	
Laflin, R. W., Wymore		1901	
Lahners, Thomas, Belvidere, Bruning	1915,17	1905,07	
Laird, G. C., Dodge		1883	
Lamaster, J. E., Nebraska City	1875		
Lamb, C. L., Stanton		1881	
Lamb, Elmer J., Tecumseh		1923	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Lamb, Howard, Anselmo			1977
Lambert, Tom, Columbus			1939,41[5]
Lambert, William B., Neligh		1877	
Lamborn, J. J., Indianola		1895	
Lamp, H. A., Bennington		1891	
Lampert, J. M., Wahoo		1917,19	
Landgren, George, Shickley		1925,27	
Lane, Arthur W., Lincoln		1899,1901	
Lang, Howard W., Litchfield		1919	
Langhorst, Henry, Ohiowa		1895	
Lanigan, Thomas W., Greeley		1915	
Larkin, John J., Jr., Omaha			1949,51,53,55
Larkin, John L., Omaha	1923		
Larsen, Charles C., Taylor		1933	
Larsen, John, South Omaha, Omaha		1915,19	
Larsh, Napoleon B., Otoe County	1872		
Larson, L. P., Fremont		1889	
Lash, Emmor, Peru		1879,89	
Latta, James P., Tekamah	1907	1887	
Laughlin, J. C., Tekamah		1881	
Laughlin, Loren H., Beatrice	1925,27		
Lauritsen, Laurits, West Point		1919,21	
Lautenschlager, Marvin M., Grand Island			1957,59,61
LaVelle, P. M., North Platte		1933	
Laverty, Alexander, Ashland	1905,09		
Lawrence, F. P., Fremont		1909,11	
Lawson, Thomas J., Long Pine		1925	
Leach, David, Sarpy, Dodge Counties	1866[1]		
Leary, C. A., Douglas County		1870	
Lee, Cyrus H., Silver Creek		1885	
Lee, Earl J., Fremont			1943,45,47, 49,51,53,55
Lee, Francis D., Atkinson			1966[6]
Lee, Jefferson D., Lynch	1897,1911	1925,27	
Lee, John C., Hastings		1925	
Lee, John N., Oxford		1883,85,89	
Lee, Michael, Omaha		1905,07,13	
Leeder, Ed., Omaha		1907	
Leedom, Joe W., Gordon			1947
Leftwich, C. E., St. Paul		1921	
Leggett, H. D., Ord	1935[3,6]		
Lehman, George, Columbus		1881	
Lehr, William J., Mead	1895		
Leidigh, George W., Nebraska City		1893,1909,11, 17	
Lemar, Curtis M., Wahoo, Valparaiso		1897,99,1917	
Lewis, Frank, Bellevue			1973,74,75,76, 77
Lewis, Richard, Holbrook			1971,72,73,74, 75,76,77
Lewis, T. L., Oakland	1885		
Ley, Henry, Wayne		1889	
Ley, Lewis, Stanton	1879		

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Lichty, John A., Falls City		1901	
Liddell, John, Omaha	1901	1897	
Liebers, Otto H., Lincoln			1951,53,55,57, 59
Liebhart, George, Marquette		1885	
Liesveld, Herman J., Firth		1885,87	
Liggett, George, Jr., Utica		1915,17	
Lilley, Gates, Papillion		1935	
Lillibridge, C. C., Crete			1947,49,51,53
Linch, Thomas, Richardson County		1872	
Lindberg, J. T., Elgin		1917	
Lindgren, C. R., Campbell			1949,51
Lindsay, Harry C., Pawnee City	1895		
Lindsay, J. P., Beaver City	1887,89		
Lindsey, George W., Red Cloud		1911,15	
Line, W. C., Diller		1905,07	
Lingenfelter, George C., Sidney		1893	
Lininger, George W., Omaha	1887		
Linn, J. L., Table Rock, Humboldt	1887,89	1881	
Lisk, Jacob, Syracuse		1879	
Livengood, H. C., Franklin		1905	
Liver, C. B., Omaha		1911	
Livingston, Daniel W., Nebraska City		1927	
Lobeck, C. O., Omaha	1893		
Lockner, Augustus, Omaha		1893	
Logsdon, S., Shickley		1907	
Lomax, Howard, Lomax		1891	
Long, John E., West Point		1879	
Long, John R., Loup City		1935	
Loomis, Frank F., Edholm		1897,99	
Loomis, George L., Fremont		1901,03	
Lord, George W., Ulysses		1887	
Lord, J. S., Verdon		1905	
Lorensen, H. C., Johnstown		1933	
Losey, George W., Fremont		1913	
Love, E. M., Ainsworth	1885		
Love, Lee, York		1877	
Loveland, D. C., Columbus		1879	
Loveland, Edwin, Douglas County		1869	
Lovely, Joseph, Omaha		1917	
Lowe, Elliott, Huntley		1901	
Lowley, G. W., Seward	1893		
Lowry, Vincent J., Omaha		1929,33	
Lucas, Robert S., Pierce		1875	
Luce, Clarence A., Republican City	1907	1885,1905	
Luckey, Emil F., Columbus	1925		
Ludi, Nelson James, Wahoo	1935[e]		
Luedtke, Roland A., Lincoln			1967,69,71,72, 73,74,75,76, 77
Luikart, G. A., Tilden		1893	
Lukens, Mark, Bloomfield		1929,31,33	
Lundgren, Nels A., Omaha		1915,19	
Lundstrom, LaMonte M., Holdrege		1933	
Lundy, James W., Sargent		1921,23	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Lusienski, Ed. F., Platte Center, Columbus		1933,35	1945,47,49, 51,53[5]
Luthy, John U., Middleburg		1883	
Lux, Joseph, Rising City		1909	
Lyman, J. N., Hastings	1901		
Lynch, J. O., Lexington		1893	
Lynn, Robert, Magnet		1921	
Lyon, Waldo, Lyons	1875		
Lysinger, Richard R., Ravenna			1963,65
MacFarland, John M., Omaha	1913		
Mack, Tobias, Stanton		1879	
Mackey, Clarence, Ansley		1905,07	
Maclay, Fred D., Auburn		1931,33	
Maddox, Wilson Meeks, Pierce, Otoe Counties		1872	
Maher, Michael, Platte Center	1889		
Mahoney, Eugene T., Omaha			1961[6],63,65, 67,69,71,72, 73,74,75,76[5]
Main, A. S., Loup City		1925,27	
Majors, S. P., Nemaha County		1871	
Majors, Thomas J., Nemaha, Peru	1867[2 3],69, 87,1909	1889	
Mallery, Earl D., Alliance	1915	1913	
Malster, John Charles, Stromsburg		1927	
Mangold, Peter, Bennington		1903	
Mann, William H., Wilber		1897,99	
Manning, J. R., Carroll	1889		
Manzer, C. E., Pierce		1917	
Marble, William H., Mead		1885	
Maresh, Richard, Milligan			1971,72,73,74, 75,76,77
Marks, Robert H., Ohiowa		1905	
Marlett, John W., Newark		1907,09	
Marsh, F. A., Seward		1907	
Marsh, Shirley, Lincoln			1973,74,75,76, 77
Marshall, C. C., Arlington		1897	
Marshall, Charles, Douglas	1903	1901	
Marshall, John T., Panama	1913,15		
Marshall, Thomas H., Williamsburg		1887	
Marshall, William, Fremont	1879		
Martenson, John N., Ceresco		1925	
Martin, Francis, Falls City	1901		
Martin, Joseph D., Grand Island			1953,55
Martin, Lee, York		1883,85	
Martin, Thomas H., Harvard		1927,31	
Marvel, Richard D., Hastings			1951,53,59,61, 63,65,67,69, 71,72,73,74, 75,76,77
Mason, Fred G., Upland		1931	
Mast, S. D., Moorefield		1911	
Masters, F. W., Beaver City		1907	
Masters, J. H., Nebraska City		1873	
Mather, Daniel E., Arcadia		1913	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Mathers, A. N., Gering		1923	
Mathewson, Charles P., Norfolk		1879	
Mathewson, George D., Shickley		1919	
Mathewson, J. G., Pilger		1891	
Mathieson, John, Omaha		1887	
Matrau, H. C., Norfolk		1911	
Mattes, John, Jr., Nebraska City	1891,93, 1915,17	1889	
Matteson, Guy H., Sutton		1915	
Mattison, George, Ponca		1895	
Mattson, Ivan H., Kearney	1935		
Matzke, Stanley A., Seward, Milford			1941,43,65,67, 69
Maurer, George W., Beatrice		1919	
Maurer, Philip, Beaver Crossing		1913	
Maxey, Jo Ann, Lincoln			1977[6]
Maxwell, Samuel, Cass County		1866[1]	
May, Milton, Maple Creek		1873	
McAllister, G. C., Chappell		1903,05	
McAllister, James J., Dakota City		1913,17	
McAllister, W. A., Columbus	1885	1883	
McAllister, W. L., Neligh	1917		
McArdle, E. J., Benson		1911	
McArdle, Patrick, Omaha		1879,85	
McBride, D. L., Quick		1895	
McBride, J. C., Lincoln		1889	
McBride, J. G., Lincoln		1929,33	
McCaig, David, Cass County		1869	
McCain, William A., Stapleton		1923	
McCann, William H., Hay Springs		1887	
McCarger, Hugh, Crete	1899,1901		
McCarter, Frank, Bayard	1933		
McCarthy, Con, Bancroft		1911,13	
McCarthy, J. J., Ponca		1899,1901	
McCarthy, Richard S., Spalding		1897,1913	
McCartney, A. T., Otoe County		1869	
McCarty, T. F., St. Paul	1893		
McClay, John H., Lincoln		1903,05	
McClellan, M. E., North Loup		1911	
McClun, T. T., Bennet		1881	
McClure, H. W., O'Neill		1881	
McColl, Charles J., Beatrice		1909	
McColl, J. H., Plum Creek		1877	
McConaughy, George M., Stromsburg		1887	
McCormick, F. E., Wolbach	1933		
McCosh, Theodore H., Gering			1961
McCoy, A. G., Crawford		1931	
McCoy, Henry, Omaha		1901	
McCracken, David, Macon		1897,99	
McCreedy, James, Gold Rinsey		1877	
McCulloch, D. A., Alma		1903	
McCullough, C. W., Blue Springs		1907	
McCutchen, William A., St. Edward		1891,93	
McDonald, B. F., Pender	1893		

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
McDonald, David, Washington County		1866[1]	
McDonald, Neil A., Hastings		1935	
McDougall, M., Friend		1881	
McDowell, J. B., Beatrice		1873,75	
McElhinney, J. C., Lyons		1905	
McFadden, William, McCool Junction		1895	
McFarland, Elmer W., Ohiowa	1929		
McFarland, Fred E., York		1921	
McGaffin, W. H., David City		1929	
McGann, Michael W., Albion	1897		
McGavock, Alexander, Omaha		1883	
McGee, George H., Clearwater		1897	
McGinley, Donald F., Ogallala			1955,57,63
McGinley, William J., Douglas		1899	
McGonigle, Victor J., Jackson		1933	
McGowan, J. C., Norfolk	1921,23,25, 27,29,31,35		
McGrath, Charles M., Wauneta		1919,31	
McGrew, James B., Bloomington	1911		
McGrew, Samuel W., Auburn		1887	
McHenry, William A., Nelson			1953,55,57
McHugh, Edwin T., Murdock			1959,61
McKay, C. R., Omaha		1927,29	
McKee, George W., Syracuse		1877	
McKee, Henry C., Palmyra		1919,21	
McKeeby, G. E., Red Cloud	1895		
McKelvie, Samuel R., Lincoln		1911	
McKenna, Augustine P., Gretna		1887	
McKesson, J. C. F., Emerald	1895,1907	1891,93	
McKillip, D. C., Seward		1873,75	
McKim, Edw. D., Omaha		1935	
McKinnon, J. H., Ashland		1869,81	
McKissick, John W., Beatrice		1911,13	
McKnight, John P., Auburn			1947,49,51[5]
McLain, John, Seward		1903,05	
McLaughlin, Harry J., Doniphan		1919	
McLellan, John, Grand Island		1919,21,25, 27,29,35	
McLennan, William, Otoe County		1869	
McLeod, Charles, Stanton		1905	
McLeod, Donald, Schuyler		1897,1919,21	
McMahon, John J., Omaha	1935		
McMahon, Patrick J., Omaha		1927,29,31,33	1937
McMaster, J. Lloyd, Lincoln		1925,27	
McMeans, J. A., Fairbury	1879		
McMillan, Aaron M., Omaha		1929	
McMillan, John, South Omaha		1889	
McMullen, Adam, Wymore	1917	1905,07	
McNamar, C. W., Plum Creek	1887		
McNickle, A. B., Cortland		1889	
McNitt, Randolph, Red Cloud		1895	
McNutt, Robert D., Lincoln			1951,53
McQuistan, W. E., Spencer		1929	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
McReynolds, Logan, Fairfield		1891	
McShane, John A., Omaha	1883,85	1881	
McVey, E. A., Sutton		1893	
McVicker, William J., North Bend		1877,95,1909	
Meacham, Charles H., Jr., Dorchester	1923,25,27		
Mead, George A., Omaha		1901	
Mead, Giles, Blair		1879	
Mears, Grant S., Wayne		1915,17,19, 21[6],23	
Medlar, Irwin A., Omaha		1921	
Meeker, C. W., Imperial		1889	
Megeath, James G., Douglas County	1866[1]		
Meier, William H., Lincoln		1933	
Meiklejohn, G. D., Fullerton	1885,87		
Mekota, John E., Crete			1939,41,43,45
Meline, Gus A., Kearney		1931,33,35	
Mellor, William R., Lincoln		1921	
Memminger, T. F., Madison		1899,1903	
Mendenhall, J. E., Fairbury		1901,03	
Mengel, E. M., Crowder		1877	
Meradith, William, York		1903,05	
Mercer, J. J., Brownville		1877	
Meredith, Geo. W., Ashland	1901,03	1915	
Merrick, H. J., Adams		1893,95	
Merten, George H., Omaha	1935[3,6]		
Merz, Nelson, Falls City			1977
Meserve, William A., Creighton	1905		
Metz, Charles L., Arago		1873	
Metz, Frederick, Omaha	1871,85		
Metzger, A. H., Rolf		1907	
Metzger, C. E., Cedar Creek		1911	1951
Metzger, Wm. A., Cedar Creek			1941,47,49,55
Meyer, Ernest, Oak		1911	
Meyers, Henry F., Omaha	1922[3,6]		
Meyers, Joseph H., Falls City		1877	
Meyers, W. H., McCook		1931,33	
Meysenburg, Nicholas, David City		1915,17	
Michener, N. S., Gresham	1891		
Mickey, Benjamin H., Wood Lake		1921	
Mickey, John H., Osceola		1881	
Mighell, Edwin E., Aurora	1895		
Miille, Edward J., Loretto		1919[6]	
Mikesell, S. P., Ponca		1903	
Milbourn, George F., Minden		1899	
Miles, Benjamin F., Dawson		1885	
Miles, F. W., DeWitt		1895	
Miller, A. L., Kimball, Scottsbluff			1937,39
Miller, Albert H., Blair, Kennard	1921,27	1917,19	
Miller, E., Sargent		1909	
Miller, James E., Majors	1899,1901		
Miller, James P., York	1893		
Miller, John E., Lincoln	1909		
Miller, L. W., Burnett		1883	
Miller, Matt, David City		1885,87	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Miller, William, Oakland	1897		
Milligan, J. O., Wakefield		1905,07	
Mills, Benjamin B., Republican City		1877	
Mills, Frank, Lincoln		1917	
Mills, Jack D., Big Springs			1975,76,77
Mills, M. A., Osceola	1885		
Mills, M. H., Waverly		1897	
Milroy, S. E., Thedford		1919[5]	
Miner, Bert C., Omaha		1915	
Miner, Charles, Ravenna		1921,23,25,27	
Minick, Herman D., Nemaha County		1870	
Minnick, R. L., Stromsburg		1929	
Minnix, Hugh C., Morseville		1887	
Minor, Andrew J., Lincoln		1911	
Mischke, Martin J., Crofton			1939,41,43
Miskell, Edward W., Wilber		1901	
Miskovsky, Leo, Omaha		1927	
Mitchell, Clinton J., Roca		1927,31,33	
Mitchell, J. B., Milford		1897	
Mitchell, J. L., Nebraska City		1879	
Mitchell, W. R., Wahoo		1923,25,27	
Moan, J. M., South Sioux City		1891	
Mockett, John H., Jr., Lincoln	1905	1901,03,11,13, 15	
Modie, A. C., McCook		1891	
Moehrman, Henry, Macon		1895	
Montgomery, R. W., Beaver City		1881	
Moody, O. H., Ansley		1911	
Moore, Frank, Indianola		1909,11	
Moore, J. O., Palmyra		1881	
Moore, N. H., Wilber		1879	
Moore, R. E., Lincoln	1887,91,93		
Moore, Servetus V., York		1877,81	
Moore, William, Brownville		1923	
Moran, O. S., Creston		1897,99	
Morehead, John H., Falls City	1911		
Morgan, John, York		1923	
Morgan, P. J., Omaha			1971,72[5]
Morgan, W. A., Allen	1899		
Morian, Clarence H., Newman Grove		1921	
Moriarty, John F., Omaha	1917	1911	
Morledge, Bert, Hastings		1927	
Morris, Alfred E., Wood Lake		1913	
Morrisey, Frank R., Omaha		1889	
Morrison, Amos, Mitchell			1955
Morrison, James R., Chester		1897,99	
Morrison, James V., Gretna		1919	
Morrison, W. W., Beatrice		1883	
Morrow, J., Seward		1931	
Morse, W. R., Clarksville	1881		
Morsman, E. N., Jr., Omaha		1903	
Morton, Henry, Dakota, Dixon, Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court Counties		1867[3]	
Moseley, Ralph S., Lincoln		1915,17,21	
Moudy, M. V., Lowell		1875	
Moulton, C. F., Omaha			1965,67,69[5]

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Moulton, William S., Omaha			**1951,53,55,57, 59,61,63**
Moyer, George H., Madison		1927,29	
Moylan, Harold T., Omaha			1965,67,69,71, 72,73,74,75, 76,77
Mueller, Fred A., Kearney		1929,31,33	1939,41,43, 45,47
Muffly, Charles T., Meadow Grove	1897		
Muir, Sarah T., Lincoln		1925,33	
Mullen, J. P., Emmett	1893	1891	
Mullen, Jack, Nebraska City			1970[6]
Mullen, P. M., Omaha		1881,1901	
Mulvahill, John, Omaha		1885	
Munger, T. C., Lincoln		1895	
Munn, Eugene, Swift, Nebraska City		1871,75,85	
Munn, Monte L., Lincoln		1925	
Munnelly, John P., Omaha			**1957,59,61**
Murphey, J. Allen, Dorchester		1921	
Murphy, Frank, Omaha		1875	
Murphy, George A., Beatrice	1897		
Murphy, J. R., South Sioux City			1973,74,75,76, 77
Murphy, L. B., Scottsbluff, Kimball			**1937,39,41**
Murphy, Michael J., Friend		1911,13	
Murphy, P. A., Exeter		1907,09	
Murray, James P., Sargent	1933		
Murray, Mark W., Pender		1899,1901	
Murtey, John, Alvo		1917	
Musick, John R., Edgar		1903	
Musser, Myrtle E., Rushville		1931	
Mutz, Otto, Springview	1897		
Muxen, Matthew E., Omaha		1905	
Myers, Ernest L., Newport	1909	1895	
Myers, Hugh A., Omaha		1899	
Myers, John C., Omaha	1881	1871	
Naffziger, John, Dakota County		1869	
Nance, Albinus, Osceola		1875,77	
Nason, W. N., Omaha		1893	
Naylor, Charles, Chadron		1915,17	
Neal, Richard F., Auburn	1917,19		
Neeland, F. A., Hemingford	1933,35		
Neff, P. B., Bloomfield		1915,17,23	
Neff, W., Hildreth		1907	
Negley, John I., Omaha		1915	
Neil, Elmer F., Cozad		1933	
Neilson, Fred C., Bancroft	1905		
Neir, Clark E., Aurora		1911	
Neligh, John D., West Point		1885	
Nelson, Austin, Tekamah		1873	
Nelson, Charles F., Seward		1930[3 6]	
Nelson, E. B., York		1915	
Nelson, Frank, O'Neill			1949,51,53,55, 57,59,61, 63,65
Nelson, H. J., Hooper		1911	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Nelson, N. M., Plainview, Pierce		1903,19,21, 23,25	
Nelson, Neil P., Hooper		1891,93	
Nelson, W. T., Omaha		1903	
Nesbit, John F., Tekamah		1897,99,1917	
Nesbitt, John I., North Platte	1889		
Nettleton, Daniel M., Spring Ranch, Fairfield		1883,85,1907, 09	
Neubauer, E. M., Orleans	1931,33	1925,27,29	1937,39,41,43
Neumann, Arthur L., Oakland	1927,29,31, 33,35		
Neve, William, Omaha		1889	
Neville, William, Omaha		1877	
Neville, William, Plattsmouth		1883	
Newberry, Fred, Aurora		1891,93	
Newcomer, Dallas P., Blue Hill		1885,87	
Newell, Dave, Omaha			1977
Newell, W. H., Plattsmouth	1899,1901		
Newlon, B. F., Palmer		1933	
Newman, William, Alliance		1935	
Newmyer, George W., Central City		1885	
Newmyer, William S., Lyons		1925,27	
Newton, Robert H., Franklin		1927,29	
Newton, William, Harvard		1887	
Nibbe, Robert J., Tecumseh	1927		
Nichol, John R., Willowdale		1885,87	
Nichol, William E., Scottsbluff			1975,76,77
Nichols, David, Kearney		1891	
Nichols, James, Madison		1913,15	
Nickles, George E., Murray		1933,35	
Nicodemus, H. B., Fremont		1877	
Nielsen, Jens, Omaha		1917	
Niewedde, Christian F. B., Columbus		1921	
Nims, Reuel, Richardson County		1871	
Nordgren, T. E., Phillips		1911	
Nore, Herbert E., Genoa			1965,67,69,71, 72,73,74
Noreen, Charles J., Newman Grove		1919	
Norman, William J., Omaha			1939,41,43, 45,47,49
Norris, Charles I., Table Rock	1903		
Norris, Chauncey H., Table Rock	1885	1887	
Norris, Dan C., Brewster		1927,29,31	
Norris, W. F., Ponca	1883		
North, Frank, Columbus		1883	
North, James E., Columbus	1877,93		
North, L. R., Bridgeport		1923	
Northrup, C. Maxam, Geneva		1877	
Norton, John N., Polk, Osceola		1911,13,15,17	1937
Norval, Richard S., Seward	1889,1921		
Norval, T. L., Seward	1879		
Noyes, C. E., Louisville		1907,09	
Noyes, Isaac, Waterloo	1895,99		
Nuernberger, L. C., Wakefield		1931,35	1937
Nutzman, Fred L., Nehawka		1911,15,21	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Oakley, R. H., Lincoln		1891,93	
Obbink, Henry, Lincoln		1935	
Oberlies, L. Clark, Lincoln	1917		
Obermiller, Robert, Boelus		1933	
O'Brien, Archie C., Grand Island	1935		
O'Brien, George M., Omaha		1889[7]o	
O'Brien, John J., Omaha		1935	
O'Connell, J. G., Tecumseh	1907	1909	
Oelkers, Henry, Eustis		1929	
O'Furey, J. P., Hartington	1933		
O'Gara, William H., Laurel		1921,23,25,27, 29,31,33,35	
Ogden, Clifford N., Omaha			1943,45,49[8]
O'Hanlon, Philip, Douglas County		1866[1]	
Olesen, Julius, Ashland		1929,31	
Oleson, Andrew R., Wisner	1901		
Olinger, Oliver O., Tekamah			1959
Olinger, William G., Tekamah		1875	
Ollis, J. A., Jr., Ord	1909,11,13	1901,17[5]	
Olmstead, Fred D., Hastings		1885,89	
Olmstead, Robert H., Omaha		1899	
Olson, C. O., Holdrege		1901	
Olson, L. W., Orleans		1917	
Olson, P. B., Malmo		1891,93	
O'Malley, George W., Greeley		1923,25,27, 29,31,33	
O'Malley, Michael H., Alda		1913	
O'Neill, Hugh, Chelsea	1899		
O'Neill, Richard, Lincoln	1901,03		
Orme, Fern Hubbard, Lincoln			1959,61,63,65, 67,69,71,72
Orr, Charles W., Craig, Lyons		1913,15,23	
Orton, Stephen W., Weeping Water		1895	
Osborn, John M., Pawnee City	1897		
Osborn, L. W., Blair	1873		
Osborne, Thomas C., Bayard	1923		1943
Osgood, Charles E., North Platte		1885	
Osterman, Ed. T., Central City		1935	
Osterman, Theodore M., Central City	1927	1915,17,19,21, 23	
O'Sullivan, P. F., West Point		1889	
Otteman, George F., Hooper		1923,25	
Otterstein, Ludwig, West Point	1879		
Otto, Norman A., Kearney			1955,57,59
Ough, Dan L., Benkelman		1925,27,29,31	
Overbeck, C. F., Beatrice		1931,33	
Overton, John, Otoe County		1871	
Overton, Nelson, Nebraska City		1881,87	
Owen, John, Omaha		1933	
Owen, Samuel G., Lincoln		1873,79	
Owens, Claire E., Exeter		1931,35	
Owens, Eldridge D., Cozad	1899,1901		
Packwood, Samuel, Creighton	1893		
Paddock, Joseph W., Douglas County		1866[1]	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Page, B. W., Middleburg		1877	
Paine, Ira E., Grand Island			**1965**
Palmer, A. S., Ponca		1881,83	
Palmer, Edward W., Omaha		1921	
Palmer, Harrison C., Clay Center		1913	
Palmer, J. P., Omaha		1915	
Palmer, Joshua, Friendville		1883	
Parchen, William, Richardson County		1866[1]	
Park, Robert H., Yutan		1921	
Parker, C. M., Lincoln		1919	
Parker, Ed., Lone Tree		1873	
Parker, Henry C., St. Paul		1891	
Parker, S. M., Palmyra		1905	
Parker, T. B., Dorchester		1877	
Parkinson, William T., Pawnee City		1915,17,23,29	
Parmelee, Daniel S., Douglas County		1867[2 3],69	
Parriott, W. C., Auburn		1915	
Parrish, Watson, Tekamah		1869	
Parry, John M., Syracuse		1881	
Paschal, Joseph L., Columbus	1901		
Patrick, J. N. H., Waterloo	1867[3]		
Patrick, J. W., Nebraska City		1873	
Patrick, W. R., Papillion	1907		
Pattavina, Carl F., Omaha		1933	
Patterson, James M., Plattsmouth	1883	1871	
Patterson, Samuel M., Alma		1915	
Pattison, Leander W., Richardson County		1870	
Patton, J. A., Fremont	1929		
Patton, William M., Humboldt		1879	
Paul, James N., St. Paul	1885	1877	
Paulsen, John T., Omaha	1889		
Paxton, Chester, Thedford			**1965**
Paxton, William A., Omaha	1889	1881	
Payne, Dale L., Omaha, Bellevue			1963,65,67[5]
Payne, Robert, Nebraska City		1883	
Peabody, V. P., Nemaha		1882[4],1905	
Pearson, James, Moorefield		1913	
Peck, E. T., Falls City		1931	
Peck, J. O., Columbus			1959,61
Peck, W. W., Inez		1899	
Pedersen, Henry, Guide Rock	1931,33,35		
Pedersen, Henry F., Jr., Omaha			1965,67,69
Pedrett, Jacob, Kimball		1929	
Peisiger, L. C., Blue Hill		1901	
Pemberton, L. M., Beatrice	1903		
Pemberton, William J., Reynolds		1887	
Pepoon, Theodore W., Table Rock	1877		
Perigo, Eugene, Scottsbluff		1935	
Perkins, Edward D., McCook		1921	
Perkins, George A., Fairmont		1905	
Perkins, J. M., Fairmont		1895	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Perkins, J. W., Niobrara	1881		
Perky, H. D., Wahoo	1875		
Perry, E. B., Cambridge		1903,05	
Perry, Ralph R., Lincoln			1955
Person, O. H., Wahoo			1947,49,51,53, 55
Peters, Ben L., Albion		1933	
Peters, John, Albion		1887	
Peterson, Andrew M., Peterson		1881	
Peterson, C. Petrus, Lincoln	1919	1915,17	1941,43,45,47
Peterson, Carl H., Norfolk			1937,39
Peterson, Edward W., Tekamah		1885	
Peterson, Ernest W., Axtell		1921,23,27,29	
Peterson, J. E., Campbell	1905		
Peterson, John B., Ashland		1935	1937
Peterson, K. W., Sargent			1951,53,55
Peterson, P. R., Lexington	1933		
Pfister, LeRoy, South Sioux City			1972[6]
Phelps, C. W., Stratton		1897	
Phillips, F. W., Star	1907		
Phillips, Rolo O., Lincoln		1877	
Pickens, Wes, Powell	1911	1909	
Pickett, Henry, Wahoo	1921		
Pickett, T. J., Jr., Ashland	1889		
Pierce, C. W., Waverly	1881		
Pilger, Adam, Stanton		1907,09,13	
Piller, Reinhold E., Millerton	1915		
Pinney, N. R., Nebraska City		1875	
Pitney, Clyde G., Inavale		1925,27,33	
Pitney, O. R., Inavale	1901		
Pitzer, William H., Nebraska City	1931		
Pizer, Harry L., North Platte		1935	1937,45,47,49, 51,53,55,57, 59
Placek, Emil Edwin, Wahoo	1911,13		
Plumbeck, George, Millet		1879	
Pohlman, Floyd W., Auburn			1952[3,8]
Pohlman, John H., Johnson		1891,95	
Polk, John F., Louisville		1879	
Polk, Milton D., Plattsmouth	1889		
Pollard, Ernest M., Nehawka		1897,99	
Pollard, J. M., Riverton		1923	
Pollock, Fay H., Omaha		1925	
Pollock, J. W., Wisner		1877	
Pollock, William A., Brownville		1866[1],79	
Pool, Charles W., Tecumseh		1909	
Pope, John Dudley, Friend	1889,93,95		
Porter, DeForest, Nemaha County		1871	
Porter, George C., Omaha		1919	
Porter, John Washington, Albion		1927,31,35	
Porter, Nathan S., Dakota, Dixon, Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court Counties	1866[1],70		
Porter, W. F., Clarks		1891,93	
Portsche, Stanley Lee, Lincoln			1957,59
Pospisil, John J., Weston		1905	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Post, Mark F., Monowi		1905	
Potter, R. K., Elm Creek		1889	
Pottinger, Willett, Saunders, Cass, Sarpy, Seward, Butler Counties	1871[7aa]		
Potts, George W., DuBois		1911,13	
Pound, Stephen B., Lincoln	1873		
Powers, Isaac, Jr., Dakota City	1877,81		
Poynter, William A., Albion	1891	1885	
Pratt, C. E., Hastings		1933[6]	
Presson, Wm. A., Richardson County	1867[2]		
Preston, James, Dakota County		1867[3]	
Price, F. O., Thayer	1935	1929,31	
Price, Jack W., Lincoln			1941
Price, M. S., Howard		1879	
Prichard, Harold C., Falls City			1947
Prince, F. P., Madison		1897	
Prince, Willard A., Grand Island	1927	1899,1911	
Pritchett, George E., Omaha		1877	
Prohs, Otto J., Gering			1947,49,51
Proskocil, J. K., Omaha		1935	
Proud, Richard F., Omaha			1965,67,69,71, 72,73,74
Prout, F. N., Beatrice	1899		
Puls, W. H., Murray		1911	
Purcell, Emerson R., Broken Bow	1923,25,27	1919	
Purdy, Watson L., Madison	1933	1919	
Purdy, William, Norfolk			1955
Purinton, David E., Alliance		1927	
Purnell, Charles, Madrid		1891	
Putnam, C. B., Butte		1931	
Putnam, F. C., Alvin	1885		
Putney, W. G., Cedar Bluffs, Wahoo		1929,31,35	
Putney, W. W., Oakdale		1881	
Quackenbush, Edmund B., Auburn		1907,11	
Quade, William H., Stapleton		1922[3 6]	
Queen, James, Lancaster, Seward, Saunders Counties		1866[1]	
Quiggle, Charles C., Lincoln		1913	
Quimby, D. J., Dixon, Cedar, L'Eau Qui Court Counties		1871	
Quinby, Laurie J., Omaha	1915		
Quinn, J. E., Elkhorn, Valley		1923,35[6]	
Raasch, Ernest C., Norfolk			1945,47
Raasch, Obed, Norfolk		1923,25,27, 29,31,33	
Radke, Franz C., Wynot		1917	
Raecke, Walter R., Central City			1941,43,45,47
Raines, Robert F., Red Cloud		1909	
Rakow, Elmer C., Neligh			1941,43
Ramey, D. M., Wilber		1883	
Ramsey, J. H., Filley		1903	
Randall, Charles A., Newman Grove	1907,09		

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Randall, Charles H., Randolph	1911,21		
Randall, H. L., Holdrege	1891		
Randall, O. C., Holdrege		1929,31	
Randall, William L., Omaha	1929,31	1921	
Randall, William S., Fairfield		1887	
Rank, W. W., Grand Island		1921	
Ranney, H. D., Blue Hill		1883	
Ransom, Frank T., Omaha, Nebraska City	1889,97, 1901,09	1881	
Raper, W. B., Pawnee City		1907,09	
Rasdal, M. E., Ogallala		1935	
Rasmussen, Dennis L., Scotia			1973,74,75,76, 77
Rasmussen, Eric, Fairmont			1963,65,67[5]
Rasmussen, Ross H., Hooper			1961,63,65,67[5]
Ratcliff, J. F., Trenton		1933,35	
Ratcliff, James R., Central City		1883	
Rathbun, F. M., Cambridge	1895		
Rathmann, Christian, Washington County		1869	
Rathsack, W. A., Schuyler		1909	
Raymond, Isaac M., Lincoln	1889	1887	
Raymond, L. L., Scottsbluff	1909		
Rayner, H. St., Sidney		1889	
Reader, Frank E., Kimball		1925	
Reagan, John E., Omaha	1911		
Ream, James D., Broken Bow		1901	
Reavis, Isham, Nemaha, Richardson Counties	1869[5]		
Reavis, Joseph C., Falls City			1939,43,45
Redman, Herman A., Kenesaw		1901	
Redmond, W. D., Peru		1907	
Reece, Charles S., Simeon		1923,25,31	
Reed, C. C., Vesta		1903	
Reed, Charles S., Logan		1921[5]	
Reed, Edward S., Otoe County		1866[1]	
Reed, Eugene L., Cass, Saunders Counties	1870[3,6]		
Reed, George C., Orleans		1881	
Reed, James E., Havelock, Lincoln		1931,33,35	1939,41
Reed, Lewis S., Douglas County		1871	
Reed, Perry A. C., Henderson	1919,21,23, 25,27,29,31	1917	
Reeves, Mills S., Otoe County	1867[1,3]		
Reeves, T. C., Central City			1963
Regan, Richard C., Platte Center, Columbus	1935	1911,13,15, 17[5],23,25, 27,29,31	1937
Reifenrath, J. H., Crofton	1923	1915,17	
Reilly, J. W., Rosalie		1935	
Reis, A., North Platte		1877	
Reische, Harry E., Chadron		1913	
Reisner, F. A., Thedford		1915,17[5]	
Rejcha, F., Hallam		1907	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Remington, D. D., Bee		1895	
Reneker, George W., Falls City		1917,21,27,29	
Renkel, W. F., Inavale		1907	
Reuter, F. A., Syracuse		1913,15,33,35	
Reuting, Henry, Saronville	1901		
Reutzel, Barry L., Fremont			1977
Reyman, M. B., Grant		1881	
Reynolds, B. W., Fremont	1903		
Reynolds, Florence B., Omaha			1967,69
Reynolds, John D., Niobrara	1935		1937
Reynolds, S. S., David City	1883		
Reynolds, Scott, North Platte		1915,17,23	
Reynolds, Victor D., Omaha	1927	1919	
Reynolds, W. H., Chadron	1899,1911,13		
Reynolds, Wm. A., Indianola		1913,15	
Rhea, Robert C., Milford		1893	
Rhoades, Herbert, Tekamah	1922[3,6]		
Rhodes, H. F., Yale, Ord		1893,95	
Rhodes, Hinman, Tecumseh		1869,71	
Rhodes, Julius, Pawnee City		1889	
Ribble, Curtis W., DeWitt		1903	
Rice, Alonzo E., Stuart		1885	
Rich, Edson, Omaha		1897	
Rich, H. M., Fairbury	1883		
Rich, S. M., Nemaha County	1866[1]		
Richards, C. L., Hebron		1895	
Richards, J. E. W., Arapahoe		1933,35	
Richardson, Arthur W., Lincoln		1913	
Richardson, F. W., Battle Creek		1895,1905	
Richardson, L. O., Orafino		1907	
Richendifer, Blair K., Walthill			1972[6],73,74
Richmond, Henry C., Omaha		1915,17[5]	
Rickard, Murray F., Guide Rock	1921,23,29	1917,19	
Ricketts, M. O., Omaha		1893,95	
Rief, Charles, Grand Island		1887	
Rieschick, W. F., Falls City		1915,17	
Riggs, J. H., Waterloo		1903	
Riha, Frank J., Omaha		1911	
Riley, Austin, Rosemont, Lawrence		1891,93	
Riley, James E., Omaha		1885	
Rine, John A., Omaha		1918[3,6]	
Riordan, H. C., Washington County		1871	
Ritchie, C. A., Gresham		1909	
Ritchie, Wm. E., Ulysses	1897	1891	
Robb, F. W., Wyoming		1877	
Robb, Washington, Talmage		1889	
Robberts, J. C., David City		1881,83	
Robbins, A. M., Ord	1887		
Robbins, John W., Omaha	1919,21,23, 25,27		
Robbins, W. E., Cortland		1903,05	
Roberts, A., Saunders, Seward, Butler Counties		1871	
Roberts, E. W., Holdrege		1909,11	
Roberts, John Fitz, Omaha, South Omaha		1897[7]p	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Roberts, Joseph, Fremont		1903,05	
Robertson, John A., Joy	1913,15,17,25	1895,97	
Robertson, Millard M., Omaha		1921	
Robertson, Simon P., Brock		1885	
Robertson, Theodore H., Sarpy County		1866[1]	
Robinson, Charles S., Midvale		1893	
Robinson, J. C., Hartington	1889		
Robinson, John F., Stanton		1885	
Robinson, Leslie, Kearney			1967,69
Robinson, W. D., Lincoln		1895	
Roche, John J., Neligh	1889	1883	
Rocke, Jacob, Hickman	1899		
Rockwell, Austin, Burt, Cuming Counties		1867[2,3]	
Rockwell, Will H., South Sioux City		1929	
Roddy, Patrick, Nebraska City		1895,97	
Rodman, James A., Kimball, Omaha	1929,31	1919,21,25,27	
Rogers, E. H., Dodge County	1867[2,3]		
Rogers, Josiah, Syracuse	1883		
Rohan, P. F., Newcastle		1891	
Rohlff, Ervin E., Omaha		1931,33	
Rohr, R. H., Arapahoe		1879	
Rohrer, Jacob J., Friend		1905,07	
Rohwer, Henry, Fort Calhoun		1901	
Rolfe, DeForest P., Otoe County		1867[2,5]	
Roll, J. F., Ithaca		1875	
Romans, Jack, Ord			1959,61
Root, Anderson, Murray		1885	
Root, H. D., Greenwood		1881	
Root, Jesse L., Plattsmouth	1907		
Roper, Fordyce E., Gage County		1870	
Roper, W. B., Pawnee County		1876[3]	
Rosewater, Edward, Omaha		1871	
Rossiter, Edgar, DeWitt		1925	
Rossiter, J. B., Walthill			1939
Rost, John A., Axtell		1919	
Rothleutner, Frank, Kilgore		1895	
Rothwell, S. J., Omaha	1933		
Rourke, James F., Grand Island		1923	
Rouse, George L., Alda		1895,97,99, 1903,05	
Rouse, John P., Cass County		1871,76[3]	
Ruddy, Michael V., Albion		1919[5],1921	
Ruden, Charles, Crofton	1915		
Rudisill, Lewis C., Benkelman		1913,15	
Ruggles, L. G., Hiawatha		1891,93	
Ruhnke, Arnold, Plymouth			1955,57,59,61, 63,65,67[5]
Rumery, Myron, North Platte			1975,76,77
Rundle, Frank C., Aurora		1925,27,29	
Runyan, Milton M., Rescue		1877	
Russell, Byron P., Ord		1885	
Russell, Carson, McCook		1927,29	
Russell Harry F., Hastings			1944[3,6]

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Russell, Henry C., Schuyler		1887	
Russell, W. J., York		1883	
Russillo, Michael P., Omaha			1959[e],61,63
Rustin, Charles B., Omaha	1875		
Ryan, James A., Omaha			1945
Ryan, T. C., Columbus		1879	
Ryan, William M., Douglas County		1871	
Saberson, S., Allen		1909	
Sackett, Harry E., Beatrice	1907		
Saddler, W. G., Juniata		1903,05	
Sadilek, F. J., Wilber		1883	
Sadler, S., Hastings		1877	
Sagl, Anton, Wilber		1911	
St. Clair, W. P. P., Ogallala		1877	
Sallander, E. F., Omaha		1935	
Samuelson, C. E., Hildreth	1917		
Sanborn, C. W., Gretna		1911	
Sandall, Andrew L., York		1899,1901	
Sandall, C. E., York	1915,17		
Sanden, H. E., Omaha	1933		
Sanders, Daniel C., Nemaha County		1866[1]	
Sanders, William A., Ashland	1891,93		
Sandquist, Walter, Walthill		1919,21	
Sang, Charles, Fremont	1883		
Sargent, J. E., Macon	1889		
Sass, Jacob, Chalco		1915,17	
Satchell, Nicholas M., Weeping Water		1887,89	
Saunders, Charles L., Omaha	1903,05,07,13, 15,19,21,23		
Saunders, George W., Bazile Mills		1907	
Saunders, John D., Kearney		1929	
Saunders, Sherman, Bloomfield	1895		
Savage, E. P., Custer		1883	
Savage, John S., Omaha			1971,72,73,74, 75,76,77
Sawyer, A. J., Lincoln	1917		
Schaal, William D., Springfield	1897,99		
Schaible, M. J., Falls City		1899	
Schappel, Charles A., Pawnee City		1891,93	
Schaupp, Frederick W., Virginia		1913	
Scheele, Henry, Utica		1909,11	
Schelp, William, Platte Center		1891,93	
Schepman, Henry F., Tecumseh, Falls City	1929,31	1925	
Schepman, William J., Tecumseh		1935	
Schick, T. L., Brownville		1881	
Schickedantz, H., St. Paul		1895	
Schinstock, Chris, West Point		1903	
Schinstock, Henry, West Point		1901	
Schlentz, Peter N., David City		1927,31	
Schlotfeldt, Henry, Grand Island		1891,93	
Schmidt, John O., Wahoo		1919	
Schminke, Paul, Nebraska City	1887	1873,77	
Schmit, Loran, David City, Bellwood			1969,71,72,73, 74,75,76,77

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Schneider, R. A., Omaha		1917	
Schneringer, M. E., Callaway		1923[5]	
Schock, Henry, Richardson County		1871	
Schoenheit, Augustus, Falls City	1883		
Schoenrock, A. C., Gladstone		1935	
Schoettger, H. D., Fontanelle		1907,09	
Schram, C. W., Newcastle		1897	
Schram, Sidney, Surprise	1891		
Schreurs, Wayne, Seward			1969[6]
Schroeder, Charles, Platte		1883	
Schroeder, Martin, Bloomfield		1935	
Schroeder, N. F., Hoskins			1947,49
Schueth, Charles, Humphrey		1911,13	
Schultz, O. Edwin, Elgin	1935		1937,39,45
Schwab, D. F., Lebanon		1917	
Schwab, Henry, Hooper		1887	
Scilley, Hugh, Leavitt		1905	
Scofield, Gilbert B., Otoe County	1872		
Scott, A. R., Falls City	1893		
Scott, Andrew, Pawnee City		1899,1901	
Scott, Andrew J., Kearney		1893,95	
Scott, J. P., Willow Creek		1881	
Scott, Perlee W., McCook	1925,27,29,31		
Scott, Robert M., Cozad		1891	
Scott, Thaddeus M., Aurora		1913,15	
Scott, W. D., Rulo	1873		
Scott, William T., York		1879	
Scoville, D. A., Phillips, Aurora	1879	1889	
Scoville, Frank A., Valparaiso		1885	
Scudder, A. L., Doniphan, Grand Island		1907,15,17	
Seaman, John D., Kearney	1879		
Searle, Edwin M., Sr., Ogallala		1913	
Sears, Charles W., Omaha	1919		
Sears, F. A., Grand Island		1881	
Sears, William G., Tekamah		1901,03	
Seaton, Fred A., Hastings			1945,47
Seed, Adam, Beaver Crossing		1889	
Seeley, John C., Scribner		1875	
Segelke, Charles F., Columbus		1917	
Selden, Perry, Herman		1877	
Selleck, William A., Lincoln	1911		
Sessions, Milan H., Lancaster		1873,79,83	
Severe, O. A., Palmyra		1897	
Severin, F. C., Cortland		1889,91	
Seybolt, George L., Cass County		1869	
Shaffer, Norman E., Hooper		1917	
Shalla, Joseph P., Beatrice			1951
Shamp, Jerome, Lincoln		1887	
Shanner, L. T., Inman	1889		
Shannon, John J., Omaha		1917	
Shea, John C., Omaha	1891		
Shedd, H. H., Ashland		1881	
Shelby, P. P., Omaha		1877	
Sheldon, Addison E., Chadron		1897	
Sheldon, B. W., Ogallala		1931,33	
Sheldon, George L., Nehawka	1903,05		

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Sheldon, Lawson, Nehawka	1867[2],71		
Shellenbarger, H. B., Stamford	1923,25,27		
Shelley, B. Y., Niobrara		1879	
Shellhorn, E. J., University Place		1901	
Shelly, Thomas C., Omaha		1903	
Shephard, George W., Mead		1889	
Sheridan, I. A., Indianola		1893	
Shervin, John E., Fremont	1885,87		
Shipley, Joseph, West Point		1891	
Shipley, Marion E., Hooper		1913	
Shipley, W., Palisade		1903	
Shoemaker, W. S., Omaha		1909,11	
Shook, George R., Nemaha County	1873	1869,71	
Shook, John H., Barada		1895	
Shore, J. H., Valentine		1899	
Shrader, C. D., Logan		1891	
Shreck, George, York	1905		
Shryock, W. B., Louisville		1891	
Shubert, J. F., Shubert		1907	
Shull, J. C., Auburn		1897	
Shultz, L. M., Rogers			1951,53,55
Shumway, Herbert P., Wakefield	1891,1913,15		
Sibley, C. A., Curtis	1907		
Siecke, C. L., Wisner		1899	
Sievers, C. E., Snyder		1915	
Sill, J. A., Fremont		1881	
Silver, H. H., Silver		1881	
Siman, Harry E., Winside	1919		
Simanek, Thomas, Plasi		1887	
Simmons, Ray C., Fremont			1957,59
Simms, Benjamin M., Alma		1887	
Simon, Edward, Omaha		1913	
Simon, Neil, Omaha			1977
Simonton, R. N., Nelson		1879	
Simpson, Harold D., Lincoln			1967,69,71,72, 73,74,75,76[5]
Sinclair, John, Burr		1893	
Sindelar, J. B., Howells		1911,13,15,17	
Singleton, John Andrew, Omaha		1927	
Sink, John W., Grand Island		1909,11	
Sisson, Edwin F., Arizona		1893,95	
Skarda, William R., Jr., Omaha			1959,61,63,65, 67,69,71,72, 73,74,75,76
Skeen, Ben T., Brownville, Auburn		1909,11,25,27	
Skiles, Charles McClellan, David City	1911		
Skinner, J. B., Hardy	1885		
Slader, Dean C., Washington County		1867[2]	
Slater, August B., Wayne		1887	
Slaymaker, Edward Owen, Stuart		1927,31,33	
Slepicka, Alois, Wilber	1935		1937
Sloan, Charles H., Geneva	1895		
Sloan, Robert J., Geneva	1903		
Slocumb, Charles B., Fairbury		1879,81	
Sloup, Adam, Omaha		1929	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Sloup, Barbara, Omaha		1930[4,6]	
Small, James W., Fairfield		1877	
Smallwood, James W., North Platte		1929,31,33	
Smelser, H., Ashton		1905	
Smiley, Erle B., Seward		1923	
Smith, Adon O., Bassett		1919	
Smith, Alva, Waverly	1885		
Smith, Aubrey A., St. Edward	1911	1907	
Smith, B. K., St. Edward	1881		
Smith, Charles, Sabetha		1899	
Smith, Charles C., Exeter	1911		
Smith, D., Elmwood		1909	
Smith, Dudley, Omaha		1897	
Smith, Edward A., Omaha		1913,21,23,31	
Smith, G. F., Ewing		1893,95	
Smith, George L., Ulysses		1899	
Smith, George N., Kearney	1891,93		
Smith, H. L., Geneva	1885		
Smith, H. M., Friend		1899	
Smith, Hanford O., Plum Creek		1885	
Smith, Herschel V., Tobias		1903	
Smith, J. D., Sarpy County		1866[1],69	
Smith, J. E., Guide Rock		1877,79	
Smith, J. F. S., Elgin	1899		
Smith, James, Friend		1891	
Smith, Jules, Salem		1893,97	
Smith, Richard, Omaha	1895		
Smith, Robert A., Tekamah		1905	
Smith, Roscoe R., Albion		1911	
Smith, Theodore, Tecumseh		1893	
Smith, William A., Beemer		1915	
Smith, William H., Seward	1913		
Smithberger, Louis, Stanton		1899,1901	
Smrha, Charles, Milligan	1923,27		
Smyth, Constantine J., Omaha		1887	
Snell, W. H., Fairbury	1885,87		
Snow, George C., Chadron		1919,21	
Snyder, Adam, Omaha		1889	
Snyder, D. C., Elk Creek		1897	
Snyder, Duke, Omaha			1971,72,73,74
Snyder, J., Carleton, Hastings		1913,15	
Snyder, J. M., Verdurette		1897	
Snyder, Joseph, Alma		1907,09	
Soderman, E., Bertrand		1891,93,95,97	
Soderstrom, Ralph, Kearney		1935	
Softley, Alfred, Fremont		1935	
Somerhalder, H. J., Guide Rock		1935	
Somers, W. H., Lancaster County		1876[3]	
Sommerlad, Henry W., Richardson County		1866[1,4,7],71	
Sommerlad, Philip A., Lincoln		1921	
Soost, William, Magnet	1917		
Sorensen, Rudolph, Ord		1915	
Sorenson, E. H., St. Paul		1931	
Sorrell, Frank, Syracuse			1939,41,43,45
Sowers, A. H., Hastings	1883,85		

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Spackman, E. B., Fullerton		1895	
Spanogle, A. J., Hamilton		1883	
Sparks, J. W., Merrick County		1879	
Sparks, John, Beatrice		1879	
Spaun, Jacob S., Omaha	1875		
Specht, Christian, Omaha		1889[7]q	
Speice, Charles A., Platte County		1869	
Spellman, Henry, Centerville		1877	
Spence, L. D., Crab Orchard		1929,31	
Spencer, Alvin D., Barneston	1915	1901,27,29	
Spencer, Edson R., Firth	1897	1893,95	
Spencer, John T., Dakota City	1885		
Spicknall, William R., Tecumseh		1877	
Spier, S. S., Odell		1903	
Spirk, Emanuel J., Wilber	1913,15,17		
Spohn, George J., Superior	1899		
Sprague, L. A., Red Cloud	1935[3] [6]		
Sprecher, John C., Schuyler	1895	1901	
Sprick, Albert W., Fontanelle		1921,27,29,31	
Sprick, Henry, Fontanelle	1887	1873,77,81	
Springer, E. F., Gering		1907	
Springer, H. M., Mitchell	1931		
Spurlock, George M., Plattsmouth		1903	
Srb, Hugo F., Dodge	1931,33		
Sroat, George W., Otoe County		1867[3]	
Staats, George F., Fremont		1919,21,23, 25,27,29	
Stahmer, David H., Omaha			1971,72,73,74
Stalder, A. E., Humboldt		1907	
Stalder, Lloyd W., Humboldt			1961,63
Starbuck, Jesse, Hebron	1891		
Stark, Marjorie G., Norfolk		1935	
Starrett, S. B., Tecumseh		1879	
Startzer, Samuel, Papillion		1903	
Staubitz, Ernest H., Kearney			1961
Staver, Hugh Q., Salem		1885	
Stearns, Frank E., Scottsbluff		1913,15,17	
Stebbins, John, Shelton		1891	
Stebbins, Lucien, North Platte		1897	
Stebbins, Willis M., Gothenburg		1911,13,15	
Stedman, E. J., Unadilla		1909	
Stedwell, Abram, Buffalo		1883	
Steele, Calvin F., Fairbury	1897,99,1901		
Steele, George M., Thedford		1919[6]	
Steele, J. S., Kimball		1931,35	
Steele, R. B., Fairbury			1947
Steever, Amon, Polk		1883	
Steinauer, N. A., Steinauer		1907	
Steinman, Henry, Nemaha County		1869	
Steinmeyer, George W., Beatrice, Holmesville		1915	
Steinmeyer, Henry, Clatonia		1901	
Stephens, James, Central City		1913	
Stephenson, D. V., Richardson		1883	
Stephenson, David, Fullerton		1921,25	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Sternsdorff, George J., Omaha		1891	
Stetson, Delbert A., Western		1903,05	
Steuteville, J. H., Bridgeport		1931,33,35	
Stevens, A. D., Strang		1891	
Stevens, Harry P., Bignell		1913	
Stevens, Henry, Genoa		1891	
Stevens, J. K., North Platte	1891		
Stevens, John, Edison		1891,93	
Stevenson, Oliver, Otoe County	1866[1]		
Stevenson, R. F., West Point		1873	
Stevenson, Thomas, Loretto		1915	
Stevenson, Thomas B., Nebraska City	1869	1885	
Steward, John B., Benedict		1891	
Stewart, Alexander S., Pawnee, Gage, Johnson, Clay, Jones Counties	1866[1]	1869,70	
Stewart, Cloyd L., Clay Center	1933,35		
Stewart, H. G., Crawford	1893,95		
Stibal, Thomas, Schuyler		1923	
Stinson, Allen S., Niobrara	1927,29		
Stirk, J. W., Battle Creek		1889	
Stirling, James H., Exeter	1887	1885	
Stockwell, H. M., Clearwater		1901	
Stoecker, W. F., Omaha		1909	
Stolz, J. P., Milford		1907	
Stone, Bernard R., Omaha		1925	
Stone, George A., Rulo	1879		
Stone, Isaac, Fillmore		1879	
Stoney, Larry, Omaha			1975,76,77
Storm, John D., Peru		1891	
Story, George Matthew, Plainview		1927,29,31	
Stouffer, B. R., Humboldt		1879	
Stout, Richard F., Lincoln		1919[6]	
Stout, W. H. B., Washington County		1869	
Straub, Vincent, Berlin		1897	
Stream, Mahlon B., York		1917	
Strehlow, R. C., Omaha	1917		
Strehlow, Robert, Omaha		1923	
Stringfellow, J. I., Oakdale		1931,33,35	
Stromer, Gerald A., Kearney			1971,72,73,74,
Stromer, Marvin E., Lincoln			1961,63,65,67[5]
Strong, Allen A., Gordon		1933,35	1937
Strong, David E., Ord		1919,21	
Stryker, Harold B., Rising City			1957,59,61,63, 65,67
Stuefer, William, West Point	1895		
Stuhr, Leo B., Grand Island		1917	
Stull, Leslie A., Alliance			1969,71,72,73, 74,75,76
Sturdevant, Brantly E., Atkinson	1923	1919,21	
Sturgess, Thomas F., Omaha		1899	
Sturm, Andrew F., Nehawka	1919,21		
Suessenbach, Henry, Douglas		1883	
Sugarman, Martin L., Omaha		1913	
Sullenberger, Dayton, Chadron		1935	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Sullenberger, O. P., Ponca	1879		
Sullivan, George T., Omaha	1935		1941
Sullivan, John J., Columbus		1887	
Summers, J. Frank, Beatrice		1935	
Suter, Lewis H., Neligh		1893,95	
Sutherland, J. R., Tekamah	1889		
Sutherland, Webster J., Schuyler		1885	
Sutton, A. L., South Omaha		1893,95	
Sutton, A. Lincoln, Omaha		1935	
Sutton, William, Table Rock		1895,97	
Svoboda, C. V., St. Paul		1923	
Swan, H. N., Fairmont		1909,11	
Swan, John T., Auburn		1899	
Swanson, Arthur W., Holdrege			1955,57,59
Swanson, Daniel, Fremont		1901	
Swanson, H. A., Clay Center		1917	
Swanson, John, St. Edward	1919		
Swanson, William F., Lincoln			1967[s],69,71,72
Swartsley, John C., Columbus		1889	
Swearingen, Joseph, Seward		1883	
Sweet, Franklin, Clarks		1887,89	
Sweezy, F. A., Blue Hill		1903	
Swigart, Warren R., Omaha			1975,76,77
Switzer, Simon W., Kearney		1877	
Switzler, Warren, Omaha	1891		
Syas, George D., Omaha			1951,53,55,57, 59,61,63,65, 67,69,71,72, 73,74,75,76
Sykes, Tracy P., Hastings	1897		
Taggart, F. D., Hastings	1889		
Taggart, Robert M., Palmyra		1885	
Talbot, A. R., Lincoln	1897,99		
Talbot, J. W., David City		1907	
Talbot, J. W., Otoe County		1869	
Talboy, William R., Newcastle		1925	
Talcott, J. M., Crofton	1911,13	1909	
Tanner, J. W., Fullerton		1899,1901	
Tanner, John M., South Omaha, Omaha	1909,11,17,19		
Taylor, A. B., York		1909	
Taylor, E. B., Douglas County	1869		
Taylor, Frank H., Table Rock		1925,27	
Taylor, Frank M., Graf		1891	
Taylor, H. G., Central City		1911	
Taylor, John H., Waterloo		1897[r]	
Taylor, Lloyd O., Stockville		1919	
Taylor, S. B., Blair	1881		
Taylor, W. H., Brainard		1891	
Taylor, W. J., Merna	1919	1899,1901,09, 15,17	
Taylor, W. M., Almeria	1891		
Taylor, William H., Exeter		1897,99	
Taylor, William Z., Culbertson		1883,85,1909, 11,13	
Tefft, C. R., Lincoln		1901	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Tefft, Orlando, Avoca	1879,81,93,95		
TenEyck, W. B., Omaha		1903	
Tennant, A. W., Dodge, Stanton, Cuming, Cedar, Dixon, L'Eau Qui Court Counties	1871		
Tesar, Lad V., Omaha	1927	1925	
Tesar, Rudolph, Omaha		1931,33	
Tews, David D., Norfolk			1957,59
Thatch, S. H., Norfolk	1883		
Thatcher, A. B., Butte		1923	
Thielen, Charles, Humphrey	1923		
Thiessen, John P., Jansen		1907,09	
Thomas, A. N., Aurora		1895	
Thomas, Amos, Omaha			1937,39,41
Thomas, B. F., Omaha	1905,07		
Thomas, E. W., Nemaha County	1871		
Thomas, George H., Schuyler		1885	
Thomas, George P., Burt, Cuming Counties		1866[1]	
Thomas, Ira, Oakland		1883	
Thomas, James W., Weeping Water		1885	
Thomas, Lloyd C., Alliance		1917	
Thomas, Ray, Clay Center		1935	1940[4],41,43
Thomas, S. L., Plattsmouth	1891		
Thomas, Walter P., Omaha		1909	
Thompson, Asad L., Steele City		1885	
Thompson, Don, McCook			1955,57,59,61, 63
Thompson, Don L., McCook		1935	
Thompson, Dudley E., Genoa			1943
Thompson, F. A., Clay Center		1899	
Thompson, James F., University Place		1919	
Thompson, John J., Bell Creek		1879	
Thompson, M. J., St. Edward		1883	
Thompson, Oscar R., Wisner	1909	1905	
Thompson, Reese B., Cowles		1921	
Thompson, Richard A., Wisner		1879	
Thompson, W. T., Central City		1899,1903	
Thomsen, John, Fremont	1893		
Thomson, R. M., Ravenna	1907		
Thomssen, John, Alda		1923,25,27	
Thomssen, William, Grand Island		1901	
Thorne, James, Otoe County		1866[1]	
Thorne, W. E., Bladen	1907		
Thornton, J. Lyndon, Fairbury			1939,41
Thornton, Samuel W., Prairie Center		1887	
Thorpe, William P., Burwell		1903	
Thummel, George H., Grand Island	1877		
Thurston, John M., Omaha		1875	
Tibbets, Albert B., Hastings		1915	
Tibbets, George W., Hastings	1909,11		
Timme, Herman, Bennington		1895	
Timme, Herman C., Omaha		1923	
Tingle, Albert H., Bassett		1887	
Tisdel, Delos A., Richardson County	1866[3]	1869	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Todd, Levi G., Union		1917	
Tomblin, D. M., Furnas County		1882[3]	
Tomek, Phillip A., David City	1923	1930[3,6]	
Tomlin, John H., Nebraska City		1875	
Tooley, C. S., Broken Bow	1931		
Tooley, J. J., Broken Bow		1903	
Tower, Lyman H., Hastings		1883	
Towle, A. L., Niobrara		1889	
Towle, Earl, Weeping Water		1925	
Towle, Edwin S., Falls City		1873,75	
Town, W. A., Belvidere		1883	
Townsend, Oliver, Gage, Jones Counties		1867[3]	
Tracewell, George E., Valentine		1917,19,30[3,6]	
Tracey, John, North Platte		1887	
Trask, I. N., Geneva		1903	
Trompen, John J., Hickman	1901		
Troudt, Donald E., Omaha			1970[6]
Troup, Alexander C., Omaha		1885	
Trowbridge, F. H., Neligh		1879	
True, M. B. C., Crete		1879	
Truesdell, Sidney A., Carleton		1887,89	
Truman, George E., Omaha		1935[3,6]	
Trumble, Abner W., Sarpy County		1867[2,3]	
Trumble, Clarence W., Hazard		1913,15,17	
Tucker, E. A., Humboldt	1905		
Tucker, F. S., Florence, Omaha		1905,07	
Tucker, George P., Johnson, Nemaha, Richardson Counties	1871	1867[3]	
Tucker, James M., Waco		1899	
Tullis, Ezra, Lancaster County		1866[1],69	
Turbyfill, J. M., Hastings		1933	
Turk, W. W., Humboldt	1881		
Turner, Charles M., Milford		1885	
Turner, Edward, Wilber	1891		
Turner, G. R., Blue Springs		1883	
Turner, M. K., Columbus	1881		
Turner, Samuel B., Fullerton		1927,29,31,33	
Turner, William L., Creighton		1887	
Turtle, William, Omaha		1883,85	
Turton, George J., Dodge County		1866[1]	
Tuxbury, Albert, Otoe County		1866[1]	
Tvrdik, Charles F., Omaha	1935[3,6]		1937,39,41,43, 45,47,49,51, 53,55,57
Tweed, Robert, Davenport		1901	
Tyson, Watson, Blair		1887	
Tzschuck, Bruno, Bellevue, Omaha	1887	1873	
Uerling, Peter, Ayr		1897	
Uhl, Mel, Omaha		1901	
Ullstrom, A. L., Memphis		1921	
Ulrich, Otto, Winside	1921		
Umstead, J. H., Fullerton	1903		
Underhill, George C., Unadilla		1887	
Unthank, John A., Washington County		1867[2,3]	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Uttecht, F. A., Hadar		1933	
Valder, C. A., Tekamah		1929,31,33	
VanBoskirk, J. R., Alliance	1901		
Vance, R. C., Milford		1933	
Vance, Ralph R., Hastings	1925,27,29,31	1919,21,23	
Vandegrift, John, Austin		1899,1901	
Vandeman, A. W., Ashland		1879	
Van Demark, J. K., Valparaiso	1887		
Vanderbilt, W. Henry, Ponca		1879	
Van Deusen, Claude C., Kennard		1913,15	
Vandeventer, M. N., Stella		1891	
Van Diest, A. C., Almeria, Taylor			1939,41
Van Dusen, James H., Omaha	1899		
Van Duyn, John N., Wilber		1893	
Van Fleet, Peter, Lincoln		1931	
Van Horn, S. S., Hooper		1897	
Van Housen, John C., Schuyler	1891	1893,95, 1907	
Van Kirk, Rolla C., Lincoln	1931,33,35	1927,29	
Van Patten, Charles I., Hastings		1919	
Van Wyck, Charles H., Nebraska City, Blair	1877,79,81		
Varner, Lorin A., Sterling	1911	1885	
Veach, Moses A., Stella		1887	
Venditte, Patrick, Omaha			1977
Viehmeyer, Glenn, North Platte			1967
Vlasak, J. J., Prague		1903	
Vogel, Karl E., Omaha			1947,49,51,53, 55,57,59[5]
Vogt, Chas., Jr., Liberty		1935	1949
Volpp, Fred, Scribner	1909,11		
Von Seggern, E. M., West Point		1935	1937,39
Vopalensky, F., Morse Bluffs		1907	
Vore, T. A., Crete	1905		
Vorhes, Joel T., Aurora, Hampton		1891	
Vosoba, Joe T., Wilber			1959,61
Votaw, Walter B., Maywood		1921	
Voter, Frank P., Laurel		1905	
Wachtler, Fred A., Omaha		1935	
Waggoner, Fred M., Lincoln			1957
Wagner, August, Columbus			1957
Wait, Addison, Syracuse		1895	
Waite, Charles E., Lincoln		1897	
Waite, George G., Lincoln		1917	
Waite, Wilber S., Loup City		1911	
Waite, Willis R., Arcadia		1925	
Waitt, George W., Wakefield		1885	
Waldo, Willard H., DeWitt			1957,59[5],61, 68[6],69, 71,72
Waldron, J. James, Callaway			1967,69,71,72, 73,74
Waldron, Silas C., Callaway		1925,27,29,31	
Waldron, W. H., Hastings		1891	
Waldter, Louis, Nemaha County		1867[2,3]	
Walker, Charles R., Benkelman		1901	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Walker, Maxwell K., Mission Creek		1883	
Walker, Peter H., Waverly	1882[3],83		
Wall, Aaron, Loup City	1903,05		
Wallace, George M., Orleans		1921	
Wallichs, John A., Platte, Merrick, Hall, Buffalo Counties		1867[2 3]	
Walling, Augustus M., Leigh		1881	
Walling, James, Cozad		1899	
Wallwey, Elmer, Emerson			1965,67,69, 71,72[5]
Walsh, J., Benson		1907	
Walters, Joseph P., Ponca		1877	
Walton, Wellington C., Sutton	1877		
Ward, J. K., Arcadia		1923	
Ward, John, Springfield		1905	
Ward, John M., Geneva		1915,17	
Wardell, W. W., Otoe County	1867[2 3]		
Wardlaw, John M., Pickrell		1887,93	
Waring, E. M., Middle Branch		1901,03	
Warner, Charles A., Geneva	1891		
Warner, Charles J., Waverly	1919,21,23, 25,27,29, 31,33,35	1901,03,05	1937
Warner, J. F., Dakota City		1879[7]s	
Warner, Jerome, Waverly			1963,65,67,69, 71,72,73,74, 75,76,77
Warner, William P., Dakota City	1903		
Warren, Albert G., Holdrege	1909		
Warrington, M. C., Mason City		1931,33	
Warrington, T. L., Plum Creek		1879	
Wart, M. H., Creighton		1895	
Watson, A. J., Coleridge		1901	
Watson, Charles J., Fairmont	1919,21,25		
Watson, Edward G., Friend	1897		
Watson, G. P., Plainview		1899	
Watson, John C., Nebraska City	1895	1887,89,91,93	
Watts, Samuel F., North Platte		1881,83	
Way, W. A., Columbus	1903		
Weaver, Arthur J., Falls City		1899	
Weaverling, Ralph E., North Bend	1919		
Webb, E. M., Callaway		1897	
Webb, Lewis, Ogallala			1959,61
Webber, B. B., Hildreth		1933,35	
Weber, B. R. B., Valparaiso		1889	
Weber, Chris, Spalding	1901		
Weber, L. C., Arlington		1895	
Weber, Otto C., Leigh		1933,35	
Weborg, C. J., Pender		1903	
Weborg, George C., Pender			1941,43,45, 47,49
Webster, Harvey L., Tekamah		1921	
Webster, J. L., Omaha		1873	
Weems, John A., Fullerton		1907,09	
Weesner, William L., Red Cloud	1915	1911	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Weidensall, Jacob, Douglas County		1875	
Welch, Andy J., Milford	1929,31,33		
Welch, Frank, Washington, Burt, Cuming Counties	1866[1]		
Welch, William, Osceola		1897	
Wellensiek, H. G., Grand Island	1929,31		1951
Weller, Amos A., Syracuse	1897		
Weller, H. D., Stella		1889	
Wells, Franklin Stewart, Fairbury	1935	1923,25,27, 29,31,33	1937
Wells, H. M., Crete	1881		
Wells, Henry C., Riverton		1881	
Wells, Joseph, Lexington		1889	
Wells, Nathan W., Schuyler		1877,79	
Wenzel, John F., Tate, Steinauer		1899,1901	
Wenzlaff, Theodore C., Sutton			1968[6],69
Werhan, W. J., Fairbury		1883	
Werner, Ernest, Falls City		1891	
Wertman, Charles A., Milford		1919[3,6]	
West, Frank S., Wood River		1909	
West, Raymond H., Wood River	1913		
Westcott, M. H., Malcolm		1882[2],83	
Westerhoff, J. G. W., Carleton		1921	
Westley, M. E., Brainard			1939
Weston, James F., Sutton		1913	
Weston, W. H., Ashland	1919		
Westover, Herman, Ord		1889	
Wetherald, Frank M., Hebron	1889	1887	
Whaley, M. H., Clarks	1905		
Whedon, Charles O., Lincoln		1881,83	
Wheeler, C. F., Precept		1897,99	
Wheeler, Cyrus W., Brownville		1873	
Whelpley, D. P., Schuyler		1877	
Wherry, Kenneth S., Pawnee City	1929,31		
Wherry, Robert A., Falls City	1881		
Whitcomb, E. W., Friend		1877	
White, A. K., Lincoln		1873	
White, Alfred James, Utica		1925,27	
White, C. C., Valparaiso	1881		
White, E. M., Burwell		1927	
White, E. O., Cairo		1907	
White, Francis E., Plattsmouth		1887,89,91	
White, Fred E., Creighton		1885	
White, H. J., Ainsworth		1917	
White, Herbert Thomas, Omaha		1927	
Whited, Ralph W., Omaha		1931	
Whitehead, E. I., Holdrege		1923	
Whitehead, James, Red Fern		1889	
Whitford, A. D., Wakefield		1889	
Whitham, J. W., Cook		1905,07	
Whitmore, John A., Aurora		1901	
Whitmore, William G., Valley		1885,87	
Whitney, Freeman L., Big Springs		1925,27,29	
Whitney, Howard, Springfield		1907	
Whitney, Ramey C., Chappell			1965,67,69,71, 72,73,74

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Whitzel, Thomas J., Geneva		1883	
Whyman, F. E., Adams		1889	
Wickham, James, Richardson County		1871	
Wiebe, C. E., Grand Island		1897	
Wight, Edgar A., Wolbach		1919,21	
Wigton, A. L., Hastings	1879		
Wilbur, M. C., Omaha	1866[1]		
Wilbur, Russel H., Ponca		1866[1],73	
Wilcox, Burton E., South Omaha		1901	
Wilcox, F., Hubbell	1907		
Wilcox, Justin A., McCook		1889	
Wilcox, L. T., Elkhorn City		1877	
Wilcox, M. S., Craig	1911		
Wilcox, Mark W., Nebraska City	1877		
Wilcox, Wesley T., North Platte	1927,29	1899	
Wilder, T. G., Cowles		1895	
Wildman, Milton M., York		1919,25,27	
Wiles, Isaac, Plattsmouth		1867[2 3]	
Wilhelmsen, J. Withel J., Dannebrog		1887	
Wilkins, George, Emerson	1923,25		
Wilkinson, Richard, Eagle		1901	
Williams, C. W., Cook	1891		
Williams, Dwain, Broken Bow			1957,59
Williams, George A., Fairmont		1919,21	
Williams, Henry, Nemaha		1885	
Williams, J. J., Wayne	1905		
Williams, J. W., Filley		1889,91	
Williams, O. T. B., Monroe, Platte, Merrick, Buffalo, Hall, Kearney, Lincoln Counties	1866[1 7]n		
Williams, T. J., Hildreth		1891	
Williams, Vaughn G., Wayne County		1921[5]	
Williams, W. J. Lefty, Cedar Bluffs, Ravenna, Kearney		1933	1949,51,53
Wilsey, Albert, Hampton, York		1881,87	
Wilsey, Albert, Moorefield	1905,07		
Wilson, C. J., Blue Hill		1891	
Wilson, Charles, Norfolk			1949,51,53
Wilson, Everett P., Chadron		1923,25,27,29	
Wilson, F. C., Anselmo		1907	
Wilson, John, Kearney		1893	
Wilson, John L., Waco		1887	
Wilson, O., Omaha	1873		
Wilson, Ralph P., Lincoln		1923	
Wilson, Victor E., Stromsburg		1909	
Wilson, W. H., Table Rock	1907	1903,05	
Wilson, W. W., Chadron	1891		
Wilson, Wallace H., Fremont	1915,17		
Wilson, Willard M., Holdrege			1949[5]
Wilson, Willis, Curtis	1915,17		
Wiltse, George W., Randolph	1907,09		
Wiltse, I. F., Falls City			1969,71,72,73, 74,75,76

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Wiltse, John, Falls City	1921,23,25		
Wimberley, T. M., University Place		1897	
Windham, Robert B., Plattsmouth		1879,81,1905, 19	
Wingett, William, Walthill		1923,25	
Wink, Peter, Kearney	1913,15		
Winslow, Wilson, Bertrand		1897	
Winspear, James H., Omaha		1885	
Winter, Thaddeus, Long Pine		1889	
Wise, John S., Hamlet		1923	
Wissenburg, H., Loyal Hill		1883	
Withnell, C. H., Omaha		1893	
Wittler, August, Wayne		1925,27,29	
Wolbach, Samuel N., Grand Island	1887,89	1885	
Wolcott, Frank M., Cass County		1871	
Wolenweber, Nicholas, Seward		1887	
Wolf, Joseph C., Omaha		1927	
Wolfe, George W., Litchfield		1921	
Wolfe, Thomas, Seward		1877	
Wolph, H. C., Sunlight		1883	
Wolz, George F., Fremont	1913		
Wood, Asa B., Gering	1925,27,29		
Wood, Fay, Seward			1945,47,49,57
Wood, Griffith L., Ponca		1913	
Wood, Richard F., Omaha		1925	
Wood, Wilbur F., Haigler		1921,23	
Woodard, D. S., Aurora, Hampton		1897,99	
Woodhurst, William H. C., North Platte		1915	
Woodruff, S., Stamford		1931,33	
Woods, J. D., Hay Springs		1893	
Woods, L. H., Violet	1891		
Woolstenholm, J. A., Grand Island	1901		
Woolworth, James M., Omaha		1867[s]	
Wooster, Charles, Silver Creek		1897	
Worl, J. W., Firth		1883	
Worthing, H. T., Overton		1907,09	
Worthing, William, Omaha		1935	1937
Wright, Calvin J., Seward	1887		
Wright, J. H., Ruskin		1897,99	
Wright, John B., Lincoln	1895	1885	
Wright, Pierce G., Martinsburg		1887	
Wright, Stanley, Alliance		1929	
Wright, W. F., Pawnee City		1875	
Wyatt, C. C., Kalamazoo		1881	
Wylie, Fanny B., Elgin			1964[s]
Wylie, Matt, Elgin			1961,63
Wylie, William M., Elgin			1965,67,69
Wyman, Emory S., Shelton		1899	
Wynne, Chester Allen, Omaha		1929	
Yates, Frank C., Omaha		1913	
Yeiser, John O., Omaha		1897[t]	
Yeiser, John O., Jr., Omaha		1921	
Yensen, H., Gering		1925,27	
Yochum, Charles L., Talmage		1923,25	

STATE LEGISLATORS—Concluded

Name and Residence	Senate	House	Unicameral
Yochum, L. G., Ashland		1923	
York, W. R., Spring Creek		1879	
Young, Benjamin, Hebron		1883	
Young, J. L., Tecumseh	1903		
Young, James R., Omaha		1887	
Young, Lew. J., Newman Grove		1909	
Young, Lewis W., Wilsonville	1893		
Young, Milton L., Pickrell		1921	
Young, Thomas T., Ashland		1897,99	
Young, W. W., Stanton	1901		
Yutzy, Joseph C., Falls City		1887,89	
Zehrung, Henry, West Point	1881		
Zellers, M. T., Hooper		1899	
Ziebarth, Wayne W., Wilcox			1969,71,72
Ziegler, J. A., Smithland		1879,81	
Ziegler, T. F., Hartington	1901		
Zimmerer, Anton, Otoe County		1869	
Zimmerer, F., Lexington		1901	
Zimmerman, D. S., York		1897	
Zimmerman, P. F., Battle Creek		1901	
Zink, James W., Loup City		1895	
Zink, Valentine, Sterling		1895	
Zuelow, Otto, Schuyler		1905	

[1] Member of "First session of the state Legislature" which met July 4, 1866. See explanation, Section III, State Government, Legislative Branch.
[2] Member of "Second session of the state Legislature" which met February 20, 1867. See explanation, Section III, State Government, Legislative Branch.
[3] Special session.
[4] Sommerlad's name appears as "Sommerland" in the House Journal of July 6, 1866.
[5] Resigned.
[6] Appointed to fill vacancy.
[7] Seats contested:
aa Willett Pottinger removed from office, February 8, 1871. Seat filled by Andrew R. Kennedy, the contestant.
a Nils Anderson removed from office, February 10, 1899. Seat filled by M. Conwell, the contestant.
b G. W. Benjamin removed from office, January 19, 1899. Seat filled by Frank Israel, the contestant.
c D. P. Ashburn seated January 14, 1873.
d C. W. Baldwin seated February 1, 1897.
e D. C. Ballentine seated January 21, 1881.
f Frank Burman removed from office, February 1, 1897.
g John H. Butler removed from office, February 1, 1897.
h Levi Cox removed from office, February 1, 1897.
i Joseph Crow removed from office, February 1, 1897.
j Benjamin F. Cunningham removed from office, July 6, 1866. Seat filled by H. W. Sommerlad, the contestant.
k William Curtis did not qualify. His name was stricken from roll call on January 8, 1879.
l Robert B. Dailey, the contestant, was seated in 1881.
m B. Hodges removed from office, January 16, 1901. Seat filled by J. M. Johnson, the contestant.
n Vincient Krummer removed from office, July 6, 1866. Seat filled by O. T. B. Williams, the contestant.
o George M. O'Brien seated February 7, 1889.
p John Fitz Roberts seated February 1, 1897.
q Christian Specht seated February 7, 1889.
r John H. Taylor seated February 1, 1897.
s J. F. Warner seated January 20, 1879.
t John O. Yeiser seated February 1, 1897.
[8] Special session of August 27, 1952.
[9] Willard H. Waldo removed from office January 27, 1959. Seat filled by George, F. Fulton, the contestant.

SECTION II
BIOGRAPHIES AND PHOTOGRAPHS

United States Senators From Nebraska
United States Representatives From Nebraska
Elected State Executive Officers
Public Service Commissioners
Members of State Board of Education
Regents of University of Nebraska
Supreme Court Justices
State Legislators 1977
District Court Judges

UNITED STATES SENATORS
(Six-year term)



CARL T. CURTIS **REPUBLICAN**

Born near Minden, Kearney County, Nebraska, March 15, 1905. Attended Nebraska Wesleyan University. Married Miss Lois Wylie-Atwater (deceased) of Minden, Nebraska, June 6, 1931; a son, Carl T. Curtis, Jr. and a granddaughter, Denise Hopkins, daughter of his deceased daughter, Clara Mae (Mrs. James A. Hopkins). Married Mrs. Mildred Baker of Palo Alto, California, December 1, 1972. Is a lawyer. Elected to the 76th Congress as a member of the House of Representatives and re-elected for seven successive terms; appointed to the United States Senate on January 1, 1955, began full 6-year term in the Senate on January 3, 1955, having been elected on November 2, 1954. Re-elected to the United States Senate in 1960, 1966 and 1972. Ranking minority member of the Senate Committee on Finance; member of the Senate Committee on Agriculture and Forestry, the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation and the Senate Committee on Standards and Conduct; and Chairman of Republican Conference.

Home Address: Minden, Nebraska 68959.

Office Address: 2213 Dirksen Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20510.

EDWARD ZORINSKY **DEMOCRAT**

Born in Omaha November 11, 1928. Graduated Omaha Central High School; attended University of Minnesota, Creighton University; received Bachelor's Degree in chemistry and zoology from University of Nebraska; post-graduate work at Harvard and Notre Dame Universities in business administration. Married Cece Rottman in August 1950; three children: Barry, Jeffrey and Susan. Elected Mayor of the City of Omaha in May, 1973. Formerly associated with H & Z Vending Company, Omaha. Appointed in 1968 to Nebraska Judicial Qualifications Commission, reappointed in 1971. Elected to Omaha Public Power District Board 1968. Member: Downtown Optimists, Fraternal Order of Eagles, B'nai Brith, South Omaha Sokols and International Footprinters Association. Elected to United States Senate November 2, 1976. Appointed by Governor to complete unexpired term of Sen. Roman L. Hruska, December 28, 1976 to January 3, 1977, pursuant to the resignation of Sen. Hruska.

Home Address: 8531 Hickory Street, Omaha 68124.

Office Address: 1407 Dirksen Bldg., Washington, D.C. 20510



UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVES
(Two-year term)



CHARLES THONE **REPUBLICAN**
DISTRICT NO. 1

Born Hartington, Nebraska, January 4, 1924. Graduate, Hartington High School, 1940; University of Nebraska Law school, 1950. Infantry NCQ. Officer, World War II (3 ½ years.) Married Ruth Raymond, August 16, 1953; three children: Ann, Mary, and Amy. Is an attorney. Deputy Secretary of State, 1950-1951; Assistant Attorney General, 1951-1952; Assistant United States District Attorney, Lincoln, 1952-1954; administrative assistant to United States Senator Roman L. Hruska, 1954-1959. Nebraska representative, United States Senator Dwight P. Griswold, 1951-1952; delegate-at-large, GOP National Convention, 1952, 1960, and 1972; state chairman, Nebraska Republican Central Committee, 1959-1961; GOP presidential elector for Nebraska, 1952, 1956, 1960, and 1968; chairman, Nebraska delegation to 1972 Republican National Convention. Selected as Lincoln's Outstanding Young Man, 1953. Past adjutant and commander, American Legion Post No. 3; state president, Jaycees, 1953-1954; charter member and chairman, Lincoln Human Rights Commission, 1968-1969; elected to Supreme Court Judicial Nomination Commission, 1969 for a six-year term. Elected to the United States House of Representatives, November 3, 1970. Re-elected 1972, 1974, 1976.

Home Address: 1515 Circle Drive, Lincoln, Nebraska 68506.

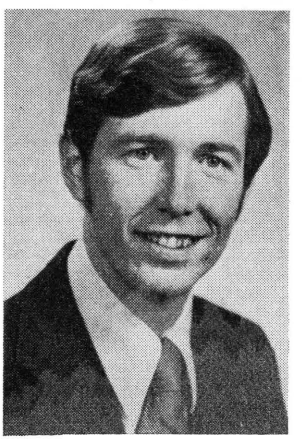
Office Address: 1531 Longworth House Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20515.

JOHN J. CAVANAUGH, III **DEMOCRAT**
DISTRICT NO. 2

Born August 1, 1945, Omaha, Nebraska. Attended Creighton Preparatory School, Omaha; Regis College, Denver, Colorado, B.A. degree in history; Creighton University School of Law, J.D. degree. Married Kathleen Ann Barrett, August 2, 1969. Is an attorney at law. Served in United States Army, 1968-1970. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 7, 1972. Elected to United States House of Representatives November 1976.

Home Address: 1919 South 35th Avenue, Omaha, Nebraska 68105.

Office Address: 402 Cannon House Office Bldg., Washington, D.C. 20515.



UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVES—Concluded



VIRGINIA D. SMITH **REPUBLICAN**
(Mrs. Haven N.) **DISTRICT No. 3**

Born June 30, 1911, in Randolph, Iowa. Graduated Shenandoah High School, University of Nebraska, B.A. 1936. Married Haven Smith August 27, 1931. Lecturer to civic, educational, medical and agricultural groups; Chairman, Presidential Task Force on Rural Development, 1971-72; delegate to Republic National Convention 1956 & 1972; Senior Vice President, Nebraska Republican Founders Day, 1974; National Chairman, American Farm Bureau Women, 1955-1974; Member Board of Directors, American Farm Bureau Federation, 1955-1974; Deputy-President, Associated Country Women of the World, 1962-68; Member Advisory Board, Educational Resources Information Center, Clearinghouse on Rural Education and Small School, Department of Health, Education & Welfare, 1972-74; Member Census Advisory Committee, Agricultural Statistics, U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1973; Member National Board of Directors, Country Women's Council; Member Board of Governors, Agricultural Hall of Fame; Vice President Farm Film Foundation; Commissioner National Commission on Community Health Services, 1963-66; Member Board of Education, Nebraska State Normal Schools, 1950-60; Member National Livestock and Meat Board, 1955-60; National President American Country Life Association 1951-53; Member USDA Home Economics Research Advisor Committee, 1950-60; Member Governor's Commission on Status of Women, 1964-68; Delegate to 1960 White House Conference on Children and Youth; represented Associated Country Women of the World on tour of Latin-American countries, 1963 & 1968, and official speaker at First Regional Seminar for Women's Organizations of Central & South America, Recife, Brazil, 1972; one of six U.S. leaders as guest of French government on three-week goodwill mission to France, 1969; headed delegation of American Farm Bureau Women to Associated Country Women of the World Worldwide Conference in Australia, Ireland, and Norway; sent by Crusade for Freedom on Inspection Tour of Radio Free Europe, 1959; sent by American Society for Friendship with Switzerland on goodwill mission, 1951. Awards: Freedoms Foundation Top Public Address, 1966; 4-H Alumni, Iowa State University, 1973; National 4-H Alumni, 1974; Distinguished Service, Midwest Conference on World Affairs, 1970; Nebraska Woman of Achievement by Nebraska Business and Professional Women, 1971; Eyes on Nebraska, Nebraska Optometric Association, 1971; Distinguished Service, University of Nebraska, 1956; Distinguished Service to Agriculture and Education, Extension Service, Land Grant College, 1960; National Award of Merit, Daughters of the American Revolution; International Honorary member, Beta Sigma Phi; State Honorary member, Delta Kappa Gamma; Past President PEO, Daughters of the American Revolution, Republican Women's Club, American Association of University Women, Eastern Star, Business and Professional Women, and Methodist Church. Elected to the United States House of Representatives November 1974. Re-elected 1976.

Home Address: Box 643, Chappell, Nebraska 69129.

ELECTED STATE OFFICERS



GOVERNOR

J. J. EXON **DEMOCRAT**

Born in Geddes, South Dakota, August 9, 1921. Attended public schools in Lake Andes, South Dakota; University of Omaha, 1939-1941. Served in Army Signal Corps, 1942-1945; Army Reserve until 1949. Married Patricia A. Pros, September 18, 1943; three children: Stephen, Pamela, and Candace. Branch manager, Universal Finance Corporation, 1946-1954. President, Exon's, Inc., to 1971. Active on state committees for Governor Brooks, 1957; state campaign manager, Morrison for Governor Committee, 1959; served on state committees for Congressman Callan and Lt. Governor Sorensen, 1964; Nebraska state coordinator, Johnson-Humphrey Campaign, 1964; delegate, Democratic National Convention, 1964; vice chairman, Nebraska State Democratic Central Committee, 1964-1968; member, Executive Committee of Nebraska Democratic Party, 1964-1969; dinner chairman, Nebraska Jefferson-Jackson Day Dinner, 1965; Democratic National Committeeman, 1968-1969; past president, Lincoln Optimists Club; past Lt. Governor, District 10, Optimists International. Member: Executive Committee, National Governors' Conference; Executive Committee, Democratic Governors Caucus; Executive Committee, Education Commission of the States; Chairman, Midwestern Governors' Conference. National Stationers and Office Equipment Association; National Office Products Association; Lincoln Chamber of Commerce; Masons, Shrine, Elks, and American Legion. Attends and is member of Holy Trinity Episcopal Church. Listed in "Who's Who in American Politics." Elected Governor November 3, 1970, for a four-year term; re-elected November 5, 1974.

Home Address: Governor's Mansion, Lincoln, Nebraska 68508.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

GERALD T. WHELAN **DEMOCRAT**

Born in Hastings, Nebraska, May 14, 1925. Attended St. Cecilia Grade School, Hastings High School. Undergraduate degree University of Nebraska, Creighton University, LL.B. Also attended University of Colorado. Married M. Virginia Kellison, September 8, 1948. Attorney at Law. Director, Adams County Red Cross; Adams County Fair Association; Hastings Community Chest; secretary, Hastings Centennial Commission, past president, Adams County Bar Association; and Lochland Country Club. Chairman, St. Cecilia's Church. Democratic nominee for Congress Nebraska First District 1960. Elected to State Board of Education, November 3, 1970, for a four-year term. President, State Board of Education, 1973-1974. Nominated Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor, May 14, 1974; elected Lieutenant Governor, November 5, 1974.

Home Address: Route #2, Hastings, Nebraska 68901.



ELECTED STATE OFFICERS—Continued



SECRETARY OF STATE
ALLEN J. BEERMANN **REPUBLICAN**

Born January 14, 1940. Graduate South Sioux City High School (National Honor Society); Midland Lutheran College, B.A.; Creighton University School of Law, J.D.; Officer of Student Bar Association, Junior Class President, member of Student Council, Dormitory counselor, President of College International Relations Club, National Vice President of International Relations Club, and President of Kappa Phi Fraternity. Member of Nebraska Bar Association, American Judicature Society, American Bar Association, Nebraska Press Association, American Legion Post No. 3, Elks Lodge No. 80, American Interprofessional Institute, Pi Kappa Delta Honorary Speech Society and Phi Alpha Delta Legal Fraternity. Listed in Who's Who Among American Colleges and Universities, Who's Who in the Midwest, Who's Who in American Politics, 1971 Edition of Personalities of the West and Midwest. Serves on Board of Directors for Nebraskaland Foundation, Tabitha Development Corporation, Immanuel Medical Center-Omaha, Executive Board for Cornhusker Boy Scouts of America, and is a commissioned officer (Cpt.) in the Nebraska National Guard. During years 1976-1977 served as President of National Association of Secretaries of State. Member of the Federal Election Commission Advisory Panel. Member of Grace Lutheran Church. Honors: Distinguished Service Plaque from Omaha Legal Aid Society, National Guard Meritorious Service Award, Lincoln Jaycees "Outstanding Young Man" Award, Nebraska Jaycees "Outstanding Young Man" Award, and presented "Honorary Life Membership" Nebraska Jaycees, 1976. Activities include four summers as Camp Director of Camp Cedars Boy Scout Camp near Fremont, Nebraska, serving as Camp Director at National Boy Scout Jamboree; newscaster and disk jockey for KHUB Radio at Fremont; professional waterskiing and public speaking. Married to former Linda Dierking of Nebraska City, Nebraska. Served as Legal Counsel and Administrative Assistant to Secretary of State for two years; appointed Deputy Secretary of State September 7, 1967. Elected Secretary of State November 3, 1970, and sworn into office January 7, 1971 at age 31. Re-elected 1974.

Home Address: 4730 "A" Street, Lincoln, Nebraska 68510.

Office Address: Suite 2300 Capitol Building, Lincoln, Nebraska 68509.

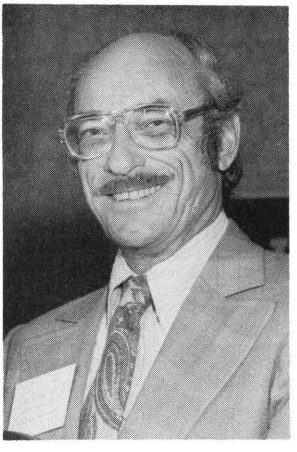
STATE AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS
RAY A. C. JOHNSON **REPUBLICAN**

Born Stanton, Iowa, July 25, 1923. Graduate of Stanton High School and Creighton University, 1949, B. Sc. degree. Air Force Veteran, World War II. Married Mary Ann Butler, December 28, 1947; two children: Cynthia and Constance. Certified Public Accountant. Former occupations have been in insurance and retail businesses. Also served as accountant at University of Nebraska for two years, and as public accountant for five years. Member: Nebraska Society of Certified Public Accountants; American Institute of Certified Public Accountants; Masonic Lodge; and American Legion. Elected State Auditor of Public Accounts November 3, 1970, for a four-year term. Re-elected November 5, 1974.

Home Address: 435 North 73rd Street, Lincoln, Nebraska 68505.



ELECTED STATE OFFICERS—Concluded



STATE TREASURER

FRANK MARSH **REPUBLICAN**

Born in Norfolk, Nebraska, April 27, 1924. Ancestry Scottish and Welsh. Attended Lincoln public schools. Graduate, University of Nebraska, 1950, B.Sc. degree in education. Married Shirley McVicker, March 5, 1942; six children: Sherry Anne (Mrs. Philip Tupper), Stephen Alan, Dory Michael, Corwin Frank, Mitchell Edward, and Melissa Lou. Infantry, World War II. Graduate, Civil Defense Staff and Command School; and two National Parole Institutes. Member of the following organizations: U.S. National Commission for UNESCO, Council for Community Services to International Visitors (COSERV), Honorary Consul General of Nebraska for Guatemala; International Board of Trustees, American Field Service; President, Central States Corrections Association; Member, American Correctional Association; State Government Advisor, Mayor's Committee for International Friendship; Board of Directors, Nebraskaland Foundation; Nebraska Beef Promotion Foundation, Niehardt Foundation; Board of Directors, Midwest International Trade Association; Native Sons and Daughters, Administrative Management Society; Midwest Regional Vice President, National Association of State Treasurers; Life Member, Nebraska Alumni Association; Board of Directors, Brownville Village Theatre; Scottish Society of Nebraska, American Field Service (Local Chapter); Capitol City Footprinters, Chapter 44; American Legion Post No. 3, VFW Post 131, Disabled American Veterans, Combined Organization of Police Services, Ak-Sar-Ben; Alpha Phi Omega, National Service Fraternity; Lincoln Polemic Club, Lincoln Gem and Mineral Club, Lincoln Stamp Club, Nebraska State Historical Society, Symphony United Nations, American Kitefliers Association, Nebraska Association of Resources Districts, State Canvassing Board, Board of Equalization, Unclaimed Property Administrator, Trinity Methodist Church. Elected Secretary of State in 1952. Re-elected 1954, 1956, 1958, 1960, 1962, 1964 for two-year terms, and 1966 for a four-year term. Elected Lieutenant Governor November 3, 1970, for a four-year term. Elected State Treasurer November 5, 1974 for a four-year term.

Home Address: 2701 South 34th Street, Lincoln, Nebraska 68506.

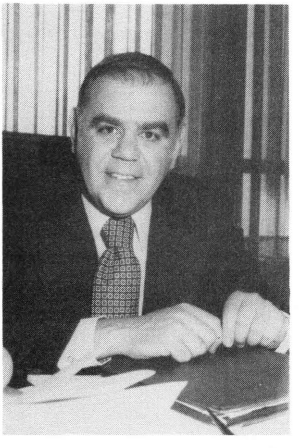
ATTORNEY GENERAL

PAUL LOUIS DOUGLAS **REPUBLICAN**

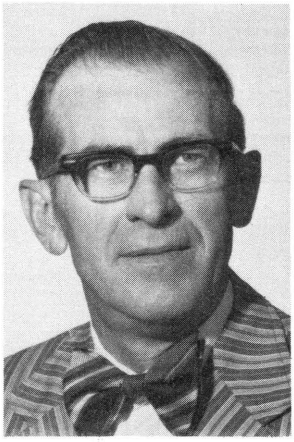
Born in Sioux Falls, South Dakota, September 19, 1927. University of Nebraska, College of Law, B.S., J.D., 1953. Lancaster County Attorney 1961-1975; Past President, Lincoln Bar Association; Past President Nebraska County Attorneys Association; formerly Board of Directors National District Attorneys Association; member, Private Security Task Force to the National Advisory Commission on Criminal Justice Standards and Goals; Chairman, Nebraska Commission of Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice; Vice-Chairman, Midwestern Regional Conference of Attorneys General; member, Executive Committee of the National Association of Attorneys General. Elected Attorney General, 1974.

Home Address: 720 South Cotner, Lincoln 68510.

Office Address: Department of Justice, State Capitol, Lincoln 68509.



PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
(Six-year term)



HAROLD D. SIMPSON, SR. **REPUBLICAN**
DISTRICT NO. 1

Born In Harlan, Iowa, June 1, 1926. Attended Irwin Consolidated grade and high school. Married Clara Hitz, January 11, 1946; six children: Roger, Harold, Jr., John, Marjorie, Thomas, and James. Served in U. S. Air Force, World War II. Is employed by Gooch Milling and Elevator Company. Does Union work at local, state, and national level. Charter member, Northeast Sertoma; District No. 8 Nebraska Softball Commissioner; local, state, and regional softball umpire. Member: P.T.A., Foresters, Woodmen of World and Epworth United Methodist Church. Has served with many youth activities including Boy Scouts. Elected to the Unicameral Legislature, 1966. Reelected 1970, 1974. Elected to Public Service Commission November 2, 1976.

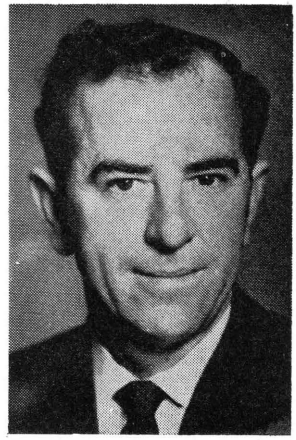
Home Address: 1805 N. 30th Street, Lincoln, Nebraska 68503.

Office Address: Gooch Milling and Elevator Company, 540 South Street, Lincoln, Nebraska 68502.

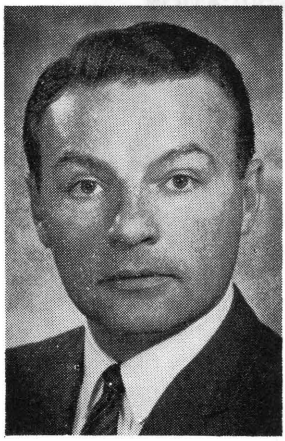
JAMES F. MUNNELLY **DEMOCRAT**
DISTRICT NO. 2

Born Omaha, Nebraska, February 22, 1922. Graduated South High School, Omaha; Van Sant Business College; attended Iowa State University, Engineering Extension and University of Wisconsin School of Commerce Regulatory Development Short Course. Elected to 6-year term Nebraska State Railway Commission 2nd District, 1966. Reelected 1972. Served as Chairman Nebraska State Railway Commission, 1968-1969. Member National Association of Regulatory Utilities Commissioners' Committee on Administration and Personnel. Executive member Midwest Association of Railroad & Utilities Commissioners, 1967-1968-1969. Served as President Midwest Association of Railroad & Utilities Commissioners, 1973. Former businessman, Accountant, Public Relations. Married Francis Bruckner (deceased) of Omaha, 1940. 4 children: Mrs. Carol Freemeyer, Jay, Pat, Mrs. Mary Jane Dobbs. Married Nadine Tidd, Omaha, November 16, 1975.

Home Address: 5531 Hascall, Omaha, Nebraska 68106.



PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION—Concluded
(Six-year term)



DUANE D. GAY **REPUBLICAN**
DISTRICT NO. 3

Born Clifton, Kansas, January 24, 1932. Graduate, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, B. Sc. degree. Married Ina Rae Harding, June 29, 1958; five children: Tobias, Tammarra, Todd, Timothy, and Teresa. Real estate broker. Member: American Legion; VFW: Elks; Masons. Elected Railway Commissioner, Third District, November 3, 1970. Re-elected November, 1976.

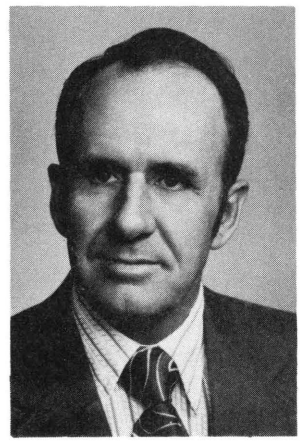
Home Address: 1621 15th Street, Columbus, Nebraska 68601

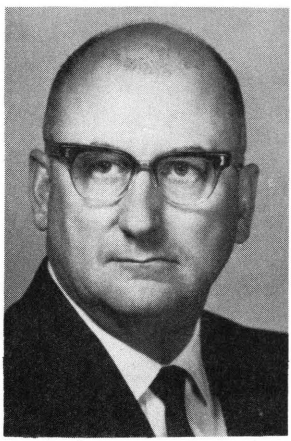
Office Address: 2314 13th Street, Columbus, Nebraska 68601.

ERIC C. RASMUSSEN **REPUBLICAN**
DISTRICT NO. 4

Born in York County, Nebraska, February 9, 1926. Attended District No. 29, York County, Nebraska; and Cordova High School. Married Marie Elizabeth Larsen, April 20, 1952; two children: Luann Marie and Eric Clark. Was a farmer. Past commander, American Legion Post No. 359; member: Trinity Lutheran Church, Cordova; American Legion; Danish Brotherhood. Member of the regular sessions of the Unicameral Legislature in 1963, 1965, and 1967, and the special sessions in 1963, 1966, and 1968. Member, Committee on Motor and Air Transportation, NARUC. Elected to Nebraska Railway Commission in November 1968, for a six-year term. Re-elected November 5, 1974.

Home Address: Fairmont, Nebraska 68354.





JACK ROMANS **REPUBLICAN**
DISTRICT NO. 5

Born August 6, 1914, North Loup, Nebraska. Attended rural school and Ord High School. Married Glea Porter, July 4, 1933; four children: Carolynn, Ronald, Gay and Harry. Occupation: trucking. Former County Supervisor, four years; State Senator, two terms, 1959, 1961. Masonic Lodge, Shrine, Elks, District Ambassador of Aksarben. Elected to Public Service Commission November 5, 1974.

Home Address: 1409 N, Ord, Nebraska 68862.

Office Address: 301 Centennial Mall, Lincoln 68508.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION
AND
STATE BOARD OF VOCATIONAL EDUCATION



FRANK E. LANDIS **DISTRICT NO. 1**

Born at Seward, Nebraska, December 27, 1913. Ancestry Pennsylvania Dutch and English. Attended public schools at Seward, and was graduated from University of Nebraska with the following degrees: A.B., 1935; M.A., 1937; and LL.B., 1937. Was assistant in History Department, University of Nebraska, 1938. Married Miss Ruth Jennings, of Davenport, Nebraska, June 12, 1939; four children. Was engaged in general practice of law at Grand Island, 1938-1941; attorney for Insurance Department, State of Nebraska, 1941-1942; United States Navy, 1942-1946; Assistant Director of Insurance, State of Nebraska 1946-1948; Executive Vice President and General Manager, Universal Surety Company, 1948-1951; Past Executive Vice President and Secretary of Empire Life Insurance Company, Empire Fire and Marine Insurance Company, Empire Indemnity Company, 1951-1964; President of First Fidelity Life Insurance Company, 1965-; President Lincoln Building Corporation, 1964-; President Homestead Insurance Company, 1968-. Alternate delegate Republican Convention, 1962. Elected delegate National Republican Conventions 1956 and 1960. Is a member of First Plymouth Congregational Church at Lincoln. Member of American Legion. Post Commander, Lincoln, 1955; Department Commander, 1960; B.P.O.E.; Nebraska Bar Association; numerous insurance societies; Sigma Chi and Phi Alpha Delta fraternities. Elected to State Board of Education in 1954 for a two-year term. Re-elected in 1956 and 1962 for a six-year term. Vice president of State Board of Education, 1957-1958 and 1967-1969; president of State Board of Education, 1959-1960, 1965-1967, and 1971-1972. Re-elected in 1968, 1972 and 1976 for four-year terms.

Home Address: 2819 Van Dorn, Lincoln, Nebraska 68502.



JAMES H. MONAHAN **DISTRICT NO. 2**

Born in Omaha February 1, 1937. Attended University of Nebraska-Lincoln, B.S. 1959; Creighton University Law School, J.D. 1962. Married Mary Kay Egan October 29, 1960; three children: Kathryn, Daniel and Maureen. Attorney; formerly Deputy Douglas County Attorney. Member: Mayor's Committee on the Handicapped (Omaha); Omaha Public School Special Education Advisory Committee; Sertoma Club; Ancient Order of Hibernians. Elected to State Board of Education November 2, 1976.

Home Address: 12112 Farnam Street, Omaha 68154.

Office Address: 623 Service Life Building, Omaha 68102.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION
AND
STATE BOARD OF VOCATIONAL EDUCATION—Continued



WALTER THOMPSON **DISTRICT NO. 3**

Born in Lyons, Nebraska, March 30, 1918. Attended Burt County rural school; graduated Lyons High School, 1936; attended Wayne State Teachers College two years. Married Geraldine Mayden February 14, 1941; four children: Judy A. (Mrs. Ross Wilcox), Marcia L. (Mrs. John Topp), Roger M. and Walter E. Farmer. Former: Rural school board, 3 years; Oakland Craig, 13 years. Active in West Side Methodist Church, Masonic Lodge. Associate Guardian of Job's Daughters. Elected to Board of Education November 2, 1976.

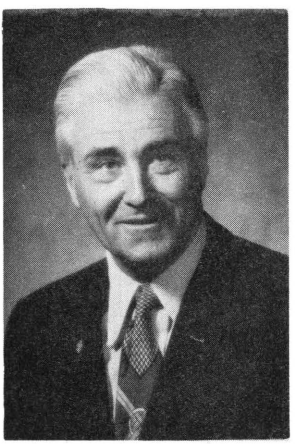
Home Address: Route 2, Oakland, Nebraska 68045.

DON H. LIENEMANN **DISTRICT NO. 4**

Born in Papillion October 1, 1917. Attended Bell School, Papillion High School, and graduated Peru State College, 1946. Married Ruth L. Meister, June 21, 1947; four children: Donna, Kenneth, Jean and Robert. Life insurance underwriter. Formerly: Farmer, Field man, Nebraska Farmers Union; U. S. Air Force navigator. Member: Educational Service Unit No. 3 Board, Red Cross Gallon Club, Papillion Band Parents Association; Omaha and National Association of Life Underwriters, N.M.I. Special Agents Association. Formerly: Republican Party Chairman, Red Cross First Aid & Water Safety Chairman, Civil Defense Publicity Chairman. Served in U.S. 8th Air Force WW II and was P.O.W. of Germans. Elected to State Board of Education November 2, 1976.

Home Address: 731 S. Jackson, Papillion 68046.

Office Address: Same.



STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION AND STATE BOARD OF VOCATIONAL EDUCATION—Continued



DOROTHY WEYER CREIGH DISTRICT NO. 5

Born in Hastings, Nebraska, December 4, 1921. Hastings College, B.A. 1942; Columbia University Graduate School of Journalism, M.A. 1945. Married Thomas Creigh, Jr., July 17, 1948; four children: Mary Elizabeth Pfeil, Thomas III, John Weyer and James Carey. Writer and housewife. Former teacher, Central City High School, 1942-43; Hastings College, 1953; 1960-1970. Former newspaperwoman, AP, Richmond, Virginia; economic analyst, public information office, United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration, Hankow & Shanghai, China; member Governor's Conference on Higher Education; editor Hastings College Alumni magazine, 1948-1952; editor Powder Keg (Naval Ammunition Depot weekly), 1943-44; editor Stringing Along quarterly (Nebraska String Teachers Association), 1966-67; society editor, 1941-42, and garden editor, 1960, Hastings Daily Tribune; editor Historical News (Adams County Historical Society) 1968 to present; director Hastings Civic Symphony board, 1950-60; member Chamber of Commerce beautification committee, 1960. Presently Nebraska Arts Council Director; appointed to State Board of Education in January, 1974, to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Gerald T. Whelan; director Adams County Historical Society; director and officer, Adams County-Hastings Centennial Commission, director Nebraska Historical Foundation. PEO, Round Table, Lochland Golf Club. Author twelve books, most about Nebraska history, including *Nebraska: A Bicentennial History (1977).* Elected to Board of Education 1974.

Home Address: 1650 North Elm Avenue, Hastings, Nebraska 68901.



MARGARET LOCKWOOD DISTRICT NO. 6

Born in Odessa, Nebraska, November 10, 1919. Attended Odessa High School, Kearney State College two years; taught school two years. Widow, married T. J. Lockwood July 11, 1939; four children: Fred, Mrs. Stuart Morrison, Mrs. Jack Marette, Mrs. Stephen Johnson. Housewife; Board member Wyo Braska Area Council of Boy Scouts; former President Lockwood Corporation; 12 years Gering School Board, President two years; 6th District Past President Nebraska Federation Women's Club; Past President Platte Valley Campfire Council; member Rebekah Lodge. Elected to State Board of Education November 5, 1974, for a four-year term.

Home Address: 1500 Gentry Boulevard, Gering, Nebraska 69341.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION
AND
STATE BOARD OF VOCATIONAL EDUCATION—Concluded



MARILYN FOWLER **DISTRICT NO. 7**
(Mrs. Gene)

Born December 26, 1925, Bertrand, Nebraska. Graduate, Bertrand High School; attended Hastings College. Married Mr. Gene Fowler, January 7, 1945; five children: Tom, Melinda, Richard, Daniel, and Felicia. Homemaker. Has served in the following capacities: As board member and vice president, Lexington Community Hospital Auxiliary; as board member, Community Concert Association; as National committee chairman, Young Democrats, 1958-1965; as member, central committee and as county chairman, Democrats of Nebraska. Member: Woman's Club; American Legion Auxiliary; Board of Directors, Nebraskans for Public Television, 1972-75. Listed in Marqui's "Who's Who of American Women" (1972-Eighth Edition). Advisory Board of Title III ESEA 1971; Mid-America Arts Alliance Advisory Council 1973; Nebraska Library Commission Advisory Council 1974; Appointed 1202 Commission (Nebraska Coordinating Council for Postsecondary Education) 1974; "Who's Who of American Women 1974, ninth edition; Elected President State Board of Education, 1974; Member International Platform Association 1974; Advisory for SUN (Student University of Nebraska) 1974; Advisory for Arts in Education for the State Arts Council, 1976; member of St. Ann's Catholic Church, Lexington; Secretary for Fowler, Inc. (Agriculture and Art); League of Women Voters, Kearney Chapter. Elected to State Board of Education, November 3, 1970, for a four-year term; re-elected November 5, 1974.

Home Address: 1904 Plum Creek Lane, Lexington, Nebraska 68850.

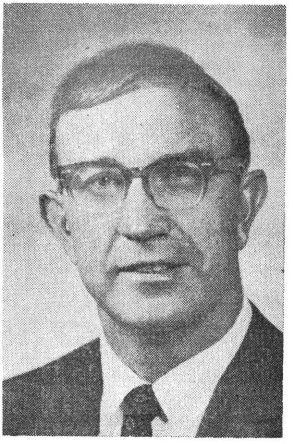
HAROLD O. PETERSON **DISTRICT NO. 8**

Born April 11, 1906, in Stromsburg, Nebraska. Attended Auburn Public Schools, Peru State, University of Nebraska at Omaha and Lincoln, University of Minnesota, and Creighton University. Married July 19, 1934, to Helen Vallery; one child. Former Omaha Education Association, Board of Directors, Treasurer, Vice-President; NSEA District II President; South Omaha Community Council; Southwest Civic Club; P.T.A. Present: Douglas-Sarpy County Heart Association, Omaha Health Forum, Omaha-Douglas County Highway Safety Committee, Omaha Community Committee, Metropolitan Omaha Educational Broadcasting Council, Metropolitan Educational Agency, Association of County Superintendents-Executive Committee. Superintendent of Public Instruction —Douglas County. Mason, Scottish Rite, Tangier Shrine, O.E.S., Phi Delta Kappa, Beta Beta Beta, Lion's. Elected to Board of Education 1974.

Home Address: 615 South 67th Avenue, Omaha, Nebraska 68106.



BOARD OF REGENTS, UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA



EDWARD SCHWARTZKOPF DISTRICT NO. 1

Born in Lincoln, Nebraska, August 8, 1919. Graduate, Lincoln High School; University of Nebraska, B.S. & M.A. Member Delta Tau Delta and Phi Delta Kappa. Member of varsity football teams of 1939, 1940 and 1946 and Rose Bowl Team. OCS and Advanced Officers' Training at Fort Lee, Virginia. Served 5 years in U.S. Army, 34 months overseas; discharged with rank of Major. Married Dorothy F. Filley June 16, 1946; three children: William C., Linda K., Steven E. Supervisor for Student Employment for Lincoln Public Schools. Delegate to Republican national and county conventions and as zone director of Nebraska University Alumni Association. Member Board of Directors, Cedars Home for Children; Board of Directors Humane Society; Sertoma; Elks Lodge No. 80; Lincoln University Club, Lincoln Chamber of Commerce, American Legion, Member Executive Board Cornhusker Council Boy Scouts of America, Civilian Aide to Secretary of the Army, State of Nebraska; Nebraska State, National, Lincoln Educational Associations; American and Nebraska Vocational Associations, American Industrial Arts Association; Member of Advisory Council for Nebraska Higher Education Facilities Commission. Member First Plymouth Congregational Church and member of board of trustees. Elected Regent in 1966, re-elected in 1972.

Home Address: 2020 Park Avenue, Lincoln, Nebraska 68502.

Office Address: 720 South 22nd Street, Lincoln, Nebraska 68510.

KERMIT HANSEN DISTRICT NO. 2

Born February 26, 1917, Omaha, Nebraska. Graduate, Omaha Central High School and University of Nebraska, 1939. Beta Theta Pi fraternity. Married Mary Rosborough, June 6, 1945; four children: Kurt, Eric, Kristin and Lauren. Chairman, United States National Bank of Omaha. Former occupations are as follows: executive of advertising agency, newspaper columnist and assistant business manager, radio announcer and program director. Civilian aide, Secretary of Army for Nebraska 1964-74; Brigadier General, U. S. Army Reserve (retired); Past president, United Community Services of the Midlands, Past Douglas County chairman, Nebraska Centennial, past president, Omaha Symphony, six years; past president, Nebraska Safety Council. Member: Omaha Club; Omaha Country Club; American Legion; and Ak-Sar-Ben Councilor. Appointed on December 21, 1970, by Governor Tiemann, to fill unexpired term of Richard L. Herman, who resigned, Elected Regent in 1972.

Home Address: 10604 Frances Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68124.

Office Address: 1919 Douglas Street (P.O. Box 3408) Omaha, Nebraska 68103.



BOARD OF REGENTS, UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA—Continued



KERMIT WAGNER **DISTRICT NO. 3**

Attended Howells High School, University of Nebraska. Graduate, Kansas State University, B.Sc. degree in agriculture. President and general manager of Wagner Mills. Director, First National Bank, Stanton; director, First National Bank, Tekamah. Past member, Board of Education, Midland College (trustee, 3 terms); past member, Board of Education, Central Seminary, Fremont; past member, Schuyler Board of Education; past president, Nebraska Grain and Feed Dealers Association; past president, Schuyler Rotary Club. Director, Spencer Foods, Inc.; Charter member of Alpha Mu; member, United States Assay Commission; Nebraska State Building Commission; Masons; Shrine; Jester; Odd Fellows and Elks Lodges. Elected Regent November 3, 1970; re-elected November 1976.

Home Address: 404 West 10th Street, Schuyler, Nebraska 68661.

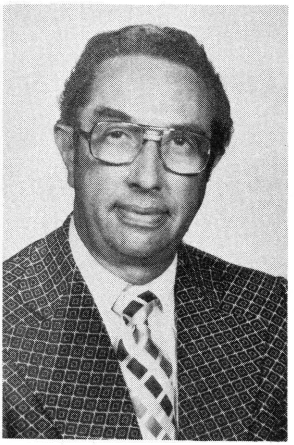


ROBERT JOSEPH PROKOP **DISTRICT NO. 4**

Born September 19, 1934, Lincoln, Nebraska. Graduate of University of Nebraska, Lincoln, B.Sc., M.Sc., Ph.D. degrees; University of Nebraska College of Medicine, Omaha, M.D. degree. Kappa Sigma, Sigma Xi, Phi Lambda Upsilon, Phi Rho Sigma fraternities. State and Regional National Baseball Congress Commissioner. Member: AF & AM: Scottish Rite; Sesostris Temple-Shrine. University of Nebraska Foundation trustee. Elected Regent November 3, 1970; re-elected November 1976.

Home Address: Wilber, Nebraska 68465.

BOARD OF REGENTS, UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA—Continued

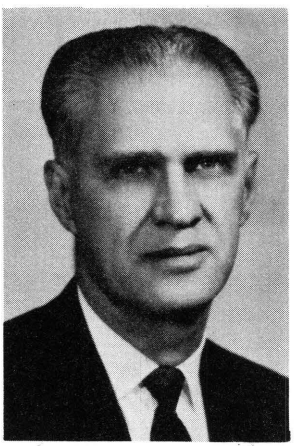


ROBERT R. KOEFOOT DISTRICT NO. 5

Born Broken Bow, Nebraska, January 12, 1923. Graduate, Broken Bow High School, 1940; University of Nebraska, B.S. degree 1945; University of Nebraska College of Medicine, M.D. degree 1947; University of Minnesota, M.S. degree in Surgery 1952. Married Vera G. Greene, March 28, 1946; five children: Bonnie B., Ann K., Adele K., Carol C., and Robert R., Jr. Physician and surgeon. Served as member and president, Grand Island Board of Education, 1964-1970; as member of Board of Directors, Riverside Country Club, 1966-1970. Member of Board of Directors, American Cancer Society, 1966-1970; Fellow, American College of Surgeons; Fellow, Southwestern Surgical Congress. Member: Presbyterian Church; Master Mason; Shriner; BOJ; Elks, BPOE, No. 604. Chairman, Board of Regents, 1973; Member: Nebraska Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education; Creighton-Nebraska Universities Health Foundation. Elected Regent November 3, 1970. Re-elected 1976.

Home Address: 417 South Logan Street, Grand Island, Nebraska 68801.

Office Address: 727 North Custer Avenue, Grand Island 68801.



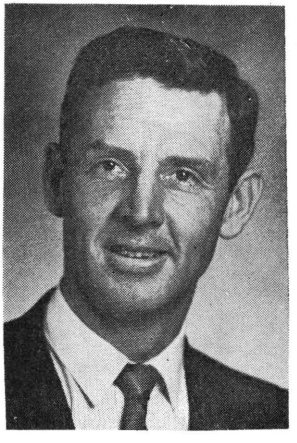
ROBERT G. SIMMONS, JR. DISTRICT NO. 6

Born in Omaha, Nebraska, August 14, 1918. Attended schools in Scottsbluff, Washington' D.C., and Lincoln, Nebraska; also Universities of Nebraska, Chicago, Colorado, New Mexico and Utah. Married March 5, 1944 to Dorothy Findlay; one child: John F. County Attorney of Banner County, 1949 to date. Former FBI agent, 1st Lt. U.S. Marine Corps Reserve, Scottsbluff Board of Education, Scottsbluff Junior College Board of Education, Member Nebraska State Board of Education 1964-1970. Member: Kiwanis, Masonic Lodge, and Elks. Elected to Board of Regents, November 5, 1974.

Home Address: 2121 Fifth Avenue, Scottsbluff, Nebraska 69361.

Office Address: 1620 Avenue A, Scottsbluff, Nebraska 69361.

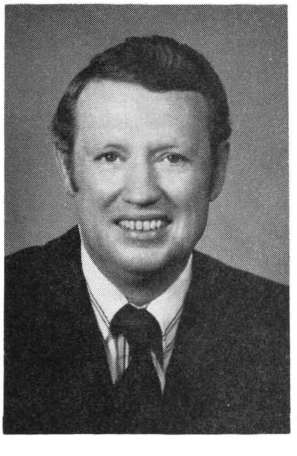
BOARD OF REGENTS, UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA—Concluded



ROBERT L. RAUN **DISTRICT NO. 7**

Born rural Kearney County, Nebraska, April 22, 1928. Was graduated from Campbell High School, 1945; and received B.Sc. degree from University of Nebraska, 1951 (with high distinction). Member, Alpha Gamma Rho (social) fraternity; honorary organizations: Innocents Society, Gamma Sigma Delta and Alpha Zeta. Married Eileen Derieg, June 9, 1951; six children: Sharon, Carol, Chris, Kevin, Elizabeth and Andrew. Is a farmer and livestock feeder. Air Force Veteran, presently holds commission in Air Force Reserve, retired. Chairman of Board of Regents, 1970-1971; member of Nebraska State Irrigation Association, Nebraska Water Resources Association, Nebraska Livestock Feeders Association. Columnist for Nebraska Farmer. Minden Rotary Club. Appointed Regent on January 11, 1966, by Governor Morrison to fill the unexpired term of Mr. Val Peterson who resigned. Elected Regent November 5, 1968. Re-elected November 5, 1974.

Home Address: Minden, Nebraska 68959.



JAMES H. MOYLAN **DISTRICT NO. 8**

Born Omaha, Nebraska, October 17, 1930. Graduate, Bayard, (Iowa) High School, 1948; Creighton University, B.S. degree 1952, J.D. degree 1957. U.S. Army, 1952-54. Married Lila Marie Fitzgerald, July 9, 1960, Glendale, California; six children: James P., Michael T., Patrick W., Jeanne M., Mary M. and Molly C. Attorney. Deputy Douglas County Attorney, 1960-1967; Democratic Douglas County Chairman, 1966-1968. Member Executive Council, Nebraska State Bar Association 1975. Elected Regent, November 3, 1970. Re-elected November 1976.

Home Address: 2144 South 84th Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68124

Office Address: 1640 Woodmen Tower, Omaha, Nebraska 68102.

SUPREME COURT



PAUL W. WHITE CHIEF JUSTICE

Born in 1911. Graduated from high school in 1926. Graduated (with honors at Honors Convocation) University of Nebraska, A.B. 1930;graduated from Law School, LL.B. 1932. Is married and has one son: Mark. Is an attorney at law. Practiced law from 1932 to 1953, except for 50 months' service in U.S. Infantry (20 months overseas in Pacific Theater). Was Assistant Lancaster County Attorney, 1941-1947; Acting Judge of Lincoln Municipal Court, 1949-1953; District Court Judge, Third Judicial District, 1953-1963; and Juvenile Judge, Lancaster County for 2 years. Former secretary, Nebraska District Court Judges Association, 1957-1961; charter member, Governor's Committee for Youth, 1954. Served on original committee for Lincoln Boys' State, 1939; and is a present member of its board of directors; former chairman, American Legion; Boys' State and sponsor of civic clubs, 1951-1961; former secretary and treasurer of Lincoln Bar Association; and former president, Lincoln Barristers Club. Incorporator and charter member, Lincoln Youth Project; member, Lincoln Child Guidance Center; member and past president, Nebraska District Court Judges Association; member, Lincoln, Nebraska, State, and American Bar Associations; member, National Association of State Trial Judges; member, National Council of Juvenile Court Judges; member, National Council on Crime and Delinquency; member, American Judicature Society; and charter member, Nebraska Juvenile Court Judges Association. Is a member of the following: American Interprofessional Institute, Knife and Fork Club, Cosmopolitan Club, American Legion Post No. 3, Lincoln; Veterans of Foreign Wars, Military Order of World War II; Lincoln Lodge 19, A.F. and A.M.; 32nd Degree Scottish Rite Mason, Shrine, Lincoln Lodge No. 80, B.P.O.E.; Knights of Pythias and Welfare Society. Is a member of St. Paul Methodist Church of Lincoln. Elected Chief Justice of Nebraska Supreme Court November 6, 1962. Retained November 5, 1968, 1974.

Home Address: 2741 Scott Avenue, Lincoln, Nebraska 68506.

JUSTICE HARRY A. SPENCER DISTRICT NO. 1

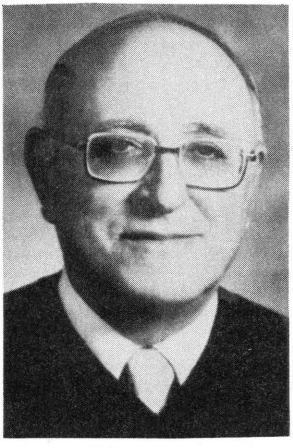


Born in Bishops Walton, England, September 16, 1903. Graduated from South Omaha High School, 1925; University of Nebraska, A.B., 1929; LL.B., cum laude, 1930; J.D., 1968. Member, Acacia and Delta Theta Phi fraternities. Married Leone M. Eggenberg, June 28, 1925; six children: Mrs. Pagean Carter, Harry A., Jr., Mrs. Marlene D. Mansfield, Mrs. Leone Harlan, Terry L. and Victor R. Delegate, 1936 and 1940 Republican National Conventions. Methodist; served as President of the Lincoln Council of Churches, 1957. Past chairman, Lincoln Traffic Commission. Past Governor, Nebraska-Iowa District of Kiwanis, and past chairman, Kiwanis International Committees on Achievement and Resolutions. Past president, Lincoln Bar Association. Past vice-president and member, Executive Committee, Nebraska State Bar Association. Member, House of Delegates; Executive Council, Division of Judicial Administration; and Appellate Judges' Conference, American Bar Association. Past chairman, Appellate Judges' Conference, ABA. Chairman, Continuing Education Committee, Appellate Judges' Conference, ABA. Lecturer, University of Nebraska College of Law, 1942-1960. Director, American Judicature Society 1972-1976. Member, Scottish Rite and

SUPREME COURT—Continued

York Rite Masonic Bodies. Trustee, Nebraska Masonic Home. Past Grand Master of Masons of Nebraska. Thirty-third degree Mason. Past Sovereign, Red Cross of Constantine. Awarded the DeMolay Cross of Honor and the Honorary Legion of Honor. Past Grand High Priest, Royal Arch Masons of Nebraska. Past Potentate, Sesostris Temple, A.A.O.N.M.S. Past Associate Grand Guardian, Order of Jobs Daughters. Member, Lincoln University Club. Recipient, Junior Chamber of Commerce Good Government Award. Practiced law in Lincoln until 1945. Served as Lancaster County Judge, 1945-51, and Judge of the Third Judicial District Court, 1952-60. Elected Justice of the Supreme Court, November 8, 1960. Retained in 1966 and 1972.

Home Address: 1500 Crestview Drive, Lincoln, Nebraska 68506.

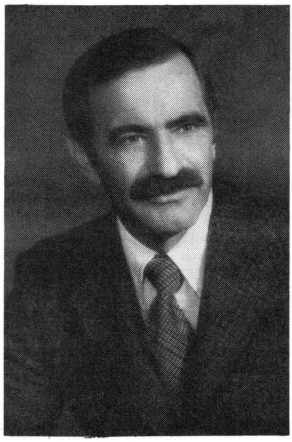


JUSTICE DONALD BRODKEY DISTRICT NO. 2

Born in Sioux City, Iowa, January 17, 1910. Attended Avon, South Dakota public schools; University of South Dakota 1927-28; University of Iowa 1928-31, Phi Beta Kappa, Order of Artus; University of Iowa Law School, J.D., 1933, Order of the Coif, served two years on Iowa Law Review. Married May 30, 1943 to Gertrude R. Rothkop; three children: Bruce Harrison, Amy Catherine, and Frank Donald; private practice of law, Omaha, 1933-57; Chief Price Attorney of Office of Price Administration, 1942-46; Municipal Judge, City of Omaha, 1957-60; District Judge of Nebraska, Fourth Judicial District, 1960-74; Appointed to Supreme Court April 5, 1974, to succeed Judge Robert Smith, who resigned; Kellogg Foundation Fellowship to National College of State Trial Judges, American Bar Association, Boulder, Colorado, 1964; Presiding Judge, Douglas County District Court, 1966-67; President, Nebraska District Judges Association, 1969-70; Faculty Advisor, National College of State Trial Judges, Reno, Nevada, 1970; Delegate to National Conference of State Trial Judges from Nebraska District Court Judges Association at annual conventions of American Bar Association, 1969-74; Delegate, Nebraska State Trial Judges Association to Nebraska Judicial Council. Member: Institute of Judicial Administration, Nebraska Bar Association, American Bar Association, International Academy of Trial Judges, Advisory Committee for revision of Nebraska Penal Code, 1972-73; Chairman, subcommittees for Nebraska Jury Instructions and new proposed Nebraska Rules of Evidence; attended Appellate Criminal Justice Seminar, Honolulu, Hawaii, August 1972. Board of Trustees Goodwill Industries, Board Iowa Alumni Association, Omaha Home for Boys; Past President, Omaha Chapter of Phi Beta Kappa, Order of Coif, Henry Monsky Lodge of B'nai B'rith; active member Boy Scout and Cub Scout activities; Eagles, Shrine, Scottish Rite, Thirty-second degree K.C.C.H., Blue Lodge, Temple Israel, Foreign Relations League, Aksarben. Medal from St. Benedict Youth Club. Appointed April 5, 1974, to fill unexpired term of Judge Robert L. Smith, resigned.

Home Address: 1301 J Street, Lincoln, Nebraska 68508.

SUPREME COURT—Continued



JUSTICE C. THOMAS WHITE DISTRICT NO. 3

Born in Humphrey, Nebraska October 5, 1928. Attended St. Francis Grade and High School, Creighton University Law School, 1952. Married Joan Jiranek, October 9, 1971. Children by previous marriage, Michaela, Thomas and Patrick. Formerly 21st District Court Judge, Platte County Attorney; President, Nebraska District Court Judges Association. Member: BPOE, Alpha Sigma Nu, Delta Theta Phi. Appointed to Supreme Court January 6, 1977 to replace retiring Justice John E. Newton.

Home Address: R. #3, Columbus, Nebraska 68601.

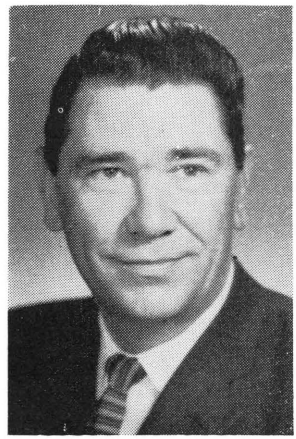
Office Address: State Capitol, Lincoln, Nebraska 68509.

JUSTICE HALE McCOWN DISTRICT NO. 4

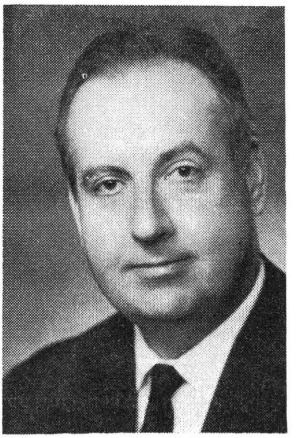
Born Kansas, Illinois, January 19, 1914. Attended Beatrice High School, Hastings College, A.B. degree 1935; and Duke University, LL.B. degree 1937. Member Phi Delta Phi fraternity. Married Helen Lanier, July 15, 1938; three children: Robert B., William L. and Mary Lynn. Admitted to Oregon bar in 1937, with Carey, Hart, Spencer and McCulloch, Portland, 1937-1942. Admitted to Nebraska bar, 1942. In 1942 became a member of the law firm of McCown & Baumfalk, Beatrice, Nebraska. Served as Lt. Sg. USNR 1943-1945; Fellow American College Trial Lawyers; American College Probate Counsel; member, American Law Institute (Council 1969-); American Judicature Society; American and Nebraska Bar Associations; Presbyterian. Author of articles in legal journals. Appointed to Supreme Court from the Fourth District for term beginning January 7, 1965. Retained Justice of the Supreme Court in 1968 and 1974.

Home Address: Beatrice, Nebraska 68310.

Lincoln Residence: 1301 J Street, 68508.



SUPREME COURT—Concluded



JUSTICE LESLIE BOSLAUGH DISTRICT NO. 5

Born in Hastings, Nebraska, September 4, 1917. Attended Hastings public schools and was graduated from the University of Nebraska College of Law cum laude. Order of the Coif, Beta Gamma Sigma and Phi Kappa Psi fraternities. Admitted to the practice of law June 1941. Married Elizabeth Meyer, August 10, 1943; three children: Marguerite Ann, Sarah Elizabeth, and Paul Robert. Former Assistant Attorney General of Nebraska and a member of the staff of 1943 Statute Revision Commission. A member of the Nebraska State, American, Adams County and Tenth District Bar Associations; Masonic Bodies; Scottish Rite; Shrine; Elks; American Legion; and Veterans of Foreign Wars. Elected Justice of the Supreme Court November 8, 1960. Retained in 1966 and 1972.

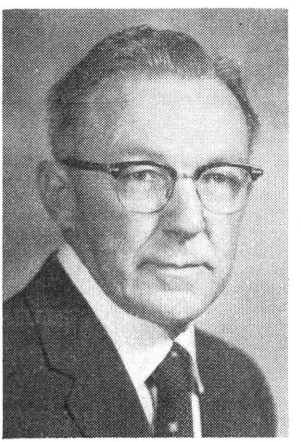
Home Address: Hastings, Nebraska 68901.

JUSTICE LAWRENCE M. CLINTON DISTRICT NO. 6

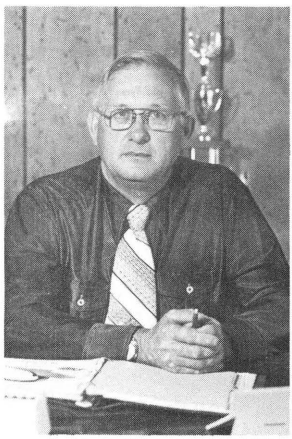
Born Sidney, Nebraska, March 21, 1915. Attended St. Patrick's Grade and High Schools, Sidney; and Creighton University. Omaha, A.B. and LL.B., 1940. United States Army, 1941-1945. Private to Captain in Infantry. Married Miss Virginia Martin, November 27, 1948; four children: Lawrence M., Jr., Kathryne Ann, Marie, and Mark. Attorney. Partner in law firm of Clinton & MtNish, 1954-1970. Former Cheyenne County Attorney and former city attorney at Sidney. Past commander of Company K, 134th Infantry, Nebraska National Guard. Member of the following: Catholic Church; American and Nebraska Bar Associations; American Judicature Society; Knights of Columbus; American Legion, Elks and Rotary 14. Appointed Supreme Court Justice, February 4, 1971. Retained 1974.

Lincoln Residence: #2. Mockingbird Lane 68502.

Home Address: Sidney, Nebraska 68162.



STATE LEGISLATORS



NELSON MERZ **DISTRICT NO. 1**

Born May 27, 1917 at Falls City, Nebraska. Attended District schools, Falls City; Married Caroline T. Faller June 4, 1939; nine children: Dennis, Thelma, Janet, Gale, Carol, Rita, Bruce, Debra and Mary. M-F farm equipment business; farmer; interests in grain elevator, fertilizer business and lumber yard. Formerly operated Grade A dairy. Past Secretary Richardson County Artificial Insemination Association; Past President Area Fellowship of Churches; Past Sunday School Superintendent-Teacher St. Peter's Lutheran Church. President of Rotary Club; President, Richardson County National Farmers Organization; Delegate to State Democratic Convention; sponsor of City Summer Recreation Program for Area Youth. Member: Rotary Club, Elks Lodge and St. Paul's Lutheran Church. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 2, 1976.

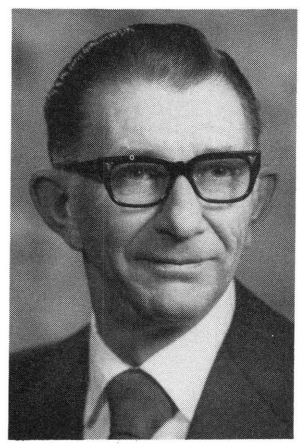
Home Address: N. McLean Street, Falls City, Nebraska 68355.

Office Address: P. O. Box 416, Falls City, Nebraska 68355.

CALVIN F. CARSTEN **DISTRICT No. 2**

Born November 11, 1915, in Avoca, Nebraska. Graduate of Avoca High School and attended University of Nebraska, Lincoln. Married Ruth Thelma Ruge, February 2, 1937; three children; Sally (Mrs. Malone), Carroll, and Steven. Farmer. Managed Cass County Cooperative Association for one year; secretary, Avoca Telephone Company for 10 years; served on first Cass County School Reorganization Committee; past master, Euclid Lodge AF and AM, Weeping Water; past patron, Elizabeth Chapter OES; past state moderator, Nebraska Congregational Conference; past president, State Congregational Laymen's Association; past moderator, Lincoln Association of Nebraska Congregational Conference. Has served as secretary of Avoca Cemetery Association for 25 years. Member: Advisory Board of Good Samaritan Home, Syracuse; precinct Republican committeeman; past President, Avoca Lions Club; United Church of Christ Congregational (served as trustee, deacon, Sunday school superintendent), and on many other local committees; member and past president, Cass County Farm Bureau Association, Cass County Chairman Bicentennial Committee. Elected to the Unicameral Legislature November 3, 1970. Reelected Nov. 5, 1974.

Home Address: Avoca, Nebraska 68307.



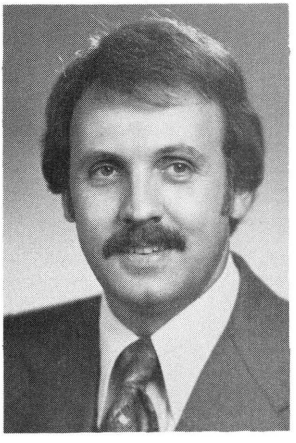
STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



ORVAL A. KEYES **DISTRICT No. 3**

Born October 31, 1913. Graduate of Springfield High School. Married Lois Gottsch, August 7, 1939; nine children: Gerald, Dennis (deceased), Mrs. Stuart Sass, Mrs. Jerry Osborn, Cheryl, Mary Jean, Kimberly K., (twins) Brenda and Glenda. Is a farmer and cattle feeder. Former director of School Districts 8 and 21. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 5, 1968. Re-elected 1972 & 1976.

Home Address: 240 North 8th Street, Springfield 68059.



LARRY D. STONEY **DISTRICT No. 4**

Born in Omaha, Nebraska, November 12, 1937. Attended Omaha Benson High School 1955; University of Nebraska-Omaha 1964. Married Janice E. Dunkle; one child: Todd Dunkle. Assistant Director, Special Service Department, Mutual of Omaha. Member: Pi Kappa Alpha Alumni Association & Advisory Board. Board of Directors: United Way of the Midlands & U.N.O. Maverick Club. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 5, 1974.

Home Address: 12626 Shirley Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68144.

Office Address: 3300 Dodge Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68131.



BERNICE R. LABEDZ **DISTRICT NO. 5**

Born September 19, 1919 at Omaha, Nebraska. Attended St. Francis School, South High School. Married Stanley J. Labedz May 9, 1942; four children: Terry, Jeannette, Toni and Frank. Executive Secretary to Mayor of Omaha; businesswoman twenty-two years; six and one-half years with Nebraska Department of Revenue; active in political campaigns for over thirty years. Member Omaha Police and Fire Auxiliary 9551. Appointed to fill unexpired term of Senator Eugene Mahoney July 22, 1976. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 2, 1976.

Home Address: 4417 South 40th Street, Omaha 68107.

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



HAROLD T. MOYLAN **DISTRICT NO. 6**

Born in Bayard, Iowa, March 5, 1903. Attended Creighton University, Omaha, Nebraska, Bachelor of Arts degree. Married Margaret E. Emery, February 4, 1929; five children: James H., Joseph W., Mrs. Mary Jean Taylor, Patrick F. and Mrs. Ann M. Vanderloo. Is a real estate broker. Member of Cathedral Parish. Elected to the Unicameral Legislature, 1964. Re-elected 1966, 1970 and 1974.

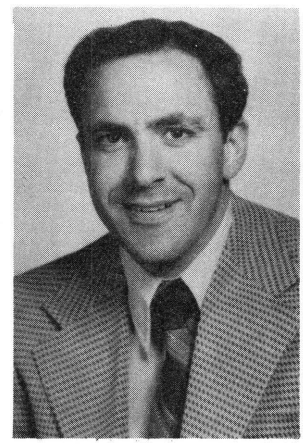
Home Address: 3862 California Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68131.

PATRICK VENDITTE **DISTRICT No. 7**

Born in Omaha, Nebraska September 16, 1945. Attended Cathedral High School; B.S. degree, Peru State Teachers College, 1967; M.S. degree, University of Nebraska at Omaha, 1970; Specialist degree in Education, 1972. Married Janet Nowaczyk June 15, 1968; one child: Tony. Classroom instructor; formerly high school administrator. Chairman, South Omaha Neighborhood Redevelopment Association; Vice President, Grandview Neighborhood Association; Board of Directors, Southeast Civic Club; Americans for a Democratic Italy, National Committee member. Member: Fraternal Order of Eagles, Santa Lucia Festival Committee, Corresponding Secretary Sons of Italy, St. Frances Cabrini Parish Council. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 2, 1976.

Home Address: 1220 South 6th Street, Omaha 68108.

Office Address: same.



STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



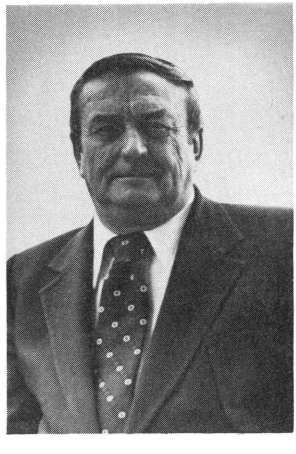
WARREN R. SWIGART **DISTRICT NO. 8**

Born in Desota, Iowa, May 3, 1908. Attended Osceola, Iowa High School, Nebraska University-Lincoln one-half-year, -Omaha 1 ½ years. Married Rita Haight October 14, 1932; three children: Russell, Merle and Redella. Present occupation, real estate; formerly moving company owner and contractor. Affiliations: Open Door Mission, Salvation Army, Red Cross, N.A.P.H.; City Commissioner 1954-57, Omaha City Councilman twelve years. Member: IOOF, Eagles, Benson Commercial Club, Optimists; Vice-President, Open Door Mission, Chairman Roberts Manor. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 5, 1974.

Home Address: 3328 North 58th, Omaha, Nebraska 68104.

Office Address: 2424 Douglas Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68131.

WILLIAM E. BRENNAN **DISTRICT NO. 9**



Born March 5, 1922 in Omaha, Nebraska. Attended St. Mary's Grade School, Omaha South High School, Centre College, Creighton University. Married February 4, 1949 to Marilyn Brogan; eight children: Patrick, Kathleen, Mary Clare, Susan, Dennis, Theresa, Kevin and Mary Frances. President, Nebraska State AFL-CIO. Formerly: Instructor, Adult Education, Omaha School System; Business representative, Elevator Constructors Local #28; Recording Secretary, Omaha Central Labor Union AFL-CIO; Local Chairman, National Elevator Industry Education Program; Member, Douglas County Personnel Study Committee. Presently: Advisory Boards University of Nebraska-Lincoln, University of Nebraska . at Omaha and Nebraska Employment Security Council. Member, Board of Directors: United Community Services, Omaha; Nebraska Red Cross, Nebraska Economic Council, Nebraska U. S. Savings Bonds, Nebraska School Finance Study Planning Comm., National Citizens Emergency Comm. (to save public libraries). World War II Air Force pilot. Member: Eagles, American Legion. Was elevator constructor twenty-six years. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 2, 1976.

Home Address: 3221 Ed. Creighton Avenue, Omaha 68105.

Office Address: 1821 California Street, Omaha 68102.

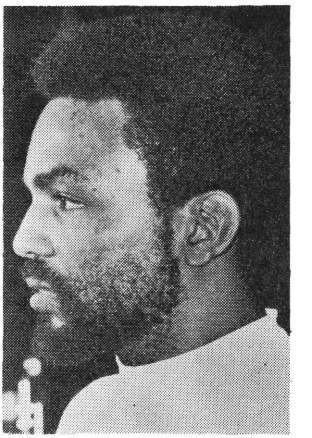
STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



JOHN S. SAVAGE **DISTRICT NO. 10**

Born June 25, 1905, in Denver, Colorado. Attended Omaha Public Schools and University of Nebraska, Lincoln, two years. Married Marie M. Schofield, May 24, 1930; two children: John Schofield Savage and Mrs. Robert J. Russell. Retired newspaperman. Former reporter-photographer, Lincoln Journal; Omaha Bee News; and Omaha World-Herald. Founder, Past President and former Executive Director of the Omaha Press Club. Member Board of Directors, Meyer Chidren's Rehabilitation Institute; Advisory Board of Trustees, St. Paul United Methodist Church; Life Member Adams School P.T.A.; Nebraska Press Photographers Association; and Omaha (Benson) Lions Club. Past District Governor, Nebraska Lions; and past master, Covert Masonic Lodge. Member: Thirty-third degree Scottish Rite; York Rite; and Tangier Shrine. Silver Beaver Award from Mid-America Council, Boy Scouts of America (member of its advisory board). Recipient of Outstanding Contribution to Journalism Award from University of Nebraska at Omaha, 1957; and Creighton University's Professional Journalism Achievement Award, 1970. Award of Merit from the University of Nebraska-Lincoln, for "A Career of Excellence in News Photography", April 1972. Elected to the Unicameral Legislature November 3, 1970, for a four-year term. Has served as chairman of Committee on Committees, 1974-76; vice-chairman of the Legislative Council Executive Board, 1974; vice-chairman Intergovernmental Cooperation Committee, 1972-74; member Governing Board of the Council of State Governments; chairman of the Transportation Committee Midwestern Conference Council of State Governments, 1972-76; vice-chairman Transportation Advisory Committee and member of the Appropriations Committee, 1970-76. Re-elected November 5, 1974.

Home Address: 7321 Miami Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68134.



ERNIE CHAMBERS **DISTRICT NO. 11**

Born Omaha, Nebraska, July 10, 1937. Graduate, Creighton University, B.A. degree; attended Creighton University Law School for 2 ½ years. Married Jacklyn Lee; four children: Gayla, Mark, Ernie, and David. Is a barber. Elected to the Unicameral Legislature November 3, 1970. Re-elected 1972 and 1976.

Home Address: 3223 North 27th Avenue, Omaha, Nebraska 68111.

Office Address: 3122 North 24th Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68110.

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



JERRY KOCH **DISTRICT NO. 12**

Born in Campbell, Nebraska May 23, 1924. Married to Joan MacCashland, teacher Westside Community Schools; two sons: Rick and Scott; two grandchildren. B.A. Hastings College; M.A. University of Nebraska. 15th Air Force, World War II. Profession: Educator. Taught and coached in Franklin, Nebraska, 1949-54; Westside Community Schools, District #66 1954-66, Director of Student Activities 1961-66; Coordinator of Omaha Suburban Area Council of Schools 1966 - . Past President and current Secretary-Treasurer of Ralston Area Chamber of Commerce and member Board of Directors 1967 - . President and member of Board of Directors, Ralston Boys' Baseball Association. Former Ralston City Councilman, President of Council. Former Member Board of Directors of Nebraska League of Municipalities, National League of Cities Policy Committee on Effective Government. Chairman, Ralston Community Improvement Council, 1968-73. Former President, Ralston United Church of Christ cabinet. Member: Omaha Chamber of Commerce Council on Education; Ralston American Legion; Former District #8 Athletic Officer; Americanism Chairman; Ralston Lions Club. Recipient of Ralston Area Chamber of Commerce Ten Year Award for Civic Leadership; Chamber Special Award for Youth and Education; Chamber 1972 Man of the Year Award. Professional organizations: Nebraska Council of School Administrators, Phi Delta Kappa, State and National Council of Social Studies, Federal Relations Policy Committee-American Association of School Administrators. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 5, 1974.

Home Address: 7610 Sunset Drive, Ralston, Nebraska 68127.

Office Address: 216 Hillcrest, Ralston, Nebraska 68127.

DAVE NEWELL **DISTRICT NO. 13**

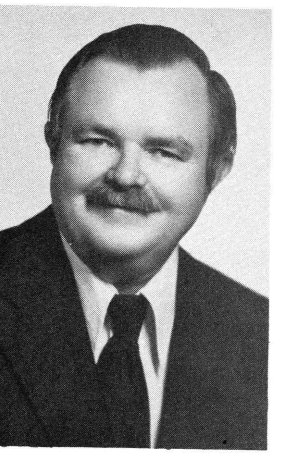
Born October 14, 1946 at Oakland, California. Graduated Bancroft Public High School 1965, A.A. degree Norfolk Junior College 1967, B.S. in Education UNO 1971, graduate work in History UNO from 1973 to present. Married Arlene Paider, March 30, 1974. State Senator. Formerly: State President and National Committeeman Nebraska Young Democrats, Administrative Assistant to Director of Administrative Services, Democratic Party State Executive and Central Committees. Military service, July 1969-1971, Viet Nam veteran. Member: Omaha Jaycees, N.C.L.U., American Legion, Phi Alpha Theta, Common Cause. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 2, 1976.

Home Address: 4027 Bauman Street, Omaha 68112.

Office Address: 8th Floor State Capitol, Lincoln 68509.



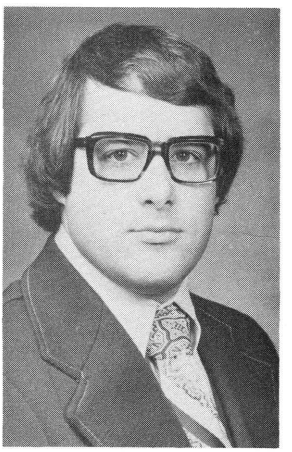
STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



THOMAS FITZGERALD **DISTRICT NO. 14**

Born February 29, 1920, Omaha, Nebraska. Graduated South High. Married Lorraine, September 25, 1948; three children: Linda (Mrs. Douglas Kass), Thomas III, Gayle (Mrs. Roger Sturm). Member: National Association of Letter Carriers, Florence Men's Club, Little Vikes, Military Order of Purple Heart Chapter 260, VFW Post 3421, D.A.V., American Legion Post 1, Florence Pioneer Days Committee, N.A.L.C. Branch 5, Florence Historical Foundation, North Omaha Commercial Club, Fraternal Order of Eagles aerie No. 154, and Miller Park Y.M.C.A. Board of Management. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 5, 1974.

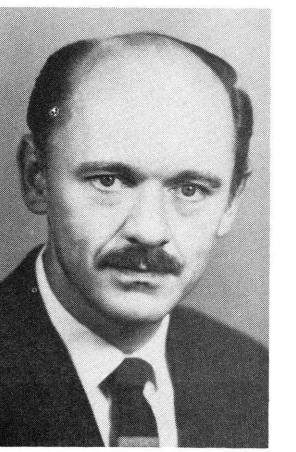
Home Address: 8104 North Ridge Drive, Omaha 68112.



BARRY L. REUTZEL **DISTRICT NO. 15**

Born in Omaha, Nebraska March 2, 1951. Attended Midland College, University of Nebraska-Lincoln B.A. political science. Field office manager, R. E. Reutzel Co., Fremont. Alternate, 1976 Democratic State Convention, delegate to 1976 Dodge County Democratic convention. Member: Fremont Jaycees, National Audubon Society, Delta Sigma Phi Fraternity. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 2, 1976.

Home Address: Box 527, Fremont 68025.



WALTER GEORGE **DISTRICT NO. 16**

Born April 23, 1929, Gudensberg. Attended Universities of Nebraska, Heidelberg, Marburg, North Carolina, Married August 26, 1955 to Ann Harms; two children: Eric and Stephen. College Professor; Councilman, City of Blair, Nebraska; Member: Nebraska Political Science Assocation, Nebraska Foreign Language Association, Nebraska Economics and Business Association; former member of Advisory Council, Department of Education, 1968-73. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 5, 1974.

Home Address: 3065 College Drive, Blair, Nebraska 68008.

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



J. R. MURPHY **DISTRICT NO. 17**

Born September 5, 1918, South Sioux City, Nebraska; Iowa University, Iowa City, Iowa, B.A. degree. Married Mary Elizabeth Forbes, September 20, 1947; two children: Kim Bert and Brian Emmett. Served in World War II, USNR, 4 ½ years. Formerly employed in propane distributing, management sales; and electric equipment sales. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 7, 1972; re-elected 1976.

Home Address: 110 East 37th Street, South Sioux City, Nebraska 68776.



WILLIAM H. HASEBROOCK **DISTRICT NO. 18**

Born on a farm east of Scribner, July 30, 1903. Attended rural school near Scribner, Scribner High School graduate. Married Margaret McDonald, May 11, 1928; one son, Robert. Retail merchant and has farming interests. Served as mayor of West Point and mayor and councilman of Scribner. Member Grace Lutheran Church; Board of Directors of Tabitha Home; Mid-America Council, Boy Scouts of America; Shrine; Kiwanis; Izaak Walton League, Livestock Feeders Association and chairman, Cuming County Easter Seal Committee. Elected to the Unicameral Legislature, 1960. Re-elected 1962, 1964, 1966, 1970 and 1974. Served as chairman of legislative council of Legislature 1971-1972.

Home Address: P. O. Box 265, West Point, Nebraska 68788.

Office Address: 203 North Main Street, West Point, Nebraska 68788.

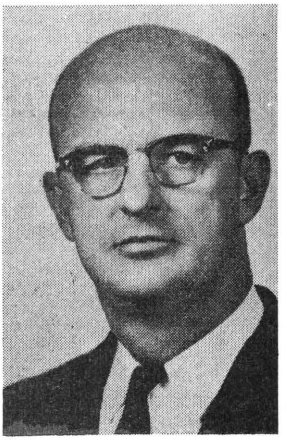


ELROY M. HEFNER **DISTRICT NO. 19**

Born December 12, 1923 in Coleridge, Nebraska. Graduated Coleridge High School 1941. Married Carol Rae Willms June 12, 1949; three children: William, Douglas and Cynthia. President and part owner of Hefner Oil & Feed Co. U.S. Navy 1943-1946. Formerly: School board member six years, town council member and mayor of Coleridge, member Coleridge Fire Department twenty-six years. Member and past president Coleridge Commercial Club. Member American Legion thirty years, past Commander two years. Director and past president Nebraska Petroleum Marketers, Member V.F.W. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 2, 1976. Appointed November 30, 1976 to complete unexpired term of Jules Burbach, resigned.

Home Address: Box 36, Coleridge 68727.

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



GLENN A. GOODRICH DISTRICT NO. 20

Born Orson, Iowa, February 22, 1925. Graduate of Creighton University, Omaha, B.S. degree in economics. Married Gaynelle Tusha, May 1950; Three children: D'Arcy Leah, Gregory Allen and Christopher Mark (twins). Real estate developer. Was engaged in savings and loan business for fifteen years. Past Patron OES 326, Past Master Centennial Lodge AF & AM, Tangier Shrine, Scottish Rite, York Rite, Royal Arch Masons, past president Good Government Association, past secretary and board member Southwest Civic Club, State Life Member Nebraska PTA, offices in local PTAs, past chairman Omaha Mayor's Urban Renewal Advisory Council, YMCA, institutional representative Boy Scouts of America, Omaha Chamber of Commerce Education and Urban Renewal Committees, Omaha Press Club, Nebraska Emergency Medical Services Advisory Committee, American Legion, GOARC, St. Matthew's Lutheran Church. Elected to the Unicameral Legislature November 3, 1970; re-elected November 5, 1974.

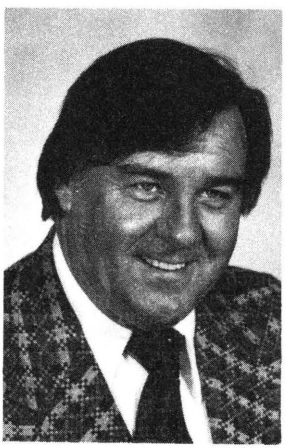
Home Address: 4408 Walnut Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68105.

KEITH M. BOUGHN DISTRICT NO. 21

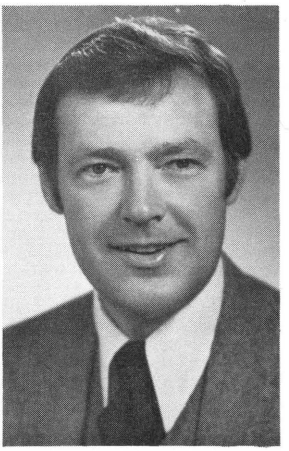
Born October 20, 1925 at Randolph, Nebraska. Bachelor's degree from Wayne State College; graduate work at Wayne State, Brigham Young University and University of Albuquerque. Married November 12, 1950 to Maxine M. Nelson; three children: Kolleen, Butch and Kelly. Political science instructor. Former coach and principal. Member: Norfolk American Legion Post 16 and V.F.W. Post 1644; Methodist Church. Chosen eight times for Freedom Foundation Award by Freedom Foundation of Valley Forge, Pennsylvania for speeches and editorials. American Legion American Citizenship Award for District III for distinguished service in the field of American citizenship. V.F.W. Americanism Chairman two years serving as Americanism editorialist for *Foreign Service Magazine*. Active in American Legion County Government Day, American Legion Oratorical Contest, Legion boxing program, V.F.W. Voice of Democracy and V.F.W. Loyalty Day. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 2, 1976.

Home Address: 302 South 14th Street, Norfolk 68701.

Office Address: 801 Riverside Blvd., Norfolk 68701.



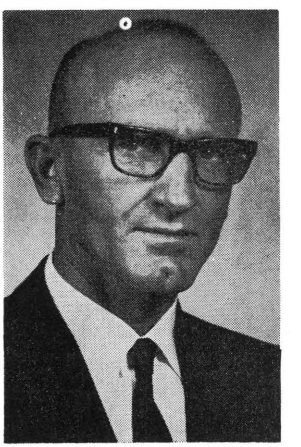
STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



DONALD N. DWORAK **DISTRICT NO. 22**

Born December 3, 1934, in David City, Nebraska. B.S. degree, University of Nebraska. Married Judy Kosch September 28, 1963; two children: Donald Paul and Anthony John; President, Nebraskaland Allied Agency; formerly with Bankers Life Nebraska. American Red Cross Area Advisor; United Fund and Chamber of Commerce. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 5, 1974; Vice Chairman Revenue Committee; member Constitutional Revision & Recreation and Post-Secondary Education Coordinating Committee; Chairman Enrollment & Review Committee; Delegate to Republican National Convention May 4, 1976. Board Member, Midwest International Trade Association; Charter Member & Past President, Platte Valley Association of Life Underwriters; member: American College of Life Underwriters, Nebraska Independent Agents Association and Nebraska Mutual Agents Association; Area Advisor American Red Cross; United Fund; Commodore, Columbus Area Chamber of Commerce; Izaak Walton League, Ducks Unlimited, St. Bonaventure Church, Toastmasters International, Columbus Optimists, B.P.O.E., Fellowship of Christian Athletes; member, Fourth Degree General Assembly Knights of Columbus; former Board Member Columbus Community Concert Association, North Park PTA, Nebraska Farm Bureau Federation; Honorary Chapter Farmer, Future Farmers of America; Nebraska Wildlife Federation; University of Nebraska Rebounders and UN Alumni Association.

Home Address: 2973 Northpark Lane, Columbus, Nebraska 68601.
Office Address: 1363 26th Avenue, Columbus, Nebraska 68601.

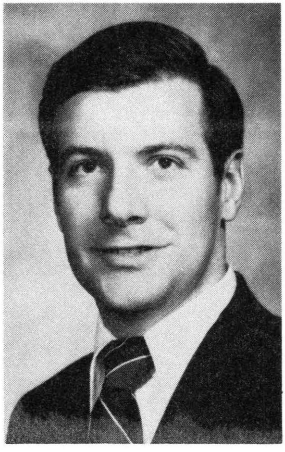


LORAN SCHMIT **DISTRICT NO. 23**

Farmer. Elected to Unicameral Legislature 1968. Re-elected 1972 & 1976.

Home Address: Box 121, Bellwood, Nebraska 68624.

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

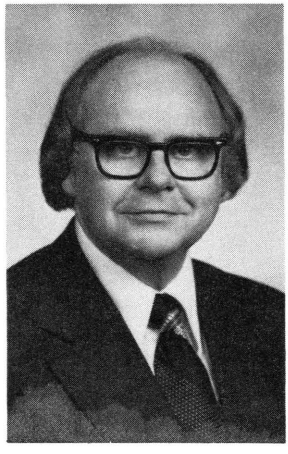


DOUGLAS K. BEREUTER DISTRICT NO. 24

Born in York, Nebraska, October 6, 1939. Attended Utica High School, University of Nebraska (B.A.), Harvard University (Master of Public Administration and Master of City Planning). Married Louise Anna Meyer, June 1, 1962; two children; Eric David and Kirk Daniel. Consultant in development and governmental organization, and business interests in Utica; formerly officer with 1st Infantry Division (1963-65), division director at Nebr. Dept. of Economic Development, director Nebraska State Office of Planning and Programming, Federal-State Relations Coordinator for Nebr. State Govt.; past member of Nebr. Comm. on Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice, Nebr. Comprehensive Health Planning Council, Nebr. Coordinating Council on Post-Secondary Education, and other state advisory committees in education, natural resources, and community development; Vice-Chairman of Nebr. Capitol Environs Advisory Committee; member of National Conference of State Legislatures' Human Resources Task Force, Sigma Alpha Epsilon, St. Paul's Lutheran Church, Utica Commercial Club; President of Utica Development Corporation; Phi Beta Kappa, Sigma Xi, Distinguished Military Graduate; attended 1975 Eagleton Institute of Politics. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 5, 1974.

Home Address: Box 97, Utica, Nebraska 68456.

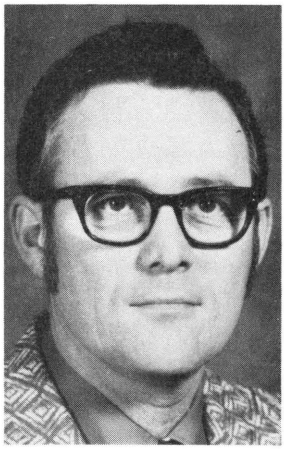
JEROME WARNER DISTRICT NO. 25



Born November 23, 1927, Waverly, Nebraska. Son of the late Charles J. Warner who served 13 terms in the Nebraska Legislature, served as speaker of the first Unicameral Legislature, and at the time of his death was serving his fourth term as Lieutenant Governor of the State of Nebraska. Was graduated from Waverly High School and from University of Nebraska with B.S. degree. Married Mrs. Betty Person, two children: Jamie and Elizabeth. Is a farmer and breeder of registered Hereford cattle. Past member, Nebraska Air National Guard; past chairman, Lancaster County Committee for Reorganization of School Districts; past Noble Grand, Havelock IOOF Lodge 244; past vice chairman, Young Republican National Federation; and past director, Lancaster County Extension Board; delegate to last five Young Republican National Conventions. Member, Lincoln City-Lancaster County Planning and Zoning Commission; treasurer, Lancaster County Fair Board; and member, Lancaster County Republican Men's Club. Holds membership in the following organizations: Bethlehem Covenant Church, Lincoln University Club, Masons, Scottish Rite, Shrine, Knights Templar (York Rite), Eastern Star. Sesostris Shrine Patrol, Nebraska State Grange, Nebraska Farm Bureau, Nebraska Livestock Feeders Association, Nebraska Stockgrowers Association, Rebekah Lodge, Gamma Sigma Delta and Alpha Zeta fraternities. Farm House and National Block and Bridle. Elected to the Unicameral Legislature in 1962. Re-elected 1964, 1968, 1972 and 1976. Served as vice chairman 1963 Education Committee. Chairman of 1965 Government and Military Affairs Committee and member of Labor and Education committees. 1967-1968 Chairman of the Legislative Council. 1969 Speaker of the Legislature. Chairman of Education Committee. 1973-1974.

Home Address: Box 100A, Waverly, Nebraska 68462.

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



WALLY BARNETT, JR. DISTRICT NO. 26

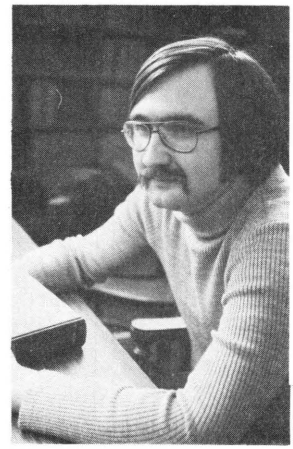
Born February 7, 1931, Lincoln, Nebraska. Was graduated from high school, attended University of Nebraska, and Continuing Education Schools in Iowa, Ohio, Oklahoma, and Nebraska. Married Beverly Teague, May 31, 1953; three children: Joni, Scott and Bobbi Rae. Former Nebraska Assistant Fire Marshal; past member, Lincoln Fire Department; past owner of Capitol City Bowling Supply; and former employee, Prudential Insurance Company. Honorary Life Member P.T.A.; past president, P.T.A.; Past officer, Methodist Men's organizations; originator of State Fire Investigating School. Past member of (Legislative) Education and Constitutional Revision Committee, member Judiciary Committee, Vice Chairman of Government, Military and Veterans Affairs and Vice Chairman of Committee on Committees; member of First United Methodist Church; member of Northeast Sertoma, member of Lincoln Council on Alcoholism & Drugs, Inc., member of Board of Lincoln-Lancaster Drug projects. Elected to Unicameral Legislature in 1970 for a four-year term. Re-elected November 5, 1974.

Home Address: 6201 Francis Street, Lincoln, Nebraska 68505.

STEVEN "STEVE" FOWLER DISTRICT NO. 27

Born in Lincoln on August 8th, 1950. Attended Lincoln public schools and University High School. Graduated from Lincoln East High School in 1968 and entered the University of Nebraska in the fall. Served on the Student Senate and as Student Body President in 1971 and 1972. Elected to the Legislature Nov. 7, 1972. Served on the Education, Government Affairs, and Urban Affairs committees in 1973 and 1974. Chairman of Urban Affairs 1975 and 1976 and also on Government Affairs and Public Health Committee. Re-elected November 2, 1976.

Home Address: 1212 E Street, Apt. 1B, Lincoln 68508.



STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



ROLAND A. LUEDTKE DISTRICT NO. 28

Born January 4, 1924, Lincoln, Nebraska. Attended Lincoln public elementary schools; Trinity Lutheran Junior High School; 1942 graduate of Lincoln High School; University of Nebraska, B.S. degree, 1949; and University of Nebraska College of Law, LL.B. degree, 1951. Member of Delta Theta Phi (legal) fraternity. World War II ETO Combat, Infantry and Air Force Veteran. Married Helen D. Snyder, December 1, 1951; two children: Larry and David. Is a practicing attorney. Former Deputy Secretary of State for the State of Nebraska, 1953-1959. Lancaster County Republican Chairman, 1962-1964. Member of Trinity Lutheran Church, (1971-1974, president of Congregation); Gateway Sertoma Club, Lincoln, Nebraska; Lutheran Laymen's League; American Legion Post No. 3; Disabled American Veterans; Y.M.C.A.; Chamber of Commerce; American, Nebraska, and Lancaster Bar Associations; National Lutheran Lawyers Association; American Judicature Society; Christian Retirement Homes, Inc.; Advisory Board of Madonna Professional Care Center; and Member of the Board of Social Ministry & World Relief of the Lutheran Church-Missouri Synod. Elected November 8, 1966, to Unicameral Legislature for a four-year term. Served as chairman of Enrollment & Review Committee, vice chairman of Salaries & Claims Committee, and member of Judiciary Committee, 1967 Unicameral Legislature; and as chairman of Legislative Council interim study committee on Tort Claims against the State, Vice chairman of Judiciary Committee and member of Salary and Claims and Urban Affaris Committees, 1969 Unicameral Legislature; and as chairman of Legislative Council interim study committee on Courts of Limited Jurisdiction. Attended 1969 Rutger's University Eagleton Political Institute on Legislative Procedure, Naples, Florida; served as out-of-state panelist at the Second Citizen's Conference on Indiana Courts, Indianapolis, Indiana, July 1970, and as a conferee at The White House Conference on Laws of Privacy (December, 1974). Served as chairman of the Judiciary Committee and member of the Public Works Committee and Committee on Committees, 1971 and 1972 Sessions of the Legislature; also chairman of the Nebraska Law Enforcement and Justice Advisory Committee, created by the 1971 Unicameral, which was ordered to conduct a comprehensive interim study of Nebraska Penal and Correctional Facilities, 1971 and 1972. Served as chairman of the Judiciary Committee (also Law Enforcement Advisory Committee) and member of the Miscellaneous Subjects and Retirement Committees, 1973 and 1974 Sessions of the Legislature. Attended the Presidential National Conference on the Judiciary (March, 1971) the Attorney General's National Conference on Corrections (December, 1971), both held in Williamsburg, Virginia and the National Conference on Criminal Justice Standards (January 1973) in Washington, D. C. Re-elected to Unicameral Legislature, 1970, 1974.

Home Address: 327 Park Vista, Lincoln, Nebraska 68510.

Office Address: 303 Executive Building, 521 South 14th Street, Lincoln, Nebraska 68508.

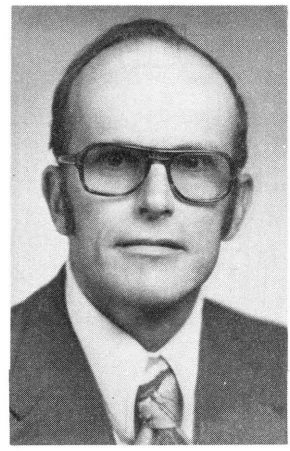
STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



SHIRLEY M. MARSH (Mrs. Frank)
DISTRICT NO. 29

Born June 22, 1925, Benton, Illinois. Graduate Lincoln High School, University of Nebraska-Lincoln, 1972, B.A. Degree in Social Welfare. Alpha Chi Omega sorority. Married Frank Marsh, March 5, 1943; six children: Sherry (Mrs. Philip A. Tupper), Stephen Alan, Dory Michael, Corwin Frank, Mitchell Edward, and Melissa Lou. Is a homemaker. Past chairperson, Neighborhood Girl Scouts; Senior Girl Scout Advisor; past president, Lincoln P.E.O. Round Table; past president, Chapter DK, P.E.O.; past president, Pound Junior High School P.T.A.; past board member, Southeast High School P.T.S.A. and YWCA; past president, Thursday Morning Lecture Circle; former Colonel, Women's Division of United Fund. Currently a member of: American Association of University Women; Lincoln Chapter, American Field Service; Capital Business and Professional Women's Club; Gateway La Sertoma (former board member); Vice President, National Organization of Women Legislators; member of the 1974 National Security Forum, Maxwell AFB, Alabama; Nebraska Federation of Republican Women; Nebraska Legislative Ladies League (served as president); Nebraska Welfare Association; Scottish Society of Nebraska; Unicameral Club of Nebraska; University of Nebraska Alumni Association. Presented a plaque of appreciation for outstanding and dedicated service by the Nebraska Welfare Association in April, 1976. Named Bicentennial Woman of Achievement by the Nebraska Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs in April, 1976. Certificate of appreciation awarded for participation in the first Federal Women's Seminar, May, 1976 in Omaha. Elected to the Unicameral Legislature on November 7, 1972; re-elected 1976. Member of the Appropriations Committee 1973-1976; Committee on Committees 1975-1976; Vice Chairperson of the Intergovernmental Relations Committee 1975-1976.

Home Address: 2701 South 34th Street, Lincoln 68506.

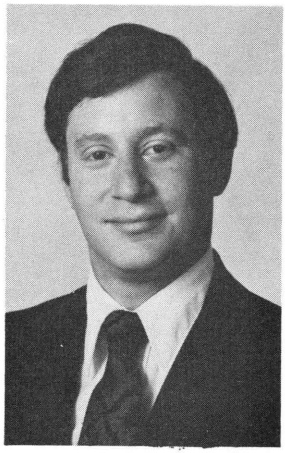


GEORGE "BILL" BURROWS DISTRICT NO. 30

Born in Adams, Nebraska, October 21, 1930. Attended Adams Public School; Nebraska Wesleyan, one year; University of Nebraska, four years. Married Norma Jean Conneally December 26, 1953; four children: Greg, Jay, Mark and Laureen. Farmer; member Governor's Advisory Committee for State Institutions and Department of Public Welfare; former member Gage County FHA Advisory Committee, Gage County Extension Board. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 5, 1974.

Home Address: R.R.1, Adams, Nebraska 68301.

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



NEIL S. SIMON **DISTRICT NO. 31**

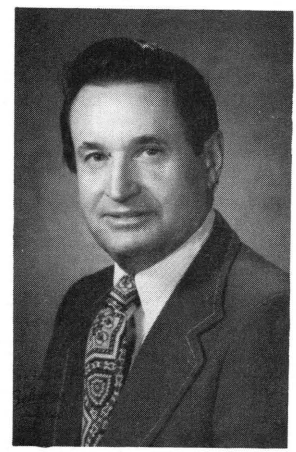
Born in Omaha August 5, 1946. Attended Central High School, University of Iowa, and graduated from University of Nebraska at Omaha. Married June 7, 1970; wife's name, Judy. Regional sales director, Simon Meats. Former Program Developer, Greater Omaha Community Action. Board of Directors Douglas/Sarpy Heart Association; Omaha Jaycees. Formerly Omaha/Douglas County Bicentennial Commission; Public Relations Director Nebraska Jaycees; Executive Vice President Omaha Jaycees; Toastmasters; Advisor B'nai Brith Youth Club; Advisor Junior Achievement; Combined Health Agencies Drive. Member: Jaycees, Toastmasters. Named in 1976 as "one of the ten outstanding young Omahans"; twice named as one of the "Outstanding young men in America". Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 2, 1976.

Home Address: 11712 Meredith, Omaha 68164.
Office Address: 5934 South 25th Street, Omaha 68107.

RICHARD H. MARESH **DISTRICT NO. 32**

Born September 8, 1917, Milligan, Nebraska. Graduate, Milligan High School, attended Air Force Mechanic and Flight Engineer Schools, took night classes at University of Nebraska, Lincoln. Air Force, World War II. Recipient of Air Medal with four Oak Leaf Clusters and Distinguished Flying Cross. Married Ruth Sweney, May 24, 1942; three children: Dixie (Mrs. Gene Placek), Janet (Mrs. Joe DeFlyer), and Chere (Mrs. Edward Uldrich, III). Farmer. Was Fillmore County A.S.C. Committeeman; former Air Force B-29 Flight Engineer, past chairman, Fillmore County C.R.O.P. Committee; past member, Milligan School Board. Member: Milligan Methodist Church; American Legion; Veterans of Foreign Wars; Nebraska Historical Society; Fillmore County Agriculture Society; Nebraska Association of Farmer Elected Committeemen; Member: Nebraska Soybean Association; Nebraska Livestock Feeders Association; Nebraska State Fair Board; Grange. Elected to the Unicameral Legislature November 3, 1970. Re-elected November 5, 1974.

Home Address: Milligan, Nebraska 68406.



STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



RICHARD D. MARVEL **DISTRICT NO. 33**

Born in Hastings, Nebraska, December 8, 1917. Ancestry Scotch-English. Attended public schools University of Leipzig, Germany; Hastings College, A.B. degree, 1940; University of Nebraska, M.A. degree, 1960; Ph.D. degree, 1966. Married Oline Ida Lindemann, May 17, 1941; two children. Served in the South Pacific Theater during World War II. Associate professor of Political Science at Omaha University from 1962-1968, and at Nebraska Wesleyan University at Lincoln since September 1958. Presently serving as the Chairman of the Political Science Department at Nebraska Wesleyan University. Served as president of Hastings College Alumni Association, as a member of the Board of Directors of the Hastings Chamber of Commerce, as delegate at large at the 1948 National Republican Convention, and as past state commander of American Legion in 1946-1947. Is a member of the Y.M.C.A.; Masonic Bodies; American Legion; and Veterans of Foreign Wars. Is a Presbyterian. Elected to the Unicameral Legislature, 1950, 1952, and 1958. Re-elected 1960, 1962, 1964, 1968, 1972 and 1976. Chairman, Legislative Committee on Education, 1953; and chairman, Legislative Committee on Budget and Appropriations, 1961 to present date.

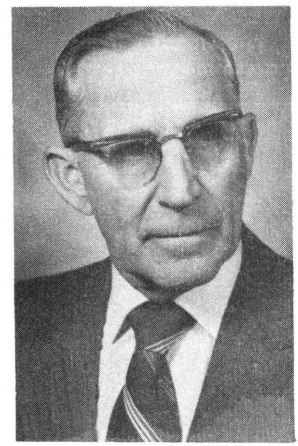
Home Address: 1249 North Lexington, Hastings, Nebraska 68901.

MAURICE A. KREMER **DISTRICT NO. 34**

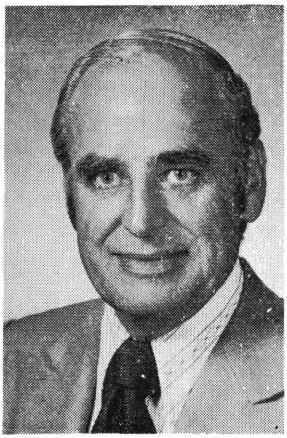
Born Milford, Nebraska, August 31, 1907. Was graduated from Aurora High School and Farm Operators College of Agriculture, Lincoln, Nebraska. Married Alice M. Troyer, June 12, 1932; four children; Kenneth D., Robert M., Mrs. Ardys Ann Roszhart and Mrs. Beth Lorraine Stucky. Is a farmer, stockman and partner in Kremer Construction Co., Aurora, Nebraska. Served in the following capacities: as a member and president of Aurora School Board and Hamilton County Extension Board, as member and chairman of Hamilton County Irrigation Association, and as member of board of directors of State Dairymen's Association. Is a member of Gideons International, and Interdenominational Christian Laymen's Organization. Member of: Aurora Chamber of Commerce, Vice President and part owner of radio station KROA, Aurora. Elected to the Unicameral Legislature, 1962. Re-elected in 1964, 1966, 1970, and 1974.

Home Address: 1415 7th Street, Aurora, Nebraska 68818.

Office Address: 1122 13th Street, Aurora, Nebraska 68818.



STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



RALPH D. KELLY **DISTRICT NO. 35**

Born December 6, 1920, Grand Island, Nebraska. Attended Grand Island Senior High School, University of Nebraska-Lincoln, and Utah State College. Married Patricia Stone, November 24, 1941; three children: Michael, Erin and Michele. Army Air Corps, WWII. Is the Executive Vice President and Secretary of the Kelly Supply Co., (has served as its Sales Manager). Past director, vice president and president, Nebraska Plumbing and Heating Wholesalers Association; past director, American Supply Association; past president and past director, Junior Chamber of Commerce; and past director, Grand Island Chamber of Commerce. Holds membership in: Grand Island Chamber of Commerce, Knights of Columbus, Y.M.C.A., Riverside Golf Club, Liederkranz Society, and Elks Club. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 7, 1972. Re-elected 1976.

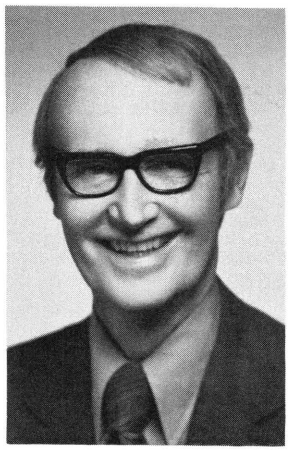
Home Address: 2015 West John Street, Grand Island, Nebraska 68801.

Office Address: 1004 West Oklahoma Avenue, Grand Island, Nebraska 68801.

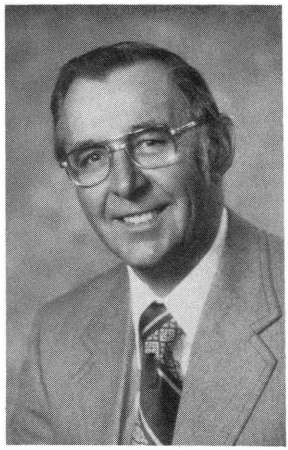
RON COPE **DISTRICT NO. 36**

Born in Pawnee County, Nebraska February 23, 1911. Attended Pawnee County Schools and Peru State College. Married Carol Schrepel, 1939. Businessman and farmer. Member St. James Church, Kearney; past member Executive Committee, Central Platte Natural Resources District; Chairman, Kearney City Planning Commission and Tri-City Coordinating Council. Kearney Chamber of Commerce, Elks Lodge, Buffalo County Livestock Feeders Association, Buffalo County Historical Society, Knights of Columbus (Past Grand Knight and State Treasurer); Past Fund Chairman and Board Member, Buffalo County Red Cross; Past District Chairman, Covered Wagon District, Boy Scouts of America; past Chairman, Buffalo County Republicans; past member State Republican Central Committee; 1972 Senior Founders Day President, Nebraska Republican Party. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 5, 1974.

Home Address: 20 Hillcrest Drive, Kearney, Nebraska 68847.



STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



MARTIN F. KAHLE **DISTRICT NO. 37**

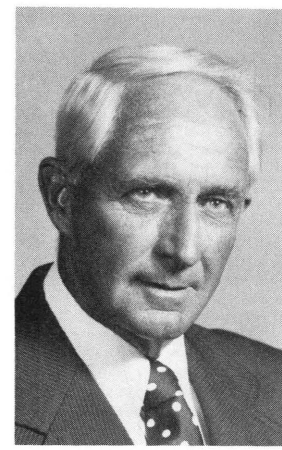
Born in Kearney, Nebraska April 6, 1916. Attended District No. 18 Rural School Kearney County, Newark High School, special agriculture courses—Kearney schools. Married Faye Larson June 11, 1939; four children: Ronald, Alton, Sharilyn (Mrs. Jerry Hartman), LaVita (Mrs. Milton Johnson). Farmer and County Supervisor, Kearney County. Formerly farmer-stockman, agribusiness. Affiliations: Kearney County Supervisor, Chairman last three years; Local Fire District, Drainage District, Area Mental Health Boards, Nebraska State Environmental Control Council last one and one-half years; member Kearney County Livestock Feeders Association. Formerly on Kearney County Zoning Board, 4-H Council and Highway Improvement Promoter. Member Fort Kearney Lions Club and Lutheran Laymen's League. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 2, 1976.

Home Address: Rural Route 4, Kearney 68847.
Office Address: same.

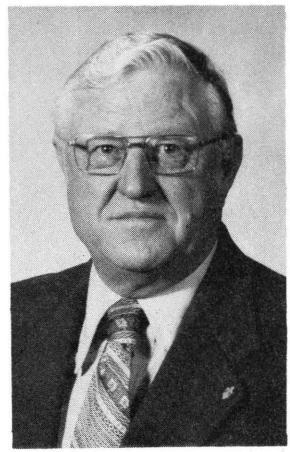
RICHARD LEWIS **DISTRICT No. 38**

Born July 7, 1911, in Furnas County, Nebraska. Was graduated From Hendley High School, attended Kearney State College for a limited time. Married Mildred Fletcher, October 3, 1936; two children: Charles and Richard, Jr. Farmer and Stockman. Served on rural school boards, local A.S.C. committees, cooperative elevator board. Past supervisor S.W.C.B., advisory board of Farmers Home Administration; past chairman, Nebraska Wheat Commission; director and past chairman of the Board of Directors of Great Plains Wheat, Inc.; past coordinator, Wheat Research and Utilization Program for Nebraska Wheat Commission. Member, Nebraska Stock Growers Association. Elected to a membership in Nebraska Hall of Agricultural Achievement for work in the interests of the wheat industry. Elected to the Unicameral Legislature November 3, 1970; re-elected 1974.

Home Address: Rural Route, Holbrook, Nebraska 68948.



STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



HERBERT J. DUIS **DISTRICT NO. 39**

Born April 26, 1916, in Gothenburg, Nebraska. Graduate of Gothenburg High School. Married Mary Jane Trusdale, March 2, 1944; two children: John Robert and Mary Elizabeth. Is a real estate and insurance broker. Member of A.F. & A.M. Lodge, Kiwanis Club, V.F.W., American Legion, and Elks Club. Elected to the Unicameral Legislature in 1950, 1952, 1968, 1972 and 1976.

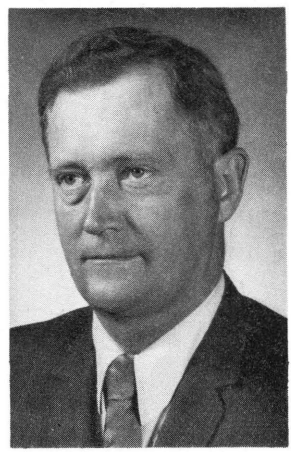
Home Address: 2013 Lake Avenue, Gothenburg, Nebraska 69138.



JOHN W. DE CAMP **DISTRICT NO. 40**

Born July 6, 1941. B.A. and Juris Doctor degrees, University of Nebraska. Honors Graduate. Four boys adopted from Boys Town. Attorney. Vietnam Veteran. Won first election to Unicameral Legislature while serving as Army Infantry Captain in Vietnam; decorated by both American and Vietnamese Governments. Company commander, Nebraska National Guard. Candidate for United States Senates Democratic Ticket 1972. Elected to Unicameral 1970; re-elected 1974.

Home Address: Box 34, Neligh, Nebraska 68756.

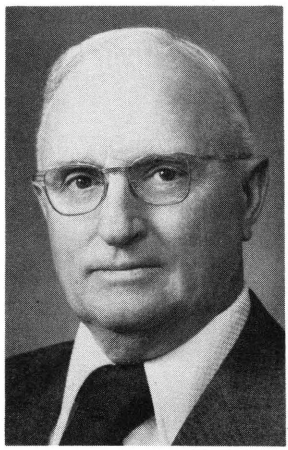


DENNIS L. RASMUSSEN **DISTRICT NO. 41**

Born May 13, 1929, Cotesfield, Nebraska. Attended Scotia High School, Scotia, Nebraska; and Grand Island Business College. Married Maxine Yax, December 30, 1950; four children: Cindy, Steven, Victoria, Mary Jo. Farmer-rancher. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 7, 1972; re-elected 1976.

Home Address: Scotia, Nebraska 68875.

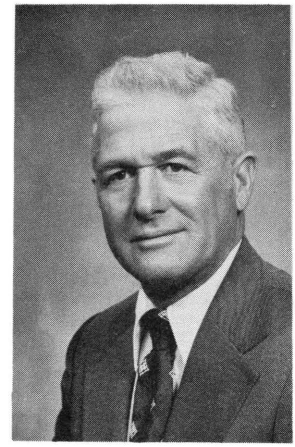
STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



MYRON G. A. RUMERY DISTRICT NO. 42

Born in Julesburg, Colorado, July 29, 1905. Attended Mason City High School, Grand Island College, University of Nebraska College of Agriculture, B.S. Married Mattie Ella Washburn on June 10, 1934; two children: Myron Leslie and Mrs. Robert (Margene) Phares. Retired, University of Nebraska North Platte Station. Formerly in livestock and crop production, construction and railroad employee, high school teacher and principal. Member; North Platte Rotary Club, North Platte Chamber of Commerce, Odd Fellows Lodge, Baptist Church, American Society of Animal Science, Dairy Science Association, Nebraska Academy of Science. Former leader of Boy Scouts of America and 4-H Clubs. Former member Nebraska Grade A Milk Committee. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 5, 1974.

Home Address: 1905 Cedarberry Road, North Platte, Nebraska 69101.

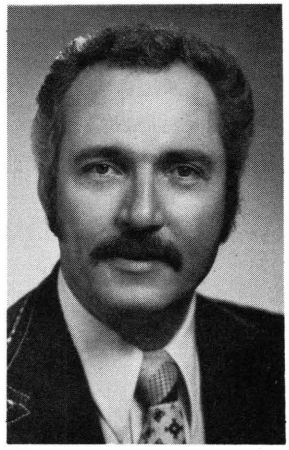


HOWARD ALLEN LAMB DISTRICT NO. 43

Born in Bassett, Nebraska October 8, 1924. Graduated Rock County High, Bassett; University of Nebraska B.S. Agricultural Engineering. Married Jo Kellenbarger, October 9, 1949; two children: Philip and David. Farmer-rancher; formerly engineer; Naval officer. President, Custer Public Power District; Director, Federal Land Bank Association, Broken Bow; Director KRVN Rural Radio Association. Formerly: President, Anselmo-Merna Board of Education; Chairman, Tax Committee, Nebraska Stockgrowers Assn.; President, Nebraska Assn. of County Extension Boards. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 2, 1976.

Home Address: Southwest Star Route, Anselmo, Nebraska 68813.

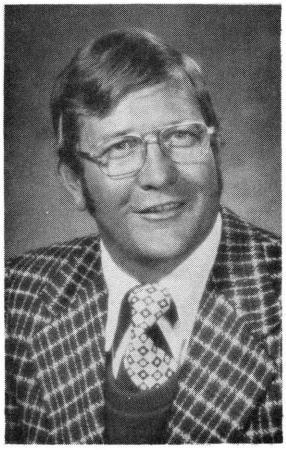
STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued



JACLUND "JACK" DALE MILLS
DISTRICT NO. 44

Born in Holdrege, Nebraska, August 22, 1937. Attended Superior High School, UN-Lincoln and Kearney State College; wife, Norma; four children: Melanie, Kevin, Jody and Stephanie. Grain and fertilizer dealer and wheat farmer. President of Big Springs School Board 1971-1974. Member Library Board and Chamber of Commerce. Past member of Educational Service Unit No. 14. Member: Masons, Optimist, Elks, Methodist Church. Elected to Unicameral Legislature, November 5, 1974.

Home Address: Big Springs, Nebraska 69122.



FRANK LEWIS **DISTRICT NO. 45**

Born in Sulphur, Oklahoma, January 18, 1939. Attended Stratford High School, Stratford, Oklahoma and East Central State College, Ada, Oklahoma, B.A. degree. Married Linda Battles, August 4, 1960; two children: Trudy and Terry. Teacher. Past president, Bellevue Education Association and Bellevue Planning Commission. Elected to the Unicameral Legislature in 1972; re-elected 1976.

Home Address: 307 Anna Avenue, Bellevue, Nebraska 68005.

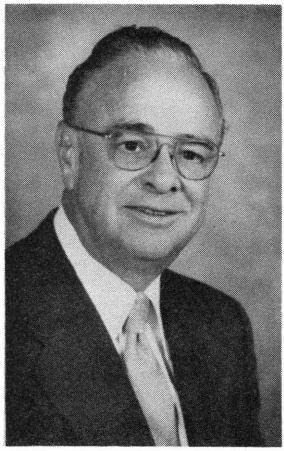


JO ANN MAXEY **DISTRICT NO. 46**

Born in Chattanooga, Tennessee, March 6, 1940. Attended Butler University, Indiana University and University of Nebraska. Married to Lt. Albert Maxey, Sr.; four children: Charlene, Michelle, Albert, Jr. and Aaron. Homemaker; formerly lab technician. Member: Lincoln Foundation, Child Guidance, City Street Advisory Committee. Formerly: Lincoln School Board, Lincoln Foundation of Community Trust Fund, Child Guidance, PTA Lifetime Member, League of Women Voters, WICS, Black Women's Caucus. Member: Sigma Gamma Rho. Appointed to Unicameral Legislature January 1, 1977 to complete unexpired term of Sen. Harold Simpson, resigned.

Home Address: 2800 'S' Street, Lincoln, Nebraska 68503.

STATE LEGISLATORS—Continued

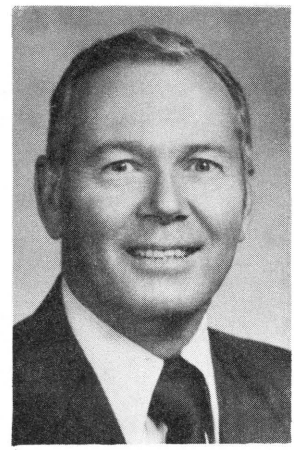


ROBERT L. CLARK **DISTRICT NO. 47**

Born Clarinda, Iowa on July 6, 1914. Was graduated from Shenandoah (Iowa) High School; attended Creighton University College of Pharmacy, 1 year; and was graduated from Denver University College of Pharmacy. Married Lois Hardy, November 8, 1936; two children: Robert A. and Carol Ann. Is a furniture dealer. Was a pharmacist. Served on city council for five years. Is a member of Elks, Masons, Shrine, and Chamber of Commerce. Elected November 5, 1968, to the Unicameral Legislature. Re-elected 1972 and 1976.

Home Address: 2622 El Rancho Road, Sidney, Nebraska 69162.

Office Address: 929 Jackson Street, Sidney, Nebraska 69162.

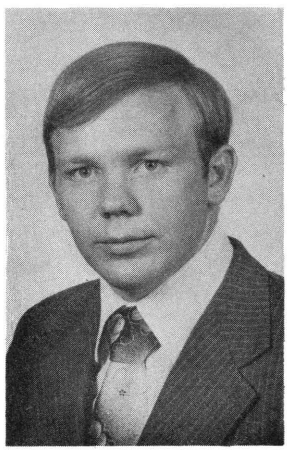


WILLIAM E. NICHOL **DISTRICT NO. 48**

Born in Windsor, Colorado, March 12, 1918. Attended Scottsbluff High School; graduate, Nebraska Wesleyan University. Married Ruth Ellis November 29, 1941; two children: James C. and Linda Harsch. Scotts Bluff County Commissioner. Former Mayor and City Councilman, Scottsbluff. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 5, 1974.

Home Address: 617 East 26th Street, Scottsbluff, Nebraska 69361.

Office Address: University of Nebraska, Panhandle Station, Scottsbluff 69361.



SAMUEL K. CULLAN **DISTRICT NO. 49**

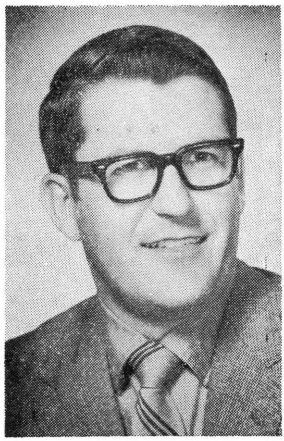
Born Hemingford, Nebraska June 20, 1954. Attended St. Agnes Academy, Hemingford High School, United States Merchant Marine Academy. Engineer-farmer. Graduated with honors USMMA. Member Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers. Elected to Unicameral Legislature November 2, 1976.

Home Address: Cullan Farms, Hemingford 69348.

DISTRICT COURT JUDGES, 1977



William F. Colwell
District No. 1



Ronald E. Reagan
District No. 2

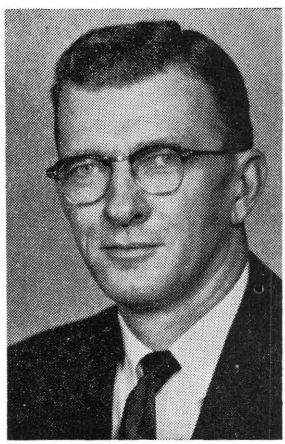
George H. Stanley
District No. 2



Raymond J. Case
District No. 2

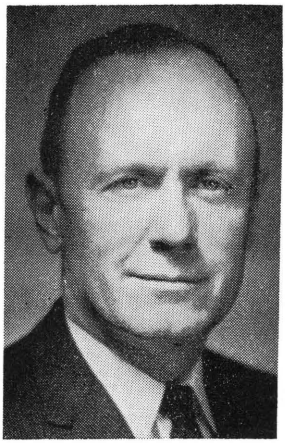


William Blue
District No. 3



William C. Hastings
District No. 3

DISTRICT COURT JUDGES, 1977—Continued



Herbert A. Ronin
District No. 3



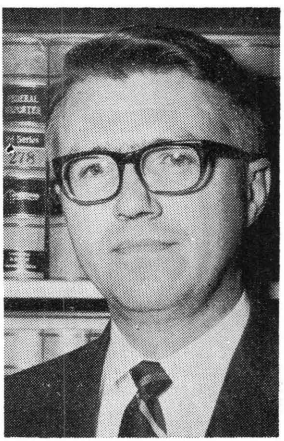
Samuel Van Pelt
District No. 3



Dale E. Fahrnbruch
District No. 3



John T. Grant
District No. 4



James A. Buckley
District No. 4



John C. Burke
District No. 4

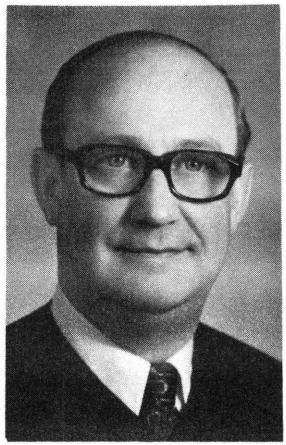
DISTRICT COURT JUDGES, 1977—Continued



Samuel P. Caniglia
District No. 4



John E. Clark
District No. 4



Donald J. Hamilton
District No. 4



Lawrence C. Krell
District No. 4

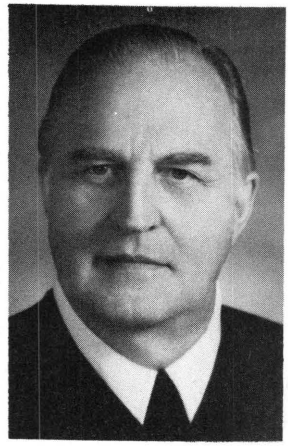


Patrick W. Lynch
District No. 4

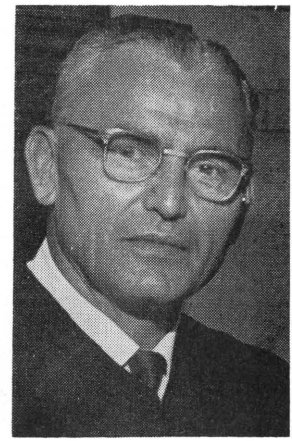


John E. Murphy
District No. 4

DISTRICT COURT JUDGES, 1977—Continued

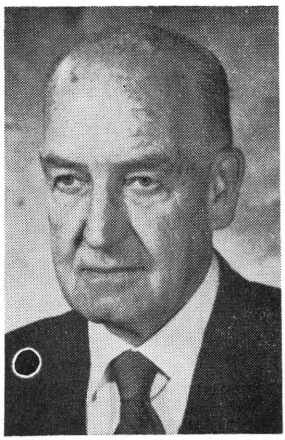


James M. Murphy
District No. 4



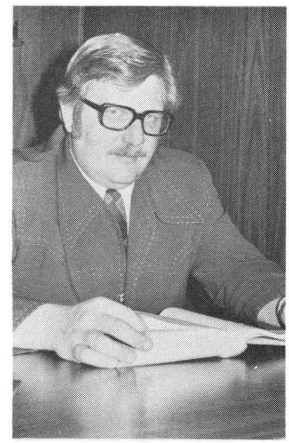
Theodore L. Richling
District No. 4

Rudolph Tesar
District No. 4



Howard V. Kanouff
District No. 5

William H. Norton
District No. 5

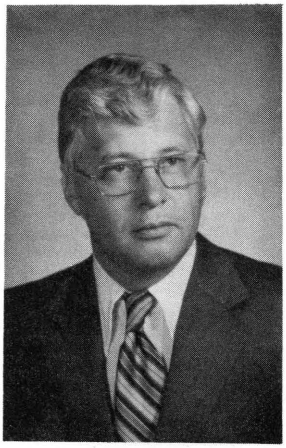


Mark J. Fuhrman
District No. 6

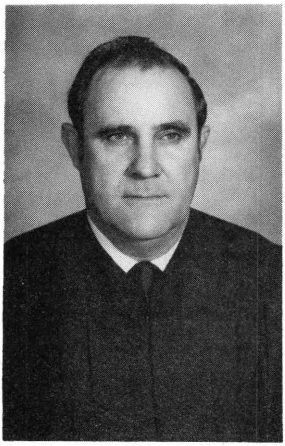
DISTRICT COURT JUDGES, 1977—Continued



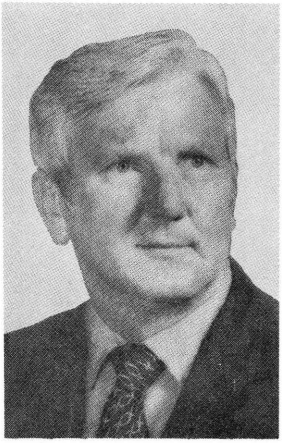
Walter G. Huber
District No. 6



Orville L. Coady
District No. 7



Francis J. Kneifl
District No. 8



Eugene C. McFadden
District No. 9

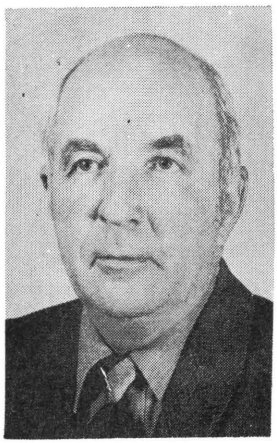


Merritt C. Warren
District No. 9



Norris Chadderdon
District No. 10

DISTRICT COURT JUDGES, 1977—Continued



Fred R. Irons
District No. 10



Lloyd Kelly, Jr.
District No. 11



Donald H. Weaver
District No. 11



DeWayne Wolf
District No. 12



Hugh Stuart
District No. 13

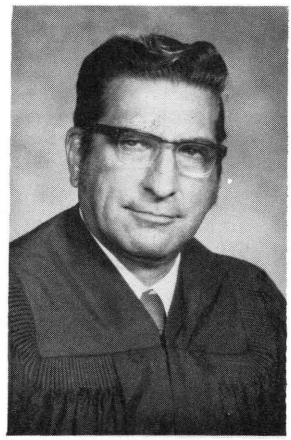


Keith Windrum
District No. 13

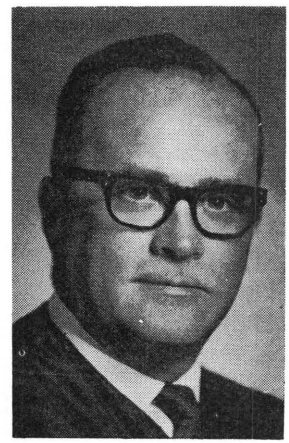
DISTRICT COURT JUDGES, 1977—Continued



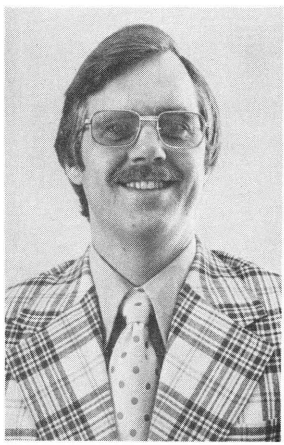
Jack H. Hendrix
District No. 14



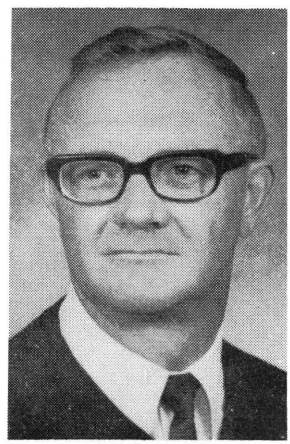
Henry F. Reimer
District No. 15



Robert R. Moran
District No. 16



Robert O. Hippe
District No. 17

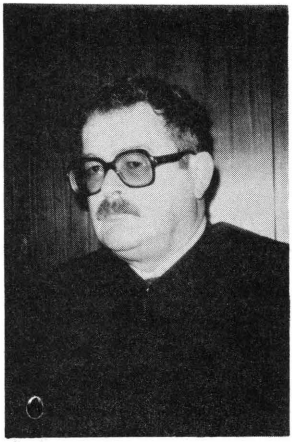


Alfred J. Kortum
District No. 17

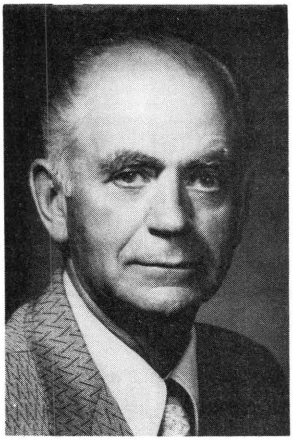


William B. Rist
District No. 18

DISTRICT COURT JUDGES, 1977—Concluded



John D. Knapp
District No. 19



Earl C. Johnson
District No. 20



John C. Whitehead
District No. 21

SECTION III
GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION

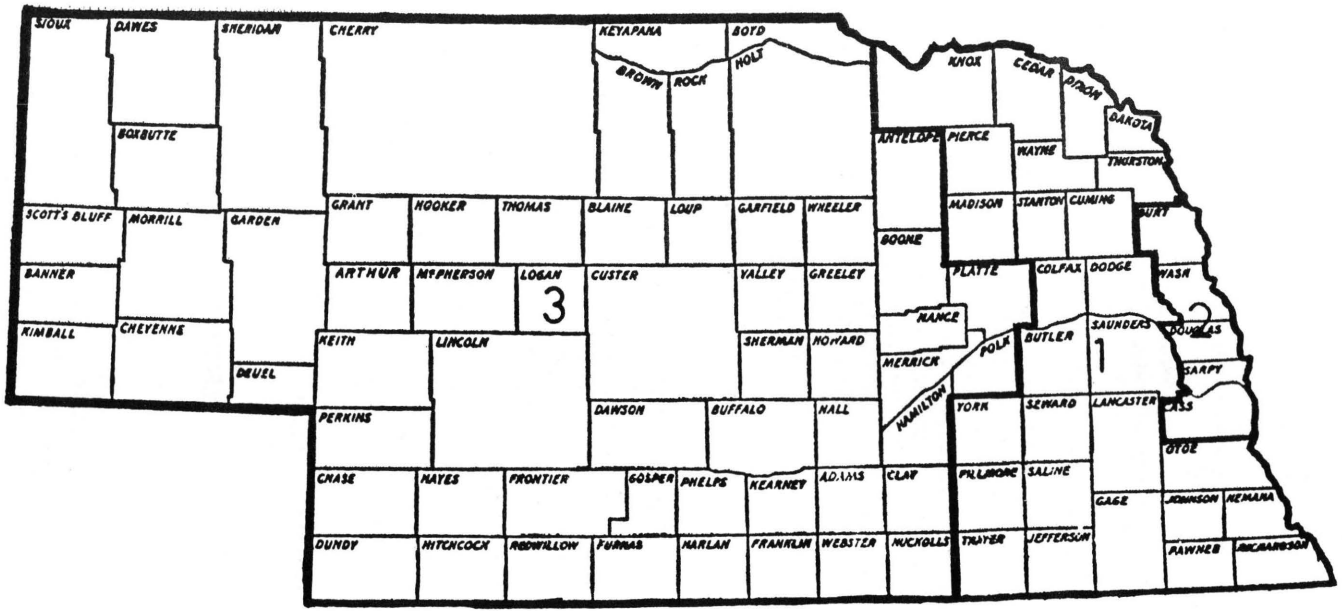
National Government

State Government

Local Government

County Officers

Cities and Villages



CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS

NATIONAL GOVERNMENT

Nebraska, as one of the states in our federal union, is represented in all three of the branches of our national govermment. Although the seat of the government is located in Washington, D. C., many of its functions are performed in the individual states or commonwealths.

NATIONAL LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

Nebraska is represented in the national congress by two senators and three representatives. Under the federal constitution, each state is entitled to two senators, hence there has been no change in this number since the acquisition of statehood. The number of representatives, however, being apportioned on the basis of population, has varied from one to six. From 1867 to 1883, the state had only one representative; from 1883 to 1893, it had three; from 1893 to 1933, six; from 1933 to 1943, five; and from 1943 to 1963, four; and since 1963 it has had three.

The map on page 268 indicates the present division of the state into congressional districts. All congressional districts in the state follow county lines and the districts, with the counties embraced therein, are listed below.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS

1. Richardson, Nemaha, Otoe, Johnson, Pawnee, Gage, Lancaster, Saunders, Saline, Jefferson, Thayer, Fillmore, Seward, York, Butler, Dodge, Colfax, Madison, Stanton, Cuming, Thurston, Wayne, Pierce, Cedar, Knox, Dixon, Dakota Counties.

2. Douglas, Sarpy, Cass, Burt, Washington Counties.

3. Hamilton, Clay, Nuckolls, Merrick, Nance, Boone, Antelope, Boyd, Holt, Wheeler, Greeley, Howard, Hall, Platte, Polk, Adams, Webster, Kearney, Franklin, Phelps, Harlan, Gosper, Furnas, Buffalo, Sherman, Valley, Garfield, Keya Paha, Rock Brown, Blaine, Loup, Custer, Dawson, Lincoln, Frontier, Red Willow, Hayes, Hitchcock, Chase, Dundy, Logan, Thomas, Cherry, Hooker, McPherson, Grant, Arthur, Keith, Perkins, Deuel, Garden, Sheridan, Dawes, Box Butte, Morrill, Cheyenne, Kimball, Banner, Scotts Bluff, Sioux Counties.

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE BRANCH

The executive branch of the national government, headed by the President and Vice President, includes the eleven cabinet departments, and some one hundred boards, commissions, authorities, corporations, and administrations. On April 30, 1976, there were 2,861,804 persons employed by this branch of the government. Many of the departments and other agencies in the executive branch maintain branches or offices

in Nebraska, with approximately 16,368 employees working there on December 31, 1973.

The President of the United States ..... Jimmy Carter
The Vice President of the United States ..... Walter Mondale

The Cabinet

Secretary of State ..... Cyrus R. Vance
Secretary of the Treasury ..... W. Michael Blumenthal
Secretary of Defense ..... Dr. Harold Brown
Attorney General ..... Griffin B. Bell
Secretary of the Interior ..... Cecil D. Andrus
Secretary of Agriculture ..... Robert Bergland
Secretary of Commerce ..... Juanita M. Kreps
Secretary of Labor ..... F. Ray Marshall
Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare ..... Joseph A. Califano, Jr.
Secretary of Housing and Urban Development .... Patricia Roberts Harris
Secretary of Transportation ..... Brock Adams
United States Ambassador to United Nations ..... Andrew Young
Director, Office of Management and Budget ..... Thomas B. Lance
Director of Central Intelligence ..... Theodore Sorenson
Chairman, Council of Economic Advisors ..... Charles L. Schultze

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS
DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Cyrus R. Vance, Secretary, Washington, D.C.

The activities of the Department of State relate mainly to the conduct of American foreign relations. The foreign consular officers accredited by the Department of State, who serve Nebraska, are as follows:

FOREIGN CONSULAR OFFICERS FOR NEBRASKA

ARGENTINA ..... Miss Lucrecia ISTUETA LANDAJO, Consul, Chicago, Illinois.
AUSTRALIA ..... John Daniel McCREDIE, consul general, San Francisco, California.
AUSTRIA ..... Eduard ADLER, consul general, Chicago, Illinois.
STATE OF BAHRAIN ..... Abdulla Jassim AL-SHAKAR, consul, New York, New York.
BARBADOS ..... Elliott Deighton MOTTLEY, consul general, New York, New York.
BELGIUM ..... Jacques MELSENS, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.
BRAZIL ..... Luiz Benjamin de ALMEIDA CUNHA, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.

[1] To date this officer has provisional recognition only.

BULGARIA ..... The Embassy of the People's Republic of Bulgaria at Washington, D.C., has charge of the interests of Bulgarian nationals in the United States.

BURUNDI ..... Jay H. SCHMIDT, Honorary Consul, Chicago, Illinois.

CANADA ..... Wilmer James COLLETT, consul general, Chicago, Illinois.

CHILE ..... Carlos MATUS, Consul General, San Francisco, California.

CHINA ..... Edward Tsu-yu WU, consul general, Kansas City, Missouri.

COLOMBIA ..... Enrique ROLDAN LEMOS, consul general, New York, New York.

COSTA RICA ..... Henry E. NORTON, honorary consul general, Chicago, Illinois.

CUBA ..... The Embassy of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic at Washington, D.C., has charge of the interests of Cuban nationals in the United States.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA .... The Embassy of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic at Washington, D.C., has charge of the interests of Czechoslovak nationals in the United States.

DENMARK ..... Bengt Gruttner JOHNS, consul general, Chicago, Illinois.

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC ..... Consul, San Francisco, California.

EL SALVADOR ..... Jose Mario OSORIO ZAVALA, Consul General, New Orleans, Louisiana.

ESTONIA ..... Ernst JAAKSON, Consul General,[1] New York, New York.

FINLAND ..... Eero Olavi YRJOLA, Consul General, New York, New York.

FRANCE ..... Philippe OLIVIER, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.

GERMANY ..... Hans Rolf KIDERLEN, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.

GREAT BRITAIN ..... Archibald RENDALL, Consul General, St. Louis, Missouri.

GREECE ..... Nicolas Alexander MACRIDIS, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.

GUATEMALA ..... Jose Miguel PREM-REBULLI, Consul General, New Orleans, Louisiana.

GUYANA ..... Christopher Rudolph JONES, Consul General, New York, New York.

[1] To date this officer has provisional recognition only.

HUNGARY ..... György FEKETE, Washington, D.C.
INDIA ..... Consul General, San Francisco, California.
IRAN ..... Majeed MEHRAN, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.
IRELAND ..... Thomas D. LYONS, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.
ISRAEL ..... Ehud AVRIEL, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.
JAMAICA ..... Gerald Alexander GROVES, Consul General, New York, New York.
JAPAN ..... Hiroji YAMAGUCHI, Consul Ceneral, Chicago, Illinois.
LATVIA ..... Anatol DINBERGS, Consul General,[1] Washington, D.C.
LEBANON ..... Samir EL-KHOURY, Consul General, Detroit, Michigan.
LITHUANIA ..... Anicetas SIMUTIS, Consul General,[1] New York, New York.
MEXICO ..... Francisco Luis ACEVEDO MORGA, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.
MONACO ..... Frank Gardner STEINER, Consul General (Honorary), Chicago, Illinois.
NETHERLANDS ..... J. TJAARDSTRA, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.
NEW ZEALAND ..... Harle FREEMAN-GREENE, Consul General, New York, New York.
NICARAGUA ..... Guillermo LANG, Consul General, New York, New York.
NIGER ..... Leo PIERRE, Honorary Consul, New York, New York.
NIGERIA ..... Gbadebo Oladeinde GEORGE, Consul General, New York, New York.
NORWAY ..... Bjørn Tiller AUGDAHL, Consul General, Minneapolis, Minnesota.
PAKISTAN ..... K. A. Aziz KHAN, Consul General, New York, New York.
PERU ..... Adolfo PAREDES, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.
PHILIPPINES ..... Rodolfo S. SANCHEZ, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.
POLAND ..... Wojciech JASKOT, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.
PORTUGAL ..... Mario Julio de MELO FREITAS, Consul General, New York, New York.
ROMANIA ..... Embassy at Washington, D.C., has charge of the interests of Romanian nationals in the United States.

[1] To date this officer has provisional recognition only.

SAN MARINO ..... Ferdinando CINELLI, Consul (Honorary), Detroit, Michigan.
SAUDI ARABIA ..... Ali Abdallah ALIREZA, Consul General, Washington, D.C.
SIERRA LEONE ..... Collins O. BRIGHT, Acting Consul General, New York, New York.
SOUTH AFRICA ..... Vere Guildford STOCK, Consul General, New York, New York.
SPAIN ..... Rafael G. ONTIVEROS, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.
SWEDEN ..... Karl Henrik ANDERSON, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.
SWITZERLAND ..... Rolf Hans BORN, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.
TURKEY ..... Halit Erol CELASUN, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.
URUGUAY ..... Humberto GOYEN ALVEZ, Consul General, New York, New York.
VENEZUELA ..... Freddy GANTEAUME PANTIN, Consul Gen eral, Chicago, Illinois.
YUGOSLAVIA ..... Zivojin LAKIC, Consul General, Chicago, Illinois.

[1] To date this officer has provisional recognition only.

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

W. Michael Blumenthal, Secretary, Washington, D.C.

The Department of the Treasury, created in 1789, performs four basic types of functions.

As a major policy adviser to the President, the Secretary has primary responsibility for: formulating and recommending domestic and international financial policy, formulating and recommending tax policy, participating in the formulation of broad fiscal policies that have general significance for the economy, and managing the public debt. He, also, oversees the activities of the Deparment in carrying out its major law enforcement responsibility; in serving as the financial agent for the United States Government; and in manufacturing coins, currency, and other products for customer agencies.

In addition, the Secretary has many responsibilities stemming from his position as chief financial officer of the government. For example, he serves as U.S. Governor of the International Monetary Fund, the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Inter-American Development Bank, and the Asian Developnent Bank. He also serves on numerous committees and advisory groups whose areas of concern cover a wide variety of activities ranging from the management of feder-

al trust funds, such as the Old Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund, to membership in organizations dealing with matters of public interest, such as the Board of Trustees of the National Gallery of Art.

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY

The Office of the Comptroller of the Currency in connection with its other duties, examines national banks. For this purpose it maintains four offices in Nebraska, and one in Sioux City, Iowa.

Regional Administrator of National Banks

John R. Burt
911 Main Street, Suite 2616,
Kansas City, Missouri 64105
Telephone (816) 842-1648

National Bank Examiners for the State of Nebraska

Jerome S. Coleman
Ronald D. George
Dixon L. Mitchell
P.O. Box 14266, West Omaha Post Office
Omaha, Nebraska 68114

Joe A. Pruess
P.O. Box 496
Scottsbluff, Nebraska 69361

Delwyn E. Anderson
*Eugene J. Koenig
*2330 Devoe Drive
Lincoln, Nebraska 68520

Larry L. Hassler
Herman D. Liermann
P.O. Box 129
Grand Island, Nebraska 68801

Wesley K. Ratcliff
James E. Tracy
P.O. Box 729
Norfolk, Nebraska 68701

Lawrence W. Jones
Gene W. Ferner
P.O. Box 3185
Sioux City, Iowa 51102

Representatives in Trusts

Donald J. Francis
Roger B. Neemann
William M. Knowles
911 Main Street, Suite 2616
Kansas City, Missouri 64105

U.S. CUSTOMS SERVICE

The U.S. Customs Service collects duties and internal revenue taxes on imports; and enforces certain laws governing the shipment of merchandise and the movement of persons across our international borders.

W.S. Bliss, Port Director of Customs, 715 Federal Office Building, Omaha 68102.

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

The Internal Revenue Service is charged with the enforcement of the internal revenue laws. It maintains seven regional offices, fifty-eight district offices, and ten data processing centers. The Midwest Regional Office is located in Chicago. The headquarters office for the Omaha District which services the State of Nebraska is located in Omaha.

Edwin P. Trainor, Midwest Regional Commissioner, One North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606.

Everett Loury, District Director, Federal Office Building, 15th and Dodge Streets, Omaha 68102.

BUREAU OF ALCOHOL, TOBACCO AND FIREARMS

The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, Department of the Treasury, under the supervision of a Regional Director, is responsible for the administration and enforcement of laws relating to tobacco, alcohol, alcoholic beverages, the Federal Alcohol Administration Act, the Gun Control Act of 1968, and explosives under ths Organized Crime Control Act of 1970. More specifically, the Bureau is charged with the supervision and regulations of the legal industry activities in the liquor, firearms, explosives, and tobacco areas, as well as the investigation, detection and prevention of willful and fraudulent violations of law in these areas. There is a local office in Omaha.

Hugo C. Rocchietti, Regional Director, 230 S. Dearborn Street, Chicago, Illinois 60604, 312/353-3778.

James A. Bartlett, Area Supervisor, Room 901 Scarritt Bldg., 818 Grand Avenue, Kansas City, Missouri 64106, 816/374-2464.

Donald Stevens, Inspector, 215 North 17th Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68101, 402/221-3571.

Charles Harvey, Special Agent in Charge, 818 Grand Avenue, Kansas City, Missouri 64106, 816/374-3886.

Gerald Mayer, Resident Agent in Charge, 215 North 17th Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68101, 402/221-3651.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BONDS DIVISION

The purpose of the United States Savings Bonds program is to keep the national debt widely spread. Through the sale of Series E and Series H Savings Bonds, the Treasury is able to place a significant portion of

the debt in the hands of long-term non-bank investors. Ownership of a substantial part of the national debt by a large number of people is a stabilizing influence on our national economy and institutions. The program is also necessary to combat inflation thereby stabilizing the dollar; to produce a more responsible federal government; and to instill the habit of thrift in the American people.

The state office is located in the Federal Office Building in Omaha, through which sales materials are disseminated, and personal contact is maintained with banking, business, labor, farm, newspapers, radio and television stations, and other community leaders whose volunteer services are enlisted to further the sales of savings bonds at banks, savings and loan associations, and other issuing agencies, and at places of employment on the popular payroll savings plan.

Neville R. Phillips, State Director, Omaha.

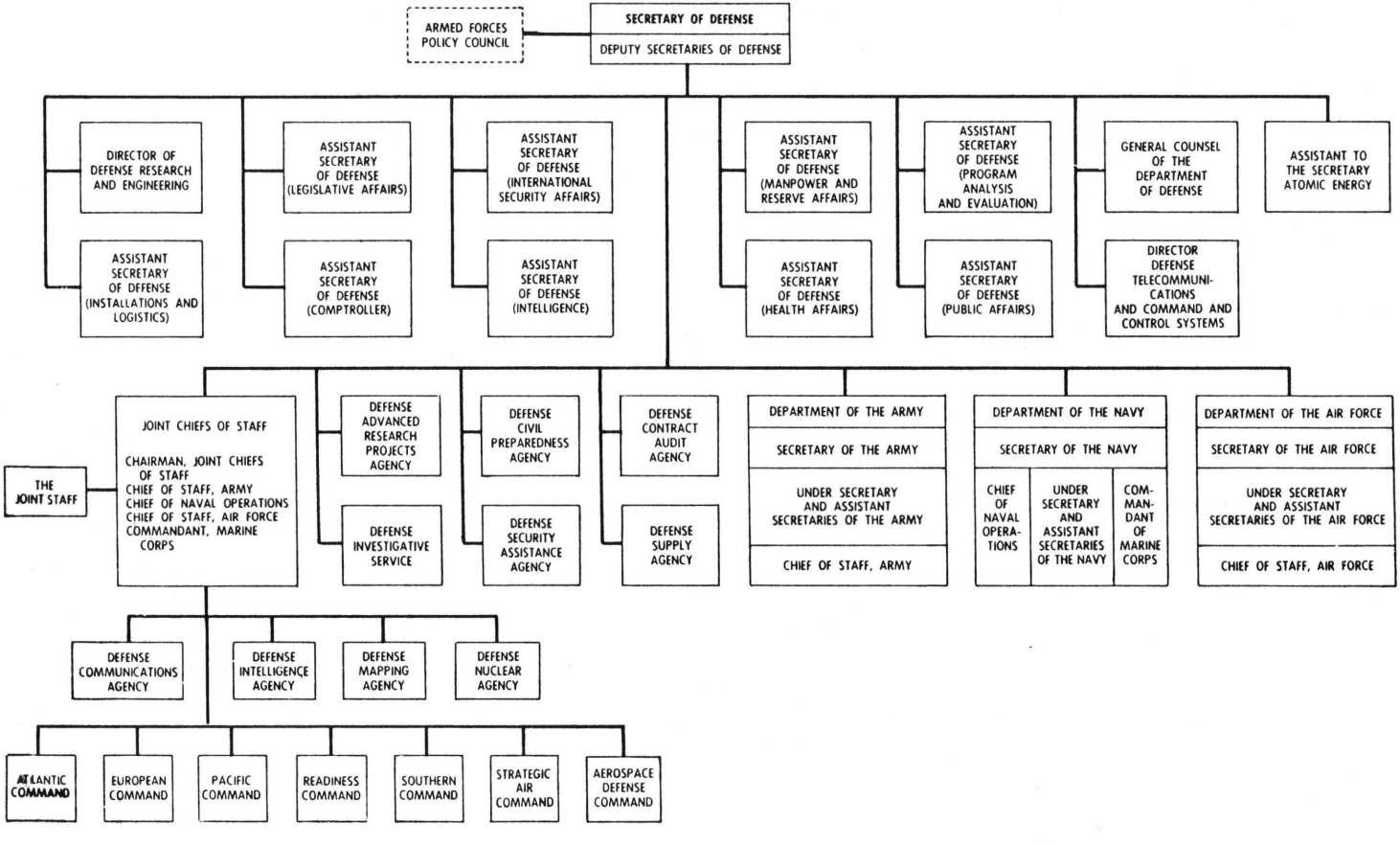
Emmett J. Carmody, Area Manager, Omaha.

UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE

Subject to the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, the United States Secret Service, Treasury Department is authorized to protect the President of the United States and others as authorized by statute; to detect and arrest any person violating federal laws relating to coins, obligations and securities of the United States and foreign governments, and other laws administered by the Department of Treasury; and in performance of their duties to arrest any person committing an offense against the United States.

Robert J. Knepp, Special Agent in Charge, 2102 New Federal Building, Omaha.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE



DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Dr. Harold Brown, Secretary of Defense, Washington, D.C.

The Department of Defense is the successor agency to the National Military Establishment created by the National Security Act of 1947 (61 Stat. 495). It was established as an executive department of the Government by the National Security Act Amendments of 1949, with the Secretary of Defense as its head (63 Stat. 578; 5 U.S.C. 101). Since that time, major amendments have been made to the act by Reorganization Plan 6 of 1953, effective June 30, 1953, and the Department of Defense Reorganization Act of 1958 (67 Stat. 638; 72 Stat. 514).

Structure

The Department of Defense includes the Office of the Secretary of Defense and the Organization of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the military departments and the military services within those departments, the unified and specified commands, and such other agencies as the Secretary of Defense establishes to meet specific requirements.

In providing immediate staff assistance and advice to the Secretary of Defense, the Office of the Secretary of Defense and the Organization of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, though separately identified and organized, function in full coordination and cooperation.

The Office of the Secretary of Defense includes the offices of the Director of Defense Research and Engineering, nine Assistant Secretaries of Defense, the General Counsel, and such other staff offices as the Secretary of Defense establishes to assist him in carrying out his duties and responsibilities. The heads of these offices are civilian staff advisers to the Secretary for such functions as he assigns to them.

The Joint Chiefs of Staff are the principal military advisers to the Secretary of Defense as well as the President and the National Security Council. Each member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, other than the Chairman, is the senior military officer of his respective service and is responsible for keeping the Secretary of his military department fully informed on matters considered or acted upon by the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

Each military department (the Department of the Navy includes naval aviation and the United States Marine Corps) is separately organized under its own Secretary and functions under the direction, authority, and control of the Secretary of Defense. The Secretary of a military department is responsible to the Secretary of Defense for the operation of his deparment as well as its efficiency. Orders to the military departments are issued through the Secretaries of these departments, or their designees, by the Secretary of Defense or under authority specifically delegated in writing by the Secretary of Defense or provided by law.

Commanders of unified and specified commands are responsible to the President and the Secretary of Defense for the accomplishments of

the military missions assigned to them. The chain of command runs from the President to the Secretary of Defense and through the Joint Chiefs of Staff to the commanders of unified and specified commands. Orders to such commanders are issued by the President or the Secretary of Defense, or by the Joint Chiefs of Staff by authority and direction of the Secretary of Defense. These commanders have full operational command over all forces assigned to them.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Martin R. Hoffmann, Secretary of the Army, Washington, D.C.

The Department of the Army is subordinate to the Department of Defense. Its activities in Nebraska exclusive of those pertaining to the Nebraska National Guard are:

Activity	Location	Function
Headquarters, 88th USAR Command[1]	Bldg. 67, Ft. Snelling, St. Paul, Minnesota 55111	Responsible to the Commanding General, 5th Arny, for command, supervision of training, administration and support of US Army Reserve in the States of Nebraska, Minnesota, Iowa, North Dakota, South Dakota. Commands all assigned or attached US Army Reserve units in the geographical area of responsibility.
PMS, U.S. Army ROTC Instructor Group	Creighton University, 2500 Calif. St., Omaha 68131	Military instruction and training of ROTC cadets.
PMS, U.S. Army ROTC Instructor Group	University of Nebraska, Lincoln 68508	Military instruction and training of ROTC cadets.
PMS, U.S. Army ROTC Instructor Group	Kearney State College, Kearney 68847	Military instruction and training of ROTC cadets.
DAL, U.S. Army JROTC Instructor Group	2120 Deer Park Blvd., Omaha 68108	Military instruction and training of ROTC cadets.

[1] Five sub-offices assisting in administering Army Reserve activities, are located in Fremont, Grand Island, Lincoln, North Platte and Omaha.

US Army (ARNGUS)	1776 North 10th St., Lincoln 68508	Representative of the Commanding General, Sixth Army, to advise the State Adjutant General and to advise and assist Nebraska National Guard Commanders in the training of the Nebraska National Guard.
Armed Forces Examining and Entrance Station	Faidley Bldg., 121 So. 16th St., Omaha 68102	Examines applicants for enlistment for all of the armed forces.
US Army Omaha District Recruiting Command (DRC)[2]	4830 S. 131st St., Omaha 68137	US Army DRC is responsible for the greater portion of Army recruiting activities in State of Nebraska. The recruiting responsibility for eighteen counties in western portion of Nebraska is with US Army District Recruiting Command, Denver, Colorado.
Omaha Branch U.S. Army Medical Dept Acty (MEDDAC) Ft. Leavenworth, KS	Suite 3, 5634 S. 85th St., Omaha 68127	Inspection of meat products for the armed forces and other US government agencies.
Cornhusker Army Ammunition Plant	Grand Island 68801	Army ammunition plant.
US Army Engineer Div., Missouri River	P.O. Box 103, Downtown Sta., Omaha 68101	Supervises all Department of the Army military construction and handles all real estate activities of the Department of the Army and Department of the Air Force in Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa, Minnesota, Il-

[2] Recruiting stations are maintained in Grand Island, Lincoln, Norfolk, North Platte, Omaha, South Omaha, and Scottsbluff.

		linois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Indiana, Missouri, Colorado, Wyoming, North Dakota, and South Dakota, and civil works activities in the Missouri River Basin.
US Army Engineer, Omaha District, Missouri River Div.	US Post Office & Courthouse, 215 N. 17th St., Omaha 68102	Department of the Army military construction and civil works adjacent to Omaha, Nebraska. (Under supervision of Missouri River Division Engineer, Omaha, Nebraska.)

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

J. William Middendorf, II, Secretary of the Navy

The Department of the Navy became a part of the National Military Establishment under the National Security Act of 1947. Its activities in Nebraska are:

VADM R.Y. Kaufman, Deputy Director, Joint Strategic Target Planning Staff, Offutt Air Force Base, Omaha

CDR J.M. Lang, Jr., Commanding Officer, Navy Recruiting District, Omaha

LCDR J.D. Henderson, Commanding Officer, Naval and Marine Corps Reserve Center, Omaha/Commanding Officer, Naval Reserve Facility, Fremont

LT A.B. Caplan, Commanding Officer, Naval and Marine Corps Reserve Center, Lincoln

Naval Reserve Battalions, Divisions and Companies in Nebraska are:

LINCOLN:

Naval & Marine Corps Reserve Center
1625 North Tenth Street
Lincoln, Nebraska 68508

Unit	Commanding Officer
GEN 517 (IRU)	LT A.B. Caplan
Mobile Construction Battalion 0415	LT L.L. Briggs
Security Group COMSTA 1517	LCDR R.C. Haase
GEN 517 (VPU)	CAPT C.F. Clifford
AMPHIB ASE 617	LCDR J.M. Green

NAVSHOREACT 4817 ..... CDR T. O. Haley
PMU 717 ..... LCDR W.T. Workman
NAVCOMSTA 717 ..... LT R.L. Kahle

OMAHA:

Naval & Marine Corps Reserve Center
30th and Laurel Avenue
Omaha, Nebraska 68111

Unit	Commanding Officer
RNMCB 15 DET 0515	LT E.J. Novak
DD 1417 (SRU)	LT G.L. Petersen
LPD 917 (SRU)	LT P.C. Cummings
DDG 2917 (SRU)	LCDR J.L. Dunning
FACS 5517 (ORU)	CAPT V.R. Favero
PHIBRON Staff 817	LCDR W.D. Dermyer
NAVCOMSTA 5917	LCDR R.R. Hall
NAVREGMEDCEN 8517	CDR M.F. Marsh
NAVREGDENCEN 3117	LCDR M.L. Tudwell
PWC 2217 (ORU)	LCDR H.J. Brockman
AF TECH 117	CDR D.G. Leisch
NISC 1017 (ORU)	LCDR G.R. Horner
FLTTRAGRU 5817 (CRU)	LCDR W.D. Kech
FLT ASW 317 (ORU)	CDR R.M. Beem
GEN IRU 617	LCDR J.D. Henderson
GEN VTU 617	LCDR R.R. Schleiger
Chaplain Company 9-10	LCDR G.L. Patterson

Logistical Support for Naval Reserve Facility
Fremont, Nebraska

Unit	Commanding Officer
GEN IRU 417	LCDR J.D. Henderson
GEN VTU 417	CDR N.E. Kollath

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

Thomas C. Reed, Secretary of the Air Force
Washington, D.C.

The Department of the Air Force was established by the National Security Act of 1947, and pursuant to that act, came into legal existence on September 18, 1947. The organization of the Air Force is prescribed by Section 8062 of Title 10, United States Code. Department of the Air Force activities in Nebraska are:

Bellevue: AFJROTC Operating Location NB 21, Bellevue Senior High School

Elkhorn:	1 Aerospace Comm Cmd Gp, Det 2
Hastings:	1 Combat Evaluation Gp, Det 10
Lincoln:	Nebraska ANG Hq 173 TAC Rcn Sq 155 Tac Rcn Gp 155 Consld Acft Mnt Sq 155 Mobility Support Flt 155 Weapons System Security Flt 155 Combat Support Sq 155 Tactical Dispensary 155 Communications Flt 155 Civil Engineering Flt AFROTC Det 465, Univ of Nebraska
Omaha:	Strategic Air Command Hq 3 Weather Wing 3 Weather Wing, Det 1 55 Strat Recon Wg 55 Avionics Maint Sq 55 Field Maint Sq 55 Orgn Maint Sq 343 Strat Recon Sq 2 Abn Cmd Control Sq 544 Aerospace Rcn Tech Wg 3902 Air Base Wg 3902 Civil Eng Sq 3902 Operations Sq 3902 Security Police Sq 3902 Supply Sq 3902 Support Sq 3902 Transportation Sq 6944 Security Wg Ehrling Bergquist USAF Regional Hospital 1 Aerospace Comm Gp—Cmd 4000 Aerospace Applications Gp AF Global Weather Central 702 AF Band 1401 Mil Airlift Sq, Det 1 3428 Tech Tng Sq 3751 Field Tng Sq, Det 427 3900 Computer Services Sq 3904 Mgt Eng Sq 1600 Mgt Eng Sq, Det 23 2000 Mgt Eng Sq, Det 4 1200 Support Sq, Det 14 1814 Support Sq, Det 4 AF Electronic Warfare Center, Det 6

28 Medical Service Sq
3950 USAF Special Activities Sq
3504 USAF Recruiting Gp, Det 403
AF Audit Agency, Det 2370
AF Off Special Investigation, Dist. 13
AF Courier Station, Omaha
AF Civil Air Patrol, LO, Omaha
AFROTC North Central Area Commandant
AFROTC Det 470, Univ of Nebraska

Scribner: 1 Aerospace Comm Cmd Gp, Det 3

Silver Creek: 1 Aerospace Comm Cmd Gp, Det 1

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Griffin B. Bell, Attorney General
Washington, D.C. 20530

The Department of Justice was created in 1870 with the Attorney General at its head. Prior to 1870 the Attorney General was a member of the President's Cabinet, but not the head of a department, the office of Attorney General was created September 24, 1789. The Department is charged with the responsibility of enforcing the federal laws. In this connection it conducts all suits in the Supreme Court in which the United States is concerned, supervises the federal penal institutions, and investigates and detects violations against federal laws. It represents the government in legal matters generally, rendering legal advice and opinions, upon request, to the President and to the heads of the executive departments. The Attorney General supervises and directs the activities of the United States Attorneys and Marshals in the various judicial districts. Three of the agencies of the Department maintain offices within Nebraska.

COMMUNITY RELATIONS SERVICE

CRS is a conciliation and mediation agency of the U.S. Department of Justice, created by the Civil Rights Act of 1964, exclusively to act as third party neutrals in resolving "disputes, disagreements, and difficulties relating to discriminatory practices based on race, color, or national origin." Its ultimate goal is to help bring about rapid and orderly progress toward securing a life of justice, equal opportunity, and human dignity for all American citizens. The Central Regional Office has responsibility for four states, including Nebraska.

Mr. John Perez, Regional Director, Community Relations Service, 911 Walnut Street, Room 121, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION

The Drug Enforcement Administration of the U.S. Department of Justice is the sole Federal law enforcement agency charged with the responsibility of combating drug abuse. It was established July 1, 1973, by Presidential Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1973, which combined into one agency the Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs, the Office of Drug Abuse Law Enforcement, the Office of National Narcotic Intelligence, the drug investigative responsibilities of the U.S. Bureau of Customs, and drug enforcement related responsibilities of the Office of Science and Technology.

The primary responsibility of the Drug Enforcement Administration is the enforcement of the laws and statutes relating to narcotics drugs, marihuana, depressants, stimulants and the hallucinogenic drugs. To achieve its mission, DEA has stationed highly trained agents along the many and varied routes of illicit traffic, both in the United States and in foreign countries. Its enforcement responsibility includes regulation of the legal trade in narcotics and dangerous drugs.

In support of its primary mission, DEA maintains a broad-based international drug intelligence network and a drug research function.

The DEA National Training Institute conducts intensive training in narcotics and dangerous drug law enforcement for law enforcement officers from agencies throughout the United States and the world.

In addition, the Drug Enforcement Administration conducts ongoing drug abuse education and prevention programs, and law enforcement assistance at the State and local levels.

Jerome H. Gershman, Special Agent in Charge, Drug Enforcement Administration, New Federal Building, 215 N. 17th Street, Room 3414 (or P.O. Box 661, Downtown Station) Omaha, Nebraska 68101.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

The Federal Bureau of Investigation is the investigative division of the United States Department of Justice and as such is charged with the duty of investigating violations of the laws of the United States and collecting evidence in cases in which the United States is or may be a party in interest. Exceptions to this general jurisdiction are federal violations specifically assigned to some other federal investigative agency, such as counterfeiting, custom, postal, internal revenue violations and illegal traffic in narcotic drugs.

Edward J. Krupinsky, Special Agent in Charge, Field Office, 1010 Federal Office Building, Omaha 68102.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

The Immigration and Naturalization Service supervises naturalization work and administers the immigration laws.

Lee T. Hoppes, District Director, 8411 New Federal Building, 215 N. 17th St., Omaha 68102.

LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE ADMINISTRATION

The Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA) is a Division of the United States Department of Justice. LEAA began operations in the fall of 1968 when Congress adopted the "Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act" which specifically called for LEAA to:

Encourage State and local governments to develop comprehensive law enforcement plans based on specific needs and problems in each locality;

Award Federal funds to State and local governments for programs to improve and strengthen law enforcement and the reduction of crime;

Encourage research and development directed toward the improvement of law enforcement and the reduction of crime.

State and local governments bear the primary responsibility for law enforcement. The LEAA program was designed to honor this principle. Most of LEAA's budget is awarded in Block grants to states, which set their own priorities and devise their own programs. The State Planning Agency for Nebraska is located in Lincoln.

Harris R. Owens, Executive Director, Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice, State Capitol Bldg., Lincoln, Nebraska 68509.

Marvin F. Ruud, Regional Administrator, Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, 436 State Avenue, Kansas City, Kansas 66101.

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

Daniel E. Wherry ..... Omaha

ASSISTANT UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS

George Anderson ..... Omaha
Paul Madgett ..... Omaha
Richard J. Nolan ..... Lincoln
Thomas Thalken ..... Omaha
Michael Schleich ..... Omaha
Robert F. Kokrda ..... Omaha
Geoffrey Bogue ..... Lincoln

UNITED STATES MARSHALS

Lloyd H. Grimm ..... Omaha
Jerome A. Langan, Chief Deputy ..... Omaha
Charles R. Gartner, Deputy ..... Lincoln
Frank Hartley, Jr., Deputy ..... Omaha
Carolyn C. Chapek, Accounting Clerk ..... Omaha
Jack E. Douglas ..... Lincoln
James A. Hall ..... Lincoln
Robert L. Hempel ..... Omaha
William H. Storm ..... Omaha
Emil R. Wehrli ..... Omaha

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Cecil D. Andrus, Secretary, Washington, D.C.

The Department of the Interior was created by an act of Congress March 3, 1849. As the Nation's principal conservation agency, the Department has basic responsibilities for water, fish, wildlife, mineral, land, park and recreation resources, and for Indian and Territorial affairs. The jurisdiction of the Department extends over the fifty states and to islands in the Caribbean and the South Pacific. It includes the custody of approximately 550 million acres of land; the assessment of energy, mineral and water resources to assure their development is in the best interests of the U.S.; earth science research, data-gathering, and resource inventorying; promotion of mine safety; protection and enhancement of fish and wildlife; administration of national parks and other recreation, scenic, and historic areas; co-ordination of Federal and State outdoor recreation programs; operation of some Job Corps Conservation Centers and a number of Youth Conservation Corps activities; reclamation of arid lands in the West through irrigation; construction of hydroelectric power systems; marketing of hydroelectric power; and support of water resources research installations. The Department provides services for 500,000 American Indians who live on or near reservations and is responsible for the welfare of thousands of persons in territories and island possessions. The Department has more than twenty bureaus and offices, several of which have field offices in Nebraska.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

The U.S. Bureau of Indian Affairs has, under the Secretary of the Interior, management of all Indian affairs and of all matters arising out of Indian relations, including Law Enforcement. The United States of America accepted retrocession of criminal jurisdiction within the Thurston County portion of the Omaha Indian Reservation in 1969 and has developed a program of criminal justice. From 1969 until the first of October 1972, the Bureau of Indian Affairs negotiated a contract with the Omaha Tribe of Nebraska and the Tribe provided the services. On October 1, 1972, the contract was cancelled and the program was administered by the Bureau of Indian Affairs until May 1, 1976 when a new contract was negotiated with the Omaha Tribe.

The Law Enforcement Program is now operated by the Omaha Tribe under a contract arrangement. The Bureau of Indian Affairs continues to provide a criminal investigator who conducts the major crime investigations which are under the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States.

The Winnebago Indian Agency in Nebraska comprises the Omahas and Winnebagoes in Thurston County and the Santee Sioux in Knox County. There are approximately 8,000 enrolled members of these three organized as incorporated tribes.

Richard Romero, Superintendent, Winnebago Indian Agency, Winnebago, Nebraska 68071

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

The existing Pick-Sloan Missouri Basin Program Units in Nebraska provide full irrigation water supply to about 174,525 acres, and a supplemental water supply to 9,600 acres. These units include: Sargent, 13,363 acres; Farwell, 47,925 acres; Ainsworth, 33,960 acres; and Bostwick Division, 22,787 acres; all receiving a full irrigation water supply. Also, the Frenchman-Cambridge Division provides a full water supply for 56,490 acres, and a supplemental supply for 9,600 acres. The dams and reservoirs, permanent diversion dams, and the many miles of canals necessary to service this acreage provide multiple benefits, such as irrigation, flood control, recreation, fish and wildlife, sediment retention, and stream pollution abatement.

Under the program, Enders Reservoir on Frenchman River near Imperial, Harry Strunk Lake on Medicine Creek near Cambridge, Swanson Lake on the Republican River near Trenton, and Hugh Butler Lake on Red Willow Creek near McCook, are in use, serving the irrigable area of the Frenchman-Cambridge Division. Harlan County Dam and Reservoir on the Republican River, constructed by the Corps of Engineers, serve the Bostwick Division. Merritt Dam and Reservoir on the Snake River near Valentine, serves the Ainsworth Unit. Sherman Dam and Reservoir on Oak Creek serves the Farwell Unit.

The North Loup Division which will supply water to 53,000 acres and the O'Neill unit supplying 77,000 acres, were authorized by the 92nd Congress on October 20, 1972, with initial construction funding granted by the Congress in Fiscal Year 1976. Construction has started on both of these projects. Other potential unauthorized Nebraska units of the Pick-Sloan Missouri Basin Program are the Little Blue Unit with 20,000 acres, the Sunbeam Unit with 30,000 acres, the Cedar Rapids Division with 27,000 acres, and the Highland Unit with 55,000 acres.

Existing projects, not a part of the Pick-Sloan Missouri Basin Program in Nebraska, include the North Platte Project on the North Platte River and the Mirage Flats Project on the Niobrara River. The North Platte Project provides a full irrigation water supply to about 172,000 acres of Nebraska land and a supplemental supply to more than 92,400 acres. The Mirage Flats Project, in northwestern Nebraska, irrigates about 11,700 acres. Box Butte Dam and Reservoir on the Niobrara River serves the Mirage Flats Project.

In summary, all existing, proposed and potential projects in Nebraska would total 722,000 acres—620,000 acres of irrigated new lands and supplemental water for 102,000 acres. Additional potential developments are being studied.

The Bureau of Reclamation has two principal offices in Nebraska; the Kansas River Projects Office located at McCook and the Nebraska Reclamation Office at Grand Island. The North Platte River area of Northwest Nebraska is under the jurisdiction of the North Platte River Projects office located at Casper, Wyoming.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

The U.S. Geological Survey's objectives are to determine and evaluate the quantity, quality, and distribution of the mineral, energy and water resources of the United States; to provide topographic map coverage of adequate scale for modern needs; to classify the public lands as to their mineral character and waterpower potential and to supervise oil, gas, and mining leases on public lands. The results of the Survey's investigations and research are published and distributed through several series of maps and reports. Much of the work is performed in cooperation with State and local governments. The Geological Survey Water Resources Division maintains a district office in Lincoln, and subdistrict offices in Cambridge and Ord.

Kenneth A. MacKichan, District Chief, Rm. 406, Federal Bldg., U.S. Court House, 100 Centennial Mall No., Lincoln, Nebraska 68508.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

The National Park Service, a Bureau of the Department of Interior, administers the National Park System, which includes National Parks, National Monuments, and several other types of scenic, historic or scientific areas. The Midwest Regional Office located in Omaha administers a ten-state area including Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska. In Nebraska, there are three National Monuments and one National Historic Site administered through the Omaha office. Scotts Bluff National Monument is about five square miles in size and Homestead National Monument contains 194 acres. Agate Fossil Beds National Monument was authorized on June 5, 1965. It contains approximately 3,000 acres, and development plans are in progress. Chimney Rock National Historic Site, 83 acres in size, is administered jointly by the Nebraska State Historical Society and the City of Bayard under an agreement with the Department of Interior. In addition, there are 19 registered National Landmarks in Nebraska which are under other than federal ownership. They have been certified by the Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites, Buildings and Monuments, and approved by the Secretary of Interior as being of exceptional significance in illustrating or commemorating the natural character or historic heritage of the United States. Historical landmarks are: Walker Gilmore Site, Cass County; Ash Hollow Cave, Garden County; Coufal Site, Howard County; Palmer Site, Howard and Merrick Counties; William Jennings Bryan House, Lancaster County; George W. Norris House, Red Willow County; Leary Site, Richardson County; Signal Butte, Scotts Bluff County; Fort Atkinson, Washington County; Willa Cather Girlhood Home, Red Willow County; Fort Robinson and Red Cloud Agency, Dawes and Sioux Counties; Nebraska State Capitol, Lancaster County; Robidoux Pass, Scotts Bluff County; Pike Pawnee Village Site, Webster County; Schultz Site, Valley County; and J. Sterling Morton House, Otoe County. Registered Natural Landmarks are: Fontenelle Forest, Sarpy County, and Valentine National Wildlife Refuge,

Cherry County. Environmental Education Landmark: Fontenelle Forest Nature Center, Sarpy County.

Merrill D. Beal, Regional Director, Midwest Region, 1709 Jackson Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68102.

Superintendent, Scotts Bluff National Monument and Agate Fossil Beds National Monument, Box 427, Gering, Nebraska 69341.

Superintendent, Homestead National Monument, Route 3, Beatrice, Nebraska 68310.

U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service maintains the Valentine National Wildlife Refuge primarily for waterfowl and the Fort Niobrara National Wildlife Refuge for big-game animals, mainly buffalo and elk, both near Valentine; the Crescent Lake National Wildlife Refuge for waterfowl, near Ellsworth; the DeSoto National Wildlife Refuge, partly located in Nebraska north of Omaha; and the Crawford National Fish Hatchery. To preserve Nebraska wetlands, the Service purchases small tracts of land. The Fish and Wildlife Service also conducts animal control programs for the protection of livestock, enforces the provisions of the Migratory Bird Hunting Stamp Act, administers the Endangered Species Act, and cooperates with other Federal agencies in studying the effects on fish and wildlife of federally funded or permitted projects.

Rolf L. Wallenstrom, Area Manager for Nebraska and South Dakota, Pierre, SD.

Robert P. Kelley, State Supervisor, Animal Damage Control, Lincoln.

Robert M. Ellis, Refuge Manager, Fort Niobrara-Valentine Complex, Valentine.

Edward M. Bosak, Senior Resident Agent, Omaha.

Ronald L. Perry, Refuge Manager, Crescent Lake NWR, Ellsworth.

James E. Frates, Refuge Manager, DeSoto National Wildlife Refuge, Missouri Valley.

John J. Hlavacek, Hatchery Manager, Crawford National Fish Hatchery, Crawford.

Merle L. Anderson, Supervisory Pilot, Animal Damage Control, North Platte.

Darold T. Walls, Wetlands Manager, Kearney.

Kent E. Kroonemeyer, Supervisor, Ecological Services Field Office, Grand Island.

Vacant, District Fishery Manager, Fishery Services, Fort Niobrara National Wildlife Refuge, Valentine.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Robert Bergland, Secretary, Washington, D.C.

The Department of Agriculture was created in 1862 and attained cabinet rank as an executive department in 1889. Directed by law to acquire and diffuse useful information on agricultural subjects, the Department performs functions relating to agricultural research, educa-

tion, conservation, marketing, regulatory work, crop price stabilization, public nutrition and rural development. It makes research reports available for practical field application through extension and experiment station work in cooperation with the states. It attacks problems of hunger and malnutrition through the food stamp, food distribution, and child nutrition programs operated in cooperation with the States. It makes loans to farmers and farmer cooperatives, including loans for rural electrification and telephone services; administers marketing agreement programs; develops foreign outlets for agricultural commodities; provides a system of crop insurance; seeks to control animal and plant diseases and pests; promotes better protection and management of forests; and, provides crop reports, commodity standards, federal meat and poultry inspection services and other inspection, grading and marketing services of value to all U.S. consumers. The Farmers Home Administration and the Soil Conservation Service have county offices throughout Nebraska and there is a State Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Committee with locally elected county ASC committees. Other agencies of the Department such as the Agricultural Research Service, the Forest Service, the Agricultural Marketing Service and the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation have offices and field stations at various locations in the state. Under the leadership of the State Extension Service, state and local Rural Development Committees have been set up composed of representatives of USDA and other federal and state agencies. They assist rural people and rural communities in identifying the services they need for economic, social, and cultural growth, and in locating and securing the services. They also assist individuals and groups with economic plans, community development projects, inventories, and surveys.

AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

Agricultural Economics administers programs through the Statistical Reporting Service and the Economic Research Service. The Statistical Reporting Service gives coordinated leadership to the statistical reporting research and service programs of the Department of Agriculture. SRS is responsible for the orderly flow of statistical intelligence for agriculture, setting nationwide crop and livestock estimates, coordinating and improving the Department's statistical requirements and conducting special surveys of market potentials for agricultural products. In addition, the Agency maintains a formal cooperation with State Departments of Agriculture. In Nebraska the cooperatively operated office is known as the "Nebraska Crop and Livestock Reporting Service." The Economic Research Service of USDA conducts programs in agricultural economics research, commodity outlook and situation, farm manpower, levels of living and rural development studies as well as marketing research, and economic and statistical research on use of land, labor and equipment and farm costs and returns. ERS also analyzes and interprets world conditions involving agricultural trade, prices and policies that affect U.S. agricultural trade.

Jack L. Aschwege, Agricultural Statistician in Charge, 273 Federal Building, P.O. Box 81069, Lincoln, Nebraska 68501.

Economic Research Service

Studies made are concerned with the effective economic use of human and natural resources in agricultural production and marketing. Economic analyses are made of current problems in farm production, farm marketing, utilization and resource development.

William F. Lagrone, Institute of Agriculture and Natural Resources, Lincoln.

COMMODITY PROGRAMS
AGRICULTURAL STABILIZATION AND CONSERVATION SERVICE OFFICES

State and County Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Offices were established under a reorganization of the Department of Agriculture in 1953 to take over most of the functions in connection with federal agricultural programs formerly performed by the Production and Marketing Administration. At the change of the national administration in 1961, the word "service" was added to the title of the State and County Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Offices. However, the function of both the state and county offices in connection with federal agricultural programs remained about the same as they were previously.

Some of the federal programs administered by the organization include: (1) The Agricultural Conservation Program, which affords federal cost-sharing assistance to farmers for the carrying out on the farms of approved soil conservation practices; (2) Agricultural Price Support operations through loans, purchase agreements, and the purchase and sale of agricultural commodities by the Commodity Credit Corporation; (3) Acreage Allotments and Marketing Quotas when they are in effect for basic crops; (4) The Wheat and Feed Grain Programs which through flexibility of the legislation allows payments to producers for natural disasters, deficiency payments and set-aside acres as needed to adjust production to anticipated needs; and (5) Any other special and emergency programs which may be authorized by Congress from time to time.

The activities of the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service Offices are administered at the state level by a three-member state committee appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture and the State Director of Extension, who is an ex officio member of this committee. At the county level the responsibility of the administration of these prograns is vested in a three-member committee elected each year by the farmers in the county.

State Committee:

Willard D. Heyne ..... Chairman
A. Arlee Phillips ..... Member

A. George Alexander.....Member
Dr. Leo E. Lucas.....Ex Officio Member
Paul H. Sindt.....State Executive Director

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION

The Lincoln, Nebraska Regional Office of Federal Crop Insurance Corporation is charged with the administration of the Federal Crop Insurance program in Nebraska, South Dakota and three counties in Wyoming. There are 14 Regional Offices scattered over the nation. Regional Director Forrest H. Boerner heads the Lincoln Regional Office which consists of three branches, namely Marketing, Contract Service and Operations Support. He is responsible for the overall supervision of the program with the help of three Branch Chiefs. There are nine county offices located in South Dakota, one in Torrington, Wyoming, and seven in Nebraska, plus two agent-operated offices to serve insureds.

Each County Office serves from three to thirteen counties. Federal Crop Insurance is an agency of the U.S. Department of Agriculture that offers insurance against unavoidable causes of crop loss to farmers. It is a voluntary, self-help program. Crops on which insurance is offered are corn, barley, dry edible beans, flax, grain sorghum, oats, soybeans, sugar beets and wheat. The insurance is intended to protect the farmer's investment in his crop by insuring against losses due to such natural causes as drought, hail, wind, insect infestation, plant diseases, flood, winterkill and frost. The responsibility of the Contract Service Branch Chief, five Specialists and numerous fieldmen is to aid the farmer with various problems, mainly that of crop damage and loss. The Chief of the Marketing Branch is assisted by four Specialists and a number of Crop Insurance fieldmen who contact and explain the program to farmers. The fieldmen staff are part-time employees. The Operations Support Branch Chief is responsible for the supervision of the County Offices and the Regional Office clerical staff.

MARKETING AND CONSUMER SERVICES
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

The Agricultural Marketing Service administers service and regulatory programs relating to domestic marketing and distribution and other services to aid in advancing the orderly and efficient marketing of products from the nation's farms. The primary functions of AMS are (1) Marketing services (market news, commodity standardization, inspection, classing, and grading) programs which contribute to the efficient and orderly marketing of farm products; (2) Marketing agreements and orders designed to assure orderly marketing; (3) Marketing regulatory programs to protect farmers and others from financial loss resulting from deceptive, careless, and fraudulent marketing practices; (4) programs designed to promote consumer purchase and use of foods in temporary oversupply to increase movement through normal channels of trade; (5) Freight rate services to assist in obtaining and maintaining

equitable transportation rates/services on farm supplies and products; (6) Purchases of food for school lunch and needy family programs.

Donald E. Wilkinson, Administrator, South Building, Washington, D.C. 20250.

Dairy Division

Nebraska has a Federal Milk Marketing Order, covering seventy counties in the eastern, central and western part of Nebraska, seventeen counties in the western part of Iowa and several townships in the eastern part of South Dakota. There are fifty-two (52) separate marketing areas in the United States, all operating under the Dairy Division, Agriculture Marketing Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, at Washington, D.C.

Orders are issued by the Secretary of Agriculture under the authority of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended, after need for regulation is established at public hearings.

Each order regulates the minimum prices handlers must pay producers for Grade A milk purchased for sale in the designated area.

U. Grant Grayson, Market Administrator for Nebraska-Western Iowa Area, with offices in Omaha.

Grain Division

The Omaha Field Office of the Grain Division is one of some thirty-two such offices located at grain terminals and shipping points throughout the United States in accordance with enforcement policies as formulated in Washington, D.C.

The primary function is to supervise and instruct grain inspectors licensed by the Secretary of Agriculture under the U.S. Grain Standards Act in the correct and proper application of the official grain standards, to take corrective action when necessary to accomplish this objective and to entertain appeals from inspections for any party holding interest in a grain transaction.

Other activities include the inspection, and grading of edible beans and peas, and certain other products manufactured from cereal grains. Also cooperation with the Food and Drug Administration in a program to eliminate from commercial mixing channels grain which is unfit for mixing with grain of higher milling quality, and to assist in research projects designed to improve or formulate grade standards for grain.

Guy D. Ridings, Field Office Supervisor, Room 501, 1709 Jackson Street, Omaha 68102.

Livestock Division
Livestock Market News

The Livestock Market News serves producers and the industry by reporting daily movement, trade activity, price trends and prices of livestock. Reports are released throughout the day as trade progresses

and are given wide dissemination through radio and newspapers. Reports from each market are also transmitted by teletype to all other markets covered by the Market News Branch so that livestock producers and marketing agencies throughout the county are currently informed on movement and price of livestock by class and grade at all other markets. An Eastern Nebraska direct cattle trade report is released on a daily basis over the government leased wire and is also disseminated via newspapers, radio stations, and a 24-hour "Hotline" telephone recording service to fourteen outstate locations. Four major feeder cattle auctions are reported by a state reporter under the supervision of the Omaha U.S.D.A. Market News Office.

The Market News Branch is also responsible for the grading of livestock delivered in fulfillment of contracts on livestock futures trading.

Marshall G. Ivy, Livestock Division, 609 Livestock Exchange Building, Omaha.

Meat Grading Branch

The function of the Meat Grading Branch, Livestock Division, United States Department of Agriculture, is to interpret the federal grade and class standards and, upon request by interested federally inspected and recognized nonfederally inspected meat slaughtering and wholesale establishments, to perform the federal grading of meat. The grading of meat includes three types of service: (1) meat grading service, which pertains to the grading, grade marketing, and certification of carcasses and wholesale cuts of meat and (2) compliance service, which pertains to the examination, acceptance and certification of fresh-chilled meats, prepared meats, and meat food products and (3) carcass data service which consists of the evaluation of carcass characteristics in accordance with applicable official U.S. standards, the recording of such data, and transmittal of the data to, or as directed by, the applicant for the service.

Andrew Rot, Main Station Supervisor for Omaha, Lincoln, Fairbury, York, Grand Island, Minden, Lexington, Darr, North Platte, and Fremont, Nebraska; and Oakland and Council Bluffs, Iowa; and Rockport, Missouri.

Office: 609 Livestock Exchange Building, Omaha, NE 68107.

Meat and Poultry Inspection Programs

Acts are administered controlling meat and poultry inspection programs occurring in Federal meat and poultry plants, including imported meat and meat food products, horse meat and canned or frozen dog food. Responsibilities include the administration of the Federal Meat and Poultry Inspection Program in the State of Nebraska.

Dr. D. C. Breeden, Area Supervisor, 100 Centennial Mall North, Room 398, Lincoln, NE 68508.

Transportation and Warehouse Division

Warehouse Service Branch

The Warehouse Service Branch is a consolidation of warehouse examination programs conducted by Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) and Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service (ASCS). An area office is located at Omaha, Nebraska, to conduct the program in the States of Nebraska, Iowa, Colorado, Missouri and Kansas. Its functions are the administration of the U.S. Warehouse Act and periodic inspections of the following: All federally licensed warehouses, nonfederally licensed grain warehouses under Uniform Storage Agreement, except in the States of Nebraska and Kansas, and all general warehouses under contract to store Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) owned processed commodities.

Arthur L. Queck, In Charge of Omaha Office, Rm. 364, 206 South 19th St., Omaha 68102.

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE

The Food and Nutrition Service of the United States Department of Agriculture in cooperation with state agencies, administers the following programs:

NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH—plays an important role in safeguarding the health and well-being of children, and at the same time helps to create market for farm products.

SPECIAL MILK—makes milk available, at reduced price, to children in our nation's schools.

SPECIAL FOOD SERVICE—provides meals and between-meal snacks for children in day care programs and summer recreation activities.

FOOD DISTRIBUTION—delivers food to people who need it. The aim of the program is to make constructive use of our agricultural abundance.

FOOD STAMP—through which low-income families can expand their food-purchasing power, improve their diets, and their health. All Nebraska counties participate in this program.

Rollan E. Jones, District Manager, Room 259, Federal Building, 100 Centennial Mall North, Lincoln 68508.

James M. Ryan, Officer-in-Charge, First Federal Bldg., 1811 West 2nd Street, Grand Island 68801.

James L. Moore, Officer-in-Charge, Room 259, Federal Building, 100 Centennial Mall North, Lincoln 68508.

PACKERS AND STOCKYARDS ADMINISTRATION

The Packers and Stockyards Administration enforces the provisions of the Packers and Stockyards Act of 1921, as amended. This act was enacted to prevent meat packers from engaging in or doing any act for

the purpose of manipulating or controlling the prices or creating a monopoly in the purchase or sale of livestock or meats in commerce, to assure that posted public terminal stockyards and auction markets provide market patrons with adequate services and facilities at reasonable and nondiscriminatory rates, that livestock is weighed correctly, that market agencies, packers, and dealers subject to the act do not engage in unfair, deceptive or discriminatory practices and that correct and complete accountings are furnished producers and buyers of livestock. The act also requires that packers, market agencies and dealers operating in commerce furnish bonds to assure performance of the financial obligations they incur. Livestock producers and other patrons in commerce are also provided with an inexpensive procedure for obtaining reparation from stockyard companies, market agencies, and dealers subject to the act.

The State of Nebraska is under the supervision of the area office located in Omaha.

Quentin H. Bierman, Area Supervisor, 435 Livestock Exchange Building, Union Stockyards, Omaha 68107.

CONSERVATION, RESEARCH AND EDUCATION
AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE

Through its Agricultural Research Service, with T. W. Edminster, Administrator, Washington, D. C., 20250 the United States Department of Agriculture conducts nation-wide research programs in cooperation, in many cases, with land-grant universities. Much of the research in Nebraska is in cooperation with the Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station. Brief paragraphs follow on work within the state covering research activities in Nebraska, with names of Agricultural Research Service field representatives who may be contacted for further information.

KANSAS-NEBRASKA AREA

Keith E. Gregory, Area Director
U.S. Meat Animal Research Center, Clay Center

Meat Animals Research

Develops new technology for beef cattle, sheep and swine industries to increase red meat production per unit of resource area, reduce production costs and improve meat quality at U.S. Meat Animal Research Center, Clay Center.

Director: Keith E. Gregory.
Reproduction: Danny B. Laster.
Genetics and Breeding: Larry V. Cundiff
Management Systems: Gerald M. Smith.
Nutrition and Management: Howard S. Teague.
Meats: vacancy.
Agricultural Engineering: Andrew G. Hashimoto.

Hard Red Winter Wheat Research

Breeds hard red winter wheat varieties with improved yield and resistance to diseases and higher quality, and investigates virus diseases of wheat and other cereals at East Campus, University of Nebraska, Lincoln.

Wheat Breeding: Virgil A. Johnson.
Cereal Diseases: Myron K. Brakke.

Plant Science and Entomology Research

Develops improved grain sorghum and other forage crop varieties and production practices, improved methods of weed control in field crops, and improved methods of grain and legume insect control at East Campus, University of Nebraska, Lincoln.

Forage Crops: Herman J. Gorz.
Sorghum: William M. Ross.
Grass: Laurence C. Newell.
Alfalfa: William R. Kehr.
Weed Control: Melvin K. McCarty.
Grass and Legume Insect Control: George R. Manglitz.

Soil, Water, Animal Waste Management Research

Develops at East Campus, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, systems of conservation tillage, management, and irrigation for optimum yields with environmental protection and energy conservation as well as systems for handling animal wastes in beef and swine feedlots.

Soil Microbiology: Thomas M. McCalla.
Water Management: Norris P. Swanson.
Soil Physics: Lloyd N. Mielke.
Soil Chemistry: James S. Schepers.
Soil Biochemistry: John W. Doran.
Animal Waste Management: Conrad B. Gilbertson.

SCIENTIFIC SERVICES LABORATORY

The Omaha Laboratory is one of three national field laboratories operated by the Scientific and Technical Services Division, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, United States Department of Agriculture. The laboratory is located on the second floor of the South Omaha Post Office building.

Its function is that of a support facility in the meat and poultry inspection program. The laboratory provides the following services to the Meat & Poultry Inspection program.

Analyzes meat food products to determine the amounts of fat, water, and additives (non-fat dry milk, salt, cereal, soya flour derivatives, etc.) most of which have maximum amounts based upon label requirements.

Detects contamination of products with metal, chemicals or other extraneous materials present in minute amounts undetectable at the inspectional level.

Analyzes animal tissue for chemical residues, pesticides, trace elements and growth promoting hormones.

The Omaha Laboratory offers chemical support to meat and poultry personnel located in the following states: Nebraska, Minnesota, North Dakota, Iowa, South Dakota, Wyoming, and Montana.

Samples are submitted to the laboratory by veterinary and lay inspectors for the required analyses. The laboratory analyzes as requested and reports to inspectors. With these reports and his on-the-job knowledge of conditions the inspector is then able to act.

The laboratory participates in surveys to determine the amount of residue (hormones, herbicides, arsenicals, heavy metals and insecticides) in meat and poultry.

Lawrence M. Srader, Chemist in Charge, P.O. Box 7339, South Omaha Station, Omaha.

Cooperative State Research Service

Federal-grant funds for agricultural research in collaboration with state universities are administered.

Howard W. Ottoson, Dean and Director, Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station, University of Nebraska, Lincoln.

EXTENSION SERVICE—U.S.D.A.

The Extension Service, United States Department of Agriculture, is part of the cooperative extension service partnership. Three levels of government—federal, state and county—share in financing, planning and carrying out extension education programs.

The Cooperative Extension Service is a Division of the University of Nebraska Institute of Agriculture and Natural Resources. The staff consists of county and area extension agents and specialists. The Extension Service provides practical information on agriculture and homemaking to the people of Nebraska and aids in educational activities associated with rural and community development. This information is obtained through research at the experiment stations and observations by specialists in the field. It is disseminated through farm and home visits, public meetings, study workshops, demonstrations, radio, newspapers, television, circulars, and bulletins.

The extension program involves all members of the family. About one third of the program is devoted to 4-H Club and young men and women's work. The balance is designed for adult men and women.

Local people work with the Extension Service of the University of Nebraska Institute of Agriculture and Natural Resources through a

County Extension Board, elected by residents of the county. The board cooperates in the employment of county agents and serves as an advisory group in the developnent of the county program.

Dr. Leo E. Lucas, Dean and Director
Cooperative Extension Service
Institute of Agriculture and Natural Resources
University of Nebraska, Lincoln

RURAL DEVELOPMENT
FARMERS HOME ADMINISTRATION

The Farmers Home Administration (FmHA) of the U.S. Department of Agriculture channels credit to farmers, rural residents, and communities. It helps borrowers gain maximun benefit from loans through counseling and technical assistance.

Farmers and rural people have several credit programs they can call upon through FmHA to help purchase or operate farms, provide new employment and business opportunities, enhance environment, acquire homes, and upgrade the standard of living for all who wish to live in small towns or open country.

Agency personnel are active on State and county committees involved with the improvement or development of local areas. They have learned the need for local ideas and initiative, for leadership from private individuals and local officials.

Some loan programs are strictly for individuals and their families. Some involve associations of people. Other loans are made to partnerships, corporations, or public bodies. FmHA employees work in concert with all types of borrowers as well as with State and local officials, planning groups, and Government agencies.

The agency's loan authorities provide a supplemental source of credit, augmenting the efforts of the private lenders rather than competing with them. Most FmHA programs require that a borrower "graduate" to commercial credit when able to do so. The nature of the agency's operation makes it possible for Farmers Home Administration to increase the supply of rural credit by drawing money from the major finance centers of our Nation.

Major purposes of FmHA's rural credit programs include:

1. To help build the family farm system, the economic and social base of many rural communities.

2. To expand business and industry, increase income and employment, and control or abate pollution.

3. To install water and waste disposal systems and other community facilities that will help rural areas upgrade the quality of living and promote economic development and growth.

4. To provide or improve modest homes in suitable rural environments at prices and on terms that families of low or moderate income can afford.

There are thirty-six county offices and five district offices located throughout the state. The State Office is located in Lincoln. Anyone unable to locate the local office should write Mr. K. L. Bowen, State Director, Farmers Home Administration, 308 Federal Building, Lincoln, Nebraska 68508.

FOREST SERVICE

The Forest Service of the United States Department of Agriculture administers the Nation's 155 National Forests and 19 National Grasslands that are distributed among 39 states, and Puerto Rico. The Forest Service is responsible for the protection, conservation, development and use of these lands. These lands are managed under the Multiple Use-Sustained Yield principal including watershed protection, timber and range forage production, wildlife production, recreation, and other uses.

The Forest Service is also responsible for furthering protection, management, and wise use of other forest lands in the 50 states that are in state and private ownership. It carries out these responsibilities by cooperative arrangements with state forestry agencies.

Eight Regional Forest and Range Experiment Stations, 1 Institute of Tropical Forestry in Puerto Rico, 1 Forest Products Laboratory in Madison, Wisconsin, and 1 in Hawaii, and 84 field research centers of the Forest Service carry on studies and investigations in forest management, range management, watershed management, fire control, insect and disease control, the utilization of forest products, and other fields.

The Bessey Ranger District of the Nebraska National Forest is distinctive within the National forest system. It contains a completely man-made forest that was planted after the Nebraska National Forest was established by Presidential Proclamation in 1902. Dr. Charles E. Bessey, imminent University of Nebraska Botonist, was largely responsible for obtaining public interest in the idea that trees could and should be grown on portions of the Great Plains. In October 1971, that portion of the Nebraska National Forest previously known as the Niobrara Division was renamed the Samuel R. McKelvie National Forest by Public Law 92-142. McKelvie was a well-known farmer, rancher, businessman, publisher, and the twentieth Governor of the State of Nebraska, serving 2 terms between 1919 and 1923.

Since 1902, about 25,000 acres of coniferous trees have been planted on the Bessey Division and 5,000 acres planted on the Samuel R. McKelvie National Forest. The techniques and knowledge learned from these plantings have been of much value in establishment of windbreak plantings on countless farms and were also used exclusively by the Forest Service in the shelterbelt program during the period of 1935-42.

The Bessey Nursery at Halsey produces about 2,000,000 tree seedlings annually. Many of these trees are distributed to farmers and ranchers by the State Forester on a cost of production basis under provision of the Clarke-McNary Law. This distribution program has been continuous since 1929.

In addition to this tree distribution program, the Forest Service cooperates with the Nebraska State Forester enabling him to make available on a limited scale, technical assistance for the 53,800 owners of about 1,000,000 acres of native woodland and in fire protection, and other activities. Forest Service responsibilities for forestry aspects of the small Watershed Program, the R.E.A.P., and the Resource Conservation & Development Program are administered through the State Forester.

The Pine Ridge Division of the Nebraska National Forest is located in northwestern Nebraska. Natural Ponderosa Pine forests grow along the Pine Ridge.

The Oglala National Grassland in Northwestern Nebraska is demonstrating sound conservation techniques and practices. Range managers ranchers and the Sugarloaf Grazing Association are working together to improve the range in every respect.

The Nebraska National Forest and associated units are administered by Lawrence C. Sutton, Forest Supervisor, who has offices at 270 Pine Street, Chadron, Nebraska 69337. The Forest Supervisor is responsible to the Regional Forester in Denver, Colorado, for the administration of the Nebraska National Forest, the Samuel R. McKelvie National Forest, and the Oglala, Buffalo Gap and Fort Pierre National Grasslands and is his principal representative for other Forest Service activities except research, in the State of Nebraska. He is also responsible for the administration of the Pine Ridge Civilian Conservation Center (Job Corps) in cooperation with the Department of Labor. The Center is located 11 miles south of Chadron on U.S. Highway 385. There are two resident Forest Rangers in Nebraska. One is located in Chadron and is responsible for the Pine Ridge Division of the Forest and the Oglala National Grassland. The other Ranger is located at Halsey and is responsible for the Bessey Division and the Samuel R. McKelvie National Forest. There is also a resident Nurseryman at the Bessey Division in Halsey.

A field research center headed by Ralph A. Read of the Forest Service is located at Lincoln with offices in the Forestry Sciences Laboratory, East Campus, University of Nebraska. This research center is attached to the Rocky Mountain Forest and Range Experiment Station of the Forest Service at Fort Collins, Colorado, and is operated in cooperation with the Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station.

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

The Soil Conservation Service (SCS) is the U.S. Department of Agriculture's technical arm of action for soil and water conservation. SCS brings together the various disciplines needed to cope with natural re-

sources management opportunities. Its staff includes soil scientists; economists; agricultural, irrigation, hydraulic and drainage engineers; specialists in biology, agronomy, range management, woodland management, plant materials, geology, sedimentation and resources management; and the skilled professional soil conservationists.

Technical assistance is provided to individuals, groups, organizations, and units of government. Much of this help is extended through Natural Resource Districts. This assistance may include a complete conservation plan on their land, or resource data and information requested for a specific problem. Consideration in planning is given to conserve and develop soil, water, plant, and wildlife resources with an ultimate objective of using and treating the land within its needs and capability.

The Soil Conservation Service is responsible for administering the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act, PL 566. Under this act, SCS works with local sponsors who have legal authority under state law. Local people provide the land for structure sites and assume operation and maintenance costs. SCS provides cost-share payments under the act on the above measures.

SCS also has Department of Agriculture leadership in giving technical and financial help to sponsors of resource conservation and development projects (RC&D).

The Soil Conservation Service is responsible for the administration of the Great Plains Conservation Program, PL 1021. This program in Nebraska (except the eastern one-fourth of the state) provides cost-sharing under contractual terms to farmers and ranchers who plan and apply a complete conservation program on their land. The Soil Conservation Service also provides technical services required to carry out the Agricultural Conservation Program and Water Bank Program of the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service who provide cost-sharing for conservation practices.

The SCS provides soil maps and interpretations to local officials or planning boards, to developers and engineers, and to others engaged in regional and community planning. Use of this information has resulted not only in savings of time and money, but also in land uses compatible with soil conditions, the landscape, and in improved design of highways, parks, and housing developments.

W. J. Parker, State Conservationist, Federal Bldg. & U.S. Courthouse, Room 345, 100 Centennial Mall, Lincoln, Nebraska 68508.

Soil Survey

Soil survey involves the mapping, classification and interpretation of the soils in sufficient detail for predicting their best use and making the best land-use decisions. This is done acre by acre in each county. Soil survey maps and related information have a number of uses, some of which are rural and urban planning, land appraisal for loans, tax assess-

ment, planning for irrigation or drainage, planning for erosion control, moisture conservation and soil management, and many nonagricultural uses.

The Soil Conservation Service provides the soil survey leadership for the United States Department of Agriculture. Lincoln is the Technical Service Center of the Soil Conservation Service for the Midwest States consisting of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin.

Maurice Stout, Jr., Head, Soil Correlation Staff.
W.E. McKinzie, Soil Scientist (Correlator).
R.I. Turner, Soil Scientist (Correlator).
P.R. Johnson, Soil Scientist (Interpretations).
R.L. Guthrie, Soil Scientist (Correlator).
R.M. Smith, Soil Scientist (Manuscripts).
L.L. Buller, Soil Scientist (Correlator).
Location: Midwest Technical Service Center, Federal Bldg. & U.S. Courthouse, Room 345, 100 Centennial Mall, Lincoln, Nebraska 68508.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Juanita M. Kreps, Secretary, Washington, D.C.

The Department of Commerce was created in 1903 as the Department of Commerce and Labor, and it was not until 1913 that it was divided into two separate departments. The following agencies comprise the main units of the Department: Domestic and International Business Administration (includes the Bureau of International Commerce, the Bureau of Domestic Commerce, International Economic Policy and Research and Trade Assistance, the Bureau of East-West Trade, and the Office of Field Operations); Bureau of Economic Analysis, Bureau of the Census; National Bureau of Standards, Patent and Trademark Office, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (includes the National Ocean Survey, National Weather Service, National Marine Fisheries Service, National Environmental Satellite Service, Environmental Research Laboratories and Environmental Data Service); Maritime Administration: Economic Development Administration; United States Travel Service; Office of Product Standards; Office of Telecommunications; Office of Minority Business Enterprise, National Technical Information Service, National Fire Prevention and Control Administration, Office of Energy Policy and Programs, and Office of the Ombudsmen for Business.

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE

The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) National Weather Service maintains seven airport stations and a state forecast office. The air port stations make weather observations, furnish weather information and forecasts for the benefit of the general public,

aviation, industrial and agricultural interests. Ths stations located at Omaha and North Platte make upper-air observations and are also equipped with weather radar as are Scottsbluff and Norfolk. A powerful weather surveillance radar, having a 250-mile range, is located at Grand Island.

The National Weather Service Forecast Office at Omaha originates state, zone and aviation terminal forecasts for Nebraska.

James W. Zoller, Meteorologist in Charge, Forecast Office, Omaha.
Gordon Lippert, Meteorologist in Charge, Lincoln Airport.
Donal G. Davis, Meteorologist in Charge, Grand Island Airport.
Paul E. Woolard, Official in Charge, Norfolk Airport.
Harry Spohn, Official in Charge, North Platte Airport.
Joseph Luisi, Official in Charge, Eppley Airport, Omaha.
Arthur Valdemar, Official in Charge, Scottsbluff Airport.
Claire P. Mancuso, Official in Charge, Valentine Airport.

CONSERVATION AND SURVEY DIVISION UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA, LINCOLN

The National Weather Service State Climatology Office for Nebraska was closed in May 1973. The library and weather records pertaining to that office were turned over to the University of Nebraska, Lincoln. Many of the climatological services previously rendered by the National Weather Service Climatology Office are being furnished by the Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, Lincoln, Vincent H. Dreezen, Director.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

F. Ray Marshall, Secretary, Washington, D.C.

The U.S. Department of Labor was established in 1913 as a Cabinet-level agency of government "to foster promote and develop the welfare of the wage earners of the United States, to improve their working conditions, and to advance their opportunities for profitable employment." The Department administers more than 130 federal labor laws guaranteeing workers' rights to safe and healthful working conditions, a minimum hourly wage and overtime pay, freedom from employment discrimination, unemployment insurance and workers' compensation. It also protects workers' pension rights, sponsors job training, helps workers find jobs, works to strengthen free collective bargaining and collects, analyzes and publishes labor and economic statistics.

LABOR-MANAGEMENT SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

This Administration is responsible for directing activities involving four broad programs relating to Federal Labor-Management Relations; Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure; Welfare and Pension Plans Disclosure; and Veterans' Reemployment Rights.

Federal Labor-Management Relations as prescribed in Presidential Executive Order 11491 as amended are concerned with labor-management relations between federal agencies and employees in the federal government. The order provides methods of establishing representation rights; procedures for processing unfair labor practices charges; and standards of conduct for labor organizations comprised of federal employees.

The Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959 (Landrum-Griffin Act) establishes standards for the election of union officers; regulates trusteeships; defines the fiduciary responsibility of union officers; and requires bonding of union officers and employees who handle union funds. Unions are required to file informational reports, and to annually file reports disclosing their financial operations and condition. Under certain specified conditions employers and labor relations consultants must also file reports of informational and financial nature. These reports are public information and copies are on file, and may be examined free of charge at the Kansas City Area Office, 2200 Federal Office Building, 911 Walnut Street, Kansas City, Missouri, 64106. Copies of the reports may be obtained at a cost of ten cents a page.

The Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 requires administrators of private pension and welfare plans to file copies of those plans with LMSA, to provide plan participants with easily understandable summaries of plans, to report annually on the financial operation of the plans and bonding of persons charged with handling plan funds and assets. Such persons must also meet strict fiduciary responsibility standards administered by LMSA. Vesting, participation and funding standards are administered by the Internal Revenue Service. The law also establishes a Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation to insure vested benefits of most pension plans.

Veterans' Reemployment Rights as provided by the Vietnam Era Veterans Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974 are administered (1) to assure reemployment and seniority protection for men and women who interrupt their civilian careers for training or service in the Armed Forces of the United States; (2) to aid all persons covered by the veterans reemployment statutes in obtaining the reemployment rights and benefits to which they are entitled; and (3) to assist employers, labor organizations and other interested parties in resolving problems arising under reemployment rights statutes. Local reemployment rights advisors include all County Veterans Service Officers in the State of Nebraska and all Local Veterans Employment Representatives with the State Employment Service offices.

For information or assistance concerning any of the above activities, contact the Kansas City Area Office at the address shown above, or telephone 816-374-5261.

Cullen P. Keough, Regional Administrator, Kansas City, Missouri.

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

The Bureau of Labor Statistics is the statistical and research agency of the United States Department of Labor. It gathers, analyzes, and reports on matters of interest to labor, government and students of economic activity generally. Studies provide information relating to prices and living costs; employment, hours, and hourly and weekly earnings; job openings and labor turnover, by industry, for the United States, individual states, and major metropolitan areas; occupational wage rates by industry and area; employer's cost for fringe benefit programs; collective bargaining agreements; occupational safety and health statistics; work stoppages; and productivity.

Statistical programs in the fields of employment, hours of work, hourly and weekly earnings, and job openings and labor turnover, and work injuries, are carried out in cooperation with an agency of the state government in each state.

Howard J. Watson, Cooperating Representative of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Labor and Chief of Research and Statistics, Nebraska Division of Employment, 550 So. 16th, Lincoln 68501.

Ben Novicoff, Presiding Judge, Nebraska Workmen's Compensation, 13th Floor, State Capitol Building, Lincoln 68509.

Elliott A. Browar, Regional Commissioner, Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 911 Walnut Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

THE EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION

The Employment and Training Administration of the U.S. Department of Labor, working with the Nebraska Division of Employment and others, is responsible for the coordination and supervision of all employment and training activities within the State, receiving federal funds.

The Nebraska Division of Employment maintains fifteen full-functioning offices with six satellite or suboffices all offering placement and training and some unemployment insurance services.

The activities of the administrative and field staff of these offices are the main responsibilities of the Employment and Training Administration in Nebraska.

Other work oriented programs falling under the jurisdiction of the Employment and Training Administration are: The Work Incentive Program (WIN) designed to assist welfare recipients to move from welfare to productive employment; the Comprehensive Employment and Training (CETA) program, basically designed to assist economically disadvantaged, unemployed and those with other work related problems. Additional responsibilities are the administering of the Public Service Employment program in areas of high unemployment and the funding of Job Corps Centers. This program is operated by local and state governments.

Richard G. Miskimins, Regional Administrator, Employment and Training Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 911 Walnut Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

Occupational Safety and Health Administration

This office administers the Williams-Steiger Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. It was established and became effective April 28, 1971. The administration has broad responsibilities for insuring that insofar as possible, every enployee in the United States and its territories has a safe and healthful place to work.

The administration has the authority to develop and promulgate OSHA standards, to develop and issue regulations, to conduct investigations and inspections, to determine the status of compliance with the safety and health standards and regulations in Nebraska, served by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

The Omaha Area Office serves 37 eastern counties and the North Platte Area Office serves the remaining 56 central and western counties. Together they serve all of the State and both Area Offices come under the jurisdiction of the Regional Office in Kansas City, Missouri.

Vernon A. Strahm, Regional Administrator, Room 3000, Federal Office Building, 911 Walnut Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

Warren P. Wright, Area Director, Overland-Wolf Building, 6910 Pacific Street, Room 100, Omaha, Nebraska 68106.

Carmine A. Barone, Acting Area Director, 113 West 6th Street, Second Floor, North Platte, Nebraska 69101.

Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training

The Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, United States Department of Labor, has four major functions: It provides assistance to industry (management and labor) in the development of apprenticeship standards for skilled trade training; it assists industry in developing training procedures for occupations not considered within the skilled trade category; it acts in consultant capacity to industry on the labor relations aspect of industrial training and maintains statistics, or permanent inventory, of skilled labor force.

There is one office in Nebraska under the general supervision of the Regional Office in Kansas City, Missouri.

While the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training was established by Act of Congress, participation in the National Apprenticeship Program or the Skill Improvement Program is voluntary on the part of management and labor.

Thomas P. Quinn, State Supervisor, Suite 103, Overland Wolf Bldg., 6910 Pacific Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68106.

Regional Office, 1100 Federal Office Building, 911 Walnut Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

U.S. Training and Enployment Service
Veterans Employment Service

The Veterans Employment Service, a bureau of the U.S. Department of Labor, is an agency created by law, primarily for the purpose of promoting employment for veterans. It is the only bureau of the U.S. Department of Labor that assigns a representative directly to each state and U.S. possessions to functionally supervise the program for which they are responsible.

Primarily the Veterans Employment Service works with the State Employment Service and other agencies to promulgate and implement plans and procedures that will enhance veterans' chances of obtaining gainful and useful employment. Liaison is maintained with civic organizations, unions, veterans organizations and others to better understand the employment problems and needs of veterans and to coordinate efforts and activities to solve the problems and alleviate the needs.

EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS ADMINISTRATION
WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION

Enforces the wage-hour, child labor, and equal pay provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act, Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act, McNamara-O'Hara Service Contract Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts, the Consumers Credit Protection Act, Title III Restriction on Garnishment, and the Farm Labor Contractor Registration Act. The Compliance Officers located in Lincoln and Grand Island travel extensively and are in their offices on an intermittent basis. Prompt services can be obtained by contacting the Area Office in Omaha.

Doyle I. Loveridge, Regional Administrator, Employment Standards Administration, Kansas City Region, 911 Walnut Street, Room 2000, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

Frank R. Gerlach, Area Director, 2118 Federal Building, Omaha 68102. (This office also serves as an Information and Referral Center for the Women's Bureau.).

Gerald Irvin, Compliance Officer, First Federal Building, 1811 West 2nd Street, Grand Island, Nebraska 68801.

Robert J. Binder, Compliance Officer, Federal Building-U.S. Courthouse, 100 Centennial Mall North, Lincoln, Nebraska 68508.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION AND WELFARE

Joseph A. Califano, Jr., Secretary, Washington, D.C.

On April 11, 1953, the Federal Security Agency became the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. Reorganization Plan 1 of 1953, which created the Department, abolished the Agency and transferred all functions of the Federal Security Administrator to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare. The Department's major responsibilities are to promote the general welfare in the fields of health, educa-

tion and economic security. To accomplish these goals, the Department works with state and local governments, and with private institutions, to eliminate the conditions that stunt individual growth or impair human dignity; and it seeks to foster those capabilities that enable the individual to work and live as a free and responsible citizen.

The Department's programs encompass, anong other things, research, seeking the causes and early prevention of major illnesses, in its own laboratories and through grants to research scientists; aid to educational institutions through grants and student loans; cooperative programs with the states for the improvement of education, regulatory activities dealing with the purity and potency of drugs and the safety of foods and cosmetics, rehabilitation of the handicapped, hospital construction, health care for American Indians, control of epidemics and enforcement of civil rights legislation.

The Department is responsible for the administration of more than 300 major programs. They are administered by the Office of the Secretary, the Social Security Administration, the Public Health Service (which includes the Health Services and Mental Health Administration, the Food and Drug Administration, and the National Institutes of Health), the Office of Education, and the Social and Rehabilitation Service.

The Department's regional office in Kansas City, Missouri, one of ten such offices throughout the country, serves Nebraska. Social Security district offices serving Nebraska are located in Beatrice, Columbus, Fremont, Grand Island, Hastings, Lincoln, Norfolk, North Platte, Omaha, Scottsbluff, Nebraska and Council Bluffs, Iowa.

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

[Omaha Resident Post located at];
1619 Howard St., Omaha, Ne. 68102

The mission of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is to protect the public health of the nation through regulatory and informational activities designed to insure that foods are safe, pure and wholesome; drugs are safe and effective; cosmetics are harmless; therapeutic devices are safe and effective; biologics are produced according to license requirements; sources of radiation meet acceptable standards of safety; all of the above are honestly and informatively labeled and packaged; and that all U.S. citizens understand how to use label information; how to protect themselves from potential hazards of personal abuse of FDA regulated products; how to improve consumer protection through the submission of complaints; and how to participate in the agency's decision making process.

Julia S. Hewgley, Consumer Affairs Officer.....[402] 221-4675
Carl A. Larrick, Consumer Safety Officer.....[402] 221-4676
Gary L. Pierce, Consumer Safety Officer
Michael D. Ellison, Consumer Safety Officer

Roderick J. Steele, Consuner Safety Officer
Linda Pane, Clerk/Typist
Regional Office located at 1009 Cherry St., Kansas City, Mo. 64106.

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

The Social Security Administration carries out the duties imposed by the Social Security Act, which include administration of a national system of retirement, survivors, and disability insurance; administration of a nationwide supplemental security income program for aged, disabled, or blind persons with low incomes and minimal resources and administration of a national program of health insurance for the aged and certain disabled people under 65, popularly known as "Medicare." The Social Security Administration maintains over 1300 offices throughout the country. Nebraska is served by eleven offices located in Beatrice, Columbus, Fremont, Grand Island, Hastings, Lincoln, Norfolk, North Platte, Omaha, Scottsbluff and Sioux City, Iowa.

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Patricia Roberts Harris, Secretary, Washington, D.C. 20410

The primary mission of the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is to provide "a decent home and suitable living environment for every American, thus contributing to the development and redevelopment of communities and to the advancement of the growth, wealth, and security of the Nation." This goal, first enunciated in the Housing Act of 1949, was reaffirmed in a Presidential Message of September 19, 1973.

HUD was created by Public Law 89-174, enacted September 9, 1965. It incorporated several predecessor agencies: Housing and Home Finance Agency, Federal Housing Administration, Urban Renewal Administration, Public Housing Administration, and Community Facilities Administration.

In 1968 the Department moved into its present modern headquarters on a 5.5-acre tract in the southwest section of Washington.

The HUD Secretary is appointed by the President of the United States and confirmed by the Senate. Program responsibilities are delegated to Assistant Secretaries and Administrators.

In addition, the Secretary is assisted by an Under Secretary, a General Counsel, a Deputy Under Secretary for Field Operations, an Inspector General, and by assistants for Public Affairs, Labor Relations, and Inter-national Affairs.

Ten Regional Offices and a network of area and insuring offices have broad authority for operating decisions in the field.

Program responsibilities of the Assistant Secretaries and Administrators are:

Assistant Secretary for Housing—Federal Housing Commissioner

Responsible for all HUD programs and functions involving the financial and operational management of HUD-assisted housing, public housing, modernization, tenant and counseling services, management and disposition of HUD-held properties, and servicing of mortgages under all HUD/FHA multi-family mortgage insurance programs. Responds to natural disasters requiring emergency housing.

Directs overall operation of the FHA and administers programs and activities of the Department which assist in the production and financing of housing and the conservation and rehabilitation of the housing stock. These include the various mortgage insurance programs and low rent public housing. Included in these programs are programs for insuring mortgages and loans made by private lending institutions for the purchase, construction, rehabilitation, repair, and improvement of single and multi-family housing.

Assistant Secretary for Administration: provides for the ad ministrative support and management of the Department. Is responsible for the budget, management and organization analysis, financial systems and accounting operations, personnel management and administration, automatic data processing, data and statistical analysis, general administrative services and procurement and contracts.

Assistant Secretary for Community Planning and Development (CPD): directs the administration of Community Development programs such as Urban Renewal, Model Cities, Rehabilitation loans and grants, Basic Water and Sewer facilities; Open Space Land, Neighborhood Facilities, and Public Facilities Loan.

He also administers various financial and technical assistance programs for planning, management, and training to aid States, communities, and localities. CPD also carries out HUD's responsibilities to implement the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, and develops and coordinates HUD relocation activities with other Departments and agencies. The Office serves as a source of policy analysis and development in intergovernmental relations, public management approaches and community planning techniques and goals. Also aids in coordination of other departments of government which have a major impact on community development. Serves as a focal point of HUD in implementing the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 and National Historic Preservation.

Assistant Secretary for Policy Development and Research (PD&R): is responsible for a variety of activities, including research, policy development, program analysis and evaluation, and economic affairs.

PD&R serves as a national focal point for housing and community development research, and a central point for research analysis, data collection and dissemination of findings.

The Office carries out on a national scale research into problems of housing and community development. An important element in this

operation is the involvement of State and local government officials, private organizations and community groups in developing, testing and demonstrating new and innovative ways to solve these problems.

Assistant Secretary for Legislative Affairs: principal advisor on legislative affairs to the Secretary, responsible to the Secretary for liaison with Congress and for information and analysis on all legislative proposals and laws related to housing and community development.

Assistant Secretary for Equal Opportunity (EO): responsible for assuring fair housing for all citizens throughout the United States under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968; also responsible for ensuring that HUD-assisted programs are administered without discrimination because of race, creed, color or national origin under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. Also responsible for insuring equal opportunity in employment by Federal or federally-assisted contractors, and coordinating the Department's efforts to encourage minority business enterprise in its programs.

Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA): The President of GNMA oversees this HUD-controlled corporation whose function is to encourage the expansion of private capital for residential housing, through a variety of special programs.

Federal Insurance Administration (FIA): The Federal Insurance Administration administers three insurance programs authorized by the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, as amended in 1969 and 1970, and also administers the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973.

The National Flood Insurance Program makes insurance available in flood-prone areas and fosters local flood plain management measures to reduce flood losses.

The National Insurance Development Program makes essential property insurance available to property owners unable to obtain it through normal channels.

The Federal Crime Insurance Program is designed to make crime insurance available at affordable rates in States which do not have such a program.

New Communities Administration: This office includes the functions of the Community Development Corporation, headed by a General Manager. The principal assistance of the Corporation is a Federal guarantee of long term debt of new community developers, both public and private. Conmunities approved under the Federal law encourage more orderly growth patterns to provide better living and working environment and to encourage economic growth and provide a substantial number of jobs near homes.

HUD's programs are channeled through communities, urban areas, states, private and public agencies, and sponsors. Through loans, grants, mortgage insurance, and technical assistance, the Department helps to meet the Nation's housing and urban development needs. Its principal

programs help to provide decent housing for low-income and moderate-income families . . . provide special assistance for housing for the elderly and handicapped . . . help slum and blighted areas and support orderly metropolitan growth.

HUD's field services are available to the State of Nebraska through Region VII headquarters in Kansas City, Missouri.

The Kansas City, Missouri Regional Office is located in the Federal Office Building, 911 Walnut Street, Room 300, Kansas City, Missouri, 64106. Telephone number, (816) 374-2661.

The Omaha, Nebraska Area Office is located in the Univac Building, 7100 West Center Road, Omaha, Nebraska, 68106. Telephone number, (402) 221-9301.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Brock Adams, Secretary, Washington, D.C.

The United States transportation industry which accounts for more than twenty percent of the current Gross National Product must double its capacity in the next twenty years to accommodate ever-rising demands for its service.

Recognizing the burgeoning problems posed by such rapid growth in transportation facilities, President Lyndon Johnson signed into law P.L. 89-670 creating the U.S. Department of Transportation on October 15, 1966. The Department was charged with coordinating transportation programs of the federal government, stimulating technological advance for the industry and devising a long-range transportation for the entire country.

Within the Department are seven major elements: The Federal Aviation Administration, the Federal Highway Administration, the Federal Railroad Administration, the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, the United States Coast Guard, the St. Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation, and the Urban Mass Transportation Administration.

The Department of Transportation has approximately 115,000 employees and a yearly budget of nearly 15 billion dollars.

Among the principal programs of the Department are the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act which begins the process of revitalizing the Nation's railroads by providing regulatory reform and financial assistance; the National Mass Transportation Assistance Act of 1974 to provide over a six-year period $11.8 billion in federal assistance to urban areas, large and small, to improve their public transit services; the Interstate Highway Program under which more than 37,000 miles of the proposed 42,500-mile system have been opened to traffic; the Airport/Airways Development Program to upgrade airports, air navigation and traffic control systems across the Nation; continuation of efforts to lengthen the traffic season on the St. Lawrence Seaway and Great Lakes

to enhance a more efficient and economical flow of goods and produce to and from the Midwestern states; initiation of steps necessary to protect the Nation's off-shore economic interests to the 200-mile limit recently established by the U.S. Congress; continuation of efforts to reduce transportation-related deaths and injuries in the U.S. by a wide range of safety programs.

NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION

The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) has the responsibility for providing the leadership and the coordination of the national program to reduce traffic crashes, deaths, injuries, and property damage on the nation's highways. This is accomplished through the following activities:

Development and issuance of Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards (FMVSS) of performance;

Assist the States in planning and implementing effective highway safety programs (except for those which relate to highway design, construction and maintenance, traffic control devices, identification and surveillance of accident locations, and highway-related aspects of pedestrian safety, for which the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) has been assigned standards development responsibility);

Administration of a program of Federal assistance to States to aid them in implementing their highway programs formulated around the highway safety standards; and

Conducting research, testing and demonstration programs to develop new scientific data.

In addition to its research, rulemaking, and Federal assistance programs, NHTSA maintains a consumer information service which receives consumer questions and complaints about automobile defects and provides information about automotive safety, repairability, and cost of repair, and for providing the technical record in litigation arising out of noncompliance with the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards.

The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration Regional office at Kansas City is responsible for administering the program in the four State Region of Iowa, Kansas, Missouri and Nebraska. The Kansas City Regional office is directed by Mr. Everett L. McBride, Regional Administrator.

The Nebraska Highway Safety Program is supervised by a legal representative appointed by the Governor of the State. Currently, the Nebraska Governor's Representative is R. James Pearson, Director, Nebraska Motor Vehicle Department.

The Nebraska Highway Safety Program is administered by Mr. James McGinn, Administrator, Nebraska Office of Highway Safety.

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

The National Transportation Safety Board is an independent Federal agency that serves as the overseer of U.S. transportation safety; its responsibilities cover marine, railroad, highway, pipeline, and civil aviation. It is one of the smallest agencies, numbering some 311 employees, most of whom are technical specialists in various transportation systems.

The Safety Board is headed by five Members appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate, one of whom is designated by the President to serve as Chairman. The Board's mission is (1) to determine the cause of transportation accidents and (2) to make safety recommendations aimed at preventing accidents from happening.

The Safety Board determines the cause of accidents through direct investigations, public hearings, and staff review and analysis of accident information; it points out corrective action aimed at preventing accidents through the public issuance of special studies and safety recommendations.

In U.S. civil aviation the Safety Board is required to determine the probable cause of all accidents; the same responsibility covers all fatal railroad and pipeline accidents, and on a selected case basis highway and marine accidents.

The Board issues all its accident reports, safety recommendations, special studies, and aviation statistics publicly. Copies may be obtained by writing the Publications Section, National Transportation Safety Board, Washington, D.C. 20594.

FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

The independent Federal Aviation Agency became the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) within the Department of Transportation when DOT was established in 1967. The FAA is the arm of the United States Government responsible for the promotion, regulation, and safety of civil aviation, and for the safe and efficient use of airspace which is shared by both civil and military aircraft. The FAA is responsible for expanding, modernizing, and improving the Federal Airways System.

The prime mission of the FAA is the safety of the aviation community and the general public. The FAA sets standards of safety; maintains a close watch to ensure that these standards are being followed; investigates and initiates corrective, and when necessary, punitive action when these standards are violated.

The FAA certifies airmen and new aircraft; establishes, maintains, and operates facilities for air navigation and air traffic control; and administers the Airport Development Aid Program.

As part of the Federal Airways System in Nebraska, there are seven Flight Service Stations at Chadron, Grand Island, Lincoln, North Platte,

Omaha, Scottsbluff, and Sidney, and three Airport Traffic Control Towers at Grand Island, Omaha, and Lincoln. A Radar Approach Control Facility is operated by the FAA at Offutt Air Force Base near Omaha. These facilities transmit weather and flight information necessary for private, military, and commercial aviation.

Also included in the Federal Airways System in Nebraska are a number of radio aids to air navigation to assist in moving large volumes of air traffic. Two long range radar systems are located near Omaha and North Platte. Airport radar systems are located at Lincoln Airport and Offutt Air Force Base. Radio aids to air navigation include four Instrument Landing Systems in Lincoln, Omaha, Grand Island, and Scottsbluff; twelve Very High Frequency Omniranges at Chadron, Grand Island, Hayes Center, North Platte, Omaha, Norfolk, O'Neill, Pawnee City, Lincoln, Scottsbluff, Sidney, and Wolbach; and five Low Frequency Homing facilities at Omaha, Grand Island, Lincoln, North Platte, and Jackson. Peripheral transmitter and receiver sites used by Air Route Traffic Control Centers are operated at Grand Island (2), Ogallala, Crawford, O'Neill (2), and Omaha. There is one Flight Standards District Office at Lincoln. These Federal Airways Facilities and the district Office are under the jurisdiction of the FAA's Regional Office in Kansas City, Missouri.

C.R. Melugin, Jr., Director, Central Region, Federal Aviation Administration, 601 East Twelfth Street, Kansas City, Missouri, 64106.

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

The Federal Highway Administration is a part of the Department of Transportation, which was established in 1967. It comprised the former Bureau of Public Roads which was transferred from the Department of Commerce and the Motor Carrier Safety functions from the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The principal missions of FHWA are:

a. Administration, in cooperation with the States, of the: (1) Federal-aid Highway Construction Program, including primary, secondary, urban and interstate programs; (2) Planning and Research program concerned with collection, analyses, and interpretation of various transportation related functions and studies, research and demonstration activities related thereto; (3) Highway Safety Improvement Program concerned with the correction of high safety hazard locations on existing roads and highways; (4) Highway Beautification Program and related activities directed towards the preservation of the highway environment with respect to the conservation of the natural beauty of the countryside, public parks and recreation lands, wildlife and waterfowl refuges, and historic sites; (5) development and coordination of defense plans and operations as related to highways; (6) assistance in natural disaster relief programs related to highways; and (7) other highway related programs.

b. Administration, in accordance with the provisions of the Highway Safety Act of 1966, of a coordinated national program of financial assistance to the States to accelerate development and implementation of highway oriented highway safety programs at State and local levels, including related research and development, in the areas of: (1) highway design, construction, and maintenance, including highway related aspects of pedestrian safety; (2) identification and surveillance of accident locations; and (3) traffic control devices.

c. Regulation and enforcement of Federal requirements relating to the safety of operation and equipment of commercial motor carriers engaged in interstate or foreign commerce, including those whose operations are specifically exempt from economic regulations; and governing the safety in movement over the Nation's highways of dangerous cargoes such as explosives, flammables, and other hazardous materials.

The Federal Highway Administration programs in Nebraska are under the responsibility of the Regional Office in Kansas City, Missouri, and a Division Office located in Lincoln.

John B. Kemp, Regional Administrator, 6301 Rockhill Road, Second Floor, Colonial Square Building, Kansas City, Missouri 64113.

Raymond Hogrefe, Division Engineer, Federal Building, 100 Centennial Mall North, Lincoln 68508.

FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION

Office of Safety

The Office of Safety is the organization unit of the Department of Transportation's Federal Railroad Administration charged with the responsibility for administration and enforcement of the various federal railroad safety laws, including the Safety Appliance Acts (45 U.S. Code 1 to 16), the Power Brake Law, 1958, (45 U.S. Code 9), the Ash Pan Act (45 U.S. Code 17 to 21), the Locomotive Inspection Act (45 U.S. Code 22 to 34), the Investigation of Safety Devices Act (45 U.S. Code 36), the Accident Reports Act (45 U.S. Code 38 to 43), the Hours of Service Act (45 U.S. Code 61 to 64), the Signal Inspection Act (49 U.S. Code 26 and 10), the Medals of Honor Act (49 U.S. Code 1201 to 1203), and the Transportation of Explosives and Other Dangerous Articles as relates to railroads (18 U.S. Code 831 to 835). The Federal Railroad Safety Act of 1970, (45 U.S. Code 421, to 441). This act extends to areas of railroad safety not previously covered. The Office of Safety has been assigned all the rail safety functions transferred from the Interstate Commerce Commission to the Department of Transportation by the Department of Transportation Act effective April 1, 1967. It advises and assists the Federal Railroad Administrator in all railroad safety matters and is accountable for the development, evaluation, stimulation, direction, promotion, and enforcement of the Federal Railroad Administration's rail safety programs, and conducts inspections and investigations relating to safety appliances, locomotives, freight cars, signals systems, hours of service, track and structures, heroic acts, accidents, and other railroad safety matters.

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

ACTION AGENCY

Regional Director ..... John L. Campbell
Deputy Regional Director ..... Harold B. McQuiston
Program Operations Officer ..... Dorothy Kennedy
State Program Director, Iowa ..... Joel Weinstein
State Program Director, Kansas ..... James Byrnes
State Program Director, Missouri ..... Marjorie Jackson
State Program Director, Nebraska ..... Elmer Lange
Administrative Officer ..... Bill Beemont
Grants & Contracts Officer ..... Cherlyn Seckinger
Training Officer ..... Tom Lenhard
Area Recruitment Manager (Peace Corps, VISTA) ..... Michael Dix

ACTION, the federal volunteer service agency established in July, 1971, enables Americans to Volunteer their services where needed at home and abroad.

The Regional Office is responsible for program development; awarding grants and contracts; program administration and technical assistance; and recruitment of volunteers for Peace Corps, VISTA, and special volunteer programs.

ACTION programs are Peace Corps, RSVP (Retired Senior Volunteer Program), FGP (Foster Grandparents Program), SPC (Senior Companion Program), VISTA (Volunteers in Service to America), UYA (University Year for ACTION), NSVP (National Student Volunteer Program), and SVP (Special volunteer programs), YCP (Youth Challenge Program), Statewide Governor's Volunteer Program, ACTION Cities, and Mini-Grant Program.

Region VII, 2 Gateway Center, 4th & State, Kansas City, Kansas 66101.

No. of Employees—18 Kansas City, Kansas; 5 Kansas City, Missouri, 4 Des Moines, Iowa; 4 Lincoln, Nebraska; 4 Kansas City, Kansas.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) was established December 2, 1970. EPA is charged with mounting an integrated, coordinated attack on the six environmental problems of air, water, solid waste management, pesticides, radiation, and noise.

To ensure that the Agency is truly responsive to environmental needs in every part of the country, it has established a strong field organization with Regional Offices located at ten major cities. The Regional Offices are staffed by specialists in each of the six program areas and headed by a Regional Administrator possessing broad authority to act for EPA in matters within his jurisdiction.

EPA's research is conducted through four National Environmental Research Centers located at Cincinnati, Ohio; Research Triangle Park, North Carolina; Corvallis, Oregon; and Las Vegas, Nevada.

The Centers direct and coordinate the work of satellite laboratories in various parts of the country.

Nebraska is one of four states within the Region VII area of responsibility. Region VII, EPA, is located at 1735 Baltimore, Kansas City, Missouri 64108. The telephone number is 816-374-5493.

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

The Equal Employment Opportunity Commission is an agency of the United States Governnent that administers the statutory provisions of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 as amended by the Equal Employment Opportunity Act of 1972. The Civil Rights Act of 1964 as amended, specifically forbids discrimination in employment on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex.

The Act covers any employer with 15 or more employees. Further, the Act covers employees working for public institutions, labor unions, educational institutions, state and local governments and political subdivisions thereof. Individuals and/or organizations on own behalf or on behalf of aggrieved parties, may file a charge within 180 days after the date of the alleged violation. Charges, or information on filing a charge, should be directed to the following office:

Kansas City District Office, Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, 1150 Grand, Kansas City, Missouri. 64106.

FARM CREDIT BANKS OF OMAHA

The Farm Credit Banks of Omaha consist of three banks providing credit for farmers, ranchers, and stockmen and their cooperative organizations. The Federal Land Bank, through farmer-owned Federal Land Bank Associations, provides long-term farm and ranch real estate loans. The Federal Intermediate Credit Bank provides funds required by Production Credit Associations and other agricultural lending institutions making short- and intermediate-term loans. The Bank for Cooperatives specializes in all types of loans to farmer-owned marketing, purchasing, and business service cooperatives. The Farm Credit Banks, located in Omaha, serve Nebraska, Iowa, South Dakota, and Wyoming. The Banks are part of the nationwide Farm Credit System.

John A. Harling, Chairman, Presidents Committee, Farm Credit Banks of Omaha, and President, Omaha Bank for Cooperatives.

D. L. Hovendick, President, Federal Intermediate Credit Bank of Omaha.

Arthur C. Buffington, President, Federal Land Bank of Omaha.

T. Eugene Gustafson, Member, Farm Credit Board of Omaha, Phillips.

Walter W. Peterson, Member, Farm Credit Board of Omaha, Chappell.

Ralph Raikes, Member, Farm Credit Board of Omaha, Ashland.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

The Federal Communications Commission enforces the Communications Act of 1934 as amended which applies to all interstate and foreign communications by wire, submarine cable and radio; licenses commercial and privately-owned radio stations on land, shipboard, aircraft and land vehicles; licenses persons operating radio transmitters; guards against interference to regular radio services; locates unlawful radio transmitters; also renders aid to lost aircraft and ships through direction finding. The Commission operates a radio monitoring station in Nebraska.

John McKinney, Jr., Engineer in Charge, Federal Communications Commission, Monitoring Station, P.O. Box 1588. Grand Island 68801.

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

The chief purpose of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation is to insure the deposits of banks which are members of the Fund. Maximum insurance for each depositor, in the same right and capacity, is $20,000. The corporation pays the depositors of closed insured banks. All banks which are members of the Federal Reserve System and all national banks are insured, and any state bank which is not a member of the Federal Reserve System may become insured upon application and examination and approval by the Board of Directors of the corporation.

Burton L. Blasingame, Regional Director;
Howard C. Thedens, Assistant Regional Director;
Robert W. Ellis, Assistant Regional Director;
Jon G. Will, Examiner;
Paul H. Wiechnan, Examiner, 1700 Farnam Street, Suite 1200, Omaha.

Examiners

OMAHA
John J. Goheen, Jr.
Charles R. Denesia
Charles P. Geers
William C. Keller
Robert A. Maffitt
Michael H. Nelson
Robert J. Ruff
Keith W. Seibold
Phillip W. Zeleny

LINCOLN
Kenneth L. Walker
Michael R. Dusenbery
Jerome N. Lenzen
Raymond K. Pritchett

NORFOLK
James A. Rotter
Jay E. Jensen
Donald L. Pfeiffer, Jr.

GRAND ISLAND
Cary H. Hiner
Robert L. Dodendorf
Joseph A. Ketchmark

KEARNEY
Norman K. Gentzler
Jerry W. Brown
Gary A. Liess
Charles H. Pfaff

NORTH PLATTE
Robert L. Gleason
Albert L. Curtis

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK BOARD

The Federal Home Loan Bank Board (FHLBB) is an independent United States Government agency that regulates the activities of twelve Federal Home Loan Banks and over 4.5 thousand Savings and Loan Associations. FHLBB is also the operating head of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation which insures accounts for more than fifty-one million savers in the savings and loan institutions. Board members also serve as the Board of Directors of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, which buys and sells mortgages in the secondary market.

The main purpose of FHLBB is to encourage thrift and economical homeownership through supervision and regulation of the Federal Home Loan Bank Systen, the Federal Savings and Loan System, and the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation. Expenses of FHLBB are paid by assessments against the Federal Home Loan Banks and the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation and charges against institutions examined by its Office of Examinations and Supervision. All of these activities are self-supporting and do not require the appropriation of the United States Treasury funds.

In addition to the state of Nebraska, the Tenth District of FHLBB includes the states of Colorado, Kansas, and Oklahoma. The operation of the district is under the supervision of District Director Raymond J. Gatti from the District Office in Topeka. His office is responsible for examining and supervising the operations of all federally insured Savings and Loan Associations within the Tenth District. Through a program of regularly-scheduled examinations and a sophisticated reporting system, OES detects the development and deters the continuation of unsafe and unsound financial practices in member institutions. Supervisory Agents, directed from FHLBB headquarters in Washington, work with savings and loan management to correct less than satisfactory operations.

Within the state of Nebraska, the functions of the OES are managed by Field Manager Edward W. Wiens who maintains an office at Room 1201, Federal Office Building, 106 South 15th Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68102.

FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE

Upon application of management or labor, this agency provides the services of skilled mediators and provides lists of arbitrators, for the purpose of forestalling or terminating work stoppages resulting from industrial disputes. This Service is no longer a branch of the Department of Labor. It was set up as an independent agency in August of 1947 when the Labor-Management Act was enacted.

Paul E. Bowers, Regional Director, Chromalloy Plaza—Fifth Floor, 120 South Central, St. Louis, Missouri 63105.

George H. Clay, president, Federal Reserve Bank, Kansas City, Missouri.

Kent I. Frazer, Jimmie L. Parman, Commissioners, Room 303, 6818 Grover, Omaha, Nebraska 68106.

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

The basic function of the Federal Reserve System is to make possible a flow of credit and money that will foster orderly economic growth and a stable dollar. An efficient monetary mechanism is indispensable to the steady development of the Nation's resources and a rising standard of living.

There are twelve Federal Reserve Banks in the United States and twenty-four branches. Nebraska is a part of the Tenth Federal Reserve District. Accordingly, the state is served by the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City and its Omaha Branch.

Robert T. Person, Chairman, Board of Directors and Federal Reserve Agent, Federal Reserve Bank, Kansas City, Missouri.

Robert D. Hamilton, Vice President, Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City in charge of the Omaha Branch, Omaha.

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

The Federal Trade Commission is an independent regulatory agency which enforces laws covering advertising, credit cost disclosures, credit reporting practices, credit card liability, and the correct labeling of fabrics and other consumer goods. In addition to these consumer oriented laws, the Commission also enforces laws outlawing unfair practices which may violate the antitrust statutes. The Commission's mandate is to keep the market place free and fair, and it does this by moving against unfair and deceptive business practices of all types. The Commission investigates complaints of broad public interest in interstate commerce. Nebraskans can learn more about the agency or file complaints by writing:

Federal Trade Commission, Suite 2900, 1405 Curtis Street, Denver, Colorado 80202.

The agency has no office in Nebraska.

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Nebraska is one of four states located in GSA Region 6. GSA is the business management agency for the Executive Branch of the Government. There are four operating services—Public Building Service, Federal Supply Service, National Archives and Records Service and Automated Data and Teleconmunications Service. GSA responsibilities include design, construction, maintenance and management of federally-owned buildings; procurement of common use items of supply; operation of interagency motor pools; preservation of U.S. historical documents, management of agencies' records and operation of Presidential

Libraries; operation of federal telecommunications network; provision and control of data processing and systems development services; utilization or sale of Government surplus and the Government's stockpile of strategic and critical materials; and operation of centralized field duplicating plants.

The office of the Regional Administrator, Mr. H.D. Harvell is located in the regional office, 1500 East Bannister Road, Kansas City, Missouri 64131.

The following General Services Administration offices are located in Nebraska:

Harold E. Lowe, Area Manager, 1006 Federal Building, 215 North 17th Street, Omaha 68102.

Sam W. Carithers, Buildings Manager, 1118 Federal Building, 215 North 17th Street, Omaha 68102.

Paul A. Brueckner, Manager, Interagency Motor Pool, 1707 Jackson Street, Omaha 68102.

Ernest R. Mahan, Manager, Self-Service Store, 2120 Federal Building, 215 North 17th Street, Omaha 68102.

Gaylord E. Hart, Area Communications Manager, 1311 Federal Building, 215 North 17th Street, Omaha 68102.

Arthur Ewoldt, Buildings Superintendent, 102 Federal Building, 203 West Second, Grand Island 68801.

Leroy Crosley, Buildings Manager, 104 Federal Building, 300 East Third Street, North Platte 69101.

Glen E. Sprague, Building Superintendent, Federal Building, U.S. Post Office, 420 Broadway, Fullerton 68638.

Ruth Morris, Telephone Supervisor, Room 187B, 100 Centennial Mall Street, Lincoln 68508.

Lawrence W. Maxfield, Buildings Manager, 181 Federal Building, U.S. Courthouse, 100 Centennial Mall North, Lincoln 68508.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

The Interstate Commerce Commission regulates in the public interest, common carriers engaged in transportation in interstate commerce.

The Bureau of Operations has an office in Nebraska.

Bureau of Operations:

Carroll Russell, District Supervisor, Suite 620, 110 North 14th Street, Omaha, NE 68102.

Max H. Johnston, District Supervisor, 285 Federal Building & U.S. Courthouse, 100 Centennial Mall North, Lincoln, NE 68508.

Jarred D. Adkins, Railroad Service Agent, Suite 620, 110 North 14th Street, Omaha, NE 68102.

Jon M. McReynolds, Transportation Specialist, Suite 620, 110 North 14th Street, Omaha, NE 68102.

Daniel L. Gordon, Auditor, Suite 620, 110 North 14th Street, Omaha, NE 68102.

NATIONAL CREDIT UNION ADMINISTRATION

The National Credit Union Administration is the governing regulatory agency for all federally chartered credit unions. Its primary functions are chartering new credit unions, supervising and examining approximately 13,000 operating Federal credit unions, and insuring member accounts of Federal and State-chartered credit unions. The Administration is self-financing and obtains all of its revenue from the above activities.

The National Credit Union Administration was established by act of March 10, 1970 (84 Stat. 49; 12 U.S.C. 1752) as an independent agency of the executive branch of the Federal Government.

The National Credit Union Administration regulates the Federal credit union system, which has the greatest number of financial institutions in the United States with total assets in excess of $21 billion.

Paul A. Trylko, Regional Director, National Credit Union Administration, 515 Congress Ave., Suite 1400, Austin, Texas 78701.

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

The Railroad Retirement Board was established in 1935. It administers a retirement system for the payment of annuities and pensions to the aged and disabled railroad employees, spouse annuities and survivor annuities and lump sum death benefit payments to the survivors of railroad employees, annuitants and pensioners; an unemployment insurance system for the payment of benefits to railroad employees who become unemployed due to lack of work or to sickness; a free employment service for unemployed railroad workers and others including exservice men and women, interested in railroad employment; and administers the medicare program for railroad employees and their families.

Merle R. Shreffler, District Manager, Room 1010, New Federal Building, Omaha.

W. Tom Mulligan, Base Point Representative, P.O. Box 1103, Room 306, 300 East 3rd Street, North Platte.

UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE

The United States Postal Service was created as an independent establishment of the executive branch by the Postal Reorganization Act of August 12, 1970. The Postal Service commenced operations on July 1, 1971.

Its basic function is to provide postal services to bind the nation together through the personal, educational, literary and business correspondence of the people.

There is a post office—headed by a postmaster or officer-in-charge—in practically every community in Nebraska.

All post offices in the State of Nebraska come under the jurisdiction of a Management Sectional Center Manager. These are Postmasters at:

Omaha	John P. Munnelly	680-681
Lincoln	Garl Moore	683-685
Norfolk	Jerome Wieser	686-687
Grand Island	Orville W. Cumming	688-689
North Platte	Victor Kuhlman	690-693

These 5 Managers are administratively responsible to:
Charley Dickey
Manager, Omaha Postal District

The Omaha District is part of the Central Region in Chicago which is in charge of:
Clarence B. Gels
Regional Postmaster General
and
Benjamin Franklin Bailar
Postmaster General
Washington, DC

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

The Small Business Adninistration was established by the Small Business Act of 1953. It is the first comprehensive peacetime governmental agency in history created for the sole purpose of advising, counselling, assisting and protecting small-business enterprises. The Small Business Administration makes business and disaster loans, furnishes management and technical assistance, assists small firms in participating in government procurement and Rural Development Programs, and guarantees lease on land and buildings occupied by small businesses. The Administration issues licenses to Small Business Investment Companies, makes loans to local and State Development Corporations for Small-Business Development, assists small business in research and development areas and awards Small Business Research Grants.

Rick Budd, District Director, Empire State Building, 19th & Farnam Street,
Omaha 68102.

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

The U.S. Civil Service Commission is the central personnel agency of the Federal Government. The Commission provides leadership, advice, and assistance in personnel management such as competitive testing of applicants for jobs in the Federal Civil Service. The Civil Service Commission also implements the Intergovernmental Personnel Act of 1970 by strengthening the personnel resources of state and local governments through a program of grants and technical assistance. The Omaha Area Office, directed by Joseph K. Van Wey, is the on-site representative of the U.S. Civil Service Commission for the State of Nebraska.

For job information, applicants in the Omaha area may call the Federal Job Information Center at 221-3815; applicants in other Nebraska locations may dial toll-free, 1-800-642-9303. Civil Service examinations are given in the following cities: Alliance, Beatrice, Broken Bow, Columbus, Fremont, Grand Island, Hastings, Kearney, Lincoln, McCook, Norfolk, North Platte, Ogallala, Omaha, O'Neill, Scottsbluff, Sidney, and Valentine.

Joseph K. Van Wey, Area Manager, Omaha Area Office, U.S. Civil Service Commission, Room 1014, U.S. Court & Post Office Bldg., 215 North 17 Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68102.

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

The Veterans Administration is a federal agency that administers most, but not all, of the benefits created by federal law for America's veterans and their dependents. Among its responsibilities are hospitalization and treatment of certain disabled veterans and their dependents. For this purpose the VA operates hospitals at Lincoln, Omaha, and Grand Island.

Other veterans benefits, which are administered by the VA Regional Office, Federal Building, Lincoln, Include:

1. Disability compensation, pension and education benefits for veterans and their dependents; 2. Guaranteed, insured, and direct loans for purchase of veterans homes, farms, or business property; 3. Special housing for certain seriously disabled veterans; 4. Guardianship program to protect the interests of incompetent veterans and the dependent children, widows and parents of veterans; and 5. Veterans assistance service to provide information and assistance to veterans and their dependents in preparation and filing of claims for benefits.

James C. Smith, Director, Regional Office, Federal Building, Lincoln 68508.

William L. Jeffries, Director, Veterans Hospital, Lincoln.

Thomas P. Mullon, Director, Veterans Hospital, Omaha.

Richard B. Ledbetter, Director, Veterans Hospital, Grand Island.

NATIONAL JUDICIAL BRANCH

The judicial branch of the national government is headed by the Supreme Court of the United States.

THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Warren E. Burger ..... Chief Justice

Associate Justices:

William J. Brennan, Jr.

Potter Stewart

Byron R. White

Thurgood Marshall

Harry A. Blackmun
Lewis F. Powell, Jr.
William H. Rehnquist
John Paul Stevens

TERM OF COURT

First Monday in October of each year and continues as long as the business before the Court requires, usually until about the middle of June.

LOWER COURTS

For purposes of judicial administration, the nation is divided into eleven circuits, including the District of Columbia as a circuit, in each of which there is a United States court of appeals. Each of the 50 States is assigned to one of the circuits, and the Territories are assigned variously to the first, third, fifth and ninth circuits. The eleven circuits are subdivided into district courts, of which there are eighty-nine in the 50 States, plus the one in the District of Columbia. In addition, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico has a United States district court with jursidiction corresponding to that of district courts in the various states. There are altogether 377 permanent district judgeships in the 50 States; 15 in the District of Columbia, 3 in Puerto Rico and 4 in U.S. Territories (Virgin Islands, Canal Zone and Guam).

Each district has, in addition to one or more judges, a clerk, a United States attorney,[1] a United States marshal,[1] one or more United States magistrates, referees in bankruptcy, probation officers, court reporters, and their assistants. Nebraska is within the Eighth circuit, and constitutes a single separate district.

U.S. COURT OF APPEALS, EIGHTH CIRCUIT

The Hon. Harry A. Blackmun, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, is assigned to the Eighth judicial circuit.

CHIEF JUDGE

Pat Mehaffy ..... Little Rock, Arkansas

JUDGES

Floyd R. Gibson ..... Kansas City, Missouri
Donald P. Lay ..... Omaha, Nebraska
Gerald W. Heaney ..... Duluth, Minnesota
Myron H. Bright ..... Fargo, North Dakota
Donald R. Ross ..... Omaha, Nebraska
Roy L. Stephenson ..... Des Moines, Iowa
William H. Webster ..... St. Louis, Missouri

[1] For a list of U. S. Attorneys and U. S. Marshals in Nebraska, see the section on the Department of Justice.

SENIOR JUDGES

Harvey M. Johnsen ..... Omaha, Nebraska
Charles J. Vogel ..... Fargo, North Dakota
Martin D. Van Oosterhout ..... Sioux City, Iowa
M. C. Matthes ..... St. Louis, Missouri

CLERK

Robert C. Tucker ..... St. Louis, Missouri

TERM OF COURT

The Court holds one general term annually. This term begins the second Monday of September. Sessions are at such times and places as the Court orders.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

JUDGES

Richard E. Robinson, Senior Judge ..... Omaha
Robert Van Pelt, Senior Judge ..... Lincoln
Warren K. Urbom, Chief Judge ..... Lincoln
Robert V. Denney, Judge ..... Omaha
Albert G. Schatz ..... Omaha

CLERK

Richard C. Peck ..... Omaha

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATES

The Magistrates are appointed by the district court.

James L. Macken ..... Gering
Clarence M. Pierson ..... Lincoln
Richard W. Satterfield ..... North Platte
Richard C. Peck ..... Omaha
Gerald E. Matzke ..... Sidney
John C. Coupland ..... Valentine

PROBATION OFFICER

John H. Keriakedes, Chief ..... Omaha

REFEREE IN BANKRUPTCY

David L. Crawford ..... Lincoln

STATE GOVERNMENT

In accordance with the principle of separation of powers, found in the national government and all the states, state government in Nebraska follows the traditional threefold division into legislative, executive and judicial branches.

STATE LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

The legislative branch of the state government is composed of the state Legislature, and the Legislative Council and its staff.

The Organic Act of May 30, 1854, provided for a legislative assembly consisting of a council of thirteen members elected for two-year terms, and a house of representatives of twenty-six members elected for a one-year term. It provided for annual sessions of not more than forty days duration, except for the first session, which might be prolonged to sixty days. Members were paid three dollars a day and three dollars for every twenty miles of travel in getting to and from the capital.

Legislative apportionments were to be based on the number of voters. The territorial Governor was directed to have a census taken to make the initial apportionments and to call an election. Power to change the number of representatives, to make apportionments and to fix the dates for convening in regular session was vested in the assembly. The first session convened at Omaha, January 16, 1855. An act approved March 16, 1855, provided for the taking of a census by the marshal and a new apportionment by the Governor. The number of representatives was limited to twenty-nine for the next session, and it was further enacted that, until changed by law, the annual sessions would begin on the first Tuesday in December, except the succeeding session, which was to convene on the third Tuesday in December, 1855. At this session it was provided that the next regular session should convene on the first Monday of January, 1857, and annually thereafter on the first Monday in January. An act approved January 26, 1856, directed the marshal to take another census and the Governor to make another apportionment, limiting the number of representatives to thirty-five.

By joint resolution of January 25, 1856, the territorial assembly memorialized the delegate in Congress to secure amendment to the Organic Act basing the apportionment on the increase in white population, instead of on the number of votes. The time for convening of the next session was changed to the second Tuesday in December, 1857, but was immediately restored to the first Monday in January for the next session. An act approved November 3, 1858, fixed the number of representatives at thirty-nine and apportioned them among the counties. The fifth session, a special one, was called by Governor Richardson to consider the adoption of parts of the Criminal and Civil Codes, and affairs of the state generally. The secretary of the territory refused to pay the expenses of

this session from the current expense appropriations and the Legislature, by joint reolution, requested Congress to make an early appropriation for the purpose. By legislative act the sixth, seventh and eighth sessions convened on the first Monday in December of each year. By legislative act the ninth session convened on January 7, 1864. A temporary apportionment was made by this session. The eleventh Legislature drafted the Constitution of 1866, which was adopted by the people at an election held June 2, 1866. The constitution provided that the first session of the state Legislature should be held on July 4, 1866. When this session which is listed as the first state Legislature assembled, the admission bill had not yet passed Congress. Congress had refused to accept the Constitution of 1866 until Nebraska had agreed to a Negro suffrage amendment. The twelfth session of the territorial Legislature met January 10, 1867, and adjourned February 18, 1867. Two days later the Legislature met in special session on call of the Governor to consider the Negro suffrage amendment to the 1866 Constitution. This session of the Legislature met February 20 and 21, 1867, and is listed as the second state Legislature though Nebraska was not admitted as a state until March 1, 1867.

Thus the first session of the state Legislature after statehood was the third session, which was a special session, called by Governor Butler to meet May 16, 1867, to consider general legislation for the new state.

The Constitution of 1866 made no change in the numerical arrangement of the two houses, calling for thirteen senators and thirty-nine representatives. Biennial sessions were provided for, to begin the first Thursday after the first Monday in January of the odd-nunbered years.

The fourth session, which was a special session, held on October 27 and 28, 1868, was called to provide for the election of presidential electors, a detail which had been overlooked.

The fifth session (erroneously called the first "regular session") was the first session to be held at Lincoln on the constitutional date. The sixth session was a special session called by the Governor for the ratification of the fifteenth amendment to the Federal Constitution, to provide for the erection of a penitentiary and for other purposes. Upon adjournment, without effecting all the legislation desired by the Governor, the seventh session, which was another special session, was called to convene immediately to pass a herd law, to amend an act governing the keeping of identical funds in the state treasury, and for various purposes.

The eighth regular session instituted impeachment proceedings against Governor Butler. Growing out of impeachment proceedings brought against the Auditor, John Gillespie, a series of adjournments brought about the eighth adjourned session on January 9, 1872.

The tenth session, which was a special one, held on March 27, 1873, was called by Governor Furnas to amend the law concerning certain county boundaries, to consider assessments in new counties and the incorporation of cities.

The Constitution of 1875 limited the maximum membership of the Legislature to one hundred in the house and to thirty-three in the senate. It also changed the date of the convening of the regular session to the first Tuesday in January. Prior to 1880, under the 1875 Constitution, the house had eighty-four members and the senate thirty.

The twelfth and thirteenth sessions, which were special ones, were called on the same day, December 5, 1876, to canvass the vote of presidential electors, and to appoint an elector to fill an alleged vacancy.

In 1881 the Legislature increased the membership of the senate to thirty-three and of the house to one hundred.

Prior to the session of 1877, members received $3 a day for their services. This was increased to $5 a day by a constitutional amendment adopted in 1886. The president of the senate received $10 a day.

The seventeenth session, a special one, convened on May 10, 1882, to reapportion the congressional districts, to appropriate money for calling out the militia to suppress a riot at Omaha and for other purposes.

An amendment adopted in November 1912, increased the salary of members to $600 for each regular session, and twice the pay of a senator for the president of the senate.

The thirty-sixth session, a special one, was called on March 26, 1918, to pass war legislation. The thirty-eighth session, a special one, was called on July 29, 1919, to ratify equal federal suffrage amendment. The thirty-ninth session, also a special one, was called on October 14, 1919, to enable Douglas County to provide for repairs to its courthouse.

By a constitutional amendment adopted September 21, 1920, the maximum membership of the senate was raised to fifty members but the Legislature made no change in the number of senators. By another constitutional amendment adopted on the same date, the pay of members was increased to $800 for each regular session.

The forty-first session, which was a special one, was called on January 24, 1922, to reduce appropriations, and correct errors in certain legislation, the forty-sixth session, also a special one, was called on March 4, 1930 to revise the laws relating to guaranty of bank deposits, and the forty-eighth session, another special one, was called on June 9, 1931, to make appropriations for the maintenance of the state government.

On November 6, 1934, the people of Nebraska adopted a constitutional amendment providing for a single house or unicameral legislature. This was an initiative amendment drafted by a committee of citizens. It was adopted by a vote of 286,086 for and 193,152 against. The amendment required the Legislature of 1935 to apportion the state into not less than thirty or more than fifty legislative districts.

Other special sessions were the fifty-first called on October 28, 1935, to pass laws required to meet the social security requirements of recent federal laws. The fifty-fourth called on January 2, 1940, to appropriate

additional funds for state assistance and to make corrections in the unemployment compensation and workmen's compensation laws. The fifty-seventh called on March 27, 1944, to consider the soldier vote bill and amendments to the public power laws. The fifty-ninth session, called to meet August 22, 1946, to consider the increase of maximum grants for the aged and blind, the appropriation of funds for the administration of the school lunch act and the veterans education training act, the reenactment of the merit system law and a constitutional amendment governing the eligibility of executive officers of the state. The sixty-third session, called to meet April 17, 1952, to appropriate money for flood relief. The sixty-fourth session called to meet August 27, 1952, to authorize the purchase of test animals for treatment and eradication of livestock diseases and an appropriation to provide a revolving fund for such purposes to enact a law relating to swine infected with vesicular exanthema, to appropriate funds for eradication of vesicular exanthema and payment of indemnities to owners, to outlaw the feeding of raw garbage to hogs or other animals on a large commercial scale, to raise old age assistance benefits and to refund blanket school tax payments. The sixty-sixth session convened April 20, 1954, to consider constitutional amendments relative to revenue and taxation, and to submit such amendments to the voters at the general election in November. The seventieth session called on August 1, 1960, to consider placing on the November ballot a constitutional amendment authorizing cities and villages to issue revenue bonds through which they may acquire and develop sites and buildings for lease to manufacturing and industrial enterprises, and to make an appropriation from a surplus in the general fund for the Resources Division to develop research on industries and Nebraska communities in order to attract new industry to the State. The seventy-first session called on December 12, 1960, to increase salaries of State Legislators. The seventy-fourth session called on October 21, 1963, for the primary purpose to consider remedial legislation with regard to the penalties invoked as a result of the invalidation of the Nebraska Installment Sales Act by the State Supreme Court and other miscellaneous matters were also covered. The seventy-sixth session called on June 6, 1966, to change the method of valuing the stock of foreign corporations for purpose of taxation from book value to fair market value, and to amend or repeal statutory provision relating to refund of taxes and penalties. The seventy-eighth session called on January 2, 1968, to reapportion the congressional districts and to amend or repeal certain provisions of the Employment Security Law. The seventy-ninth session called on December 9, 1968, to retain present rate of state sales tax, and to increase the salaries of state legislators. The eighty-first session called on June 9, 1970, to consider the following subjects: To eliminate or reduce the required fee for issuance of replacement motor vehicle operator's licenses; to remove or adjust limitations on interest rates on bonds issued by airport authorities; to remove or adjust limitations on interest rates on bonds issued by housing authorities; to make appropriations for the completion of Wildlife Laboratory Building and road improvement at State Fairgrounds both under construction because appropriations for

the two above cited projects made by the 1969 Legislature were declared unconstitutional by the State Supreme Court; and to declare the State Treasurer not liable for loss when he invests funds at the direction of the state investment officer. The eighty-fourth session called on October 22, 1975, to consider the following: Appropriation laws passed by 84th Legislature First Session, revenue laws as they relate to sales and income tax rates, to temporarily change the formula used by the State Board of Equalization for setting sales and income tax rates, to permit temporary authority to prorate, postpone and prioritize the payment of State government obligations and appropriate funds for expenses of extraordinary session.

UNICAMERAL LEGISLATURE

Total personnel: 49 members, 5 officers including the Lieutenant Governor who by constitutional provision is the president of the Legislature.

Publications: Legislative Journal (daily during the sessions and in bound form after the close); Directory; Index to Bills; Bills and Amendments; Session Laws. (The bound Journal and the bound Session Laws are compiled by the Clerk of the Legislature. They may be purchased from the State Supreme Court Librarian.)

The Nebraska State Legislature consists of one house of forty-nine members elected from single member districts on a nonpartisan ballot. As established by the 73rd Session of the Legislature, at the general election of 1964 the members of the odd-numbered districts shall have a term of four years and the members from the even-numbered districts shall have a term of two years, and thereafter all members shall be elected for a term of four years.

A United States District Court decision, dated July 17, 1964, held that the Legislature elected at the general election in 1964 would have de facto status when it met in regular session in January, 1965. It directed the Legislature to create a constitutionally valid legislative apportionment plan, determine the number of members to be elected with provision for length and staggering of terms thereof as would be required, and stated that the 1965 Legislature would hold office and function until the election and qualification of members of a new Legislature to be elected in the 1966 general election. LB 925, passed in the 1965 session, was approved by the courts. Members are paid an annual salary of $4,800.00 and their traveling expenses once to and from each regular or special session. They receive mileage allowance but no additional pay for a special session. Since 1949 all the members of the Legislature are members of the Legislative Council. They receive actual expenses while attending sessions of the Council or meetings of Council Study Committees.

Prior to 1970 regular sessions of the Legislature were held in odd-numbered years and convened on the first Tuesday in January. In 1970, a constitutional amendment was adopted which directed that the Legisla-

ture shall meet annually. Sessions held in odd-numbered years meet for 90 legislative days, and in even-numbered years, for 60 legislative days. Only a four-fifths vote of the elected members may extend beyond this limitation. The Constitution was amended in 1974 to provide that the Legislature convenes at 10:00 a.m. on the first Wednesday after the first Monday in January of each year.

During each regular session the Legislature may consider any subject within the functions of state government. Between regular sessions the Governor may call the Legislature into a special session, or the Legislature may, on request of two-thirds of its members, require the Governor to call a special session. A special session may only consider those matters specifically mentioned in the call.

The Constitution of the State of Nebraska designates the Lieutenant Governor as president of the Legislature. The speaker, the clerk, the sergeant-at-arms, and the chaplain, are elected by the Legislature. Appointment of officers except the speaker, shall be recommended to the Legislature by the Executive Board of the Legislative Council. Under the rules the Legislature meets daily at nine a.m. and adjourns not later than one p.m. After committee hearings are completed the Legislature is in session all day.

Legislative committees hold public hearings on bills under consideration at 2:00 p.m. daily, Monday through Friday. There are thirteen standing committees which hold public hearings on all bills referred to them. Four select committees are created to assist in the administration of the Legislature. Any number of additional special committees may be created to perform any assignment given them by the Legislature. Special committees consider matters including but not limited to intergovernmental cooperation, compact on education, transportation advisory, law enforcement and justice and department rules and regulations, conflicts of interest, retirement and telecommunications.

All members of the Legislature, except the Speaker, serve on one or more standing committees. Members, including the Speaker, may serve on any number of select or special committees.

Seven days' notice is given for a public hearing, except during the first 20 legislative days, when only five days' notice is required. Each committee keeps a record of its proceedings. Committee meetings are open to the press and the public. Each committee submits a statement of intent with its report back to the Legislature of each bill.

If a bill is reported favorably by the committee, it is placed on General File where it is considered in its turn or as determined by the Speaker. Fiscal notes are made available on all bills. If the Legislature, after consideration, decides to advance the bill, it is sent to the Committee on Enrollment and Review for review by the committee's attorney. It is then placed on Select File for second consideration by the Legislature. All debate is recorded and transcribed. A bill, when advanced, is sent to the Committee on Enrollment and Review for engrossment before Final Reading and passage. After the bill is printed in final form, it must, by

rule, lie on the members' desks for two legislative days. After a bill is passed it is enrolled, signed by the President of the Legislature, certified by the Clerk of the Legislature, and sent to the Governor for his signature or veto.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

Executive Board 1977-1979

Richard D. Marvel ..... Hastings
Jack D. Mills ..... Big Springs
Douglas K. Bereuter ..... Utica
Steve Fowler ..... Lincoln
Richard Lewis ..... Holbrook
William E. Nichol ..... Scottsbluff
John S. Savage ..... Omaha
Larry D. Stoney ..... Omaha
Roland A. Luedtke ..... Lincoln
Jerome Warner (ex officio) ..... Waverly

Officers

Jules W. Burbach ..... Director
Richard D. Marvel ..... Chairman
Jack D. Mills ..... Vice Chairman
Jack W. Rodgers ..... Director of Research
Vincent D. Brown ..... Clerk of the Legislature
William H. Brunsen ..... Legislative Fiscal Analyst
Bruce A. Cutshall ..... Revisor of Statutes

Publications: Legislative Council Research Reports, Nebraska Blue Book, Legislative Journal, Session Laws of Nebraska, Nebraska Statutes and Supplements.

The Legislative Council was established by the Legislature in 1937. It consisted of sixteen members of the Legislature, four from each congressional district. The 1949 Legislature, provided that the Council shall consist of all the members of the Legislature. The 1967 Legislature placed all services and service personnel of the Legislature under the Legislative Council. Provision is made for an Executive Board which consists of a Chairman, Vice Chairman, and six members of the Legislature, to be chosen by the Legislature at the commencement of each regular session, and the Speaker of the Legislature. The Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations shall serve as a nonvoting ex officio member of the Executive Board when the Board is considering fiscal administration. The Board shall supervise all services and service personnel of the Legislature. The 1969 Legislature created the position of Executive Director of the Legislative Council. He is appointed by the Executive Board with the approval of a majority of the Legislature. He has complete control and is over and supervises all activities of the

offices of the Fiscal Analyst, Bill Drafter, Revisor of Statutes, Director of Research, and Clerk of the Legislature.

The Legislative Council considers legislative policies between sessions, collects information of state-wide public inportance and presents a legislative program with recommendations to the Legislature. In addition to preparing and distributing major research reports, the Council serves as a general service and information agency for the Legislature, its committees, and individual members.

It compiles, edits, and distributes the Nebraska Blue Book, the official manual of the state. It provides, through the Revisor of Statutes, for the publication of supplements and replacement volumes of the statutes of Nebraska. It maintains a legislative reference library for the convenience of legislators and others, as well as providing a complete and efficient bill drafting service.

Members are compensated for actual expenses while attending sessions of the Council, or meetings of its committees, but receive no salary.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ANALYST

The office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst was created in 1961 to provide fiscal and budgetary information and assistance to the Legislature, the Budget Committee of the Legislature, and the Legislative Council Budget Committee. The Legislative Fiscal Analyst works under the direction of the Budget Committee of the Legislature during sessions of the Legislature and under the direction of the Executive Board of the Legislative Council during the interim between legislative sessions. The Legislative Fiscal Analyst provides information and recommendations concerning the financial operations of the state government, requests for appropriations, and capital outlay needs. The Legislative Fiscal Analyst also assists with the plans for legislative appropriation and control of funds. He also examines the programs authorized by the Legislature to determine whether funds are expended according to Legislative intent and whether program improvements are possible.

PERMANENT CLERK OF THE LEGISLATURE

Provision was made by the 1937 Legislature for a permanent clerk to be elected by the Legislature and to serve for a two-year term. The Clerk compiles the permanent journal[1] of the Legislature and the Session Laws of Nebraska; has charge of supervision and assignment of employees; has supervision of the legislative halls and property and performs other usual duties of clerk. He accepts the registration for filing of lobbyists, the payment of fees, and the filing of monthly reports of lobbyists and their employers. He supervises the distribution of bills and journals during and between sessions. He serves as secretary of the Committee on Intergovernnental Cooperation.

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[1] The table which shows the names of the clerks of the house and secretaries of the senate and their pay for compiling the permanent journals can be found in earlier editions of the Nebraska Blue Book.

REVISOR OF STATUTES

The Legislature in 1945 provided for a permanent office of Revisor of Statutes. In 1967, the Legislature created within the Legislative Council the office of Revisor of Statutes. It is the function of the Revisor of Statutes to prepare and publish replacement volumes of the statutes, the cumulative supplements, and the pocket part supplements to the statutes, as directed by the Legislature. It is also his duty to report to the Legislative Council any defects found in the statutes or Constitution of the State of Nebraska, and to draft in the form of bills proposed legislation to correct such defects. In 1973 there was created, within the office of the Revisor of Statutes, the office and position of Revisor of Regulations. The Revisor of Regulations serves as the primary depository of agency rules and regulations and assists in establishing and maintaining guidelines for all agencies in the preparation and filing of such rules and regulations.

NEBRASKA COMMISSION ON INTERGOVERNMENTAL COOPERATION 1975-1977

Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Cooperation

Larry D. Stoney ..... Chairman
Shirley Marsh ..... District 1
Gerald D. Koch ..... District 2
Donald N. Dworak ..... District 3
Robert L. Clark ..... District 4

Ex Officio Members:
J. J. Exon ..... Governor
Gerald T. Whelan
Lieutenant Governor ..... President of the Legislature
Roland A. Luedtke ..... Speaker of the Legislature

Governor's Committee on Intergovernmental Cooperation

W. Don Nelson, Director ..... Office of Planning and Programming
Stanley A. Matzke, Director
Department of Administrative Services
Gerald E. Chizek ..... Commissioner of Labor

Ex Officio Members:
William E. Peters ..... Tax Commissioner
Paul L. Douglas ..... Attorney General

The 1937 Legislature set up the Nebraska Commission on Intergovernmental Cooperation which consists of ten regular members, namely: the five members of the Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Cooperation and the five members of the Governor's Committee on Intergovernmental Cooperation and three ex officio, honorary nonvoting members: the President, Speaker of the Legislature, and the Governor. The members of the Legislative Committee are selected by the

Committee on Committees and serve until their successors are designated. The Governor's Committee on Intergovernmental Cooperation consists of the Tax Commissioner and Attorney General, ex officio, and three other administrative officials appointed by the Governor. The Governor designates the chairman of his committee, who also serves as ex officio chairman of the commission. The functions of the commission are to carry forward the participation of the state as a member of the Council of State Governments, to encourage the adoption of uniform or reciprocal statutes, administrative rules and regulations, and to encourage the informal cooperation of government offices. The Legislative Committee reports to the Legislature and the Governor's Committee reports to the Governor.

PRESIDING OFFICERS—NEBRASKA LEGISLATURES

PRESIDENTS OF TERRITORIAL COUNCIL

J.L. Sharp 1855
B. R. Folsom 1855
L. L. Bowen 1857
George L. Miller 1857
L. L. Bowen 1858
E. A. Donelan 1859
W. H. Taylor 1860
John Taffe 1861
E. A. Allen 1864
O. P. Mason 1865-1866
E. H. Rogers 1867

SPEAKERS OF TERRITORIAL ASSEMBLY

A. J. Hanscom 1855
P. C. Sullivan 1855
I. L. Gibbs 1857
J.H. Decker 1857
H. P. Bennett 1858
S. A. Strickland 1859
H. W. DePuy 1860
A. D. Jones 1861
George B. Lake 1864
S. M. Kirkpatrick 1865
James G. Megeath 1866
W. F. Chapin 1867

PRESIDENTS PRO TEM OF THE SENATE

Frank Welch 1866
E. H. Rogers 1867-1868
E. B. Taylor 1869
E. E. Cunningham 1871
W. A. Gwyer 1873
N. K. Griggs 1875
Guy C. Barton 1876
G. F. Blanchard 1877
Wm. Marshall 1879
J. B. Dinsmore 1881
A. H. Conner 1883
Church Howe 1885
G. D. Meiklejohn 1887
Church Howe 1889
W. A. Poynter 1891
E. M. Correll 1893
J. C. Watson 1895
F. T. Ransom 1897
A. R. Talbot 1899
C. F. Steele 1901
W. H. Harrison 1903
W. H. Jennings 1905
Chas. L. Saunders 1907
Geo. W. Tibbets 1909
John H. Morehead 1911
J. H. Kemp 1913
Phillip H. Kohl 1915
John Mattes, Jr. 1917-1918
B. K. Bushee 1919
R. S. Norval 1921
Chas. L. Saunders 1923
John W. Robbins 1925
Perry Reed 1927
John W. Cooper 1929
J. S. McGowan 1931
Frank McCarter 1933
Cloyd L. Stewart 1935
Arthur L. Neumann 1935

SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE

W. A. Pollock 1866
W. F. Chapin 1867-1868
W. McLennan 1869-1870
Geo. W. Collins 1871
M. Sessions 1873
Edward S. Towle 1875
Albinus Nance 1877
C. P. Mathewson 1879
H. H. Shedd 1881
Geo. M. Humphrey 1883
Allen W. Field 1885
N. V. Harlan 1887
John C. Watson 1889
S. M. Elder 1891
J. N. Gaffin 1893
C. L. Richards 1895
J. N. Gaffin 1897
Paul F. Clark 1899
W. G. Sirs 1901
J. H. Mockett, Jr. 1903
George L. Rouse 1905
D. M. Nettleton 1907
C. W. Pool 1909
John Kuhl 1911
P. C. Kelley 1913
Geo. Jackson 1915-1918
Dwight S. Dalby 1919
Walter L. Anderson 1921
A. N. Mathers 1923
Allen G. Burke 1925
James A. Rodman 1927
Bern R. Coulter 1929
Max Kier 1931
George W. O'Malley 1933
W. H. O'Gara 1935

SPEAKERS OF THE LEGISLATURE[1]

Charles J. Warner 1937
William H. Diers 1939
R. M. Howard 1941
Robert B. Crosby 1943
C. Petrus Peterson 1945
Walter R. Raecke 1947
Earl J. Lee ..... 1949[2]
Ed Hoyt 1951
Otto Prohs 1952
Charles F. Tvrdik ..... 1953[2]
Dwight W. Burney 1955
John E. Beaver 1957
Harry L. Pizer 1959
Donald L. Thompson .. 1961
William S. Moulton 1963
Kenneth L. Bowen 1965
Elvin Adamson 1967
Jerome Warner 1969
Wm. H. Hasebroock 1971
Richard F. Proud 1973
Jules W. Burbach 1975
Roland A. Ludtke 1977

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[1] Legislative Resolution 1, adopted by the 1955 Legislature provided that all former Speakers currently members of the Legislature be given the title of Speaker Emeritus.

[2] Emeritus 1955.

NUMBER OF BILLS INTRODUCED AND LAWS PASSED, 1915-1935

Year	Bills			Laws
	Senate	House	Total	
1915	298	766	1,064	299
1917	332	803	1,135	273
1918 (Special)	5	14	19	12
1919	263	585	848	300
1919 (Special)	1	2	3	3
1919 (Special)	1	3	4	4
1921	351	624	975	313
1922 (Special)	8	8	16	11
1923	333	724	1,057	193
1925	274	459	733	186
1927	314	633	947	198
1929	307	589	896	200
1930 (Special)	7	20	27	9
1931	374	498	872	164
1931 (Special)		11	11	8
1933	477	605	1,082	163
1935	367	689	1,056	192
1935 (Special)	15	39	54	35

NUMBER OF BILLS INTRODUCED AND LAWS PASSED, 1937-1976

Year	Session	Bills		Laws
		Unicameral		
1937[1]	52nd	581		214
1939	53rd	523		138
1940 (Special)	54th (Special)	8		6
1941	55th	515		196
1943	56th	446		240
1944 (Special)	57th (Special)	6		6
1945	58th	395		260
1946 (Special)	59th (Special)	10		8
1947	60th	568		358
1949	61st	546		318
1951	62nd	562		354
1952 (Special)	63rd (Special)	2		2
1952 (Special)	64th (Special)	8		8
1953	65th	595		369
1954 (Special)	66th (Special)	10		6
1955	67th	559		354
1957	68th	615		404
1959	69th	739		475
1960 (Special)	70th (Special)	3		3
1960 (Special)	71st (Special)	2		2
1961	72nd	737		465
1963	73rd	815		545
1963 (Special)	74th (Special)	26		17
1965	75th	937		584
1966 (Special)	76th (Special)	3		3
1967	77th	947		632
1968 (Special)	78th (Special)	6		2
1968 (Special)	79th (Special)	3		2
1969	80th	1,440		858
1970 (Special)	81st (Special)	7		6
1971	82nd (1st)	1,077		551
1972	(2nd)	123	heldover	
		519	new	364
1973	83rd (1st)	589		365
1974	(2nd)	97	heldover	
		470	new	268
1975	84th (1st)	613		306
1975 (Special)	84th (1st) (Special)	7		4
1976	84th (2nd)	169	heldover	
		398	new	216

[1] First session of Unicameral Legislature.

TERRITORIAL AND STATE LEGISLATIVE SESSION, DATES HELD, PLACE OF MEETING AND COST OF SESSION[1]

All sessions prior to January 7, 1869, held at Omaha; January 7, 1869, and subsequent sessions in Lincoln.

Session	Convened	Adjourned	Total Days in Session[2]	Legislative Expense[3]
TERRITORIAL				
1st	Jan. 16, 1855	Mar. 16, 1855	43	
2nd	Dec. 18, 1855	Jan. 26, 1856	30	
3rd	Jan. 5, 1857	Feb. 13, 1857	30	
4th	Dec. 8, 1857	Jan. 16, 1858	32	Salaries of
5th (Special)	Sept. 21, 1858	Nov. 4, 1858	38	members and
6th	Dec. 5, 1859	Jan. 13, 1860	30	officers paid
7th	Dec. 3, 1860	Jan. 11, 1861	32	from Federal
8th	Dec. 2, 1861	Jan. 10, 1862	29	appropriations
[4]				
9th	Jan. 7, 1864	Feb. 15, 1864	31	
10th	Jan. 5, 1865	Feb. 13, 1865	32	
11th	Jan. 4, 1866	Feb. 12, 1866	32	
12th	Jan. 10, 1867	Feb. 18, 1867	32	
STATE				
1st[5]	July 4, 1866	July 11, 1866	6	$ 2,309.20
2nd (Special)[5]	Feb. 20, 1867	Feb. 21, 1867	2	1,528.60
3rd (Special)	May 16, 1867	June 24, 1867	34	8,218.05
4th (Special)	Oct. 27, 1868	Oct. 28, 1868	2	960.65
5th	Jan. 7, 1869	Feb. 15, 1869	33	16,190.20
6th (Special)	Feb. 17, 1870	Mar. 4, 1870	14	
7th (Special)	Mar. 4, 1870	Mar. 4, 1870		4,849.92[6]
8th	Jan. 5, 1871	June 7, 1871	61	18,134.96
8th (Adjourned)	Jan. 9, 1872	Jan. 24, 1872		
9th	Jan. 9, 1873	Mar. 4, 1873	40	22,500.46
10th (Special)	Mar. 27, 1873	Mar. 29, 1873	3	1,918.75
11th	Jan. 7, 1875	Feb. 25, 1875	39	23,901.20
12th (Special)	Dec. 5, 1876	Dec. 5, 1876		
13th (Special)	Dec. 5, 1876	Dec. 5, 1876		1,010.20[7]
14th	Jan. 2, 1877	Feb. 15, 1877	36	30,858.81
15th	Jan. 7, 1879	Feb. 25, 1879	40	42,423.96
16th	Jan. 4, 1881	Feb. 26, 1881	40	46,780.00
17th (Special)	May 10, 1882	May 24, 1882	13	14,291.32
18th	Jan. 2, 1883	Feb. 26, 1883	43	71,050.63
19th	Jan. 6, 1885	Mar. 5, 1885	43	84,874.68
20th	Jan. 4, 1887	Mar. 31, 1887	62	166,607.02
21st	Jan. 1, 1889	Mar. 30, 1889	67	174,280.10
22nd	Jan. 6, 1891	April 4, 1891	71	143,833.35
23rd	Jan. 3, 1893	April 8, 1893	74	117,629.16
24th	Jan. 1, 1895	April 5, 1895	71	113,330.72
25th	Jan. 5, 1897	April 9, 1897	73	102,083.30
26th	Jan. 3, 1899	Mar. 31, 1899	65	98,957.68
27th	Jan. 1, 1901	Mar. 28, 1901	64	126,855.45
28th	Jan. 6, 1903	April 8, 1903	65	103,918.35
29th	Jan. 3, 1905	Mar. 30, 1905	63	88,088.70
30th	Jan. 1, 1907	April 4, 1907	67	100,000.00
31st	Jan. 5, 1909	April 1, 1909	68	93,723.91

[1] From 1877 to 1936, both houses were Republican, except in 1891, 1893 and 1907, when the Populist and Democratic parties controlled both houses; in 1909, 1911, 1915, 1917, 1933 and 1935 when both houses were controlled by the Democratic party; and in 1913 when the House was Democratic and the Senate Republican. The Unicameral Legislature is elected on a nonpartisan ballot.

[2] The number of days are taken from the House Journal as the House was often in session more days than the Senate.

[3] Legislative expense includes the following: Members' salaries and mileage, officers' salaries, employees' salaries, postage, telephone and telegraph, supplies and incidentals, printing House and Senate journals, and bill drafting services.

[4] No session of Territorial Legislature held in 1863. Federal appropriation of $20,000 to pay expenses of this Legislature was applied in payment of direct war tax due from Nebraska to the United States Territory.

[5] Erroneously listed as sessions of the State Legislature, as Nebraska did not become a state until March 1, 1867.

[6] Legislative expense for 6th and 7th legislative sessions.

[7] Legislative expense for 12th and 13th legislative sessions.

TERRITORIAL AND STATE LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS, DATES HELD, PLACE OF MEETING AND COST OF SESSION[1]—(Concluded)

Session	Convened	Adjourned	Total Days in Session[2]	Legislative Expense[3]
32nd	Jan. 3, 1911	April 6, 1911	67	104,954.52
33rd	Jan. 7, 1913	April 16, 1913	71	159,758.83
34th	Jan. 5, 1915	April 8, 1915	71	129,648.48
35th	Jan. 2, 1917	April 24, 1917	86	147,912.97
36th (Special)	Mar. 26, 1918	April 8, 1918	12	$ 14,330.10
37th	Jan. 7, 1919	April 17, 1919	76	141,708.23
38th (Special)	July 29, 1919	Aug. 2, 1919	5	10,433.80
39th (Special)	Oct. 14, 1919	Oct. 18, 1919	5	10,382.04
40th	Jan. 4, 1921	April 28, 1921	91	189,859.71
41st (Special)	Jan. 24, 1922	Feb. 2, 1922	9	17,695.05
42nd	Jan. 2, 1923	May 2, 1923	87	181,547.69
43rd	Jan. 6, 1925	April 1, 1925	65	165,908.63
44th	Jan. 4, 1927	April 23, 1927	82	184,328.38
45th	Jan. 1, 1929	April 24, 1929	85	182,426.54
46th (Special)	Mar. 4, 1930	Mar. 15, 1930	11	23,861.06
47th	Jan. 6, 1931	May 2, 1931	89	186,704.42
48th (Special)	June 9, 1931	June 20, 1931	11	26,746.05
49th	Jan. 3, 1933	May 9, 1933	99	173,023.98
50th	Jan. 1, 1935	May 25, 1935	110	202,593.49
51st (Special)	Oct. 28, 1935	Nov. 25, 1935	24	30,769.52
52nd	Jan. 5, 1937	May 15, 1937	98	103,445.38
53rd	Jan. 3, 1939	June 7, 1939	111	100,678.33
54th (Special)	Jan. 2, 1940	Jan. 13, 1940	11	3,676.72[8]
55th	Jan. 7, 1941	May 23, 1941	99	102,755.13
56th	Jan. 5, 1943	May 28, 1943	103	101,547.65
57th (Special)	Mar. 27, 1944	April 7, 1944	11	3,324.71
58th	Jan. 2, 1945	May 9, 1945	89	100,469.68
59th (Special)	Aug. 22, 1946	Aug. 29, 1946	7	2,140.01
60th	Jan. 7, 1947	June 6, 1947	105	117,459.22
61st	Jan. 4, 1949	May 26, 1949	100	121,305.78
62nd	Jan. 2, 1951	May 26, 1951	102	130,080.85
63rd (Special)	April 17, 1952	April 24, 1952	7	2,620.53
64th (Special)	Aug. 27, 1952	Sept. 5, 1952	7	3,465.47[8]
65th	Jan. 6, 1953	June 13, 1953	113	153,369.17
66th (Special)	April 20, 1954	May 7, 1954	12	6,388.37[8]
67th	Jan. 4, 1955	June 17, 1955	114	177,739.05
68th	Jan. 1, 1957	June 19, 1957	115	202,811.93
69th	Jan. 6, 1959	June 27, 1959	120	241,690.84
70th (Special)	Aug. 1, 1960	Aug. 9, 1960	7	4,887.36[8]
71st (Special)	Dec. 12, 1960	Dec. 19, 1960	7	4,291.40[8]
72nd	Jan. 3, 1961	July 8, 1961	126	287,485.69
73rd	Jan. 1, 1963	July 18, 1963	132	399,973.83[9]
74th (Special)	Oct. 21, 1963	Nov. 23, 1963	24	21,023.38[8]
75th	Jan. 5, 1965	Aug. 17, 1965	149	446,134.32
76th (Special)	June 6, 1966	June 13, 1966	7	6,020.40[8]
77th	Jan. 3, 1967	July 22, 1967	134	535,475.77
78th (Special)	Jan. 3, 1968	Jan. 11, 1968	7	8,660.59[8]
79th (Special)	Dec. 9, 1968	Dec. 16, 1968	7	5,266.00
80th	Jan. 7, 1969	Sept. 24, 1969	165	614,289.49
81st (Special)	June 9, 1970	June 16, 1970	7	7,154.00
82nd (1st)	Jan. 5, 1971	May 26, 1971	90	572,672.34[10]
(2nd)	Jan. 4, 1972	April 5, 1972	60	587,498.69[10]
83rd (1st)	Jan. 2, 1973	June 1, 1973	90	642,231
(2nd)	Jan. 1, 1974	April 11, 1974	60	698,342
84th (1st)	Jan. 8, 1975	May 23, 1975	90	644,277
(Special)	Oct. 22, 1975	Nov. 11, 1975	8	13,944
(2nd)	Jan. 7, 1976	April 9, 1976	62	610,832

[8] Includes cost of printing permanent Legislative Journal and Laws of Nebraska, which item is not included in other reports set out.
[9] Includes $50,000 appropriation for study of state accounting and financial organization.
[10] Includes extensive capital improvements, equipping offices for Senators, computer bill drafting, offset printing of bills and journals and other nonrecurring items.

NUMBER OF LEGISLATIVE OFFICERS[1] AND EMPLOYEES AND THEIR PAY, 1877-1935

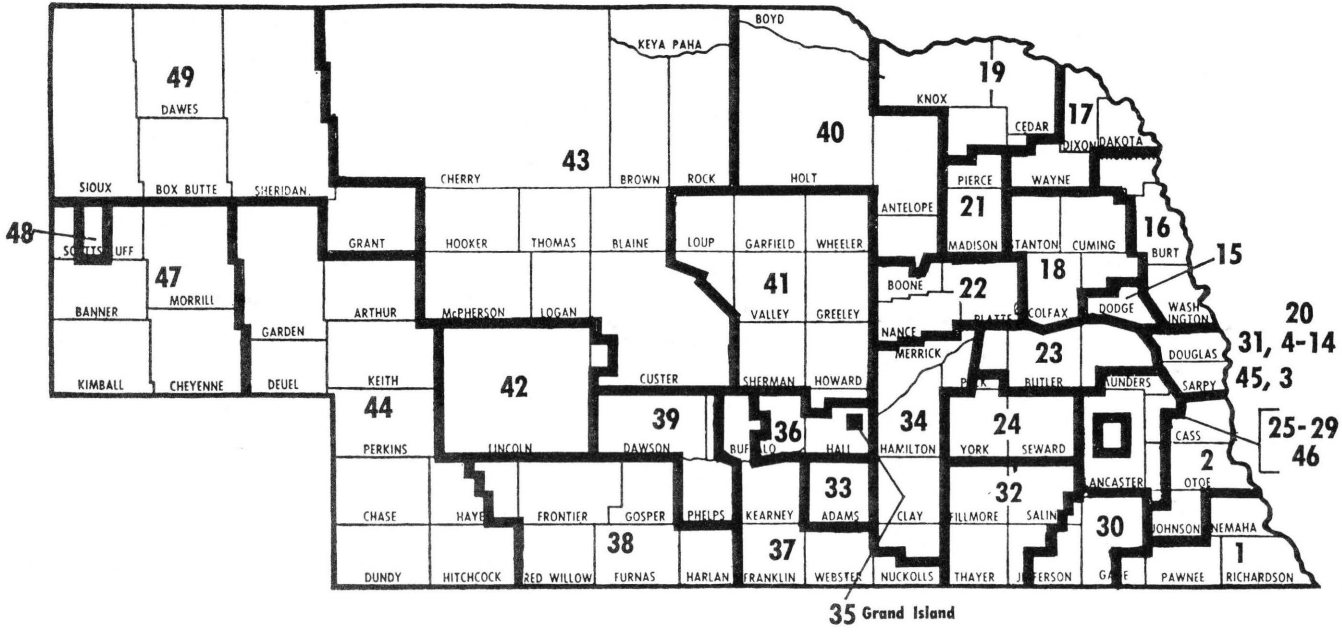
Year	Senate	House	Total Paid to Senate	Total Paid to House
1877	48	50	$ 4,987.00	$ 5,169.00
1879	57	53	5,049.50	5,546.00
1881	54	64	6,389.25	7,283.00
1883	51	72	8,255.50	8,514.00
1885	74	76	12,925.90	13,348.80
1887	76	82	14,852.00	15,587.00
1889	80	90	16,987.00	18,663.00
1891	119	112	26,762.40	20,025.00
1893	73	81	16,913.81	16,624.02
1895	107	90	21,227.50	15,972.60
1897	77	81	20,457.50	17,415.25
1899	79	75	15,260.50	17,397.00
1901	75	103	16,278.50	24,589.50
1903	61	103	15,762.00	21,746.00
1905	63	93	14,964.00	20,598.00
1907	63	73	13,806.50	19,011.50
1909	76	82	16,083.62	16,730.50
1911	82	86	15,589.50	17,019.50
1913	75	105	21,505.00	30,358.00
1915	59	34	15,506.40	11,319.84
1917	85	37	23,513.50	11,775.41
1919	42	56	16,920.00	12,518.60
1921	29	40	19,735.00	19,866.00
1923	32	36	15,749.50	18,557.31
1925	31	41	11,721.00	24,513.32
1927	35	36	13,896.50	19,061.98
1929	34	43	22,966.10	25,847.00
1931	44	45	25,227.20	24,885.50
1933	42	43	18,261.25	19,114.00
1935	36	33	23,980.91	22,059.00

[1] Officers are as follows: assistant clerk, sergeant-at-arms, chaplain, assistant sergeant-at-arms, enrolling clerk, engrossing clerk, and postmaster.

NUMBER OF LEGISLATIVE OFFICERS[1] AND EMPLOYEES AND THEIR PAY, 1937-1976

Year	Officers and Employees	Total Payment	Year	Officers and Employees	Total Payment
UNICAMERAL			UNICAMERAL		
1937	79	$35,624.61	1961	83[4]	117,044.28[3]
1939	82[2]	37,450.22[3]	1963	86[4]	140,392.34[3]
1941	74[2]	34,946.82[3]	1965	90[4]	171,430.93[3]
1943	71[2]	35,882.41[3]	1967	88[4]	189,998.00[3]
1945	73[4]	34,623.30[3]	1969	130[4]	250,157.41[3]
1947	67[4]	42,234.50[3]	1971	132[4]	228,310.10[3]
1949	60[4]	42,234.50[3]	1972	120[4]	204,506.80[3]
1951	55[4]	49,458.62[3]	1973	139[4]	315,695.00[3]
1953	72[4]	59,494.41[3]	1974	156[4]	358,177.00[3]
1955	57[4]	69,967.26[3]	1975	173	355,012.55
1957	64[4]	84,041.25[3]	1976	166	315,654.15
1959	64[4]	94,546.89[3]			

[1] Officers are as follows: assistant clerk, sergeant-at-arms, chaplain, assistant sergeant-at-arms, enrolling clerk, engrossing clerk, and postmaster.
[2] Includes the three permanent legislative employees, but does not include bill drafting staff.
[3] Does not include bill drafting expenditures. Prior to 1941 the cost of the bill drafting was paid out of the funds of the Legislative Reference Bureau at the University of Nebraska.
[4] Does not include the permanent clerk of the Legislature nor the permanent bill drafting staff.



LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

The executive branch of the state government consists of the following officers, departments, boards, commissions and agencies: six executive officers provided for in the state constitution; seventeen administrative departments headed by officers appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Legislature; and numerous boards, commissions, and other administrative agencies, some of which are provided for in the constitution, and the remainder established by statute. The constitutional executive officers are elected by popular vote, as for the heads of the other departments, boards, commissions, and agencies, some are elected, some are appointed, and some serve as ex officio members.

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS—CONSTITUTIONAL

GOVERNOR

	Salary
Governor—J. J. Exon, Lincoln	$25,000

Administrative Assistant—Norman A. Otto
Administrative Aide—William R. Hoppner
Total Number of employees: 7 office, 3 mansion.
Publications: Governor's message printed in pamphlet form when delivered and also in the legislative journal; budget message printed in pamphlet form when delivered and also in the legislative journal.

During the territorial period, the Governor was appointed by the President of the United States for a four-year term. His salary was $2,500 a year.

Nebraska's first constitution, adopted in 1866, provided for the election of the Governor by the people for a two-year term. An act approved June 24, 1867, prescribed the duties of the Governor.

The salary of the state Governor was $1,000 until raised by the Constitution of 1875 to $2,500. The Constitution of 1920 fixed the Governor's salary at $7,500 until otherwise provided by law. The Legislature of 1933 reduced the salaries of the Governor and certain other constitutional officers, but the Supreme Court declared the act to be unconstitutional (129 Neb. 669-699). In 1947, the Legislature increased the salary of the Governor to $10,000. The 1951 Legislature raised the salary of the Governor to $11,000 but the salary did not become effective until January 3, 1957, because Article IV, Sec. 25, of the Constitution provided that the salary of no constitutional executive officer could be changed oftener than once in eight years. Nebraska voters at the general election in November 1956, repealed the constitutional amendment which provided for the eight-year salary restriction. The 1959 Legislature increased the salary of the Governor to $14,000. In 1963, the Legislature increased the Governor's salary to $18,000 a year, and the 1969 Legislature increased

the Governor's salary to $25,000 a year effective in 1971. In 1976 LB 76 increased the Governor's salary to $40,000 per year effective upon expiration of term of present Governor.

Beginning with 1889 the state paid the rent of a residence for the Governor until 1899, except during the incumbency of Governor Crounse, 1893-1895, who refused to accept the additional payments. In 1899 the Legislature appropriated $25,000 for the purchase and furnishings of an executive mansion. Of this sum $21,385.30 was expended. Provision for a new mansion was made by the 1945 Legislature. The Legislature of 1955 appropriated $200,000 for a new executive mansion in Georgian Colonial style. Early in 1958, the new mansion was completed. The Supreme Court has held that the constitutional provision that state officers shall receive no compensation in addition to their salaries is not violated by the maintenance of a residence for the Governor, but several Governors have refused to accept funds for maintenance (78 Neb. 552).

At the general election of November, 1966, and every four years thereafter, the Governor shall be elected for a four-year term. To be qualified for the Governorship a person must be a citizen of the United States, a resident and citizen of Nebraska for five years next preceding his election and must have attained the age of thirty years.

According to the constitution the supreme executive power of the state is vested in the Governor and it is his duty "to take care that the laws be faithfully executed and the affairs of the state efficiently and economically administered."

The Governor is the chief budget officer. He is required to present to the Legislature a complete budget of all expenditures for the running of the state's regular business. The Legislature may appropriate more for any given purpose than the Governor recommends only by favoring vote of three-fifths of the Legislature. The Governor is required to:

1. Efficiently and economically administer state affairs.
2. Prepare the budget of the state and present it to the Legislature.
3. Give information by message to the Legislature.
4. Render account of all moneys received and disbursed by him.
5. Appoint certain officers as required by the constitution and statutes, and fill vacancies in state offices.
6. Serve as commander-in-chief of the National and State Guards.
7. Sign or veto bills passed by the Legislature.
8. Call elections to fill vacancies in office of representatives in Congress.
9. Certify notaries.
10. Issue requisitions for the return of accused persons to this and other states and countries.
11. With Treasurer and Auditor, direct investment of surplus funds.
12. Enforce criminal laws.

The Governor is a member and chairman of the following boards: Board 9of Canvassers, Board of Equalization and Assessment, State Records Board and Board of Pardons. He is a member of the State Building Commission, Nebraska Education Commission of the States, Nebraska Education Council, State Board of Health, Interstate Compact to Conserve Oil and Gas, Nebraska Commission on Intergovernmental Cooperation, Nebraska Hall of Fame Commission, Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice, Nebraska Highway Bond Commission and others provided by law. He is also a member of the State Historical Society Executive Board, by the Historical Society Constitution.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

Salary

Lieutenant Governor—Gerald T. Whelan $25,000

The Constitution of 1875 made the first provision for a Lieutenant Governor. The constitutional provision that the Lieutenant Governor receive twice the compensation of a state senator has meant the salary has advanced from $6.00 per day during the session of the Legislature 1875-1886, to $7,500 a year as determined by the 1969 session. Due to LB 246 in 1973, the salary advanced to $25,000 annually in January, 1975.

At the general election of Novenber, 1966, and every four years thereafter, the Lieutenant Governor shall be elected by the people for a four-year term.

By Constitutional Amendment, in 1974 the Governor and Lieutenant Governor each secured nominations in their respective parties, and then for the first time in the history of Nebraska, ran in the general election in tandem from the same political party. The Lieutenant Governor after 1974 shall serve on all boards and commissions as directed by the Governor but cannot vote for the Governor on constitutionally provided boards.

The duties of the Lieutenant Governor are as follows: He presides over the Legislature. He acts as Governor during that official's absence from the state or incapacity, and succeeds to the duties of the office if a vacancy or permanent incapacity arises. The Lieutenant Governor also serves as chairman of the State Claims Board, and performs such other duties as may from time to time be assigned to him by the Governor.

Before 1971 the office of Lieutenant Governor was largely part time except during the biennial sessions. Since the advent of annual sessions the office has been staffed full time and reflects the benefits of attentive continuity.

SECRETARY OF STATE

Salary

Secretary of State—Allen J. Beermann, Lincoln $25,000

Total number of employees: 15 in main office; 13 in Records Manage-

ment; 13 in Real Estate Commission office; 4 in Nebraska Brand Registration office; 81 full-time and 75 part-time inspectors.

Publications; Biennial Report, Brand Book and Monthly Supplement, Notaries Public Laws, Real Estate Laws, State Constitution, Canvassing Board Report, Collection Agency Laws, and Brand Law Book.

The territorial secretaries were appointed by the President of the United States for a five-year term. The Constitution of 1866 provided for the election of the Secretary of State by the people for a two-year term. At the general election of November, 1966, and every four years thereafter, the Secretary of State shall be elected by the people for a four-year term.

The duties of the Secretary of State were first prescribed in an act approved June 24, 1867. These duties are constantly being increased and even a partial enumeration of them appears formidable. The Secretary of State is required by law to:

1. Affix the seal of state to commissions and proclamations issued by the Governor and keep a register of them.
2. Approve depository bonds.
3. Receive and have custody of all bills that become laws, and to index, publish and distribute them; also, to furnish certified copies of them upon the payment of the required fees.
4. Report to the Governor the amount of all fees collected by him.
5. Receive abstracts of votes from county clerks, and election commissioners, and tabulate results for the Legislature and Canvassing Board.
6. Keep a file of all articles of incorporation, consolidation, and changes in articles of all corporations, or other associations, also collect filing fees and annual report fees from the same.
7. Receive filings of certificates of nomination for state office, public power district directors, initiative and referendum petitions, and arrange the official ballot for primary and general elections; also publish proposed constitutional amendments.
8. Record trade-marks, trade names, service marks, and labels, and collect fees for the same.
9. Register cattle brands and publish a brand book and a monthly supplement from the registration fees.
10. File reports of county clerks as to county officers.
11. Receive and file testimony in certain election contests.
12. Receive and file all official bonds of state officers.
13. Act as attorney for service of summons for nonresident motor vehicle operators, and corporations.
14. Register enblems of organizations.
15. Serve as chairman of the State Real Estate Commission.
16. Serve as chairman of the Nebraska Brand Committee.
17. Receive and file charters and amendments of home rule cities.
18. Receive applications and issue commissions on approval of the Governor for notaries public.
19. Receive copy of rules and file rules and regulations of state agencies.

20. Issue Detective Agency licenses, Private Detective licenses, and Plain Clothes Investigator licenses.
21. Serve as Chief Coordinator for Continuity of Government, Nebraska Survival Plan.
22. Administrator of the State Records Board.
23. Administrator of the Nebraska Collection Agency Board.
24. Administer the Debt Management Law.

The Secretary of State is a member of the following boards: Board of Canvassers, of which he is the secretary; Board of Equalization and Assessment; Board of Pardons; State Records Board; Nebraska Brand Committee; State Real Estate Commission; and State Standards Committee.

RECORDS MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

The Secretary of State was designated the State Records Administrator by the 1961 Legislature. This legislation requires the Administrator to establish and administer a Records Management Program to facilitate the creation, maintenance, and disposition of records of state government agencies. Through this program he is to establish standards for the selection and preservation of essential records, and to provide records storage and microfilm services to state government agencies. The Administrator is also to assist local political subdivisions in establishing similar programs.

The Records Management Program began operating when a full-time Director was hired in 1968. The Legislature increased program responsibilities in 1969, and expanded the program budget in 1974. The fifteen-member staff is now able to fulfill the assigned responsibilities. Microfilm and Records Center storage services are offered to all state government agencies. Records Retention and Disposition Schedules are developed—with the help of personnel from the various agencies—for all state and local government agencies.

Legislation passed in 1976 authorizes the Records Administrator to approve these Records Retention Schedules. With this approval, the schedule becomes the official authorization for the disposition of agency records.

A State Records Board advises the Administrator in the performance of his duties. The Board reviews records retention and disposition schedules before approval by the Administrator, and also approves the rules and regulations of the Administrator before they are adopted.

Members of the State Records Board Are:

J. J. Exon ..... Governor
Paul L. Douglas ..... Attorney General
Ray A.C. Johnson ..... Auditor of Public Accounts
Harry A. Spencer ..... Chairman, Judicial Council
Stan Matzke, Jr. ..... Director of Administrative Services
Vincent D. Brown ..... Clerk of the Legislature

Marvin F. Kivett ..... Director, Nebraska State Historical Society
James E. Potter ..... State Archivist
Allen J. Beermann, Chairman ..... State Records Administrator
William P. Ptacek, Secretary ..... Director of Records Management

NEBRASKA COLLECTION AGENCY BOARD

Members	Terms Expire
D. G. McDonald, Lexington	October 19, 1977
Guy W. Wolcott, Omaha	October 19, 1978
William E. Pat Daugherty, Lincoln	October 19, 1979

Allen J. Beermann, Secretary of State, Administrator

A Nebraska Collection Agency Board was created by the 1963 Legislature. The Secretary of State was designated the administrator for the Collection Agency Board. The duties of the administrator require him to administer the provisions of the Nebraska Collection Agency Act, including the initial licensing of collection agencies and solicitors employed by agencies and the renewal of all licenses on an annual basis.

The board consists of three members appointed by the Governor. The members are required to be residents of the state for ten years prior to their appointments, and are to be actively engaged in the collection business for not less than five years at the time of appointment. Initial appointees serve staggered terms of one year, two years and three years; their successors are appointed for three-year terms. Members are paid $15.00 for each board meeting attended, but not to exceed $180.00 a year. They are also reimbursed for actual travel and expenses incurred in performance of their duties. The board advises with and assists the Secretary of State in the administration of the act. The board holds an annual meeting in January of each year and other meetings upon call of the Secretary of State or chairnan of the board or upon the written request to the Secretary of State of any two members of the board.

NEBRASKA BRAND COMMITTEE

Members	Terms Expire
Calvin L. Coulter, Bridgeport	August 28, 1979
Walker Younkin, Minden	August 28, 1980
Richard Lackaff, Bassett	August 28, 1977
Wesley Hansen, North Platte	August 28, 1978

Allen J. Beermann, Secretary of State, Chairman
Art Thomsen, Alliance, Secretary and Chief Brand Inspector

The Legislature in 1941 created the Nebraska Brand Committee composed of the Secretary of State who serves as chairman and four members appointed by the Governor for four-year terms. Members receive traveling expenses and five dollars for each day they actually work as members of the committee but no member receives pay for more than five days in any one month. Members of the committee must be active cattlemen engaged in the cattle business in the brand area which in-

cludes the following counties: Arthur, Banner, Blaine, Box Butte, Boyd, Brown, Buffalo, Chase, Cherry, Cheyenne, Custer, Dawes, Dawson, Deuel, Dundy, Franklin, Frontier, lots 17, 18, 32, and the east one hundred feet of lots 33 and 34, Corbins addition to the village of Beaver City, and part of the south half of section one, township three, north range twenty-one, on railroad right-of-way in the west part of Oxford Town called Burlington addition, Oxford, Furnas, Garden, Garfield, Gosper, Grant, Greeley, all of lots one, seven, and eight in block forty-eight in original town of Grand Island, and all of the southeast quarter lying south of the Union Pacific Railroad Company's right-of-way in section twenty-four, township eleven, north, range ten in Hall, Harlan, Hayes, Hitchcock, Holt, Hooker, Kearney, Keith, Keya Paha, Kimball, all of Knox except Eastern, Dolphin, Dowling, Columbia, and Lincoln townships, Lincoln, Logan, Loup, McPherson, Morrill, Perkins, Phelps, Red Willow, Rock, Scotts Bluff, Sheridan, Sherman, Sioux, Thomas, Valley, existing livestock auction markets in Blue Hill, all of lots 1 to 6, and lots 7 and 8, except 22 feet of the east side of lot 8, all in block 6, original town of Blue Hill, and Red Cloud, part of lot A, Roats subdivision to Red Cloud, lots 1 and 2 and the south one half of bloik 32 in original town of Red Cloud, and all of annex lot 21, Red Cloud, in Webster, and Wheeler.

The committee employs a secretary and chief inspector who keeps a record of all proceedings, transactions, communications and official acts of the committee, he is also the custodian of all records of the committee and performs such other duties as the committee requires.

The Nebraska Brand Committee inspects all cattle that are moved from any point within the area to any point outside the brand area. Inspection fees are charged which pay for the operation of the office. During the biennium, 1974-76, 7,739,863 cattle were inspected. This includes local inspection, sales ring and market inspection. Total number of cattle held for proof of ownership during biennium, 55,538.

REAL ESTATE COMMISSION

Members		Terms Expire
Bernard W. Hardesty, Lincoln	1st Dist.	August 28, 1981
Frank J. Wear, Omaha	2nd Dist.	August 28, 1982
Leo B. Ringer, Norfolk	3rd Dist.	August 28, 1977
Ed W. Johannesen, North Platte	4th Dist.	August 28, 1980
Robert K. Corn, Papillion	At Large Member	September 2, 1979

Allen J. Beermann, Secretary of State, Chairman
Paul E. Quinlan, Director

The Legislature in 1973 enacted the Real Estate License Act of 1973 which became operative on September 2, 1973. With the adoption of the new Act, the Real Estate License Act of 1943 was repealed. The new Act provides for a Real Estate Commission of six Members, five of whom are appointed by the Governor for a term of six-years, one from each of the four Congressional Districts as they existed in 1961, and each must have

not less than five years of experience as a licensed real estate broker. The fifth appointed Member is appointed at-large and is representative of the public. The sixth Member is the Secretary of State who serves as Chairman of the Commission. The appointed members are paid their actual traveling expenses and $50.00 per diem for time given to actually attending scheduled Commission Meetings. The Commission licenses real estate brokers and salesmen on the basis of written examinations. Under the provisions of the Nebraska Real Estate Appraiser License Act adopted by the Legislature in 1973, the Commission administers the Act and licenses real estate appraisers separately on the basis of written examinations. In administering the Real Estate License Act and Real Estate Appraiser License Act, the Commission investigates applicants for licenses, investigates complaints, examines real estate broker trust accounts and conducts educational conferences for real estate licensees.

The Commission employs a Director and such other help as may be necessary. The Director keeps a record of all proceedings, transactions, communications and official acts of the Commission, is custodian of all the records and performs such other duties as the Commission may require.

AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Salary

Auditor of Public Accounts—Ray A. C. Johnson, Lincoln $25,000
Deputy Auditor—Charles R. Patteson
Total number of employees: 56

The Auditor's office was created by act of the first Territorial Legislature, approved March 16, 1855. The Auditor was thereby made general accountant and revenue officer of the territory, with a salary of $200 per annum.

Amendatory acts prescribing duties were passed by the Territorial Legislature on January 26, 1856; February 15, 1864; February 9, 1865; and February 13, 1866. The act of February 15, 1864, combined the offices of Auditor and School Commissioner with a salary of $900 per annum.

The Legislature of 1875 fixed the salary and outlined the duties. By act of Legislature in 1913 the Insurance Department was separated from the Auditor's office.

At the general election of November, 1966, and every four years thereafter, the Auditor of Public Accounts shall be elected by the people for a four-year term. The Auditor is required to:

1. Give information in writing to the Legislature, whenever required, upon any subject relating to the fiscal affairs of the state or in regard to any duty of his office.
2. Examine, or cause to be examined books, accounts, vouchers, records, and expenditures of all state officers, state bureaus, state

boards, state commissioners, state library, societies and associations supported by the state, state institutions, state normal schools, and the University of Nebraska, except when required to be performed by other officers or persons, and to report promptly to the Director of Administrative Services the fiscal condition shown by such examinations, including any irregularities or misconduct of officers, or employees, any misappropriation or misuse of public funds or property and any improper system or method of bookkeeping or condition of accounts.

3. Examine and register state, county, municipal and other public bonds.
4. Certify annually to county clerks amount due on county bonds.
5. Examine books, accounts and affairs of all county officers, audit books of all county officers annually and establish a uniform system of bookkeeping for all county officers.
6. Analyze or cause to be analyzed the performance, management and accomplishments of the programs of all State officers, bureaus, boards, commissions, societies and associations supported by the State, State institutions, State colleges and the University of Nebraska and report all findings of such analysis to the Legislature.
7. Cooperate with the Legislative Audit Review Committee to determine the means by which auditing methods can be improved so as to better provide the type of information needed by the Legislature.
8. Establish minimum standards applicable to all audit, financial, or accounting reports required to be filed in his office by any political subdivision of the State.

The Auditor may:

1. Administer oaths and affirmations in matters pertaining to his office.

The Auditor of Public Accounts is a member of the following boards: Board of Canvassers; Board of Equalization and Assessment; State Claims Board; State Records Board; Secretary of the Nebraska State Board of Public Accountancy; Board of Appraisers; Natural Disaster Board.

STATE TREASURER

Salary

State Treasurer—Frank Marsh, Lincoln $25,000
Deputy Treasurer—Ruth Danekas, Lincoln
Total Number of employees: 9
Publications: Biennial Report; Monthly Statement.

By the Organic Act of May 30, 1854, the Governor and the Secretary of the Territory were made the medium through which the funds appropriated by the United States governnent for the territory were expended. An act of the Territorial Assembly, approved March 16, 1855, created the office of Treasurer of the Territory. The Constitutions of 1866 and 1875 provided for this office.

At the general election of November 1966, and every four years thereafter, the State Treasurer shall be elected by the people for a four-year term. It shall be the duty of the State Treasurer:

(1) To receive and keep all money of the state not expressly required to be received and kept by some other person;
(2) To disburse the public money upon warrants drawn upon the State Treasury according to law, and not otherwise;
(3) To keep a just, true and comprehensive account of all money received and disbursed;
(4) To keep a just account with each fund, and each head of appropriation made by law, and the warrants drawn against them;
(5) To report to the Legislature as soon as practicable, but within ten days after the commencement of each regular session, a detailed statement of the condition of the treasury, and its operations for the preceding fiscal year;
(6) To give information in writing to the Legislature, whenever required,upon any subject connected with the treasury or touching any duty of his office;
(7) Record all purchases made by the State Investment Officer;
(8) Hold in safekeeping all securities purchased for the Trust Funds and all State Agencies;
(9) Administer the Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act;
(10) To account for, and pay for, all money received by him as such treasurer, to his successor in office, and deliver all books, and records of office to him; and such successor shall receipt therefor.

The State Treasurer shall deposit, and at all times keep on deposit for safekeeping, in the state or national banks, or some of them doing business in this state and of approved standing and responsibility, the amount of money in his hands belonging to the several current funds in the state treasury.

The State Treasurer is a member of the following boards: Board of Canvassers, Board of Equalization and Assessment, and State Claims Board.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

	Salary
Attorney General—Paul Louis Douglas	$32,500
Deputy Attorney General—Gerald S. Vitamvas	
Assistant Attorney General—C. C. Sheldon	
Assistant Attorney General—Harold Mosher	
Assistant Attorney General—Mel Kammerlohr	
Assistant Attorney General—Bernard L. Packett	
Assistant Attorney General—Ralph H. Gillan	
Assistant Attorney General—Steven Smith	
Assistant Attorney General—Terry R. Schaaf	

Assistant Attorney General—Marilyn Hutchinson
Assistant Attorney General—Gary B. Schneider
Assistant Attorney General—Jerold V. Fennell
Assistant Attorney General—Patrick T. O'Brien
Assistant Attorney General—Paul W. Snyder
Assistant Attorney General—Judy K. Hoffman
Assistant Attorney General—J. Kirk Brown
Assistant Attorney General—Robert F. Bartle
Assistant Attorney General—John R. Thompson
Deputy Attorney General—Claims Division—Harold S. Salter

Total number of employees: 35.

Publications: Biennial Report; Briefs; Opinions.

The office of Attorney General grew out of specific legislative acts authorizing the Governor to employ counsel to perform legal duties for the state. An Act of 1869 provided for the election of an Attorney General. There was opposition to the continuance of the office in the Constitutional Convention of 1875, but the office was included with the constitutional elective offices in that instrument.

The Legislature of 1919 passed an act creating the Department of Justice, with the Attorney General as the head of the department. This department has "general control and supervision of all actions and legal proceedings in which the State of Nebraska may be a party or be interested, and has charge and control of all legal business of all departments and bureaus of the state, or of any office thereof, which requires the services of attorney or counsel in order to protect the interests of the state."

At the general election of November, 1966, and every four years thereafter, the Attorney General shall be elected by the people for a four-year term.

The Attorney General has the same powers and prerogatives in each of the several counties of the state as the county attorneys have in their respective counties. He is required:

1. To appear and defend actions and claims against the state.
2. To consult with and advise the county attorneys, when requested by them, in all criminal matters and in matters relating to public revenue.
3. To give, when required, without fee, his opinion in writing upon all questions of law submitted to him by the Governor, or the head of any executive department, or by the Legislature.
4. At the request of the Governor or the head of any executive department to prosecute or defend for the state all actions and proceedings, civil or criminal, relating to any matter connected with their departments.
5. To enforce the proper application of moneys appropriated by the Legislature to the various funds of the state, and prosecute breaches of trust in the administration of such funds.
6. To prepare, when requested by the Governor or other executive officers, proper drafts for contracts, forms or other writings which may be wanted for use by the state.

7. To appear for the state and prosecute and defend all actions and proceedings, civil or criminal, in the Supreme Court in which the state is interested or a party; and when requested by the Governor or the Legislature, to appear for the state and prosecute or defend any action or conduct any investigation in which the state is interested or a party, before any court, officer, board, tribunal or commission.

The Attorney General is a member of the following boards and commission: Board of Canvassers; Board of Pardons; State Records Board and Nebraska Commission on Intergovernmental Cooperation.

The 1969 Legislature passed a State Tort Claims Act which created in the Department of Justice a Claims Division, headed by a Deputy Attorney General, and made the Attorney General legal advisor to the State Claims Board with authority to designate the Deputy Attorney General, Claims Division, to act in his stead. In the administering of the act the Attorney General is given the duty of investigating claims, of approving any allowance or settlement of a claim made by the board, and representing the state in suits brought under the act.

The 1974 Legislature provided for the creation of an anti-trust division in the Department of Justice. The primary duty of the division is to enforce the laws against monopolies, illegal trusts, and other unlawful combinations in restraint of trade. Also in 1974 the Consumers Protection Act was passed. The Attorney General was authorized to bring an action to restrain and prevent any person from using unfair practices and acts in the conduct of any trade commerce. A Division of Consumers Protection has been established by the Attorney General to receive and investigate complaints under the act.

STATE ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENTS

THE CIVIL ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

The Constitution of 1875 provided for eight executive officers and the Board of University Regents. Section 26 of Article V. of that constitution expressly forbade the creation of any other executive offices. In time new functions of governnent were assumed and the prohibition of the constitution was evaded by the creation of various boards and commissions having for their nominal heads one or more of the constitutional state officers while the real work was done by deputies. In 1918 a plank in the Republican platform pledged the party to the enactment of a Civil Administrative Code. The party was successful at the election and the Legislature of 1919, after a very fierce and prolonged contest in which party lines were considerably broken, enacted an administrative code. A referendum petition against this act was circulated but owing to failure to comply with certain legal requirements the referendum failed to secure a place upon the official ballot and the code went into effect in July, 1919. This code eliminated eleven boards and commissions and ten other subdivisions of departments. It created the following six administrative

departments: Finance, Agriculture, Trade and Commerce, Labor, Public Works, and Public Welfare.

The code continued to be an issue in succeeding state elections. In 1922 it was a political issue but a divided Legislature failed to make any material amendment to the law. In 1929 the Department of Finance was abolished and its duties given to the State Tax Commissioner. It was also provided that the Secretary of Labor should be ex officio Secretary of Public Welfare. These departments were administered by secretaries appointed by the Governor with the consent of the House and Senate. In 1931 Governor Bryan decided to operate the activities of the Departments of Agriculture, Labor and Public Welfare without the appointment of secretaries.

The Legislature of 1933 complied with the recommendations of Governor Bryan and rearranged the administrative agencies into the following six administrative departments: Finance, Agriculture, Trade and Irrigation, Banking, and Insurance. The amendments of 1933 did not change the duties of the several agencies materially. In 1945 the Department of Aeronautics was established as one of the administrative deparments, and in 1947, the Department of Veterans Affairs was designated an administrative department. In 1957 the Department of Roads and Irrigation was divided into two administrative departments, namely: The Department of Roads and the Department of Water Resources. In 1957 the Division of Motor Vehicles was also made an administrative department. In 1962 the Department of Public Institutions and the Department of Public Welfare were established as administrative departments. The Department of Administrative Services was established by legislative act in 1965. The 1967 Legislature made the Department of Economic Development an administrative department. The 1969 Legislature made the Department of Revenue an administrative department. In 1971 the Legislature created the Department of Environmental Control and the Department of Personnel. The salaries and wages of all employees including the heads of these departments are fixed by the Governor. Though the Adjutant General's office is not actually an administrative department, it does function as such and is therefore included in this section. The heads of the administrative departments comprise the unofficial cabinet of the Governor.

The following pages give an account of the administrative departments as they now exist in law, together with a brief history of each activity as it existed prior to the enactment of the administrative code.

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES

Director—Stan Matzke, Jr.

This department, created by the enactment of LB 173 by the 1965 Legislature, was approved August 4, 1965, and became operative October 1, 1965.

The coordination and administration of the activities of the six divisions that make up the department are the responsibility of the Director. The divisions are:

1. Accounting Division
2. Budget Division
3. Data Processing Division
4. General Services Division
5. Materiel Division
6. State Building Division
7. Division of Communications

The responsibilities of this department are to:

1. Provide for the development and maintenance of a modern system of budgetary, inventory and financial accounting,
2. Provide for development and maintenance of such modern and economical methods and systems for record keeping, accounting, expenditure planning and control as may be possible through timely adoption of modern technological developments,
3. Provide for centralized direction of services and service agencies,
4. Assure the development and operation of organizational and procedural innovations as may be expected to provide acceptable internal control of the handling of public funds,
5. Focus responsibility for execution of the financial policies of this state on the chief executive and provide assistants having the necessary technical skills for the achievement of that end,
6. Provide for the development, planning and management of state data processing activities,
7. Provide for the development, planning and management of state telecommunication activities,
8. Provide for the development, planning and management of capital facilities,
9. Provide for the development, planning and management of the transportation services activities, and
10. Provide for the development, planning and management of management engineering coordination activities.

ACCOUNTING DIVISION

State Accounting Administrator and Social

Security Administrator ..... George E. Shute

Total Number of Employees: 34

Created by the 1965 Legislature, and reorganized by the 1969 Legislature, this division has the complete responsibility for operating and maintaining the centralized accounting system for the entire state. Nebraska is one of a very few states having a comprehensive centralized accounting system. The division also administers the State Social Security Act. Composed of four bureaus, the division is organized as follows:

1. Accounting Bureau..... John Washecka
Ass't. State Acctg. Administrator

18 Employees.

Responsible for the processing, which includes pre-audit, of all vouchers to assure legality of transactions and budget compliance of same. The current volume includes approximately 520,000 vouchers and 2 million warrants processed annually.

2. NEIS (Nebraska Employee Information System) Office
Ed Barter, Manager

4 Employees.

Responsible for operating this newly developed centralized payroll/personnel/position information system. This computer based system is thought to be the most comprehensive system of its type in all state governments. It provides information concerning the positions of each of the 30,000 state employees and provides that each employee is paid correctly.

3. Management Systems and Studies Bureau .....Richard Enos, Manager

6 Employees

Responsible for reviewing state agency activities to insure proper internal controls exist and that proper accounting methods are utilized. Monitors State Auditors reports to see that recommendations cited therein are implemented. Available to assist agencies in development of additional accounting system and work flow improvement.

4. Social Security Bureau .....Mrs. Frances Christensen
Asst. State Social Security
Administrator

4 Employees

Serves as a liaison agent between state agencies, political subdivisions and the Federal Social Security Administration. It is the responsibility of the bureau to:

1. Interpret and administer federal and state statutes with respect to social security for public employees in Nebraska.
2. To review and approve enabling actions and plans submitted by political subdivisions whereby social security is to be extended to their employees.
3. Each calendar quarter to recapitulate and consolidate wage reports from all state agencies and political subdivisions for social security coverage and to receive their remittances. After such compilation to transmit to the Department of Health, Education and Welfare a composite report, together with a remittance for the proper amount of tax owed by the state agencies and political subdivisions for each quarter.

The Social Security Bureau reports on approximately 3,200 different public entities, made up of schools, state departments, cities and villages, townships and counties, housing authorities, airport authorities, and irrigation and public power districts.

This activity results in the collection and remittance of approximately $88,000,000 annually.

BUDGET DIVISION

Budget Administrator ..... John H. Jacobson
Total number of employees: 11.

The Budget Division was created by the 1965 Legislature. Subsequently, the statutes regulating this division were revised by the 1969 session as a result of the survey and recommendations of the Nebraska Management Analysis Study Committee.

The act currently prescribes the following duties and functions:

1. Prescribes the Budget Calendar.
2. Collects and collates information on actual and intended receipts and expenditures as provided by law.
3. Develops performance measures to evaluate actual and projected levels of expenditure.
4. Administers the approved budget.
5. Prepares a monthly budget report for each department and agency.
6. Coordinates fiscal plans for all state agencies.
7. Develops long-range framework for program budgeting based on forecasts of revenues and expenditures.
8. Requires submission of a six year capital facilities plan from each agency and analyzes this in relation to the operating program of the agency and makes recommendations to the Governor.
9. Compiles and publishes annually:
   a. Operations and trends of all federal programs under which state agencies might or have participated.
   b. Size and desirability of federal grants.
   c. Report on effectiveness of changes and tax laws on the ability of the state to attract industry.
10. Makes periodic studies of levels of other states in comparison with Nebraska State Agencies.

DATA PROCESSING SERVICE DIVISION

Data Processing Administrator..... Ernest E. Kovaly
Total number of employees: 119

This division established by the 1965 Legislature as a part of the Accounting Division, was transferred from the Tax Commissioner. It is the successor organization to the Central Accounting Office. The 1967 Legislature established it as a separate division.

The State Data Processing Administrator controls all acquisitions of computing equipment throughout state government and has the authority to establish, consolidate, eliminate data centers as efficiencies and economies indicate.

The division installed one of the very latest and most sophisticated data processing installations in mid-March, 1966, which became operative May 1, 1966. This installation is the principal tool and the central

activity in unification of accounting processes for the state and provides the data for accomplishing the controls delegated to the Department of Administrative Services. Since then, activities have been expanded to provide data processing services to 56 agencies of state governnent including revenue, welfare, education, health, institutions, and state patrol.

Time sharing service is provided to all state agencies including the University, State colleges and high schools throughout the State.

The concept of organization and service provided to other state agencies is almost unique among the fifty states.

GENERAL SERVICES DIVISION

Administrator.....Delmar C. Maier

Total number of employees: 10

This division, created by the Eightieth Session of the Legislature, was approved on August 25, 1969 and became operative in January, 1970.

The duties and responsibilities of the Transportation Services Bureau are to provide service and guidance to all state agencies in the utilization, operation and servicing of state-owned motor vehicles. It is responsible for monitoring all transportation requirements of the state.

DIVISION OF COMMUNICATIONS

Director..... Stephen R. Robinson

Total number of employees: 8

The Division of Communications was created by the Eighty-fourth Legislature to become operative on July 1, 1975. In creating the Division of Communications the Legislature expanded the scope and authority of what was originally designated as the Telecommunications Bureau.

The Division of Communications is the central planning, management and coordination entity for all State telecommunications activities. Its primary purpose is to provide for the development of a reliable and efficient telecommunications system for joint use by State agencies and departments, and by subdivisions of State government.

This Division leases and manages joint use communications networks, operates and manages the State telephone system, and is the coordinator of local government radio frequency allocation for the Federal Communications Commission.

MATERIEL DIVISION

Materiel Administrator .....Charles W. Neal

Total number of employees: 70

The functions of the former Bureau of Printing and Supplies were transferred to the Division of Purchase and Supplies by the Civil Ad-

ministrative Code in 1919, and the division was made the purchasing agent of the state. The history of the Bureau of Printing and Supplies is as follows:

A territorial act approved March 15, 1855, provided that the Secretary of the Territory should print and distribute the laws and joint resolutions. On January 29, 1857, Robert W. Furnas was elected Public Printer, and a joint resolution approved February 13, 1857, authorized the printer to print the session laws and the journals of each house. The earliest state law in reference to state printing is one approved June 18, 1867. This act provided that the Auditor, Treasurer and Secretary of State should advertise for bids for state printing. An act approved February 25, 1875, required state officers to deliver their reports to the State Printer and have them ready for distribution at the beginning of the Legislature. The earlier act was repealed by an act approved February 24, 1883, and a State Printing Board, consisting of the Auditor, Treasurer and Secretary of State, with duties almost identical with those required by the early law was created. The Legislature of 1897 substituted a new act which required the Printing Board to let contracts for printing, stationery and supplies for all state departments, and allowed $1,000 a year as salary for an expert printer to attend to the actual duties of the board. An act approved April 3, 1909, provided that the Printing Board should consist of the Governor, Auditor and Secretary of State and gave the Governor power to appoint a secretary. The Legislature of 1911 repealed the existing law and created a Bureau of Printing, and made the Governor the Commissioner of the Bureau with power to appoint a deputy at a salary of $1,500 a year. The Legislature of 1917 enacted a new public printing law similar to that of 1911. The functions of the Bureau of Printing were transferred to the Division of Purchase and Supplies in 1919.

In 1943 the Legislature provided that the Purchasing Agent should be appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Legislature for a four-year term at an annual salary of $3,600. The 1945 Legislature increased the Purchasing Agent's salary to $4,000 a year. The 1951 Legislature provided that the salary of the Purchasing Agent should be fixed by the Governor at not to exceed $4,600 a year. The 1957 Legislature provided that the salary of the Purchasing Agent should be $7,500.00 a year. The 1963 Legislature increased the Purchasing Agent's salary to $8,500.00 a year.

The State Purchasing Agent was also given by the 1943 Legislature the administration of the central mailing service for the state. A postage metering machine was installed andpsince July 1, 1943, all official outgoing mail of any state officer, department, commission, board, bureau, court or other agency located in the state capitol, is delivered to the central mailing service where it is metered and dispatched.

The Purchasing Agent has exclusive authority to make all purchases of articles used by or needed by the state and its agencies. The 1947 Legislature provided that the Purchasing Agent should have authority to sell and dispose of state surplus property.

The 1965 Legislature transferred this agency from the Tax Commissioner to the Department of Administrative Services as the Purchasing Division and in so doing placed the purchasing departments of the State University and the State Normal Schools under the jurisdiction of the State Purchasing Agent.

The 1969 Legislature provided that the duties and functions of the State Purchasing Agent be invested in a new division known as the Materiel Division within the Department of Administrative Services. It is managed by the Materiel Administrator who assumes the former role of Purchasing Agent.

Within the Materiel Division are established five bureaus: Central Stores Bureau ,Traffic Bureau, Reproduction Services Bureau, Standard and Specifications Bureau and Purchasing Bureau.

The 1974 Legislature provided that all state inventories would come under control of Materiel Division.

STATE BUILDING ADVISORY COMMISSION

Appointed Members:	Terms Expire
Thomas C. Woods, Jr., Lincoln	March 1, 1978
Linus Burr Smith, Lincoln	March 1, 1979
Kermit Wagner, Schuyler	March 1, 1977
Ex Officio Members:	
J. J. Exon	Governor
Thomas D. Doyle	Director-State Engineer
Stan Matzke, Jr.	Director-Administrative Services

This commission was created by an act of the 1949 Legislature. The 1965 Legislature amended the law and designated the members of the commission to be: The Governor, the Director-State Engineer and three other residents of the State of Nebraska to be appointed by the Governor and serve for a three-year staggered term. The 1974 Legislature amended the law designating the Director of Administrative Services as a member of the Commission.

The duty of the State Building Advisory Commission is to recommend and advise the State Building Division of projects requiring renovation and implementation of the State Capitol, Governor's Mansion, State Laboratory Facility and State Office Buildings.

STATE BUILDING DIVISION

Administrator ..... Vernon D. Clark

The division was created by the 83rd Legislature and became operative July 1, 1974. The Building Division is charged with the administration of statewide facilities planning, facilities construction and statewide facilities administration.

Within the division are the following departments and personnel:

Facilities Security and Public Assistance	17
Facilities Planning	5
Facilities Construction	4
Facilities Administration	4
Staff	56
Total Number of Employees	85

Facilities Security and Public Assistance provides for adequate security to all State owned or leased buildings and grounds and coordinates the public assistance functions including public tours, information and elevator operations.

Facilities planning, through maintenance of facility inventory and utilization records; master planning for future facilities; analysis and review of capital construction requests and programs, preliminary plans and construction contracts insure that State funds are expended for necessary and appropriate facilities for the most efficient functioning of the various State programs. The planning group also assists with preparation of the annual capital construction budget and determines and executes projects within the Capitol Building, Governor's Mansion and State Laboratory to maintain and improve those facilities.

Facilities construction, through close contact with and inspections of each project, coordination of change orders and progress payments and time-cost schedule administration insures the efficient execution of construction projects.

Facilities administration is charged with procurement and management of required office space, serves as State leasing agent, provides adequate parking and a system of billing for same, provides for all maintenance and repairs of the buildings and grounds associated with the Capitol, Governor's Mansion, State Laboratory, State Office Building—Lincoln, and other such office buildings as are later so designated, and reports on the operating costs for the above items to the Governor and the Legislature.

STATE OFFICE OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMMING

State Planning Officer ..... J. J. Exon
Director ..... W. Don Nelson

The State Office of Planning and Programming was created by the Legislature in 1969 to coordinate the planning and programming activities of state agencies and political subdivisions, and to serve as the executive agency primarily responsible for intergovernmental relations. Specifically, its major duties include:

Coordinating the collection of data, consolidate data files or data banks, review and approve or disapprove the establishment of separate data banks, and establish and require the use of standard basic population and economic data for all state agencies and institutions;

Analysis and projection of the quality and quantity of services required for the continued and orderly growth of the state;

Coordination of the planning activities of all state departments, agencies, and institutions, and political subdivisions of the state;

Advising and consulting with regional, joint, and local planning agencies;

Participation in interstate planning (Old West Regional Commission);

Survey, review, and appraisal of the accomplishments of state government in achieving the goals and objectives;

Assisting the Department of Administrative Services with the capital improvement programming process;

Serving as state government's applicant agency or as coapplicant for all planning, programming, or research grants to transportation authorities and to state departments, agencies, or institutions;

Assisting the Governor in the preparation, issuance, and continuous revision of long-range state development policies and programs;

Preparation of legislation necessary to implement development policies and programs for consideration by the Legislature;

Delivery of all functional plans to the Legislature for possible approval as state policy.

Administering the HUD Comprehensive Planning Assistance Program (701);

Engage in preparation of comprehensive plans for counties and multicounty organizations; and

Carrying out the reception and review of all federal grants and associated data under both federal and state law.

The State Office of Planning and Programming is the State Clearinghouse under Office of Management and Budget Circular A-95, and also is the State Center Reception Agency under Office of Management and Budget Circular A-98 and designated clearinghouses for LB 442 (1976).

DEPARTMENT OF AERONAUTICS

Director.....Rudolf Peralez
Assistant Director and Deputy Director for Airports ..... W. J. Kreuscher
Navigational Aids.....Robert Lammers
State Airport Management..... Brian Mariska
Engineering .....Henry Wulf
Planning .....John Larson
Deputy Director for Operations .....John R. Auer
Flight Standards..... George Knott
Operations Specialist .....Hale Dodge
Aviation Services and Aerospace Education..... Michael Larson
Deputy Director for Administration ..... Billie Frost

Total number of employees: 33

Publications: Annual Report, Nebraska Airport Directory, Aeronautical
Chart, Pireps (a monthly newsletter to airmen).

AIRPORT DIVISION

Navigational Aids & Weather

The responsibilities of this division involves the operation and maintenance of Nebraska's Aeronautical Radio Navigation, Communication and Weather Teletypewriter Network consisting of: three VHF Omnirange (VOR) facilities located at Beatrice, Kearney, and Thedford; eighteen Non-directional Radio Beacons (NDB or "H") facilities located at Alliance, Broken Bow, Burwell, Chadron, Columbus, Cozad, Fremont, Gordon, Hastings, Holdrege, Lexington, North Platte, Millard, Mullen, Oshkosh, Scottsbluff and Valentine and one seventy-five MHz (75 MHz) Fan Markers at Kearney. Five VOR facilities previously owned and operated by the Department; Ainsworth, Alliance, Columbus, Hastings and McCook, have been transferred to the FAA for federal operation and maintenance. The weather collection network is composed of ten reporting stations located at Ainsworth, Alliance, Beatrice, Broken Bow, Hastings, Kearney, McCook, Columbus, Mullen and Valentine; one non-reporting station located at Fremont; a collecting station located at the Omaha FAA, FSS and the controlling (monitoring) station located in Navaids headquarters at Kearney. Other responsibilities of the division include: maintaining the divisions headquarters office, maintenance shops and warehouses in Kearney; installing and maintaining seventy lighted (rotating) Beacons on various airports; State runway lighting program; surplus equipment; weather equipment and the coordination of all activities and programs with the FAA, National Weather Service and municipalities involved.

Airport Engineering & Planning

This division is charged with providing the coordination and planning for the location of new municipal airports, and participates in site surveys, review of the construction plans and specifications, and approves cost estimates and payments. All federal funds for the development of Nebraska municipal airports under the Airport Development Aid Program, administered by the Federal Aviation Administration of the U.S. Department of Transportation, must be through the department, and this division coordinates, processes.and administers all phases of the program.

The State Airport Engineer, in addition to managing the Engineering Division, also acts as Assistant Director of the department.

During the period from July 1947 through June 1975, the division processed documents for the development of airports totaling approximately $53.5 million for Nebraska municipalities. A total of twenty projects programmed through State and Federal programs for the fiscal year of 1974-75 total approximately $7.42 million. The 1975-76 federal funding program was delayed by Congress, resulting in no new funds in this fiscal year.

State-Owned Airfields

The State-Owned Airfield Division is responsible for the management, maintenance, and operation of all facilities and utilities on the five state-owned airfields (Bruning, Fairmont, Harvard, McCook and Scribner). This division also has the responsibility for the commercial leasing of all industrial related lands and buildings situated on the state-owned airfields.

OPERATIONAL SERVICES DIVISION

The Operational Services Division is responsible for supervising and directing the activities of Flight Standards, Aviation Services, and the Aerial Applications. The Chief of this division advises the Director on all matters pertaining to registrations publications, Aerial Applications the operation of the State Aircraft Pool, and the development of the State's Air Transportation System.

Flight Standards

Flight Standards is headed by the primary pilot for the department. The department has the primary responsibility for the conduct of state government flights. Flight Standards also has the responsibilities of registering Nebraska licensed pilots and airports, department airplane maintenance, department pilot upgrading, accident investigations, aviation safety, flight activities reports and civil defense. Flight Standards also handles aerial applicator registration.

Aviation Services

Aviation Services is responsible for arranging pilot upgrading programs, and pilot clinics in conjunction with the FAA. Other clinics are also conducted annually for instructors, mechanics, fixed base operators and aerial applicators. Aviation Services also fosters aviation safety through the development and enforcement of aviation regulations consistent with federal rules, and violations and accident investigation. Development of aerospace education is accomplished through a high school teacher aeronautical knowledge enrichment program open to all Nebraska high schools and participation in summer workshop programs which are conducted by the University of Nebraska and other state colleges for aerospace education teachers. Other responsibilities include department public relations and promotional projects, coordination of the traffic stimulation program, editing of the state aeronautical publication, PIREPS, and producing the state aeronautical chart and airport directory.

NEBRASKA AERONAUTICS COMMISSION

Members	Terms Expire
John T. Harris, Jr., McCook	March 1, 1978
John W. Kissack, Scottsbluff	March 1, 1980

Robt. E. Creager, Lincoln ..... March 1, 1979
Herbert Bierhaus, Holdrege ..... March 1, 1981
William A. Fraser, Jr., Omaha ..... March 1, 1977
Rudolf Peralez, Secretary ex officio.

The members of the Nebraska Aeronautics Commission are appointed by the Governor, and they serve for five-year terms. They receive no salary but are reimbursed for their necessary expenses incurred in the performance of duties. The commission acts in an advisory capacity to the Director of Aeronautics and in addition has the following specific duties:

1. Supervises and directs the allocation of state and federal funds to be spent for construction and maintenance of airports.
2. Designates locations and sites for airports.
3. Authorizes the purchase of aircraft for the state.
4. Selects and approves pilots to be employed by the state.
5. Assists the Director in formulating the regulations and policies to be carried out by the department.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Director ..... Glenn Kreuscher
Deputy Director ..... Roger Sandman

BUREAUS AND DIVISIONS

Agriculture Development
Chief ..... (Vacant)
Animal Industry
Chief and State Veterinarian ..... Dr. N. W. Kruse
Agriculture Laboratories
Chief ..... Denis Blank
Dairies and Foods
Chief ..... Herb Wenant
Marketing
Chief ..... Robert Petersen
Nebraska Crop & Livestock Reporting Service
Chief, and State-Federal Statistician ..... Jack Aschwege
Plant Industry
Chief ..... Marvin Sitorius
State Apiarist ..... Louis Shanek
State Entomologist (Acting) ..... Dr. Ackland Jones
Potato Development
Chief ..... Gary Leever
Weights and Measures
Chief ..... Steve Malone
Wheat Development, Utilization and Marketing
Chief ..... John Lee

Additional programs:
Livestock Auction Market Board
Nebr. Poultry, Development, Utilization & Marketing Committee
Nebr. Soybean, Development, Utilization & Marketing Board
Weather Control Commission

Attorney for the Department ..... William F. Abell

The Department of Agriculture was one of the six administrative departments created by the Civil Administrative Code Law of 1919. As created it was divided into the following bureaus and divisions: Bureau of Animal Industry; Bureau of Food, Drugs and Oil; Bureau of Markets and Marketing; Division of Game and Fish; and Clerical and Records Division.

The name of the department has been changed over the years. In 1933, it was changed to Department of Agriculture and Inspection. Then, in 1963, it officially became the Department of Agriculture and Economic Development; 1967 saw a return to the original name of Department of Agriculture.

Many changes have been made in the duties and the organization of the department since 1919. The Division of Game and Fish was separated from the department in 1929. Drug inspection was removed from the department in 1941. Licensing of itinerant merchants was removed in 1955.

Many regulatory functions were later added to its duties. In addition to the original laws providing for the official inspection of all petroleum fuels being offered for sale within the state, in 1941 were added the collection of state gasoline and special fuel taxes, the regulation and licensing of petroleum transport trucks, and the administration of the Agricultural Refund Law. Other additions were the licensing of livestock sale rings, and the licensing of frozen food lockers.

In 1945, the Division of Potato Development was added to the department.

The 1947 Legislature added two new divisions to the department: the Cigarette Tax Division, and the Nebraska Resources Division. It also made provision for the inspection of slaughterhouses, and for the testing of antifreeze.

The 1955 Legislature passed laws that added two new divisions to the department: the Oil and Gas Severance Tax Division, and the Division of Wheat Development, Utilization and Marketing.

The 1957 Legislature created the Weather Control Commission and assigned its administrative functions to this department.

In 1961, the Legislature created the Auction Livestock Market Board, to assist in administering the auction market licensing law. Corrective legislation in 1963 made several changes, including changing the name to the Livestock Auction Market Board.

In 1965, the Legislature removed petroleum tax collection and inspection, and the Cigarette and Oil and Severance Tax collections from the department.

In other 1965 action, the Unicameral established the Division of Dairy Trade Practices, and created a Predatory Animal Control Program. They also authorized the Director of Agriculture to participate in a Rural Rehabilitation educational program to aid needy farm and ranch youth in their education beyond the high school level.

The 1967 Legislature removed the Resources Division and its assigned duties of economic development from the Department of Agriculture and created a new Department of Economic Development. The 1967 Legislature transferred the responsibility for tractor permits and enforcement of the Tractor Test Law from the Railway Commission to the Nebraska Department of Agriculture.

The fundamental duty of the Department of Agriculture, as with many other government agencies, is regulatory in nature. Government's principal reason for existence is the protection of the public interest, and the department operates in this kind of climate. Many consumer services are provided by the department. In addition, there are service areas in which government can function most effectively. An example of such an area, in the field of agriculture, is the collection of basic statistical data and the collection and dissemination of market news information.

The various facets of department activity are ultimately culminated in the production, processing and distribution of wholesome food. It is specifically charged with the responsibility of assuring supplies of sanitary and wholesome food—a responsibility which is shared with the U.S. Department of Agriculture, and the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

Special projects currently handled at the administrative level of the department (not assigned to a specific division) include: Student Loan Program (see special section on Agricultural Development), Weather Control Commission (see separate section) and the Poultry and Egg Market News Project.

The Poultry and Egg Market News Project is a joint State-Federal activity. It involves collecting market supply and price information and disseminating same to the news media and the trade. Bi-weekly reports are published.

In 1974, portions of the Dairy Industry Trade Practices Act administered by the Bureau of Dairies, Foods and Drugs were found unconstitutional and the entire law was subsequently repealed by the Legislature.

NEBRASKA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

The law providing for the gathering of agricultural statistics through the assessors was approved in 1898. The duties were assigned to the Bureau of Labor. In 1913, the work in agricultural statistics was transferred to the State Board of Agriculture under W.R. Mellor, Secretary of the board.

In 1919, the Division of Agricultural Statistics was transferred to the Nebraska Department of Agriculture under the code law passed at that time. The Division of Agricultural Statistics was under the Bureau of Markets and Marketing. That bureau was abolished in 1923 but the Division of Agricultural Statistics was retained.

The United States Department of Agriculture established an agricultural statistics office in Lincoln, Nebraska on July 3, 1914 with A.E. Anderson in charge. Prior to that time the federal work in agricultural statistics was under Frank S. Pinney, who was located at Council Bluffs, Iowa, and he had charge of both Iowa and Nebraska. The federal government also had a State Statistical Agent and C. W. Pugsley was the last one to serve as that office was abolished when the federal office was established in Lincoln.

Agricultural statistics for Nebraska were gathered by the United States Department of Agriculture as early as 1866. In the early years the statistics were obtained through crop correspondents. As the work developed, the Washington office had township correspondents and also county correspondents. The county correspondents sent a few schedules to farmers in each county prior to submitting their monthly reports. The regional offices to which several states were assigned maintained crop reporters for each state.

Informal cooperation between the Division of Agricultural Statistics under the State Board of Agriculture and the Federal Statistician under the U.S. Department of Agriculture began in 1914 and a cooperative contract was signed between the two agencies in 1917. This cooperative arrangement is still in force. The agency previously known as the State-Federal Division of Agricultural Statistics, now carries the title of Nebraska Crop and Livestock Reporting Service.

The federal agency was still operating independently as the Bureau of Statistics in 1914. Later it was transferred as a division of other agencies, the last transfer being from the Agricultural Marketing Service to the Statistical Reporting Service.

The state personnel consists of nine employees, two being paid in part by the federal government. There are twenty-seven federal employees exclusive of the two state employees that are paid in part by the federal government. In addition, up to sixty-nine part-time federal employees work on the area sample surveys, multiple frame surveys, and objective yield measurements.

The office compiles over 300 agricultural reports each year in addition to special reports required from time to time. All of these reports are obtained through regular surveys or schedules of inquiry sent to correspondents, supplemented by information obtained through personal contact and observation. Area interview surveys and objective yield measurements for corn, wheat and soybeans are made regularly each year.

Area frame surveys are used to measure incompleteness or changes within the list frame on cattle and hog surveys. This system is known as

multiple frame sampling, and surveys are made twice a year for cattle and quarterly for hogs.

The State Farm Census is the largest of the surveys made. This schedule contains about 50 questions, the answers of which are gathered by the assessors from each farmer in the state annually. They are edited and compiled in this office and provide the basis for county estimates of acreage of crops and some of the estimates of livestock and poultry.

The data are edited and compiled by counties, crop reporting districts and for the state. County estimates are made on acreage, yield, production, numbers and value of livestock and other items on Nebraska agriculture.

Most of the state estimates are published in the monthly and annual reports of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The county estimates are published by the state in the annual report of "Nebraska Agricultural Statistics" and many of them are available earlier in the year in mimeographed form. Special reports on livestock losses, marketing, grain storage, crop varieties, and commercial fertilizers have been published. The press, radio and television agencies disseminate most of the information so that it reaches everyone in this state.

The leading reports are the estimates of crop production made during the growing months of the year, the annual estimate of livestock numbers, the monthly cattle on Feed Reports, the quarterly Pig Crop Reports, the monthly Price Reports, the monthly Hatchery Report, the quarterly report of Stocks of Grain, the annual county estimates relating to crops and livestock, the annual estimates of livestock numbers and values, and the weekly Weather and Crop Report. The latter is published in cooperation with the State Extension Service and the Weather Bureau. There are numerous other reports bringing the grand total to over 300 reports each year.

BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

A Livestock Sanitary Board was created by an act approved March 5, 1885. This act provided for a Livestock Sanitary Commission of three members and a State Veterinary Surgeon, all appointed by the Governor. The Legislature of 1901 repealed existing legislation and made the Governor the State Veterinarian, with power to appoint a deputy for the actual work of the office. The Legislature of 1913 repealed this law and created a Livestock Sanitary Board of five members appointed by the Governor, who continued to be the State Veterinarian, and appointed a deputy upon nomination of the Livestock Sanitary Board.

The Legislature of 1919 repealed the laws of 1913 pertaining to the establishment of the Livestock Sanitary Board, and established the Bureau of Animal Industry as a part of the new Department of Agriculture, with the State Veterinarian in charge of the bureau.

State Veterinarian—the 1965 Legislature passed a law providing for the Director of Agriculture to appoint the State Veterinarian, and to fix

his salary subject to the approval of the Governor. This legislation also clarified some of the responsibilities of the Bureau of Animal Industry. Other legislation the same year provided for the market cattle testing method of brucellosis certification in the state.

The bureau's responsibilities include animal disease control, eradication, pet food, and rendering plant inspection. The bureau is assigned the duties of protecting the health of livestock in Nebraska and of regulating the movement of animals into or within the state. Specific activities assigned are as follows: eradication of bovine tuberculosis, brucellosis (Bang's disease), cattle, sheep and horse scabies, glanders and dourine; the control of anthrax, swine erysipelas, hog cholera and other diseases of swine licensing and inspection of dead animal rendering plants; licensing and supervision of livestock auction markets; enforcement of statutory provisions with respect to the use of garbage for animal feed; enforcement of quarantine laws and regulations; livestock dealer licensing; and regulation of pet food manufacturing and rendering.

The Nebraska Auction Livestock Market Development Act of 1961 provided for a seven-man board to administer and recommend the issuance, suspension and revocation of livestock market licenses.

This act was superseded by the Nebraska Livestock Auction Market Development Act of 1963. Under this law, the board was reduced to three members. The Director of Agriculture is chairman; other members are the State Veterinarian, and a livestock auction market operator, who is appointed by the Governor for a four-year term.

Current members of the Livestock Auction Market Board:

Glenn Kreuscher ..... Director of Agriculture, Chairman
Dr. Norman Kruse ..... State Veterinarian
Walter Epke, York ..... (Term expires August 1, 1979)

A cooperative agreement was initiated originally in 1974, between the Nebraska Department of Agriculture and the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, to create a more flexible State-Federal structure in utilization of field, clerical and laboratory personnel and facilities for their mutual benefit and to the benefit of the people of the United States.

BUREAU OF DAIRIES, FOODS AND DRUGS

The Legislature of 1899 created the Food Commission. The Governor was Food Commissioner with power to appoint a deputy. This law was replaced by a more inclusive act in 1907, and the Food Commission became the Food, Dairy and Drug Commission.

The office of Oil Inspector was created by the Legislature of 1887. The inspector was appointed by the Governor and the deputies were appointed by the oil inspector. The Legislature of 1909 repealed the previous law and designated the Governor as Oil Inspector with power to appoint a deputy. This office was supported by fees collected. The

Legislature of 1913 consolidated the pure food and oil of the state in one office known as Food, Drug, Dairy and Oil Commission, of which the Governor was Commissioner, with power to appoint a deputy, a state chemist, food inspectors and other employees.

The Legislature of 1911 created a Hotel Commission with the Governor as Commissioner. The Legislature of 1917 abolished this commission and transferred all of its functions to the Food Commission. The law required the annual inspection and registration of all hotels, rooming houses, apartment houses, and restaurants in the state, and the enforcement of suitable rules and regulations. All of these activities were given to the Bureau of Foods, Drugs and Oils by the Civil Administrative Code Law in 1919, the chief of the bureau being appointed by the Governor. The Legislature in 1937 changed the name of the bureau to that of Dairies, Foods and Drugs when the law concerning the testing of milk and cream was rewritten. Drugs were placed in the Department of Health in 1941.

The 1959 Legislature legalized bingo, and the Governor authorized the Bureau of Dairies, Foods and Drugs to regulate and enforce the bingo laws. In 1965, the Legislature transferred the administration of the bingo laws to the office of the State Tax Commissioner.

In 1967, under reorganization by the Director of the Department of Agriculture, administration of the laws pertaining to feed, fertilizer, and economic poisons were transferred to the Bureau of Plant Industry; authority to administer the livestock remedies law was transferred to the Bureau of Animal Industry; and the department laboratory was given division status. These were merely transfers of authority within the Departnent of Agriculture.

In 1967 the Legislature provided a new Nebraska Egg Law which set standards for shell eggs basically the same as those promulgated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The financing of this act was provided by a license fee and an inspection fee based on the volume of eggs handled. This law was updated in 1969 when the Legislature provided a new licensing and inspection fee schedule. The 1969 act further required mandatory coding and dating of consumer packages of eggs.

The 1967 Legislature repealed the Nebraska Grade A Milk Law of 1961 and enacted the Nebraska Graded Milk Law. The 1967 act retained the Grade A milk portion of the 1961 law, but added a definition of Grade B milk and milk products and set bacteriological standards, production, and enacted the Nebraska Manufacturing Milk Act. This act establishes minimum facility, equipment, bacteriological, and sediment standards for manufacturing milk at the farm and processing plant levels.

The restaurant inspection provisions of the Sanitary Foods Law were amended in the 1967 session requiring the Director of Agriculture to (1) determine standards for inspection; (2) determine minimum qualifications that an applicant must have to obtain a certificate of registration to operate a restaurant; and (3) adopt and promulgate rules and regulations for carrying out the provisions of the act.

The bureau functions as a food division of the Department of Agriculture, responsible for the inspection of all types of food processing, handling, and purveying establishments such as dairies, cheese and butter factories, ice cream plants, cold storage and locker plants, egg buying and processing plants, food stores, bakeries, beverage plants, canneries, food concessionaires, and restaurants. Field sampling of food products is closely coordinated with the department laboratory, since laboratory analyses are often used in enforcement activities pertaining to food establishments.

BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY

The Bureau of Plant Industry, one of the largest divisions of the Department of Agriculture is comprised of the following sections: Feed and Agricultural Chemicals, Pesticide, Entomology, Apiary, Weed, Seed Laboratory and Agricultural Laboratory. The Bureau of Plant Industry administers the Bee Inspection Law, Cedar Apple Rust Law, Insect Pest and Plant Disease Eradication Law, Commercial Feed Law, The Nebraska Fertilizer Act, Economic Poisons and Devices Law, Nebraska Seed Act, The Nebraska Weed Law, Anti-Freeze Act, and Nebraska Pesticide Act.

Included under the Insect Pest and Plant Disease Eradication Law are nursery inspections, the control or eradication of insect pests and plant diseases now found in Nebraska and the exclusion of foreign insect pests and plant diseases and also certification of plants and plant products for export.

The Bureau also supervises the inspection of Nebraska corn, sorghum, broomcorn and sudans and certifies those loads of grain found free of the European Corn Borer. This is necessary so Nebraska grain dealers wishing to ship west of Nebraska can comply with the European Corn Borer quarantines set up by most of the western states and also many foreign countries.

The Feed and Agricultural Chemical Section is composed of a staff of field inspectors and the necessary administrative employees to carry out the delegated responsibilities. This section also carries out provisions of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act in a cooperative federal-state agreement program. Under the above laws, the field inspectors sample commercial and custom mixed feeds, commercial and custom mixed fertilizers, agricultural seeds and edible grains to assure the consumers of a wholesome and uncontaminated feed and food supply with products that meet label guarantees. The inspectors also make routine inspections of the facilities handling comnercial feeds and fertilizers, agricultural seed, anti-freeze and edible grains to assure their full compliance with the written laws.

WEED AND SEED DIVISION

Organized weed control was initiated in Nebraska in 1937 with the passage of a voluntary weed law which was enabling-type legislation. The motivation for stronger weed control legislation was the direct result of new weed problems, primarily musk thistle in eastern Nebraska and Canadian thistle in western Nebraska. Leafy spurge and plumeless thistle are also serious problems in the state.

The 1965 Legislature adopted the nationally recommended "Model Weed Law" (with some changes), which became effective January 1, 1966. This law makes it mandatory for each county to have a county-wide weed district. The program is being implemented in all 93 counties.

The Nebraska Seed Law of 1945 provided for a Seed Laboratory to be maintained by the division for the purpose of testing agricultural seed for purity and germination. The law also requires that the laboratory inspect, sample, make analysis of, and test agricultural and vegetable seed exposed or offered for sale within the state. A cooperative agreement with the U.S. Department of Agriculture for the enforcement of the Federal Seed Act within the State of Nebraska provides for inspection of agricultural and vegetable seeds shipped by interstate commerce into this state. A new seed law was adopted by the Legislature in 1969 and the old law was repealed. The 1969 Seed Law includes agricultural seed, lawngrass seed and vegetable seed. Besides testing seeds for purity and germination, noxious weed seed and special tests such as TZ and other which will insure a higher quality of planting seed for the consumer.

The Nebraska Pesticide Act was passed by the 1976 legislature requiring that the Director of Agriculture issue certificates to pesticide applicators using restricted use pesticides acknowledging the satisfactory completion of training upon receipt of a recommendation by the Cooperative Extension Service. The Department of Agriculture shall prescribe the necessary forms and adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations as shall be necessary to carry out the provisions of the act regarding conducting of training sessions, issuing of recommendations of satisfactory training, examination of commercial applicators and certificates of knowledge in the use and application of pesticides by private applicators without instruction.

DIVISION OF POTATO DEVELOPMENT

This division was established in the Department of Agriculture by the 1945 Legislature. The activities of the division are financed by a tax levied on Nebraska-grown potatoes. The tax originally was ½ cent per hundred pounds; the amount increased to 1 cent per hundred pounds in 1963.

Collection of the tax is made from potato shippers who are required to be licensed under the statute. Anyone selling 180,000 pounds or more of potatoes per year, including growers, not selling through licensed shippers, is defined as a shipper for tax purposes under the act.

Under the statute, the work of the division consists of devising and adopting a program of education to promote better practices and methods in the production, storage, grading, marketing and transportation of potatoes.

The division normally contracts with the College of Agriculture, University of Nebraska, for specific research work and also carries on market promotion and market development activities for seed and table potatoes to the extent the funds will allow.

An Advisory Committee is appointed by the Governor and is composed of three shippers and four growers, the Director of Agriculture who serves as chairman, and the Dean of the College of Agriculture, University of Nebraska, who is an ex officio member.

Current members of the Potato Development Advisory Committee are:

	Terms Expire
Donald Haas, Hemingford	August 10, 1977
Don Buckner, Grand Island	August 10, 1977
Gene Shaver, Scottsbluff	August 10, 1977
Roy Ferguson, Alliance	August 10, 1978
Louis Knoflicek, Alliance	August 10, 1978
Richard O'Bannon, Gering	August 10, 1978
Robert Edwards, Harrisburg	August 10, 1978

Glenn Kreuscher, Director of Agriculture, Chairman
Dr. Martin A. Massengale, Vice Chancellor, University of Nebraska, Lincoln

Potato Inspection-Grading Program: The 1969 Legislature updated the statute providing for potato inspection-grading service, at the request of potato growers and shippers in the state. Under the authority provided, the Director of Agriculture consummated a cooperative federal-state agreement providing for the use of federal grade standards. A state inspection-grading program was instituted under which inspection-grading will be done on a continuing basis at shipping points. An inspection certificate is issued on each shipment which sets forth evidence of exact grade of the potatoes inspected.

The inspection-grading service is available to any shipper of potatoes in the state. There is an inspection fee which, according to the statute, is to be determined on the basis of the cost of supplying the service. The program is designed to be self-sustaining financially.

The members of the Potato Development Advisory Committee are utilized in an advisory capacity for the inspection-grading program as well.

LABORATORY DIVISION

Under the Department reorganization by the Director in 1967, the Department of Agriculture Laboratory was removed from the Bureau of Dairies, Foods and Drugs, and given independent division status. A

further reorganization in 1975 incorporated the Livestock Disease Control Laboratory and the Seed Laboratory in the laboratory division. The laboratories are now collectively known as the Department of Agriculture Laboratories. It now operates as a service division for each of the regulatory divisions by performing either chemical, bacteriological, microscopical or serological analyses. One or more of these may be used for evaluating the following items: food, beverages, feeds, fertilizers, economic poisons, seeds, dairy products, antifreeze, and animal blood serum.

Food is analyzed to determine the following: 1). That it meets required standards; 2). That it has not been adulterated by the addition of any harmful, filthy, inferior or foreign substance, or prepared or handled under unsanitary conditions; and 3). That it is correctly labeled as to the name of the article, the manufacturer who makes it, and the quantity contained in the package, as well as a list of the ingredients if the food has not been defined. Chemical and bacteriological tests are required to determine the wholesomeness and cleanliness of foods.

The Grade A milk program requires that approval laboratories be regularly surveyed to maintain their approval. This is done by personnel from the Department of Agriculture Laboratory, in cooperation with the U.S. Public Health Service.

The Nebraska Manufacturing Milk Act, enacted during the 1969 Legislative Session to upgrade the quality of milk used for manufacturing purposes, greatly increased the laboratory work in this area.

Feeds are analyzed to verify the accuracy of the manufacturer's guarantee regarding the organic and inorganic nutrients, as well as the medications and the growth promoting drugs contained therein. Some commercial feeds are microscopically examined to verify the ingredient statement and tests are made for contaminants.

Fertilizers are analyzed to determine if they contain the manufacturer's declared percent of primary and secondary plant nutrients.

Considerable analytical work is done on the economic poisons or pesticides which include insecticides, rodenticides and herbicides. This work falls into two categories: 1). The verification of the manufacturer's guarantee regarding quantity of active ingredient, and 2). To determine the presence of pesticide residues in feed, food, and dairy products that might exceed the tolerance permitted.

The Nebraska Seed Law of 1969 provides for a seed laboratory to be maintained for the purpose of testing agricultural seed for purity and germination. The law also required that the laboratory inspect, sample, make analysis of and test agricultural and vegetable seed exposed or offered for sale within the state. A cooperative agreement with the U.S. Department of Agriculture for the enforcement of the Federal Seed Act within the State of Nebraska provides for inspection of agricultural and vegetable seeds shipped by interstate.

The Livestock Disease Control Laboratory supports the Bureau of Animal Industry by testing samples for brucellosis, leptospirosis, and scabies. The efforts are also in support of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service of USDA.

Analytical work aside from that required by the department divisions is done on a limited scale for other state agencies, such as the State Fire Marshal's Office, the State Patrol, the Purchasing Division of the Department of Public Institutions and the Liquor Control Commission. Some work is also done for City Health Departments and hospitals.

DIVISION OF WHEAT DEVELOPMENT, UTILIZATION AND MARKETING

The 1955 Legislature passed a law establishing a division in the Department of Agriculture, known as the Division of Wheat Development, Utilization and Marketing. The law provides for a one-fourth cent wheat excise tax on each bushel of wheat grown in the state and sold through commercial channels.

With respect to activity, the statute provides for the formulation of promotion and market development, education and publicity programs, and other programs for the development, utilization and marketing of wheat grown in the State of Nebraska. The program of the division emphasizes foreign market development work, currently conducted through Great Plains Wheat, Inc., and Western Wheat Associates, USA, Inc., professional organizations set up expressly for this purpose. Present projects also include education and information, wheat quality, market, and transportation research.

The law provides for an advisory committee, to be appointed by the Governor, and composed of seven menbers who are citizens of Nebraska. Other requirements include being at least 25 years of age, actually engaged in growing wheat in this state for at least five years, and deriving a substantial portion of their income from growing wheat. Ex officio members are the Director of Agriculture, the Dean of the College of Agriculture, University of Nebraska, and the President of the Nebraska Grain Improvement Association. Appointees serve a five-year term. They receive a $10.00 per diem, and actual expenses, but no salary.

Current members of the Advisory Committee are:

	Terms Expire
Albert Francke, Lincoln	June 30, 1980
Ervain Friehe, McCook	June 30, 1980
LeRoy Hansen, Minden	June 30, 1981
Elton Haarberg, Imperial	June 30, 1977
Ray Davis, Potter	June 30, 1978
Victor Haas, Hemingford	June 30, 1979
Robert K. Pearson, Plymouth	June 30, 1979

Ex Officio Members:
Glenn Kreuscher, Director, Department of Agriculture
Dr. M.A. Massengale, Vice-Chancellor, Institute of Agriculture & Natural Resources, University of Nebraska
Delbert Dagley, Lincoln, President, Nebraska Grain Improvement Assn.

WEATHER MODIFICATION COMMISSION

In 1957, the Legislature, taking notice of weather modification experiments, laid claim in the name of the State of Nebraska to the moisture contained in the clouds and atmosphere within the sovereign state boundaries, so that data and information would be accurate and safeguards proper to protect life, property and the public interest during weather modification operations.

The Department of Agriculture was assigned the administration and enforcement of the weather control laws, and a Weather Control Commission was set up within the department framework, to determine the procedures, requirements, conditions and professional standards under which licenses to conduct artificial weather modification operations could be issued. The commission recommends who should be issued a license by the Department of Agriculture. (see LB 247, 1975).

The Weather Modification Commission is composed of the Director of Agriculture; the Dean of the College of Agriculture, University of Nebraska; the Director of the Conservation and Survey Division, University of Nebraska; the head of the Department of Physics, University of Nebraska; and four additional members, appointed annually by the Governor. Members of the commission receive no salary, but are reimbursed their expenses.

The Weather Control laws also provide for the setting up of Weather Control Districts, so that resident land owners may engage in weather modification activities.

Current members of the Weather Modification Commission are:

	Terms Expire
Leon Kumor, Grant	January 1, 1977
Judson Cornette, Alliance	January 1, 1977
J.S. "Sam" Lewis, Daykin	January 1, 1977
Ralph Lubeck, Stamford	January 1, 1977

Glenn Kreuscher, Director of Agriculture
Dr. Martin A. Massengale, Vice Chancellor, University of Nebraska, Lincoln
Dr. Leo Sartori, Chairman, Department of Physics, University of Nebraska, Lincoln
Dr. V. H. Dreeszen, Director, Conservation and Survey Division, University of Nebraska, Lincoln

AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

The 1972 Legislature authorized the Director of Agriculture to enter into an agreement with the U.S. Department of Agriculture to use the return assets from the Nebraska Rural Rehabilitation Corporation and income therefrom for such rural rehabilitation purposes permissible under the charter of the Nebraska Rural Rehabilitation Corporation as may from time to time be agreed upon by the Director of Agriculture of Nebraska and the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States.

The Rural Rehabilitation Advisory Committee was formulated to advise the Director and Department of Agriculture on the use of the Rural Rehabilitation funds. The Director appoints 4 lay representatives from each legislative district for a four year term. They are: John R. Cooper, Humboldt, NE; Richard Corkle, Tilden, NE; Mrs. Ruth Thompson, Blair, NE; and Mrs. Madeline Coder of Wellfleet, NE. Also on the committee is a representative of the State Department of Education, B. E. Gingery; Nebraska State College, Richard Bringelson; University of Nebraska, Dr. James Kendrick; and Nebraska Farmers Home Administration, Ken Bowen. Permissible in the charter are education programs. Three programs have been agreed upon by the Nebraska Director and the U.S. Secretary of Agriculture. They are a Nebraska Farm and Ranch Youth Student Loan Program, the Nebraska Agricultural Youth Institute, and the Nebraska Agricultural Progress Conference.

The Student Loan Program replaces the Rural Rehabilitation Educational Grant Program. The loan program will be self-sustaining and over a long period of time will benefit a larger number of rural Nebraskans. The loan will be to pursue some form of higher education and may be used for voc-tech. schools as well as colleges and universities.

To qualify for consideration for a loan, a student must meet the following criteria:

1) Must be a Nebraska farm or ranch youth (from a farm or ranch family); 2) Must be a senior or a graduate of an approved or accredited high school; 3) Must need financial assistance to pursue education beyond the high school level; 4) Must have demonstrated satisfactory scholarship.

Loans will be of varying amounts depending upon the ability of the applicant and the applicant's family to contribute towards the educational program and the total cost of education. It is the intent of this program that the participating student should supplement his loan to the extent possible and desirable through his own efforts.

Interest on the loans will be 6% per annun, and may be raised or lowered at the discretion of the Director of the Department of Agriculture. Repayment begins nine months after the student completes his course of study. Prepayment is allowed without penalty.

The Nebraska Agricultural Youth Institute (NAYI) is an annual leadership and educational institute for farm and ranch youth. The institute

lasts one week and is usually held the last week in July. The institute is for boys and girls from all parts of the state who have shown leadership ability and concern for rural Nebraska. Scholarships are given each year by the Nebraska Department of Agriculture to farm and ranch youth to attend the institute. Young people not receiving scholarships to the institute may attend by paying the institute fee. Scholarships are awarded on the basis of leadership, scholastic ability and recommendations.

The Nebraska Agricultural Progress Conference is a 2 ½ day meeting designed for young farm and ranch couples. A selection process is employed, utilizing ag leaders for nomination purposes. Selections are made by the Department of Agriculture and the Rural Rehabilitation Advisory Committee. This program was developed to add encouragement and incentive to those actively involved in agricultural production. A program featuring widely known agricultural leaders is developed to provide insight into new developments and/or problems facing those in agriculture.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES DIVISION

In 1972, the Legislature enacted the Model State Weights and Measures Law as adopted by the National Conference on Weights and Measures. The purpose of that law is to achieve accuracy in the commercial use of commercial and measuring devices. The 1972 law, like prior Nebraska Weights and Measures statutes, requires the registration of all commercial weighing and measuring devices and the paying of an inspection fee. The law further provides for the checking of all types of packaged commodities at various levels of commerce. The law and regulations adopted thereunder are administered by the Department of Agriculture through the Division of Weights and Measures.

In 1974, the Division of Weights and Measures adopted the Voluntary Registration of Service Agencies and Servicemen for Commercial Weighing and Measuring Devices Regulation. Also, in 1974, a regulation pertaining to the requirements for pit scales was adopted.

The Division employs sixteen people for the purpose of enforcing the Weights and Measures Law. Although the State of Nebraska has a population of only 1 ½ million people, which means fewer weighing and measuring devices than many other states, Nebraska consists of over 77,000 square miles to be covered. To accomplish this, the state has been divided into eight small-scale, pump and meter, and package inspection areas with an inspector assigned to each area. The state is also divided into three large-scale areas. The inspection of refined fuel and LP meters is performed by one unit which covers the entire state.

The Standards Laboratory operated by two metrologists has been in existence since 1971. These metrologists maintain the Weights and Measures Standards for the State and are also involved in small-scale and package inspection work.

DEPARTMENT OF BANKING & FINANCE

Director of Banking & Finance—William H. Riley

DIVISIONS

Commercial Banks, Co-operative Credit Associations, Industrial Loan and Investment Companies

Deputy Director ..... C. W. Mitchell

Building and Loan Associations, Trust Companies, and Credit Unions

Assistant Director ..... Charles E. Aron

Licensed Lenders & Consumer Affairs

Assistant Director ..... Reed M. Kohl

Bureau of Securities

Assistant Director and Legal Counsel ..... Barry K. Lake

Administrative Assistant ..... Rita E. Wilson

Total number of employees: 45

Publications: Annual Report to the Governor; Statutes governing: Banks, Building and Loan Assocations, Trust Companies, Industrial Loan and Investment Companies; Co-operative Credit Associations, Credit Unions; Licensed Lenders, and Sale of securities, both domestic and foreign.

Nebraska's early banks operated under the State's General Corporation Law. A General Banking Act, approved March 29, 1889, provided for filing of bank reports with the Auditor and the examination of banks under his direction. The Auditor, the State Treasurer, and the Attorney General, or any two of them, appointed a clerk in the Auditor's office and the necessary bank examiners to supervise banks under the direction of the above officials. On April 8, 1895, an act creating a State Banking Board was approved. The Auditor, the Treasurer, and the Attorney General constituted the board which selected a secretary and the examining force. This law was amended March 25, 1909, then providing a board consisting of the Auditor, the Attorney General, and the Governor. The Civil Administration Code adopted in 1919 transferred the duties of the Banking Board to the Bureau of Banking in the Department of Trade and Commerce. In 1933 the Legislature set up the Department of Banking as a separate agency with its Director appointed by the Governor.

When appointed and qualified, the Director has charge of full supervision over the examination, the enforcement of compliance with the statutes, and is required by law to constructively aid in maintaining proper standards and efficiency in all institutions under the control of the Department of Banking. The duties consist mainly of examinations which cover in most instances appraisal of assets, compliance with applicable statutes, and determination, where possible, of the policies followed by the persons responsible for the operation of the corporation under examination.

In addition to examining the institutions under its supervision the Department of Banking conducts investigations on applications for charters and licenses; grants licenses to small loan companies and sales finance companies; approves articles of association for cooperative credit associations and credit unions; investigates illegal stock transactions; approves stock legally offered; issues permits to sell stock; issues brokers' and salesmen's permits; and administers and enforces the Nebraska Installment Sales Act.

The 1976 Session of the Legislature passed LB 561 changing name of Department of Banking to Department of Banking and Finance and Director of Banking to Director of Banking and Finance.

Institutions—Number and Resources
As of June 30, 1976

Institutions	Number	Resources
Banks	329	$2,844,966,000.00
Building and Loan Associations	17	539,160,458.00
Co-operative Credit Associations	30	21,226,459.00
Credit Unions	71	74,178,503.00
Industrial Loan and Investment Companies	12	148,899,827.00
Trust Companies	6	31,640,263.00
Licensed Lenders	179	95,529,209.00[1]
Bureau of Securities	713[2]	170,023,067.00[3]
TOTALS	1,357	$3,925,623,786.00

[1] December 31, 1975.
[2] Issuers.
[3] Amount authorized for sale in Nebraska.

BUREAU OF SECURITIES

The earliest legislative provision for the supervision of the sale of stocks, bonds and securities was made in 1913. The enforcement of the law was entrusted to the Railway Commission. The Administrative Code Law of 1919 transferred this function to the Department of Trade and Commerce. The administration of the "blue sky law" was made the duty of the Department of Insurance in 1937.

In 1939 the Bureau of Securities was transferred from the Department of Insurance to the Department of Banking. There are four different segments of the act as follows:

1. Registration of securities to be qualified for sale in the state.
2. Registration of brokers and dealers.
3. Registration of securities salesmen.
4. Investigation of securities violations and frauds.

Security violations are filed with the Department of Banking. Many examinations have been conducted by the department in the past, and the evidence placed at the disposal of the prosecuting authorities.

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONAL SERVICES

Director ..... Joseph C. Vitek
Assistant Director of Administrative Services ..... Jack Falconer
Personnel Director ..... Gary Burger
Senior Research Analyst ..... Dan Griepentrog
Superintendent of Diagnostic & Evaluation Center ..... Gary Grammer
Education Coordinator ..... Gene Hruza
Chief Accountant ..... Bill Forster
Federal Funds Administrator ..... W. R. Bayless
Engineer ..... Dennis Summers
Systems Analyst ..... John Andrews
Jail Standards Administrator ..... Robert Cote

Total number of employees: 768 (as of June 30, 1976)

The Department of Correctional Services was created in 1973 by LB-563. Previously, the department had been the Division of Corrections within the Department of Public Institutions. The department Director is appointed by the Governor and must be approved by a majority of the legislature.

The department's operating funds come from state general funds, supplemented by federal funds (mostly Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA) grants through the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice) and certain cash funds.

The department's primary goal is to more ably and effectively deal with correctional reform at both the adult and juvenile levels. In addition to providing support services for the department's institutions, central office staff are involved in planning an adult diagnostic and evaluation center, planning for two new medium/minimum security units, planning for the renovation of the penitentiary, developing a computerized inmate tracking system, and developing a comprehensive statewide corrections plan.

NEBRASKA PENAL AND CORRECTIONAL COMPLEX—Lincoln

Robert F. Parratt—Warden

The Nebraska Penal and Correctional Complex, made up of a penitentiary and medium security unit, provides incarceration, treatment, resocialization, and rehabilitation for the adult male legal offender committed by the Nebraska district courts. The basic function of the NPCC is to place an individual in a controlled environment with specific concern for his safety, health, and welfare until he is released.

Average yearly population 1,192
Average per diem cost per year $15.36
Population in institution as of June 30, 1975 1,098
Population in institution as of June 30, 1976 1,323

NEBRASKA CENTER FOR WOMEN—York

Jacqueline Crawford—Superintendent

The Nebraska Center for Women provides custodial, educational, vocational and recreational services for women offenders. Social services include education (high school program), institution employment and work release positions in York and Omaha.

Average yearly population 67
Average per diem cost per year $23.55
Population in institution as of June 30, 1975 50
Population in institution as of June 30, 1976 83

YOUTH DEVELOPMENT CENTER—Kearney

John S. McCarty—Superintendent

The purpose of the Youth Development Center is the retention, education, discipline, industrial training and reformation of male juvenile offenders under the age of 18 and found guilty of any crime except murder and manslaughter. The center offers a specialized program which aims to prepare a boy to return to his home and community by determining the personal reasons for his delinquency.

Average yearly population 165
Average per diem cost per year $26.80
Population in institution as of June 30, 1975 207
Population in institution as of June 30, 1976 151

YOUTH DEVELOPMENT CENTER—Geneva

Donald F. Best—Superintendent

The Youth Development Center accepts those students under the age of 18, who have been found by the courts to be delinquent or in need of special supervision. The center aims to provide a program which gives instruction in self-discipline, self-responsibility and self-morality in order that students can set and achieve individual goals.

Average yearly population 61
Average per diem cost per year $32.39
Population in institution as of June 30, 1975 57
Population in institution as of June 30, 1976 46

OFFICE OF PAROLE ADMINISTRATION

Larry A. Tewes—Administrator

The Office of Parole Administration provides supervision and assistance to persons released from Nebraska's correctional institutions. The office offers placement, counselling, surveillance and assistance to the parolee in order to reintegrate him into society.

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Director—Ronald J. Mertens

Deputy Director—Richard H. Wells

Division of Industrial Development	Charles L. Elliott
Division of Community Affairs	Larry E. Bare
Division of Travel and Tourism	John E. Rosenow
Division of Research	Donis N. Petersan

Total number of employees: 63

PUBLICATIONS

The Department of Economic Development publishes a quarterly magazine, NEBRASKA ON THE MARCH; a monthly newsletter, NEBRASKA NOW; a biennial "Directory of Nebraska Manufacturers," a biennial "Nebraska Statistical Handbook," and "Guide to State Services." In addition, the Department has available a wide range of promotional and technical publications supporting Department programs.

The Nebraska Department of Economic Development was created in 1967 by the legislature to replace and broaden the scope of activities undertaken by the Division of Nebraska Resources in the Department of Agriculture and Economic Development. The Department's major function is to "plan, promote and develop the economy of the state and work for the fullest development of the state's human, natural and physical resources; stimulate the growth and prosperity of commerce, agriculture, industry and job opportunities within the State; and coordinate the efforts of private and governmental agencies engaged in similar activities within the State."

This task is accomplished through five interrelated divisions; Industrial Development, Community Development, Travel and Tourism, Research and Field Service.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The law provides for the Nebraska Department of Economic Development Advisory Committee to serve in an advisory capactiy to the Department Director. It is composed of eleven members appointed by the Governor for four-year terms.

MEMBERS		TERM EXPIRES
John W. Cattle	Seward	July 1, 1978
Neil Colerick	Alliance	July 1, 1977
W. W. Cook, Sr.	Beatrice	July 1, 1978
Charles Davey	Scottsbluff	July 1, 1977
Calvin L. Hayes	South Sioux City	July 1, 1977
E. J. Loutzenheiser, Jr.	Hastings	July 1, 1978
Robert G. Lueder	Omaha	July 1, 1977
Robert E. Runice	Omaha	July 1, 1977
William A. Spitzenberger	Omaha	July 1, 1978
Burnham Yates	Lincoln	July 1, 1977
Vacancy		

THE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT DIVISION

Through the attraction of new industrial and business investments to the State, stimulation of the growth of Nebraska's existing industries and assisting community-level industrial development programs, the Division of Industrial Development works toward increasing the number of productive employment opportunities for Nebraskans.

The Division promotes Nebraska as a desirable location for industry through national media advertising and personal calls. Extensive information on the State and individual communities is developed and maintained to provide data to prospective investors.

Division personnel make periodic calls on Nebraska's existing industry to offer assistance of a technical, marketing, financial or managerial nature. These needs are met through the coordination of resources offered by organizations such as the University of Nebraska, U.S. Department of Commerce, Small Business Administration and technical schools.

Communities are provided a full range of industrial development services that extend from initial organization through education, training, development of promotional materials and assistance with local marketing programs.

COMMUNITY AFFAIRS DIVISION

The Division of Community Affairs provides guidance and technical assistance to civic leaders and citizens to help them improve the quality of life in their community. Many Nebraska communities have shown their commitment to community development through participation in the nationally recognized Nebraska Community Improvement Program (NCIP) which is administered by the division. Through NCIP, communities receive assistance and recognition for their community development activities.

The Division is engaged in many housing activities. Assistance is available to communities desiring to evaluate their housing needs and determine how to fulfill those needs. Staff personnel are familiar with

federal housing programs or can assist with local development programs. Direct assistance to housing authorities is available and the Division coordinates the State Housing Advisory Council.

Any development project ultimately requires financing, so the Division maintains information on most available means of financing. Assistance is given to planning activities and applications for State and federal aid programs.

The Division administers Title I of the Higher Education Act of 1965 which makes funds available to institutions of higher education for community assistance and continuing education programs.

THE TOURISM DIVISION

To ensure that the Nebraska tourism industry remains a vital and growing part of the State's economy the Tourism Division carries out travel marketing programs, assists communities in tourism promotion activities and works with other State agencies in statewide travel planning.

The Division administers the nationally recognized Nebraska Vacation Guide Program. Each summer 42 Vacation Guides are stationed at information centers along I-80 to welcome visitors and provide information about points of interest in Nebraska.

The Division also encourages tourism by printing and distributing travel brochures, conducting a statewide promotion program and working with Nebraska broadcasters in implementing public service radio and television advertising.

A great deal of the Division's effort is focused on assisting travel oriented organizations and communities in developing their tourism potential and creating their own marketing programs. Each year several communities carry out the Community Tourism Promotion Process, an intensive evaluation and planning process which helps communities develop their tourism potential.

In addition, the Division operates the Strategic Aerospace Museum in Bellevue and the Wild West Arena in North Platte.

THE RESEARCH DIVISION

The Research Division provides information to all of the Department's divisions as well as to other individuals and organizations in the State involved in economic development activities.

Division personnel carry out ongoing research programs relating to industrial location, expansion of industry, community and housing development, tourism development and economic development planning.

The Division is also responsible for administration of Nebraska's Agricultural Products Research Program—a program of applied research to find new industrial uses for Nebraska's agricultural products.

THE FIELD SERVICE DIVISION

Six field service offices are staffed by the Department of Economic Development. The field staff: (1) Represent the Department and its programs at the regional and local level; (2) Monitor community and regional economic conditions, attitudes, needs and trends, and make recommendations to the Department staff on the revision of existing programs and the design of new programs; (3) Serve as a coordinator between State and federal government agencies and local organizations; (4) Provide guidance and technical assistance to anyone engaged in development activities.

These offices provide a convenient local contact for all Nebraska citizens desiring development information or assistance.

COMMISSION ON INDIAN AFFAIRS

Lawrence Gilpin ..... Omaha Tribe
Lawrence Cook ..... Omaha Tribe
Daniel Webster ..... Omaha Tribe
Louis La Rose ..... Winnebago Tribe
Nicky Solomon ..... Winnebago Tribe
Felix White, Sr. ..... Winnebago Tribe
Lloyd James ..... Santee-Sioux Tribe
Willard Mackey ..... Santee-Sioux Tribe
Vacancy ..... Santee-Sioux Tribe
Vacancy ..... City of Lincoln
Rebecca Prentice ..... City of Omaha
Alfrieda Ware ..... City of Omaha
Dolores Kills In Water ..... Western Nebraska
Mark Monroe ..... Western Nebraska
John Roubidoux ..... Member at Large
Felix White, Jr., Director

The Commission on Indian Affairs became a statutory commission in 1971. It consists of fifteen American Indians residing in the State. Three are members from the Omaha Tribe reservation, three from the Winnebago Tribe reservation, three from the Santee Tribe reservation, one from the City of Lincoln, two from the City of Omaha, two members from Western Nebraska Indian controlled corporate groups, and one member at large. Appointments are made from a panel of nominees submitted to the Governor by the Indian tribes to be represented.

The commission employs and fixes the compensation of an executive director who is a member of a Nebraska Indian tribe or legal resident of the State of Indian descent.

The purpose of the commission is to join representatives of all Nebraska Indians to do all things which it may determine to enhance the cause of Indian rights and to develop solutions to problems common to all Nebraska Indians.

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL

Director ..... Dan T. Drain
Chief, Water Pollution Control Division ..... Robert Wall
Chief, Agricultural Pollution Control Division ..... Lanny Icenogle
Chief, Air Pollution Control Division ..... Gene Robinson
Chief, Solid Waste Control Division ..... M. W. (Bill) Sheil
Legal Counsel ..... Richard H. Hansen

Total number of employees: 75

The Department of Environmental Control was established as a code agency in 1971 by LB 939, the Nebraska Environmental Protection Act. The same act established the Environmental Control Council, a sixteen-member body whose members are appointed by the Governor for four-year terms with the consent of the Legislature. The Director of the Department of Envrionmental Control is appointed by the Governor upon recommendation by the Environmental Control Council and with the consent of the Legislature. The Director of the Department of Environmental Control is the Executive Secretary of the Environmental Control Council when it is in session.

Funds for the operation of the department are obtained from state general funds and federal program support funds. In addition, the Department of Environmental Control administers the funds appropriated by the State Legislature to match federal funds for the construction of municipal wastewater treatment facilities.

The primary duties and powers of the Department of Environmental Control evolve around the administration of rules, regulations, and standards adopted to protect and improve water, air and land quality in the state. Although basically a regulatory agency, the department also provides services to municipalities, industries, and individual citizens through conferences, meetings, and review of plans and specifications of pollution control facilities.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL COUNCIL

Members	Representing	Terms Expire
Mrs. Betty Abbott, Omaha	Mun. Gov't	June 22, 1977
Robert Cox, Scottsbluff	Auto or Petroleum Ind.	June 22, 1977
Richard Dugdale, Omaha	Power Gen Ind	June 22, 1977
George J. David, Lincoln	Food Prods Mgf Ind	June 22, 1977
T. C. Reeves, Central City	Livestock Ind	June 22, 1977
Leonard J. Schaefer, Omaha	Labor	June 22, 1977
Dale Sampson, Jr., Utica	Agric Crop Prod	June 22, 1977
Margaret Sutherland, Lincoln	Public at Large	June 22, 1977
Dr. David Smith, Crete	Conservation	June 22, 1979
Larry E. Donegan, Lincoln	Prof Eng	June 22, 1979
Paul F. Harm, Norfolk	Mun Gov't	June 22, 1979
John T. Harris, McCook	Chem Ind	June 22, 1979

Wendell Gangwish, Wood River... Agric Proc Ind ..... June 22, 1979
Martin Kahle, Kearney ..... County Gov't ..... June 22, 1979
James H. Walston, M.D.,
South Sioux City..... Physician ..... June 22, 1979
Richard A. Veach, Omaha ..... Heavy Ind..... June 22, 1979

The primary responsibility of the council is the adoption of rules and regulations which set standards of air, water and land quality applicable to the air, waters and land of the State of Nebraska.

WATER POLLUTION CONTROL DIVISION

This Division is composed of seven sections: Surveillance & Monitoring, Special Studies, Laboratory, Planning & Data Analysis, Engineering, Operator Training, and Permits & Compliance.

The Surveillance & Monitoring Section conducts sampling in support of the Division's programs. The sampling is conducted to provide water quality data for inclusion in water quality management plans and areawide waste treatment management plans; to ascertain the level of treatment of permitted discharges; and to accumulate data in support of special studies.

The Special Studies Section has the responsibility to develop and supervise chemical, biological and physical analytical studies in areas of specific concerns with regard to water quality. Such studies include but are not limited to thermal discharge studies, species toxicity studies, and biotic regeneration studies.

The laboratory section is responsicle for the conduct of biological, chemical and physical analysis of surface and groundwater samples.

The Planning & Data Analysis Section interprets water quality data for inclusion in water quality management plans and areawide waste treatment plans. This section is responsible for developing the state water quality standards, producing an annual water quality report, and developing and disseminating information relating to water quality.

The Engineering Section has the responsibility for the review of plans and specifications for the construction of municipal, industrial, and commercial wastewater treatment facilities. It also conducts an inspection program to evaluate the performance of municipal wastewater treatment facilities.

The Operator Training Section supervises a program for the training of operators employed in wastewater treatment facilities. This section coordinates the curriculum prepared and presented by various colleges throughout the state, conducts training programs and provides one-on-one training as requested.

The Permits & Compliance Section has the responsibility for issuing discharge permits under the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System. It has the further responsibility for monitoring these permitted

discharges to assure compliance with permit conditions. Based upon information gained from its monitoring activities, it recommends enforcement action where appropriate.

AGRICULTURAL POLLUTION CONTROL DIVISION

This division is responsible for administration of the livestock waste control program of the state. It inspects each feedlot to determine if control facilities are required to prevent water pollution. The Agricultural Division also approves plans and specifications for livestock waste control facilities and issues permits to operators upon completion of construction of such facilities.

AIR POLLUTON CONTROL DIVISION

This division is responsible for the administration of the Nebraska Air Quality Implementation Plan. It maintains an air sampling network throughout the state. All sources contributing to air pollution must meet air quality standards or be on an acceptable abatement schedule. In addition, the Air Pollution Control Division collects emission data from existing sources and approves new potential sources prior to construction. In the event of an emergency, the division implements the Air Pollution Emergency Episode Plan.

SOLID WASTE CONTROL DIVISION

This division has the responsibility to assure that solid wastes are disposed of in a manner consistent with the Nebraska Environmental Protection Act. It issues licenses to persons, partnerships, industries, corporations, agencies, and governmental subdivisions (excepting cities of the second class and villages) as required by rules and regulations pertaining to solid waste disposal sites and facilities. It inspects all disposal sites within the state including those operated by cities of the second class and villages to assure that no pollution of rivers or streams results from such disposal sites so that public health and welfare are protected. The division approves all sites for proposed disposal areas. It has developed a state plan which provides guidelines for the effective control of the storage, collection and disposal of solid wastes. Control of hazardous wastes is also being studied.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

Members	Terms Expire
Clarence Davis, Jr., M.D., Osceola	September 14, 1977
Richard C. Hanna, R.P.T., Lincoln	September 14, 1977
D. M. Krogh, D.C., Omaha	September 14, 1977
Mrs. Emmett Smith, Omaha	September 14, 1977

Kenneth Witt, Lincoln ..... September 14, 1977
Richard Evans, D.P.M., Lincoln ..... September 14, 1978
William Higgins, O.D., Lincoln ..... September 14, 1978
John Olsson, P.E., Lincoln ..... September 14, 1978
A. B. Pittman, D.V.M., Omaha ..... September 14, 1978
V. Franklin Colón, M.D., Friend ..... September 14, 1979
Mrs. Sharon Holyoke, R.N., Ogallala ..... September 14, 1979
James L. McCoy, R.P., David City ..... September 14, 1979
Gordon W. Shupe, D.D.S., Wayne ..... September 14, 1979
Jack R. Swanson, D.O., Wahoo ..... September 14, 1979

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR
Director of Health ..... Henry D. Smith, M.D., M.P.H.
Assistant Director for Administration ..... Richard H. Beck
Legal Counsel ..... Gary J. Snowden

BUREAU OF EXAMINING BOARDS
Rex Higley, R.P. ..... Director

BUREAU OF SUPPORTING SERVICES
Richard H. Beck ..... Chief
Division of Budgets and Accounts
Miss Helen J. McAllister ..... Director
Division of Health Data and Statistical Research
Mrs. M. L. Eastman ..... Director
Division of Laboratories
H. E. McConnell, Dr. P.H. ..... Director
Division of Personnel
Mrs. Kathryn Baumbach ..... Director
Division of Vital Statistics
Miss Freda Theis ..... Director
Division of Special Health Programs
J. Douglas Campbell ..... Director
Division of Developmental Disabilities
Mrs. Beth Macy ..... Director
Division of Emergency Medical Services
Richard F. Meyer ..... Director

BUREAU OF COMMUNITY HEALTH SERVICES
Franklin Harris ..... Chief
Division of Community Health Nursing
Mrs. Mary Munter ..... Director
Division of Education/Publication (Mental Health)
Mrs. Pamela Specht ..... Director
Division of Radiological Health
H. Ellis Simmons, M.P.H. ..... Director
Division of Nutrition
Mrs. Kathleen Hanna ..... Director
Division of Dental Health
James R. Hull, D.D.S. ..... Director

Division of Disease Control
Paul A. Stoesz, M.D. ..... Director
Division of Environmental Engineering
Clifford Summers ..... Director
Division of Maternal and Child Health
Robert S. Grant, M.D., M.P.H. ..... Director
Division of Community Health Education
Franklin Harris ..... Director
Division of Housing and Environmental Health Services
Fred Jolly ..... Director

BUREAU OF HEALTH PLANNING AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT
(Vacancy) ..... Chief
Division of Health Systems Planning
Kenneth Diamond ..... Director
Division of Health Care Facilities
Burke E. Casari ..... Director
Division of Standards and Licensure
Joe C. Hageman ..... Director

Total number of employees: 325-330

Publications: Statutes relating to Licenses—Professional and Occupational—General Licensure Law; Chiropractic, Cosmetology, Dentistry, Embalming/Funeral Directors and Embalmers, State Anatomical Board, Hearing Aid Dealers and Fitters, Massage, Medicine and Surgery, Physician Assistants, Veterinary Medicine and Surgery, Nursing Home Administrators, Optometry, Osteopathy, Pharmacy, Physical Therapy, Podiatry, Sanitarians. Statutes relating to: Drugs/Poisons/Narcotic Drugs/Hypnotic Drugs; Venereal Disease (Prophylactic Devices). Better Health (bi-monthly); Annual Report; Public Health Bulletins, Rules, Regulations and Standards relating to Public Health; Minutes of the Board of Health Meetings.

The Legislature of 1917 passed a law putting health related activities in charge of a staff appointed by the Governing Board. Additionally, the Governor appointed an Advisory Board of four physicians whose principal duty was to conduct examinations for licenses to practice medicine. Both these functions were conferred upon the Department of Public Welfare in 1919. In 1933 the Bureau of Health and the Bureau of Examining Boards were taken out of the Department of Public Welfare and put under the newly created Department of Health. In 1935 the Legislature created a Maternal and Child Health and Public Health Work Fund in order that the state could receive funds available under the Social Security Act. As a result of available federal funds, several health demonstration units were established between 1935 and 1940, but were later closed due to lack of local financial participation.

The 1953 Legislature passed a law making a seven-member Board of Health the head of the department. The 1959 Legislature amended the law by adding an eighth member; the Governor was made a member ex officio with the privilege of voting only in cases of a tie vote of the Board. The 1967, 1969, and 1971 Legislatures each provided for two additional members. These fourteen members are appointed by the Governor and serve a three-year term: two members from the medical profession; one each from the dental, veterinarian, civil engineering, pharmaceutical, nursing, optometry, podiatry, osteopathic, chiropractic, and physical therapy professions; and two members representing the lay public.

The Board of Health appoints the Director of Health and fixes his salary. He serves as secretary and executive officer of the board and conducts the affairs of the department during the intervals between board meetings which are required to be held quarterly.

The Board formulates the policies of the department and governs its affairs; studies health needs; and promotes educational health programs throughout the state.

Bureau of Examining Boards

The Bureau of Examining Boards was set up in the Department of Public Welfare by the Civil Administrative Code Law of 1919 to supervise the licensing of physicians and surgeons, osteopaths, chiropractors, dentists, optometrists, chiropodists, nurses, pharmacists, veterinarians, and embalmers, which function had been performed by the examining boards. Each profession had its separate practice act with widely dissimilar provisions. To facilitate the administration of these laws the Secretary of the Department of Public Welfare prepared a codification of these ten practice acts and the Legislature in 1927 enacted this Uniform License Law.

The Bureau of Examining Boards is supported by the fees paid by the applicants for license, primarily the renewal fees, as certain of the fees go to support of the different boards of examiners.

License laws have been passed for other professions and activities, namely, barbers in 1927, cosmetologists in 1929, funeral directors in 1931, massage and physical therapy in 1957, sanitarians in 1963, hearing aid dealers and fitters and nursing home administrators in 1969.

The nursing profession was eliminated from the Uniform Licensure Act and a Bureau of Education and Registration of Nurses was established in 1935 in the Department of Public Instruction. A new Nurse Practice Act was passed by the Legislature in 1953. The 1959 Legislature removed the Board of Nursing from the State Department of Education and established an independent Board of Nursing.

The Board of Sanitarians was established in 1963 as an independent board. In 1969 the board was placed under the jurisdiction of the State Department of Health. The members of the Board of Registration for

Sanitarians are appointed by the Governor and serve a term of three years.

The Board of Examiners in Barbering was eliminated from the jurisdiction of the State Health Department, by an act of the 1963 Legislature and set out as an independent board.

An act of the 1963 Legislature added a sixth member to the Board of Examiners in Medicine and Surgery. This sixth member must be a licensed practicing Osteopath, who is also eligible to be appointed to the Board of Examiners in Osteopathy and must also be licensed to practice medicine and surgery within the State of Nebraska. The first appointment was made within 30 days after October 19, 1963.

The 1971 Legislature added a sixth member to the Board of Examiners in Dentistry. It was also stipulated that two of the six members of the board shall be officials or members of the instructional staff of a college or school of dentistry in Nebraska.

The 1972 Legislature changed the number of board members of the Nursing Home Administrators from three to nine and transferred the administration of this act to the Bureau of Examining Boards from the Division of Standards.

Boards of Examiners

The members of the Board of Examiners in Dentistry, and in Medicine and Surgery, are appointed by the Board of Health and serve a term of five years.

The members of the Boards of Examiners in Podiatry, Chiropractic, Cosmetology, Embalming, Optometry, Osteopathy, Pharmacy, Physical Therapy, and in Veterinary Medicine and Surgery are appointed by the Board of Health and serve a term of three years.

The members of the Board of Examiners in Massage are appointed by the Governor and serve a term of five years. The members of the Board of Hearing Aid Dealers and Fitters are also appointed by the Governor and serve a term of four years.

The members of the Board of Examiners in Nursing Home Administrators are appointed by the Board of Health, and serve a three-year term.

The Boards of Examiners with the assistance of a representative of the Department of Health, conduct the examination in their respective professions.

BOARD MEMBERS
PROFESSIONAL BOARDS

Term Expires

BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN CHIROPRACTIC

John R. Amick, D.C., Omaha ..... November 30, 1976
J. R. Callahan, D.C., York ..... November 30, 1977

S. H. Shick, D.C., Lincoln ..... November 30, 1978

BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN DENTISTRY
J. R. Burlington, D.D.S., Lincoln ..... November 30, 1976
R. J. Drahota, D.D.S., Omaha ..... November 30, 1976
William D. Ahrens, D.D.S., Lincoln ..... November 30, 1977
Harley W. Batie, D.D.S., Lexington ..... November 30, 1977
R. C. Langfeldt, D.D.S., McCook ..... November 30, 1978
Bruce Mowat, D.D.S., Omaha ..... November 30, 1978

BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN EMBALMING
Bob Metcalf, Lincoln ..... November 30, 1976
Wilson T. Adams, North Platte ..... November 30, 1977
Richard L. Denton, Omaha ..... November 30, 1978

BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN MEDICINE AND SURGERY
John C. Sage, M.D., Omaha ..... November 30, 1976
Hiram Hilton, M.D., Lincoln ..... November 30, 1977
Leo T. Heywood, M.D., Omaha ..... November 30, 1978
George P. Taylor, D.O., Sidney ..... November 30, 1978
John T. McGreer, III, M.D., Lincoln ..... November 30, 1979
Dan A. Nye, M.D., Kearney ..... November 30, 1980

BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN OPTOMETRY
W. W. Nyquist, O.D., West Point ..... November 30, 1976
Robert C. Sneller, O.D., Hastings ..... November 30, 1977
R. C. Macaluso, O.D., Fremont ..... November 30, 1978

BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN OSTEOPATHY
J. R. Swanson, D.O., Wahoo ..... November 30, 1976
C. Eugene Brown, D.O., Nebraska City ..... November 30, 1977
Paul R. Reichstadt, D.O., Omaha ..... November 30, 1978

BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN PHARMACY
Donald H. Albright, R.P., Omaha ..... November 30, 1976
E. (Mike) Swanda, R.P., Cozad ..... November 30, 1977
John A. Fisher, R.P., Valentine ..... November 30, 1978

BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN PHYSICAL THERAPY
Larry Bartels, R.P.T., Lincoln ..... November 30, 1976
F. Dean Carr, R.P.T., Council Bluffs, Iowa ..... November 30, 1977
Robert L. Barnes, R.P.T., McCook ..... November 30, 1978

BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN PODIATRY
Donald T. Gartner, D.P.M., Norfolk ..... November 30, 1976
Lawrence G. Lefler, D.P.M., Fremont ..... November 30, 1977
John H. Barnes, D.P.M., Omaha ..... November 30, 1978

BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN VETERINARY MEDICINE AND SURGERY
Donald B. Hudson, D.V.M., Benkelman ..... November 30, 1976
Ralph L. Ebers, D.V.M., Lincoln ..... November 30, 1977
P. D. Wiltfong, D.V.M., Aurora ..... November 30, 1978

OCCUPATIONAL BOARDS

BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN COSMETOLOGY

Versie Bailey, Omaha ..... November 30, 1976
Alta Schafer, Albion ..... November 30, 1977
Wilma R. Feit, Platte Center ..... November 30, 1978

BOARD OF HEARING AID DEALERS AND FITTERS

Irvin L. Deshayes, Lincoln ..... December 25, 1976
Bob Wolfe, Lincoln ..... December 25, 1976
E. W. Dallier, Omaha ..... December 25, 1977
E. Stewart Maness, M.D., Lincoln ..... December 25, 1979
Richard I. Robertson, Lincoln ..... December 25, 1979

BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN MASSAGE

Lewis Wentz, Cozad ..... November 30, 1976
Marvin Sorum, Omaha ..... November 30, 1977
Agnes Switzer, Columbus ..... November 30, 1980

BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR NURSING HOME ADMINISTRATORS

Margaret Freshman, Omaha ..... December 1, 1976
Gordon Jensen, Holdrege ..... December 1, 1976
David A. Peterson, Ph.D., Omaha ..... December 1, 1976
Paul H. Aberle, Scottsbluff ..... December 1, 1977
James S. Long, M.D., Alma ..... December 1, 1978
Mary H. Hannan, R.N., Omaha ..... December 1, 1978
Donald Hogg, Lincoln (Department of Public Welfare) ..... Non-Expiring
Richard H. Beck, Lincoln (Department of Health) ..... Non-Expiring
Glen Soukup, Lincoln (Commission on Aging) ..... Non-Expiring

BOARD OF REGISTRATION FOR SANITARIANS

Herbert Wenant, R.S., Bennet ..... December 31, 1976
H. Ellis Simmons, R.S., Lincoln ..... December 31, 1977
Fred H. Jolly, R.S., Omaha ..... December 31, 1978
Justin C. Dierks, R.S., Omaha ..... December 31, 1978
Edward H. Edwards, R.S., Grand Island ..... December 31, 1978

BUREAU OF SUPPORTING SERVICES

This Bureau provides supporting services to all divisions of the State Health Department as well as to local health departments. Administrative and advisory services relating to personnel, finance, statistics, and departmental administration originate in this bureau. In addition, laboratory and vital statistics services which relate to various divisions and directly to the public are a part of the Bureau of Supporting Services. Divisions within the bureau also serve to coordinate the efforts of all Health Department programs and to provide administrative services which are essential in the effective operation of the entire Department.

Division of Budgets and Finance

This division is responsible for fiscal advisory, accounting, and the internal auditing work of the department. In addition to fiscal duties, the division is responsible for the dispatch of incoming and outgoing mail and for duplicating machine services. The staff presently consists of thirteen employees.

Division of Health Data and Statistical Research

This division serves as a health statistics resource to other divisions and agencies and the public. As such, it collects, compiles, analyzes and publishes data with present emphasis on vital statistics, manpower and inpatient facilities.

Division of Laboratories

Laboratories are located at the Laboratories Building, 3701 South Fourteenth Street, Lincoln and 610 West Twenty-seventh Street, Scottsbluff. The staff is competent to perform examinations of public health relevance in bacteriology, parasitology, mycology, serology, chemistry, biochemistry and toxicology.

Services of the laboratory are performed for the department, and for local health agencies, clinics, physicians and others concerned with the control of communicable diseases. Examinations pertinant to sanitation are also offered. In addition, services are performed for other agencies of State Government, including the State Patrol, the Department of Roads, the Game and Parks Commission, and others.

Newer operations include identification of illicit drugs of abuse, drug toxicology, body fluid alcohol tests connected with the drivers implied consent laws.

Water supplies serving the public are monitored on a continuing schedule. Private supplies are tested on request, for either bacterial or chemical pollutants.

The annual workload of about 170,000 examinations is performed by a staff of approximately thirty persons.

Division of Personnel

The Division of Personnel is responsible for the internal personnel administration of the department and for the development and effective application of personnel practices on a merit basis. Involved is recruitment, position classification, performance evaluations, employee benefits, employee special activities, and the maintenance of personnel records and statistics. This division also has the responsibility for compliance with merit system standards by the local health departments.

Division of Vital Statistics

The Bureau of Vital Statistics was established in 1905 as a legal depository for the state's vital records. It officially registers, preserves, indexes and tabulates records of birth, death, marriage, and divorce. Certificates of delayed birth registration, adoptive birth certificates and certificates for children who have been legitimated by the subsequent marriage of their parents are also filed with the bureau. It is charged with the issuance of certified copies of these records for proper purpose. From these vital records, statistical reports are developed and made available to the various agencies having use for such data.

Division of Special Health Programs

This Division includes the Birth Defects Prevention Program, the Nebraska Diabetes Program, and the Chronic Renal Disease Program. Additionally, the Division provides staff for special committee assignments, short term projects, and other necessary functions for the Department. The following programs are carried out through cooperative working arrangements with the Divisions of Community Health Education, Community Health Nursing, Nutrition, and Health Data and Statistical Research.

(a) *Birth Defects Prevention Program.* Enacted by the Nebraska Legislature in 1972, this act recognized that the "occurrence of malformation or inherited disease at the time of birth is a tragedy for the child, the family, and the community, and a matter of vital concern to public health." In carrying out the intent of the act, the program serves in the prevention, treatment, and cure of birth defects. In cooperation with the Health Data and Statistical Research Division, the program maintains a Birth Defects Registry on all congenital malformations reported in Nebraska for infants up to one year of age. Through an agreement with the Center for Human Genetics, University of Nebraska Medical Center, the State Health Department provides support for various genetic and educational services. The Program conducts educational activities for nurses and other allied health professionals. Educational activities for the public emphasize information about the basic causes of birth defects while focusing on preventive measures that need to be understood.

(b) *Nebraska Diabetes Program.* The goals of this program are to: educate the diabetic to allow him to have a long, healthy, and productive life; develop standards of care for the diabetic to be used by health professionals who work with and train diabetics and their families; maintain a coordinating office to collect and develop training materials and information; and work cooperatively with other organizations and institutions involved with diabetes.

(c) *Chronic Renal Disease Program.* Enacted by the 82nd Legislature in 1972 to assist those patients confronted with the catastrophic cost of chronic renal disease and to assist in the development of a statewide

renal disease treatment system. The Program is directed in accordance with the Standards Governing the Care and Treatment of Persons Suffering from Chronic Renal Disease. These Standards were adopted by the Governor's Renal Disease Advisory Committee, which serves in both a policy making and advisory capacity for the Program.

Chronic Renal Disease Advisory Committee

	Terms Expire
Carol R. Angle, M.D., NU Medical Center, Omaha	May 16, 1977
David L. Bacon, M.D., Kearney	May 16, 1977
James A. Canedy, Bishop Clarkson Hospital, Omaha	May 16, 1978
Wayne Schroeder, Lincoln	May 16, 1978

Division of Developmental Disabilities

The Federal Developmentally Disabled Assistance and Bill of Rights Act (P.L. 94-103) identifies a program of planning, evaluation, and service provision to persons with mental retardation, epilepsy, cerebral palsy, autism, and dyslexia if it results from one of the four prior disabilities.

Developmental Disabilities Planning Council is appointed by the Governor and consists of the directors of the major state agencies involved with services for persons with developmental disabilities and consumers or consumer representatives. The Council is responsible for supervising the development, implementation, and evaluation of the State Plan.

Nebraska Developmental Disabilities Planning Council
Henry D. Smith, MD, MPH, Director of Health (Chairperson)
Robert S. Grant, MD, MPH, Director of MCH
John Clark, Department of Education (Special Ed)
Arnold Carmel, PHD, Director Office of Mental Retardation
Jack Cleavenger, Director Public Institutions
Harry Nedrow, Director Social Services
Dale Ebers, MD, Services for Crippled Children
James Suter, Director Comprehensive Health Planning
Joe Golden, State Planning and Programming
Steve Equall, Department of Education (Vocational)
Letitia Simmons, Easter Seal Society
David Powell, Nebraska Association for Retarded Children
Harriet Major, Nebraska Epilepsy League
John Topham, Lincoln
Glen Daugherty, Grand Island
Joyce Goodwin, Omaha
Sandy Peek, Lincoln
Stephen Andersen, Cozad
Mary Mitchell, Ogallala
Jane Hoffart, Lincoln

Jan Rudolph, David City
Jean Stever, Lincoln
Deanna Coalson, United Cerebral Palsy
Hans Brisch, PHD, University of Nebraska

Division of Emergency Health/Medical Services

The purpose of this Division is to assure the availability of highest quality emergency health and medical services under the widest range of circumstances—natural and/or man-made—involving psychological and/or physological trauma, sudden illness or injury. This purpose is accomplished through the coordination of all resources available from public and private agencies and organizations with interest and responsibilities in health care and public health practices.

Improvements in each and every component of an Emergency Medical Services System, some of which are: public access, communications (dispatch), transportation, emergency medical care, definitive care, and rehabilitation are sought through the coordination of planning, development, implementation, operation, and evaluation of statewide activities involving public information and education, professional education and training, purchase of communication and medical equipment and a variety of transportation methods.

The passage of the Emergency Medical Services Systems Act of 1973 (PL 93-154), placed new responsibilities in the Division of Emergency Health/Medical Services, and has required major expansion of professional capabilities with which to respond to the new challenges. Major areas of responsbility currently include:

1) Planning for state-wide emergency medical services operations to assure compatibility with local systems development. Six (regional) Emergency Medical Services Councils are assisted in developing their emergency medical services plans for future implementation and operation.
2) Operational EMS activities are coordinated within each (EMS) region, and assistance provided in seeking funding for improving their "highest priority" components.
3) Communications—the development of regional emergency medical services communication networks with ties between each of the six (EMS) regions is coordinated with the State Office of Telecommunications for compliance with new rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission regarding emergency medical services communications frequencies.
4) Education and Training—coordination of the development and implementation of training for all allied health professionals with responsibilities in delivering emergency medical care, and maximization of available American Red Cross and Medical Self-Help courses to members of the non-professional general public.
5) Systems Management and Evaluation—coordination with local, state, and national emergency medical services developments to in-

sure the availability and applicability of the newest and best techniques for improving the overall operation of the Emergency Medical Services System.

BUREAU OF COMMUNITY HEALTH SERVICES

The Bureau of Community Health Services is composed of Divisions responsible for performing services directly at the community level. Community organization, program development, and liaison with community organizations, agencies, officials, physicians, dentists, other providers, and the general public are essential, and the Bureau takes the lead in this respect. A close working relationship between the Divisions in this Bureau, with assistance from other divisions within the Department results in coordinated community health service programs.

Division of Community Health Nursing

The Division of Public Health Nursing was organized July 1, 1942. In 1972 the title of the division was changed to the Division of Community Health Nursing. Major emphasis is placed on encouraging local communities to develop a system of community health services such as home nursing, environmental sanitation, and health education. The community health nurses provide consultation or direct services in the areas of skilled nursing care, maternal and child health, dental health, health guidance, nutrition, school health, mental health, and communicable disease control.

The Division also provides consultation to the local health departments and home health agencies.

Division of Education/Publications (Mental Health Program)

The Education and Publications Division of the Department of Public Institutions receives some federal funds made available to mental health programs through the Department of Health under PL 89-749, Section 314(d). The Director of the Department of Health is the State Mental Health Authority for receipt of these funds. Through an agreement with the Department of Public Institutions, its Education and Publications Division conducts this mental health program. Under this special program the Education and Publications Division awards grants for pilot projects throughout the state. These projects include: (1) prevention activities, (2) consultation activities with churches, schools, nursing homes, local mental health associations, voluntary groups, welfare agencies, courts and other agencies; (3) alcoholism prevention program for Native Americans; (4) crisis intervention program; (5) mental health institutes, seminars, and courses for professional and lay groups; (6) education and information activities providing mental health programs, speakers, films, and various audio and visual aids.

DIVISION OF RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH

In 1963, the Legislature enacted LB 19, the Radiation Control Act. This act authorized the Nebraska Health Department to form a Division of Radiological Health to institute and administer programs of control of ionizing radiation consistent with the health, safety, and welfare of the public. In 1975 this Act was amended to permit regulatory control for nonionizing sources of radiation.

The Division of Radiological Health performs several functions:

a. Develop and enforce rules and regulations relating to use of all sources of radiation.
b. Administrate a regulatory program over sources of radiation, replacing federal control previously a function of the United States Atomic Energy Commission, now the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
c. Conduct environmental surveillance of radionuclide concentration in air, water, food, and other materials.
d. Survey and inspect radiation sources to minimize radiation exposure to workers and the public.

Expert advice and consultation is available to governmental, civic, educational, professional, and other interested groups.

RADIATION ADVISORY COUNCIL

The 1963 Radiation Control Act established a nine-member Radiation Advisory Council appointed by the Governor representing the fields of radiology, medicine, health physics, law, agriculture, industry, dentistry, and chiropractic, osteopathy or podiatry.

Ben Zersen, Lincoln	Labor	October 25, 1979
Herman Knoche, Ph.D., Lincoln	Agriculture	October 25, 1979
Henry J. Rice, Columbus	Law	October 25, 1979
Leo R. Beattie, D.D.S., Ainsworth	Dentistry	October 25, 1978
Russell J. McIntire, M.D., Hastings	Radiology	October 25, 1978
Julius E. Haes, Jr., Lincoln	Radiation Health Physics	October 25, 1978
Emerson Jones, Ph.D., Lincoln	Industry	October 25, 1977
Merton A. Quaife, M.D., Omaha	Medicine	October 25, 1977
Paul H. Winkler, D.P.M., Hastings	Podiatry	October 25, 1977

The Radiation Advisory Council advises the Department of Health and other state agencies on policies and procedures relating to the use of radiation.

Division of Nutrition

Better health through better nutrition for Nebraskans—this is the goal of the Nutrition Division. The nutritionists participate in the nutrition education and training of health professionals, food service management personnel, and the general public. Key nutrition education pro-

jects are the regional comprehensive nutrition education program and cooperative projects with the Nebraska Diabetes Program, the Division of Dental Health and a Nutrition Task Force to develop a nutrition program for residential units operated by the Office of Mental Retardation. The Division further supports nutritional services in medical facilities by providing consultant services to the Division of Standards in evaluating the diet of patients in hospitals and residents of skilled nursing and intermediate care facilities. Another responuibility of the division is state wide coordination of the U.S.D.A. Special Supplemental Feeding Program for Women, Infants and Children.

Division of Dental Health

The Division of Dental Health within the State Department of Health was created by an act of the Legislature in 1949. The director of the division is appointed by the State Board of Health.

The activities of the division are primarily educational through conferences with school health officials, teachers' training colleges, health workshops, teachers' institutes, nurses, dentists, etc. The division lends support and counsel to clinical and educational dental programs of local health departments.

The division is actively engaged in the promotion of fluoridation of public water supplies, and assists in the surveillance of existing fluoridation programs. Also promotes all other approved and accepted measures of dental disease control.

Research in the areas of prevention and control of dental diseases is another activity of the division.

The director acts as advisor and counsellor to Dental Association Councils, committees, and to other agencies and individuals in matters pertaining to dental health.

The director is an ex officio member of the Board of Trustees of the Nebraska Dental Association. An annual report of the activities of the division is submitted through the State Board of Health to the association.

Division of Disease Control

This division collects, analyzes and publishes morbidity statistics, investigates epidemics and gives recommendations for their control to local health officials. The "Rules and Regulations Relating to Public Health," published by the department, frequently need interpretation as to their application to local situations. An educational program is carried on continuously aimed at better utilization of the known preventive measures against disease.

The activities concerned with veneral disease control are both medical and educational. The work is carried on in cooperation with the

United States Public Health Service. Much work is involved in tracing contacts of reported venereal diseases, and in getting them examined and under treatment if they are identified as contacts. Physicians are assisted in keeping the infectious cases under care until they are no longer a danger to others. Drugs are furnished and a fee is paid for the care of indigent cases. Education programs, consisting of lectures and films, are presented in high schools and colleges, as well as before adult groups.

Prior to July 1, 1972, the Tuberculosis Program was responsible for the control of tuberculosis on an out-patient basis. Now, however, the Tuberculosis Program is statutorily charged with both the in-patient and out-patient aspects of the control and the prevention of this disease.

Today's Tuberculosis Program utilizes general hospitals located throughout Nebraska for the in-patient care of the bacteriologically active tuberculosis patient. The hospitals and physicians in the local communities are provided with immediate medical expertise, when needed, in the form of consultants who are also located throughout the state. The out-patient program is conducted through existing health departments or directly by the Program staff.

The Tuberculosis Program provides financial assistance both to in-patients and out-patients. This assistance may range from the payment of hospital bills, after all third party payments have been made, to the provision of anti-tuberculosis medications and reimbursements to private physicians for such procedures as chest x-rays and tuberculin skin tests.

The staff of the Tuberculosis Program functions in cooperation with physicians, consultants, health educators, public health nurses, hospitals, clinics, public and private institutions, laboratories, educational service units, and other health departments and governmental agencies as well as the Nebraska American Lung Association to assist physicians and others with patient and disease management by providing epidemiological services such as tuberculin testing, x-ray interpretations, anti-tuberculosis medications, patient interviewing, and contact and suspect follow-up.

The final goal of the Tuberculosis Program is the eradication of tuberculosis as a public menace and threat. The achievement of this goal will be accomplished, in part, by the rapid application of the elements cited above.

The Nebraska Immunization Program is now in its seventh year; during the first three years, mass immunization clinics were given priority.

The Immunization Program is built on five program elements that have been incorporated within the last two years. They are as follows: (1) Assessment and Surveillance; (2) Outbreak Control; (3) Mass Immunization Campaign Capability; (4) Education; and (5) Establishment and Maintenance of high levels of immunity.

Vaccine is available through the Immunization Program without charge to the physician or local health department. The only requirement is that no charge be made for the vaccine itself (this does not include office calls, administrative costs, etc.); and a report be submitted of total number administered and age breakdown. Rubella, measles, polio, DTP and TD vaccines are available.

DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

The Division conducts a surveillance program for public water supply sources, treatment plants, storage facilities, and distribution systems under authorities assigned to the Department of Health by the Nebraska Safe Drinking Water Act. The program goals and objectives are to (1) protect the citizens of the State and the traveling public by eliminating or reducing biological, chemical, physical, and radiological contaminants in drinking water to levels that do not adversely affect the health of persons; (2) upgrade the quality and reliability of the State's drinking water supply; and (3) assist local governmental units in the timely replacement, operation, and maintenance of the water utilities for which they are responsible.

To accomplish these purposes the Division approves plans and specifications for new works and addition or alterations to existing works. Continual examination of the chemical, biological, physical and radiological characteristics of drinking water is accomplished by the Division of Laboratories. These results are compared to regulations limiting levels of contamination and corrective action is required of the owner where indicated. Routine inspection, operator certification, and advisory service are carried out to prevent violation of the contaminant levels. The installation equipment and training of operators responsible for fluoridating water supplies receives special attention.

Other activities carried out by the Division staff include the formal training of water works personnel; participation in regional water resource planning efforts; and accomplishing that portion of the Nebraska Swimming Pool Law relating to planning and construction of new pools. Consultive and advisory services in the field of sanitary engineering are made available to other health disciplines, state agencies and to the public.

ADVISORY COUNCIL ON PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

The Advisory Council on Public Water Supply was established by law in 1976. The Council is composed of seven members representing the medical and engineering professions, the water supply utilities, and consumers of drinking water. The purpose of the Council is to advise the Director of Health on matters pertaining to the regulation of public water supplies and the implementation of the Nebraska Safe Drinking Water Act. An additional statutory duty, beyond the advisory function, requires that the Council approve any variance or exemption to max-

imum permitted contaminant levels in drinking water and to any deviation from treatment techniques necessary to eliminate or reduce such contamination as may be promulgated by regulation. The approval or disapproval of variances may be based on economic or health factors.

DIVISION OF MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH

The Division of Maternal and Child Health concentrates on an age group in the population as distinguished from a focus on a process, disorder, or a single disease. The child in his full ecological setting is the orientation of Maternal and Child Health. Child care embraces the child as he interacts with his family and his community; the child from conception to adulthood; the child in the dynamics of growth and development; the child in acute and chronic illness; the child in school; the progression to adolescence; and the child in disadvantaged situations.

The health of the mother is singled out because of her deep and continuous influence on child development and child care. The maternal component of the Division of Maternal and Child Health centers on the promotion of the general physical and emotional health of the mother surrounding her reproductive experiences because of the obvious relatedness to human fetal development. In this connotation, maternal health is broader than clinical obstetrics, since it also encompasses the preparation for parenthood, counseling in child rearing and child care, family planning counseling and services, and the maternal role as it promotes democratic family and societal integrity.

Many programs are under the direct fiscal, administrative and programmatic supervision of the division: The statewide Family Planning Program, Children and Youth Project, Maternal and Infant Care Project, Community Antenatal Obstetrical Center and Nurse, Prenatal Education Program, Special Needs of School-Age Parents, Lead Screening Program, and the Cervical Cancer Screening Program.

This division provides literature on maternity, infancy and child care; immunizing biologicals upon request by physicians for group immunization programs; training courses to public health nurses, hospital maternity service nurses and teachers in nurse training schools; RhoGAM is provided to families at risk and Lofenalac for infants suffering from phenylketonuria.

Financial support is lent to the Birth Defects-Genetic Services Program, the Neonatal Nursery Consultation Service, and the Pedodontic Dental Clinic at the University of Nebraska Medical Center. The Master Poison Control Center located in the Children's Memorial Hospital in Omaha also receives financial support. Both financial and consultive support is provided for the Nebraska Committee for Children and Youth.

Local health departments receive support in well child conferences, maternity classes, public health nursing services.

The division cooperates with the Departments of Education and Public Institutions in programs that provide services for infants, children and mothers which encompass special education, mental health, mental retardation and developmental disabilities.

Nutrition consultive services and a hearing conservation program are provided for schools and children's institutions. The nutritionists work in the School Lunch Program, Day Care Centers, low-income projects, and special diets as in the case of diabetes. They cooperate with the Hospitals and Medical Facilities Section of the State Health Department in their work with the smaller hospitals, homes for the aged, and nursing homes.

The division also conducts studies of infant and maternal mortality which have brought about participation in a perinatal health care program which develops care centers for the high-risk infant. A "sudden infant death syndrome" study is being conducted. A high-risk hearing impairment registry is being established.

DIVISION OF COMMUNITY HEALTH EDUCATION

This division was established August 1, 1941, as an agency of the department to help the public to better understand and use the services of all divisions of the Department of Health. The division cooperates with the Department of Education, colleges and universities, and with federal, state and community organizations interested in any phase of public health education.

Among the services are: publications; news releases, educational film programs and loan library of films; consultant service to rural, elementary and high schools on planning their health education programs, and to community groups requesting assistance; conducting institutes for teachers; health education workshops in colleges and universities; planning with community groups on health educational programs; a reference library on public health; purchasing and distributing materials on public health. Literature, films, filmstrips and slides are furnished in the department staff on all phases of health.

Special programs include: Migrant Health Project which provides comprehensive health services to the migrant agricultural worker while in Nebraska; Community Health Services; Hypertension Control Education, School Health; and the Learning Resource Center for Professional Continuing Education.

DIVISION OF HOUSING AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

The Division has responsibility in the following programs: (1) Bedding: license and survey factories; (2) Camps: license, approve plans, and survey; (3) Overnight Campgrounds: conduct surveys on referral from the Department of Roads; (4) Civil Defense: conduct damage surveys; (5) Day Care Homes and Centers: surveys; (6) Epidemiology: Investigate

environmentally related disease outbreaks under the direction of the Director of the Division of Communicable Disease Control; (7) Institutions: survey; (8) Jails: survey; (9) Migrant Health: general sanitation; (10) Milk: conduct milk shed surveys, spot checks, and check ratings; (11) Nuisance complaints: investigate complaints received by the department; (12) Schools: consultation with and surveys of public and parochial schools; (13) Swimming Pools: issue permits, present pool operators' clinics and conduct surveys; (14) Vector Control: insects of public health interest, rat control, and diseases common to man and animals; (15) Water and Sewage: contaminated well assistance, approve plans, and approval of water and sewage disposal systems financed by FHA, VA, or conventional loans; (16) Agricultural Housing; surveyed on referral from the Department of Labor; (17) Mobile Homes, Recreational Vehicles, Modular Homes: survey factories and distribution lots; (18) Mobile Home Parks: license, approve plans, and survey.

Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Advisory Committee

This committee was established under L.B. 300 of the Eighty-Fourth Legislature. The members are appointed by the Director of the Nebraska State Department of Health for two year terms. Committee membership represents persons from mobile home manufacturing, recreational vehicle manufacturing, mobile home dealers, recreational vehicle dealers, and municipal building inspection. No business entity shall be represented by more than one member on the advisory committee at any time. The committee shall have the authority to review the rules, regulations, and standards of the department pertaining to mobile homes and recreational vehicles and to recommend changes relative thereto.

Committee Members

Present Members	Term Expires
Max Leach, Chairman	June 30, 1977
Charles G. Seale, Vice Chairman	June 30, 1977
Marion Wagner	June 30, 1977
Renewed Members	
Jack Atkins	June 30, 1978
Walt Hallstein	June 30, 1978
Proposed Members	
Jack Kissler	June 30, 1978
Mel Auch	June 30, 1978

Manufactured Housing Advisory Board

This Board was established under L.B. 248 of the Eighty-Fourth Legislature. The members are appointed by the Governor for two year terms. Board membership includes one person from each of the fields of industrial management, architecture, professional engineering, or-

ganized labor, municipal building inspection; one manufacturer; and one dealer. No business entity shall be represented by more than one member on the advisory board at any time. With the exception of electrical standards, the board is to approve any rule, regulation, or standard proposed by the Health Department.

Board Members

	Term Expires
J.E. Clemens, Scottsbluff	July 29, 1978
Clifford B. Dudley, Omaha	July 29, 1978
William M. Fenton, Lincoln	July 29, 1977
Walter Hallstein, Grand Island	July 29, 1977
Bennard W. Preis, Omaha	July 29, 1978
Ted Reeder, Omaha	July 29, 1978
Charles L. Thomsen, Lincoln	July 29, 1977

BUREAU OF HEALTH PLANNING AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

Since the initiation of the Hospital Survey and Construction Program in July of 1947, the Department of Health has consulted with various communities which have expended a total of approximately $127,428,554 in hospital and medical facility construction. Federal grant funds in the amount of $37,691,014 and subsidized loan funds in the amount of $7,156,755 have been made available to Nebraska for medical facility construction during this period. In addition, there were 122 projects of which six were subsidy loan projects. Also, under the Accelerated Public Works Program, $299,900 was allocated to the Valley County Hospital at Ord for construction of a new hospital-nursing home. Health care facilities that have received Hill-Burton funds must provide a reasonable volume of uncompensated service to persons unable to pay for a twenty-year period after receipt of those funds. The Hill-Burton Program, as described, has terminated. Some form of this program will continue through Title XVI of Public Law 93-641.

The Nebraska Statutes provide for an Advisory Council consisting of the Director of Health who serves as chairman ex officio and twelve members, appointed by the Governor for three-year terms. The Council has advised the Department of Health concerning the allocation of any federal funds which are available to aid in construction of hospitals and other medical facilities.

Hospital and Medical Facilities Advisory Council

	Term Expires
Loren B. Belker, Lincoln	November 18, 1977
Richard E. Bradley, D.D.S., Lincoln	November 18, 1977
Jeannette Beckner, R.N., Lyons	November 18, 1978
James A. Canedy, Omaha	November 18, 1979
Hugh W. Eisenhart, Cambridge	November 18, 1979

Reverend T. J. Fraser, Pawnee City ..... November 18, 1979
Nebraska Morrow, Omaha ..... November 18, 1978
Maurice Nelson, Sidney ..... November 18, 1978
Dewey Nemetz, Blair ..... November 18, 1977
Willard Richardson, Omaha ..... November 18, 1977
Charles Uerling, Sr., Hastings ..... November 18, 1977

In accordance with P.L. 93-641, the Governor of Nebraska has designated the Nebraska State Health Department as the State Health Planning and Development Agency in Nebraska. Functions to be performed by this Agency will be carried out by the Division of Health Care Facilities and the Division of Health Systems Planning. The Agency is advised by the Statewide Health Coordinating Council and provides staff support for the implementation of specified functions. The Council will be appointed by the Governor by November 1, 1977.

State Agency functions are:

1. Conduct health planning activities of the state and implement those parts of the plans which relate to the government of the state.
2. Prepare and review a preliminary state health plan consisting of the Health Systems Plans (long-range) and the Annual Implementation Plans (short-range) of the Health Systems Agencies in the state.
3. Assist Statewide Health Coordinating Council in review of facilities plans and in its general functions.
4. Serve as the designated state agency for Section 1122 program.
5. Administer a state certificate of need program.
6. Make findings as to the need for the new institutional health services to be offered in the state.
7. Review periodically the need for institutional health services.
8. Prepare a State Medical Facilities Plan.

Statewide Health Coordinating Council functions are:

1. Review annually and coordinate Health Systems Plan and Annual Implementation Plan of each Health Systems Agency within the State and forward the report to the Secretary, DHEW.
2. Prepare, review, and revise annually a State Health Plan made up of the Health Systems Plans of the three health systems agencies within the state. Statewide Health Coordinating Council may have to revise the Health Systems Plans to achieve appropriate coordination.
3. Conduct public hearings on proposed State Health Plan as presented by the State Planning and Development Agency.
4. Review annually the budget of each health systems agency and forward comments to the Secretary, DHEW.
5. Review applications submitted by Health Systems Agencies for planning grants and development funds.
6. Advise the State Planning and Development Agency on performance of its functions.
7. Review annually, approve/disapprove, any state plan and any application submitted to the Secretary as a condition to the receipt of funds under allotments made to the state under the Public Health Services

Act, the Community Mental Health Centers Act, or the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention Treatment and Rehabilitation Act of 1970.

Division of Standards and Licensure

The duties and responsibilities of this division include the survey of hospitals and nursing homes for state licensure and the issuance of state licenses for these facilities; the survey and certification of facilities for Title XIX, as well as continuing the administration of Title XVIII (Medicare). The division is headed by a qualified lay administrator and under the professional supervision of a part-time medical consultant.

This division makes surveys of and recommends certification of providers of services for Titles XVIII and XIX. It provides consultation to providers in meeting requirements and improving the quality of care provided so that beneficiaries receive maximum service with a minimum of difficulty.

Health clinics, mental health centers, centers for the developmentally disabled, custodial foster homes, boarding homes for the aged, alcohol treatment centers and drug treatment centers are also licensed and inspected.

The staff is composed of an assistant administrator, three reviewers, nineteen surveyor consultants and two full-time and one part-time professional consultants.

NURSING HOME ADVISORY COUNCIL

Members

Reverend Richard A. Peterson, Omaha	August 23, 1979
Ms. Evelyn McCray, Fullerton	August 23, 1979
Dr. Wesley C. Berry, Jr., Lincoln	August 23, 1979
Mrs. Roland Christensen, Minden	August 23, 1979
Mrs. Paul Struckman, R.N., Brule	August 23, 1977
Eugene R. Schwenke, M.D., Lincoln	August 23, 1977
George R. Myers, R.P., Gering	August 23, 1977
Mrs. Elaine M. Connelly, Omaha	August 23, 1977
Donald Hogg, Lincoln	August 23, 1978
Sister Esther Marie Miller, David City	August 23, 1978
Mrs. Joan Heinzman, Grand Island	August 23, 1978
Myron Clopine, Ogallala	August 23, 1978

The Nursing Home Advisory Council was established by the 1967 Legislature to advise and make recommendations to the State Board of Health and the Department of Health on all matters pertaining to the licensure and regulations of nursing homes in the state. The council consists of twelve members appointed by the Governor. The membership is composed of one licensed registered nurse, one licensed physician and surgeon, one licensed dentist, one registered pharmacist, one person

representing state or local government, three lay persons representing the public, two administrators or owners of proprietary nursing homes, and two administrators or owners of voluntary nursing homes. Initial appointments were for staggered terms so that the terms of four members expire each year, thereafter, successors are appointed for three-year terms. No member of the council may serve more than two successive terms. Members of the council shall serve without compensation but shall be entitled to receive reimbursement for their reasonable expenses incurred in connection with their duties as members of such council from the Nebraska Health Care Association or the Nebraska Association of Homes for the Aging or such other association or group of nursing home licensees as voluntarily agrees to provide reimbursement for such expenses. No funds or state moneys are drawn upon to pay the expenses of administration of the Nursing Home Advisory Council.

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

Director—M. Berri Balka

Donald G. Erway, C.L.U., ... Deputy Director
David L. Krumm ..... Chief Examiner
M. Berri Balka ..... General Counsel
James Valdez ..... Attorney
Roger Keetle ..... Attorney
Helen E. Griffin ..... Office Manager
Thomas Reents ..... Supervisor of Claims Division
Jack Wickes ..... Asst. Spvr. of Claims Division
Barbara Heaton ..... Agents License Administrator
Ronald D. Elmshauser ..... Actuary and Life Supr.
Donald Deal ..... Property & Liab. Supervisor
Mike Wapp ..... Health Insurance Supervisor
Stephen G. Kellison ..... Consulting Actuary

Total number of employees: 57.

Publications: Summary of Insurance Business in Nebraska, Agents Manual, Insurance Facts for Nebraskans.

The first complete Insurance Code to be enacted in Nebraska was in 1913. It provided for an Insurance Board to administer the code. Prior to 1913 the Territorial Auditor and later the State Auditor had issued certificates to insurance companies and exercised some powers in connection with investigation and inspection of insurance companies. (For a complete history see earlier editions of the Blue Book.) The duties of the Insurance Board were given to a Bureau of Insurance in the Department of Trade and Commerce by the Civil Administrative Code of 1919. In 1933 the bureau was made the Department of Insurance. In 1947 the Legislature enacted a group of laws which modernized the 1913 code. (For a complete history of important insurance legislation passed between 1947 and 1965 see earlier editions of the Blue Book.) The Department of Insurance has the duty of regulating and examining all insur-

ance companies doing business within this state. This includes licensing and examination of agents, admittance of foreign insurers, periodic examination of company affairs, approval of automobile, property and liability rates, handling of inquiries and complaints. The department is divided into the following divisions: Administrative, Legal, Life, Property and Liability, Health Insurance Agents Licensing, Examination, Claims and Inquiries, and Compliance and Enforcement.

FIRE PREVENTION

State Fire Marshal—Paul A. Sarnecki

Total number of employees: 37

Publications: Annual Report.

The Fire Commission was created by the Legislature of 1909. The Governor was the Fire Commissioner, and appointed two deputies, one of whom was required to live in Lincoln and manage the office. These duties were transferred to the Division of Fire Prevention in the Department of Trade and Commerce by the Civil Administrative Code. In 1925 the law was rewritten and provision was made for a State Fire Marshal to be appointed by the Governor. The State Fire Marshal was placed under the general direction and supervision of the Secretary of the Department of Trade and Commerce. In 1933 when the Department of Trade and Commerce was abolished the State Fire Marshal was placed under the Department of Insurance. In 1974, the State Fire Marshal was placed under the Governor by Legislative action. The duties and powers of the State Fire Marshal are as follows:

1. Shall have general charge of the inspection of buildings and premises.
2. May examine any building or premise where a fire is in progress or has occurred and may cause origin of fires to be investigated.
3. Shall order combustible and explosive materials to be removed from any building or premise and order the abatement of dangerous conditions which constitute fire hazards.
4. May order exits and means of egress as are necessary to eliminate the dangers existing in buildings that do not afford reasonably safe escape in case of fire.
5. May order the destruction, repair, or alteration of dilapidated buildings.
6. Has authority to issue Fireworks Permits for the wholesale and retail sale of fireworks and the responsibility to enforce the state statutes applicable to the sale, use and storage of all pyrotechnics.
7. Has authority to promulgate rules and regulations and to adopt recognized safety standards for fire prevention and protection in Nebraska.
8. Prescribe and enforce rules and regulations setting state safety standards for the transportation of natural and other gas by pipelines not under the jurisdiction of the Federal Power Commission or the Interstate Commerce Commission.
9. Shall investigate the origin, cause and circumstances surrounding fire, explosions, and like emergencies.

The office of State Fire Marshal is partially maintained by taxes paid by companies doing fire insurance business in Nebraska.

Advisory Committee to Office of State Fire Marshal

Members	Representing	Terms Expire
Dale E. Boettcher, Lincoln	Fire Dept. Insp. Div.	September 24, 1979
Ronald L. Buethe, Murray	Fire. Ins. Ind.	September 24, 1979
William Page, Lincoln	Dept. of Health	September 24, 1979
John A. Fisher, Valentine	Vol. Fire Dept.	September 24, 1979
Lawrence Casey, Omaha	Fire Prot. Eng.	September 24, 1979
Robert R. Hinde, North Platte	Architecture	September 24, 1979
Allan H. Ihms, Lincoln	Dept. of Publ. Welfare	September 24, 1979
Dale Karnopp, York	Hosp. Assn.	September 24, 1979
Wesley Turtscher, Papillion	Local Bd. of Ed.	September 24, 1979

An Advisory Committee to the Office of the State Fire Marshal was established in 1971 by the enactment of LB 570. The committee consists of nine members as designated: a representative of the fire insurance company, an architect, a public school district board member, a fire protection engineer, a fire department inspector, member of a volunteer fire department, a representative of the Department of Health, a representative of the Nebraska Hospital Association, and a representative of the Department of Public Welfare. The members are chosen by the Governor and serve a four-year term. Members receive no compensation but are reimbursed for necessary expenses. The committee advises the State Fire Marshal in matters pertaining to his duties.

The Board enforces the 1975 State Electrical Act which prescribes the licensing of qualified electricians, testing of eligible applicants, and inspection of all necessary electrical installations.

STATE ELECTRICAL BOARD

The 1969 Legislature passed a state electrician's licensing law governed by the State Electrical Board under the administration of the State Fire Marshal's Office.

Members	Terms Expire
Norval E. Bowen, Omaha	September 13, 1978
Ralph Crowl, Omaha	September 13, 1978
Robert J. Chase, Lincoln	September 13, 1980
Weston Webb, Grand Island	September 13, 1979
Edward R. Brandt, Fairbury	September 13, 1979
Paul Schorr, III, Lincoln	September 13, 1980
Paul Mead, Kearney	September 13, 1980

The members of the board are appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Legislature. The board is composed of a journeyman

electrician, a master electrician, the Fire Marshal, a building or housing contractor and a registered professional engineer. The initial appointees serve one, two, three, four, and five year staggered terms, their successors serve a five-year term.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Commissioner—Gerald E. Chizek

DIVISIONS

Division of Safety ..... Commissioner of Labor
Division of Employment ..... Vernon D. Malolepszy, Director

Total number of employees: 838. (Includes 813 employees in the Division of Employment; 25 employees in Division of Safety).

Publications: Laws, Safety Codes, Annual Report of the Division of Employment, Nebraska Labor Area News, Nebraska Labor Force Trends, and Employment Security Law.

The Legislature of 1887 created the Bureau of Labor, Census, and Industrial Statistics. The Governor was made the Commissioner, to comply with the requirements of the Nebraska Constitution forbidding the creation of more executive offices. The duties of the office were performed by a deputy commissioner and other employees. The Legislature of 1917 created the office of Deputy Compensation Commissioner, and the Civil Administrative Code of 1919 assigned the duties of the Compensation Commissioner to the Secretary of Labor. The Legislature of 1933 changed the title of the chief deputy to "Commissioner." The Legislature of 1935 set up a Workmen's Compensation Court and transferred the administration of the Workmen's Compensation Laws to this court.

Under existing Nebraska Statutes, as now constituted, the duties of the Commissioner of Labor and the functions of the department are to foster, promote and develop the welfare of wage earners; improve working conditions; advance opportunities for profitable employment; adopt and enforce codes relating to industrial safety; and enforce the laws of the state which pertain to working conditions, hours of labor, the employment of children and to administer the Employment Security Law.

The work of the department is implemented through two divisions: (1) The Division of Safety, and (2) The Division of Employment.

DIVISION OF SAFETY

The current statutory duties of the Safety Division of the Department of Labor, which is under the direct supervision of the Commissioner of Labor may be summarized as follows:

(1) To protect the working people in the state under the provisions of the Health and Safety laws and the regulations adopted by the Commissioner thereunder, to formulate safety codes and standards in order that

all employment and places of employment in the state shall be operated and maintained as to provide reasonable and adequate protection to the lives, health and safety of working people.

(2) To enforce the provisions of the State Health and Safety codes by periodical inspections of all places of employment.

(3) To protect children through the provisions of the Child Labor Law.

(4) To protect persons who are looking for jobs from abuses by private employment agencies under the law relating to Private Employment Agencies, and Foreign Labor Agents.

(5) To administer and enforce the provisions of the Lunch Period Law, and the State Minimum Wage Law, the Veterans Preference Law, and the High Voltage Law.

(6) To administer the provisions of the state law relating to yearly inspection of all steam boilers generating steam pressure of more than fifteen pounds per square unit and school boilers.

(7) To administer the provisions of state law relating to the inspection of all freight and passenger elevators in the state at least every 12 months in order to determine if all such equipment is in a safe and satisfactory condition and properly constructed and maintained for the purpose for which it is used.

The inspection staff of the division consists of the Chief Boiler Inspector; safety inspectors stationed in Omaha and Lincoln; and a State Elevator Inspector.

DIVISION OF EMPLOYMENT

The Division of Employment is the outgrowth of measures enacted by the Nebraska Legislature in 1935 and 1937.

The first law passed in 1935 established a system of free public employment offices in the state to be known as the Nebraska State Employment Service. The funds appropriated by the state for the maintenance of the State Employment Service were matched by the federal government under the provisions of the Wagner-Pyser Act.

In 1937 the Legislature passed the Nebraska Unemployment Compensation Law and established the Unemployment Compensation Division as the administrative agency of the law. Both the State Employment Service and the Unemployment Compensation Division functioned as separate administrative entities within the Department of Labor, each headed by a director responsible to the Commissioner of Labor.

In 1941 the Legislature provided for the establishment within the Department of Labor of a new Division of Placement and Unemployment Insurance. The new division was created so that a single state agency would be responsible for both the placement of workers and the payment of unemployment insurance benefits. All persons employed in the division, which is headed by a director responsible to the Commissioner of Labor, are appointed to their positions under regulations of the Nebraska Merit System.

In 1949, again by legislative action, the name of the division for purposes of simplification, was changed to the Division of Employment Security. The 1961 Legislature changed the name of the division to the Division of Employment.

By action of Congress in 1954 employers of four or more workers were made subject to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act. (Prior to 1954 only employers of eight or more workers were subject to this Law.) The 1955 session of the Nebraska Legislature amended the Nebraska Employment Security Law to conform to the federal act.

Other programs added to division operations in the 1955-1956 biennium under the joint federal-state administration were expanded programs for the placement of physically handicapped and older workers, and for providing placement service to the state's farmers and ranchers including both full-time and seasonal workers.

Under the terms of the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees Law enacted in 1954 the state acts as the agent of the federal government in the processing and payment of unemployment insurance benefits to eligible unemployed federal workers and under the Veterans' Readjustment Act to eligible discharged servicemen. Expenditures by the state under these two federal programs are reimbursed to the state by the federal government on a monthly basis.

The Division of Employment, in addition to providing security for Nebraska workers unemployed through the payment of weekly unemployment insurance checks, maintains an active free placement service, for all workers, provides special service to veterans, occupational counseling and aptitude testing to individuals interested in developing skills in new fields of work, and extensive labor market information to employers, workers and organizations throughout the state.

Sixteen Job Service Offices, four sub-offices, and seven Unemployment Insurance Claims Centers, located in the major cities in the state, provide a central source of information on labor supply, job opportunities, man-power development and vocational training programs, labor area and workforce conditions, and unemployment insurance services.

The Division of Employment is financed entirely by federal monies, appropriated by Congress and allocated to the state through a budget approved by the Employment and Training Administration of the United States Department of Labor.

The Legislature of 1937 enacted a law which created a state advisory council of six members appointed by the Commissioner of Labor for a four-year term. Two of the members are representatives of employers, two are representatives of employees, and two have no interest either as employers or employees and are representatives of the public. The council meets on the call of the Commissioner and advises on carrying out the Employment Security Law. The members receive a fee of forty dollars a day for each day of active service on the council plus necessary travel and other expenses.

State Advisory Council

Members	Representing	Terms Expire
William E. Brennan, Omaha	Labor	June 30, 1979
Mrs. Belle Keitges, Lincoln	Public	June 30, 1979
Simon Korshoj, Blair	Industry	June 30, 1979
Dean Kocina, Omaha	Labor	June 30, 1977
Reverend Austin E. Miller, Omaha	Public	June 30, 1977
Calvin R. Johnson	Industry	June 30, 1977

To hear and decide disputed claims, the Legislature of 1937 authorized the Commissioner to appoint one or more impartial appeal tribunals, consisting in each case of either a salaried examiner, who must be an attorney, or a body consisting of three members, one of whom must be a salaried examiner, who serves as chairman, one of whom must be a representative of employers, and the other one of whom must be a representative of employees. The employers' and employees' representatives serve at the pleasure of the Commissioner and are paid a fee of not more than forty dollars a day of active service on such tribunal plus necessary expenses. Deputy Appeals Referees supplement the efforts of the Appeal Tribunal chairman in the hearing of appeals.

Nebraska Appeal Tribunal

Members	
Patrick W. Ash, Lincoln	Chairman
Frank J. Wear, Omaha	Employers' Representative
R. A. Freeman, York	Employers' Representative
Lloyd T. Worley, Lincoln	Employees' Representative
Charles M. McNeil, Omaha	Employees' Representative
Lynn Marie Corbeil, Omaha	Appeals Referee
Edward W. Hosenjager, Omaha	Appeals Referee

DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES

R. James Pearson—Director
Governor's Highway Safety Representative

William J. Edwards—Deputy Director

Administrator, Financial Responsibility	William L. Morrissey
Program Manager, Data Systems and Driver Records	L. E. Janssen
Administrator, Data Systems and Driver Records	Sidney L. McCartney
Administrator, Office of Highway Safety	Severiano "Sam" Franco
Administrator, Apportioned Registration and Reciprocity	Charles M. Kneip
Administrator, Motor Vehicle Inspection	Glen E. Eppens
Chief Examiner and Administrator, Driver Examining Division	Wayne Green
Administrator, Registrations and Titles	Ronald L. Smith, Sr.
Office Supervisor, Financial Responsibility	Dorothy C. Ryan

Office Supervisor, Driver Records ..... Mary Bratt
Office Supervisor, Registrations ..... Hallie Fisher
Office Supervisor, Titles ..... Jean Kehler
Office Supervisor, Apportioned Registration and Reciprocity ..... Sandra Bock
Office Supervisor, Motor Vehicle Inspection ..... Debra Harrison
Budget and Fiscal Officer ..... Eva R. Wood

Total number of employees: 235

Publications: Manual containing Nebraska Motor Vehicle Laws; driver's license manual; motor vehicle inspection manual; annual report of Nebraska registrations; instruction manuals for county clerks and treasurers; motorcycle operator's manual; truck driver's manual.

The first statutory regulations of motor vehicles were made in 1905 when they were defined and required to be registered with the Secretary of State. The supervision of motor vehicles was transferred in 1919 to the Bureau of Roads and Bridges, then a part of the Department of Public Works. In 1921, responsibility was placed directly on the Department of Public Works where it remained until the creation of the Department of Roads and Irrigation in 1933, which took over certain functions of the Department of Public Works. In 1957, the Legislature created a separate Department of Motor Vehicles.

This department performs all of the functions previously administered by the Division of Motor Vehicles except those related to the Motor Vehicle Dealer Licensing Act. Under previous law, the administration of this act was the responsibility of the titular head of the Department of Roads and Irrigation acting with a nine-man supervisory board. In 1957, a new Motor Vehicle Industry Licensing Board was created with the Director of the Department of Motor Vehicles as its chairman.

The 1967 Session of the Nebraska Legislature enacted legislation providing for a periodic Motor Vehicle Inspection Program. This program commenced January 1, 1969.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON MOTOR VEHICLE INSPECTION

R. James Pearson, Chairman Ex Officio

Ray Anderson, Omaha
Roy Smith, Omaha
Ken Kaar, Lincoln
Guy M. Kerns, Lincoln

The Advisory Committee on Motor Vehicle Inspection was created by the 1967 Legislature to advise the Department of Motor Vehicles on the Motor Vehicle Safety Inspection Law. The advisory committee consists of the Director of the Department of Motor Vehicles, who is the ex officio chairman, and five members appointed by the Governor. The appointed members must have experience in the motor vehicle service fields. The initial appointees serve one-, two-, three-, four-, and five-year staggered terms, with their successors all serving five-year terms. This committee meets upon the call of the chairman.

Responsibilities of the Department of Motor Vehicles include: the examination and licensing of drivers; administration of the point system, financial responsibility and implied consent laws; issuance of certificates of title; the registration of motor vehicles, including proration and reciprocity for motor carriers; approval of certain types of vehicle safety equipment; and the supervision of the state-appointed motor vehicle inspection stations. County clerks and county treasurers are the Department's agents for issuance of titles, driver licenses, and registration certificates.

In 1971, the Office of Highway Safety was transferred from the Office of Planning and Programming to the Department of Motor Vehicles. This division is funded directly by the federal government. Its two major functions include: providing funds for state and local highway safety projects; and coordinating the state's overall highway safety program.

A Data Systems Division was created in 1972 to accomplish the task of computerizing the voluminous records kept by the Department, including driver records, registrations and titles.

DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL

Director ..... Roy E. Gardner
Deputy Director ..... William F. Duke
Total number of employees: 23.

In 1967 the Legislature created the State Personnel Office and in 1971 elevated it to departmental status. The department provides personnel support and services to all state agencies not specifically excluded from the State Personnel System by Statute. Services and support include but are not limited to position classification, salary surveys, labor relations coordinator, and administration of employee insurance programs.

The department also publishes the monthly employee newsletter, the Statehouse Observer.

STATE PERSONNEL BOARD

Members	Term Expires
David Flebbe, Omaha	August 4, 1977
Herman A. Brockmeier, Lincoln	August 4, 1978
Helen M. Lassek, Lincoln	August 4, 1979
Richard E. Person, Holdrege	August 4, 1980
Bruce Peters, Fremont	August 4, 1981

The board members are appointed by the Governor subject to confirmation by the Legislature. Members serve five-year staggered terms. The board hears grievances and appeals of employees covered by the State Personnel System who are not appointed by the Governor, or a

board or commission; approves rules and regulations promulgated by the Director of Personnel; reviews and counsels the Department of Personnel and reports to the Governor and the Legislature on the effectiveness of the Department of Personnel.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS

Director ..... Jack M. Cleavenger
Administrative Assistant ..... Marjorie M. Smith
Administrative Assistant, Office Operations ..... Roger D. Wolfe
Division on Alcoholism, Director ..... William E. Ford, Ph.D.
Medical Services Division, Director ..... Klaus Hartmann, M.D.
Office of Mental Retardation, Director ..... Arnold Carmel, Ph.D.
Services for the Visually Impaired, Director ..... James S. Nyman, Ph.D.
Central Support
- Accounting & Budget .....
- Data Systems ..... Gary L. Anderson
- Engineering & Maintenance ..... Carl F. Botsford
- Legal Counsel ..... Betsy Berger
- Patient Benefits (Reimbursement) ..... Dean Watmore
- Personnel ..... Clifford P. Weidenthaler
- Purchasing ..... Kenneth W. Williamson

Total number of employees: 3110 F.T.E. as of June 30, 1976.
Publications: Biennial Report.

The Board of Commissioners was created by a constitutional amendment adopted November 5, 1912. The powers previously possessed by the Governor and the Board of Public Lands and Buildings with reference to the management and control of state institutions, were vested in the Board of Commissioners of State Institutions on July 1, 1913. This name was changed to Board of Control by constitutional amendment adopted September 21, 1920. In 1958, the Constitution of the State of Nebraska was amended to read:

> "The general management, control and government of all state charitable, mental, reformatory and penal institutions shall be vested as determined by the Legislature."

The 1961 Legislature created a Department of Public Institutions to have oversight and general control of thirteen institutions in Nebraska.

The 1963 Legislature established the Nebraska Penal and Correctional Complex to include and consist of the physical properties under the control of the State Penitentiary and the State Reformatory.

The 1971 Legislature directed the Director of Public Institutions to phase out the facilities of the Nebraska Orthopedic Hospital by December 1, 1971. By action of the 1972 Legislature the Nebraska Hospital for the Tuberculous was closed on June 30, 1972, at which time the Department of Health assumed responsibility for providing care for the tuberculous, and the real estate and buildings were transferred to the Board of Trustees of Nebraska State Colleges.

The 1973 Legislature created a separate Department of Correctional Services from the Division of Corrections in the Department of Public Institutions. Therefore, all penal and correctional facilities and the Office of Parole Administration are now part of the Department of Correctional Services.

DIRECTOR

The Director of Public Institutions is appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by a majority vote of members of the Legislature. His appointment is made on the basis of recognized and demonstrated interest in and knowledge of the problems of public institutions. He shall have a minimum of seven years of institutional administrative work.

DEPARTMENT

The Department of Public Institutions began its operations on January 1, 1962. By action of the 1969 Legislature there was created within the Department of Public Institutions a Division of Corrections and a Division of Medical Services. By action of the 1973 Legislature the Division of Corrections became a separate Department of Correctional Services. The Division of Medical Services administrates the clinical programs and services of the Beatrice State Developmental Center (for the mentally retarded); Hastings Regional Center, Hastings; Lincoln Regional Center, Lincoln; and Norfolk Regional Center, Norfolk. In 1973 the Nebraska Legislature passed LB302, the Nebraska Comprehensive Mental Health Services Act, and assigned responsibility to the Division of Medical Services to promote and provide funds to community mental health centers operated under the various regional boards designated by the Act. A history of these facilities will be found in earlier Blue Books. The 1969 Legislature changed the titles of the three mental hospitals at Hastings, Lincoln, and Norfolk to Regional Centers, and the Nebraska Soldiers' and Sailors' Home to the Nebraska Veterans' Home. Statistical information concerning these facilities will be found in Section IV of this book.

A Division on Alcoholism was created by the 1967 Legislature as a division of the Department of Public Institutions, with the Director of the Division appointed by the Director of Public Institutions. By Official Memorandum dated March 31, 1972, the Governor designated the division as the single state agency to develop and administer a Comprehensive State Alcoholism Plan under PL 91-616 of the federal government. This plan was approved and funded July 1, 1972. Subsequently, the plan has been revised and updated annually. Copies of the state plan are available upon request. Federal guidelines required the establishment of an Alcoholism Advisory Council, broadly representative of geographic areas, ethnic and consumer groups, government and private agencies. Twenty-seven members originally were appointed by the Governor to serve on this Council which has drawn up its own bylaws to govern its

activity and membership. The division office is located in the central office of the Department of Public Institutions.

The Division of Rehabilitation Services for the Visually Impaired, known formerly as the Department of Services for the Visually Impaired, is another service division within the Department of Public Institutions. This division furnished services to 754 blind or severely visually impaired persons during the 1975-76 fiscal year. Programs include: rehabilitation services, small business enterprises, home industries, home teaching, and a continuous program of adjustment and orientation to blind persons at the Lincoln Center. The rehabilitation services are cooperative ventures of the state and federal governments. The main office of the division is located in Lincoln, with branch offices in Omaha, Scottsbluff, North Platte, and Norfolk.

The Office of Mental Retardation was established as a part of the Department of Public Institutions by action of the 1969 Legislature. The activities of the office are supported by both state and federal funds. The objectives of the office include:

1. To assist in the establishment and operation of community based facilities, programs, and services for the comprehensive diagnosis, habilitation, care, training, transitional living and recreation of persons throughout the state who suffer from mental retardation and related disorders.
2. To provide consultative services throughout the state for mentally retarded persons and their families.
3. To provide for a continued assessment of current facilities, programs, services, and future needs with respect thereto.
4. To enter into funding partnerships on a matching basis for the provision of community-based service, programs, and facilities.

The Supportive services offered by the Central Office of the Department of Public Institutions are in the areas of accounting, engineering, personnel, and purchasing (which provides an organized system of handling institutional requisitions and establishes standard specifications for items in common use). Three supportive divisions are identified as the Division of Administrative Services, the Division of Engineering and Maintenance Services, and the Division of Personnel.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Members	Terms Expire
Ray R. Young, Omaha	January 1, 1981
Mrs. Sarah Bates, Lincoln	January 1, 1978
Ed R. Crowley, Kearney	January 1, 1979
John E. Humpal, Omaha	January 1, 1980
Mrs. Betty Matz, Cozad	January 1, 1980

The 1961 Legislature created an advisory committee to the Department of Public Institutions and the Department of Public Welfare. By action of the 1967 Legislature, the duty of the advisory committee is to

provide useful information and counsel to the Governor and the Directors of Public Institutions and Public Welfare—specifically, to keep informed on all major matters concerning the operations of the Department of Public Institutions and the administration of the Department of Public Welfare; to conduct visits each ninety days by one or more committee members to each institution and the Department of Public Welfare; to assist in the correlation of operations between the Department of Public Welfare and the Department of Public Institutions; to conduct specific studies pertaining to the Department of Public Welfare and the Department of Public Institutions which may be requested by the Governor; and to conduct not less than four meetings each year held in the State Capitol.

The 1973 Legislature extended the advisory committee's services to include the newly-created Department of Correctional Services.

The committee consists of five members appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by a majority of the members elected to the Legislature, with members serving for a term of four years. At least one member shall be appointed from each congressional district, and no more than three members may be from the same political party. Members of the committee shall receive twenty dollars a day for each day engaged in the duties of the committee, and shall be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties; but not more than five thousand dollars shall be spent by the committee for compensation of the committee and its activities per year. No employee of the state shall be eligible to be appointed on the committee.

NEBRASKA COMMISSION ON ALCOHOLISM

Members	Terms Expire
E. J. McBride, Blue Hill, Cong. Dist. 3	March 1, 1980
Ralph C. Fox, Lincoln, Member, State-at-Large	March 1, 1980
Neal P. Boeshart, Laurel, Cong. Dist. 1	March 1, 1978
Reverend Aldine Anderson, Omaha, Cong. Dist. 2	March 1, 1979

Jack M. Cleavenger, Director, Department of Public Institutions, Chairman

Anne Campbell, Ed.D., Commissioner of Education

Irvin L. Blose, M.D., University of Nebraska, College of Medicine, Omaha

The 1967 Legislature created the Nebraska Commission on Alcoholism to function as an advisory commission to the Division on Alcoholism in the Department of Public Institutions. The commission consists of the Director of Public Institutions (who serves as chairman), the Commissioner of Education, a representative of the University of Nebraska, College of Medicine, one member-at-large from the State of Nebraska, and one member-at-large from each of the three congressional districts.

The members-at-large are appointed by the Governor. The terms of members-at-large from each of the three congressional districts, initially appointed by the Governor, expire on March 1 of the years 1969, 1970, and 1971, as designated by the Governor in making the respective appointments, and the term of the member-at-large from the State of Nebraska expires on March 1, 1971. As the terms of members expire, the Governor shall, on or before March 1 of each year, appoint or reappoint a member of the commission for a term of three years to succeed the member whose term expires.

The commission meets at least quarterly, and at other times upon the call of the chairman or at the written request of any two members. The representatives of congressional districts and the member-at-large receive ten dollars a day for each day actually engaged in the discharge of their duties, and all members are reimbursed for necessary and actual expenses when engaged in the discharge of their official duties as members of the commission. Because of the close proximity of their work to the program of the commission, Joseph C. Vitek, Director of the Department of Correctional Services; and Joseph S. Golden, Social Services Coordinator in the State Office of Planning and Programming, Department of Administrative Services, serve as ex officio members of the commission at the request of the chairman. Because of his association with the Nebraska School on Alcohol Studies, Gary Schoenrock, of the University of Nebraska Extension Division, serves, also, as an ex officio member of the commission. The ex officio members contribute to discussion, but do not vote.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE TO THE OFFICE OF MENTAL RETARDATION

Members	Terms Expire
Irwin B. Peterson, Grand Island, Cong. Dist. 4	November 26, 1979
Robert Schulz, Norfolk, Cong. Dist. 3	November 26, 1977
Mrs. Dorothy Beavers, Bellevue, Cong. Dist. 2	November 26, 1977
Dale Samuelson, Omaha	November 26, 1977
Jack L. Campbell, Ed.D., Kearney	November 26, 1978
Galen Dodge, Ed.D., Lincoln, Cong. Dist. 1	November 26, 1978
Edward LaCrosse, Ed.D., Omaha	November 26, 1978

Arnold Carmel, Ph.D., Director, Office of Mental Retardation, ex officio.

The 1969 Legislature created an Advisory Committee to the Office of Mental Retardation consisting of seven persons appointed by the Governor. No more than three members shall be professionals in the field of mental retardation, and at least four members shall be lay citizens, one of whom shall be appointed from each of the four congressional districts as they existed on January 1, 1961. Of the initial members, three shall serve for three years, two for two years, and two for one year, as designated by the Governor in making the appointments. As the terms of initial members expire, their successors shall be appointed for terms of

three years. Members shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in carrying out their duties, and reimbursement for mileage expense shall be at the rate of eight cents per mile. In addition, the Director of the Office on Mental Retardation serves as an ex officio member of the committee.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WELFARE

Director Eldin J. Ehrlich

Administration

Derald L. Lembrich ..... Deputy Director for Administration
Alan H. Ihms ..... Deputy Director for Programs
E. D. Warnsholz ..... General Counsel
Josephine Henderson ..... Manuals Officer
Ivan (Bud) Whitmore ..... Administrative Support Manager
Gerardo Dominguez ..... State WIN Administrator/Welfare

DIVISIONS

Income Maintenance ..... Chief
Margery A. Wallace
Medical Services ..... Chief
Donald F. Hogg
Social Services ..... Chief
Larry E. Nedrow
Technical Assistance ..... Chief
George W. Woods
Finance and Accounting ..... Chief
Donald E. Gerber
Management and Data Services ..... Chief
Robert S. Wright
Research and Statistics ..... Chief
Jerry L. Bahr
Personnel and Training ..... Chief
David L. Prokesh
Program Evaluation and Review ..... Chief
Darlene K. Walker

Total number of employees: 1,837 as of June 30, 1976; of this total 1,357 are employed in county offices statewide, 125 are employed at the Nebraska Center for Children and Youth and 355 are employed by the State Department.

Publications: Annual Report; Monthly Report; Intercom; information bulletins and pamphlets covering the various programs administered by the Department.

The Nebraska Department of Public Welfare was established as an executive department by the Legislature in 1961. Statutorily, it consists of a Director of Public Welfare, and "such additional employees as may

be necessary to perform the functions of the Department in an efficient manner."

The State Department of Public Welfare supervises the administration by the County Divisions of Public Welfare of Department programs including Aid to Dependent Children, Social Services, Medical Assistance, Food Stamps, State Supplement to Supplemental Security Income, State Disability Program, and Child Support Enforcement. The State administers certain child welfare and social services programs, Services for Crippled Children, the Donated Foods Program, Technical Assistance and the operation of the Nebraska Center for Children and Youth.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Members	Terms Expire
John E. Humpal, Chairman, Omaha	January 1, 1980
Betty Matz, Cozad	January 1, 1980
Ray R. Young, Omaha	January 1, 1981
Sally Bates, Lincoln	January 1, 1978
Ed R. Crowley, Kearney	January 1, 1979

The Department of Public Welfare Advisory Committee was created by the Legislature in 1961. It consists of five members, appointed by the Governor with the approval of the Legislature. One member is appointed from each congressional district and no more than three members may belong to the same political party. Members receive $20 for each day they are engaged in the official business of the Committee in addition to reimbursement for actual expenses incurred in performance of official duties, not to exceed $5,000 per year. State employees may not be members of the Committee.

The purpose of the Advisory Committee is to provide useful information and counsel to the Director of Public Welfare as well as to the Governor and the Directors of Correctional Services and Public Institutions. The duties of the Committee are to be informed of all major matters concerning the operation and administration of these three departments and to assist in the correlation of operations between them. The Committee conducts quarterly visitations to each state institution and the Department of Public Welfare. It also holds quarterly meetings at which it receives reports from the three departments. It conducts specific studies pertaining to the three departments at the request of the Governor.

CRIPPLED CHILDREN'S COMMITTEE

Members	Terms Expire
Robert Allington, Lincoln	February 1, 1981
Mrs. Lawrence A. Enersen (Eleanore), Lincoln	February 1, 1979
Ray Griffin, Aurora	February 1, 1979
Walter Hampton, Chadron	February 1, 1979
Theodore Lemke, M.D., Columbus	February 1, 1980

Paul K. Mooring, M.D., Omaha ..... February 1, 1978
Mrs. Thomas Novotny (Eileen), Valparaiso ..... February 1, 1978
Mrs. Willis H. Taylor, Jr., Omaha ..... February 1, 1980
Dave Brolhorst, Lincoln ..... February 1, 1981

The Crippled Children's Committee was created by the Legislature in 1937. It consists of nine members, appointed by the Governor, including two licensed, practicing physicians. The members serve without salary, but are reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties. All appointments are for four years.

The Committee serves in an advisory capacity to the Department of Public Welfare or any other board, commission, division, agency, officer or employee of the State of Nebraska, legally charged with the duty of exercising supervision over, and administering services to, crippled children of the State of Nebraska.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ASSISTANCE AND SERVICES

Members	Terms Expire
Charlotte Shropshire, Chairperson, Omaha	September 1, 1976
Lotus Nicholas, Lincoln	September 1, 1977
Joan Wooten, Lincoln	September 1, 1976
Earl Dyer, Lincoln	September 1, 1977
Mrs. Clifford H. Jorgenson, Lincoln	September 1, 1977
Joseph Golden, Lincoln	September 1, 1976
Eva Ware, La Vista	September 1, 1978
Sally Ybarra Dittmar, Gering	September 1, 1978
Dr. Garnet Larson, Lincoln	September 1, 1978
Dorothy Brunt, Omaha	September 1, 1977
Sharron Crosby, Lincoln	September 1, 1976
Salle Sawyer, Lincoln	September 1, 1977
Lerlean N. Johnson, Omaha	September 1, 1976
Felix White, Lincoln	September 1, 1977
Grace Lee, Grand Island	September 1, 1976
Ramona Wolfe, Winnebago	September 1, 1976

The Advisory Committee on Assistance and Services was created in 1970 in compliance with amendments to Parts A and B of Title IV of the Social Security Act. One third of the committee's sixteen members must be recipients of assistance or services. The balance of the Committee is comprised of representatives of other agencies concerned with services, representatives of professional, civic and other public or private agencies, and citizens interested in service programs. Members are chosen by a nominating committee of committee members and approved by the Director. They receive no salary but are reimbursed for actual expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.

The purpose of the Committee is to advise the Director of Public Welfare and provide for meaningful participation in policy development and program administration in relationship to programs of assistance and services.

COUNTY WELFARE DIRECTORS' PROGRAM COMMITTEE

Members	Represents	Terms Expire
Kathleen R. Ruda	Area I	January 1, 1979
Doris Crocker	Member at large	January 1, 1979
Erma Ripley	Member at large	January 1, 1979
Esther S. Bloom	Area II	January 1, 1979
Garnet Broom	Area III	January 1, 1978
Carol Obershaw	Area IV	January 1, 1978
Mildred Jorgensen	Member at large	January 1, 1978
Ken L. Christensen	Member at large	January 1, 1978
Laverne Weers	Area V	January 1, 1977
Harvey Shoberg	Member at large	January 1, 1977
Donna Stork	Area VI	January 1, 1978
Michael Healey	Douglas County	Permanent
Jerry Lemonds	Lancaster County	Permanent
Virgil Knackstedt	Pres. State Assn.	January 1, 1977
Dave Ashley	Past Pres. State Assn.	January 1, 1977

The County Welfare Directors' Program Committee was established in 1970. It was formed to provide a formal channel for County Directors to use in voicing their opinions and views on existing program regulations and policies. The Committee also meets to discuss proposed program changes, thus providing an opportunity for input from the operation level prior to implementing the change.

INCOME MAINTENANCE

The Division of Income Maintenance is responsible for the formulation and implementation of policies and procedures of the statewide public assistance programs. These include Aid to Dependent Children, State Supplemental Assistance to the Aged, Blind, and Disabled, the State Disability program and the Food Stamp Program. This division also supervises Medical Assistance eligibility and the Child Support Enforcement Program.

Division staff train Regional and County staff and supervise the implementation of policies and procedures in all county offices. Six Field Representatives assigned to Regional offices are the major liaison between local offices and the State Central Office for the interpretation and implementation of policy.

The Aid to Dependent Children program provides financial aid for needy dependent children who are deprived of parental support or care because of the death, continued absence from home, the physical or mental incapacity of a parent, or partial or total unemployment of the father. State Supplemental Assistance to the Aged, Blind, and Disabled provides financial assistance to needy adults who are aged, blind, or disabled. Persons eligible for either of these two programs automatically become eligible for medical assistance.

The State Disability Program provides financial aid and medical assistance for needy adults who are temporarily disabled and do not qualify for Supplemental Security Income, State Supplement to AABD, or Medical Assistance. The disability must be expected to last for at least six months.

The Food Stamp Program enables low-income households (not necessarily public assistance recipients) to buy more food of greater variety to provide a more nutritious diet. Participants receive an allotment of coupons based on the number of people in the household and pay for this allotment according to the net total income of the household.

The Child Support Enforcement Program is responsible for locating absent parents, establishing paternity of children, and collecting child support. Applicants for ADC assign their right to child support to the state as a criterion for eligibility for ADC.

MEDICAL SERVICES

The Division of Medical Services administers the Nebraska Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid under Title XIX of the Social Security Act). The program provides medical care and services to recipients of Aid to the Aged, Blind or Disabled, Supplemental Security Income, and Aid to Dependent Children. Other individuals and families who may qualify are those whose resources meet day-to-day welfare subsistence standards but are not sufficient to meet all of their medical needs.

Medical care and services offered include diagnostic, preventative, remedial and rehabilitative services within licensure of practitioners licensed to practice medicine, surgery, dentistry, osteopathy, chiropractic, podiatry, optometry, nursing, physical therapy or Early and Periodic Screening of children; inpatient and outpatient hospital care; laboratory and x-ray services; transfusions; prescribed drugs, prosthetic devices, appliances and health aids; audiology or speech services; family planning services; skilled nursing home and intermediate care services; home health care services; care in institutions for mental diseases and tuberculosis if patients are 65 years of age or older; and care in a medical facility attached to or a part of the State Institution for the Mentally Retarded if patients are 16 years of age and blind or 18 years of age and disabled.

Services for Crippled Children is the agent of the Medical Services Division for administration of the Crippled Children's Program in Nebraska. SCC provides diagnosis and evaluation, along with active treatment, to eligible crippled children throughout the state. It also works to develop, strengthen, and improve the standards of services for crippled children.

SOCIAL SERVICES

The Division of Social Services provides or arranges for services to all appropriate members of ADC families including former and poten-

tial recipients. It is also responsible for the provision of child welfare services, services to current, former, and potential adult recipients and specific services of the Work Incentive Program. These services are made available through individual county offices and multi-county service centers.

The various services provided include adoption services, alternative care services for adults, chore services, day care services for children, day services for adults, family planning services, foster care services for children, home delivered and congregate meals, homemaker services for families and adults, protective services for children and adults, special services for the cerebral palsied, special services for the mentally retarded, transportation services for families and adults, and information and referral services.

The division gives direct service to children who are committed or relinquished to the Department of Public Welfare. It also administers the child care licensing program and provides consultation to groups and individuals involved with child welfare.

The Nebraska Center for Children and Youth (NCCY) receives children under 18 years of age who have been committed to it by a juvenile court for evaluation, treatment and/or residential care. At the discretion of the Department of Public Welfare, the Center receives, for temporary care, children under 18 years of age who have not been committed to it by a court. Children of any age who are residents of another institution, are of sound mind, and cannot be helped by medical or surgical treatments, may be transferred to the Center.

The NCCY Group Home Program provides intermediate community-based care for youths who no longer need institutional care and can benefit from supervised group living and normal community resources.

WIN

The Work Incentive Program (WIN) in Nebraska is jointly administered by the Department of Public Welfare and the Department of Labor. The purpose of the program is to prepare appropriate ADC recipients for paid employment through a comprehensive program of work experience, education and training coupled with supporting social services. The Division of Income Maintenance, through county income maintenance workers, screens and registers all eligible ADC recipients for the program. There are four WIN projects operating in Nebraska, located in Douglas, Lancaster, Hall and Scotts Bluff counties.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

The Division of Technical Assistance is funded by the U.S. Community Services Administration (CSA) to serve Nebraska's low-income population. Its responsibility is to develop, initiate, and maintain innovative anti-poverty programs. Established under the Governor's Office in 1964, this division was made part of the State Department of Public Welfare in 1976.

There are eight basic programs currently served and carried out by the Division of Technical Assistance: Community Action; Energy and Winterization; Senior Opportunity and Services for the Elderly; Community Food and Nutrition; Job Development; Public Transportation; Housing; and Equal Opportunity.

In these efforts the division helps the CSA Nebraska grantees plan programs, write grants, train staff, compile statistics, do research, coordinate statewide programs, and run a Sub-State Office in North Platte, Nebraska. The Sub-State Office was established in 1976 to carry out a Community Food and Nutrition Program in Lincoln County and an Energy and Winterization Program in Chase and Lincoln Counties.

The Division of Technical Assistance is not limited to working with and for programs for the low-income but the primary emphasis is on programs that will meet the needs of the low-income to help them out of poverty.

FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING

The Division of Finance and Accounting is responsible for the planning and development of all financial procedures and programs to assure proper fiscal control over all program expenditures. This responsibility includes the allocation of Public Welfare funds to realize the maximum federal dollar participation in all funds expended. This division has the responsibility of compiling budgetary estimates upon which the department budget request is based.

Within the Division of Finance and Accounting are the Central Accounting Section and the Donated Foods Program Section.

Central Accounting has the responsibility of budgetary control as well as the accounting of all fiscal operations of the department. Four fiscal auditors are on the staff who audit in the counties, thus insuring that all State and Federal requirements are met. The division will soon be adding staff for the purpose of auditing nursing homes which receive Medicaid funds.

The Donated Foods Program Section is responsible for the administration and issuance of approximately fifteen million pounds of food per year to more than 200,000 recipients through the following programs: School Lunch, Head Start, Special Food Service, Supplemental Feeding and Institutions. Receipts and payments for warehousing and transportation charges of approximately 700 agencies are handled by this section.

MANAGEMENT AND DATA SERVICES

The Division of Management and Data Services is responsible for Recipients' Payments, Medical Payments, Data Entry, Management Analysis, and Systems Analysis.

The Recipients' Payment Section is responsible for issuance of state issued warrants to eligible welfare recipients. These are mailed directly

to welfare clients throughout the state. Additionally, this section maintains the computer eligibility file.

The Medical Payment Section is responsible for auditing and processing all claims for medical services and for making direct payments to vendors of medical services.

The Data Entry Section is responsible for transforming source documents via on line terminals into machine readable formats for computer processing. Supervisors control data base updates to insure that data integrity and security are maintained.

Management Analysts provide management consulting within the Department and participate directly on project teams.

Systems Analysts design and monitor all data processing systems relative to the Department, including among others, the Eligibility Data Base, the Medicaid Management Information System and the Social Services Information System.

RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

The Division of Research and Statistics is responsible for planning, organizing and directing all statistical and research activities in the Department of Public Welfare. The division plans the implementation of special studies and research projects relating to the problems of the public welfare programs and makes preliminary findings and recommendations based on such studies. Data is reviewed, analyzed and interpreted to establish trends in the operation of the public welfare programs, and furnished to the Director and other divisions' chiefs as a basis for administrative decisions.

There is participation with other staff members in the preparation of the state department budget estimates and requests for appropriations.

Statistical and other information is prepared and provided for periodical or special publications and public releases pertaining to the public welfare programs. The division is also responsible for designing forms for the entire Department.

PERSONNEL AND TRAINING

The Division of Personnel and Training is responsible for personnel administration and staff development for all public welfare employees. The personnel records of all employees in the state and county welfare offices are maintained by this division. With help from other administrative personnel, an in-service training program is provided and materials prepared to aid in staff development. The division also maintains a reference library for the use of employees, and assists employees who wish to obtain additional education through stipend and tuition assistance programs.

PROGRAM EVALUATION AND REVIEW

The Division of Program Evaluation and Review is responsible for reviewing and evaluating several areas of Department operation. The four elements of review of this division include Quality Control, Efficiency and Effectiveness, Investigations Unit, and Management Review.

Quality Control Reviewers review selected public assistance and food stamp cases and verify and document all elements affecting eligibility and payment to assure that they are in compliance with federal and state regulations. They analyze the findings of these reviews and notify regional offices when errors in eligibility procedures and payment require correction.

The Efficiency and Effectiveness section reviews case records and evaluates administrative practices and procedures in food stamp offices to provide additional information for corrective action planning. The Management Review section of the division reviews management practices in county and state welfare offices and, when appropriate, recommends changes in these practices to effect more efficient administration.

The Investigations Unit reviews and investigates all allegations of criminal fraud related to public welfare in Nebraska. Such investigations may include suspected fraud involving vendors or providers, recipients, or public welfare employees.

HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

While Nebraska was still a territory, the territorial Legislature began to provide for the public welfare needs of its citizens. It did this by passing a general pauper law to care for the medical needs of indigent persons, and by providing institutional care for blind and deaf children, and for "insane persons."

After acquiring statehood, the legislature continued and expanded public welfare provisions. Besides providing for indigents and for necessary institutional care, the Legislature provided short term aid for various crises. $50,000 was appropriated in 1875 to help farmers suffering from a grasshopper scourge. In 1899, legislation was passed for relief for soldiers returned from the Spanish American War.

The Home for the Friendless, which eventually became the Nebraska Center for Children and Youth, was established in 1887 as a semi-public home for dependent children and elderly women. The first mothers' pension act was adopted in 1915, and in 1917, counties were required to begin providing for blind relief.

The first State Department of Public Welfare was established in 1919. It encompassed the Bureau of Child Welfare and absorbed the duties of the former board of Charities and Corrections, the Department of Health, and the Bureau of Pardons and Paroles. Responsibility for the racing commission and for the licensing of boxing was also placed under this Department.

The Department of Public Welfare was abolished in 1931, and from that time until 1935, the legislature struggled with various measures to try to cope with the difficulties Nebraskans were having due to the Great Depression. These measures proved to be less than successful. Finally, in 1935, Congress passed the federal Social Security Act. Meeting in special session from October through November of 1935, the Legislature adopted three programs of aid in order to be eligible for federal grants-in-aid under the Social Security Act. These included Aid to Dependent Children, Old Age Assistance, and Blind Assistance. Ceilings on payments were originally limited to $30 a month for Old Age Assistance and Blind Assistance recipients and $18 a month for a mother and one child plus a maximum of $12 for each additional child under Aid to Dependent Children.

The State Department of Assistance and Child Welfare was established under the Board of Control in 1937. Its responsibilities included supervision of categorical assistance programs administered by the counties, the Bureau of Child Welfare, and commodity distribution, as well as emergency Depression era programs such as the Civilian Conservation Corps and the Works Progress Administration.

During World War II, the Depression era programs were discontinued, and the Department of Assistance and Child Welfare took on special wartime responsibilities. This included programs to assist civilians who were needy because of the enemy action, to assist enemy aliens, mostly Japanese-Americans who were needy due to the restrictive actions of the federal government, and a program to assist the Selective Service by securing social and medical information on each registrant to be examined for induction into the armed forces.

The first program of medical care for recipients of Old Age and Blind Assistance was passed in 1946. This program was amended the next year to provide similar care for recipients of ADC and to require the counties to pay a greater share of the cost. The entire program was repealed in 1954 and the full responsibility of medical care given back to the counties.

In 1955, a fourth categorical program, Aid to the Disabled, was established.

In 1957, a new supplemental medical program was established to provide for hospitalization and nursing home care for Old Age, Blind and Disabled recipients, and for hospitalization, surgery and dental care for ADC recipients. Counties were required to match state funds after first applying available federal money.

In 1961, the Board of Control was abolished, and the Department of Public Welfare was established as an executive department, effective January 1, 1962. At the same time, the administration of the Home for Children was placed under the Department.

In 1963, a federal program of medical care for the aged was established under the Kerr-Mills Act. In 1964, the sale and issuance of food

coupons to low-income families for the purpose of providing a more nutritious diet was authorized by the federal Food Stamp Act.

A single program of Aid to the Aged, Blind, and Disabled was adopted in 1965, replacing the three former separate adult programs. In 1966, the current Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid) replaced all former medical programs at the state and federal level. This program provides medical care to recipients of all categories of assistance, as well as to persons who do not receive assistance, but who are medically needy.

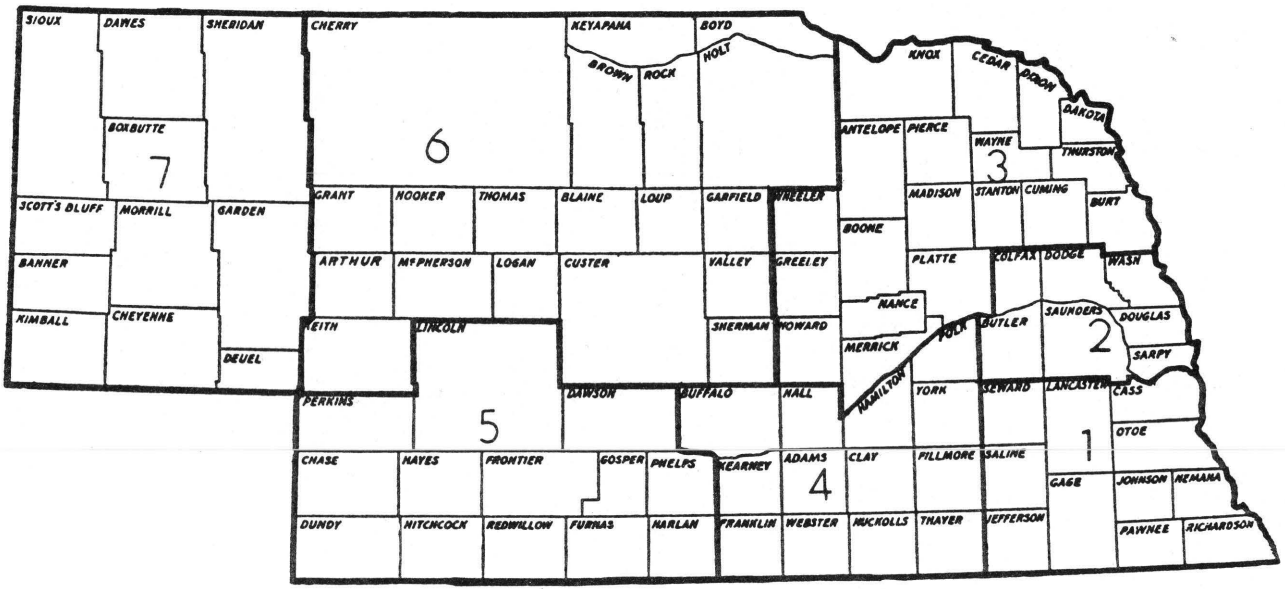
The Work Incentive Program (WIN) was established by Congress in 1967 to prepare appropriate ADC recipients for paid employment through a comprehensive program of work experience, education, and training, coupled with supporting social services. The first WIN projects were established in Lancaster and Douglas counties in 1969.

In 1973, the social services function was separated from the income maintenance function in all county divisions as well as in the State Department.

In 1974, the payment of federal public assistance to aged persons, and blind and disabled adults, was taken over by the federal Social Security Administration through the Supplemental Security Income Program. This was a partial replacement of the AABD program. The State Supplement program to Aged, Blind, and Disabled was continued to certain SSI recipients and provided payments to certain adults in need of assistance, but not eligible for SSI.

In 1975, Title XX of the Social Security Act replaced the existing social services program. Title XX substantially changed the manner in which federal funding is spent and administered by the states. Instead of the federal government prescribing which specific services to provide to which groups, the states now decide how to allocate the funds to best meet the service needs of their particular state.

The Child Support Enforcement Program became effective statewide in 1976. The program's purpose is to locate absent parents, establish paternity of children, and collect child support payments. Also in 1976, the Legislature enacted a program of State Aid to the Disabled. This program provides assistance to persons who are disabled for a period expected to be at least six months in duration, but not permanently.



STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION DISTRICTS

DEPARTMENT OF ROADS

DIRECTOR-STATE ENGINEER ..... Thomas D. Doyle

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATION

- Deputy Director-Highway Administration ..... Merle F. Reiling
- Information, Liaison & Administrative Agreements Services Division ..... Larry G. Shafer
- Capital Facilities & Transportation Services Division ..... Henry A. Bulin
- Contract Lettings & Office Services Division ..... Charles F. Vyhnalek
- Controller Division ..... Jack F. Pittman
- Central Supply Division ..... Laurence O. Barrett
- Management Services Division ..... David E. Hughes
- Personnel Division .....
- Highway Safety & Accident Records Division ..... Kenneth L. Sieckmeyer

OFFICE OF ENGINEERING SERVICES

- Deputy State Engineer ..... Charles F. Nutter
- Bridge Division ..... James R. Holmes
- Planning Division ..... Derald S. Kohles
- Project Development Division ..... Gerald Grauer
- Right of Way Division ..... John G. Brinjak
- Roadway Design Division ..... Lyman D. Freemon
- Secondary Roads Division ..... Delmar A. Motycka

OFFICE OF OPERATIONS

- Deputy State Engineer ..... Gerold C. Strobel
- Construction Division ..... Kenneth J. Gottula
- Maintenance Division ..... Arthur D. Dederman
- Materials and Tests Division ..... Donald O. Swing
- Traffic Engineering Division ..... Eldon D. Orth

HIGHWAY COMMISSION SECRETARY ..... Bernard G. Logan

FIELD DISTRICTS	HEADQUARTERS	DISTRICT ENGINEERS
District I	Lincoln	Ferdinand L. Divis
District II	Omaha	Dermont J. Erington
District III	Norfolk	Thomas P. McCarthy
District IV	Grand Island	Andrew Necas, Jr.
District V	Bridgeport	James R. Jensen
District VI	North Platte	Lester D. O'Donnell
District VII	McCook	David O. Coolidge

STATE PATROL ..... Colonel Cletus P. Karthauser

DIRECTOR-STATE ENGINEER

The Director-State Engineer is the chief administrative officer of the Nebraska Department of Roads which includes the Nebraska State Patrol. He is an ex-officio member of the State Highway Commission.

The Director-State Engineer is a member of the State Building Advisory Commission, the State Telecommunications Board and the State Civil Defense Damage Assessment Board. He is the consulting engineer for the State Capitol Building, and is Secretary of the Nebraska Highway Bond Commission.

STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION

	Terms Expire
Joseph Lipton, Omaha, Chairman	September 13, 1977
Everett Lillich, Superior, Vice Chairman	September 13, 1979
Merle Kingsbury, Ponca	September 13, 1981
W. D. Newberry, North Platte	September 13, 1977
William B. Quigley, Valentine	September 13, 1977
Karl Dickinson, Lincoln	September 13, 1981
Joe J. Huckfeldt, Gering	September 13, 1979

Thomas D. Doyle, Director-State Engineer, ex-officio member
Bernard G. Logan, Executive Secretary

The Legislature in 1895 established the State Board of Irrigation. In 1911, the name of the board was changed to the State Board of Irrigation, Highways and Drainage. In 1919, this board became the Department of Public Works with two bureaus, the Bureau of Roads and Bridges and the Bureau of Irrigation, Water Power and Drainage, and one division, the Motor Vehicle Records Division. In 1933, the name was changed from the Department of Public Works to the Department of Roads and Irrigation. The 1957 Legislature changed the name to Department of Roads and established the Department of Motor Vehicles and Water Resources, thereby removing these two activities from the Department of Roads. The Nebraska Safety Patrol became a part of the department in 1937. Since that year, nearly every session of the Legislature has increased or changed the duties of the department.

The 1953 Legislature created the seven member State Highway Commission "to act in an advisory capacity to the Director-State Engineer in the establishment of broad policies for carrying out the duties and responsibilities of the Department of Roads."

The members are appointed by the Governor and each must receive Legislative approval. Members serve six-year terms and are appointed from the seven districts created by law. The Commission holds frequent public hearings throughout the state to keep the public informed on the Department of Roads' policies and activities.

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATION

The Office of Administration is headed by the Deputy Director for Highway Administration and consists of eight divisions: Capital Facilities and Transportation, Contract Lettings and Office Services, Controller, Information, Liaison and Agreement Services, Central Supply, Personnel, Safety and Management Systems.

Each division is headed by a manager and is individually organized to accomplish its assigned workloads and discharge its responsibilities. Each manager has such additional authority as the Deputy Director deems necessary to insure full compliance with Department policies and procedures.

Information, Liaison And Agreement Services Division

This Division is subdivided into five major sections: Utilities Section, Railroad Liaison Section, Information Section, Liaison Services Section and Agreements and Consultant Services Section.

The Utility Section contacts and arranges for the modification or relocation of all public utilities required by highway improvements.

The Railroad Liaison Section prepares all agreements for the construction, restoration, removal or rehabilitation of railroad facilities as made necessary by highway improvements. This section also administers the Nebraska Grade Crossing Protection program and Federal Safety funding pertaining to signalization and improvement of railroad/highway grade crossings.

The Agreements and Consultant Services Section prepares and reviews all contracts and agreements for the Department. It negotiates and monitors consultant agreements.

The Information Section keeps the people of Nebraska advised on Department activities which are of public interest. This section prepares and distributes news releases, features, photographs and film strips to newspapers, radio and television stations throughout the State. It prepares biennial reports, assists in the preparation and distribution of the annual road map and tourist guide and compiles the Department's One-and-Five Year Construction Programs. It also advises and assists various divisions in the assembly and production of special publications.

It has in-house videotape capabilities for employee training. Highway users are advised of construction areas, detours and special highway conditions through publication of an April to November road report.

The section operates a road condition reporting service during winter storms and other emergencies by supplying actualities or on-tape information to the State's radio stations.

Section personnel research and write speeches for Department representatives.

The Liaison Services Section coordinates efforts to assist counties and municipalities with the standardized system of annual reporting of roads, streets and highway programs and the One-and-Five Year Plans. It is a liaison between the Department's divisions, and the counties and municipalities. The section maintains a close working relationship with these governmental officials.

This section assists the Board of Public Roads Classification and Standards and the Board of Examiners for County Highway and City Street Superintendents in their activities. The section administers the Old West Regional Commission excess property program.

Capital Facilities and Transportation Services Division

The Capitol Facilities and Transportation Services Division is supervised by the Deputy-Highway Administration. This division has control of capital facilities through close coordination with district engineers. It is also responsible for operation of the Department's Central Motor Pool.

Central Supply

This division is responsible for the Department's procurement, supply and disposal programs and operations. It manages and administers the supply, office equipment and technical equipment resource programs, and the Nebraska Uniform Fuel Credit Card System.

It procures, receives, stores and issues supplies, materials and equipment needed in the Department's operations.

The division manages and operates the Department's computer-based inventory control systems which record assets statewide. It operates an intra-state transportation service for weekly deliveries to key field operations.

Controller Division

This division formulated and administers plans, policies and procedures governing the Department's financial management systems. It insures that operations are conducted within authorized funds and also analyzes current and projected program and financial conditions.

The division has three major functional areas: Budget and Finance, Disbursements and Cost, and Accounting Systems.

Major responsibilities include development and operation of budgetary, finance, propriety, disbursements, and cost accounting systems; development and operation of a planning, programming and budgeting system; development of financial plans and revenue and expenditure projections; and the performance of investment and bonding activities.

Contract Lettings and Office Services Division

The Contract Lettings and Office Services Division is responsible for reviewing detailed highway construction plans, preparing specifications, and estimates, and for calling for and receiving bids for work that is to be let to contract. It handles the prequalification of bidders, including the processing of all applications for prequalification and maintaining the files.

Proposal forms and notices to contractors are prepared when the plans for a proposed project are submitted to this division for inclusion in a letting. When a project involves federal-aid funds other than federal-aid secondary funds, the plans, proposal forms, preliminary estimates, and other pertinent documents must be submitted to the Federal Highway Administration for approval prior to inclusion in a letting.

Bids are opened, read, and tabulated as soon as possible after the bids have been received. All bids read are photographed at the time of reading.

Electronic computers are used for tabulating and extending unit prices. Complete tabulations of all bids are compiled and printed from the electronic tabulations. These are furnished to contractors and others on a subscription basis.

This division is responsible for all phases of reproduction services in addition to the necessary assembly, stitching and binding of reproduced material. A photographic unit processes film and produces prints and enlargements from negatives. Plans are printed and distributed by this section. All office forms for the Department are designed and implemented by a Forms Unit. All plans and important documents are microfilmed for the permanent files.

The division maintains a central file system. It operates a mail system for the collection, processing and distribution of incoming, outgoing and interoffice mail. Switchboard and receptionist services are also provided.

This division operates a Word Processing Center for use by the Department's central complex. All types of correspondence, reports and other material are processed on magnetic media typewriters.

Personnel

This division administers policies and procedures pertaining to recruitment; classification and assignment; salary benefits; training and equal employment opportunity programs. It has continuing liaison with the State Department of Personnel.

The division coordinates the manpower planning and authorized organization and manpower charts. It monitors staffing for conformance with authorized organization and manpower charts.

Safety Division

The division plans and administers Department programs, policies, and procedures pertaining to the Accident Records Section, the Analysis Section, and the National Highway Safety program in accordance with the Federal Highway Safety Act and the Federal Highway Act. It integrates federal highway safety funding and the Department's funding and budgetary procedures.

It guides and assists local jurisdictions in the highway safety program and provides pertinent accident information to the Governor's Traffic Safety Coordinating Committee. The division is responsible for the annual certification of compliance with the nationally mandated 55 mph speed limit.

The Accident Records Section is responsible for enforcement of the Motor Vehicle Accident Reporting Law. It prepares and furnishes uniform investigator's report forms to all enforcement agencies. Driver report forms are furnished to each driver involved in a reportable accident.

Automation gives the division the capability to provide necessary data to implement selective enforcement and other countermeasures relating to roadways, drivers and vehicles. Data compiled from accident reports is disseminated to local, state, national and federal departments and organizations.

The name of driver and owner, plus injury and/or damage information on each accident is forwarded daily to the Financial Responsibility and Driver License Division of the Motor Vehicle Department.

The Safety Analysis Activity analyzes accident facts and related information, identifies hazardous locations through statistical evaluation of data, initiates improvements, and evaluates Department safety activities by cost benefit analysis. It also assists in the development and administration of an annual highway safety management systems plan by identifying statewide safety problem areas, assisting in developing countermeasures and evaluating their effectiveness.

Analysis identifies safety construction candidates, establishes priorities and evaluates the effectiveness of such construction.

The division also develops and coordinates the implementation of the Department portion of the Nebraska Highway Safety program.

Input on every fatal traffic accident is provided to the Fatal Analysis File Division, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration.

Management Systems

This division is responsible for providing management systems and electronic data processing services in the Department. They include systems design, programming, and operations in the general areas of

management, engineering, planning, transportation studies, cost accounting, budgeting, scheduling, inventories, personnel, accident records and geometrics.

OFFICE OF ENGINEERING SERVICES

This office is headed by a Deputy State Engineer and consists of the following divisions: Roadway Design, Right of Way, Planning, Secondary Roads, Bridge, and Project Development. It is responsible for the formulation, implementation and coordination of policies, procedures and programs pertaining to highway planning, project programming, highway location studies, highway functional studies, roadway design, bridge design, right-of-way and the secondary road program for rural and urban areas.

Other responsibilities include transportation planning, consultant services in highway location and design studies, functional planning and studies, for defining and recommending related legislative needs. It carries out periodic reviews of all assigned responsibilities and initiates modifications as indicated.

It is responsible for office staffing and staff development for compliance with departmental operating instructions, policies and procedures, maintains necessary files, reporting systems and inventory control, and insures that the office policies, procedures and programs are communicated throughout the department.

Roadway Design Division

The Roadway Design Division is directly accountable to the Deputy State Engineer-Engineering Services.

It is responsible for determining the specific location and scope of highway improvements consistent with the recommendations of the Office of Engineering Services and the District Engineers.

The division prepares complete roadway plans for primary, urban, State-secondary, interstate, and expressway roadways on the State Highway System, and for urban routes off the State System.

It maintains a liaison with the Federal Highway Administration concerning roadway design standards, and provides necessary data for design public hearings on proposed improvements.

It is responsible for the review, before publication, of the One-and-Five-Year Highway Improvement Program to insure compliance with the Department's resources and schedules.

The division has three sections: Engineering Support, and Design Sections I and II.

The Engineering Support Section authorizes and coordinates preliminary, right of way, and any additional surveys requested by other sections or divisions.

It does the preliminary drafting, plots preliminary cross sections, and maintains records of all preliminary survey data including geodetic surveying and photogrammetric activities, Kelsh plotter work and aerial photography.

The section prepares plans and specifications for highway roadside and departmental property grounds improvements.

Its responsibilities include title research and preparation of ownership plans. It identifies property needed for highway use, and provides any additional information required by Right-of-Way Division.

It maintains a permanent record of all right-of-way plans showing the transfer of lands made by the property management section of the Right of Way Division. It distributes prints of these plans to department, county, and city personnel involved.

It prepares right-of-way plans on assigned county secondary, recreation roads, and other projects required by the Secondary Roads Division. The section reviews project estimates for adequate funding. It procures the preliminary design data for consultant design contracts, and for the review and recommendation of specific projects designated by the roadway design engineer.

Design Sections I and II determine the specific location of highways and procure preliminary design data for consultant design contracts. They make reviews and recommendations for specific projects as designated by the roadway design engineer. The sections finalize preliminary plans and review the detailed design work prepared by outside agencies or firms.

The design sections make sure plans conform to all established criteria and standards, including final details, specifications and special provisions.

Right Of Way

The major responsibility of the Right of Way Division is acquisition of highway right of way, material pits and construction easements for state highway construction and maintenance. This division has five sections: Appraisal, Negotiations, Property Management, Relocation Assistance, and Access Control and Utility Permits.

Offers to property owners for rights of way are based on appraisals. Full appraisal is offered on the first negotiation contract. When agreement cannot be reached, condemnation proceedings are handled by the legal counsel. Payments for relocation assistance as well as the acquisition of right of way to property owners and tenants are made before construction begins. The division also disposes of excess rights of way.

The division administers and implements State Law 39-1311 which provides for corridor protection.

This division issues permits for outdoor advertising signs, administers junkyards and supervises controlled access on public highways.

This division is also involved in highway beautification by appraising, acquiring or removing nonconforming signs and junkyards from primary and interstate highways. Its responsibilities include appraising and acquiring property rights for establishing and maintaining "Landscaping and Scenic Enhancement" projects.

Appraisers, attorneys, agents and supervisory personnel are encouraged to take special training courses in appraisal techniques and procedures.

Planning Division

The orderly development of the State's highway transportation system depends on the establishment of sound programs based on comprehensive planning. The primary responsibility of this division is to continually and accurately gather and evaluate various data for planning purposes for the Deputy State Engineer—Office of Engineering Services, Legislative Officials, Federal Highway Administration and other state and local agencies and departmental divisions.

Long-range planning begins with the functional classification of every segment of highway, road and street in Nebraska. Traffic-related data is collected through numerous counts, surveys and inventories on all of the various classifications of roads and streets. Travel desire lines are determined, user volumes are projected and long range needs are developed through the detailed analysis of this data.

This data is available for use in determining the location and design of any proposed improvement. Priority of improvement projects is generally based upon the sufficiency rating, a numerical formula for rating each segment of State highway, which was developed by and is administered by this division.

Technical and financial assistance in the preparation and updating of comprehensive transportation plans for metropolitan and other urban areas are also provided by this division. Coordination and cooperation with local units of government are paramount in activities which involve state finances for transportation planning and in working with other planning agencies in preparing transportation plans.

The advancement of highway engineering and transportation research is encouraged through participation in the National Cooperative Highway Research Program with the Transportation Research Board, National Academy of Science and the Federal Highway Administration.

Other activities involve the preparation of The Nebraska Highway Reference Log Book, Highway Statistics-State and Local Construction Mileage and other reports and documents.

The division develops the monthly distribution of the Highway Allocation fund to counties and cities. A variety of maps are prepared including detailed County and State, traffic flow and Federal Aid System maps. A photolog file of the State Highway System is maintained.

Division activities are financed in part from Federal Highway funds under a Federal law requiring 1 ½% of the Federal Highway funds allotted to each State be used for Highway Planning and Research. Urban and rural public transportation is a relatively new area of involvement within the division. Activities include coordination of public transportation services, providing technical assistance to communities and counties in establishing transportation systems and making applications for grant funds. An inventory of available public transportation is maintained and updated periodically.

Secondary Roads

This division is responsible for coordinating various federal-aid programs available for county roads.

The division assists counties in obtaining engineering services, consults with county officials as necessary to assure Department responsiveness to their problems and promotes the use of the highest practicable standards consistent with the needs and resources available for the design and construction of county roads.

Bridge Division

The Bridge Design Division is responsible for the development of plans and specifications for highway bridges, railroad grade separations, interchange structures, special drainage structures, and incidental structures. When consulting engineers are employed, the assignments are under the jurisdiction of this division. Particular attention is paid to the review of plans and specifications.

This division consults the Office of Operations on problems concerning construction and maintenance of bridges and related structures, including a sufficiency rating of all bridges on the state system and recommendations for repair, remodeling or replacement of structures which are geometrically obsolete or structurally inadequate. It conducts a specialized bridge-inspection program.

Project Development Division

This division does the necessary developmental preliminary engineering on all proposed highway projects prior to advancing them to functional and final design status. This work includes project programming with the Federal Highway Administration on all federal-aid projects and internal programming on all non federal-aid projects.

The division is responsible for the development and administration of the State environmental plan. This information is provided to and comments elicited from state and federal agencies and the public at the beginning phase of a project. The division prepares environmental impact statements which identify the social, environmental and economic effects of a proposed highway location and distributes them to the appropriate state and federal agencies for comments.

One-and-Five Year Highway plans are prepared, estimated and the computer input prepared, so that an accurate fiscal forecast can be made on the proposed work. Corridor studies for major relocations, new expressways and selected urban projects are made. This division initiates and conducts all public hearings. It also prepares transcripts and the necessary legal notices for all hearings.

OFFICE OF OPERATIONS

This office is headed by a Deputy State Engineer and includes the following divisions and activities: Construction, Maintenance, Materials and Tests, Traffic Engineering, and the Field Districts.

It is responsible for the formulation of policies and procedures and the implementation and administration of the Construction, Maintenance, Traffic Engineering, Materials and Tests divisions, and administration of the field districts.

The office defines and recommends legislative needs in operations and traffic services. It is responsible for operation of the state highway system and the supporting equipment and facilities needed to accomplish this objective.

Construction Division

This division is directed by the construction engineer. It supervises and correlates all highway construction activities from the time the contract is awarded until all work is completed, and the final estimate quantities are computed and approved for payment.

These activities include the Interstate, primary, urban and secondary highway systems and highway and street construction projects on the state system which are financed with local and federal-aid funds.

Construction activities in each of the seven field districts are supervised by the district engineer, district construction engineer and area engineers. Project managers and engineering aides supervise and direct the work on individual projects.

Design, Materials and Tests, and Right of Way divisions cooperate with the central construction staff. Liaison is maintained with the Federal Highway Administration on all projects involving federal funds.

Total construction costs, including contract work, engineering and right of way costs on all road projects administered by the Department were $86,652,000 for Fiscal Year 1974, and $95,189,000 for Fiscal Year 1975.

Construction contracts awarded on the primary, urban and secondary highway system totaled 908 miles for Fiscal Year 1974 and 807 miles for Fiscal Year 1975. Interstate mileage contracted totaled 2 miles in Fiscal Year 1974 and 2 miles in Fiscal Year 1975.

Interstate 80 across Nebraska was completed during the fall of 1974. A "Golden Link" dedication ceremony was held at the closing site just west of Sidney, on October 19, 1974.

Maintenance Division

The Maintenance Division is charged with the preservation and upkeep of all elements of federal and state highways in a condition as near as practical to the original construction. The division is divided into two sections: operations and traffic scale-permit.

The operations section prepares maintenance agreements, reviews requests, establishes regulations, conducts bridge inspections and repairs, provides emergency service on interstate highways, maintains safety rest areas and other services for highway users. This section also maintains and repairs the radios and traffic control signals. It directs traffic striping and lane markings on all highways. A sign shop manufactures all roadway sign materials.

The operations section has the responsibility for the maintenance management program. This includes establishing the annual work program, establishing, reviewing and updating the performance standards and establishing and monitoring the performance budget.

The traffic scale section and the permit section protect state highways and highway users through weight control and over-dimensional routings. These measures save millions of dollars by protecting highways from overweight damages. The section issues reciprocity permits.

Materials and Tests Division

The Materials and Tests Division is divided into the following sections: Portland Cement Concrete, Flexible Pavement, Soils and Aggregates, Chemical and Physical tests, and Records Branch laboratories, under technical control of the division, are located at Omaha, Norfolk, Grand Island and North Platte.

Major functions of the division include recommending policy, and within approved policy, directing the development of materials specifications for construction and materials quality control standards. Other functions include developing and carrying out a test program to certify the quality of materials used in construction and maintenance, and initiating special field investigations to determine the causes of material performance.

The division directs research and development in materials and testing, assists in the preparation of plans, specifications and estimates for highway construction including soils and materials surveys, testing of samples and experimental mixes.

It also prepares and issues manuals and guides on materials and tests procedures, keeps abreast of technology and innovations pertaining to materials applications and evaluation procedures through techni-

cal committee participation and literature review and provides expertise in the field of material and testing to other divisions.

It conducts a continuous surveillance of materials used in highway construction and maintenance, and prepares materials certifications as required.

Traffic Engineering Division

The Traffic Engineering Division is responsible for considerations and functional features of design, construction and maintenance operations which affect the safe and efficient movement of persons and goods on the State Highway System. The division is divided into the Traffic Controls and the Traffic Analysis sections.

Traffic Control Section is responsible for developing designs and standards for official highway signs and pavement markings and for the preparation of plans and specifications for traffic signal installations. A continuing function is to assure that the proper traffic control devices are in effect on the State Highway System in accordance with the state statutes and the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

Traffic Analysis Section conducts field studies and analyzes data relating to speed zones, highway intersections, pedestrian crossings, school crossings and other locations requiring information on traffic operations to determine the need for additional or revised traffic control device installations. The section also provides technical assistance on the design of such special highway features as channelized intersections and gives technical assistance to other governmental subdivisions in promoting the safe and efficient movement of traffic.

Field Districts

The state is divided into seven field districts with headquarters at Lincoln, Omaha, Norfolk, Grand Island, Bridgeport, McCook and North Platte. Each field district has several permanent headquarters where construction and maintenance personnel are assigned to carry out work in their areas.

Each Field District Engineer is responsible for administering maintenance and construction operations within his district. In addition, he makes recommendations for construction programs, maintenance programs and budgets for district operations. He participates in the plan-in-hand inspections and makes necessary recommendations.

The large increase in motorists' demands for improved traffic service has necessitated increased equipment and improved facilities for efficient discharge of the districts' responsibilities.

Because district workloads vary, transfers of available manpower and equipment between the districts are made as directed by the Office of Operations.

LAW ENFORCEMENT AND STATE PATROL

In 1937, the Nebraska State Legislature made provision for the State Patrol Division of the Department of Roads and Irrigation. As amended in 1941, the law provides that the chief officer of the State Patrol shall be the "superintendent of Law Enforcement and Public Safety".

The State Patrol is administered by a Colonel, assisted by a Lt. Colonel, who is the Assistant Superintendent, and four Majors. Two are field Majors; one is a special services Major and the fourth is in charge of general administration. Captains supervise Criminal Identification and Investigations, Equipment and Supply, Safety Education and Training and Radio Communications. Six Captains, in Traffic, are responsible for the six troop areas which headquarter in Lincoln, Omaha, Norfolk, Grand Island, North Platte and Scottsbluff.

Basic requirements for eligibility for appointment to the Nebraska State Patrol include being between 21 and 35 years of age, having good moral character and at least a high school education. Candidates must survive personal interviews, evaluation of mental capabilities, character checks and polygraph examinations. Candidates must then compete in an initial seven-week basic training program which is followed by six months of in-service training during which time the new trooper gains proficiency and develops new responsibilities while working with an experienced officer. After the six months' in-service training, the new trooper returns to the training center for an additional two weeks of classroom training before he is issued his patrol vehicle and assigned to solo patrolling.

The State Patrol:

1. Must patrol highways and cooperate with Director of Motor Vehicles, Sheriffs and Police Officers in enforcing laws regulating registration, inspection, operation, use of vehicles upon the highways and serve warrants relating to enforcement of motor vehicle laws.
2. Has the power of peace officers in enforcing laws regulating operation of motor vehicles and use of highways.
3. Must inspect all school buses and may inspect vehicles in public garages or repair shops, or on highways.
4. May make arrests upon view and without warrant for any violation of laws regulating operating of vehicles or use of highways.
5. May require a driver of a vehicle being operated in apparent violation of law to stop and permit examination of operator's license and registration card, and may require drivers to present their vehicles to nearest inspection station.
6. Investigates traffic accidents; directs traffic.

The Superintendent of the State Patrol:

1. May, with the approval of the Governor, designate such personnel of the Nebraska State Patrol to qualify and act as his deputies or investigators to assist him in the enforcement of the laws of the State relating to felonies.

Criminal Investigation and Identification

The Nebraska State Patrol has an established Division of Criminal Investigation and Identification. The Division is the State's depository for all fingerprint and criminal history files. It publishes a weekly bulletin which is sent to more than 1,350 enforcement agencies. Trained investigators and polygraph operators are strategically located throughout the six troop areas to assist local law enforcement agencies in the investigation of criminal cases and to process criminal arrest by Patrol personnel. Trained explosive ordinance disposal technicians are assigned to this division to respond to any emergency involving a hazardous device or bomb within the state.

Criminalistics Laboratory

The Eighty-Second Legislature, in 1971, established a Criminalistics Laboratory within the Criminal Investigation and Identification Division of the Nebraska State Patrol. The Laboratory is charged with the responsibility of performing services necessary for the recognition and proper preservation, identification and scientific analysis of evidence materials pertaining to criminal investigation. To assist local law enforcement agencies, six mobile evidence gathering vans are available for use upon request at the crime scene.

Intelligence Section

The Intelligence Section is charged with the collection and dissemination of criminal and drug-oriented information, and the maintenance of liaison with other state and local intelligence units.

Drug Control

This section has the responsibility of enforcing all of the provisions of Nebraska laws dealing with the sale and use of narcotics, depressants or stimulant drugs. Educational programs designed to prevent and determine misuse and abuse of controlled substances are also made available by this section.

Agency Legal Counsel

The 1973 Legislature provided for not less than three agency legal counsels stationed within the Nebraska State Patrol. At the present time there are four attorneys. One stationed in Lincoln, Norfolk, Grand Island and North Platte to assist county attorneys in the preparation and prosecution of cases involving drug abuse and to advise the Patrol on all legal matters.

Communications Division

This division consists of two sections—operations and maintenance. The operations section is responsible for transacting communications via two-way radio and teletype. The teletype system, "Combined Law Enforcement Information Network" (CLEIN), consists of the "National Law Enforcement Teletype System" in Lincoln (Nebraska LETS); the "National Crime Information Center" in Washington, D. C. (NCIC); the "Nebraska Crime Information Service" in Lincoln (NCIS); and the Omaha/Douglas County Computer Center.

The maintenance section is responsible for the installation and repair of the radio equipment and the maintenance of all electronic speed-timing devices. The Communications Division assists all law-enforcement agencies in the relaying of information which is pertinent to their operations.

Equipment and Supply

This division is responsible for the purchase and issuance of equipment ordered by all divisions within the State Patrol, such as vehicles, uniforms, leather goods, radios, auto supplies, office machines, office furniture and office supplies. Records of all equipment are maintained by this division.

Safety Education and Training

The Division of Safety Education and Training is responsible for the formulation of specialized training for supervisory and command officers within the State Patrol and makes this training available to local law enforcement agencies. The recruit training program is also the duty of this division, as well as providing traffic safety programs to school groups, civic, service, fraternal and church organizations.

Research and Planning

The State Patrol's Research and Planning Office provides technical and advisory assistance to administrative personnel and assists in the development and coordination of policies, procedures and programs. Legislation concerning the State Patrol's responsibility is reviewed and made available to the officers of the State Patrol by this office.

Finance and Accounting

The Accounting staff is responsible for the account of all revenues, assets, liabilities and expenditures of the current operating budgets. It also prepares new budgets for the next fiscal years, maintains a proprietary cost system and coordinates federally funded projects and reports. Other responsibilities include payroll preparation and disbursement,

income and expenditure verification and classification to meet state, as well as federal audit standards, and control of all data processing input and output.

Governor's Security

The Nebraska State Patrol provides security for the Governor of Nebraska and his immediate family, as well as for members of the Legislature when in session. This staff also acts as liaison between such federal agencies as the Secret Service and the Federal Bureau of Investigation when visiting dignitaries come to Nebraska.

Air Wing

The Nebraska State Patrol's Air Wing consists of twelve pilots who are strategically located throughout the State. Fixed-wing and rotary aircraft are utilized in the enforcement of motor-vehicle laws in Nebraska and are available to assist other law-enforcement agencies upon request.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR COUNTY HIGHWAY AND CITY STREET SUPERINTENDENTS

Members	Terms Expire
Don J. Jiracek, Center	October 27, 1977
William H. Green, Omaha	October 27, 1977
Richard Erixson, Lincoln	October 27, 1977
Arthur A. Hellwig, Plattsmouth	October 27, 1977
Larry G. Kmont, Fremont	October 27, 1979
Larry J. Miles, Lexington	October 27, 1979
Robert A. Arraj, Kimball	October 27, 1979

The Board of Examiners is composed of seven members appointed by the Governor. Four represent counties and three represent municipalities. No more than one county representative may be appointed from any one of the seven classes of counties. Municipal representatives are appointed on the basis of one from each congressional district, one of whom shall represent either a metropolitan or primary city, one a first class city, and one either a second class city or village. The members serve four-year terms.

The 1969 Legislature enacted a law creating the Board of Examiners for County Highway and City Street superintendents to improve management of local road programs. Purpose of the board is to establish a procedure under which qualified individuals can be developed to administer local road and street programs.

The board has the specific responsibility of preparing and conducting examinations twice each year for licensing of County Highway and City Street superintendents as administrators of local road and street programs. It has the authority to suspend or revoke any license issued

under the act for fraud or deceit in obtaining it, neglect of duty, or incompetence in the performance of duty. Such suspension or revocation can be taken only after notice and hearing as provided under the Administrative Procedures Act.

BOARD OF PUBLIC ROADS CLASSIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS

Members	Representing	Terms Expire
David O. Coolidge, McCook	Dept. of Roads	November 3, 1977
Don Swing, Lincoln	Dept. of Roads	November 3, 1979
R. Doyle Hanson, Newcastle	Dixon Co. Supervisor	November 3, 1979
F. B. Thompson, Sidney	Cheyenne County Highway Supt.	November 3, 1977
Norman A. Magnusson, Bellevue	Sarpy Co. Commissioner	November 3, 1979
Marvin Athey, Imperial	City Engineer	November 3, 1977
Donald G. Hyde, Norfolk	City Engineer	November 3, 1979
Terrance E. Pesek, Omaha	City Public Works Dir.	November 3, 1979
Bruce C. Gillan, Lincoln	1st Cong. Dist.	November 3, 1977
Joseph J. Cascio, Omaha	2nd Cong. Dist.	November 3, 1979
J. R. McBride, Minden	3rd Cong. Dist.	November 3, 1979

Created by the 1964 Legislature, this eleven-member board consists of two representatives of the Department of Roads, three county representatives, three municipal representatives and three lay citizens appointed by the Governor. All appointments are for four years.

The board is charged with the responsibility of developing minimum standards of design, construction and maintenance for each functional classification of public roads and streets. These standards assure that each segment or road will satisfactorily meet the requirements of the area it serves, and the traffic patterns and volumes it may reasonably be expected to carry, unless the application of the uniform standards for a particular classification would not be feasible because of a special local situation. The board has the authority to rule in such cases. Conformance requirements with these standards, and penalties for nonconformance are set by the board in accordance with the law.

Each county, municipality, and Department of Roads shall develop and annually file with the board a six-year plan of highway, road and street improvements based on priority of needs and calculated to contribute to the orderly development of an integrated statewide system of highways, roads, and streets. Also, each county municipality, and Department of Roads shall annually prepare and file with the board a plan for specific road or street improvements for the current year. The board reviews each annual plan within 60 days after filing to determine if it is consistent with the six-year plan. Any inconsistency must be justified by the governmental entity to the satisfaction of the board.

In cooperation with the Auditor of Public Accounts, this board develops and schedules a standardized system of annual reporting by the counties, municipalities, and Department of Roads which includes: (1) a procedure for documenting and certifying that standards of design, construction, and maintenance of roads and streets have been met; (2) a procedure for documenting and certifying that all tax revenue for road or street purposes has been expended in accordance with approved plans and standards, to include county and municipal tax revenue, as well as highway-user revenue allocations made by the state; (3) a uniform system of accounting; (4) a system of budgeting; (5) a system of reporting an inventory of machinery, equipment and supplies; and (6) a system of cost accounting for the operation of equipment.

NEBRASKA HIGHWAY BOND COMMISSION

J. J. Exon, Chairman ..... Governor
Thomas D. Doyle, Secretary ..... Director-State Engineer
Joseph Lipton ..... Chairman, State Highway Commission
Hugh Riley ..... 1st Cong. Dist. ..... Fairbury
John J. Reefe ..... 2nd Cong. Dist. ..... Omaha
Bryan Quigley ..... 3rd Cong. Dist. ..... Valentine
Paul L. Douglas, Attorney General ..... Ex-Officio Member, Legal Adviser

Membership of the Nebraska Highway Bond Commission consists of the Governor as Chairman, Director-State Engineer as Secretary, Chairman of the State Highway Commission and three members appointed by the Governor, one from each congressional district. The Attorney General serves as legal adviser. For each day that they render service as commission members, the chairman of the State Highway Commission and the three members appointed by the Governor are compensated at the rate of twenty dollars a day. All members are reimbursed for necessary expenses.

An act approved by the 1969 Legislature established procedure for the issuance of bonds for highway construction and created the Nebraska Highway Bond Commission. Acting for and on behalf of the state, the commission may issue bonds in such principal amounts as authorized by the Legislature to pay any or all costs of highway construction. The total amount of bonds in the aggregate cannot exceed the total amount authorized by the Legislature.

LEGAL COUNSEL

This office is headed by an Assistant Attorney General, responsible directly to the Attorney General. It represents the Department of Roads in all legal matters and gives legal advice to the department.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

State Tax Commissioner—William E. Peters

The Nebraska Department of Revenue, through its chief executive officer, the State Tax Commissioner, has indirect authority over all State revenues and directly administers all major State tax revenues with the exception of liquor and insurance taxes.

A constitutional amendment in 1967 prohibited the use of property tax revenues for State government. The legislative solution was the passage of both a sales and use tax and an income tax. The sales and use tax became effective in 1967 and the income tax in 1968.

ORGANIZATION

The Department of Revenue is divided into ten functional divisions which work in concert toward the goal of efficient and economical administration of the Nebraska revenue laws.

ADMINISTRATION

Administration includes the State Tax Commissioner, Deputy Tax Commissioner, administrative staff, Controller, and Personnel Officer. The administrative staff provides support necessary for carrying out the duties of the Tax Commissioner and Deputy Tax Commissioner.

The Controller is the chief accounting officer for the organization and is also responsible for preparation of the agency budget, the cashiering function, and the maintenance of internal control.

The Personnel Officer is responsible for the development and management of the Agency's policies and procedures involving employment practices, employee benefits, wage and salary administration, agency staffing, personnel services budgeting, employee payroll services, management training, and Departmental security.

SYSTEMS DIVISION

The Systems Division is responsible for the design, coordination, and scheduling of all data processing operations within the Department of Revenue and serves as the liaison between the Agency and the Department of Administrative Services, Central Data Processing Division. The Systems Division analyzes new and existing tax programs and develops effective systems in accordance with statutory requirements and Departmental policy. Constant awareness for possible implementation of technological advances in both computer software and hardware is a vital function of this Division.

REVENUE OPERATIONS DIVISION

The Revenue Operations Division performs processing functions for all tax programs administered by the Agency. The Division is comprised of the following five sections: Initial Operations, Clearance, Teleprocessing, Post Processing, and Correspondence. All five million documents received annually must flow through the established processing cycle until they are permanently stored.

AUDIT DIVISION

The Audit Division initiates, implements, and controls all income, sales and use, motor fuel, excise and property tax audits. Audit cases include not only Nebraska corporations and individuals, but corporations domiciled in other states. Selected taxpayers are audited for all programs in which a tax liability may exist.

Coordinating the exchange of audit information with the Internal Revenue Service, the Multistate Tax Commission, and the revenue departments of other states is also a responsibility of the Division.

TAX POLICY DIVISION

The Tax Policy Division implements new revenue laws and monitors the resulting output to insure efficient integration with the existing administrative system.

The Division is responsible for coordinating all necessary forms, instructions, regulations, and revenue rulings, as well as all informal conferences resulting from audit assessments.

LEGAL DIVISION

The Nebraska Department of Revenue is represented at formal tax hearings by the Legal Division. The Division represents the Department on appeals to the State Board of Equalization and Assessment and provides assistance to the Nebraska Attorney General in litigation involving revenue issues. The Division provides legal advice to other divisions in the preparation and revision of regulations, revenue rulings, contracts, forms, and departmental releases. The Legal Division in conjunction with the Tax Policy Division drafts Agency legislative proposals and represents the Department at legislative hearings.

PROPERTY TAX DIVISION

It is the responsibility of the Property Tax Division to supervise and assist in county administration of property taxes for local government. The Division is responsible for drafting revenue rulings, regulations, and legislation for administration of the local property tax.

The Property Tax Division also annually revises the Land Valuation and Cost Construction Manuals for statewide use in appraisal of all property. Appraisal schools are conducted for county assessors, their staff, and the divisional staff. When requested, technical information for county assessors, assistance to county boards, supervision of county appraisals, and mass appraisals are also supplied.

The Division has direct responsibility for central valuation and assessment functions with regard to motor vehicles, airlines, and railroads.

PETROLEUM ALLOCATION DIVISION

The Petroleum Allocation Division constitutes the State energy office and provides staff support to the Tax Commissioner in his role as the Governor's Energy Coordinator.

Information related to federal energy activities is provided to the Governor, the Legislature, other agencies, and citizens of the State. Coordination of all energy-related information, proposals, requests, applications, and supervision of energy conservation activities for the State are also responsibilities of the Division.

SPECIAL SERVICES DIVISION

The Special Services Division provides office services and forms management for the entire agency. The services include purchasing and supply, transportation, word processing, office equipment inventory, and maintenance of the Department's office machines and other equipment.

Coordination of design and production of all departmental forms is a major function of Special Services.

RESEARCH DIVISION

The Research Division collects and compiles statistical and bibliographical material for reports and statistical publications on Nebraska's revenue and maintains the statistical library. The Division also analyzes the fiscal impact of legislative tax proposals and serves as liaison between the federal and local governments in revenue sharing functions.

This Division prepares State revenue estimates and cash flow projections used by the State Board of Equalization and Assessment in setting income and sales tax rates.

FIELD SERVICES DIVISION

The Field Services Division provides taxpayer assistance and tax collection services. It coordinates communication between taxpayers and the Department of Revenue through regional offices located in six cities in Nebraska.

The Field Services Division assists and advises taxpayers, providing them with a better understanding of their rights and responsibilities under the State's tax laws, as well as providing assistance in preparing returns for all tax programs. Field Services implements corrective measures when there are failures or irregularities in registration and reporting.

Collection operations employ methods necessary to obtain payment of all delinquent taxes regardless of the program.

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' AFFAIRS

Director—Robert W. Brandt

Deputy Director—J. Harold Pine

State Service Division

L. A. Durfee and Jim Hurlbert ..... State Service Officers

Education and Training

Wes Rosenstock..... Chief Training Officer

Total number of employees: 24.

Publications: Annual Report; Veterans' Affairs Digest (monthly).

The Legislature in 1947 created the Department of Veterans' Affairs with a Veterans' Advisory Committee and with provision for County Veterans' Service Committees to work with the state department. The Director of Veterans' Affairs is appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Legislature. He must be a resident of Nebraska of at least five years standing; a citizen of the U. S.; and have served in the army, navy, marine corps or coast guard of the United States during World War I or II and honorably discharged from such service. The Director administers the Nebraska Veterans' Aid Fund; maintains service officers who prepare and present meritorius cases of ex-servicemen and women for veterans' benefits before the U.S. Veterans' Administration. The department is designated as State Approval Agency for Veterans' On-the-Job, Apprenticeship, Flight and Farm Training Programs. These programs are approved and supervised for the Veterans' Administration by contract.

The Director also passes on all admissions to the Nebraska Veterans' Home at Grand Island, and sets maintenance fees. These are approved or changed by the Board of Inquiry and Review at meetings held quarterly at the Home.

The Director also rules on waivers of tuition as designated by Section 80-411, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, 1943.

VETERANS' ADVISORY COMMISSION

	Terms Expire
Mrs. Nell Krause, Albion	March 1, 1980
Lewis L. Adams, Belgrade	March 1, 1981
W. H. Wagner, Culbertson	March 1, 1977

Robert Manifold, Lincoln ..... March 1, 1978
Charles J. Vessell, Omaha ..... March 1, 1979

The Veterans' Advisory Commission of five members, appointed by the Governor for five-year terms must be members of recognized veterans' organizations, and have served in the armed forces of the United States during the dates set forth in Section 80-401.01, R. R. S. of Nebraska. It is the duty of the commission to investigate the handling of veterans' affairs and to make recommendations and report to the Governor or Director.

The Nebraska Legislature established a trust fund in the amount of $10,000,000.00 known as the Nebraska Veterans' Aid Fund. Income from this fund is available to Nebraska veterans who served during a period of war, their widows, and children eighteen years of age or younger, or until age 23 if in school full time. This fund is administered by the Director of Veterans' affairs on applications submitted by the veteran through a Post of a recognized veterans' organization in Nebraska or County Service Officer. Presently the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars and Veterans of World War I are the recognized veterans' organizations participating in the administration of this fund.

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

Director of Water Resources—Marion E. Ball

Deputy Director—J. Michael Jess ..... Lincoln
Assistant Director—Robert F. Bishop ..... Lincoln
Irrigation Division Engineer—S. M. Christensen ..... Bridgeport
Irrigation Division Engineer—D. B. Ender ..... Ord
Chief Hydrographer—David J. Neely ..... Bridgeport
Special Assistant—Christopher Knowles ..... Lincoln

Total number of employees: 39.

Publications: Biennial Report.

The Department of Water Resources was created by the 1957 Legislature and assigned all of the powers and duties formerly exercised by the Bureau of Irrigation, Water Power and Drainage, Department of Roads and Irrigation.

The Department of Water Resources carries on the work which was started by the State Board of Irrigation, an agency created by the Legislature in 1895 and given jurisdiction over all matters pertaining to water rights for irrigation, power and other useful purposes. The original name was changed in 1911 to the State Board of Irrigation, Highways and Drainage and the head of the board, the State Engineer, was given responsibilities in additional fields, as indicated by the name. In 1919 the name was further changed to the Department of Public Works and in 1933 it became known as the Department of Roads and Irrigation, with jurisdiction over matters pertaining to highways, motor vehicle registration and law enforcement, in addition to matters pertaining to water

rights. The 1957 change made the agency a separate department and returned it to a status similar to that held before it was expanded to assume the other responsibilities.

The Department of Water Resources has the duty of determining rights to the use of the waters of the natural streams of Nebraska for irrigation, power and other useful purposes. The department must also regulate the use of water from natural streams in accordance with the rights which have been determined and made of record.

The department is responsible for measuring and recording the flow of the various streams and canals in the state. For many years this stream gauging program has been carried on under a cooperative agreement with the Water Resources Division, U. S. Geological Survey. Currently, the department employs twelve engineers who are engaged in the stream gauging program. Approximately ten water commissioners are employed during the summer months to regulate the use of water from the natural streams.

The department receives plans and specifications for proposed works to be constructed by drainage districts and for all dams to be constructed across natural streams or for reservoir purposes. Construction on such works may not be commenced without the approval of the department.

Petitions for the formation of public power and public irrigation districts, and for reclamation districts, must have the approval of this department before the district can become operative, and any change in the organization of such districts requires the approval of the department. Petitions for formation of irrigation districts must be reviewed by the department and reported on to the county commissioners to whom they are addressed, and all inclusions or exclusions of lands from such districts require the approval of the department.

The department has certain responsibilities in connection with facilities for the use of ground water. The present laws require that all water wells, except those used for domestic purposes, shall be registered in this department. The department has authority to grant special permits for the spacing of irrigation, municipal and industrial wells with respect to each other when applications are filed for permits to drill wells closer to each other than the distance specified by statute. The department has authority to grant permits to cities, villages and municipal corporations to withdraw, transport and use ground water.

The 1975 Legislature passed LB 577 making certain minor corrections to existing law and changed the groundwater law to include the Nebraska Groundwater Management Act. This act gives the Natural Resources Districts certain authorities among which are establishing rules and regulations pertaining to the wasting of groundwater and provides for the establishment of control areas where the groundwater is being severely depleted. Such action is initiated by the Natural Resources District or Districts in the involved area and control areas are delineated by the Department of Water Resources after the holding of a

hearing and consultation with the Natural Resources Commission and the Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska. People within an area delineated by the Department of Water Resources as a control area must elect a board of directors who has the power to establish rules and regulations as are necessary to limit the withdrawal of water. It may adopt and enforce a system of rotation or may adopt well spacing requirements more restrictive than found in Chapter 46, Article 6; and may adopt such other reasonable regulations as are necessary to carry out the intent of the Act.

The Act provides further that no new wells may be drilled in a closed area without applying to the Department of Water Resources for a permit to drill.

In addition to the duties of the department outlined above, the Director of Water Resources is a member of the Nebraska Natural Resources Commission. He serves as the Nebraska member of the interstate bodies responsible for the administration of interstate stream compacts. Nebraska is a party to four interstate stream compacts, as follows: South Platte River Compact with Colorado; Republican River Compact with Colorado and Kansas; Big Blue River Compact with Kansas; and Upper Niobrara River Compact with Wyoming. Formal administrative organizations have been established for the Republican and Big Blue Compacts. They are described in detail elsewhere in this book.

The 84th Legislature in its first session passed Legislative Bill 108 giving the Department interim authority relating to flood control by granting the Department of Water Resources powers over floodways or flood plains of the streams of the state. The Natural Resources Commission has the primary authority under a 1967 Act of the Legislature, but their activities up to the present time have been limited to municipalities. The 84th Legislature in its second session passed Legislative Bill 795 to provide exemptions from the construction of artificial obstructions in floodways or flood plains and to authorize the preparation of maps for each county; to provide procedures for approval and modification of such maps by the Department of Water Resources in cooperation with the counties. These two acts provide for a permit to be issued by the Department of Water Resources to regulate the construction of artificial obstructions in or over the floodways or flood plains of the streams of the state as provided by the two acts.

Nebraska Power Review Board

Members	Terms Expire
Roy Robertson, Norfolk	January 1, 1979
Thomas J. Fitchett, Lincoln	January 1, 1977
Jack Lederman, Kearney	January 1, 1977
Paul Dutton, Omaha	January 1, 1978
John Shoemaker, Dannebrog	January 1, 1978

M.E. Ball, Secretary

Sections 70-1001 to 1020 of the Nebraska Statutes created the Nebraska Power Review Board within the Department of Water Resources and set forth its jurisdiction. By statute, the board consists of five members, one of whom must be an engineer, one an attorney, one an accountant, and two lay persons. The first five-member board was appointed by the Governor in May, 1963. The terms of office are for four years. No member of the board shall serve more than two consecutive terms. Each member receives $50 a day for each day actually engaged in his duties, but not to exceed $5,000 in any one year, and is reimbursed for necessary expenses. The Director of Water Resources serves as secretary to the board. By statute, the board has authority to authorize or deny the construction of transmission lines and related facilities outside of the corporate limits of cities and villages, to require public power distr:icts, municipalities, and other suppliers of electricity at retail to enter into service area agreements and to enforce such agreements. In 1967 the Legislature invested the board with additional authority in the area of the interconnection of facilities of the various suppliers and in the event of disputes, over the wheeling of electricity. The board also has advisory powers in disputes between suppliers concerning rates for service furnished by such suppliers which cannot be settled by negotiations.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT[1]

MILITARY DEPARTMENT

Adjutant General.....Major General Edward C. Binder[2]
Deputy Adjutant General .....Colonel Burl M. Johnson

JOINT STAFF OFFICES

Administration & Records .....MAJ Stanley M. Heng
State Property & Fiscal..... BG John R. Stephenson
Information Office ..... CPT Leonard E. Krenk
Technician Personnel..... CPT Donald L. Sicner
Equal Opportunity ..... CPT Rodney L. Moore
U.S. Property & Fiscal.....COL Harold S. Sherman

OPERATING DIVISIONS

Air National Guard .....COL Richard E. Bertrand
Army National Guard..... COL John J. Siefkes
State Disaster & Civil Defense..... Michael S. Matsukis

Total number of employees: 691 (State-135, Federal-556).

Troop Allocations: Army Guard-4467, Air Guard-975.

Publications: Annual Report, The Prairie Soldier, and State directives applicable to the department.

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[1] Not an administrative department by statute though functions as such.
[2] The Adjutant General, in addition to commanding the State military forces, is also State Director of Civil Defense, Emergency Resource Management Coordinator, Emergency Preparedness Director and State Disaster Coordinator.

The Military Department functions as a State Department of Defense for both military and non-military operations. The state military forces consist of: Army and Air National Guard troops and State Guard forces when organized. These forces conduct military type operations and military missions in support of civil authority when so authorized by the Governor as Commander-in-Chief. Coordination of Civil Resources to support civil authority under emergency conditions are under the direction of the State Civil Defense Agency, a component of the department.

The act of February 15, 1864, authorized establishment of the office of the Adjutant General for the Territory of Nebraska. The territorial militia was organized under an act approved February 13, 1865. However, the initial organization of two regiments was on December 23, 1854 under a proclamation issued by Acting Territorial Governor, T. B. Cuming. The occasion for the establishment of the militia organization was the Great Sioux and Cheyenne Indian War on the territorial border. The act of the State Legislature on February 15, 1869 continued the office. The Legislature on March 17, 1871 transferred the functions of the Adjutant General to the Secretary of State. By act of February 28, 1881 the office of Adjutant General was again established as a separate entity and has continued as such since that time. Legislation of 1974 formally changed the name to the Military Department rather than the Adjutant General's office. From its inception in 1854 until the end of the Indian Wars in 1890 the status of the militia organization fluctuated with the requirements of the time.

THE ADJUTANT GENERAL

The Governor as the Commander-in-Chief of the state military forces appoints the Adjutant General from among the commissioned officers of the Nebraska National Guard. The appointment is permanent until the mandatory retirement age of sixty-four is reached or the incumbent resigns or is relieved according to law. The Adjutant General controls the forces of the Military Department for the Governor whose orders he transmits.

The Adjutant General represents the state at all national, regional and area conferences pertaining to affairs related to military and non-military defense. He is responsible for the development of all civil and military defense, State Emergency Preparedness, disaster recovery plans for the state; and coordinates with appropriate national and regional agencies and with other states in the Army, Air Force, Civil Defense and Emergency Plans for the state.

NATIONAL GUARD

The Nebraska Army National Guard (ARNG) organization has 40 troop units located in 30 communities throughout the state with a strength allocation of 4,467 officers and men. The major Army Guard

tactical Headquarters is the 67th (Centennial) Infantry Brigade (Mechanized) commanded by BG George H. Fairfield.

The Nebraska Air National Guard (ANG) is organized in ten units with a manning strength of 975 officers and men. All units are located in Lincoln. The major Air Guard Tactical Headquarters is the 155th Tactical Reconnaisance Group commanded by Colonel Richard E. Bertrand.

By law and regulation the state is authorized two state headquarters and headquarters detachments. One for the Army National Guard and one for the Air National Guard. Both headquarters are primarily for the purpose of assisting the state military authorities in the administration, logistics, training and operations of the state military forces in preparation for and execution of both state and federal missions. In addition the Army National Guard has federal missions to train for use during a National Emergency a nucleus of National Guard officers for duties in connection with Selective Service, Internal Security and Military Support to Civil Authority. The Selective Service Section of the Army Guard Headquarters trains annually with either the National, Regional or State Headquarters of the Selective Service System (all federal agencies). All Army Guard troops receive training for Internal Security and Military Support Missions as a part of the annual training requirement. In addition to the federal mission, troops are called to state active duty to execute missions within the state when authorized by the Governor.

NATIONAL GUARD STATE MISSION

The state mission of the Nebraska National Guard is to provide sufficient organizations; so trained and equipped as to enable them to function efficiently at existing strengths in the protection of life and property and the preservation of peace, order and public safety, under competent orders of the state authority.

NATIONAL GUARD FEDERAL MISSION

The federal mission of the Nebraska National Guard is to provide units of the reserve components of the armed forces adequately organized, trained and equipped, available for mobilization in the event of national emergency or war, in accordance with the Department of Defense schedule and capable of participating in combat operations in support of the nation's war plans. This mission may include the defense of critical areas of the United States against attack.

FEDERAL SUPPORT TO NEBRASKA NATIONAL GUARD

Much of the fiscal support to the Nebraska National Guard comes from federal sources. Annual federal pay to Army and Air National Guard personnel, both fulltime technicians and parttime guardsmen, amounts to over $16 million dollars annually. Other operating expenses

borne by the federal government, such as fuel, travel, repairs and construction, supplies and equipment and subsistence, will amount to over $4 million dollars annually.

The present equipment and real property for both Army and Air National Guard is valued at over $109 million dollars.

STATE CIVIL DEFENSE AGENCY

MISSION:

This division provides direction, guidance and staff supervision of administration, organization and training and operations pertaining to all emergency programs and operations for civil agencies and political subdivisions of the state.

RESPONSIBILITIES:

This program includes six separate, but related responsibilities.

The organization and management of the State Civil Defense Agency.

State government participation to include the advice and counsel to the Governor and other department heads.

Local government participation. Responsibility of the State Civil Defense Agency includes providing advice, guidance and assistance.

The conduct of emergency operations and the planning, guidance, coordination and direction necessary to achieve an effective emergency operational capability. This includes the development of emergency operations centers and agency control centers with the equipment and staff to conduct emergency operations.

Developing a general public awareness of civil defense, including a knowledge of the program and actions to be taken in emergencies.

Implementing federal government programs of financial assistance to include assuring compliance with federal rules and regulations in regard to such assistance.

AUTHORITIES:

The Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950, as amended, established the basis for disaster and civil defense preparedness as a mutual responsibility of the Federal, State and Local governments.

The Disaster Relief Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-288) is the latest of a series of Federal Disaster laws, each of which in succession since 1950 have provided more comprehensive assistance to local governments and individuals stricken by disaster. The current law provides for a more flexible response to the needs resulting from disaster and attempts to strengthen the state disaster responsiveness by better predisaster planning.

The Nebraska Disaster and Civil Defense Act of 1973 served to update the State's Civil Defense Law and enable a better response to disasters.

State Law places the State Civil Defense Agency within the Military Department. The Governor has responsibility for the program which is administered by the Adjutant General.

By Gubernatorial Order the Adjutant General serves as Emergency Resources Management Director and as the State Disaster Coordinator.

A Federal Executive Order assigns Continuity of Government and Crises Management responsibilities to the Office of Planning of the General Services Administration. The State Civil Defense Agency cooperates with these programs.

Local Organization. The Nebraska Disaster and Civil Defense Act of 1973 encourages the less populated counties to consolidate their civil defense effort, using the Planning Districts as a basis for cooperation. Four such multiple-county regions have been formed involving twenty counties. All other counties operate on independent civil defense organization. Local disaster response capability has improved each year and State and Federal assistance is required only in the most severe disasters.

State Organization. Detailed guidance has been furnished to all state agencies as to emergency functions and their responsibilities thereto. State agencies are most cooperative in the program.

Financial Assistance. The Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950 provides a financial assistance program to the states and localities.

The personnel and administrative expense program provides 50% grant funding for state and local disaster planners. Localities normally budget about $750,000 annually for this program.

Financial assistance (50% grant) is also available for training and hardware (such as warning sirens, communications equipment, and emergency operating centers).

Property surplus to Federal needs is made available through the Civil Defense program. This includes such items as trucks, generators, stretchers, etc.

Property excess to Federal requirements is also made available on a loan basis to the State and localities for disaster and civil defense purposes. Several helicopters and fixed wing aircraft, as well as ambulances and four wheel drive trucks are examples of the kinds of property made available through this program.

Federal property worth $1,600,000 has been made available by the excess/surplus program.

DISASTER AND CIVIL DEFENSE PLANNING:

An Emergency Resources Management Plan has been developed with the assistance of over 200 key leaders from government and

industry. This task force of key leaders remain available to keep the plan current and to provide advice and assistance in crises management.

A Natural Disaster Plan has been developed, again with the assistance of numerous state, federal and local agencies of the private sector.

An emergency action group of state and federal officials is trained to relocate to the State Emergency Operations Center and a Disaster Assessment Team is prepared to relocate, on short notice, to the site of any disaster or potential disaster to assess the situation and assist as required.

All counties have basic emergency plans developed with the assistance of the state agency. A state agency visited each county to help local officials assess the main local hazards and subsequently to develop plans to deal with such hazards. Included are plans to deal with floods, blizzards, etc.

TRAINING AND EDUCATION:

An ongoing program provides help to localities in planning for and training of local officials and citizens in dealing with disasters. An example of this training is the Medical Self Training, a 16 hour course of instruction including the basic Red Cross First Aid program. Over 200,000 Nebraskans have taken such training.

Nuclear Fallout Shelter, Radiological Defense, and Radef Instrument Maintenance. Although these programs are oriented to the threat of nuclear war they are adaptable to use in peacetime disasters. Shelter has been developed for all cities and counties. Over 50,000 radiological detection instruments are prepositioned in shelters across the State, and a team periodically calibrates and maintains all such instruments and shelter supplies. Radiological monitors are re-trained by the team.

Communications. Federal financial assistance (more than $600,000) has been provided in the development of a number of communications systems across the State. The current Sheriff's network was initiated by this program.

Warning. The Nebraska Warning System, continually being improved, is designed to disseminate disaster warnings throughout the state. Core of the system is a high restoration priority leased telephone service to key warning points (usually police stations) across the state. Warnings are fanned out from these points by means of the Sheriff's radio network. Nebraska weather stations are included in this "hotline" system. The two nuclear power plants, the central dispatching

point of the Nebraska Public Power District and the Nebraska State Patrol are included in the system. The State Patrol operates the system on a day to day basis, with State Emergency Operating Center assuming control during emergencies. Outdoor warning devices (sirens) are triggered on the basis of warnings through this system. Over $250,000 in Federal grants have been invested in such sirens. The system has repeatedly proven its value in severe weather and other emergency situations.

Public Information. A continuing program is aimed at providing timely advice to citizens in times of disaster or potential disaster. As an illustration, over 30,000 copies of "Winter Storm Precautions" were distributed. A poster, outlining the kinds of help available, and the agencies who can help, is mass distributed in a disaster area. The news media provide active support to the program. Most years as many as 3,000 news stories about civil defense will appear in the Nebraska media. The State Emergency Operating Center is a favorite tour of youth groups, service clubs, school groups. Most years several hundred people will tour the EOC.

Disaster Relief. An annual average of $500,000 in Federal disaster funds is made available to assist localities and individuals. In the past decade Federal disaster relief payments have totaled $6,310,000. State assistance from the Governor's emergency fund average $250,000 per year. This fund is used generally in meeting the expense of dealing with a disaster, and disaster grants are made to local governments which have "suffered an extreme financial burden" exceeding the ordinary ability of the locality to respond.

OTHER CONSTITUTIONAL AGENCIES

BOARD OF PARDONS

J. J. Exon, Chairman ..... Governor
Allen J. Beermann, Secretary ..... Secretary of State
Paul L. Douglas, Member ..... Attorney General

The Legislature of 1911 created the state Prison Board and the advisory board of pardons. The state Prison Board was composed of three members appointed by the Governor to serve for three years. One of these was required to be a practicing physician and one a practicing attorney. The Prison Board was also the advisory board of pardons. The chief clerk of the state Board of Charities and Corrections was secretary of these boards and served also as state parole officer. The functions of these boards were merged in the Department of Public Welfare in 1919.

A constitutional amendment adopted in 1920 created a Board of Pardons and designated the Governor, Secretary of State, and Attorney General as its members. The Legislature of 1937 passed the uniform act for the supervision of Nebraska prisoners paroled in other states.

On August 25, 1969, the Eightieth Session of the Nebraska Legislature passed LB 1307 with the emergency clause, thus creating a separate Board of Parole. The pardon authority remained with the Board of Pardons with the power to remit fines and forfeitures and to grant respites, reprieves, pardons and commutations, after conviction and judgment under such conditions as may be prescribed by law for offenses committed against the criminal laws of the state except for treason and cases of impeachment.

The Board of Pardons may receive and consider application for pardons, reprieves, commutations of sentence, remission of fines and forfeitures. The Board of Pardons may, in appropriate cases after a pardon has been granted, empower the Governor to expressly authorize such person to receive, possess, or transport in commerce a firearm.

July 1, 1974—June 30, 1976

Pardons granted 11
Commutations granted 121

BOARD OF PAROLE

John B. Greenholtz ..... Chairman
Mrs. Catherine Dahlquist ..... Member
Eugene E. Neal ..... Member
Edward M. Rowley ..... Member, Part-time
Doris D. Collins ..... Member, Part-time

Total number of employees: 5.

The Eightieth Session of the Nebraska Legislature on August 25, 1969 passed LB 1307, creating a separate Board of Parole. Article IV, Sec. 13 of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska was amended thus creating a separate Board of Parole and a separate Board of Pardons.

The increasing responsibilities in past institutional programming for committed offenders indicated the need for full time specialized parole board services.

Further reorganized by the 1973 Legislature, the board was enlarged and consists of five members who are appointed by the Governor with the confirmation of the legislature. The term of office is six years. One of the members is appointed as Chairman, and he and two members are designated full time to the work of the Board. The other two members are designated part time members.

The duties of the board consist of reviewing the record of every committed offender at least once each year; determine the time of release on parole of committed offenders eligible for such release; fix the conditions of parole, revoke parole, issue or authorize the issuance of warrants for the arrest of parole violators; determine the time of release from parole supervision; visit and inspect any facility, state or local, for the detention of persons charged with or convicted of an offense; and recommend parole legislation to the Governor.

The Parole Board convenes each month to hear the cases pre-set for final hearing. If an offender is granted favorable consideration for release on parole he is referred to the office of Parole Administration for placement to approved residence and employment. A Parole Administrator, approved by the Parole Board, administers the office of Parole Administration.

The Board of Parole may advise the Governor, Attorney General and Secretary of State (Board of Pardons) on the merits of any application for remission, respite, reprieve, pardon or commutation but such advice shall not be binding on them.

The following is a list of cases heard by the Board of Parole:

NEBRASKA PENAL AND CORRECTIONAL COMPLEX

July 1, 1974—June 30, 1976

Discharges from parole	542
Offenders reviewed	3,228
Offenders granted hearings	701
Offenders granted paroles	536
Offenders denied paroles	114
Offenders consideration deferred	44
Offenders referred to Pardon Board for Action	7
Paroles violated	251

NEBRASKA CENTER FOR WOMEN

July 1, 1974—June 30, 1976

Discharges from parole	46
Offenders reviewed	195
Offenders granted hearings	55
Offenders granted paroles	51
Offenders denied paroles	4
Offenders consideration deferred	0
Offenders referred to Pardon Board for action	0
Paroles violated	10
Total discharges from parole	588
Total offenders reviewed	3,423
Total offenders granted hearings	756
Total offenders granted paroles	587
Total offenders denied paroles	118
Total offenders consideration deferred	44
Total offenders referred to Pardon Board for action	7
Total paroles violated	261

NEBRASKA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Commissioners	Terms Expire	Salary
Eric C. Rasmussen	Fourth District ..... January, 1981	$20,000
Jack Romans	Fifth District ..... January, 1981	20,000

Harold D. Simpson	First District	January, 1983	20,000
Duane Gay	Third District	January, 1983	20,000
James F. Munnelly	Second District	January, 1979	20,000

Secretary ..... Everett W. Green
Director, Communications Accounting ..... Herbert J. Sherdon
Engineers ..... M. Gene Hand & Dan Walker
Director, Budget & Research ..... Bruce Eriksen
Director, Rates & Services and Director,
Motor Transportation ..... James C. Paine
Supervisor, Public Warehousing ..... Richard Sanne
Legal Staff ..... John E. Finnigan
Adrian R. Fiala III
John Ragsdale
Paul Kratz

Total number of full time employees: 60.

Publications: Annual Report, Motor Carrier Rate Tariffs.

In 1885 a Board of Railroad Commissioners was created. In 1887 it was replaced by an enlarged Board of Transportation. This act was declared unconstitutional by the state Supreme Court on November 21, 1900 (60 Neb. 741). A constitutional amendment adopted November, 1906, created a Railway Commission of three members elected on a partisan ticket at large for staggered terms of six years.

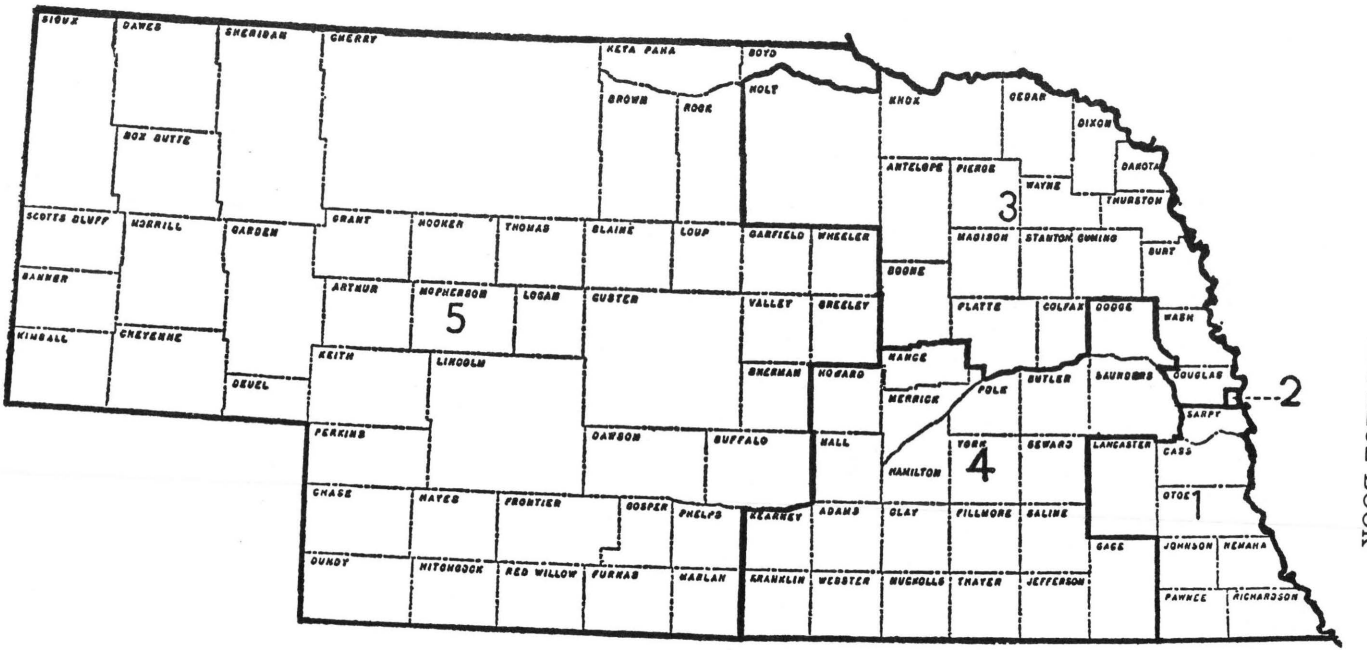
The 1963 Legislature increased the membership of the Railway Commission from three to five by dividing the state into five railway commissioner districts with each district entitled to one member. The 1963 Legislature also provided that at the general election of 1964, and each six years thereafter, one railway commissioner shall be elected from railway commissioner district number one, and one railway commissioner from railway commissioner district number three; at the general election in 1964, one railway commissioner shall be elected from railway commissioner district number five for a four-year term. At the general election of 1966, and each six years thereafter, one railway commissioner shall be elected from railway commissioner district number two, and in the year 1968, and each six years thereafter, one railway commissioner shall be elected from railway commissioner district number four and one railway commissioner from railway commissioner district number five.

The 1967 Legislature by enacting LB 310 required Commissioners to be not less than 30 years of age nor more than 68 years of age at the time of taking office.

On December 13, 1972 the name of the Commission was officially changed from the Nebraska State Railway Commission to the Nebraska Public Service Commission. This was the result of a constitutional amendment approved by the voters.

The powers and duties of the Public Service Commission under the constitution include the regulation of rates, service and general control of common carriers. By specific legislative enactment the commission has control and jurisdiction over the following:

1. Railroads—rates, depot facilities, stockyards, train service, safety laws, transfer tracks, passes, crossings, and the compiling and filing of reports required by law.
2. Street railways—rates and service, and general control.
3. Telephone companies—rates, service, extensions, physical connections, consolidations, and general control.
4. Express companies—rates and service.
5. Telegraph companies—rates and service.
6. Motor transportation and taxicab companies; busses and trucks—rates, service, territory, safety, insurance, and accounting.
7. Electric transmission lines—jurisdiction limited to safety in the construction and maintenance of lines.
8. Public storage warehouses—licensing, bonding and inspection.
9. Warehousing grain on farms.
10. Issuance of securities by public utilities.
11. Intrastate Air Transportation.
12. Grain Buyers.
13. Itinerant Merchants.
14. Carriers of passengers and property by air facilities.
15. Moisture Testing.
16. Registration of interstate motor carriers.



PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION DISTRICTS

BOARD OF EDUCATIONAL LANDS AND FUNDS

Members	Terms Expire
Tom C. Allington, Sunol	October 1, 1980
Wallace L. Farrar, Maywood	October 1, 1976
John C. Mitchell, Omaha	October 1, 1977
Vince E. Rossiter, Hartington	October 1, 1978
John B. Cassel, Ainsworth	October 1, 1979

Kent Hickman, Executive Secretary
Hyle H. Erwin, General Counsel
Gary J. Pavel, Assistant Executive Secretary & Accounting Supervisor
Willis L. Brown, State Surveyor

Publication: Biennial Report.

Nebraska attained statehood on March 1, 1867, and received from the federal government sections sixteen and thirty-six in each township, or the equivalent of 2,797,520.67 acres of land for the support of the common schools. This, and other grants to the state, followed the congressional land policy adopted in the Ordinance of May 20, 1785.

The first Nebraska statute covering the management of these lands provided that the Auditor should be Land Commissioner. In each county, school lands were appraised by three persons appointed by the County Commissioners, and were then offered at public sale to the highest bidder. No land was sold for less than its appraised value, nor for less than $7.00 per acre. Lands which were not disposed of at this sale were leased by the County Commissioners for a period of twenty-five years with the provision that at the expiration of each five-year period, the land should be reappraised. Rental was established at six percent of the appraised valuation and paid annually in advance by the lessee.

In 1897 the Nebraska Legislature enacted the Sheldon School Land law, the main purpose of which was to stop the sale of school lands, and to provide for a perpetual leasing system in its stead. Leases issued prior to this date could be renewed by the leaseholder for another twenty-five years or converted into a sale contract at the appraised value.

The Constitution of 1875 designated the Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Attorney General and Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings as a Board of Commissioners. It also provided for the office of the Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings. By statute, he was made the secretary of the board and became its chief executive officer. The adoption of a constitutional amendment in 1936 abolished, in due time, the office of the Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings, and the duties of the office were transferred to the board. A constitutional amendment adopted in 1940 made the Superintendent of Public Instruction a member of the board.

Statutes enacted by the 1947 Legislature required the Board of Educational Lands and Funds to grant a renewal lease for a twelve-year

period to any qualified lessee making application for a renewal regardless of the fact other persons might be willing to pay higher rental. Subsequently, these statutes were declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court and 2,313 renewal leases were invalidated. Thus, it became necessary to offer for sale at public auction, new leases covering these lands.

In 1951, Supreme Court decisions in the cases of State v. Platte Valley Public Power and Irrigation District, 147 Neb. 289, and State of Nebraska ex rel. Ebke v. Board of Educational Lands and Funds, 154 Neb. 244, interpreted the statutes as requiring the board to establish school land valuations at market value. Land was reappraised with a resultant increase in valuation.

In 1954, an amendment to Article VII, Section 1 of the constitution, directed that the general management of all lands and funds set apart for educational purposes, and the investment of school funds, shall be vested in a board of five members to be appointed by the Governor.

The Sixty-seventh Legislative Session passed LB 2, effective September 18, 1955. Under the new law, five members were appointed by the Governor, one from each of the four congressional districts and one from the state at large. Original terms were staggered and reappointments for five-year terms were prescribed.

In 1965 the Legislature enacted, notwithstanding the objections of the Governor, LB 234 which requires that all Educational Lands be offered for sale, as present leases expire. The act cprovided for a minimum selling price. Further, if the land cannot be sold at the minimum price, provision is made for a six year lease auction.

In 1967, the Seventy-seventh Session of the Nebraska Legislature passed LB 704, an act relating to educational lands which sets forth the guidelines for the sale of school lands involving lessee owned improvements. From the date LB 234 was passed in 1965 until July 1, 1972, 95,475.83 acres of common school land have been sold for a total of $7,709,287.40 and deposited in the permanent school fund.

LB 494 also enacted by the Seventy-seventh Session of the Nebraska Legislature provided that the Board of Educational Lands and Funds shall select a primary carrier to invest and distribute to Teacher Retirement Funds, with the understanding that the board shall receive regular reports of all monetary transactions. Primary carriers were chosen and the fund turned over to them for investment.

LB 355 enacted by the Seventy-seventh Session of the Nebraska Legislature, an act relating to state funds to establish the Nebraska Investment Council for centralization of the investment of certain state funds, providing that the powers hereby transferred to the State Investment Council shall neither include nor diminish in any way the power exercised by the Board of Educational Lands and Funds, the State Employees Retirement Board or the State Treasurer to administer re-

tirement and pension plans by means of group pension and insurance contracts with licensed insurance carriers or pension trust agreements with appropriate trustees which powers are specifically and exclusively reserved undiminished to the respective boards and officer enumerated.

Subsequently, the First Session of the Eighty-second Nebraska Legislature enacted LB 52 and LB 152. These acts took the investment authority for the Permanent School Trust Fund and the Teacher Retirement Fund from the board and placed it in the hands of the Nebraska Investment Council.

In 1973 the Legislature enacted LB 145 which amended 72-257 and 72-258.01 Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, 1943 to provide for the sale of school land to be permissive rather than mandatory at the expiration of present leases. Any leaseholder or other interested party may request that the land covered by an expiring lease be offered for sale, and the Board shall give consideration to such request in deciding whether to offer such land for sale. Sale shall be by public auction, the opening bid to be the board approved appraised value of the specific tract. Leases may be sold for a period of not less than three nor more than eight years at the discretion of the board. Considering all relevant factors, the board may subdivide and plat any tract prior to offering it for sale.

In 1974 the Legislature enacted LB 894 to amend Sections 72-232, 72-234 and 72-242 to provide for the lease of all unsold lands at an annual rental of four percent on the appraised rental value, to provide for a nine percent penalty interest to be paid by the lesee on lease rental not received by the due date, and that lease period shall be for periods of five to twelve years. That the cost administering unsold school land shall include expenditures necessary for developing such school lands to their most productive use and shall not exceed twenty percent of all rental and bonus payments of the previous year, which amount shall be annually appropriated and designated as the School Land Improvement Fund, to be expended upon proper warrants in accordance with the law. Any lessee, subject to the approval of the Board, may relinquish his interest in such lease as of the following December 31st by notice in writing to the Board of Educational Lands and Funds on or before November 30th of that year.

In 1976 the Legislature inacted LB 626, which authorized the Board to exchange parcels of land when to do so would be in the best interest of the Trust. This legislation will allow the Board to trade lands with private individuals in order to enhance the value of the Boards land as well as to provide for more efficient management of parcels which have been severed by prior sales.

The primary purpose now of the Board of Educational Lands and Funds is to administer the state's Educational Endowment which consists of 1,523,181.73 acres of land.

As of June 30, 1976, the permanent educational endowments were valued as follows:

Appraised rental value of land	$199,729,040.00
Bonds held as investments	49,573,216.61
Total	$249,302.256.61

Collections for the biennium ending June 30, 1976 from agricultural leases amounted to $15,690,702.12. Mineral rentals and royalties totaled $1,134,362.16. Income from interest on Permanent School Fund bonds and temporary school fund investments amounted to $7,832.952.20.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE NEBRASKA STATE COLLEGES

Members	Terms Expire
Robert Walker, Kearney	January 1, 1983
Ward R. Reesman, Falls City	January 1, 1983
William E. Colwell, Hay Springs	January 1, 1979
George Rebensdorf, Omaha	January 1, 1979
Henry Ley, Wayne, President	January 1, 1981
Murl Mauser, Big Springs	January 1, 1981

Member Ex Officio
Anne Campbell, Commissioner of Education.
Student Representatives:
Greg Stull, Mullen, CSC
Randall Petersen, Cordova, KSC
Jeanne Remington, Ord, PSC
James Ludvik, Wahoo, WSC
Richard A. Bringelson, Executive Officer and Secretary.
Total number of employees: 4.

This board was created by an act approved June 20, 1867. In an act later declared unconstitutional, the Legislature on April 1, 1909, created a new board designated as the Normal Board of Education. On March 3, 1969, the Legislature changed the name of the board to the Board of Trustees of the Nebraska State Colleges, and on August 25, 1969, the Legislature established the board as a public corporation for the purpose of issuing bonds.

By constitutional amendment effective January 1, 1921, the government of the state normal schools was vested in a board of seven members to be styled the Board of Education of State Normal Schools. Six members of the board are appointed by the Governor for terms of six years, and the State Commissioner of Education is an ex officio member.

In 1975 the Board of Trustees asked the Governor to appoint a student board member from each of the four state colleges. These nonvoting members currently serve a one year term.

The Board of Trustees of the Nebraska State Colleges has control of the four state colleges at Chadron, Kearney, Peru and Wayne, which were officially designated as State Colleges by the 1963 Legislature. The primary purpose of the colleges remains the preparation of elementary

and secondary school teachers, although each college also provides a program of Liberal Arts education and pre-professional training. The colleges are authorized to grant the following degrees: Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Sciences, Bachelor of Arts in Education, Bachelor of Fine Arts in Education, and Bachelor of Science in Education. Furthermore, colleges at Chadron, Kearney and Wayne are authorized to grant the following masters degrees: Master of Arts in Education, and Master of Science in Education.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA

Members		Terms Expire
Kermit Wagner, Schuyler	District 3	1983
Robert J. Prokop, M.D.	District 4	1983
Robert Koefoot, M.D., Grand Island	District 5	1983
James H. Moylan, Omaha	District 8	1983
Edward Schwartzkopf, Lincoln	District 1	1979
Kermit Hansen, Omaha	District 2	1979
Robert Raun, Minden	District 7	1981
Robert G. Simmons, Jr., Scottsbluff	District 6	1981

William F. Swanson, Corporation Secretary

From 1921 to January 7, 1971, the government of the University of Nebraska was vested in a six-member Board of Regents, with one Regent elected from each of the six Supreme Court Districts for a six-year term.

The 1969 Legislature increased the membership of the Board of Regents from six to eight and divided the State of Nebraska into eight newly created Regents Districts with one Regent to be elected from each of the eight districts as follows:

At the general election in 1972, two persons were elected, one from district one, and one from district two, each for six-year terms; at the general election in 1974, two persons were elected, one from district six and one from district seven, each for six-year terms. At the general election in 1976, four persons were elected, one each from districts three, four, five, and eight for six-year terms. At the general elections thereafter, the successors are to be elected for six-year terms.

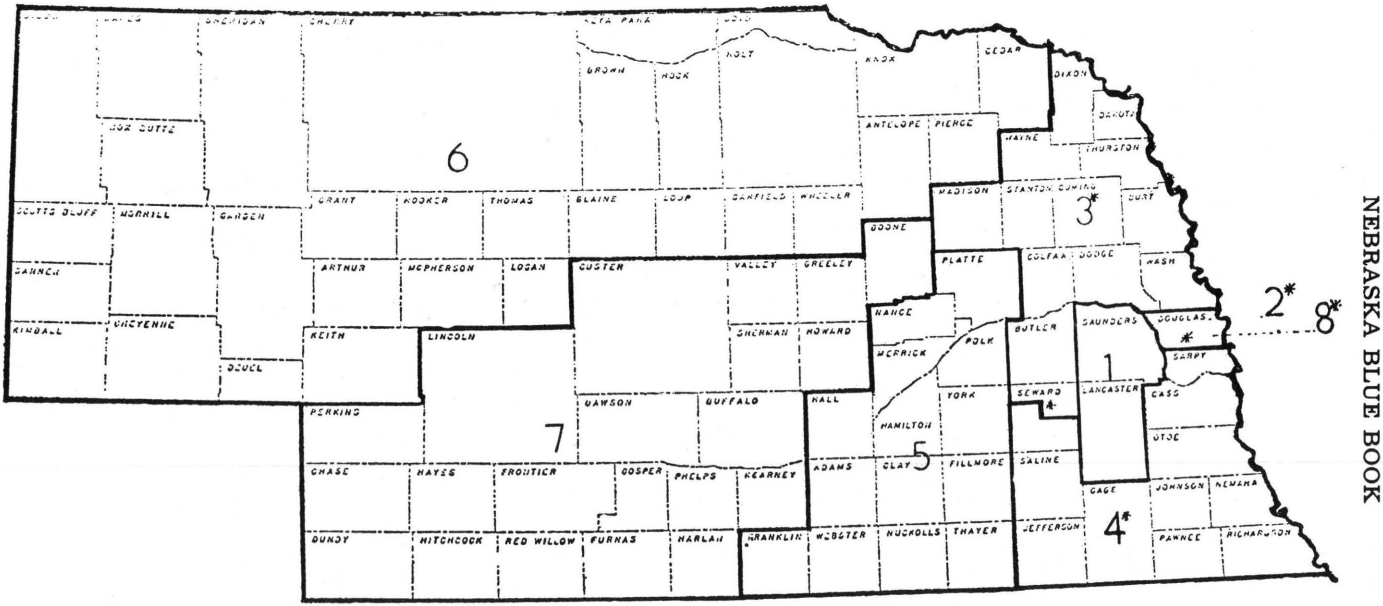
At the general election in 1974, a constitutional amendment was approved, permitting the three campus student body presidents to sit as non-voting members on the Board of Regents.

President, ASUN, University of Nebraska-Lincoln

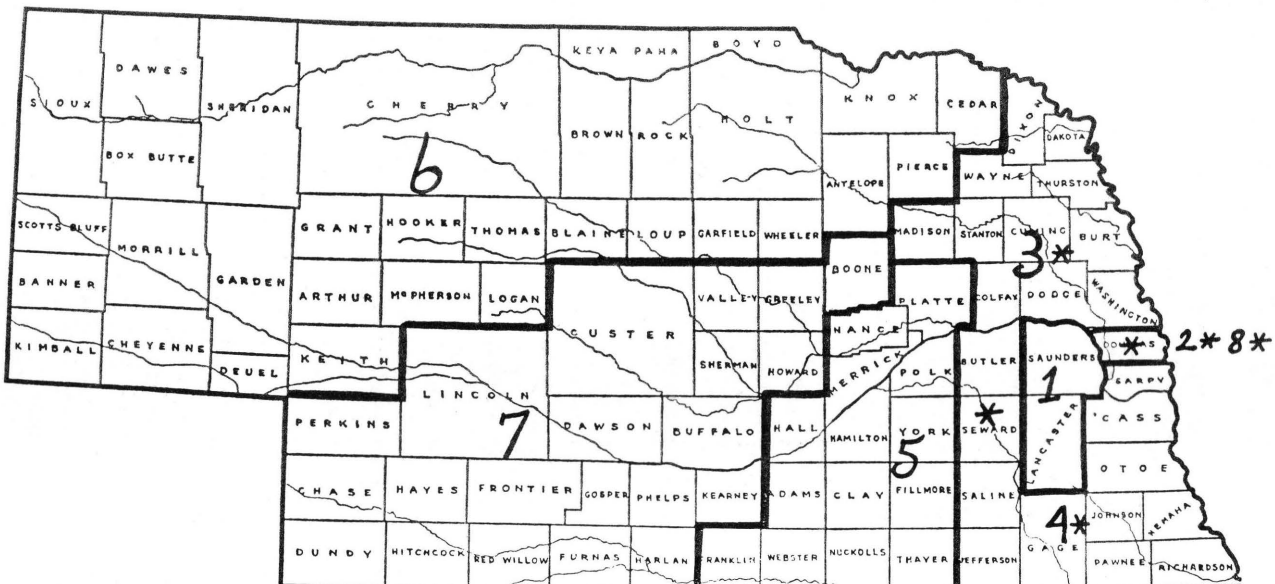
President, Student Senate, Univ. of Nebraska at Omaha

President, Student Council, Univ. of Nebr. Medical Center

UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA BOARD OF REGENTS DISTRICTS



- **District 2: That area in Douglas County corresponding with Leg. Dists. 4, 8, 10, 13, 14, & a portion of 12, & 31 as described in LB 1035 (1971)**
- **District 3: That area in Douglas County described as that portion of Leg. Dist. 31 not included in Dist. 2, & in Seward county the county precincts A,B,C,D,G, & H as described in LB 1035 (1971)**
- **District 4: That area in Seward County corresponding with county precincts E,F,I,J,K,L,M,N,O, & P and the city of Seward as described in LB 1035**
- **District 8: That area in Douglas County corresponding with Leg. Dists. 5,6,7,9,11,20 and that portion of Leg. Dist. 12 as described in LB 1035 (1971)**



- Dist. 2: That area in Douglas County corresponding with Legislative Districts 4,8,10,13,14 & a portion of Legislative Dist. 12 and 31, as described in LB 735.
- Dist. 3: Those entire counties as outlined and in Seward County, precincts A,B,C,D,G, & H, and in Douglas County that portion of Legislative Dist. 31 not included in Dist. 2.
- Dist. 4: Those entire counties as outlined and in Seward County, precints E,F,I,J,K,L,M,N,O, & P, and the City of Seward as established by LB 735.
- Dist. 8: That area in Douglas County corresponding with Legislative Districts 5,6,7,9,11,20 & the following portion of Legislative Dist. 12 as established by LB 735.

STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION
(Four-year terms)
and
STATE BOARD OF VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

		Terms Expire
Frank E. Landis, Lincoln	District 1	1981
James H. Monahan, Omaha	District 2	1981
Walter M. Thompson, Oakland	District 3	1981
Don H. Lienemann, Papillion	District 4	1981
Dorothy Weyer Creigh, Hastings	District 5	1979
Margaret Lockwood, Gering	District 6	1979
Marilyn Fowler, Lexington	District 7	1979
Vacancy	District 8	1979

Commissioner of Education
M. Anne Campbell
Deputy Commissioner of Education
Harold H. Koch

Superintendent of Public Instruction

The office of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction was created by act of the State Legislature on February 15, 1869. The Constitution of 1875 put that office on a constitutional basis. In 1917, the Legislature put the election of the state superintendent on a nonpartisan basis. A constitutional amendment adopted September 21, 1920 extended the term of the superintendent to four years, beginning in 1923.

In 1952, a constitutional amendment was passed to establish a State Department of Education, including a State Board of Education and a Commissioner of Education. The enabling acts to implement this new educational structure were passed by the 1953 Legislature. The six members of the State Board of Education were elected in 1954, one member from each of the six judicial districts.

The first duty of the newly elected Board was to appoint a Commissioner of Education who acts under the authority of the Board. All of the powers and duties of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction have been transferred to the State Board of Education, the State Department of Education or the Commissioner of Education as provided by law. This educational structure became operative in January 1955.

Through the passage of LB 139 (Section 79-322, R. S. Supp., 1967) in 1967, the state was divided into eight districts and the membership of the State Board of Education was increased to eight members. The Board is elected on a nonpartisan ballot, one member from each district. The six-member Board continued until the election of additional members in 1968. The eight-member Board began functioning in January 1969.

The State Department of Education strives for the improvement of educational opportunities for all of the people of Nebraska. Learning and the growth and development of young people are major objectives. The Department is also concerned with the educational needs of adults and the general welfare of the State of Nebraska.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

The State Board of Education is a constitutional body elected by the people. It is a policy-making body with the responsibility of seeing that the State Department of Education functions effectively within the framework developed by the Legislature and the Board. The Board and the Department are obligated by statute to perform a broad leadership function and to carry out certain regulatory and service activities.

In accordance with Nebraska Statutes, Sections 79-330 and 79-1421, the State Board of Education also serves as the State Board of Vocational Education and has the powers and duties thereof as provided by statute.

The Commissioner of Education

Appointed by the State Board of Education, the Commissioner of Education is the executive officer of the Board. It is his responsibility to adhere to legal requirements and to Board policies in the operation of the State Department of Education.

Acting as the executive officer of the State Board of Education and as the executive secretary of the State Board of Vocational Education, the Commissioner of Education heads the State Department of Education.

With the assistance of a Deputy Commissioner of Education and three Assistant Commissioners of Education, the Commissionr of Education is the chief state school officer who directs the promotion and improvement of education in the public elementary and secondary schools of Nebraska. Included in the responsibilities of the Commissioner of Education are certain facets of post-secondary education and the general area of adult education.

Major responsibilities of the Commissioner of Education include:

a. Internal administration of the State Department of Education—
employment and evaluation of personnel, development of policies in consort with Board, budget preparation and control, establishment of schedules, purchase and control of supplies, equipment and vehicles used by Department and organization of staff to perform necessary functions.

b. School law—
interpreting laws which apply to schools, ruling in some cases of disputed law, arranging for compliance with the school laws.

c. Planning and evaluation—
planning with the Board and staff members the public statement of goals for education, developing programs to respond to the goals, training and developing staff in planning and evaluation skills, and through evaluation, reporting progress toward the goals to the citizens of the state.

d. Information—
providing schools and the public with information relating to schools and education, approving all Department publications.

e. Meetings of the State Board of Education—
preparing agenda, keeping the Board informed, providing basic facts to enable the Board to act quickly and efficiently on issues which call for decisions.

By law, the Commissioner of Education is an ex officio member of the following: Board of Appraisers, Board of Trustees for State Colleges, Committee for the Reorganization of School Districts, Educational Television Commission and the Commission on Fire Fighting Personnel Standards and Education.

The Divisions in the State Department of Education

The Department of Education is divided into three divisions and two branches: the Finance Branch, and the Planning, Evaluation and Research Branch, Instructional Services, Vocational Education and Rehabilitation Services. Each division is part of a total effort to promote the learning and development of all people in Nebraska.

The Department of Education is divided into four divisions: Administrative Services, Instructional Services, Vocational Education and Rehabilitation Services. Each division is part of a total effort to promote the learning and development of all people in Nebraska.

THE DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES

The Division of Administrative Services provides services to the entire Department of Education and Nebraska public school districts. Sections in this division include statistical services, financial services, state aid, school food services, public information, surplus property distribution and planning, evaluation and research.

Statistical Services

Collecting and organizing reports from each school district in the state, compiling state reports, performing statewide studies on census, enrollment, teacher supply and demand, pupil dropout and any needed studies relating to schools and their operation are among the responsibilities of the Statistical Services section.

Financial Services

This section processes all reports of finance from each school district in the state; determines amounts of state and federal money to be paid to schools and helps school administrators and board members with finance records.

State Aid

Administering the provisions of the School Foundation and Equalization Act which provides aid to public elementary secondary schools is the major responsibility of this section.

School Food Services

Nebraska public schools interested in conducting school breakfast programs, lunch programs and/or milk programs make written application to the Department of Education. When the application is approved, an agreement or contract is signed by an authorized school representative and the Department of Education representative.

Most funds disbursed by the Department of Education in support of these program services are presently federal money. A limited amount of state money for distribution to schools is required on a matching basis. Cost of administering the programs is provided from both state and federal funds.

Public Information

Responsibilities of this section include the writing, editing and distribution of all news releases from the Department of Education; editing, layout and design of Department publications and reports; and the writing, editing and layout of the Department's monthly newsletter to school administrators, Dateline: Education.

Surplus Property Distribution

This section directs the operation of the surplus property program according to the provisions of the Federal Property Administrative Services Act, processes requests, maintains warehousing, screens available property and keeps records required by the act.

The Planning, Evaluation and Research Branch

The Planning, Evaluation and Research Branch provides assistance in research and program evaluation design, testing and measurements; develops means of collecting information; interprets data; develops needs assessment information and develops long range goals and plans.

THE DIVISION OF INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES

School visitation, working with school administrators, teachers and board of education members, processing school correspondence and reports are just a few of the responsibilities of this division. The Division of Instructional Services includes the following sections: Curriculum services, Adult Basic Education, High School Equivalency, School Management Services, Pupil Personnel Services, Field Services, Teacher Education, Instructional Television and Federal Programs. This Division also provides supervision for the Nebraska School for the Visually Handicapped at Nebraska City, the Nebraska School for the Deaf at Omaha and the Nebraska School for Trainable Mentally Retarded Children at Cozad.

Curriculum Services

The role of this section is to provide leadership in many subject matter areas to school administrators and teachers when specific help is requested. Subject areas included in the Curriculum section are driver education, drug education, gifted, science, math, English, social science, modern foreign language, health and physical education, media services and visual art.

Department of Education consultants conduct workshops at the local, regional or state level. Often these are done in cooperation with a local school, an educational service unit or college involved in teacher education.

The Curriculum section has been responsible for organizing a series of workshops for educators called Classroom Update. These workshops are held when requested by local school districts or educational service units. Teachers and administrators from surrounding schools are invited.

Curriculum consultants have assumed more responsibility for curriculum decisions in instructional television programming and production.

Adult Basic Education

The Adult Basic Education program was established to provide for the education of the uneducated and undereducated adult. The mission is to educate people 16 years old or older whose ability to speak, read or write the English language constitutes a substantial impairment of their ability to get or retain employment commensurate with their real ability. An objective is to make them less dependent on others, to improve their ability to benefit from occupational training and to increase their opportunities for more productive and profitable employment.

High School Equivalency

The General Educational Development test provides a valid measurement of the competencies of those people who left high school before graduation. This measurement gives them an alternative method of earning a High School Equivalency diploma. The equivalency diploma has all of the rights and privileges of a regular high school diploma and is accepted by industry, business, institutions of higher education, commissions, civil service, the armed forces, etc.

School Management Services

School Management Services has three major responsibilities.

The first of these responsibilities is to help schools implement the rules and regulations for approval and accreditation. Staff members are responsible for checking compliance with these rules and regulations through review of school reports and a continuous school visitation program.

The second responsibility is to assist schools with a comprehensive evaluation of the total school system. This study, which takes about one year to conduct, reestablishes the school's goals and identifies priorities of action for the future. This school evaluation is conducted once every seven to 10 years.

The third responsibility is assisting school administrators in providing for the rapidly changing needs of the school through research and consultation.

Pupil Personnel Services

Pupil Personnel Services includes school guidance, counseling and testing services; school psychological and psychometric services; school social work services; career education and appropriate non-instructional services for students.

Student Personnel Services are intended to nurture the unique ability of each student and to complement the academic, vocational and special education programs of the schools.

The purpose of the Student Personnel Services section is to initiate, develop, expand, evaluate and improve services in the local schools which will bring unique contributions from guidance, medicine, psychology and social work to the instructional activities and administrative responsibilities.

School District Organization

The Field Services section provides consultative services to local school districts in the area of school district organization, school plant services and school transportation.

The Department of Education works with county and state school district reorganization committees, meets with boards of education where district reorganization is proposed, prepares materials for studies of district reorganization and carries out provisions of the school district reorganization law.

The Department assists county superintendents, school administrators, school board members, school attorneys, citizens' committees and parents in dealing with local educational problems. The assistance involves both a review and discussion of existing school reorganization statutes. An attempt is made to fulfill requests for visitations.

School Plant Services

The Department of Education assists school districts in determining school plant needs including the development of educational specifications for school plants, interpreting specifications to architects, assembling information relating to school plant maintenance, developing school building statistics and conducting school facility surveys requested by school districts.

The School Plant Services section provides leadership and guidance to local school district officials and to architects in planning school plants.

Pupil Transportation

The Department of Education provides consultative services to school officials and district representatives regarding purchasing, maintenance, record keeping, reporting, inspection, routing, scheduling, school board policies, driver selection and supervision. Safety materials and program services regarding school bus construction, highway safety, accident prevention and other related aspects of school bus safety are available to school officials, community groups and other organizations.

A comprehensive training program for all school bus drivers is available to local school districts. This training covers school transportation statutes, rules and regulations, school bus driver responsibility, first aid, preventive maintenance, school bus safety and defensive driving.

Teacher Education

The goal of the teacher education and certification is to further the growth of a high quality system of education in Nebraska through the preparation and certification of highly competent teaching personnel.

The primary purposes of teacher education and certification are to assure, within reasonable limits, that students will be taught by competent teachers; to establish eligibility of individuals to be paid from public funds; and to provide incentives for professional improvement.

The Department of Education also cooperates with the National Council for the Accreditation of Teacher Education (NCATE) in evaluating specific Nebraska institutions requesting NCATE Accreditation. Thirteen institutions of higher education in Nebraska have this accreditation.

The Department of Education has provided guidance and assistance in developing appropriate training programs for prospective teachers to the fifteen colleges which have state approved teacher education programs.

Committees have been organized through the Nebraska Council on Teacher Education to develop criteria for programs in specific areas of specialization.

Special Education

This section administers the special education program and provides assistance to teachers, supervisors and administrators serving handicapped students. Primarily this involves administering excess cost reimbursement claimed by school districts providing approved special education services to verified handicapped students ages 5-21. Reimbursement for transportation of handicapped students, residential care costs for eligible students, services to eligible multihandicapped students, and funding of specific diagnostic projects are also responsibilities of the Section.

This section also provides consultative services related to educational programs for children who are educable mentally handicapped, mentally retarded, emotionally disturbed, acoustically handicapped, visually handicapped, defective in speech, orthopedically handicapped, multiply handicapped, or who have specific learning disabilities. Consultative services also include participation in the following federally funded programs: the Education of the Handicapped Act (Title VI-B—Programs for the Handicapped—Aid to States; Title VI-C—Handicapped Regional Resource Centers; Title VI-D—Personnel Training for the Education of the Handicapped) and the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (Title I, P.L. 89-313 as amended—Programs for the Handicapped in State Supported Schools).

Additional services are available at the Nebraska School for the Visually Handicapped at Nebraska City, the Nebraska School for the Deaf at Omaha, and the Nebraska School for Trainable Mentally Retarded at Cozad.

Instructional Television

The Instructional Television Services (ITV) section provides a comprehensive statewide instructional television service to all elementary and secondary schools of Nebraska. The service includes planning, developing, producing, leasing, disseminating and utilization of

instructional television programs for elementary and secondary schools of the state.

The ITV section provides leadership and staff support for collection of data, identifying the educational needs which can be met through television and related media. The section makes all necessary arrangements for leasing available materials from ITV libraries, TV stations, educational councils and other sources of available programs and films. The ITV section provides consultation and leadership in the planning and production of new television programs and accompanying teacher materials. All ITV lessons are accompanied with various types of support material.

The section works in schools to provide consultant service in the areas dealing specifically with instructional television. The consultant service includes providing a variety of materials to adequately inform teachers of the kinds and types of programming available and also the broadcast times of all programs. Technical consultation relating to ITV use is also available. The teacher's guides are sold and adequately provided for as prescribed by law. All other materials are provided to schools at no cost in an effort to enhance, improve and increase the use of television in education.

Orientation meetings, workshops and individual consultation are available to all educators through the ITV section.

Federal Programs

Elementary and Secondary Education Act, 1965-Title I

Title I provides federal grants to local public school districts for programs designed to meet the needs of educationally deprived children residing in attendance areas where there are high concentrations of children from low income families. A minimum of 10 such children from low income families is required for eligibility.

Projects are designed so the activities focus on the most severe educational needs. These activities must supplement and generally tend to focus on remedial instruction in reading and mathematics for children whose educational achievement is below the norm.

The local school district completes the project application and submits it to the Department of Education for review and approval. If the project is approved, the local district may initiate action to get the project underway. Funding is on the basis of quarterly requests submitted by the local district to the Department of Education.

There are Title I projects in over 320 Nebraska school districts serving approximately 33,000 students annually. In addition, Title I serves students in handicapped institutions, facilities for neglected and delinquent children and the children of migrant and seasonal farm workers.

Title IV of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act-PL-93-380-1974

Title IV is a consolidation of a number of federal title programs into one.

Part B of Title IV provides funds to schools according to a specific formula. In Nebraska the formula is based on total enrollment, amount of local tax effort, number of limited English speaking students and sparsity of population. Expenditures from Part B can include school library resources, textbooks, other printed and published instructional material, laboratory and other special equipment and audio visual equipment. Schools may also use funds to do minor remodeling of facilities to accommodate laboratory or other special equipment and audio visual equipment.

It also provides for testing for both elementary and secondary students and for programs designed to expand and strengthen counseling and guidance services.

Part C funds are distributed to schools on a competitive basis, specifically to projects dealing in the areas of innovative education, health and nutrition and drop out prevention. Grants of four types are available, developmental grants to perfect processes and products, demonstration grants to allow successful projects to be exported to other schools, adoption grants to help schools defray the costs of adopting successful projects and mini-grants to provide one year programs of a limited scope.

Part C also provides for assistance to State Departments of Education. In Nebraska, funds are used to provide consultative and technical assistance in a number of curriculum areas plus funds for data collection, library resources, school management, graphic arts and publications capabilities.

Elementary and Secondary Education Act, 1965—Title V

Title V provides federal funds to the State Department of Education to strengthen its leadership resources and establish and improve its program to identify and meet educational needs.

In Nebraska, the funds are used to provide consultative and technical assistance to local school districts and provide supportive personnel and services to the Department staff.

Consultative and technical assistance to local school districts is provided in the following areas: early childhood education, elementary education, general education, health and physical education, modern foreign language, reading, art and school administration. The objective of this assistance is to encourage and support desirable educational change.

The program for the improvement of supporting services has been expanded and strengthened through greater use of internal supporting

services, which include data collection and interpretation, information dissemination, library resources, graphic arts and increased publication potential.

Follow Through

Follow Through is a federal assistance program designed to carry the benefits of Head Start into the regular school system. It offers graduates of a full year Head Start and similar preschool programs continued special attention not only in the field of instruction but in other areas—medical, dental, nutritional, psychological and social. It involves the parents and community in program activities. It also provides training for staff.

Head Start and disadvantaged children are integrated with the general school population. The program follows the children through third grade.

Title IV, Civil Rights Act

The Department of Education was awarded $72,292 in 1974 from the U. S. Office of Education to administer the Equal Educational Opportunities Project.

The program was set up so any desegregated school district or a school district becoming desegregated would be given technical assistance from the Department of Education on request until June 30, 1975.

The prime concern of this program is the improvement of curriculum materials, instructional methods and counseling techniques appropriate for desegregated classrooms. Requesting school districts are also assisted in developing techniques for solving community and school problems caused by desegregation.

Equal Educational Opportunity Project

The E.E.O.P. office at the Nebraska Department of Education is funded under the Civil Rights Act of 1964. The project received needs assessments from approximately 50 school districts throughout the state and was awarded $72,000 for the 1975-76 school year. An additional responsibility for the E.E.O.P. office during the project year was Title IX of the Educational Amendments of 1972.

The prime concern of this program is to provide assistance to requesting school districts wanting to enhance the educational environment for all students. The assistance provided by E.E.O.P. encompasses areas of curriculum and instruction, human relations, needs and programs for limited English speaking ability students; policies and procedures for male and female students, school/community relations, counseling techniques, student activities and a resource center which supports all the assistance.

Right to Read

The purpose of the Nebraska Right to Read Project is to work toward the prevention and elimination of illiteracy allowing each individual to reach her/his potential as a literate citizen.

The major orientation of the Right to Read Project is to prevent illiteracy through assistance offered to requesting educators, primarily with emphasis on assisting administrators in coordinating already existing resources within their schools and communities. Flowthrough funding may be available in FY 1977-78 depending on Federal funding levels.

Consultative services are also offered to requesting educators who desire information about reading processes and programs. This assistance is coordinated internally with Title I and Adult Basic Education Programs as well as all other Department reading services.

Several publications are available from this office: *A Guide to Publishers' Reading Materials, High Interest-Low Vocabulary Materials, Reading . . . What Is It?*, and *NDE Reading Services Directory*.

THE DIVISION OF VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

It is the responsibility of the Division of Vocational Education to develop vocational training programs as an integral part of the public school system. These programs are developed on the secondary, postsecondary and adult levels. Federal and state funds are administered to assist school districts in the development of such programs and to insure the maintenance of minimum standards as prescribed in the State Plan for Vocational Education Programs in Nebraska. For these purposes, consultative services are approved in the following areas: agricultural education, distributive education, vocational office education, cooperative education (Part G), special vocational needs, diversified occupations, home economics education, health occupations education, trade and industrial education, Nebraska technical and community colleges, CETA manpower development and training, veterans education, private schools, work study, exemplary programs, research and development and education professional development programs.

State Advisory Council for Vocational Education

The Vocational Education Amendments of 1968 require each State Board of Vocational Education to establish an advisory council for vocational education which consults with the State Board in carrying out the state plan.

The Advisory Council is appointed by the State Board and is composed of members representing: management, labor, industrial and economic agencies, community colleges, area vocational schools, local education agencies, local education boards, comprehensive employment training act, large school systems, handicapped, poor and disadvan-

taged, private vocational schools, agriculture, and youth involved in vocational programs.

The purpose of vocational education is to maintain, extend and improve existing programs of vocational education programs and to develop new programs that are needed. Vocational education should provide part-time employment for youths who need employment earnings to continue their vocational training on a full-time basis. Persons of all ages in all communities of the state should have access to high quality vocational training or retraining suited to their needs, interests and ability to benefit from such training.

The Division of Vocational Education includes several programs. They are described below.

Vocational Agriculture

Courses in agribusiness and natural resources occupations education are based on community needs. They may include all or a major portion of the following instructional units: animal science, plant science, natural resources, conservation and development, disease control in plants and animals, irrigation, marketing agricultural products, buying and selling, agricultural mechanics, horticultural production and services, wildlife conservation and development of recreational areas. The Future Farmers of America (FFA) is the youth group associated with this program.

Home Economics Education

The home economics education program in Nebraska provides instruction in consumer homemaking. This instruction is intended to help individuals and families improve their home environments and the quality of personal and family life. There is instruction in the following areas: foods and nutrition, child development, textiles and clothing, housing, family relations and management of resources. Such education is designed to meet the needs of persons who have entered or who are preparing to enter useful employment in the home and who are enrolled in secondary or adult programs. The Future Homemakers of America (FHA) is the youth group associated with this program.

Special Vocational Needs (Disadvantaged and Handicapped)

The special vocational needs program brings aid to high school, post-high school and adults who can be identified as disadvantaged or handicapped. This program must demonstrate that it prepares students for employment, or is necessary to prepare them for successful completion of such a program, or be of significant assistance to them in making an informed and meaningful occupational choice.

Diversified Occupations Education

The Diversified Occupations Education program provides an opportunity for relatively small high schools to offer vocational education with supervised on-the-job work experience in a variety of occupations—occupations in agriculture, in sales and distribution, in business and office, in wage-earning home economics, in health, trades and industries.

Vocational Needs Analysis

The vocational needs analysis part-time person is responsible for helping schools determine job opportunities available, programs needed, courses of study, levels of instruction, methods of integration with other disciplines, enrollment possibilities, staff required, space and equipment needed, program costs, methods of effective communication, and how to implement the master plan.

Trade, Industrial, Technical and Health Occupations

Trade and Industrial Education may include any industrial craft, skilled trade or semi-skilled occupation which directly functions in the designing, producing, processing, fabricating, assembling, testing, modifying, maintaining, servicing, or repairing of any product or commodity. Any other occupations, including service occupations, which are usually considered to be technical or trade and industrial in nature, may also be included. The Vocational Industrial Clubs of America (VICA) is the youth group associated with this program.

Comprehensive Employment and Training (CETA)

The Comprehensive Employment and Training Act of 1973 (CETA) provides for education, training, and retraining of economically disadvantaged, unemployed, and underemployed persons. The law gives the State vocational education boards responsibility for the vocational education assistance under Section 112. The Division of Vocational Education works with the Governor's office and the State CETA prime sponsors in providing vocational education and related services requested by the prime sponsors. The requested training is provided through public education institutions.

CETA programs under Section 112 of the act may provide vocational education and training in the following ways: (1) class size programs designed for the special needs of CETA students; (2) individual referrals to on-going vocational education programs; and (3) individual referrals to on-going vocational programs with provision for special, supplemental instruction and/or services. Related services which may also be provided under Section 112 include counseling and guidance; individual tutoring; basic education, remedial education, and classes for obtaining high school diploma or GED; entrance examinations; required uniforms and supplies; and trainee allowances.

Distributive Education

Distributive Education identifies a program of instruction in marketing, management, and merchandising designed to meet the needs of persons enrolled in secondary, post-secondary and adult programs. Secondary distributive education offerings in Nebraska are designed as two-year programs while the post-secondary and adult courses vary with the nature of the program and the degree or certificate being sought.

Distributive education instruction includes: 1) introducing and orienting each individual to the field of distribution; 2) providing educational experiences which will enable the student to achieve career-level employment and 3) creating an occupational learning environment which will contribute to an increasing awareness of career opportunities, advancement, and educational patterns for continued achievements in this field. The Distributive Education Clubs of America is the youth group associated with this program.

Office Education

Office education is an instructional program designed to prepare persons to enter such occupations as: stenographic, secretarial and related; typing and related; accounting and computing, business data processing; filing, office machines and general office clerical; information communication; transporting, storing and recording; personnel training and related fields; supervisory and administrative management; and miscellaneous office work. The Future Business Leaders of America (FBLA) is the youth group associated with this program.

Cooperative Education

Cooperative education is a system of educating people for work through an organized program of in-school instruction alternated with on-the-job training.

Exemplary Programs and Projects

The purpose of exemplary programs and projects is to find new ways to create a bridge between school and earning a living for young people who are still in school, who have left school either by graduation or by dropping out, or who are in postsecondary programs of vocational preparation. The purpose includes the promotion of cooperation between public education and manpower agencies. These innovative occupational programs have been designed to broaden occupational aspirations and opportunities for youth, particularly the disadvantaged, and to serve as models for use in vocational education programs.

Work Study Programs

The Work Study program is designed to provide employment for youths who need the earnings from such employment in order to begin or continue their vocational training on a full-time basis. Such a program shall provide employment only to young people who 1) have been accepted for enrollment as full-time students in a vocational education program which meets the standards prescribed by the State Board of Education, or in the case of students already enrolled in such a program are in good standing and in full-time attendance; 2) are in need of earnings from such employment to begin or continue their vocational education program; and 3) are at least 15 years of age but less than 21 years of age at the beginning of employment.

Veterans Education

Title 38, U. S. Code, provides for the payment of benefits to certain servicemen, veterans, widows, wives and war orphans who pursue programs of education at institutions whose courses are approved by a State Approval Agency. In Nebraska, the Governor has designated the Department of Education as the State Approval Agency for educational programs given at institutions of higher learning and below college level. Course approval procedure consists of examination of the institution's application, literature, programs, policies and facilities by the Department of Education as required by the Veterans Administration. The Veterans Administration also requires regular visits to the institution, and student's complaints are thoroughly investigated.

Private Schools

Sections 79-1819 to 79-1824, Neb., R. S. Supp., 1959, require the licensure and bonding of all privately owned correspondence, business, trade and technical schools domiciled in Nebraska. The license is issued only when it has been established that the school can meet certain minimum requirements, and has furnished the State of Nebraska a surety bond in the amount of $10,000.

Section 79-1809 to 79-1818, Neb., R. S. Supp., 1959, permit accreditation by the State Board of Education of courses of instruction offered by privately owned business, trade and technical schools domiciled in Nebraska which satisfy the standards established by the statute designated. On the basis of visitation, inspection, and recommendation by the Committee for the Accreditation of Private Schools, the State Board of Education has extended the recognition of Accreditation to nine privately owned vocational schools, with a total of 26 accredited courses.

Sections 79-1801 to 79-1808, Neb., R. S. Supp., 1959 require the licensure and bonding of all representatives of privately owned correspondence, business, trade and technical schools that solicit and enroll students in Nebraska.

Research and Development

The purpose of Research and Development is to develop activities through the following: 1) vocational education research and personnel training programs; 2) experimental, developmental, or pilot programs developed by public educational institutions and designed to meet the special vocational needs of youth participating in economically deprived communities, who have academic, socioeconomic or other handicaps that prevent them from succeeding in vocational programs; and 3) the dissemination of information derived from research and demonstrations in the field of vocational education.

Education Professional Development Program

The purpose of the Education Professional Development Act (EPDA), Part F, is to improve the quality of vocational education programs through the training and retraining of vocational education personnel. Funds under this section may be used for such projects and activities as 1) exchange of vocational education teachers and other staff members to improve the quality of instruction, supervision and administration of vocational education programs; and 2) short-term or regular session institutes, or other preservice and in-service training programs or projects designed to improve the qualifications of persons entering or reentering the field of vocational education.

THE DIVISION OF REHABILITATION SERVICES

The Division of Rehabilitation Services has as its primary responsibility the provision of necessary services to disabled people to enable them to become suitably employed. The services provided by the division are designed to develop, improve, or restore the working usefulness of physically and mentally handicapped individuals. Any individual of, or approaching employable age may be eligible if he has a disability that is a substantial employment handicap. Acceptance for rehabilitation services is based upon reasonable certainty that provision of services will enable the individual to qualify for a job in reasonable length of time. However, in certain disabilities when the severity of the individual is a reasonable expectation that vocational rehabilitation services may render the individual fit to engage in a gainful occupation, such individuals may be accepted for six to 18 months' extended evaluation. Prior to or at the end of the extended evaluation the individual is either accepted for vocational rehabilitation services or his case is closed.

Among the services which are commonly needed by disabled clients are the following:

—medical and vocational diagnosis
—individual counseling and guidance
—medical, surgical, psychiatric treatment and hospital care
—prosthetic appliances such as limbs, braces, hearing aids and glasses
—training for a job in schools, on the job, by correspondence or by tutor

—financial assistance with costs of maintenance, tools, books and transportation
—placement counseling and guidance, vocation training, and placement assistance are provided without cost to the disabled person. For other services, the client is expected to meet as much of the expense as his circumstances will permit.

In addition to providing the services listed above, the division, through its disability determinations section, adjudicates the applications of disabled individuals who have applied for Social Security disability benefits.

Individualized rehabilitation services are provided through six regional offices and numerous unit offices throughout the state.

OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCIES

ABSTRACTERS BOARD OF EXAMINERS

Members	Terms Expire
William W. Barney, Kearney	November 18, 1977
Ross D. Druliner, Jr., Benkelman	November 18, 1978
Willis R. Hecht, Lincoln	November 18, 1979
Edwin C. Peabody, Omaha	November 18, 1980
Larry Schager, Grand Island	November 18, 1981

Amy Frohn, Lincoln, Secretary

A five member board appointed by the Governor was established by the 1965 Legislature. The board has three members who are registered abstracters, and two members shall be attorneys at law. No more than two members may be from the same county, but at least one member must be from a county having as its largest city a city of the first class, and at least one member must be from a county having as its largest city a city of the second class. The members receive no salary but are reimbursed for expenses incurred in discharge of their duties, and are accorded a per diem allowance for board functions.

The function of the board is to adopt rules for registration of those engaged in the business of abstracting, and to certify those registered and authorized to do business.

NEBRASKA STATE BOARD OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTANCY

Members	Terms Expire
Dennis R. Baumert, Lincoln Certified Public Accountant	August 27, 1979
Melvin B. Thomas, Omaha Public Accountant	September 20, 1979
Calvin E. Lenhart, Scottsbluff Certified Public Accountant	August 27, 1976

Dale E. Gruntorad, Lincoln
Certified Public Accountant ..... September 20, 1976
Donald L. Darst, Omaha
Certified Public Accountant ..... September 20, 1976
B. T. Friedrichsen, Columbus
Certified Public Accountant ..... September 20, 1977
Mr. Marion J. Adkisson, Grand Island
Public Accountant ..... August 27, 1978

Ray A. C. Johnson, Auditor of Public Accounts, Secretary.

Publications: Roster, Rules and Regulations of Nebraska State Board of Public Accountancy.

The Legislature of 1957 abolished the Board of Examiners of Public Accountants which had been in existence since 1909, and created the Nebraska State Board of Public Accountancy. The board consists of seven members and the Auditor of Public Accounts; five members are to be certified public accountants with one residing in each congressional district and until September 20, 1985, two members are to be duly registered and qualified public accountants. All seven members are to be appointed by the Governor for four-year staggered terms. Each member of the board other than the Auditor of Public Accounts receives $50.00 a day for discharge of his official duty. The Auditor of Public Accounts serves as secretary of the board and has charge of the records of the board. He receives and accounts for all money received, and deposits all fees in a separate fund known as the Public Accountants' Fund which is appropriated by the Legislature for the maintenance and expense of the office. The board adopts and amends rules and regulations for the conduct of its affairs and administration of the public accountancy law and promulgates and amends rules of professional conduct appropriate to establish and maintain a high standard of integrity and dignity in the profession of public accountancy. The board may use all or any part of the Uniform Certified Public Accountants' Examination or Advisory Grading Service for examination of candidates for certified public accountants' certificates.

NEBRASKA COMMISSION ON AGING

Members		Terms Expire
Mrs. Ruth Blankenship, Omaha	District 1	November 18, 1977
Mrs. Jociell Bull, Wayne	District 2	November 18, 1977
Mrs. Lucille Dorwart, Sidney	District 3	November 18, 1977
Dr. Charles Evans, Hastings	District 4	November 18, 1977
Mrs. Claudelle Gerlach, Lincoln	District 5	November 18, 1977
Mrs. Irma Elrod, Kimball	At-large	November 18, 1977
Mr. John Tyrcha, Omaha	District 1	November 18, 1979
Mrs. Mary Stotts, Cody	District 2	November 18, 1979
Mr. W. Allison Johnson, Hemingford	District 3	November 18, 1979

Sister Martha Hund, Grand Island .. District 4..... November 18, 1979
Mrs. Dorothy Switzer, Lincoln..... District 5..... November 18, 1979
Mrs. Janet Petersen, Bellevue ..... At-large ..... November 18, 1979
David Howard, Executive Director

The 1965 Legislature created the Advisory Committee on Aging (In 1971 the Legislature changed the name to Nebraska Commission on Aging) composed of twelve members appointed by the Governor. Two members are appointed from each of the five districts provided by law, and two from the state at large. Initial appointees served the following terms: one member from each district and one member at large for four years, and one member from each district and one member at large for two years; thereafter appointees serve a four-year term. Members must be residents from the district from which they are appointed. They receive no compensation but are reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.

The 1974 Legislature authorized the Commission on Aging to receive and expend state and federal funds for assisting local governments providing transportation services for the elderly.

The state is divided into five districts:

District No. 1: Sarpy and Douglas Counties.

District No. 2: Washington, Dodge, Colfax, Platte, Boone, Madison, Stanton, Cuming, Burt, Thurston, Wayne, Pierce, Antelope, Dakota, Dixon, Cedar, Knox, Wheeler, Garfield, Loup, Blaine, Holt, Boyd, Rock, Brown, Keya Paha and Cherry Counties.

District No. 3: Sheridan, Dawes, Sioux, Box Butte, Scotts Bluff, Banner, Kimball, Morrill, Cheyenne, Garden, Deuel, Grant, Hooker, Thomas, Arthur, McPherson, Logan, Keith, Lincoln, Perkins, Chase, Hayes, Frontier, Dundy and Hitchcock Counties.

District No. 4: Custer, Valley, Greeley, Sherman, Howard, Hall, Nance, Merrick, Hamilton, Buffalo, Dawson, Gosper, Phelps, Kearney, Adams, Clay, Red Willow, Furnas, Harlan, Franklin, Webster and Nuckolls Counties.

District No. 5: Thayer, Jefferson, Fillmore, Saline, Gage, Pawnee, Richardson, Johnson, Nemaha, Otoe, Cass, Lancaster, Seward, York, Polk, Butler and Saunders Counties.

The commission collects facts and makes studies of conditions and problems pertaining to the general welfare of the aging in the state; makes recommendations to state and local agencies serving the aging and may request reports from the agencies on matters within its jurisdiction; keeps informed on the latest developments on the problems and needs of the aging; serves as a central agency and advisory commission for exchange of ideas and information on the aging between federal,

state and local governmental agencies, private organizations and individuals; cooperates with governmental agencies of all levels in administering and supervising demonstration programs of services for aging designed for continued participation of older people in family and community life; and reports and makes recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature on activities needed to promote the general welfare of aging in Nebraska.

NEBRASKA AMERICAN REVOLUTION BICENTENNIAL COMMISSION

Members	Terms Expire
Mrs. William H. Hasebroock, West Point, Chairman	May 16, 1978
James D. Johnson, Kearney	May 16, 1978
Alfred W. Gilpin, Macy	May 16, 1978
Henry Miot Cox, Lincoln	May 16, 1978
Tom H. Allan, Lincoln	May 16, 1978
Kay Blackstone, Red Cloud	May 16, 1978
Wade H. Ellis, Alliance	May 16, 1978
Dale Grace, Lewellen	May 16, 1978
M. S. Hevelone, Beatrice	May 16, 1978
Ambrose W. Jackson, Jr., Omaha	May 16, 1978
Marvin F. Kivett, Lincoln	May 16, 1978
Mrs. Albert A. Kjar, Lexington	May 16, 1978
Mrs. Stanley A. Matzke, Sr., Milford	May 16, 1978
Willis D. Moreland, Lincoln	May 16, 1978
Owen Saddler, Omaha	May 16, 1978

The Nebraska American Revolution Bicentennial Commission was established by legislative action during the 1972 Session for the purpose of planning, encouraging, developing and coordinating the commemoration of the American Revolution and the Bicentennial of the United States of America in 1976. The commission consists of fifteen members appointed by the Governor for six-year terms. The members are chosen from all areas of the state and represent most major interests. Not more than eight members are to be from the same political party. The members receive no salary but are reimbursed for actual expenses incurred in the discharge of their official duties.

The commission coordinated Nebraska's plans for the two hundredth anniversary of the United States. The Commission assisted 503 communities and counties; three Indian tribes and eleven colleges to gain official national bicentennial recognition. Nebraska earned distinction of ranking 7th in the United States in number of recognized communities. The Nebraska Bicentennial commission endorsed and provided $347,500 for 86 projects. Community bicentennial projects numbered in the thousands.

Don Searcy serves as the executive director. Commission offices are on first floor of the Radisson-Cornhusker Hotel, 1245 "M" Street, Lincoln, Nebraska 68508.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS INDUSTRIAL UTILIZATION COMMITTEE

Members	Representing	Terms Expire
Ronald Kelly, Alliance	Business	July 1, 1979
Holly Hodge Jr., Holdrege	Farming	July 1, 1979
Paul Meierhenry, Norfolk	Farming	July 1, 1977
Jack Quackenbush, Beatrice	Business	July 1, 1977
Robert R. Rauner, Sidney	Farming	July 1, 1979
John Sullivan, Wallace	Farming	July 1, 1977
Wayne Winslow, Omaha	Petroleum	July 1, 1979

Advisory Committee:

Ronald J. Mertens, Director, Department of Economic Development
Dr. William A. Scheller, Chairman, Dept. of Chemical Engineering, UNL
Dr. James Kendrick, Dept. of Agricultural Economics, UNL

Staff:

Administrator;	Staff Assistant:	Secretary:
Charles R. Fricke	Todd C. Sneller	Margaret Calvin

The Agricultural Products Industrial Utilization Committee was created by the Legislature in the 1971 sessions to sponsor research and develop industrial uses of agricultural ethyl alcohol. Special consideration is to be given to its use as a fuel when blended with gasoline for use in motor vehicles.

The committee consists of seven members appointed by the Governor subject to confirmation by the Legislature for two-year terms. Four members shall be actually engaged in farming; one in general farming, and one each in the producation of corn, wheat and milo. One member shall be actively engaged in the petroleum industry and two members shall be actively engaged in business in this state. The committee shall meet at least once annually and report to the Legislature annually. It shall have as an advisory committee three persons, one each representing the Department of Economic Development, the University of Nebraska, and the Department of Agriculture.

STATE BOARD OF LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS

Members	Terms Expire
W. G. Farrington, Omaha	October 23, 1980
Mitsuo Kawamoto, Omaha	October 23, 1981
Lawrence A. Enersen, Lincoln	October 23, 1977
Richard M. Wozniak, Fremont	October 23, 1978
Franklin Carl Tate, Jr., Omaha	October 23, 1979

The State Board of Landscape Architects was created by the Professional Landscape Architects Act which became effective on October 23, 1967. The board consists of five professional landscape architects appointed by the Governor of Nebraska. Each member must be a resident of the state for at least one year immediately preceding his appointment.

The term of board membership is five years with staggered dates of expiration. Members serve without compensation but are reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their official duties. The board meets at least once a year at a time and place fixed by the board. The board elects annually from its membership a chairman and vice chairman.

The function of the board is to carry out the provisions of the Professional Landscape Architects Act. The provisions include certification of persons who meet the requirements for registration as professional landscape architects and the revoking of certificates of persons who fail to adhere to the regulations of the law.

The operation of the State Board of Landscape Architects is supported entirely by the fees which it collects. The fees include application, examination, certification, reciprocation, and renewal fees, all of which are established by law.

NEBRASKA ARTS COUNCIL

The Nebraska Arts Council was created by the 1965 Legislature to further the State's cultural resources. The 1965 Act was repealed in 1973; new legislation created a new Council consisting of fifteen members, to be appointed by the Governor with the approval of the Legislature from among citizens of Nebraska who are known for their professional competence and experience in connection with the arts. In making such appointments, consideration is given to recommendations made by representative civic, educational, and professional associations and groups concerned with or engaged in the production or presentation of the arts generally.

Members serve staggered three-year terms, with terms of one-third of the members expiring each year. Members who serve two consecutive terms cannot be reappointed for at least one year following expiration of their terms.

Chairman and Vice Chairman are designated by the Governor from the members, and serve at the pleasure of the Governor.

The Chairman is the chief executive officer of the Council. All vacancies are filled for the balance of an unexpired term in the same manner as original appointments are made.

Members of the Council receive no compensation for their services but are reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

Duties of the Council are:

(1) To stimulate and encourage throughout the state the study and presentation of the performing and fine arts and public interest and participation therein;

(2) To make such surveys as may be deemed advisable of public and private institutions within the state engaged in artistic and cultural activities, including, but not limited to, music, theatre, dance, painting, sculpture, architecture, and allied arts and crafts, and to make recommendations concerning appropriate methods to encourage participation in and appreciation of the arts to meet the legitimate needs and aspirations of persons in all parts of the state;

(3) To take such steps as may be necessary and appropriate to encourage public interest in the cultural heritage of our state and to expand the state's cultural resources; and

(4) To encourage and assist freedom of artistic expression essential for the well-being of the arts.

The Council is also empowered to receive federal funds and to plan and administer statewide and special programs in all of the arts. In 1967 the Council made a survey of the state's cultural resources. From 1968 to the present, the Council has funded cultural and arts projects sponsored by non-profit, incorporated agencies on a dollar-for-dollar matching funds basis.

Projects include: program support for opera, ballet and symphony orchestras; artists' workshops for arts clubs; master classes and lecture-demonstrations in music, dance and other disciplines.

Beginning in 1971-72 the Art Council inaugurated the Artists-in-Schools Program, consisting of residencies, first by filmmakers, and in subsequent years by poets, visual artists, craftsmen, vocal and instrumental music, theatre and dance. In 1972-73 the Council inaugurated the Expansion Arts Program, offering support for minority, ethnic and rural groups. In 1976-77 the Council will fund over 150 projects, which will serve communities and arts agencies throughout the state.

The Executive Office of the Nebraska Arts Council is located at 8448 W. Center Rd., Omaha, Nebraska 68124. Telephone: 402-554-2122.

Officers:

Leo A. Daly, Omaha ..... Chairman
Wallace Richardson, Lincoln ..... Vice Chairman
Father Joseph Labaj, S.J., Omaha
Marian Andersen, Omaha
Jane Gilmore, Omaha
N. P. Dodge, Omaha
Paul Amen, Lincoln
Elwood N. Thompson, Lincoln
Barbara Doyle, Lincoln
Breta Dow, Lincoln
Eleanor Harris, McCook
Dr. James Thayer, Sidney
Dorothy Creigh, Hastings
Loren G. Olsson, Scottsbluff
Gerald L. Ness, Executive Director

STATE ATHLETIC COMMISSIONER

State Athletic Commissioner .....Seymour Seitchick, Omaha
Total number of employees: 2.

The State Athletic Commissioner is appointed by the Governor for a term of two years. The commissioner has sole direction, management, control and jurisdiction over all wrestling, boxing, and sparring matches, and exhibitions held within the state, except such as are conducted by universities, colleges, and high schools or upon bases, depots, or reservations of the United States Government. The commissioner has power to license clubs, to make rules and regulations governing bouts, to control and supervise the sales of tickets and the issuing of complimentary tickets, to revoke licenses for cause and to control and limit the number of bouts to be held each year in any city or town, or by any organization.

NEBRASKA BOARD OF BARBER EXAMINERS

Members	Terms Expire
Fred Lanning, Omaha	November 30, 1978
Eldro Hansen, Lincoln	November 30, 1979
Roy E. Gillis, North Bend	November 30, 1977

Fred L. Lanning, Manager-Inspector and Secretary to Board
Total number of employees: 7.

Publications: Laws, rules and regulations governing barbers, barber shops, apprentice barbers, and schools of barbering.

The 1927 Legislature created the Board of Barber Examiners as an agency of the State Department of Public Welfare. It consisted of three members appointed by the Governor. Terms were for three, two and one year, respectively, as appointed, and thereafter, members served for a three-year period. The members were practicing barbers. In 1943 the Legislature transferred the Board of Barber Examiners to the Department of Health, under the supervision of the Director of Health. The membership remained at three and is such today.

The 1963 Legislature established the Board of Barber Examiners as an independent board to administer the laws relating to barbering. The board issues licenses; administers examinations preparatory to licensure; inspects barber shops for public health and welfare; holds hearings and makes reasonable rules and regulations for the administration of laws relating to barbering.

The Board of Barber Examiners is supported entirely by licenses and fees from barbers. The board employs a Manager-Inspector, who is also the secretary of the board; one clerk, as secretary to the Manager-Inspector; and one Field Inspector, whose responsibility is the inspection of barber shops throughout the state, plus two part-time inspectors.

BIG BLUE RIVER COMPACT ADMINISTRATION

Nebraska Member, M. E. Ball ..... Lincoln
Kansas Member, Guy Gibson ..... Topeka, Kansas
Federal Representative, John C. Peterson ..... Topeka, Kansas

The Big Blue River Compact became effective when it received the approval of the 92nd Congress on June 6, 1972. The compact apportions the waters of the Big Blue River Basin between the States of Kansas and Nebraska and it provides that the compact shall be administered by the Big Blue River Compact Administration which shall be composed of the official of each of the states who is responsible for the administration of his state's water laws. One resident of the Big Blue River Basin in each state to be appointed by the Governors, and a representative of the President if he chooses to appoint one.

NEBRASKA JOINT STATE BOUNDARY COMMISSION

Roy N. Towl, Chairman ..... Omaha
Henry F. Reimer ..... Niobrara
Phil Verzani ..... Ponca
H. C. Larson ..... Decatur
A. N. Stephenson ..... Nebraska City
Donald L. Hoberman ..... Omaha
A. I. Pirsch, Secretary ..... Omaha
Ernie H. Dusek ..... Omaha
D. B. Babbitt ..... Plattsmouth
Robert E. Schemmel ..... Johnson
Robert K. Corn ..... Papillion
Samuel P. Caniglia ..... Omaha
James A. Doyle ..... Omaha

The 1959 Legislature enacted a law which created the Nebraska Joint State Boundary Commission. The Governor is directed to appoint commissioners to represent the State of Nebraska upon a joint commission composed of commissioners representing the States of South Dakota, Iowa and Missouri for the purpose of negotiating and entering into a compact of agreement to establish a new boundary line between the States of South Dakota, Iowa, Missouri and Nebraska. The agreement, made on behalf of the states cited above, is not binding or obligatory upon any state or its citizens, unless and until the same has been ratified by the Legislatures of the compacting states and approved by the Congress of the United States.

STATE BUILDING COMMISSION

Appointed Members:	Terms Expire
Thomas C. Woods, Jr., Lincoln	March 1, 1978
Linus Burr Smith, Lincoln	March 1, 1979
Kermit Wagner, Schuyler	March 1, 1980

Ex Officio Members:
J. J. Exon ..... Governor
Thomas D. Doyle ..... Director-State Engineer
Stan Matzke, Jr. ..... Director-Administrative Services

This commission was created by an act of the 1949 Legislature. The 1965 Legislature amended the law and designated the members of the commission to be: the Governor, the Director-State Engineer and three other residents of the State of Nebraska to be appointed by the Governor and serve for a three-year staggered term. The 1974 Legislature amended the law designating the Director of Administrative Services as a member of the Commission.

The duty of the State Building Commission is to recommend and advise the State Building Division of projects requiring renovation and implementation of the State Capitol, Governor's Mansion and State Laboratory Facility.

BOARD OF CANVASSERS

(Meets fourth Monday after primary and general elections)

J. J. Exon ..... Governor
Allen J. Beermann ..... Secretary of State
Ray A. C. Johnson ..... Auditor
Frank Marsh ..... Treasurer
Paul L. Douglas ..... Attorney General

An act approved March 16, 1855, required the Territorial Secretary, with two other territorial officers, to canvass the vote on territorial officers. An act approved January 26, 1856, provided that the Territorial Auditor, in the presence of the Governor and one territorial officer, should canvass the vote for delegate to congress and territorial officers. This law was amended on February 13, 1857, to provide that the Governor, Chief Justice, and United States Attorney of the Territory should canvass the vote on delegate to congress and territorial officers. An act approved February 15, 1864, provided that the Territorial Secretary, Auditor and Governor should canvass the vote on delegate to congress, Territorial Auditor and Territorial Treasurer.

An act approved February 15, 1864, provided that qualified electors of the territory in the actual military service of the United States or of this territory should be entitled to exercise the right of suffrage while absent from home. The Governor, Secretary and Auditor of the territory were to canvass this vote and perform such other duties relating to the canvass as might be required under existing provisions of law. The Revised Statutes of 1866 added the vote on Territorial Librarian to the list of those canvassed. An act of October 28, 1868, provided for canvassing the vote on presidential electors. An act approved February 15, 1869, required the President of the Senate to canvass the vote for member of congress, Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor and Treasurer. This act

was extended in 1873 to include votes on Attorney General, Tax Commissioner, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, justices of the Supreme Court and District Attorneys. An act approved February 17, 1877, provided that the vote on executive officers should be canvassed by the Legislature in joint session, and the vote on other than executive officers should be canvassed by a Canvassing Board composed of the Governor, Auditor, Treasurer, Secretary of State and Attorney General. The act of March 1, 1879, required that the vote on Governor, Lieutenant Governor, members of congress, Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Attorney General, Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings and District Attorneys, and votes expressing choice for United States Senator should be canvassed by the Legislature, while votes cast for presidential electors, judges of the Supreme and District Courts and regents of the University should be canvassed by the Canvassing Board.

An act of 1917 eliminated all but votes for president and vice president from the work of the Canvassing Board. According to this act the presidential electors are appointed, not elected.

An act approved June 13, 1955, provided that the Board of State Canvassers shall canvass all votes except those cast for constitutional officers and members of the Nebraska Public Service Commission, the votes of which shall be canvassed by the Legislature. This law was further clarified by the 1957 Legislature.

CAPITOL MURAL COMMISSION

Ex Officio Members:

President of the State Historical Society
Nellie Snyder Yost ..... North Platte

Chancellor of the University of Nebraska
James H. Zumberge ..... Lincoln

Director of Joslyn Memorial Art Museum
William A. McGonagle ..... Omaha

Appointed Members:

Fred N. Wells, Chairman ..... Lincoln
Mrs. Paul Gallagher ..... Omaha
L.A. Enersen, Secretary ..... Lincoln
Mrs. Ralph Misko ..... Holdrege
Norman A. Geske ..... Lincoln
Edna Donald ..... Grand Island

The Capitol Commission was created by an act of the 1949 Legislature. The work of this commission was concerned with the completion of the panels and murals in the rotunda of the State Capitol, and it was to file a detailed report with the Clerk of the Legislature prior to the commencement of the next legislative session. The commission consisted of the President of the Nebraska State Historical Society, the Chancellor of the University of Nebraska, the Superintendent of the Joslyn Memorial

Art Museum, and six other persons appointed by the Governor. LB 214 passed by the 1951 Legislature approved the report of the Capitol Commission of 1949 and therewith were terminated the duties of the Capitol Commission of 1949.

LB 214 provided for the establishment of a new commission, the Capitol Mural Commission, to consist of the President of the Nebraska State Historical Society, the Chancellor of the University of Nebraska, the Director of the Joslyn Memorial Art Museum and six other persons appointed by the Governor. The members receive no salary, but are paid their actual expenses while away from home engaged in their duties. The new commission was instructed to carry out the recommendations of the former commission. It was also empowered to contract with artists and provide specifications for murals and panels.

On May 15, 1954, Kenneth Evett, assistant professor of fine arts in the College of Architecture, at Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, was chosen by the three member Murals Committee and confirmed by the Capitol Murals Commission to paint the three murals for the rotunda of the State Capitol. The murals are fifteen by twenty-four feet canvases in oil done in browns, red and buff and in each mural four to five heroic-sized figures depict various phases of Nebraska life. One features the arts, the product of the heart. The second, the sciences, product of the mind and the third, industry, the product of the hand. Mr. Evett was paid twenty-six thousand dollars. The remainder of the legislative mural grant was spent for the expense of mounting the canvases and the expenses of the commission members and the judges.

The first mural symbolic of industry or works of the hand was unveiled on November 12, 1954, with appropriate ceremonies. The second and third panels, completing the series, were hung on January 24, 1956. The artist returned at the same time to make a final inspection of his work, and to do some minor touching up.

The Budget Committee of the 1955 Legislature declined to approve the Murals Commission's request for twenty-five thousand dollars to commence work on the second set of panels, declaring that the public "should be allowed to live with the first group for some time, before going farther".

The 1957 Legislature, pursuing a "hard-tack" budget did not appropriate additional funds nor did the 1959 Legislature make any appropriation.

In December, 1960, Governor Dwight Burney recommended to the Legislature the appropriation of $25,000 to start work on a set of three murals in the north vestibule of the building.

In 1961 the Legislature voted a unanimous consent amendment to the budget bill providing for 8% of the Governor's share of the institutional building fund levy for the use of the Mural Commission. This provided approximately $16,600.00 a year for each of the ensuing two years.

In its search for an artist the commission invited six distinguished and nationally famous artists to submit sketches for the proposed murals, to be paid for at the rate of $750.00 for each set of three. The estimated cost of the three completed murals was $15,000.00 Subjects assigned were to be symbolic and historical: "The Homesteader's Campfire", "Turning the Furrow", and "The House Raising".

In addition to the six artists invited to submit sketches, three local artists voluntarily submitted sketches. The nine sets were displayed in the Assembly Room of the Bennett Martin Public Library in Lincoln on November 6-7, 1962. After careful inspection by the Capitol Murals Commission, James Penney, a native of St. Joseph, Missouri, and presently Assistant Professor of Art at Hamilton College, Clinton, New York, was chosen to paint the three pioneer-life murals. The murals measure approximately 19 by 8 ½ feet and are in oil on canvas. Mr. Penney received $15,000 for the painting of the murals. In October, 1963, the murals were installed in the north vestibule of the Capitol building. Mr. Penney personally inspected the installation job and did the necessary touching up of the murals after they were in place. The formal dedication of the murals took place on October 22, 1963, with Mr. Fred Wells, chairman of the commission, presiding. Mrs. Edna Donald of Grand Island presented the murals for the commission to Lt. Governor Dwight Burney, filling in for Governor Morrison.

The six sets of three each, of the sketches prepared by the artists Leo Manso, Joseph Lasker, Michael Smith, George Morrison, Ethel Magafan and James Penney became the property of the state and are in the custody of the Sheldon Memorial Art Gallery.

The 1963 Legislature appropriated the sum of $36,000 toward the completion of the murals.

On September 22, 1964, the Capitol Murals Commission announced its plan to continue the decoration of the Capitol building by placing six large murals, three on either side of the foyer of Great Hall leading from the north vestibule to the rotunda. Each mural was to be 13 feet 1 3/8 inches high and 17 feet 10 1/8 inches wide and to be executed in mosaic. Subject matter was that assigned originally by Dr. Harley B. Alexander, carrying out the theme of "Life of Man in Nebraska". Subjects were, on the West side from North to South, "The Blizzard of '88"; "The Building of the First Railroad"; and "The Spirit of Nebraska". On the East side, in the same order, the subject matter assigned was "The U. S. Survey"; "The Tree Planting"; and "The Building of the Capitol". A search was instituted for artists working in mosaic and four out of thirty-five possibilities were finally selected to carry out the work.

On November 22, 1964, contracts were awarded Professor R. P. Marxhausen of Seward, Nebraska, for "The Spirit of Nebraska"; to Miss Jeanne Reynal of New York City, for "The Blizzard of '88"; and to F. John Miller of Montreal, Canada, for "The Building of the First Railroad".

In the Spring of 1965, the State Legislature appropriated an additional $18,000 to complete the murals to be finished by January 1, 1967, in time for the observance of the Nebraska Centennial. Further contracts were awarded to R. P. Marxhausen for "The Building of the Capitol"; to Miss Jeanne Reynal for "The Tree Planting"; and to Charles Clement of Tucson, Arizona, for "The U. S. Survey".

The last of the mosaic murals was completed in December, 1966, in ample time for the observance of the Nebraska State Centennial during the year 1967.

There remain eight spaces for murals in the top of the memorial tower as designated by the architects in the original plans for the building. All of these panels are 7 feet high and 12 feet wide and are just below the grille windows of the tower. Dr. Alexander who described the artistic decoration of the capitol and whose recommendations have been followed meticulously since 1920 suggested that these panels should be devoted to the four wars in which Nebraskans have taken part during territorial and state history up to that time. He assigned the following subject matter for these murals:

1. The Indian Wars. "The Conflict of the Races."
2. The Perils of Fire. "Fighting the Prairie Fire."
3. The Civil War. "Emancipation."
4. The Perils of Flood. "Missouri River Ice Jam."
5. The Spanish War. "Chivalry for the Oppressed."
6. The Scourge of the Plague. "Fighting the Pest."
7. The World War. "Crusade for Freedom."
8. The Scourge of Famine. "The Grasshopper."

Any continuance of the mural decoration program must now await legislative action and appropriation.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST COMMITTEE

Members	Address
Senator Richard Maresh	Milligan
Senator Robert L. Clark	Sidney
Senator William H. Hasebroock	West Point
Senator Ron Cope	Kearney
Paul L. Douglas, Attorney General	Lincoln
Dr. Robert Palmer, Chaplain	Lincoln
Dick Herman, Lincoln Journal-Star	Lincoln
James Bogatz, Executive Secretary	Lincoln

CODE OF ETHICS BOARD

Members	Address
Thomas D. Doyle, Director-State Engineer	Lincoln

William E. Peters, Tax Commissioner ..... Lincoln
Roy Gardner, Director of Personnel ..... Lincoln
Donald R. Treadway ..... Fullerton
Charles Brodersen ..... Rural Route, Herman

The Conflicts of Interest Committee and the Code of Ethics Board were established by the passage of LB 75 which became effective on April 11, 1969. The act provides for regulation of conflicts of interest in the legislative and executive branches of the state's government as well as the state's public power districts.

To carry out the purposes and to administer some of this act, the Conflicts of Interest Committee was established. Its membership of seven persons is composed of four members from each of the four districts from which members of the legislative Committee on Committees are named, one elected official named in Article IV, Nebraska Constitution, and two lay members. The members of the Legislature are named to the committee by secret ballot of the Legislature in the same manner as officers of the Legislature are selected. The other three members are nominated by the Committee on Committees subject to the approval by the Legislature.

The Code of Ethics Board was established for the further administration of the above-mentioned act. The board is composed of five members who are nominated by the Governor, three from among the officers and employees subject to his jurisdiction and two laymen, all subject to confirmation by the Legislature.

The legislative and elective members of the committee and the board receive no compensation for their services, other than the salary allowed them by law but are reimbursed for their expenses. The lay members of the committee and board are paid fifty dollars for each day engaged in the performance of their duties plus expenses. The term of the members of the committee and board end on the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in January in each odd-numbered year.

The duties of the Conflicts of Interest Committee and the Code of Ethics Board are as follows: To elucidate and provide guidance in areas of possible conflicts of interest and of ethics which are not now clearly defined, to encourage and promote independence and impartiality in the state's officials and employees, to insure that governmental decisions and policy be made in the proper channels of governmental structure, to eradicate the use of public office for private gain other than the compensation provided by law, and to establish public confidence in the integrity of government. The committee and the board are empowered to hold hearings, adopt and file with the Legislature rules and regulations necessary for the performance of their duties.

The act itself does offer a means to any person who is in doubt as to the propriety of action proposed to be taken by him, to seek from the committee or board an advisory opinion. It states procedures to follow in seeking an investigation of one's own conduct or of allegations made by

other persons as to one's actions, and the act delineates the manner in which any person may file with the committee or board a written sworn statement charging a violation of the provisions of this act against any person subject to its jurisdiction. It requires all individuals who fall within its capacity to file a disclosure statement, which in general terms portrays areas of interest, the major source or sources of private income, and any additional information the person making the disclosure might desire, and if applicable, requires each officer or head of an agency to file with the committee a code of ethics governing the activities of his or its employees.

Although Nebraska's conflicts of interest law has enjoyed only a brief existence, through the use of disclosure statements and a greater awareness of this law, there has been a worthy impact on the development of public policy and conscientiousness.

Under the provisions of LB 987 passed in 1976 the Code of Ethics Board will be replaced by the Nebraska Accountability and Disclosure Commission, effective July 1, 1977.

NEBRASKA COMMISSION ON DRUGS

Members	Terms Expire
James Arntzen, Lincoln	February 1, 1978
Madeline Coder, Wellfleet	February 1, 1980
James H. Kinney, Lincoln	February 1, 1980
Penni Pirsch, Omaha	February 1, 1978
Franklin Sams, Omaha	February 1, 1980
William Moss, Bellevue	February 1, 1980
Mrs. Kathleen Robacker, Ogallala	February 1, 1978
Richard Sanders, Norfolk	February 1, 1980
Bernard Stutheit, Kearney	February 1, 1980
Mrs. Milton G. Waldbaum, Omaha	February 1, 1980
Rev. Rex Bevins, Lincoln	February 1, 1978
John T. Elder, Jr., Omaha	February 1, 1978
Lieutenant Larry Hanus, Lincoln	February 1, 1978
Dr. Jack Lewis, Omaha	February 1, 1980
Mrs. Albert Nejezchleb, Fairfield	February 1, 1978
James W. Perryman, Omaha	February 1, 1978
Dan Roh, Abie	February 1, 1978
Dr. Allan Roehl, Scottsbluff	February 1, 1980
Tom Ryan, Heartwell	February 1, 1980
Mrs. Lawrence Richter, Kearney	February 1, 1980

The Nebraska Commission on Drugs was created by executive order by Governor Norbert Tiemann, May 1970, then by Governor J. James Exon in January 1971. The Legislature established the commission in May 1971. The commission is composed of twenty members. They are appointed by the Governor. The commission is designed to provide a cross section of opinions on the topic of drug abuse. Membership includes youth, minority, housewives, businessmen, and professionals.

The purpose of the commission is to join interested lay and professional people in Nebraska in concerted effort to prevent and alleviate the problem of drug abuse. The commission deals with education, treatment, law enforcement, legislation and research.

The commission employs an Executive Director who is responsible for carrying on commission business between monthly meetings.

The commission's duties include: evaluation of research and studies already accomplished; coordination and cooperation with all governmental and private agencies providing information and services surrounding drug abuse on the local, state and national level; holding hearings to gather expert testimony; conducting studies of the extent of drug abuse in schools, colleges, universities, and communities; visiting and inspecting existing rehabilitation facilities throughout the state; obtaining information from other states regarding their programs to control drug abuse and evaluating these programs; and handling publicity, correspondence and public relations matters affecting drug abuse; develop comprehensive programs for the prevention, control and abatement of drug abuse; authorization to accept and administer loans and grants from the Federal government and from other sources, public and private, for the purposes of carrying out any functions, which loans and grants shall not be expended for other than the purpose for which they are provided.

COMPACT FOR EDUCATION

The 1967 Legislature adopted the Compact for Education which proposes: 1. to establish and maintain close cooperation and understanding among executive, legislative, professional educational and law leadership on a nationwide basis at the state and local levels; 2. to provide a forum for the discussion and development of public policy alternatives in the field of education; 3. to provide a clearing house of information on matters relating to educational problems and how they are being met in different places throughout the nation; and 4. to facilitate the improvement of state and local educational systems.

NEBRASKA EDUCATION COMMISSION OF THE STATES

J. J. Exon ..... Governor
William H. Hasebroock ..... State Legislator
Gerald D. Koch ..... State Legislator
Frank Lewis ..... State Legislator
Anne Campbell ..... Lincoln
Ross Rasmussen ..... Lincoln

The membership of the Nebraska Education Commission of the states is composed of the Governor, four members of the Legislature selected by the Executive Board of the Legislative Council, and two members appointed by the Governor.

NEBRASKA EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION

Members	Terms Expire
Dr. Philip Heckman, Crete (Private Colleges)	January 9, 1979
Dr. Edwin C. Nelson, Chadron (State Colleges)	January 9, 1979
Mrs. June Popken, Brady (Class II School District)	January 9, 1979
James D. Johnson, Kearney (Class III School District)	January 9, 1979
Mrs. Dorithy Obbink, Lincoln (Class IV School District)	January 9, 1979
Alvin Gilmore, Omaha (Class V School District)	January 9, 1979
Donald J. Conrad, Blair (Class I or VI School District)	January 9, 1979

Ex officio members
Anne M. Campbell, Commissioner of Education
Durward B. Varner, President, University of Nebraska
Paul E. Few, Assistant Secretary
Jack G. McBride, Secretary

The Nebraska Educational Television Commission is composed of nine members, seven of whom are appointed by the Governor with the approval of the Legislature for a four-year term. At least two members must be appointed from each congressional district. By law the commission membership includes the Commissioner of Education or his designee, and the President of the University of Nebraska or his designee. Other members must include a representative of the state colleges and a representative of private educational institutions in the state. The commission must also include a resident of a school district from each of the classes: Class II, Class III, Class IV, Class V, Class I or Class VI. No more than four of the members shall be actively engaged in the teaching profession or administration of an educational institution. No member of the commission receives any compensation for services. Reimbursement is provided for reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in attending scheduled meetings of the commission, or the conduct of commission business.

The Nebraska Educational Television Commission was created under provision of the Nebraska Educational Television Act passed by the Legislature in its 1963 session. The act charges the commission with responsibility for developing a statewide noncommercial educational television network and program service.

In fulfillment of that responsibility, the commission has developed a nine-station, interconnected network virtually blanketing the state. The network represents a capital investment of approximately $5.5 million. Capital construction costs have been defrayed by Legislative appropriations, substantial contributions by private individuals and concerns, and by federal matching grants provided under the Educational Television Facilities Act of 1964.

The commission is licensee of eight Nebraska ETV Network stations: KLNE-TV, Channel 3, Lexington; KYNE-TV, Channel 26, Omaha; KTNE-TV, Channel 13, Alliance; KPNE-TV, Channel 9, North Platte; KMNE-TV, Channel 7, Bassett; KXNE-TV, Channel 19, Norfolk; KHNE-TV, Channel 29, Hastings; and KRNE-TV, Channel 12M, Merriman.

KUON-TV, Channel 12, Lincoln, the hub station of the network and the nation's seventh oldest ETV station, is licensed to the Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska.

In addition, the commission has activated eleven translators in various sections of the state to help improve reception in certain communities.

The commission has determined that three basic types of program service will be offered on the network. Morning and afternoon hours are devoted principally to instructional telecasts for use in classrooms from kindergarten through college levels, and to in-service training for teachers. Continuing and adult education programs for professional as well as nonprofessional audiences are seen at various times throughout the day. During late afternoon, evening and weekend hours, the network airs for adults and children a variety of cultural, informational and educational programs commonly termed "public television."

Pursuant to an act passed by the Legislature in 1971, daytime instructional programs for use in the elementary and secondary schools are provided on the Nebraska ETV Network through the Nebraska Department of Education ITV Services. Two program schedules are offered: one on the statewide network and the other utilizing KYNE-TV, Channel 26, which serves the metropolitan Omaha area and other selected communities through cable service.

Programs for use by colleges and universities are offered through the Nebraska Educational Television Council for Higher Education, Inc. (NETCHE); programs for schools of nursing are provided by the Nebraska Television Council for Nursing Education, Inc. (NTCNE).

Continuing education programs for adults and telecourses for professional audiences (doctors, pharmacists, law enforcement officers, etc.) are offered by University of Nebraska Television. University of Nebraska Television also is responsible for providing the network's public television programming schedule.

Under Federal Communications Commission regulations, the Nebraska Educational Television Commission is responsible for all programs telecast on the network. Therefore, procedures have been established whereby all programming proposed for broadcast on the network is submitted to the commission for its advance approval.

The commission contracts with Nebraska telephone companies to provide microwave interconnection of network transmitters between production studios at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln, and the University of Nebraska at Omaha, and with a network operations center at the University of Nebraska, Lincoln. Programs normally are delayed one hour by videotape recording at KPNE for replay on KTNE and KRNE, both serving areas of the state in the Mountain Time Zone.

All operations of the Nebraska ETV Network are housed at the Nebraska Educational Telecommunications Center, 1800 North 33rd Street, Lincoln, NE 68503 (Box 83111, Lincoln 68501).

In addition to the network, the commission, NETCHE, and NTCNE, the building houses the Great Plains National Instructional Television Library, the State University of Nebraska (SUN), Nebraskans for Public Television, Inc., and the Telecommunications Systems Division of the Department of Administrative Services.

All transmitting stations of the Nebraska ETV Network are capable of broadcasting color programs. Films, videotaped and live national and local network productions are aired regularly in color.

The commission defrays the cost of operating a mobile production unit which permits both instructional and public television programs to be aired from anywhere in the state.

The commission has developed by-laws and devised a variety of policies under which it functions and the network operates. Four subcommittees (executive, fiscal, programming, closed circuit television, and personnel) are responsible to the commission for detailed study of specific aspects of the educational television service for Nebraska.

In order to facilitate the several aspects of network operations, the commission has several advisory committees, including a three-member technical advisory committee, and a sixty-member program advisory committee.

The majority of the commission's meetings are held at the Nebraska Educational Telecommunications Center.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS AND ARCHITECTS

Members	Terms Expire
Clifford L. Dier, Engineer—Lincoln	February 28, 1980
Fritz C. Vierk, Architect—Lincoln	February 28, 1981
Sidney J. Artt, Jr., Engineer, Lincoln	February 28, 1977
Arthur D. Johnson, Architect—Omaha	February 28, 1979
Walter W. Dorothy, Engineer—Omaha	February 28, 1978

The Legislature of 1937 passed a law creating a Board of Examiners for Professional Engineers and Architects. Five members appointed by the Governor for five-year terms constitute the board. Each must be a citizen of the United States, not less than thirty-five years of age, and a resident of Nebraska for one year prior to appointment. Each must have been engaged in the active practice of engineering or architecture for at least ten years and must have had responsible charge of work for at least five years at the time of his appointment, and must be a registered engineer or architect. Three of the five members must be professional engineers and two must be professional architects. Members receive $40.00 per diem plus necessary expenses.

The purpose of the board is to register qualified engineers and architects, and to revoke registrations when necessary in conformity with

law. The office is supported by fees paid by registrants. The board reports directly to the Governor.

EQUAL OPPORTUNITY COMMISSIOM

Members	Terms Expire
Daniel Ferreyra, Scottsbluff	September 25, 1979
Paul Ess, Lincoln	September 25, 1979
Mrs. Barbara Coffey, Omaha	September 25, 1978
Mrs. Frances Dunson, Omaha	September 25, 1978
Mrs. Dorothy Holstein, Winnebago	September 25, 1977
Mrs. Ruth Short, Omaha	September 25, 1977
Richard P. Vinal, Omaha	September 25, 1978

Lawrence R. Myers, Executive Director

The Equal Opportunity Commission operates under the Nebraska Fair Employment Practice Act, Equal Pay Act, Civil Rights Act of 1969 and the Act Prohibiting Unjust Discrimination in Employment Because of Age. The commission consists of seven members appointed by the Governor for three-year staggered terms. The commission elects one member to serve as chairman of the commission. Members of the commission receive no compensation but are reimbursed for their expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.

1. Employment—Fair Employment Practice Act—

The commission investigates charges of alleged employment discrimination when a person feels he/she has been discriminated against because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, or disability. Charges of alleged employment discrimination must be filed within 180 days of the alleged discriminatory act and there must be 15 or more employees. Jurisdiction covers employers, employment agencies, labor organizations and joint labor-management committees. The commission has the power to investigate specific complaints, hold hearings, subpoena witnesses, administer oaths and take testimony. The commission may obtain a court decree for enforcement of an order.

2. Employment—Equal Pay Act—

No employer shall discriminate between employees in the same establishment on the basis of sex, by paying wages to any employee in such establishment at a wage rate less than the rate at which the employer pays any employee of the opposite sex in such establishment for equal work on jobs which require equal skill, effort and responsibility under similar working conditions. Wage differentials are not within this prohibition where such payments are made pursuant to: (a) an established seniority system; (b) a merit increase system; or (c) a system which measures earning by quality of production or any factor other than sex. Charges of alleged discrimination can be filed against employers having 25 or more employees.

3. Employment—Act Prohibiting Unjust Discrimination in Employment Because of Age—

The prohibitions of Sections 48-1001 to 48-1009 of this Act, shall be limited to the employment of individuals who are at least 40 years of age but less than 65 years of age.

The right to employment otherwise lawful without discrimination because of age, where the reasonable demands of the position do not require such an age distinction, is hereby recognized as and declared to be a right of all the people of the State which shall be protected as provided in Sections 48-1001 to 48-1009. Charges of alleged discrimination can be filed against employers having 25 or more employees and others who meet the definition of a person as defined by the Act.

4. Housing—Civil Rights Act of 1969—

It is also the policy of Nebraska to prohibit discrimination based on race, religion, color, national origin in the acquisition, ownership, possession, or enjoyment of housing throughout the State of Nebraska. When the commission determines that any incorporated city has enacted an ordinance that is equivalent to this act and has established an agency to administer such ordinance, the commission will refer all housing discrimination complaints in such city to the appropriate local agency. If the Commission determines that the local agency is not handling the complaint with reasonable promptness, or that the protection of the rights of the parties requires such action, the commission may regain jurisdiction. A complaint should be filed within 180 days. If the commission has determined there is probable cause and has been unable to obtain voluntary compliance with this act, the commission commences civil action in the district court of the county in which the complaint arose.

5. Public Accommodations—Civil Rights Act of 1969—

Citizens of Nebraska shall be entitled to a full and equal enjoyment of any place of public accommodations without discrimination or segregation on the grounds of race, color, sex, religion, national origin, or ancestry. Any person claiming to be aggrieved by an unlawful discriminatory practice, may file a complaint with the Nebraska Equal Opportunity Commission. A complaint must be filed within ten (10) days after the alleged act of discrimination happened. Exceptions from coverage of this law are places owned and operated exclusively for a specific religious association and private establishments not open to the general public.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION AND ASSESSMENT

J. J. Exon ..... Governor
Allen J. Beermann ..... Secretary of State
Ray A. C. Johnson ..... Auditor of Public Accounts
Frank Marsh ..... Treasurer
William E. Peters ..... Tax Commissioner

The Territorial Auditor in 1855 determined the amount to be raised by each county for territorial tax. In 1857 the Legislature adopted the Revenue Code of Iowa for Nebraska territory. This code provided for a Census Board which was to exercise the functions of a Board of Equalization. In 1858 the Legislature provided that the Territorial Auditor and Treasurer should constitute the Territorial Board of Equalization. A further amendment in 1864 added the Governor to this Board, which continued unchanged until 1903 when the Secretary of State and Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings were added. At this time the board was authorized to appoint a secretary.

A constitutional amendment adopted in September, 1920, substituted the Tax Commissioner for the Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings as a member of the board. The Tax Commissioner is appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Legislature, and has jurisdiction over the administration of all revenue laws of the state, subject to review by the Board of Equalization.

The Board of Equalization and Assessment has the following duties and powers:

1. Establishes the assessed valuation for purposes of taxation of carriers, such as railroads, private car line companies, and nonresident bus and truck companies, and establishes the franchise value of certain public service corporations.

2. Equalizes the assessments of property in the several counties, and has power to raise or lower the assessed valuation of any county.

3. Determines the state individual income tax rates and the sales and use tax rates necessary to meet the funding requirements created by legislative appropriations and express obligations.

4. Rules on appeals from sales and use and income tax determinations by the Department of Revenue.

COMMISSION ON FIRE FIGHTING PERSONNEL STANDARDS AND EDUCATION

Members	Terms Expire
William C. McDonnel, Omaha	October 27, 1977
Russell D. Salak, Schuyler	October 27, 1977
John J. Gabarron, Lincoln	October 27, 1977
George Arnett, Grand Island	October 27, 1980
Ed O'Shaughnessy, South Sioux City	October 27, 1980
Anne M. Campbell, Commissioner of Education, Ex officio	

In 1971 the Commission on Fire Fighting Personnel Standards and Education was created by the Legislature. The commission is composed of five members who are appointed by the Governor. Initial appointees serve three- and six-year staggered terms, successors serve for six-year terms. All full-term appointments require confirmation by the Legisla-

ture. The members receive no compensation but are allowed necessary expenses.

The duties of the commission are to: certify fire fighting training and education programs; certify fire department instructors; direct research in fire fighting and prevention; and recommend curricula for advanced courses and seminars in fire science and engineer training in colleges and institutions of higher education.

GAME AND PARKS COMMISSION

Members	Terms Expire
H. B. "Tod" Kuntzelman, North Platte, Fifth District	January 15, 1980
Richard W. Nisley, Roca, First District	January 15, 1981
Arthur D. Brown, Omaha, Second District	January 15, 1977
Kenneth W. Zimmerman, Loup City, Sixth District	September 6, 1977
Don O. Bridge, Norfolk, Third District	January 15, 1978
William G. Lindeken, Chadron, Seventh District	January 15, 1979
Gerald R. Campbell, Ravenna, Fourth District	September 6, 1979

Eugene T. Mahoney, Director.

Publications: NEBRASKAland and Nebraska Afield & Afloat, monthly periodicals; Game Laws; NEBRASKAland Hunting, Fishing and Boating Guides; Annual Report; Fishing Nebraska; NEBRASKAland Calendar of Color; Add an Acre Join NEBRASKAland Acres for Wildlife; GAME COVER . . . our habitat hangup; Plattsmouth Waterfowl Area; Sacramento Game Management Area; maps of various Nebraska reservoirs; History of Nebraska Fishery Resources; Ponds for Nebraskans; Outdoor Fun in the Salt Valley; The Fish and Wildlife Plan; Time Out for Carp; Field Care for Big Game; Duck Identification Guide for Hunters; Recreation Guide to the Pine Ridge Area; The Fishes of Nebraska; Holdout for Habitat; Nesting Sites Needed; Fort Kearny; Fort Hartsuff; Fort Atkinson; Buffalo Bill Ranch State Historical Park; Arbor Lodge State Historical Park; Ponca State Park; Chadron State Park; Ash Hollow State Historical Park; Two Rivers State Recreation Area; Fremont State Recreation Area; Nebraska Parklands; A Guide To Ice Fishing in Nebraska; Your Wildlife Lands . . . The Platte Valley; Your Wildlife Lands. . .The Panhandle; Your Wildlife Lands . . . The Northeast; Your Wildlife Lands . . . The Southeast; Your Wildlife Lands . . . The Sand Hills; The Wild Turkey in Nebraska; Crane River; The Pronghorn Antelope; The Bobwhite Quail; The Rainbow Trout in the North Platte Valley; Deer of Nebraska; Mourning Dove . . . Game Bird Extraordinary; Facts About the Pheasant; Grove Lake Wildlife Area; Iron Horse Trail; Life History and Ecology of the Ring-necked Pheasant in Nebraska (technical publication); The Ring-necked Pheasant in Nebraska (popular version of above); Nebraska Camping Guide and Park Regulations; More than Wildlife and

Parks—The Nebraska Game and Parks Commission; State Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP); Outdoor Recreation for Nebraska (popular version of SCORP); Staff Affairs (employee newsletter); Paddlefish . . . What About Tomorrow?; Planting for Wildlife; Grasses and Legumes for Wildlife; Whats Bugging That Fish . . . An Angler's Guide to Fish Diseases and Parasites; Blood and Tissue Identification (parts 1 and 2); Safe Boating.

An act approved February 24, 1879, created a Board of Fish Commissioners "for the propagation and distribution of fish in the public waters of Nebrsaka." The Legislature of 1901 provided for a Game and Fish Commission, of which the Governor was the commissioner, with two deputies, one of whom was required to reside in Lincoln and manage the office, while the other managed the fish hatcheries at South Bend and Valentine. The Legislature of 1919 did away with the commission and placed the administration of game and fish laws under the Department of Agriculture where it became known as the Bureau of Game and Fish.

The Legislature of 1921 created a State Park Board in the Department of Public Works. The board consisted of the Governor, secretary of the department, and six members appointed by the Governor to serve for terms of six years each.

The Legislature of 1923 amended the laws by attaching the board to the Department of Horticulture of the University of Nebraska.

The Legislature of 1929 replaced the Bureau of Game and Fish, and the State Park Board by the Game, Forestation and Parks Commission. This consisted of five members appointed by the Governor for five-year terms, with the consent of a majority of each house of the Legislature. They received ten dollars a day and their expenses for time actually devoted to the business of the commission. The Governor was an ex officio member and chairman of the commission, and appointed, upon recommendation of the commission, a chief game warden, who was an ex officio member and secretary to the commission. The Legislature of 1935 rewrote the law and it was amended again in 1947 and 1949. The 1967 Legislature created a new post of state forester (within the University of Nebraska), thus removing the responsibility for forestation from the commission, and changed its name to Game and Parks Commission.

The commission now consists of seven persons, one from each of the seven districts provided by law, appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Legislature for five-year terms. Members of the commission must be legal residents and citizens of Nebraska and must be well informed on wildlife conservation and restoration. At least two members of the commission must be actually engaged in agricultural pursuits and must reside on a farm or ranch and not more than four of the members of the commission must be affiliated with one political party. Members other than the secretary receive no salary, but are allowed a per diem of

$15.00 for days actually on business of the commission and their necessary expenses. The commission appoints a secretary who acts as Director and Chief Conservation Officer. The law provides for civil service rules to be applied by the Director in making appointments of conservation officers. The commission has "sole charge of state parks, game and fish and all things pertaining thereto." It is maintained from the proceeds of fish and game permits and collections arising from convictions of violations of the game laws involving the assessment of liquidated damages. These moneys are held by the state treasury in a state game fund. This fund is used for administering and developing the fish and game resources of the state. Enforcement and administration of the boating law and the construction and maintenance of boating facilities is also financed by proceeds from the Game Fund, which receives all boat registration monies. Special appropriations by the Legislature support state parks. The Land and Water Conservation Fund, which is a federal grant-in-aid program designed to assist the state and its political subdivisions in acquisition and development of outdoor recreation facilities, is also administered by the commission.

DISTRICTS FROM WHICH MEMBERS OF GAME AND PARKS COMMISSION ARE APPOINTED

District No. 1: Richardson, Pawnee, Nemaha, Johnson, Otoe, Cass, Lancaster, Saunders, Butler, Gage, Seward, Saline and Jefferson Counties.

District No. 2: Sarpy and Douglas Counties.

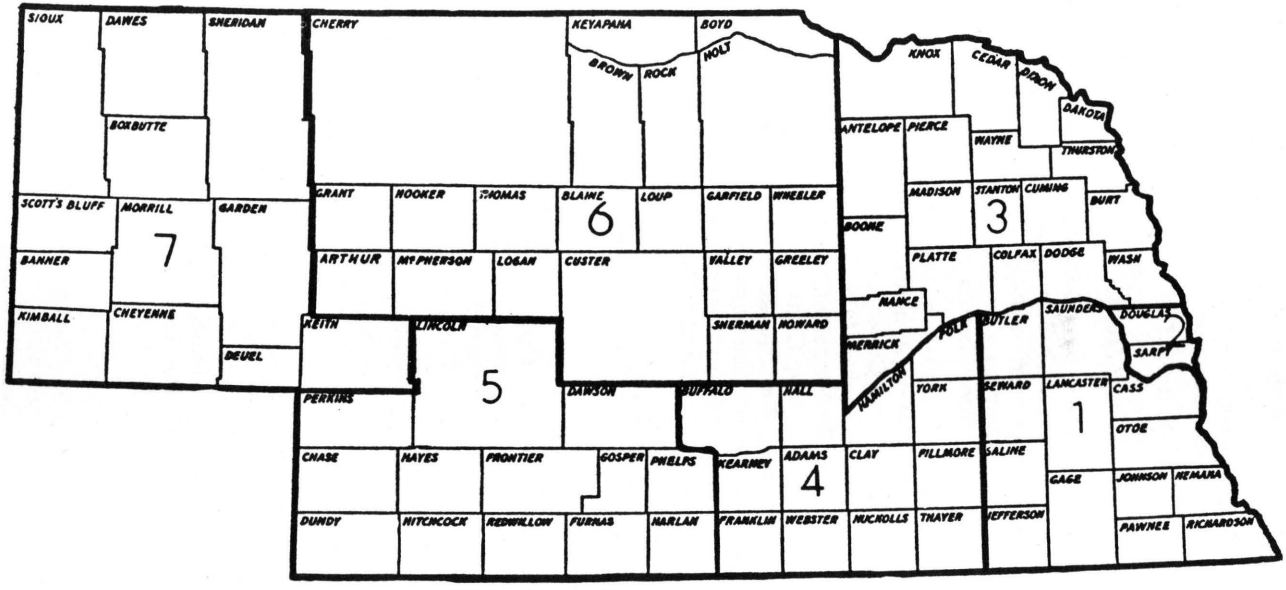
District No. 3: Washington, Dodge, Colfax, Platte, Merrick, Nance, Boone, Madison, Stanton, Cuming, Burt, Thurston, Wayne, Pierce, Antelope, Knox, Cedar, Dixon and Dakota Counties.

District No. 4: Thayer, Nuckolls, Webster, Adams, Clay, Fillmore, York, Polk, Hamilton, Hall, Buffalo, Kearney and Franklin Counties.

District No. 5: Harlan, Furnas, Red Willow, Hitchcock, Dundy, Chase, Hayes, Frontier, Gosper, Phelps, Dawson, Lincoln and Perkins Counties.

District No. 6: Howard, Greeley, Wheeler, Sherman, Valley, Garfield, Holt, Boyd, Keya Paha, Rock, Brown, Loup, Blaine, Custer, Logan, McPherson, Arthur, Grant, Hooker, Thomas and Cherry Counties.

District No. 7: Deuel, Garden, Keith, Sheridan, Cheyeene, Morrill, Box Butte, Dawes, Sioux, Scotts Bluff, Banner and Kimball Counties.



GAME AND PARK COMMISSION DISTRICTS

PUBLIC USE AREAS

The Game Commission operates fish hatcheries at Grove Lake, North Platte, Rock Creek, and Valentine.

State parks include Chadron, Dawes County; Fort Robinson, Dawes and Sioux Counties; Indian Cave, Richardson County; Niobrara, Knox County; and Ponca, Dixon County.

Historical parks include Arbor Lodge, Otoe County; Ash Hollow and Blue Water Battlefield Overlook Site, Garden County; Champion Mill, Chase County; Fort Atkinson, Washington County; Fort Hartsuff, Valley County; Fort Kearney, Kearney County; Buffalo Bill's Ranch, Lincoln County; and Rock Creek Pony Express Station, Jefferson County.

The Game Commission also manages 53 recreation areas. These are Alexandria, Jefferson County; Arnold, Custer County; Atkinson, Holt County; Bluestem, Lancaster County; Bowman, Sherman County; Box Butte, Dawes County; Branched Oak, Lancaster County; Bridgeport, Morrill County; Brownville, Nemaha County; Champion, Chase County; Conestoga, Lancaster County; Cottonwood, Cherry County; Crystal, Adams County; Dead Timber, Dodge County; Enders, Chase County; Ferry Landing, Knox County; Fremont Lakes, Dodge County; Gallagher Canyon, Dawson County; Hord, Merrick County; Johnson, Dawson-Gosper Counties; Kearney, Kearney County; Lake McConaughy, Keith County; Lake Minatare, Scotts Bluff County; Lake Ogallala, Keith County; Lewis and Clark, Knox County; Long Lake, Brown County; Long Pine, Brown County; Louisville, Cass County; Maloney, Lincoln County; Medicine Creek, Frontier County; Memphis, Saunders County; Merritt, Cherry County; Olive Creek, Lancaster County; Pawnee, Lancaster County; Pibel, Wheeler, County; Ravenna, Buffalo County; Red Willow, Frontier County; Riverview, Otoe County; Rockford Lake, Gage County; Rock Creek, Dundy County; Schramm Park, Sarpy County; Sherman Reservoir, Sherman County; Stagecoach, Lancaster County; Swanson, Hitchcock County; Two Rivers, Douglas County; Verdon, Richardson County; Victoria Springs, Custer County; Wagon Train, Lancaster County; Walgren, Sheridan County; Wildcat Hills, Scotts Bluff County; and Yankee Hill, Lancaster County.

Twenty-five wayside areas are also managed by the Game Commission. They are American Legion Memorial, Adams County; Arikaree, Dundy County; Beaver Creek, Sherman County; Beaver Dam, Dakota County; Blackbird, Burt County; Blue River and Blue Valley, Seward County; Chalkmine, Greeley County; Cheyenne, Hall County; Cockran, Dawes County; Crosstrails, Fillmore County; D.L.D., Adams County; Elkhorn, Madison County; Fort McPherson, Lincoln County; Little Nemaha, Otoe County; Lodgepole, Kimball County; Millstone, Madison County, Mormon Island, Hall County; Mormon Trail, Merrick County; North Loup, Howard County; Pioneer, Saunders County; Republican Valley, Webster County; Union Pacific, Buffalo County; War Axe, Buffalo County and Windmill, Buffalo County.

SPECIAL USE AREAS

One hundred and twenty-one special use areas (wildlife areas) are also managed by the Nebraska Game and Parks Commission including Alexandria, Jefferson Co.; American Game Marsh, Brown Co.; Arcadia Diversion Dam, Custer Co.; Ash Grove, Franklin Co.; Ballards Marsh, Cherry Co.; Bartley Diversion Dam, Red Willow Co.; Bassway Strip, Buffalo Co.; Basswood Ridge, Dakota Co.; Bazile Creek, Knox Co.; Beaver Bend, Boone Co.; Big Alkali, Cherry Co.; Big Springs, Keith Co.; Birdwood Lake, Lincoln Co.; Bittersweet, Deuel Co.; Blue Bluff, Seward Co.; Blue Heron and Blue Hole, Dawson Co.; Blue Hole East, Buffalo Co.; Borman Bridge, Cherry Co.; Box Elder Canyon and Brady, Lincoln Co.; Branched Oak, Lancaster Co.; Bufflehead, Buffalo Co.; Burchard Lake, Pawnee Co.; Cambridge Diversion Dam, Furnas Co.; Cattail, Hall Co.; Clear Creek, Keith and Garden Co.s; Coot Shallows, Buffalo Co.; Cornhusker, Hall Co.; Cottonwood Canyon, Lincoln Co.; Cozad, Darr, and Darr Strip, Dawson Co.; Denman Island, Buffalo Co.; Diamond Lake, Gage Co.; Dogwood, East Cozad, East Darr, and East Gothenburg, Dawson Co.; East Hershey, Lincoln Co.; East Odessa, Buffalo Co.; East Sutherland, Lincoln Co.; East Willow Island, Dawson Co.; Enders Reservoir, Chase Co.; James Ranch, Sioux-Dawes Co.; Fremont Slough, Lincoln Co.; Gallagher Canyon, Dawson Co.; Goldeneye and Goldenrod, Deuel Co.; Gilbert-Baker, Sioux Co.; Goose Lake, Holt Co.; Grove Lake, Antelope Co.; Hansen Memorial Reserve, Lincoln Co.; Hayes Center, Hayes Co.; Hedgefield, Lancaster Co.; Hershey, Lincoln Co.; Hull Lake, Boyd Co.; Iron Horse Trail, Gage, Pawnee and Richardson Co.s; Jeffrey Lake, Lincoln Co.; Kea Lake & Kea West, Buffalo Co.; Killdeer, Lancaster Co.; Kinter's Ford, Richardson Co.; Limestone Bluffs, Franklin Co.; Loch Linda, Hall Co.; Lone Tree, Merrick Co.; Medicine Creek Reservoir, Frontier Co.; Metcalf, Sheridan Co.; Middle Decatur Bend, Burt Co.; Midway, Dawson Co.; Milburn Dam, Blaine Co.; Nine Mile Creek, Scottsbluff Co.; Northeast Sacramento, Kearney Co.; Ogallala Strip, Keith Co.; Omadi Bend, Dakota County; Overton, Dawson Co.; Oxford, Furnas Co.; Pawnee Prairie, Pawnee Co.; Peterson, Sioux Co.; Pine Glen, Brown Co.; Plattsmouth, Cass Co.; Plum Creek, Dawson and Gosper Co.s; Ponderosa, Dawes Co.; Pressey, Custer Co.; Rat and Beaver Lake, Cherry Co.; Red Willow Diversion Dam, Red Willow Co.; Red Willow Reservoir, Frontier Co.; Sacramento-Wilcox, Phelps Co.; Sandy Channel, Buffalo and Phelps Co.s; Schlagel Creek, Cherry Co.; Shady Trail, Saline Co.; Sherman Reservoir, Sherman Co.; Skull Creek, Butler Co.; Sioux Strip, Wayne Co.; Smartweed Marsh, Nuckolls Co.; Smith Lake, Sheridan Co.; South Sacramento, Harlan Co.; South Twin Lake, Brown Co.; Southeast Sacramento, Harlan Co.; Spencer Dam, Holt Co.; Sutherland Reservoir, Lincoln Co.; Swanson Reservoir, Hitchcock Co.; Teal, Lancaster Co.; Twin Lakes, Seward Co.; Wanamaker, Chase Co.; Wellfleet and West Brady, Lincoln Co.; West Cozad and West Elm Creek, Dawson Co.; West Gothenburg, West Hershey, and West Maxwell, Lincoln Co.; West Sacramento, Phelps Co.; Whitetail, Colfax Co.; Willow Island, Dawson Co.; Willow Lake, Cherry Co.; Wilson Creek,

Otoe Co.; Wood Duck, Stanton Co.; Wood River West, Hall Co.; Yankee Hill, Lancaster Co.; Yellowbanks, Madison Co.

The Game Commission operates state game refuges created by the Legislature in Boyd, Dodge, Douglas, Holt, Keya Paha, Lincoln, Rock, Saunders and Garden Counties. A game farm is operated at Wilcox.

Five district headquarters are maintained including offices at Alliance, Bassett, Norfolk, North Platte, and Lincoln. Each field headquarters is assigned a supervisory conservation officer, a fisheries manager, game manager, resource services manager, labor, and crew.

NEBRASKA COMMISSION ON THE STATUS OF WOMEN

Members	Terms Expire
Maxine Moul: Chairperson, 344 Park St. Syracuse 68446	July 9, 1977
Joan Tomlinson: Vice-Chairperson, 1345 Washington Lincoln 68502	July 9, 1977
Princie Brown: Secretary, 3484 Ames Avenue Omaha 68111	July 9, 1979
Catharine Nore: Treasurer, Genoa 68640	July 9, 1978
Dorothy Andrew: 11217 N. 61st St. Omaha 68114	July 9, 1977
Pauline Benson: Pender 68047	July 9, 1977
Tom Booth: 1925 Manor Court Lincoln 68506	July 9, 1977
Gladys Dalton: Wausa 68786	July 9, 1977
Marialice Dennis: 908 Hackberry Court 2304 Bellevue 68005	July 9, 1978
Al Drouillard: 7617 Burt St. Omaha 68114	July 9, 1977
Hope Eddy: Box 871 Grand Island 68801	July 9, 1977
Seanne Emerton: Taylor 68879	July 9, 1979
Faye Gomez: 2131 S. 61st St. Omaha 68106	July 9, 1979
Martha Greer: 2710 Woodcrest Avenue Lincoln 68502	July 9, 1977
Mary Horan: Box 161 Heartwell 68045	July 9, 1977
Joan Kocina: 4904 Walnut Omaha 68106	July 9, 1979
Barbara Kratz: 1850 S. 105th St. Omaha 68105	July 9, 1978
Ruth Kruse: 6341 Starr St. Lincoln 68505	July 9, 1979
Kathlyn King Lundgren: Box 1086 Scottsbluff 69361	July 9, 1979
Ruth Maresh: Milligan 68046	July 9, 1978
Roberta McGowen: Ulysses 68669	July 9, 1978
Shirley Meckel: 230 5th Avenue Burwell 68823	July 9, 1979
Theresa Medina: 1884 3rd St., Gering 69341	July 9, 1979
Martha Mueller: 1003 E. "H" St. Ogallala 69153	July 9, 1978
Suzanne Pankonin: 202 E. 2nd St. Louisville 68037	July 9, 1978
Rosemary Skrupa: 10231 Krug Avenue Omaha 68124	July 9, 1978
Norma Strunk: 1510 Parkway Drive McCook 69001	July 9, 1979
Marie Vogt: Bancroft 68004	July 9, 1978
Julie Walstrom: 1212 "D" Apt. 3 Lincoln 68508	July 9, 1979
Clody Wright: Box 1114 DTS, Omaha 68111	July 9, 1978

In 1961 President John F. Kennedy created the President's Commission on the Status of Women, with the general purpose of reviewing

progress of women in the nation and to make recommendations needed for constructive action to advance the full partnership of men and women in our national life. Because of the importance of such a commission on a state level, Governor Frank B. Morrison appointed a group of distinguished Nebraskans on February 24, 1965, to his Governor's Commission on the Status of Women to make similar studies, reviews, and recommendations.

The purpose of the commission is to find ways and means of using to the best advantage—in the home and in the labor force—the great untapped resource of womanpower. The commission's areas of concern are policies and practices with respect to education, counseling and job training of women. Women as citizens and volunteer workers—public and private employment policies and practices within the state—state social insurance and tax laws as they affect the interest of women—legal treatment of women in regard to political and civil rights. The objectives of the Nebraska Governor's Commission on the Status of Women shall stress the needs for the development of potentials, interests, and talents of Nebraska citizens and shall encourage the utilization of capable individuals in roles of leadership. The duties of the Commission on the Status of Women shall be to emphasize studying the changing and developing roles of women in the American society.

The membership of the Nebraska Commission on the Status of Women shall consist of 30 members appointed by the Governor, with 5 members from each of the six state Judicial districts as they existed on January 1, 1971. Not more than one-half of the Commissioners may serve from one political party. Those appointed represent many interests and backgrounds, and serve without compensation. Appointments are for 3-year terms, and are staggered so that one-third of the membership is new each year. Through committees, the Commission explores in depth the following fields: Education and Counseling, Home and Community, Employment and Income Security, Women Under the Law, Communications-Public Relations, and Talent File.

Through an act of the legislature—LB819, the Governor's Commission on the Status of Women was made statutory on April 7, 1971. In 1975, the legislature statutorily changed the name to the Nebraska Commission on the Status of Women with the passage of LB251.

NEBRASKA HALL OF FAME COMMISSION

Members	Terms Expire
E. J. McBride, Blue Hill	September 14, 1981
Dr. Robert Manley, Lincoln	September 14, 1981
Mrs. Fred Wells, Lincoln	September 14, 1977
J. D. Anderson, Omaha	September 14, 1977
Mrs. Pauline Stuckey, Lexington	September 14, 1979
Mrs. Nellie Yost, North Platte	September 14, 1979

Marvin F. Kivett, Secretary, Lincoln
Ex Officio Member
J. J. Exon, Governor

The 1961 Legislature created the Nebraska Hall of Fame Commission. It consists of seven members, six of whom are appointed by the Governor. The Director of the Nebraska State Historical Society is the seventh member and serves as secretary. The members serve for initial staggered terms, thereafter, for six years. The Governor is an ex officio member of the commission.

The Nebraska Hall of Fame Commission was created to bring public attention to and recognition officially of those people who, in their lives, have achieved prominence and who were outstanding Nebraskans. The commission was empowered to name two persons to the Nebraska Hall of Fame during the first two years of its existence, and one person each two years thereafter. No person can be considered for recognition until at least ten years after his or her death.

Twelve prominent persons have been named to the Nebraska Hall of Fame. They are: George W. Norris, United States Senator, of McCook; Miss Willa Cather, Novelist, from Red Cloud; General John J. Pershing, whose home was in Lincoln; Father Edward Joseph Flanagan, Founder of Boys Town in Omaha; William F. Cody (Buffalo Bill), Army Scout and Showman of the West; William J. Bryan, Nebraska and National Political Figure; Bess Streeter Aldrich, Author and Interpreter of Nebraska pioneer life; John G. Neihardt, Nebraska Poet Laureate, 1921-1973; and J. Sterling Morton, founder of Arbor Day.

LB 670, passed by the 1976 Legislature, provided that the Commission could elect four additional persons in 1976, the Bicentennial Year. Under this provision three individuals were elected on August 9, 1976: Grace Abbott, Pioneer Social Worker who lived in Grand Island; Roscoe Pound, Noted Jurist who lived in Lincoln, and Mari Sandoz, Author and Historian of the Nebraska Sandhills. Pursuant to LB 1212 of the 80th Session of the Legislature (1969), Congressional Medal of Honor winners from the Civil War to date are also Hall of Fame members.

NEBRASKA COORDINATING COMMISSION FOR POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION

Mr. Ivan Abdouch, President, Universal Technical Institute ..... Omaha
Dr. Allen Burkhardt, Member, Northeast Technical Community College Board ..... Norfolk
Dr. Anne Campbell, Commissioner, State Board of Education ..... Lincoln
Mrs. Mary Carey, Secretary, Lay Member ..... Lincoln
Mr. Sam Jensen, Chairman, Lay Member ..... Omaha
Dr. Robert Koefoot, Member, University of Nebraska Board of Regents ..... Grand Island
Mr. Hal Lainson, Member, Hastings College Board ..... Hastings
Mr. Norris Leamer, Lay Member ..... South Sioux City
Mr. Murl Mauser, Member, Board of Trustees of Nebraska State Colleges ..... Big Springs
Mr. George Miller, Lay Member ..... Papillion
Dr. Ramey Whitney, Lay Member ..... Chappell
Mr. Wendell W. Wood, Vice Chairman, Lay Member ..... North Platte

The Nebraska Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education is a Commission established by the Legislature in the eighty-fourth legislative session. The Commission is broadly and equitably representative of the general public and public and private nonprofit and proprietary institutions of postsecondary education.

With its task of planning for the coordination of postsecondary education in the State, the Commission has the responsibility for preparing and administering the State plan as provided in the federal grant program under Title VII of the Higher Education Act of 1963 (Public Law 88-204), which consists of funds for construction of academic facilities, and the State plan as provided in the Higher Education Act of 1965, Title VI, Part A (funds for instructional equipment). This responsibility formerly resided with the Higher Education Facilities Commission.

The Commission will also administer the State Student Incentive Grant Program.

NEBRASKA INVESTMENT COUNCIL

Members	Terms Expire
Charles E. Blair, Hastings	September 18, 1981
E. K. Yanney, Lodgepole	September 18, 1977
Arthur C. Johnson, Omaha	September 18, 1978
George E. Howard, Lincoln	September 18, 1979
Glenn Chase, Lincoln	September 18, 1980

Donald J. Mathes, Investment Officer

The Nebraska Investment Council was established by the 1969 Legislature under LB 1345. It provides for the centralization of the investment of state funds, the types of investments that may be made for state funds, and the appointment of a state investment officer. The council is made up of five members appointed by the Governor with the approval of the Legislature. Members serve terms of five years each on a staggered basis. Members must be persons of good character and high standing in the community who are well known for their judgment and experience in business and financial affairs. The members serve without stipend but are paid a per diem and expenses for attending meetings.

The council has appointed a state investment officer who devotes his entire time and attention to the duties of his office. He is well qualified in the field of investment practices and policies. The state investment officer serves without term, but may be removed for cause by the council. His salary is fixed by the council.

The council meets regularly each month to review the investment of funds and the policies governing the methods, practices, and procedures followed by the state investment officer. Investments may be made in U.S. Government securities, certain federal agencies, certain political subdivisions, certificates of deposit, federal savings and loan accounts, corporate bonds, commercial paper, and common stock. No more than

five per cent of the total investment fund shall be invested in the obligations of any one corporate issuer and bonds must be rated AAA, AA, or A. Not more than twenty-five million dollars shall be invested in common stocks.

STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR LAND SURVEYORS

Members	Terms Expire
Fred F. Dickson, Lexington	February 28, 1980
William L. Rynearson, Omaha	August 27, 1981
Edwin D. Benjamin, Grand Island	February 28, 1978
Francis J. Naughtin, Omaha	February 28, 1979
Willis L. Brown, State Surveyor, Secretary Ex Officio	

The Legislature of 1957 eancted a law creating a State Board of Examiners for Land Surveyors. The law provided that the Director-State Engineer, State Surveyor, and the Dean of the College of Engineering, University of Nebraska, would constitute an ex officio board. The law also provided that the State Surveyor should be ex officio secretary of said board.

The 1971 Legislature enacted LB 442 which established an independent State Board of Examiners for Land Surveyors to consist of five members who are duly registered to practice land surveying. The act provides that the State Surveyor shall be ex officio secretary of the board and of all committees appointed by the board and the remaining members of the board shall be appointed by the Governor for a term of five years each.

The purpose of the board is to register qualified land surveyors and to revoke registrations when necessary in conformity with the law. The activities of the board must be self-supporting from fees paid by registrants. The fees are handled by the secretary of the board.

NEBRASKA COMMISSION ON LAW ENFORCEMENT AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE

Members	Terms Expire
J. James Exon, Governor	
Paul L. Douglas, Chairman	
Mrs. Don Abernethy, Grand Island	December 31, 1979
Richard R. Andersen, Chief of Police, Omaha	December 31, 1981
William F. Colwell, Judge, District Court Pawnee City, Nebraska	December 31, 1981
Ross Di Mauro, Assistant Chief of Police, Bellevue	December 31, 1977
James E. Dunlevey, State Court Administrator, Lincoln	December 31, 1979
George K. Hansen, Chief of Police, Lincoln	December 31, 1981

Ms. Molly Higgins O'Holleran, ... December 31, 1981
Bennett G. Hornstein, Ass't Public Defender, Omaha . December 31, 1979
Mrs. Clifford Jorgensen, Chairman, Nebraska
Committee for Children & Youth, Lincoln..... December 31, 1979
C. P. Karthauser, Superintendent, Nebraska State
Patrol, Lincoln ..... December 31, 1981
Patrick Kelly, Sarpy County Attorney, Papillion..... December 31, 1981
Frank U. Koehler, City Manager, Scottsbluff ..... December 31, 1981
Gaylon L. Kuchel, Professor, UNO—Omaha ..... December 31, 1981
W. Don Nelson, Director, State Office of
Planning and Programming, Lincoln..... December 31, 1977
W. W. Nuernberger, Judge, Juvenile Court, Lincoln..... December 31, 1981
John M. Paris, Dawes County Commissioner, Crawford
December 31, 1977
Geoffrey W. Peters, Associate Professor, Creighton
University, Omaha..... December 31, 1979
John Rohnert, Dawson County Sheriff, Lexington ..... December 31, 1981
Joseph C. Vitek, Director, Correctional Services, Lincoln
Harris R. Owens, Executive Director

Statute requires that Commission membership shall include, in addition to the Governor, the Attorney General, the Superintendent of the Nebraska State Patrol, the Director of Correctional Services, the Chief of Police of a city of over 200,000 population, the Chief of Police of a city of less than 200,000 a district court judge, a county sheriff, a county attorney, a county commissioner, a mayor or city manager, a person involved in or prevention of juvenile delinquency and at least five members from the public at large, at least one of whom shall be a woman.

The Commission was created by Legislative action in 1969 to administer the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 and the Juvenile Delinquency Prevention and Control Act of 1968. It is essentially a planning agency with functions to accept and administer federal funds for the purpose of improving all aspects of law enforcement including state and local police, prosecution, defense courts, probation, parole, corrections and rehabilitation for both juveniles and adults.

Members are appointed by the Governor to six year terms. The members represent various segments of the state's criminal justice system and the general public.

The Commission normally meets quarterly, and the Executive Committee the fourth Friday of each month. Its members serve without compensation, but are reimbursed for expenses.

The Commission's decisions and policies are implemented by a professional staff headed by an Executive Director appointed by the Governor. The staff works in conjunction with Regional Planning Commissions to determine their priority needs and to assist them in applications for Federal funding to support their programs.

The Law Enforcement Training Center at Grand Island is a major operating responsibility of the Commission. It trains officers and implements the statutes prescribing mandatory certification requirements for all Law Enforcement officers. Advisory to the Commission and Training Center Director is the Police Standards Advisory Council.

NEBRASKA POLICE STANDARDS ADVISORY COUNCIL

Members	Terms Expire
Dale Adams, Chairman, Lincoln	January 1, 1978
Robert Jatczak, Broken Bow	January 1, 1977
Lt. Col. Elmer Kohmetscher, Lincoln	January 1, 1978
Warren Robinson, Bellevue	January 1, 1980
Floyd Stahr, Chappell	January 1, 1979
Edward Krumpinsky, Omaha	Ex-Officio

The Nebraska Police Standards Advisory Council advises the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice on the operation of the Law Enforcement Training Center. The Council consists of five members appointed by the Governor, who are fulltime officers or employees of law enforcement agencies.

Membership must include one representative from a city of the metropolitan or primary class, one representative from a first-class city, one representative from a second-class city or village, a county sheriff, and a member of the Nebraska State Patrol comprise the Council. The Special Agent in Charge of the Regional Federal Bureau of Investigation Office in Omaha serves as an ex-officio member of the Council. Members are appointed to terms of four years.

NEBRASKA LIBRARY COMMISSION

Members	Terms Expire
Mr. Clark G. Nichols, Scottsbluff (Chairman)	June 8, 1977
Mr. Ray E. Lundy, Kearney	June 8, 1978
Mr. Jack Campbell, Lincoln	June 8, 1978
Mr. Gary Parker, Bellevue	June 8, 1978
Mrs. Forrest Swoboda, Norfolk	June 8, 1979
Mrs. Barbara Swanson, North Platte	June 8, 1979

Director: John L. Kopischke

Number of Employees: 44

The Nebraska Library Commission is the state agency responsible for the statewide promotion, development, and coordination of library services. It maintains a state library to serve as a backup and resource center for assisting Nebraska libraries to meet the needs of the citizens of the state. The Commission serves as a dispatching center for Regional TWX Libraries in the state. An Inter-Library Loan Network which links Nebraska communities with larger regional library units and the Library Commission provides a means for citizens to obtain library mate-

rials not available in individual communities. The research and reference staff of the Nebraska Library Commission utilize the Tele/TWX Communications System in order to locate library materials through the Nebraska Union Catalog which is comprised of over 3.5 million cards identifying library materials in Nebraska's 39 major libraries. The library also includes a motion-picture film collection and distributes films through the Nebraska library networks. A Media Technical Center produces or duplicates audio tapes of books and magazines for the blind and physically handicapped and lends equipment and production assistance to state government agencies.

The Library Commission provides services to special groups of individuals, including blind and physically handicapped, institutionalized or home-bound, and disadvantaged persons. The Regional Library for the Blind and Physically Handicapped maintained by the Library Commission contains a collection of talking books, braille, large print books, and cassettes which are used to fill requests of patrons throughout the state. Materials provided through the Library of Congress as well as materials developed by the Library for the Blind and Physically Handicapped are used to meet the special needs and uses of blind and physically handicapped individuals.

An expansion of the institutional services program of the Library Commission provides for development of services to meet the needs of individuals who are restricted in their ability to receive services through a public library facility. The residential services program emphasizes the need for personnel and library resources to reach all segments of the community. Library services for disadvantaged persons emphasizes library needs for persons representative of minority groups and low income individuals eligible for special assistance under funding through the federal Library Services and Construction Act.

The Nebraska Publications Clearinghouse is responsible for collecting, organizing, and loaning Nebraska state publications. The Commission houses a central collection of these documents to provide services directly as well as through the Tele/TWX Network. The Clearinghouse sends copies of all state documents it receives to the following libraries:

Holdrege Public Library
Lincoln City Libraries
University of Nebraska-Lincoln Library
Omaha Public Library
University of Nebraska at Omaha Library

In addition to Nebraska documents, the Nebraska Publications Clearinghouse, as a U.S. Government Printing Office Regional Depository Library, maintains a full collection of federal documents. Federal document collections also exist in Nebraska at the following depository libraries:

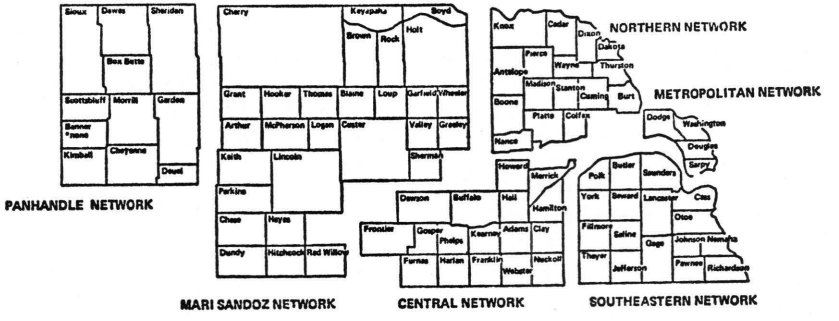
Dana College Library, Blair
Doane College Library, Crete
Midland Lutheran College Library, Fremont

Kearney State College Library
Nebraska State Library (Supreme Court Library)
University of Nebraska-Lincoln Library
Creighton University Library, Omaha
Omaha Public Library
University of Nebraska at Omaha
Scottsbluff Public Library
Wayne State College Library

The Library Development Program of the Nebraska Library Commission provides professional staffing for consultation and assistance to communities in the state for development of library resources and programs. The statewide services component of the Library Development Program emphasizes the need for promotion of library services and continuing education activities for library personnel. Coordination and sharing of resources is a key component of the program promoting cooperation among all types of libraries in Nebraska and planning of programs which improve the identification, location, and distribution of library materials. The major planning units for the development of library services are the six Nebraska Library Networks.

A State Aid Program provides direct assistance to public libraries to help local communities to develop resources to meet basic local needs. State Aid funds are distributed on a per capita basis to develop library resources in Nebraska communities.

NEBRASKA LIBRARY NETWORKS



PANHANDLE NETWORK
Coordinator:
Headquarters Library: Scottsbluff
Northwest Nebraska Regional Library, Scottsbluff
Western Plains Regional Library, Sidney

MARI SANDOZ NETWORK
Coordinator: Morel Fry
Headquarters Library: North Platte
Upper Sandhills Regional Library, Valentine
Lower Sandhills Regional Library, Thedford/Mullen
George W. Norris Regional Library, McCook

CENTRAL NETWORK
Coordinator: Alexi Shuman
Headquarters Library: Hastings
Grasslands Regional Library, Grand Island
Buffalo-Dawson Regional Library, Kearney
South Central Regional Library, Holdrege
Willa Cather Regional Library, Hastings

NORTHERN NETWORK
Coordinator: Steve Ooton
Headquarters Library: Columbus
Lewis & Clark Regional Library, Norfolk
Pawnee Regional Library, Columbus

METROPOLITAN NETWORK
Coordinator: Mrs. Richard A. Heim
Headquarters Library: Omaha

SOUTHEASTERN NETWORK
Coordinator: Margaret Roe
Headquarters Library: Lincoln
Southeastern Regional Library, Beatrice/Fairbury

NEBRASKA LIQUOR CONTROL COMMISSION

	Terms Expire	Salary
Edward Robinson, Omaha, Chairman	May 24, 1977	$12,500
Lowell Shaffer, Willow Island	May 24, 1979	12,500
Phil Weaver, Falls City	May 24, 1981	12,500

Robert Camp, Lincoln—Assistant Attorney General
Terrance D. Micek, Lincoln—Chief Administrator
Georgia D. Kuebler, Lincoln—Secretary

Total number of employees: 35

Publications: Annual Report, Rules and Regulations.

The prohibition amendment to the State Constitution was repealed in November, 1934. The Liquor Control Commission was created by the Legislature of 1935 in an emergency act which took effect on May 24, 1935.

The law provides for a commission of three appointed by the Governor subject to confirmation by a majority of the members elected to the Legislature. The commissioners serve for a six-year term. All appointments of officers and employees of the commission are to be approved

by the Governor. The power to regulate all phases of the control of manufacture, distribution, sale and traffic in alcoholic liquors except as specifically designated in the liquor control act, is vested exclusively in the Liquor Control Commission. It is the policy of the commission to cooperate in every possible way with local officials in the operation of the regulations concerning the local sale of liquors.

MERIT SYSTEM

Merit System Council:

Patrick H. McHale, Chairman ..... Omaha
Mrs. Helen Lassek ..... Lincoln
Robert Shust (Chairman 75-76) ..... Lincoln

Merit System Director: James T. Edington, Lincoln

The Joint Merit System was adopted in 1940 by those state agencies which were required to operate under a merit system of personnel administration in order to qualify for federal funds controlled by the Federal Social Security Act. There were three such state agencies, the State Department of Health, the Division of Employment Security under the Department of Labor, and the Department of Assistance and Child Welfare, which drew up and adopted the Merit System Regulations. These agencies are now known as Department of Public Welfare, State Department of Health and the Division of Employment under the Department of Labor. This was reaffirmed under the authority of Section 68-702, R. S. Sup. Nebr. 1955. As of January 1, 1961, the Nebraska Civil Defense Agency became a participating agency under the Merit System, as a result of PL 85-606, and as of June 1, 1964, the Nebraska Emergency Planning Office became a participating agency. As of February 1, 1966, the Advisory Committee on Aging became a participating agency under the Merit System, and as of October 16, 1968, the Office of Comprehensive Health Planning became a member. As of February 28, 1966, the Nebraska Emergency Planning ceased its operations as a separate agency and therefore was separated from the Merit System as a participating agency. On February 1, 1970, on instruction of the Legislature, the Safety Division of the Department of Labor became a member of the Nebraska Joint Merit System. Since then, the Surplus Property Office of the Department of Education, the Division on Alcoholism of the Department of Public Institutions, the Statistical Division of the Workmen's Compensation Court, the Governor's Manpower Planning Office, the Nebraska Commission on Drugs and the Comprehensive Employment & Training Act Office have become members. As of November 1, 1974 the Governor's Manpower Planning Office ceased its operations and was separated from the Merit System as a participating agency. As of January 1, 1977 twelve state agencies and the Merit System Office will be covered by the plan.

The Merit System Regulations provide for the selection of employees from registers or lists of persons who have qualified for the positions through open-competitive examinations. Promotions are made by the

agencies either from competitive promotional registers, or through non-competitive promotional examinations. Individual differences in such matters as politics, race, religion, sex or age do not enter into the matter of selection of employees; and employees under the Merit System are not permitted to take any part in political management or political campaigns. As of August 1976, there were approximately 3,300 covered and over 450 exempt employees under the Merit System.

The Merit System Council of three members is responsible for the general administration of the Merit System. They serve overlapping terms of three years. They are appointed by the twelve agency heads after consulting with the Governor. A Merit System Director is appointed by the twelve agencies upon recommendation of the Council. He is selected from the top five on a register established by open-competitive examination. He is responsible to the Council for the operation of the Merit System Office in accordance with the policies and procedures established by regulations and Council action. The administrative cost of the Merit System is based upon a minimum annual membership fee plus the balance of the cost of the operation of the Merit System Office which is prorated among the agencies according to the number of employees served.

NEBRASKA MEXICAN-AMERICAN COMMISSION

Members	Terms Expire
Joseph Juarez, Chairman, Omaha	May 16, 1978
Atanacio Carranza, Secretary, Kearney	May 16, 1978
B. N. Garcia, Lincoln	May 16, 1978
Edward Castillo, North Platte	May 16, 1977
David Leon, Alliance	May 16, 1979
Joe Ramirez, Omaha	May 16, 1979
Anthony Mandujano, Scottsbluff	May 16, 1979
Jesse Quijas, Scottsbluff	May 16, 1977
Ignacio Valdez, Grand Island	May 16, 1977

Glen Soukup, Governor's Representative

Peter Urdiales, Acting Director

The second session of the Eighty-second Legislature of Nebraska, passed a law creating the Nebraska Mexican-American Commission. The members are appointed by the Governor for three-year terms with one of the members being the Governor or his representative, an ex officio member of the commission with the power to vote.

The commission elects one of its members as chairman and one as secretary to serve one-year terms. Members of the commission receive thirty-five dollars a day for each day actually devoted to the business of the commission and reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses.

The following duties are conferred upon the commission:

1. To gather and disseminate information and conduct hearings, conferences, and special studies on problems and programs concerning Mexican-Americans.

2. Coordinate, assist, and cooperate with state departments, public and private agencies which serve Mexican-Americans. Special attention will be given to the needs of the Mexican-American in the areas of education, employment, health, housing, welfare, and recreation.
3. Propose new programs and evaluate existing programs and purpose. The commission will propose legislation concerning the Mexican-Americans.
4. Stimulate public awareness of the problems of the Mexican-Americans by conducting a program of public education and encourage the Governor and the Legislature to develop programs to deal with these problems.
5. Conduct training programs for community leadership and service project staff.

The commission shall have all power necessary to carry out the functions and duties specified, including power to establish advisory committees on special subjects, to solicit and accept gifts and grants and to contract with public and private groups to conduct its business.

The commission meets at least twelve times a year. The chairman may call additional meetings. A majority of members shall constitute a quorum.

The commission employs an administrative officer who is not a member of the commission and who is known as the director. He shall be qualified by education, experience, and sufficient knowledge of the problems and culture of Mexican-Americans. The director shall serve the commission by gathering information, disseminating findings of facts, forwarding proposals and evaluation to the Governor, the Legislature, and various state agencies, carrying out public education programs and conducting hearings and conferences, and performing other duties necessary for the proper operation of the commission. The director holds office at the pleasure of the commission and receives a salary fixed by the commission.

MISSOURI RIVER BASIN COMMISSION

The 1967 Legislature enacted legislation which provided that whenever a river basin commission is formed for streams partly in or bordering on Nebraska and Nebraska is authorized membership on said commission, the Governor appoints, subject to confirmation by the Legislature, one or more representatives of this state to serve on said commission. Such appointments are made from a list of two or more nominees submitted to the Governor by the Nebraska Natural Resources Commission. The representatives receive no compensation but are reimbursed for their actual expenses in the performance of their official duties. They serve at the pleasure of the Governor and maintain liason between the Missouri River Basin Commission and the Nebraska Natur-

al Resources Commission. Presently representing the State of Nebraska on the newly formed Missouri River Basin Commission is Mr. Thomas Eason.

NEBRASKA MOTOR VEHICLE INDUSTRY LICENSING BOARD

Members	Terms Expire
Forrestt F. Combs, Lincoln, 1st Cong. Dist.	May 18, 1978
Herbert G. Andrews, Omaha, Member-at-Large	May 18, 1979
Robert B. Kramer, Sr., Scottsbluff, 3rd Cong. Dist.	May 18, 1979
Walter R. Louis, Omaha, 2nd Cong. Dist.	May 18, 1979
Dale F. Sailors, Omaha, Member-at-Large	October 19, 1979
Donald W. Droud, Lincoln, Member-at-Large	January 1, 1980
Marlin Armbruster, Falls City, 1st Cong. Dist.	May 18, 1977
Francis Hanna, Thedford, Member-at-Large	May 18, 1977
Julius Novak, Omaha, 2nd Cong. Dist.	October 19, 1977

R. James Pearson, Director of Motor Vehicles, Chairman
L. H. "Larry" Kelley, Executive Secretary
Total number of employees: 8

This self-supporting board was originally created during the 1957 legislative session by an act, knwon as Legislative Bill 311, approved May 18, 1957. This act has been amended by the 1961, 1963, 1967, 1969, 1971, 1972, 1973 and 1974 sessions of the Legislature.

Members of the Board are the Director of the Department of Motor Vehicles, who serves as the chairman of the board, and nine members appointed by the Governor, confirmed by the Legislature. Of the nine members there shall be three licensed new motor vehicle dealers, one from each of the three congressional districts of the state; two licensed used motor vehicle dealers from separate congressional districts of the state; one factory representative; one member of the general public; one licensed trailer dealer and one licensed motorcycle dealer appointed from the state at large. Members serve for a term of three years.

The Motor Vehicle Industry Licensing Board has full power to regulate the issuance and revocation of licensees in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the above cited act as amended, to establish the fee for each class of license, to prescribe the form of each license and upon a sworn complaint in writing of any person, investigate the actions of such licensee. It shall have the power to deny any license or revoke or suspend any license issued under this act as amended when the applicant or licensee has been found guilty of a violation of this act.

The purpose of the Board is the enforcement of standards of the motor vehicle, mobile home and travel trailer industries relating to licensees of such industries and to safeguard the public in its dealings with such licensees, consistent with the provisions and limitations of the act as amended.

BOARD OF NURSING

Members	Terms Expire
Miss Shirley Robins, R.N., Omaha	December 1, 1980
Miss Ruth White, R.N., Scottsbluff	December 1, 1980
Mrs. Phyllis Kendle, R.N., Lincoln	December 1, 1977
Mrs. Mildred Meier, R.N., Loomis	December 1, 1977
Mrs. Lindsay Leibee, L.P.N., Kearney	December 1, 1977
Miss Sheila Ryan, R.N., Omaha	December 1, 1978
Mrs. Mary Schmidt, L.P.N., Clatonia	December 1, 1979
Mrs. Mary Hoefler, R.N., Blair	December 1, 1979
Mrs. Evelyn Baker, R.N., Lincoln	December 1, 1979
Mrs. Sue Morrissey, Consumer, Kearney	December 1, 1979

Publications: Laws Governing Nursing, Rules and Regulations for Approval of Schools of Professional Nursing, Rules and Regulations for Approval of Schools of Practical Nursing.

The Legislature in 1909 passed the first act regulating the practice of nursing. This act provided for permissive licensure of nurses by the State Board of Health with the appointment of three secretaries to assume this responsibility. In 1927 the Licensure Act established a Bureau of Examining Boards in the Department of Public Welfare with provision for an educational director. The following year the first "Rules and Regulations and Curriculum for Nursing" was published. The Legislature in 1935 transferred the Bureau of Education and Registration for Nurses from the Department of Public Welfare to the Department of Public Instruction and the Superintendent became the ex officio president of the board. At the time the bureau had two divisions: the Division of Registration and the Division of Education.

A new Nurse Practice Act was passed by the Legislature in 1953 repealing all former statutes. It provided for mandatory licensure for professional nurses. In 1955 it was amended to provide for permissive licensure for practical nurses. In 1955 the Board of Nursing functioned in the State Department of Education consisting of the Commissioner of Education, four professional registered nurses and one licensed practical nurse meeting specified qualifications appointed by the Governor for a term of four years. A hospital administrator was appointed annually by the board to serve as an advisor to the board. The executive director was appointed by the Commissioner of Education upon recommendation of the board. The 1959 Legislature removed the Board of Nursing from the State Department of Education and established an independent Board of Nursing.

In 1975 the Law was once again extensively revised. Now the Board consists of nine nurses and one consumer advisor. The Law directs the nurses must represent the following areas: associate degree education; baccalaureate education; diploma education; practical nursing education; nursing service administration (2); staff nursing; and, two are to be Licensed Practical Nurses.

The Board of Nursing functions with the following members: Four professional registered nurses and one licensed practical nurse meeting specified qualifications appointed by the Governor for a term of four years, and responsible to the Governor. A hospital administrator is appointed annually by the board to serve as an advisor to the board. The executive director is appointed by the board. The board is self-supporting, operating on an appropriation from licenses, fees, and cash fund. The Board of Nursing has a fourfold responsibility: (1) To assist schools of professional nursing and practical nursing in the improvement of their programs of nursing education; (2) To approve schools of professional nursing and practical nursing meeting the minimum standards established by the board; (3) To license and annually re-register all professional nurses and practical nurses eligible for licensure and practice in the State of Nebraska; (4) To cause the prosecution of all persons violating the provisions of the laws governing nursing.

NEBRASKA OIL AND GAS CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Members	Terms Expire
Ray L. Smith, Chappell,	September 28, 1979
John A. Mason, Sidney	September 28, 1977
Reed Gilmore, Kimball, Chairman	September 28, 1977

Paul H. Roberts, Sidney, Director

The Nebraska Oil and Gas Conservation Commission was established by the Legislature during 1959 and was designed to curb wasteful practices in oil and gas production. The commission consists of three members appointed by the Governor. At least one member must have had experience in the production of oil or gas and must have resided in the state for at least one year. Each of the other members must have resided in the state for at least three years. Members serve overlapping four-year terms. The members receive twenty dollars a day for each day actually devoted to the business of the commission and their actual expenses. The Director of the State Geological Survey serves the commission in the capacity of technical advisor, but with no power to vote.

The commission employs a chief administrator who is not a member of the commission and who is known as the Director of the Nebraska Oil and Gas Conservation Commission and as such is charged with the duty of administering and enforcing the Oil and Gas Conservation Law of 1959, and all rules, regulations and orders promulgated by the commission. The Director must be a qualified petroleum engineer with not less than three years actual field experience in the drilling and operation of oil and gas wells. The Director holds office at the pleasure of the commission and receives a salary fixed by the commission. The Director is the secretary of the commission and keeps all minutes and records of the commission.

The following duties are conferred upon the commission: (1) To encourage and promote the development, production, and utilization of oil and gas in the state in a manner which will prevent waste. (2) To provide for the operation and development of oil and gas properties in a manner to permit recovery of the greatest quantity of oil and gas, while protecting the correlative rights of all owners. (3) To encourage and authorize cycling, re-cycling, pressure maintenance, and secondary recovery operations, in order that the greatest possible economic recovery of oil and gas be obtained within the state. The commission is empowered to hold hearings and to formulate and adopt programs aimed at accomplishing the above-mentioned duties.

INTERSTATE COMPACT TO CONSERVE OIL AND GAS

Governor J. J. Exon ..... Official Representative
Ray L. Smith, Chappell ..... Assistant Representative

The 1953 Legislature directed the Governor in the name of the State of Nebraska to join with other states in the Interstate Compact to Conserve Oil and Gas, which was executed in the City of Dallas, Texas, on February 16, 1935.

The Governor was named the official representative of the state on the Interstate Oil Compact Commission with authority to appoint an assistant representative who may act in his stead. Neither the Governor nor his assistant representative has the power to put into effect any rules, regulations, or decisions affecting the oil industry in Nebraska without the approval of the Legislature.

STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF PSYCHOLOGISTS

Members	Terms Expire
Dawn E. Purinton, Ph.D., Chairman, Lincoln	June 14, 1978
Fred D. Strider, Ph.D., Vice Chairman, Omaha	June 14, 1979
Caroline G. Sedlacek, Ph.D., Omaha	June 14, 1980
Ray M. Zeisset, Ph.D., Lincoln	June 14, 1977
Margaret M. Krusen, Ed.D., Omaha	June 14, 1981

Margaret A. Walsh, Secretary, 602 South 45th Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68106

The State Board of Examiners of Psychologists was established by the Legislature during 1967 to license persons engaged in the practice of psychology in Nebraska. The board consists of five psychologists appointed by the Governor from various areas of psychology. A new member is appointed each year for a five-year term. The board is self-supporting, operating on an appropriation from licenses and fees. The board's functions are: 1. To license and annually re-register psychologists meeting the educational and professional standards of the Psychologists Licensing Act; 2. To formulate a code of professional conduct for the practice of psychology; 3. To revoke or suspend licenses

because of unprofessional conduct following due procedure; 4. To cause the prosecution of persons violating the provisions of the laws governing the practice of psychology.

OFFICE OF PUBLIC COUNSEL (OMBUDSMAN)

Murrell B. McNeil ..... Ombudsman

Legislative Bill 521 of the 1969 Legislature established the office of Public Counsel. The office became operational June 1, 1971.

The law provides that the Public Counsel be appointed by the Legislature, with the vote of two-thirds of the members required for approval from nominations submitted by the Executive Board of the Legislative Council. He shall serve for a term of six years, and shall receive such salary as is set by the Legislative Council Executive Board.

The purpose of the office is to investigate complaints from citizens regarding state government.

The Public Counsel shall have the following duties:

(1) He may investigate any administrative act of any administrative agency;
(2) He may prescribe the methods by which complaints are to be made, received, and acted upon;
(3) He may request and shall be given by each administrative agency the assistance and information he deems necessary for the discharge of his responsibilities;
(4) He may issue a subpoena to compel any person to appear, give sworn testimony, or produce documentary or other evidence he deems relevant to a matter under his inquiry; and
(5) He may undertake, participate in, or cooperate with general studies or inquiries, if he believes that they may enhance knowledge about or lead to improvements in the functioning of administrative agencies.

The Public Counsel is required by law on or about February 15 of each year to report to the Legislature and to the Governor concerning the exercise of his functions during the preceding calendar year.

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Director, Kenneth D. Steinmiller

Public Employees Retirement Board

Members	Terms Expire
Howard L. Burdick, Columbus, Public Member	January 1, 1980
Marvin E. Jewell, Lincoln, Public Member	January 1, 1980
Charles O. Morehouse, Kimball, School Employee	January 1, 1978
Mrs. Margaret Sullivan, Clay Center, Public Member	January 1, 1978
Lowell W. Fisk, Lincoln, Dept. of Roads	January 1, 1979
Richard Weber, Hastings, Dept. of Institutions	January 1, 1979

The Public Employees Retirement Board was created in 1971 to administer existing Nebraska Retirement Plans: School Employees, State Employees, Judges and State Patrol. Administration of the Retirement System for Nebraska Counties was assumed by the Public Employees Retirement Board effective October 2, 1973.

The Board shall provide an equitable allocation of expenses among the retirement systems administered by the board, and all expenses shall be provided from the investment income earned by the various retirement funds unless alternative sources of funds to pay expenses shall be specified by law.

It shall be the duty of the State Auditor to make an annual audit of the systems and an annual report to the Legislature.

The Retirement Board is responsible for having an annual report prepared on the actuarial condition of the systems.

The State Employees Retirement plan became effective January 1, 1964 and is a fully funded money purchase plan. As of December 31, 1975 there were 5445 members contributing to the system and 1344 retirees drawing benefits. Employees contribute at the rate of 3% of the first $4800 of annual salary and 6% of the excess over $4800 by payroll deduction. The State contributes 104% of the employee contributions. An insurance company is the carrier of the plan under a Deposit Administration Group Annuity Contract. A total of $27,946,225.00 was on deposit with the carrier for Future Service benefits as of December 31, 1975. Retirement benefits depend on total contributions, age at retirement, sex and the option elected. Illustrations of benefits are available on request. Each member is furnished an individual retirement fund report annually. A State employee may retire as early as age 60.

Effective October, 1973, LB216 brought the Retirement System for Nebraska Counties under the administration of the Public Employees Retirement Board. The County Employees Retirement Act was enacted in 1965 for county employees in the State not already covered by retirement plans.

The Plan is a money purchase plan with participating members contributing 3% of their gross earnings. The members' contributions are matched by the county 100% out of which expenses for the administration of the plan are deducted. The funds are deposited with an insurance company under a Deposit Group Annuity Contract. A county employee may retire at any time after age 60.

As of July 1, 1976, twenty-eight Nebraska Counties have elected to participate in the Plan with a combined membership of approximately 1435.

The Legislature in 1945 enacted the law establishing a retirement system for school employees of the State of Nebraska. All regular public school employees in Nebraska, other than those who have their own retirement plan, may be members of the system. The benefits are based

on both service and contribution. The state pays the service part of the monthly annuity and the member's contribution is converted into a monthly savings annuity. The two together make the benefit, the monthly annuity, payable upon retirement. For service after July 1, 1968, the benefit may be a formula annuity benefit based on final average compensation instead of the normal form of annuity. Formula annuities are financed by School District and school employers through a percentage assessment of the school employee contributions. As of June 30, 1975 there were 25,715 members and 3821 retirees drawing benefits.

The State Patrolmen's Retirement System created by the Legislature in 1947 is also administered by this office: The Patrolmen's Retirement Law was amended in 1953, 1957, 1969, and again amended in 1975. Retirement is permissible at the age of fifty (50) years with twenty (20) or more years of service on an actuarial reduced basis, and retirement is mandatory upon the patrolman's attaining the age of sixty (60) years. The benefits are based on a percentage of final average salary multiplied by years of service. The percentage cannot be greater than 75%. In addition to the normal benefit, the Law provides for disability and survivor benefits. As of June 30, 1975 there were 384 members and 33 retirees drawing benefits.

A Judges Retirement System was established by the 1955 Legislature. The membership included all district judges and judges of the Supreme Court, and became effective January 3, 1957. In 1957, the Legislature amended the law to include judges of the Workmen's Compensation Court, effective September 20, 1959. County Judges and judges of separate Juvenile Court, effective on and after January 5, 1961. Besides the extension of the $1.00 fee for each case, to be collected by the County Court, there was added a ten per cent (10%) charge on certain fees which are to help finance the retirement program. In 1965 the Legislature added the Municipal Judges. This legislation became effective November 18, 1965. The 1969 Legislature amended the law by creating an "Original Members" fund and a "Future Members" fund. Separate contribution rates and method of annuity calculation are provided for "Original Members" and "Future Members". As of June 30, 1975 there were 223 members and 62 receiving retirement benefits.

Under Sec. 84-1315.01, effective September, 1973, all actuarial reports, statements of actuarial assumptions and methods of valuations for any retirement system in Nebraska supported in whole or in part by Nebraska Tax dollars are to be prepared and signed by an actuary certified as qualified by the Public Employees Retirement Board.

Under the provisions of Sec. 84-1504, 1975 Supp., the Public Employees Retirement Board implemented the State of Nebraska Deferred Compensation Plan effective January 1, 1976.

The Deferred Compensation Plan permits eligible employees to specify to the State, an amount of salary he or she wishes to defer to a later date. The taxes normally due on monies deferred are also deferred until retirement when most participants would be in a lower tax bracket.

The State invests the income deferred in a fixed, variable, or combination fixed/variable annuity with the plan carrier. Any investment gains remain in the annuity account and are not reportable for current tax purposes.

At retirement, or upon death, disability or termination, a payout of deferred monies is commenced. Provisions have also been made in the Internal Revenue Service approved plan for PERB approved emergency withdrawals.

NEBRASKA STATE RACING COMMISSION

Members	Terms Expire
Harry J. Farnham, Elkhorn, Chairman	March 30, 1980
Duane K. Fudge, Newman Grove, Vice Chairman	March 30, 1978
Virginia M. Coffey, Orleans, Commissioner	March 30, 1979
J. Morton Porter, Nebraska City, Executive Secretary	

In 1935 a bill was enacted which "designed to promote the horse breeding industry in Nebraska," and established a commission of three persons appointed by the Governor for three-year terms.

The commission has "power to prescribe and enforce rules and regulations governing horse races and race meetings licensed" according to law.

The state "General Fund" receives 5% of all money, in excess of $1,000,000.00 wagered at each track in the state.

The commission receives revenues from license fees and an admission tax paid upon tickets of admission to race meetings. After the expenses of the commission have been deducted this money is distributed among the counties of the state for county fair or 4-H premiums.

The books and records of the commission are audited annually by the State Auditor.

REPUBLICAN RIVER COMPACT ADMINISTRATION

Nebraska Member, M. E. Ball	Lincoln
Colorado Member, C. J. Kuiper	Denver
Kansas Member, Guy Gibson	Topeka

The Republican River Compact, which apportions the waters of the Republican River Basin among the States of Colorado, Kansas and Nebraska, became effective in 1943. In 1959 the water officials of the three states who are responsible for the administration of the compact established the Republican River Compact Administration. Meetings are held annually or oftener upon the call of the chairman. The chairmanship is rotated among the members.

NEBRASKA NATURAL RESOURCES COMMISSION

Members Appointed by Governor:

Robert W. Bell..... Municipal Water Users..... Omaha
Ted Johnson ..... Surface Water Irrigators..... Elwood
Emmett Lee..... Ground Water Irrigators..... Spalding

Representatives of River Basin Areas Elected by Natural Resources District Directors at Basin Caucuses:

Bruce L. Anderson (term expires Jan. 1979) ..... Stromsburg
James E. Cook (term expires Jan. 1977) ..... Mills
Robert Gifford (term expires Jan. 1977)..... Gering
Howard Hardy (term expires Jan. 1977)..... Fairbury
Albert Jambor (term expires Jan. 1979) ..... Prague
Wayne Johnson (term expires Jan. 1979) ..... Cook
Rudolf Kokes (term expires Jan. 1979) ..... Ord
Harold Kopf (term expires Jan. 1977) ..... Lexington
Dempsey McNiel (term expires Jan. 1977) ..... Holdrege
Alvin Narjes (term expires Jan. 1979)..... Sidney
Warren Patefield (term expires Jan. 1979)..... Laurel
William Wylie (term expires Jan. 1977) ..... Elgin

Advisory Members:

Thomas K. Eason (Representing the Governor)..... North Bend
Wilson J. (Bill) Parker (Representing United States Department of Agriculture) ..... Lincoln
Paul Harley (Representing United States Department of Interior)..... Omaha
Bus Karabatsos (Representing United States Army Corps of Engineers)..... Omaha
Thomas D. Doyle (Representing State Department of Roads) Lincoln
Eugene Mahoney (Representing Nebraska Game and Parks Commission)..... Lincoln
Bill Rapp (Representing State Department of Health) ..... Lincoln
Ronald Mertens (Representing State Department of Economic Development) ..... Lincoln
Daniel T. Drain (Representing State Department of Environmental Control)..... Lincoln
Vince Dreeszen (Representing Conservation & Survey Division, University of Nebraska-Lincoln) ..... Lincoln
Marion Ball (Representing State Department of Water Resources)..... Lincoln
Martin Massengale (Representing Institute of Agriculture & Natural Resources, University of Nebraska-Lincoln)..... Lincoln
Leo Lucas (Representing Agriculture Extension Service, University of Nebraska-Lincoln) ..... Lincoln
Dayle E. Williamson, Executive Secretary ..... Lincoln

The Nebraska Natural Resources Commission is the official agency of the state in connection with soil and water conservation, flood prevention, watershed protection, and flood control. Originally established in 1937 under the name of the Soil Conservation Committee, its membership and responsibilities under state law have been modified and expanded considerably since that time. Given its current name in 1972, the Commission has fifteen members, twelve of which are natural resources district directors or former directors representing the recognized river basins of the state. The remaining three members are to be appointed by the Governor, one to represent municipal users of water, one to represent surface water irrigators and one to represent ground water irrigators. A thirteen member technical advisory committee to provide guidance to the Commission and to help in coordinating the activities of the Commission with those of other state and federal agencies is also prescribed by statute. Membership on this technical advisory committee consists of the dean or director of the conservation and survey division of the University of Nebraska, the dean of the University of Nebraska College of Agriculture, the director of the state agricultural extension service, the Director of Water Resources, a representative of the office of the Governor, a representative of the Department of Health, a representative of the Department of Environmental Control, a representative of the Department of Economic Development, a representative of the Department of Roads, a representative of the Game and Parks Commission, one representative each from the United States Army Corps of Engineers, Department of Agriculture, and Department of the Interior if named to so serve by their respective secretaries.

Since its establishment in 1937 as the Soil Conservation Committee, the Commission has also been known as the Soil and Water Conservation Committee and the Soil and Water Conservation Commission. Membership has during the same time period been increased from three to the current level of fifteen.

Heading the Commission staff is an Executive Secretary who is appointed by the Commission to plan, administer and coordinate business activities. The Office is comprised of three divisions: (1) the planning division which is in charge of development of the Nebraska water plan, water quality planning, and a natural resources data bank; (2) the operations division, which is in charge of flood plain management, aid to local districts, watershed planning, and general office coordination; and (3) the legal division, which acts in a general advisory capacity to the other divisions, the executive secretary and the Commission. Commission responsibilities have increased greatly since the establishment of the Soil Conservation Committee in 1937. Current duties and authorities can be categorized into three areas: (1) assistance to local subdivisions of government; (2) flood plain management; and (3) water planning.

RESPONSIBILITIES

Assistance to Local Subdivisions

The responsibility to provide assistance to local subdivisions of government is accomplished in a variety of ways. The Commission provides liaison representatives to the natural resources districts of the state, the subdivisions of government with primary local authority for land and water conservation. These representatives attend many of the natural resources district meetings, providing guidance and assistance whenever possible.

Certain specific responsibilities in connection with natural resources districts are also carried out by the Commission. It was responsible for the original delineation of the boundaries of these districts in 1971 and remains possible for approving alterations in those boundaries. The Commission also coordinates activities relating to the election of directors to the local boards and is required to approve subdistricts developed by the districts for nomination of candidates. In addition, certain types of local special purpose districts are authorized to merge with natural resources districts. Commission approval is required prior to any such merger.

Financial aid is available to local subdivisions through a Commission program called the Small Watershed's Flood Control Fund. This fund, established by the Legislature in the middle 1960's is utilized by natural resources districts and other local entities to purchase interests in land necessary for construction of federally assisted land and water projects.

Another financial aid to local subdivisions in the past has been the Snagging and Clearing Fund established by the Legislature in 1969. This fund has been utilized to provide 25% state cost sharing for the clearing and snagging of streams as a flood prevention measure. However, moneys are not currently being appropriated for this purpose.

The Commission also provides engineering and technical assistance to local subdivisions in the planning of watersheds in coordination with the U.S. Department of Agriculture and through the Commission's special projects program, which is designed to give limited technical assistance on projects for which no other federal or state assistance is available. This assistance takes the form of preliminary engineering studies, land surveys, and topographic mapping.

One of the most recent programs assigned to the Commission is the administration of the Nebraska Resources Development Fund. Created by the Legislature in 1974, this fund can be utilized by any state agency or any political subdivision which has been granted the authority to develop the water or related land resources of the state. Funds can be allocated as either grants or loans, or by direct state acquisition of interests in water or related land resource projects or programs. Assisting the Commission in the administration of this fund is an eight state agency advisory board consisting of representatives of each of the fol-

lowing agencies: The Department of Economic Development, the State Office of Planning and Programming, the Department of Environmental Control, the Department of Water Resources, the Department of Agriculture, the Game and Parks Commission, the Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, and the Natural Resources Commission itself. This multi-agency advisory board has developed rules and regulations governing the eligibility of programs and projects for state funding and determines the eligibility or ineligibility of each program or project for which funding is requested. Acceptance of Advisory Board determinations is required of the Commission unless it acts unanimously to the contrary. Priority of funding for those projects or programs thus determined eligible is a responsibility solely of the Commission.

Flood Plain Management

In the area of flood plain management, the Commission specifically performs two functions: (1) administration of Nebraska's flood plain regulation act, and (2) state coordination of the federal flood insurance program. The flood plain regulation act provides that the Commission shall undertake a program to delineate all the floodways of the State of Nebraska and to adopt those delineations, following public hearing, as Commission floodways. Following the adoption of any floodway, the local subdivision having zoning jurisdiction thereof is given one year to adopt zoning ordinances restricting development and use of the lands within those floodway lines. If a local subdivision does not adopt zoning ordinances which meet the state minimum standards, the Commission is then required to enforce the state standards. As the state coordinating agency for the federal flood insurance program, the Commission provides assistance to local subdivisions to meet necessary requirements as prescribed by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, the federal agency responsible for administration of the flood insurance program.

Water Planning

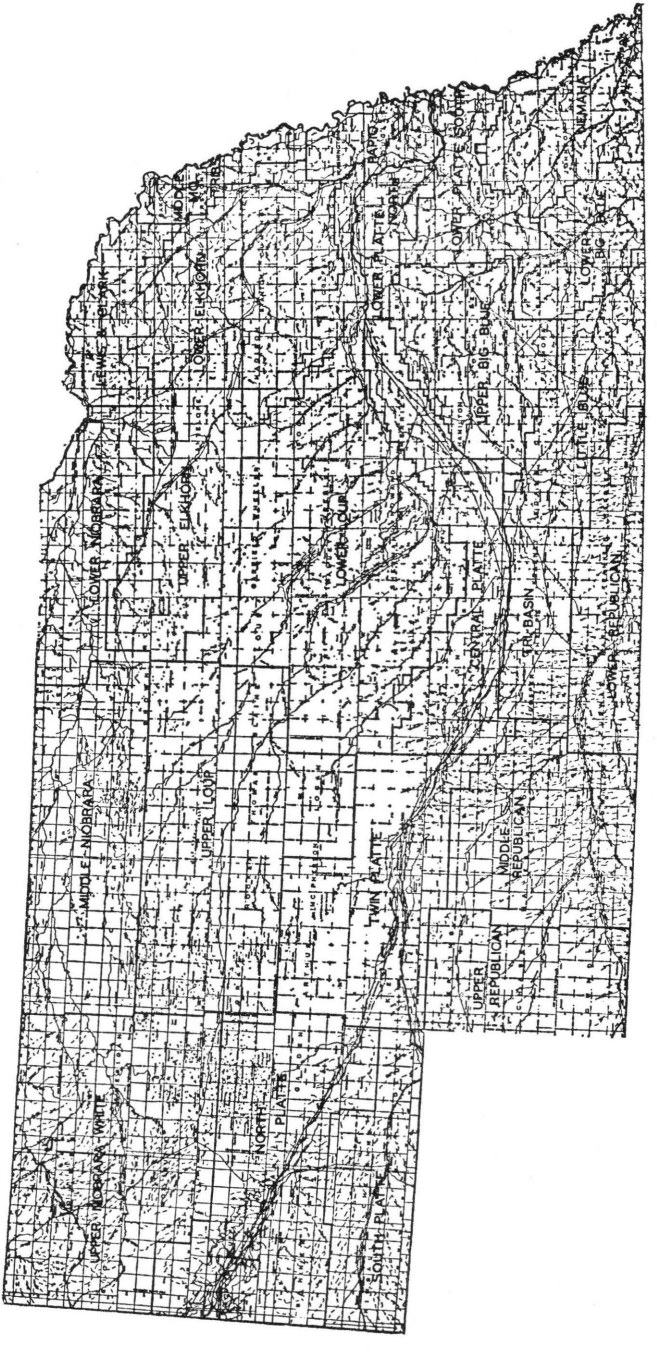
Extensive responsibilities of the Commission are encompassed within its planning activities, including the legislatively assigned task of developing a Nebraska State Water Plan. Thus far the Framework Study to the State Water Plan, a number of appendices, and several special recommendations have been developed and published as partial completion of this task. Yet to be completed are basin plans for each of the recognized thirteen river basins within the state.

Another important element of the Commission's planning activities is its water quality planning effort. First drafts of water quality plans for each of the state's thirteen river basins have been completed. Revisions will need to be made in the plans continually, with complete revisions occurring at least every five years. Additional water quality planning responsibilities have been assigned to the Commission as a result of its

designation as the lead agency for preparation of plans under section 208 of the Federal Water Quality Act Amendments of 1972. These plans, due to be completed by November 1, 1978, must identify and provide solutions for both point and non-point sources of pollution. To assist the Commission in this effort, a policy advisory committee made up of locally elected officials and members of the general public has been formed in each of the states thirteen major river basins. In all aspects of the water quality planning program, the Commission works closely with the Department of Environmental Control and the State Office of Planning and Programming.

The final activity directly connected to the Commission's planning responsibilities is the administration of a natural resources data bank. Basic data concerning the soil and water resources of the State of Nebraska is maintained and is made available to all interested agencies and persons. Assisting in the coordination and dissemination of the resources of the data bank is a technical advisory committee composed of ten representatives of state and federal agencies appointed by the Governor.

NEBRASKA NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT BOUNDARIES



STATE CLAIMS BOARD

Gerald T. Whelan, Chairman ..... Lieutenant Governor
Frank Marsh ..... State Treasurer
Ray A. C. Johnson ..... Auditor of Public Accounts
Janet Shepard ..... Secretary
Paul L. Douglas ..... Attorney General

The State Claims Board was established in 1969, by the passage of the State Tort Claims Act, the board replacing the Sundry Claims Board. It is composed of three members, the Lieutenant Governor, who is chairman, the State Treasurer and the State Auditor. The board appoints a secretary, and the Attorney General is legal advisor. The act became effective on January 1, 1970. Generally, the Tort Claims Act provides an authority to make direct payment for the negligence, wrongs or omissions of state employees acting in behalf of the state. Claims are filed with the Secretary who advises the Attorney General. The Attorney General causes a complete investigation to be made, then the board, with the advice and approval of the Attorney General, has the authority to allow tort claims to the amount of $50,000.00, although any claim over $5,000.00 must also be approved by the District Court of Lancaster County. Any claimant dissatisfied by the final disposition of the claim by the board may file suit, in the district court of the county in which the claim originated within two years from the time of origin, but no less than six months from the date of the mailing of notice of disallowance by the Board.

In addition to the authority of the State Claims Board in relation to tort claims, the board also receives all other claims against the state for items for which no money has been appropriated, and requests on behalf of state agencies for waiver or cancellation of money necessary for fiscal or accounting procedures, but has authority only to deliver the claim with its recommendation to the chairman of the appropriate committee of the next Legislature.

Legislation passed in 1972 granted the secretary, on behalf of the State Claims Board and with the advice of the Attorney General, authority to pay claims of all workmen's compensation benefits where liability is undisputed. In any claims where liability or the amount of liability is disputed by the Attorney General, authority is conferred upon the Attorney General to consider, ascertain, adjust, determine, and allow any workmen's compensation claim. If any such claim is compromised or settled, the approval of the claimant, the State Claims Board and the Attorney General shall be required, and such settlements also shall be approved by the Nebraska Workmen's Compensation Court and by the district court. All state agencies shall report full information to the secretary when any state employee sustains injury or illness arising out of and in the course of their employment.

COMMISSION ON UNIFORM STATE LAWS

Members	Terms Expire
Henry Grether, Lincoln	August 11, 1979
Norman Krivosha, Lincoln	August 11, 1979
Wallace M. Rudolph, Lincoln	August 11, 1979
Fred T. Hanson, McCook	Life Member

In 1951 the Legislature established the Commission on Uniform State Laws composed of three recognized members of the bar appointed by the Governor for terms of four years each, and in addition thereto any residents of this state who because of long service in the cause of the uniformity of state legislation have been elected life members of the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws.

These commissioners cooperate with similar commissioners from all the states in formulating uniform laws on specific subjects, after extensive study of the subjects. The Legislatures of the various states are given the opportunity to enact the laws thus formulated.

STATE HISTORICAL INSTITUTION

NEBRASKA STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

EXECUTIVE BOARD

Maurice S. Hevelone, President	Beatrice
Otto Kotouc, Jr., 1st Vice President	Humboldt
S. N. Wolbach, 2nd Vice President	Grand Island
Arthur Carmody, Treasurer	Trenton
Edwin J. Faulkner	Lincoln
J. M. Hart, Jr.	Omaha
Nes Latenser	Omaha
Charles W. Martin	Omaha
Charles C. Osborne	Hastings
James A. Rawley	Lincoln
Warren C. Wood	Gering
Nellie Snyder Yost	North Platte

Ex Officio Members:

J. J. Exon	Governor of Nebraska
Ronald W. Roskens	President, University of Nebraska
Paul W. White	Chief Justice, Nebraska Supreme Court
Jack Pollock	President, Nebraska Press Association

Administrative Staff:

Marvin F. Kivett	Director
Leigh G. DeLay	Historian
Wendell Frantz	Museum Curator
Carl Jones	Branch Museum Curator

James Potter ..... State Archivist
Ann Reinert ..... Librarian

Total number of employees: 89, including 31 part-time employees.

Publications: Nebraska History, a quarterly magazine now in its 57th volume; Publications of the Nebraska State Historical Society, 27 volumes; Publications in Anthropology, 6 numbers; "Out of Old Nebraska," a weekly column distributed to the press of the state; Educational Leaflets, 15 numbers; and miscellaneous pamphlets.

The Nebraska State Historical Society originated as the State Historical and Library Association in 1867. It was reorganized as the Nebraska State Historical Society, September 25, 1878. The Legislative Act of February 27, 1883, provided that "the Nebraska State Historical Society, an existing organization . . . be and is hereby recognized as a state institution." The society's officers were required to make reports annually to the Governor, and an appropriation was authorized to be expended for "collecting and preserving historical matter, data, and relics for the benefit of the state."

By legislative acts of 1905 and 1969 the Nebraska State Historical Society was assigned responsibility for the preservation of all public records which the State Archives may consider to be of historical value, which are contained within the offices of the state and governmental subdivisions of Nebraska. The State Archives presently contains records from the major offices within state government with holdings dating from 1854 to the present. In addition, county and municipal records are maintained within the Archives, as well as selected federal records relating to the development of Nebraska.

The Manuscript Division of the Archives collects and preserves business, political, religious and personal records of Nebraska. These records reflect the social, economic and political development of the state. The Microfilm Division of the Archives is primarily devoted to placing Nebraska's newspapers on microfilm. Holdings date from 1854 to the present and consist of over 18,000 rolls of microfilm comprising the largest existing collection of Nebraska newspapers. Selected records of religious, business and educational organizations as well as government agencies are placed on film each year.

The society's library contains approximately 67,000 volumes, representing about 30,600 titles, 2,000 maps, 81,500 photographs, and a vast file of state publications. Bound volumes of periodicals are included in the library collection. A branch library at Fort Robinson, Nebraska, contains 1,500 volumes especially related to that area. Emphasis is placed on material dealing with Nebraska history, genealogy, and Indians of North America. Collection of some 2,000 individual folders containing small manuscripts, biographical data, and personal reminiscences, is also part of the library collection. A special file is maintained containing historical information on Nebraska counties and towns.

The society has accumulated extensive important library, archives and museum collections. The major portion of the collections has come in the form of gifts from members of the society and interested citizens of the state and from former Nebraskans.

The museum collection deals with the cultures of the people who have lived in Nebraska and the plains area. Branches are maintained at Fort Robinson; the George W. Norris Home at McCook; the Neligh Mills at Neligh; the Nebraska Statehood Memorial in the Thomas P. Kennard Home in Lincoln; Fairview, William Jennings Bryan's Lincoln Home; and the John G. Neihardt Center at Bancroft. Three mobile museum trailers operate seasonally at Chimney Rock near Bayard and at other selected locations on Interstate 80.

By action of the Eightieth Session of the Legislature (1969), the work of the Historical Land Mark Council was assigned to the society. The society has the duty of determining which historical events, sites, and traditions are of importance to the State of Nebraska, and to procure historical markers by expending any funds specifically appropriated by the Legislature for such purpose. The society also is responsible for the preservation of earlier markers; can accept gifts; and has power of eminent domain to carry out the program. Such markers are erected and the site maintained by the Department of Roads. As of July 1, 1976, a total of 197 uniform markers had been erected throughout the state.

In 1967 the Society was assigned the responsibility for carrying out provisions of the National Historic Preservation Act. This program involves the nomination of "districts, sites, buildings, structures and objects significant in American history, architecture, archeology and culture . . ." to the National Register of Historic Places. Enrollment on the National Register potentially qualifies all sites for acquisition and/or development assistance under a National Park Service Grants-in-Aid Program administered by the Society. Other activities of the program involve maintenance of a statewide inventory of sites and the preparation of a comprehensive state historic preservation plan.

The society is governed by its executive board. One-third of the elective members is chosen each year at the annual business meeting of the society to serve for three-year terms. The Governor, President of the University, Chief Justice, and President of the Nebraska Press Association also serve as ex officio board members.

ASSOCIATIONS RECEIVING APPROPRIATIONS FROM THE STATE

STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE

First District

Members	Terms Expire
Walter Hahn—Johnson County	1978
Crissie J. Rist—Richardson County	1978
Wallace Thorson—Saunders County	1978
Dale Shoemaker—Lancaster County	1978
Claude Bartlett—Gage County	1977
Jack Aegerter—Seward County	1977
Ron Bath—Nemaha County	1977

Second District

Robert Wilkins—Washington County	1978
John Ward, Jr.—Sarpy County	1978
Charles Miller—Douglas County	1977

Third District

Chris Miller—Dakota County	1978
Kenneth Torczon—Platte County	1978
Julius "Jules" Burbach—Knox County	1978
Stanley Schellpeper—Stanton County	1977
E. Thome Johnson—Dodge County	1977
Orrin Kohlmeier—Burt County	1977

Fourth District

Vince Foster—Perkins County	1978
Russell R. Morgan—Gosper County	1978
Richard Maresh—Saline County	1977
Ray Conrad—Polk County	1977
Russell Christensen—Kearney County	1977
Dale Thompson—Red Willow County	1977
Jack Chapman—Thayer County	1977

Fifth District

Robert Kiester—Box Butte County	1978
Stan Christensen—Morill County	1978
William Denker—Dawson County	1978

Don Kilgore—York County 1977
Don G. Clement—Buffalo County 1977
Earl Cherry—Scotts Bluff County 1977

EXECUTIVE BOARD

Don Clement, Kearney ..... President
Wallace Thorson, Mead ..... First Vice-President
Kenneth Torczon, Columbus ..... Second Vice-President
Charles Miller, Ralston ..... Secretary-Treasurer
Jack Chapman, Hebron ..... Member
Don Kilgore, North Platte ..... Member
Ron Bath, Auburn ..... Member
Henry Brandt, Manager
Helen A. Wadhams, Administrative Assistant
John Skold, Assistant and Concessions Manager

Total number of employees: 18.

Publications: Annual Report; Premium List, Nebraska State Fair.

A bill creating a Territorial Board of Agriculture was introduced by Robert W. Furnas, and signed by Governor Richardson on October 14, 1858. This board is a body corporate, with perpetual succession. The first territorial fair was held at Nebraska City, September 21-23, 1859. This fair was not a financial success, and the enthusiasm of the board diminished. Two other fairs were held at Nebraska City in the years 1868 and 1869. An act of February 25, 1879, prescribed the duties of the board, and provided for the state fair.

The state owns 300 acres of land on which the fair is held, and the activities of the board are paid for out of the proceeds of the fair, and legislative appropriations.

The Constitution of the Nebraska State Board of Agriculture provides for a board of twenty-nine members selected from five districts for two-year terms. The presidents or elected delegates of the county agricultural societies are ex officio members and entitled to attend the annual meeting. No county agricultural society is allowed a vote in the annual meeting unless it held a fair the preceding years and filed a report as required by law.

The State Board of Agriculture is required to:—

1. Make and publish an annual report.
2. Manage the state fair.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES

There are eight qualifying agricultural organizations, several created by statute many years ago, which receive modest appropriations from the Legislature. The qualifying organizations include, but are not limited to the Nebraska Dairymen's Association, the State Horticultural Society, Nebraska Livestock Feeders and Breeders Association, Nebras-

ka Home Economics Association of Organized Agriculture, the Nebraska Crop Improvement Association, the Western Nebraska Organized Agriculture Association, the Nebraska Poultry Improvement Association, and the Nebraska Potato Council.

Prior to 1945, the state aid to these associations was administered by the State Board of Agriculture. Since that time it has been administered by the University of Nebraska. The Legislature in 1961 appropriated small sums to certain individual agricultural associations, and these funds are also administered by the University. The following organizations received annual appropriations for 1975 and 1976.

NEBRASKA HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY

This society was originally organized in 1869 at the state fair grounds in Nebraska City. The first appropriation was made in 1872. In 1879 the society was recognized by statute. Organized originally to further the fruit and tree growing interests in the state, but was reorganized in 1972 to include all phases of horticultural interests in the state.

The new objectives of the society are (1) unification of horticulturists and organizations throughout the state, for mutual development and (2) to promote and develop horticulture in the state, through education, research and commercial activity in the areas of ornamentals, fruits, turf, and vegetables.

An annual appropriation of $1,328 was made in 1975 and $1,408 in 1976 by the Legislature for its use.

President—Harold W. Glissmann, 10304 Broadmoor Court, Omaha, Nebraska 68114
Vice President—Wayne C. Whitney, 1739 South 49th Street, Lincoln
Secretary-Treasurer—Robert "Bob" Shearman, Ext. Hort. Bldg., UN-L East Campus, Lincoln, Nebraska 68503

NEBRASKA CROP IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION

This organization was first started in March 1902. It was then known as the Nebraska Corn Improvers Association. In 1921 this organization started the work of seed certification in Nebraska. In 1931 the State Legislature passed the Nebraska Certified Seed Law (House Roll 67) authorizing seed certification to be carried on by the organization on a non-profit basis. The name of the organization was subsequently changed to the Nebraska Crop Improvement Association.

In 1975 an annual appropriation of $1,060.00 was made by the Legislature for its use, and in 1976 $1,123.

President—Wayne Ramig, Gering.
Secretary-Manager—Dean W. Lancaster, 216 Keim Hall, East Campus, Lincoln 68583.

NEBRASKA DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION

This association was organized in 1885 and was legalized as a state

institution by the Legislature in 1889. It is required to hold an annual meeting, to gather statistics and diffuse knowledge on matters pertaining to practical dairying. The Legislature in 1975 made an annual appropriation of $1,940 for its use, and in 1976, $2,056.

President—Don Olson, Milford.

Vice President—Dwayne Wittstruck, Martell.

Secretary-Treasurer—Phil H. Cole, Room 205, Marvel Baker Hall, East Campus, Lincoln.

Assistant Secretary-Treasurer—Randy Steinhausen, Lincoln

NEBRASKA LIVESTOCK BREEDERS AND FEEDERS ASSOCIATION

This association was founded in 1891. Beginning with 1909 the Legislature has appropriated funds for its support. It was incorporated in 1911 and was legalized as a state institution by the 1969 Legislature. The Legislature in 1975 made an annual appropriation of $1,998 for its use and in 1976, $2,118.

President—Henry Krivohlavek, Dorchester 68343.

Secretary—Paul Q. Guyer, Institute of Agriculture, Lincoln 68503.

HOME ECONOMICS ASSOCIATION OF AGRICULTURE

The Nebraska Home Economics Association of agriculture had its origin in a women's section of Organized Agriculture which held its first meeting in 1905 and was legalized as a state institution by the 1969 Legislature. The Legislature made an annual appropriation of $801 in 1975 and $849 in 1976 for its use. The Association holds "Home Economics Day for Homemakers" each year on the East Campus, UNL. It also provides County Home Extension Club Council Chairman pins in recognition of the leadership and responsibility assumed by these County Chairmen.

President—Mrs. Neal Sidders, Wood River.

Vice President—Mrs. LeRoy Frahm, Ceresco, Nebraska 68017.

Secretary-Treasurer—Ms. Mardel Meinke, 109 Agriculture Hall, UNL 68583.

WESTERN ORGANIZED AGRICULTURE

This society has been organized for some twenty-five years. The Legislature in 1975 made an annual appropriation of $999, and in 1976, $1,059 for its use.

President—Howard Newkirk, Lewellen.

Vice President—Gene Linemann, Sidney.

Secretary-Treasurer—Mrs. J. Percy Woolery, Oshkosh.

JUDICIAL BRANCH

Article V, section 1 of the Nebraska Constitution, as amended in 1970, provides: "The judicial power of the state shall be vested in a Supreme Court, district courts, county courts, in and for each county, with one or more judges for each county, or with one judge for two or more counties, as the Legislature shall provide, and such other courts inferior to the Supreme Court as may be created by law."

Pursuant to that provision, the 1972 Legislature reorganized all courts of limited jurisdiction, and made some changes affecting the District Courts. January 4, 1973, was the effective date for most of the changes.

The Supreme Court has seven judges. Forty-five judges serve the twenty-one District Courts. A district system also is used for selection of County Judges, with forty-three judges serving twenty-one districts. The judicial branch also includes two conciliation courts (one in Douglas County and one in Lancaster County) with at least one designated district judge for each, one Workmen's Compensation Court with five judges, two municipal courts (Omaha with nine judges and Lincoln with four), and two separate juvenile courts (one in Lancaster County with one judge and one in Douglas County with two judges). Nebraska also has a Court of Industrial Relations which functions as a court though it technically is an industrial commission.

With the exception of the two municipal courts, the primary source of financial support is the state treasury. All courts are an integral part of the state judicial system and subject to the general administrative control of the Supreme Court.

Prior to the reorganization brought about by Legislative Bill 1032 (1972), county judges were elected in each of the 93 counties, and several hundred cities and villages maintained police courts. The county and police courts were locally financed. There also were several hundred justices of the peace who were compensated solely from fees.

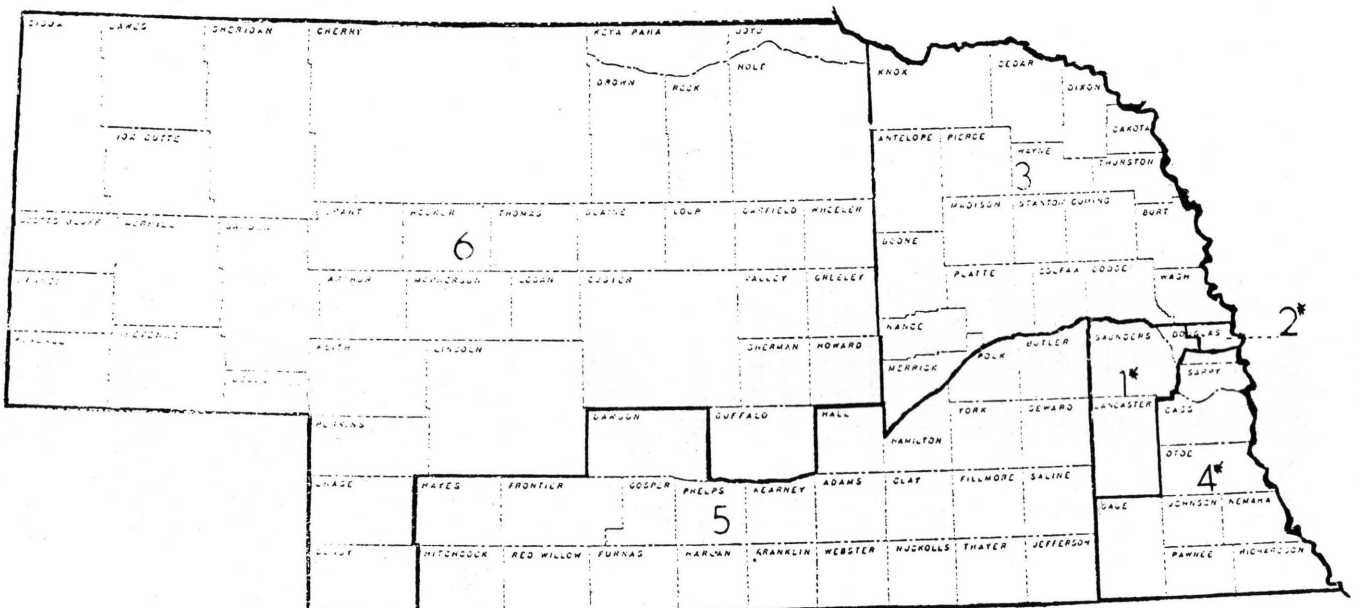
The merit plan for judicial selection was adopted as a constitutional amendment in the November 1962 election. The amendment provided that the plan would apply to the Supreme Court, district court, and such other courts as the Legislature shall provide. The 1963 Legislature provided that the judges of the municipal courts of Omaha and Lincoln, and judges of the separate juvenile courts of Omaha and Lincoln be subject to the merit plan. The 1967 Legislature provided that the judges of the Nebraska Workmen's Compensation Court also be subject to the merit plan. The 1974 Legislature extended the plan to judges of the county courts.

Vacancies on the bench are filled by gubernatorial appointment from a list selected by a nominating commission. After receiving an appointment a judge must run for retention in office at the next general election following the expiration of three years from the date of his

appointment and every six years thereafter. All judicial candidates are unopposed and run on their records. A majority of affirmative votes will retain the judge in office while a majority of negative votes will remove the judge from office after expiration of his term. If an incumbent judge is rejected by the electorate in his bid for reelection, the vacancy is filled as described above.

Nominating commissions are composed of four laymen from the judicial district, four lawyers from the judicial district, and one Supreme Court Judge who serves as non-voting chairman. The lawyers are selected by the members of the Nebraska Bar Association and the Governor appoints the lay members and the Supreme Court Judge. There are fifty-four judicial nominating commissions: Twenty-one for the district court judges, twenty-one for the county court judges, six for the Supreme Court Judges; one for the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, one each for the municipal courts of Omaha and Lincoln, one each for the separate juvenile courts of Douglas and Lancaster Counties, and one for the Workmen's Compensation Court.

SUPREME COURT JUDICIAL DISTRICTS



* District 1: Lancaster, Saunders, Leg. Dists. 4 & 31 of Douglas County.
* District 2: Leg. Dists. 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 20, 14 of Douglas County.
* District 4: Gage, Pawnee, Johnson, Nemaha, Richardson, Otoe, Cass, Sarpy Counties; Leg. Dists. 5, 7, 12 of Douglas County.

SUPREME COURT OF NEBRASKA

Chief Justice	Terms Expire	Salary
Paul W. White, State at Large, Lincoln	January, 1981	$39,750
Justices		
Harry A. Spencer, First District, Lincoln	January, 1979	39,750
Donald Brodkey, Second District, Omaha	January, 1979	39,750
C. Thomas White, Third District, Columbus	January, 1981	39,750
Hale McCown, Fourth District, Beatrice	January, 1981	39,750
Leslie Boslaugh, Fifth District, Hastings	January, 1979	39,750
Lawrence M. Clinton, Sixth District, Sidney	January, 1981	39,750

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

Clerk and Librarian, Larry D. Donelson $22,500
Reporter of Supreme Court, Marvin L. Green 17,500

Total number of employees: 28 (Not including staff of state library.)

Terms of Court: Third Monday in September, first Monday in October, November, December, January, February, March, April, May, and June.

Publication: Nebraska Reports, Vols. 1-194.

The Supreme Court consists of one Chief Justice selected at large and six judges selected from six districts.[1] Judges must be at least thirty years of age and must have resided in the state at least three years next preceding the election.

The Supreme Court had its origin in the Organic Act creating the territory May 30, 1854, which declared that "The Supreme Court shall consist of a Chief Justice and two associate justices." The Constitution of 1866 and 1875 provided for three judges. Prior to the Constitution of 1875 the members of the court also presided over the district courts. The cases before the Supreme Court became so numerous that the Legislature of 1901 authorized the Supreme Court to appoint nine commissioners to aid them in clearing up the docket. The Legislature of 1905 reduced the number of Supreme Court Commissioners to six. By constitutional amendment adopted November, 1908, the Supreme Court was increased from three to seven judges.

An amendment submitted by the constitutional convention of 1920, also provided for the election of the six justices by the electors of six districts, leaving only the Chief Justice to be elected at large.

[1] Selection and terms pursuant to merit plan, see page 589.

To make it possible to expedite the work of the court, an amendment submitted by the constitutional convention of 1920, provided that the Supreme Court might sit in two divisions, and empowered the Chief Justice to appoint district judges to sit with the Supreme Judges in order to have five judges in each division. Cases involving the constitutionality of a statute, and all appeals from a conviction of homicide must be heard by the undivided court. The Legislatures of 1925 and 1927 provided for six Supreme Court Commissioners to help clear the docket. The Legislature of 1929 reduced the number of Supreme Court Commissioners to three.

The docket having been cleared, at the request of the court, the life of the Supreme Court Commission was terminated in 1931.

The judges of the court constitute the board of directors of the state library.

JURISDICTION

Has original jurisdiction in cases relating to revenue, civil cases in which the state is a party, mandamus, quo warranto, habeas corpus, election contests involving state officers other than members of the Legislature, and such appellate jurisdiction as may be provided by law.

STATE LAW LIBRARY

Librarian ..... Larry D. Donelson, Clerk of the Supreme Court
Deputy Librarian ..... Dorothy E. Hammond

Total number of employees: 5 (Not including Clerk of Supreme Court who is state librarian.)

The state library is the oldest public library in the state, the Kansas-Nebraska Act of May 30, 1854, having provided for the establishment of a territorial library to be kept at the seat of government for the use of members of the territorial government, and other people, as prescribed by law. Congress appropriated $5,000 for the initial purchase of books. The Legislature created the office of territorial librarian in March, 1855. The office carried a salary of $100 which was increased to $300 in 1856, with the duties of superintendent of public schools added. The library had grown to about 4,000 volumes in 1860. From 1861 to 1865, the territorial auditor was also librarian. The office of territorial librarian was then reestablished with a salary of $400. In 1867, the Secretary of State was given the additional duties of librarian. In 1871, the library was separated into two divisions—law and miscellaneous, which were united by the Constitution of 1875, and put in charge of the clerk of the Supreme Court. By law the judges of the Supreme Court constitute the governing board of the library. Seven clerks of the court have served as state librarian since the adoption of the constitution in 1875.

The library of the University of Nebraska being in Lincoln, it has seemed wise to develop the state library as a law library, although it still contains several thousand general works and bound files of periodicals.

As a law library, it is considered to be one of the best collections in the country. The library now contains about 135,000 bound volumes, and many unbound pamphlets.

The library is housed in handsome quarters specially designed for it on the south side of the Capitol third floor.

REPORTER OF THE SUPREME COURT

Reporter of the Supreme Court.....Marvin L. Green
Assistant Reporter of the Supreme Court.....Jacquelyn Leach
Total number of employees: 2.

The Reporter of the Supreme Court is a constitutional officer as provided in Article V, section 8, Constitution of Nebraska. It is the duty of the Reporter of the Supreme Court to edit and to have published and copyrighted the opinions of the Supreme Court in the form of bound volumes; to prepare annotations of the decisions of the Supreme Court and the federal courts and transmit them to the Revisor of Statutes; and to perform such other functions as may be directed by the Supreme Court.

STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR

Article V, section 1, of the Nebraska Constitution, as amended in 1970, vests general administrative authority over all courts in the Supreme Court, and provides that this authority shall be exercised by the Chief Justice. It also provides that the Chief Justice shall be the executive head of the courts, and may appoint an administrative director.

Pursuant to this authority, Chief Justice Paul White created the State Court Administrator's office, effective July 1, 1972, and appointed Mr. James E. Dunlevey as the first State Court Administrator. Mr. Donald Cullen was appointed assistant administrator. The Court Administrator's duties include the general supervision of the county court system, developing coordination within the judicial branch and with other agencies involved in programs affecting the courts, developing statistical information and preparing budgets, developing plans for improvement of the judicial system, and serving as a central source for information about the courts.

COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL QUALIFICATIONS

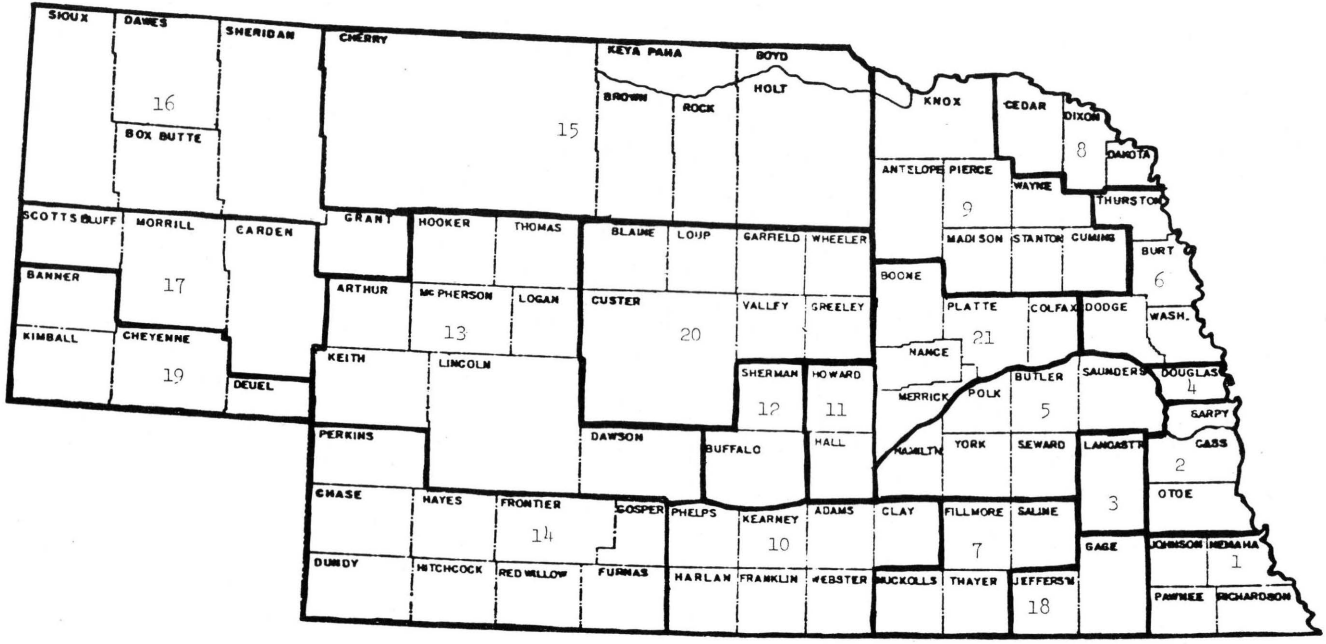
	Terms Expire
Leslie Boslaugh, Judge of the Supreme Court, Chairman	August 31, 1977
C. Thomas White, Judge of the Supreme Court, Vice Chairman	August 31, 1979
William C. Hastings, Judge of the District Court	August 31, 1979
Myrl D. Edstrom, Judge of the County Court	August 31, 1977
Paul J. Hickman, Judge of the Municipal Court, Omaha	August 31, 1977

James A. Lane, Attorney-at-Law ..... August 31, 1979
William F. Colwell, Judge of the District Court ..... August 31, 1977
Eugene P. Welch ..... August 31, 1977
Benjamin Novicoff, Judge of the Workmen's Compensation Court ..... August 31, 1979
Ted Reeder ..... August 31, 1979
William Schneider ..... August 31, 1977
Larry D. Donelson, Clerk of the Supreme Court, Secretary.

The Commission on Judicial Qualifications was created by the Legislature in 1967 pursuant to the authority and requirements of Article V, sections 28 to 31, Constitution of Nebraska, adopted by the electorate at the general election in 1966. The legislative act is cited as sections 24-715 to 24-728, R.S. Supp., 1969.

The Constitution and statutes provide that the commission consists of: 1. Two Judges of the Supreme Court, two judges of the various district courts, one judge of a municipal court, one judge of the Nebraska Workmen's Compensation Court, and one judge of the county courts, all of whom are appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court; 2. Two members of the Nebraska State Bar Association who have practiced law in the state for at least 10 years and who are appointed by the Executive Council of the Nebraska State Bar Association; and 3. Two citizens (not judges or attorneys) who are appointed by the Governor for four-year terms. The members of the commission serve without compensation but are reimbursed for all reasonable expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties. The commission may employ an executive secretary, investigators, medical experts, and such other employees as are necessary to carry out its functions and duties. The office of the Attorney General provides counsel to the commission, but the commission may employ special counsel in any proceeding when it is determined by the commission to be advisable.

The Commission on Judicial Qualifications is charged with investigating, conducting hearings, and determining the qualifications of any judge of a court of record in the state to continue in office, to retire voluntarily because of disability, or to be removed for cause when request is made to the commission or any citizen or when request is made by a judge for such hearing and determination. All papers filed with and the proceedings before the commission shall be confidential and the testimony given before it shall be deemed a privileged communication.



JUDICIAL DISTRICTS, COUNTY AND DISTRICT COURTS

DISTRICT COURTS

Judicial Districts and District Judges, 1977

No. of Dist.	Counties in District	Judges & Residences	Terms Expire
1	Johnson, Nemaha, Pawnee, Richardson	William F. Colwell, Pawnee City	Jan. 4, 1979
2	Cass, Otoe, Sarpy	Ronald E. Reagan, Bellevue	Jan. 6, 1983
		George H. Stanley, Syracuse	Jan. 8, 1981
		Raymond J. Case, Plattsmouth	Jan 6, 1983
3	Lancaster	William D. Blue, Lincoln	Jan. 6, 1983
		William C. Hastings, Lincoln	Jan. 8, 1981
		Herbert A. Ronin, Lincoln	Jan. 6, 1983
		Dale E. Fahrnbruch, Lincoln	Jan. 6, 1983
		Samuel Van Pelt, Lincoln	Jan. 6, 1983
4	Douglas	John T. Grant, Omaha	Jan. 6, 1983
		James A. Buckley, Omaha	Jan. 8, 1981
		John C. Burke, Omaha	Jan. 6, 1983
		Samuel P. Caniglia, Omaha	Jan. 8, 1981
		John E. Clark, Omaha	Jan. 6, 1983
		Donald J. Hamilton, Omaha	Jan. 8, 1981
		Lawrence C. Krell, Omaha	Jan. 6, 1983
		Patrick W. Lynch, Omaha	Jan. 6, 1983
		John E. Murphy, Omaha	Jan. 6, 1983
		James M. Murphy, Omaha	Jan. 8, 1981
		Theodore L. Richling, Omaha	Jan. 8, 1981
		Rudolph Tesar, Omaha	Jan. 8, 1981

5	Butler, Hamilton, Polk, Saunders, Seward, York	Howard Kanouff Wahoo	Jan. 8, 1981
		William H. Norton Osceola	Jan. 8, 1981
6	Dodge, Washington, Burt, Thurston	Mark J. Fuhrman Pender	Jan. 8, 1981
		Walter G. Huber Blair	Jan. 6, 1983
7	Fillmore, Nuckolls, Saline, Thayer	Orville L. Coady Hebron	Jan. 8, 1981
8	Cedar, Dixon, Dakota	Francis J. Kneifl So. Sioux City	Jan. 4, 1979
9	Antelope, Cuming, Knox, Madison, Pierce, Stanton, Wayne	Eugene C. McFadden Norfolk	Jan. 8, 1981
		Merritt C. Warren Creighton	Jan. 4, 1979
10	Adams, Clay, Franklin, Harlan, Kearney, Phelps, Webster	Norris Chadderdon Holdrege	Jan. 6, 1983
		Fred R. Irons Hastings	Jan. 8, 1981
11	Hall, Howard	Lloyd Kelly, Jr. Grand Island	Jan. 6, 1983
		Donald H. Weaver Grand Island	Jan. 6, 1983
12	Buffalo, Sherman	DeWayne Wolf Kearney	Jan. 8, 1981
13	Dawson, Lincoln, Logan, McPherson, Keith, Arthur, Hooker Thomas	Hugh Stuart North Platte	Jan. 8, 1981
		Keith Windrum Gothenburg	Jan. 6, 1983
14	Chase, Dundy, Frontier, Furnas, Gosper, Hayes, Hitchcock, Perkins, Red Willow	Jack H. Hendrix Trenton	Jan. 4, 1979
15	Boyd, Brown, Holt, Keya Paha, Rock, Cherry	Henry F. Reimer O'Neill	Jan. 6, 1983

16	Box Butte, Dawes, Grant, Sheridan, Sioux	Robert R. Moran Alliance	Jan. 6, 1983
17	Scotts Bluff, Morrill, Garden	Robert O. Hippe Gering	Jan. 8, 1981
		Alfred J. Kortum Gering	Jan. 6, 1983
18	Gage, Jefferson	William B. Rist Beatrice	Jan. 8, 1981
19	Banner, Kimball, Cheyenne, Deuel	John D. Knapp Kimball	Jan. 6, 1983
20	Blaine, Loup, Garfield, Greeley, Valley, Custer, Wheeler	Earl C. Johnson Broken Bow	Jan. 6, 1983
21	Boone, Platte, Colfax, Nance, Merrick	John C. Whitehead Columbus	Jan. 8, 1981

The organic act of May 30, 1854, provided for three judicial districts in the newly created territory. The courts of these districts were presided over by the justices of the Supreme Court, who were required to reside in the districts to which they were assigned. On December 20, 1854, Acting-Governor Cuming by proclamation, assigned Chief Justice Fenner Ferguson to the First District, embracing the counties of Douglas and Dodge; Judge Edwin R. Harden to the Second District, embracing all that portion of the territory lying south of the Platte River; and Judge James Bradley to the Third District embracing the counties of Washington and Burt. He also proclaimed the first session of these courts at Belleview, Douglas County; Nebraska City, Pierce County; and Florence, Washington County. An act of March 16, 1855, defined the First District as the counties of Douglas and Washington with court held in Omaha, and in Washington County. The Second District included Richardson, Nemaha, Otoe, Cass, Lancaster, Greeley, Clay, Saline, Pawnee, Johnson, York, and Gage Counties with court held in various places in the district. The Third District embraced the counties of Burt, Dodge, Loup, Black Bird, Dakota, Buffalo, Cuming, Izard, Jackson, and McNeil with court held at Fontanelle and Tekamah. The functions of these courts, defined by the District Court Act of 1855, were further defined in the Nebraska Code of February 13, 1857.

The Constitution of 1875 provided for six judicial districts and relieved the judges of the Supreme Court of duties in the district courts. A constitutional amendment adopted in September, 1920, provided that district judges must assist the Supreme Court when required. The 1961 Legislature added the provision that the Supreme Court may assign district judges to other districts when their services are needed. There

are now twenty-one districts with forty-five judges and each district judge has a court reporter.

District judges are selected by district.[1] The salary of each judge is $36,500[2] a year and is paid by the state as is the salary of the court reporters. The clerks of the district court are county officers, elected and paid by the county. (See the list of county officers in the section on local government.) The district courts are trial courts of general jurisdiction, and also decide appeals from the county and municipal courts.

Conciliation Courts

The 1965 Legislature enacted the Conciliation Court Law (42-801 et seq., R.R.S., 1943) to protect the rights of children and to promote the public welfare by preserving and protecting family life and the institution of matrimony, and to provide means for the reconciliation of spouses and the amicable settlement of domestic and family controversies.

The law is applicable only in counties in which the district court determines that the social conditions and number of domestic relations cases in the courts necessitate the consideration of such cases. Lancaster and Douglas Counties have such a court.

ORGANIZATION OF THE NEBRASKA PROBATION ADMINISTRATION

The State of Nebraska is divided into 12 probation districts effective October 1, 1974 consisting of a combination of several different Judicial Districts.

The Statewide Probation System was created in 1957 by LB 568 (29-2209, 29-2210, 29-2223 to 29-2239 R. R. S. 1943). The purpose was "That the treatment of persons convicted of crime shall take into consideration their individual characteristic circumstances, needs and potentialities as revealed by a case study, and that such persons shall be dealt with in the community by a uniformly organized system of constructive rehabilitation under probation supervision, instead of correctional institutions whenever it appears desirable in the light of the needs of public safety and their own welfare." The Eighty-second Legislature passed LB 680 which became effective on August 27, 1971. This act provided for administration of probation in district, county and juvenile courts other than separate juvenile courts, defined terms, created the Nebraska District Court Judges Association and provided for its powers, duties and responsibilities; created the Office of Probation Administrator, provided for his office operation, powers and responsibilities; created the Field Probation Service and provided for its operation, powers, and

[1] Selection and terms pursuant to merit plan, see page 589.

[2] 24-301.01 R.S.Supp., 1972 provides that each county having a population of 150,000 or more (Douglas and Lancaster) must pay to each district judge and each judge of a separate juvenile court located within the judicial districts a supplementary salary of $1,500 a year.

responsibilities; provided for probation, revocation of probation and discharge from probation of offenders; provided for the supervision of offenders placed on probation in another state who are within the state pursuant to the provision of section 29-2637.

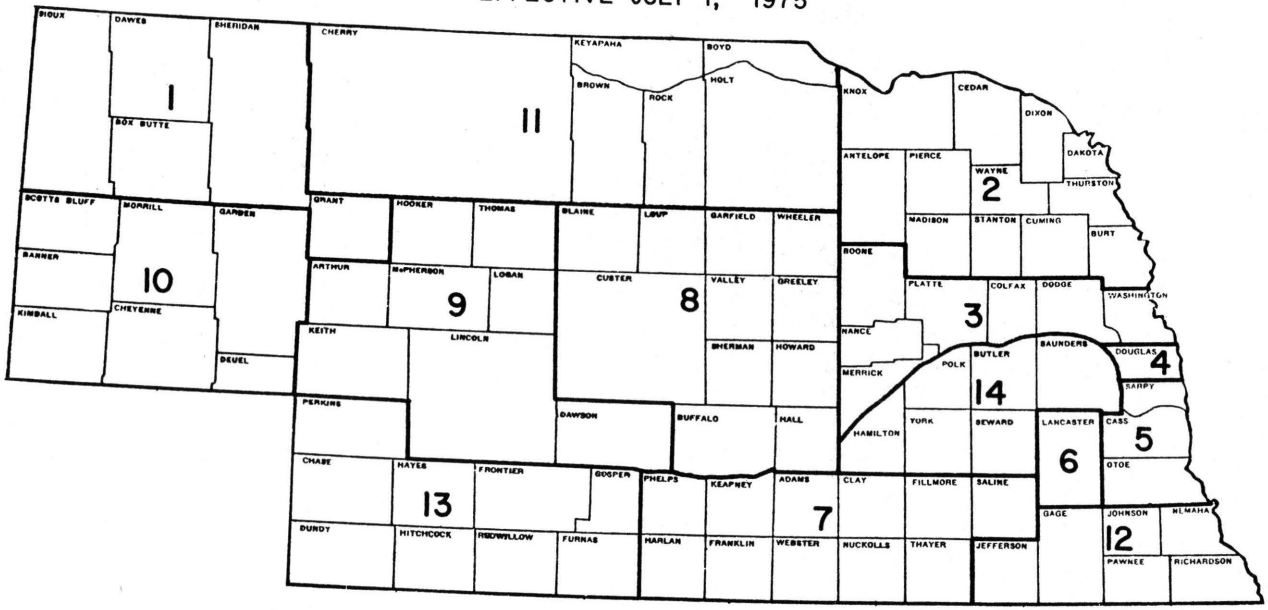
The Nebraska District Court Judges Association is composed of all 45 active district court judges of the state. The association exercises general supervision over the probation administrator and probation officers throughout the state. The association holds meetings, elects officers, adopts by-laws and rules necessary or proper for the exercise of its powers and duties.

The Probation Administrator is directly responsible to the association. He shall administer and direct the probation system throughout the state. He will establish procedures, policies and standards, regarding reports, employment statistics, research, etc. He shall provide training programs and opportunities for probation officers throughout the state. He shall cooperate with all agencies which are concerned with treatment and welfare of people on probation and shall interpret the probation program to the public. He shall work closely with judges of county and juvenile courts also. He shall transmit an annual report of the operation of the office to the Nebraska District Court Judges Association who will in turn transmit to the Governor and the Legislature.

The probation officers shall be responsible for presentence and other probation investigations and the direct supervision of persons placed on probation by the court. They shall keep accurate and complete records and exercise all powers and perform all duties necessary to carry out their responsibilities.

PROBATION DISTRICTS

EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1975



PROBATION DISTRICTS
EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1975

DISTRICT	COUNTIES IN DISTRICT	PROBATION OFFICERS	CITY
Administrator	Statewide		
Assistant	Statewide	Edwin H. Garrison	Lincoln
		Carol Schoenleber	Lincoln
#1	Sioux, Dawes, Box Butte, Sheridan, Grant	*Kurt Turner	Chadron
		Richard Sturgeon	Alliance
		Gary Hoffman	Rushville
#2	Knox, Cedar, Dixon, Dakota, Thurston, Cuming, Wayne, Madison, Pierce, Stanton, Antelope, Burt	*Herbert Hansen	Wayne
		Merlin Wright	Wayne
		Richard Brown	Wayne
		DeWayne Witt	Norfolk
		Ron Nicholson	Dakota City
#3	Boone, Platte, Dodge, Wahington, Nance, Merrick, Colfax	*Robert Yanders	Columbus
		Earl Ray Wiseman	Columbus
		Jack Knudtsen	Blair
		Jeri Zulkoski	Columbus
		James Valder	Columbus
#4	Douglas	*Patrick C. Krell	Omaha
		Leonard Kurtz	Omaha
		Aloysius Cunningham	Omaha
		Clay Parker	Omaha
		Mary Wilmes	Omaha
		Dora McDavis	Omaha
		Billy Hartzell	Omaha
		Gerald Sutterer	Omaha
		Almon (Mike) Brown	Omaha
		Mary McCormack	Omaha
		William Andrew	Omaha
		Curtis Starks	Omaha
		Carrie Simms	Omaha
		Nancy Jaber	Omaha
#5	Cass, Otoe, Sarpy	*Jack Ryder	Nebraska City
		Joe Jackson	Papillion
		Bill McKee	Papillion
#6	Lancaster	*Larry Heckert	Lincoln
		Bill Beach	Lincoln
		Deborah Leffler	Lincoln
		Patricia Tinnel	Lincoln
		Earl Houck	Lincoln
		Roe Heston	Lincoln
		Cort Johnson	Lincoln
#7	Adams, Fillmore, Nuckolls, Saline, Thayer, Clay, Franklin, Harlan, Kearney, Phelps, Webster	*Henry Hawes	Hastings
		Wilbur Gewecke	Holdrege
		Richard Fischer	Friend
		Robert Horton	Hastings
		Richard Finnerty	Hastings
		John McCarty	Minden
		Gerald Riggins	Hastings
#8	Blaine, Garfield, Greeley, Hall, Howard, Loup, Valley, Wheeler, Buffalo, Custer, Sherman	*Ron York	Grand Island
		Kent Lilly	Kearney
		Clifford Cooper	Grand Island
		Dick Skiles	Kearney
		Bill Clinch	Grand Island
		Jeff Kawata	Grand Island
		Carroll Brown	Broken Bow
#9	Arthur, Hooker, Thomas, McPherson, Logan, Keith, Lincoln, Dawson	*Dave Wegner	North Platte
		Ladas Hubka	North Platte
		Terry Sobotka	North Platte
		M.C. Dickerson	Lexington

#10	Scottsbluff, Morrill, Garden, Banner, Kimball, Cheyenne, Deuel	*Clayton DeMott	Gering
		Daniel Witko	Gering
		Rose Beitel	Gering
		Steve Silverman	Gering
		Randy Meyers	Gering
		Charles Browne	Gering
		Harold Chapman	Bridgeport
		Steve Lovelidge	Kimball
		Darrell Johnson	Sidney
#11	Cherry, Brown, Rock, Holt, Keya Paha, Boyd	*Mary Farris	Ainsworth
		Fred Perrett	Ainsworth
#12	Johnson, Nemaha, Pawnee, Gage, Jefferson, Richardson	*Dan Weddle	Pawnee City
		Clifford Wolf	Beatrice
		Steve Rowoldt	Falls City
#13	Perkins, Chase, Hayes, Frontier, Gosper, Dundy, Hitchcock, Furnas, Red Willow	*Randy Rogers	McCook
		Greg Hershberger	McCook
		Richard Moberly	McCook
#14	Hamilton, Polk, Butler, York, Seward, Saunders	*Richard Chisholm	York

* Indicates Chief Probation Officer in each district.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION COURT

Members	Terms Expire
Paul E. LeClair, Judge	January 1, 1983
Mark A. Buchholz, Judge	January 1, 1983
Ben Novicoff, Presiding Judge	January 1, 1983
Richard S. Wiles, Judge	January 1, 1979
Ted W. Vrana, Judge	January 1, 1979

Total number of employees: 26

Publications: Annual Report; Compensation Laws.

The first Nebraska Workmen's Compensation Law became effective in 1914. From then until 1917 the act was administered by the several district courts of the state. In 1917 the Legislature created a Compensation Division in the Department of Labor, the Commissioner of Labor was designated Compensation Commissioner. The Legislature of 1935 transferred all of the functions of the Compensation Division to the Workmen's Compensation Court.

All disputed claims for workmen's compensation shall be submitted to the Workmen's Compensation Court for finding, award, order or judgment. Appeal may be taken to District and Supreme Courts.

Compensation court judges are selected and serve terms pursuant to merit plan. (See page 589.) The salary of each judge is $34,250 a year. Compensation court judges have state-wide jurisdiction and travel to all parts of the state to hold hearings in county seats in disputed cases. All industrial accidents are required to be reported to this court.

JURISDICTION

This court has authority to administer and enforce all of the provisions of the Nebraska Workmen's Compensation Act which includes

original jurisdiction of all claims for workmen's compensation benefits resulting from industrial accidents or occupational diseases.

NEBRASKA COURT OF INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

Members	Terms Expire
Benjamin M. Wall, Omaha, Presiding	June 9, 1981
Dean G. Kratz, Omaha	January 23, 1982
Richard L. DeBacker, Grand Island	June 9, 1979
J. Patrick Green, Omaha	January 23, 1982
Donald F. McGinley, Ogallala	June 9, 1981

Janet Stewart Arnold, Clerk

The Court of Industrial Relations was created by the 1947 Legislature (48-801 et seq., R.R.S., 1943) to have jurisdiction over labor disputes involving employees of public power districts and public utilities. The 1969 Legislature expanded the jurisdiction of the court to include employees of state and local government, and expanded the number of judges from three to five. These employees are forbidden by law to strike. Any employer, employee, labor organization, the Attorney General or the Governor may file a petition with the court invoking its jurisdiction. All orders and findings of the court may be appealed to the Supreme Court.

The judges of the court are appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Legislature for terms of six years. The salary is one hundred dollars a day for each day the court is in session.

The Clerk of the Court is appointed by the Judges of the Court, with the advise and consent of the Governor, and serves at the pleasure of the Court. Section 48-804, R.S. Supp. 1976 provides that on July 1, the Judges shall, by a majority vote, elect one of their number to serve as Presiding Judge for a term of two years. Section 48-807 R.S. Supp., 1976 provides that the Court is no longer required to office in Lincoln, but may office elsewhere with the approval of the Governor.

COUNTY COURTS

County courts are established in each of Nebraska's ninety-three counties, with civil jurisdiction in cases not involving more than $5,000, criminal jurisdiction in all misdemeanor cases, including violations of city and village ordinances, jurisdiction in all probate, estate administration, and guardianship matters, and exclusive jurisdiction in juvenile cases, except in Lancaster and Douglas Counties.

Forty-three county judges serve twenty-one judicial districts. These judges were elected to four-year terms on a nonpolitical ballot in 1972. The 1974 Legislature included county judges in the merit plan system of judicial selection. Salaries are $30,740 in districts of more than 100,000 population (Districts 2, 3 and 4), and $25,440 in other districts. Counties of more than 150,000 population (Douglas and Lancaster) may pay a $2,500

supplement. County judges must be lawyers in good standing. At least one associate county judge is appointed in each county except Lancaster and Douglas. In most counties, the associate judge also is ex officio clerk of the court, and is not a lawyer.

Salaries of judges and all county court employees are paid by the state. Each county is responsible for the cost of facilities, supplies and equipment for the courts.

Appeals from the county courts are taken to district court, on the record made in county court. Tape recording equipment is used to preserve testimony in county courts.

The present county court system was established by Legislative Bill 1032 (1972), effective January 4, 1973. LB 1032 combined the previous functions of the ninety-three county courts, several hundred police courts, and several hundred justices of the peace, and constituted the first major change in the structure of Nebraska's courts of limited jurisdiction since statehood was attained.

COUNTY JUDGE DISTRICTS AND COUNTY JUDGES, 1977

No. of District	Counties in District	Judges and Residences
1	Richardson, Pawnee, Johnson, and Nemaha	Albert Maust, Falls City Eugene T. Atkinson, Papillion Albert Walsh, Gretna
2	Cass, Sarpy and Otoe	Jeffrey L. Campbell, Bellevue
3	Lancaster	Robert R. Camp, Lincoln Jeffre P. Cheuvront, Lincoln
4	Douglas	Jobert C. McGowan, Omaha Samuel Cooper, Omaha
5	Saunders, Butler, Polk, Hamilton, York, and Seward	Robert T. Cattle, Jr., Seward Curtis H. Evans, Seward Myrl D. Edstrom, Wahoo
6	Dodge, Washington, Burt and Thurston	Daniel Beckwith, Fremont Chester Neil Sutton, Blair
7	Saline, Fillmore, Thayer, and Nuckolls	Ray L. Cellar, Geneva Clarence C. Kunc, Wilber
8	Cedar, Dixon, and Dakota	David W. Curtiss, Hartington Cecil W. Orton, Dakota City

9	Knox, Antelope, Pierce, Wayne, Madison, Stanton and Cuming	R. Bruce Henning, Norfolk James J. Duggan, Norfolk Stephen P. Finn, Neligh
10	Clay, Adams, Kearney, Phelps, Harlan, Franklin and Webster	Harry C. Haverly, Hastings Bernard Sprague, Red Cloud
11	Hall and Howard	Joseph Martin, Grand Island
12	Buffalo and Sherman	John Icenogle, Kearney
13	Dawson, Lincoln, Keith, Arthur, McPherson, Logan, Thomas, Hooker, and Grant	Richard P. Myers, Ogallala George W. Bigelow, Cozad Ronald A. Ruff, North Platte
14	Perkins, Chase, Dundy, Hayes, Hitchcock, Frontier, Red Willow, Gosper, and Furnas	Cloyd Clark, Jr., McCook B. Bert Leffler, Grant
15	Cherry, Keya Paha, Brown, Rock, Boyd, and Holt	Samuel C. Ely, Ainsworth C. Norman Gonderinger, O'Neill
16	Sheridan, Dawes, Box Butte and Sioux	Glen A. Fiebig, Alliance Laurice Margheim, Chadron
17	Scotts Bluff, Morrill, and Garden	James Lee Macken, Scottsbluff G. Glenn Camerer, Gering
18	Gage and Jefferson	Paul William Korslund, Beatrice
19	Banner, Kimball, Cheyenne, and Deuel	Thomas Henry Dorwart, Sidney Kenneth Fritzler, Kimball
20	Blaine, Loup, Garfield, Wheeler, Custer, Valley, and Greeley	C. S. Marchek, Broken Bow Roy Blixt, Ord

21	Boone, Nance, Merrick, Platte, and Colfax	Gerald E. Rouse, Columbus Gary F. Hatfield, Central City Joe P. Broz, Schuyler

SEPARATE JUVENILE COURTS

County	Location	Judge	Terms Expires
Douglas	Omaha	Colleen R. Buckley	1979
		Joseph W. Moylan	1979
Lancaster	Lincoln	Wilfred W. Nuernberger	1979

Separate juvenile courts are courts of record and handle matters pertaining to neglected, dependent and delinquent children. The court also has concurrent jurisdiction with the district court in all matters arising concerning the care, support, custody or control of feebleminded children under eighteen years of age.

Judges of the separate juvenile courts receive a salary of $36,500 a year.[1]

MUNICIPAL COURTS

Location	Judge	Term Expires
Lincoln	Thomas J. McManus	1981
	Donald R. Grant	1981
	Neal Dusenberry	1981
	Janice L. Gradwohl	1979
Omaha	William F. Ryan	1979
	Robert C. Vondrasek	1979
	Fred J. Montag	1979
	Elizabeth Davis Pittman	1981
	Paul J. Hickman	1981
	Walter H. Cropper	1979
	A. Q. Wolf	1981
	Theodore L. Carlson	1981
	Francis A. McLane	1981

Municipal courts have been established in Lincoln and Omaha. They are financed by the municipalities, but have countywide jurisdiction. While the primary purpose of municipal courts is to handle cases involving ordinance violations, they have concurrent jurisdiction with county courts in civil and misdemeanor cases. Procedure in municipal and county courts is substantially identical, and appeals from municipal courts are taken to the district courts.

Judges are selected under the merit plan and receive annual salaries of $33,000.

[1] Selection and terms pursuant to merit plan, see page 589, 24-301.01 R.S. Supp., 1969 provides that each county having a population of 150,000 or more (Douglas and Lancaster) must pay to each district judge and each judge of a separate juvenile court located within the judicial districts a supplementary salary of $1,500 a year.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

For purposes of local government, Nebraska is divided into political subdivisions. Through the creation of new units and the abolition or consolidation of old ones, the number changes from time to time, but from the latest data available Nebraska is comprised of the following separate units:

COUNTIES	93
TOWNSHIPS	476
MUNICIPALITIES	537
SCHOOL DISTRICTS[1]	1,414[2]
SPECIAL DISTRICTS	
City Airport Authorities	49
Drainage Districts (Includes Sanitary Drainage Districts)	60
Groundwater Conservation Districts	3
Health District	0
Hospital Districts	7
Housing Authorities	89
Irrigation Districts[3]	36
Natural Resources Districts	24
Noxious Weed Eradication Districts	89
Omaha Metropolitan Utilities District	1
Public Power Districts	33
Reclamation Districts	4
Road Improvement Districts	4
Rural Cemetery Districts	57
Rural and Suburban Fire Protection Districts	391
Rural Water Districts	7
Sanitary and Improvement Districts	164
Total	3,538

COUNTIES

Nebraska counties are of two general types: (1) township or supervisor counties, of which there are twenty-eight, and (2) precinct or commissioner counties, numbering sixty-five. In the township counties, the principal governing authority is vested in a board of supervisors of seven members. The precinct counties are governed by boards of commissioners in counties of less than 200,000 inhabitants, there are three commis-

[1] Does not include the 17 county high school districts or the 18 rural high school districts.
[2] 1971-1972 figures.
[3] Four of these districts were organized under the public power and irrigation law enacted in 1933 and subsequently amended. Sections 70-601 to 70-679. Revised Statutes of Nebraska, 1943. The remaining districts were organized under Sections 46-101 to 46-128, Revised Statutes of Nebraska, 1943.
SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census of Governments, 1972 Volume 1: Governmental Organization: Nebraska.

sioners; in counties of more than 200,000 inhabitants, there are five commissioners. The electors in any county containing more than 10,000 and less than 200,000 inhabitants may vote at any general election as to whether their county board shall consist of three or five commissioners. In sixty-two counties, the board consists of three members. Three counties, Douglas, Sarpy and Webster, have five-member boards. The 1945 Legislature amended the law governing the method of changing from one type of government to another.

TOWNSHIP COUNTIES

Adams, Antelope, Boyd, Buffalo, Burt, Butler, Clay, Cuming, Custer, Dixon, Dodge, Fillmore, Franklin, Gage, Hall, Harlan, Holt, Kearney, Knox, Merrick, Nance, Phelps, Platte, Saunders, Sherman, Thurston, Valley, and Washington.

PRECINCT COUNTIES

Arthur, Banner, Blaine, Boone, Box Butte, Brown, Cass, Cedar, Chase, Cherry, Cheyenne, Colfax, Dakota, Dawes, Dawson, Deuel, Douglas, Dundy, Frontier, Furnas, Garden, Garfield, Gosper, Grant, Greeley, Hamilton, Hayes, Hitchcock, Hooker, Howard, Jefferson, Johnson, Keith, Keya Paha, Kimball, Lancaster, Lincoln, Logan, Loup, McPherson, Madison, Morrill, Nemaha, Nuckolls, Otoe, Pawnee, Perkins, Pierce, Polk, Red Willow, Richardson, Rock, Saline, Sarpy, Scotts Bluff, Seward, Sheridan, Sioux, Stanton, Thayer, Thomas, Wayne, Webster, Wheeler, and York.

The distinction between the supervisor and commissioner forms of county government is relatively unimportant, since the county boards under the two systems have precisely the same powers and tenure, and the other officers are the same for counties of the same population class.

County Officers

Other than board members, the officers found in all counties are: county clerk, county treasurer, county sheriff, county attorney, county surveyor, and county superintendent. In addition to these officers, the office of register of deeds is found in counties having a population of 16,500 or more; a clerk of the district court is provided for in counties having a population of 7,000 or more, with provision in counties from 7,000 to 10,000 population not to elect a district clerk; county assessors are found in counties having a population of 3,500 or more; Buffalo, Douglas, Platte, Sarpy and Lancaster Counties have an election commissioner; and Buffalo, Douglas, Lancaster, Lincoln and Scotts Bluff Counties have a public defender.

All county officers are elected by a popular vote, for four-year terms with the exception of the election commissioner in Douglas, Sarpy and Lancaster Counties who is appointed by the Governor for a four-year

term. The election commissioner in Buffalo County is appointed by the county board.

TOWNSHIPS

The supreme authority of the township (also called the "town") is vested in the town meeting, one regular meeting of which is held each year, on the third Tuesday in January, and special meetings may be called by the township board, or any two members thereof supported by petition of twelve freeholders of the town.

Every four years, the voters of each township elect one town treasurer, one town clerk, and one chairman of board of township officers, and these three officers constitute the township board. In addition, there is a road overseer for each road district, likewise elected for two years. During the interim between town meetings the governing authority of the township is vested in the board, but its powers are not comparable to that of the county board.

CITIES AND VILLAGES

Nebraska municipalities are classified by law into five groups: (1) Cities of the metropolitan class which includes all cities in the state of more than 300,000 population: Omaha with a population of 346,929[1] is the only city in this class; (2) Cities of the primary class, which includes all cities in the state having over 100,000 and not less than 300,000 inhabitants. Lincoln with a population of 149,518[1] is the only city in this class; (3) Cities of the first class, which includes all cities in the state having a population of more than 5,000 and less than 100,000 inhabitants. There are 28 cities in this classification. They are: Alliance, Beatrice, Blair, Bellevue, Chadron, Columbus, Fairbury, Falls City, Fremont, Gering, Grand Island, Hastings, Holdrege, Kearney, LaVista, Lexington, McCook, Nebraska City, Norfolk, North Platte, Papillion, Plattsmouth, Scottsbluff, Seward, Sidney, South Sioux City, Wayne and York; (4) Cities of the second class, which includes all incorporated communities with more than 800 and not more than 5,000 inhabitants. There are 118 cities included in this category, however 14[2] have elected to retain the village classification; thus there are 104 cities of the second class; and (5) Villages, which include all incorporated communities in the state with not less than 100 nor more than 800 population. Although the minimum population required for incorporation is 100, there are a number of villages which now have less than that number due to a decline in population. There are 403 villages in Nebraska.

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[1] 1970 Census.

[2] The 14 cities retaining village classification are: Arlington, Boys Town, Culbertson, Elgin, Emerson, Louisville, Morrill, Oxford, Pender, Ponca, Rushville, Sutherland, Tilden and Walthill. The 7 cities retaining second-class classification although slightly under population requirements are: Dodge, Edgar, Fort Calhoun, Hay Springs, Indianola, Nelson and Sargent.

FORMS OF MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT

According to law any city of 2,000 inhabitants or more may adopt the commission plan of municipal government. At the present time Nebraska City is so governed. Under the commission form of government the powers of the city are vested in the council (or commission). The commissioners have power to make the city's ordinances and individually they serve as heads of the principal administrative departments. The mayor is one of the commissioners and serves as chairman.

Alliance, Chadron, Gordon, Grand Island, Kearney, Lexington, McCook, Ogallala, Scottsbluff, and Sidney are the cities in Nebraska which operate under the city manager plan. Under this form of government the legislative power is vested in an elective council and the executive or administrative power is entrusted to a manager, who is appointed by and responsible to the council. The mayor is a member of the council and its president but has no veto power, nor power of appointment.

All other Nebraska cities operate under the mayor-council form of government. Under this plan the councilmen are elected from wards for four-year terms. The mayor and police magistrate are elected for four-year terms. The mayor presides at council meetings. In first class cities the council may, by two-thirds vote of its members, provide by ordinance for the election of the treasurer and clerk. In second class cities the mayor with the consent of the council may appoint a city clerk, a city engineer, a city treasurer, a city attorney, and an overseer of streets for a one-year term.

Nebraska villages are governed under a system which for convenience may be called the trustee type, as the governing authority is vested in a board of trustees consisting of five members, elected by popular vote for four-year overlapping terms. The trustees designate one of their members as chairman or president of the board (not mayor, though he is unofficially referred to as such). The trustees may appoint a clerk, treasurer, attorney, overseer of streets, and marshal, and the board shall appoint a board of health consisting of the chairman of the board of trustees, the village marshal and a physician, if there is one in the village. These officers hold office for one year.

MUNICIPAL HOME RULE

The Constitution of Nebraska confers the powers of home rule upon all cities in the state having a population of 5,000 or more. In the language of the constitution, such a city, "may frame a charter for its own government, consistent with and subject to the constitution and laws of the state," (Art. XI, Sec. 2). This power does not free the municipalities affected from all control or supervision by the state. The Supreme Court of Nebraska has held that in matters of state-wide concern the Legislature can control a home rule city, but in matters of purely "municipal concern" the home rule charter prevails. There are thirty cities which fulfill the population requirements for home rule status but only two,

Omaha and Lincoln have availed themselves of the privilege of framing and adopting charters of their own choosing.

METROPOLITAN UTILITIES DISTRICT

In 1913, the Legislature enacted S.F. 17, creating metropolitan water districts to serve water in metropolitan cities and adjacent areas, under which statute the Metropolitan Water District of Omaha first came into existence. In 1921, the Legislature enacted S.F. 30 to provide that when such water districts take over operation of any other utility in addition to a water system, they would then become metropolitan utilities districts.

In 1921, the Metropolitan Water District of Omaha assumed operation of the gas distribution system serving the metropolitan city of Omaha and became the Metropolitan Utilities District of Omaha. There is at present one metropolitan city in Nebraska, and consequently one metropolitan utilities district.

Until January, 1977 the governing authority of a metropolitan utilities district is vested in a board of directors of six members elected to four-year terms on a non-partisan basis two each general election. Commencing in January, 1977 a seventh member will be appointed by the Governor for an initial two year term with successors to be elected to four-year terms from within the district's boundaries but outside the Omaha city limits.

Metropolitan water districts and metropolitan utilities districts are governmental subdivisions and public corporations having the power to sue and be sued, enter into contracts, promulgate rules and regulations, fix rates, buy, lease and sell property, and issue revenue bonds. They have authority to require the cities and areas in which they serve water to levy a water tax for fire protection purposes, of not to exceed 1.5 mills, and to remit the proceeds to the district.

METROPOLITAN UTILITIES DISTRICT OF OMAHA

OFFICERS

General Manager ..... Robert W. Bell
Assistant General Manager ..... Byron L. Miller
General Counsel ..... Cecil S. Brubaker
Operating Manager ..... Joseph P. Laferla
Planning Director ..... James B. Knapp

DIRECTORS

Frank P. Fogarty ..... Chairman
Sam Vacanti ..... Vice-Chairman
Thomas F. Dowd ..... Board Member
Leo J. Dworak ..... Board Member
Frank L. Frost ..... Board Member

Joseph J. Cascio, Sr. ..... Board Member
Don Kroupa ..... Board Member

The Metropolitan Utilities District of Omaha provides natural gas and water service to the city of Omaha, Nebraska, and adjacent territory extending into Sarpy and Washington Counties. There are over 119,416 gas customers being served by more than 1,555 miles of gas mains and over 115,408 water customers being served by 1,602 miles of water mains. Cities and villages served either water or gas under franchise include Ralston, LaVista, Fort Calhoun, Bennington and Springfield. Water is furnished on a wholesale basis to Bellevue, Papillion, Carter Lake and the Capehart area. The District has authority to collect and does collect sewer use fees and other utility charges in some areas where it serves water at retail. The statutes also permit the sale of ice, coke and other byproducts, and limited operation of public parking facilities.

NEBRASKA ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEMS

Electric service in Nebraska is supplied by political subdivisions of the State of Nebraska called public power districts, electric cooperatives, and municipal electric systems. Nebraska is unique among the states in having no private power companies; all electric facilities are publicly-owned or member-owned. Public power districts are governed by boards of directors elected on the general election ballot. Cooperatives elect directors at annual meetings of members.

NEBRASKA RURAL ELECTRIC ASSN.—The statewide service organization for the rural electric systems serving Nebraska and the bordering areas. The organization handles legislation, public relations, research and communications for the individual systems.

NEBRASKA PUBLIC POWER DISTRICT (NPPD) of Columbus was formed January 1, 1970, by a merger of Consumers Public Power District, Platte Valley Public Power and Irrigation District, and Nebraska Public Power System. Nebraska Public Power District generates and transmits electricity for several hundred towns that it serves at retail and for towns and 26 rural electric systems that it serves with wholesale power. Nebraska Public Power District operates a number of hydro-electric and thermal generating plants. It is building a nuclear-powered generating plant near Brownville.

NEBRASKA ELECTRIC GENERATION AND TRANSMISSION COOPERATIVES, INC., of Columbus is the wholesale power supplier for 26 rural electric systems in the eastern two-thirds of the state. It purchases power from Nebraska Public Power District.

CENTRAL NEBRASKA PUBLIC POWER AND IRRIGATION DISTRICT of Holdrege generates electricity at hydro-electric and thermal generating plants. This power is sold to Nebraska Public Power District.

OMAHA PUBLIC POWER DISTRICT operates generation, transmission and retail electric service in the metropolitan Omaha area and rural areas extending to the southeastern corner of the state. Omaha Public Power District sells about half of all electricity used in Nebraska.

TRI-STATE GENERATION AND TRANSMISSION ASSOCIATION of Denver, Colorado, is the wholesale power supplier for six rural electric systems in the western one-third of Nebraska. It buys power from the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation.

LOUP PUBLIC POWER DISTRICT of Columbus serves the towns in Nance, Colfax, Platte and Boone Counties formerly served by Consumers Public Power District.

RURAL ELECTRIC SYSTEMS—There are 32 rural electric systems with headquarters in Nebraska. Three of these are membership cooperatives and 29 are public power districts. There are also two cooperatives from South Dakota, three from Wyoming and one from Colorado that serve border areas of Nebraska. Totally they serve some 107,000 farmers and ranchers, and a number of towns. Rural electric systems are financed by the U. S. Rural Electrification Administration with supplemental financing from other sources.

MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC SYSTEMS—There are 142 municipal electric systems, 52 of which generate and distribute electricity and 90 of which distribute only.

PUBLIC POWER DISTRICTS

In 1933, the Legislature enacted a law (S.F. 310) which, as subsequently amended, constitutes the legal basis of all public power districts operating in the state. Four districts organized under this law are: Loup River Public Power District, Central Nebraska Public Power and Irrigation District, Nebraska Public Power District, and the Omaha Public Power District. There are thirty-two Rural Electrification Districts organized and operating under this law.

The governing authority of each public power district is vested in a board of directors of not less than five members and not more than twenty-one, except that any district operating in fifty counties or more shall have a board of seven members. The original members of the board of directors are designated by the petition or by the Governor, as the case may be, but thereafter the members are elected by popular vote, on a nonpartisan ballot, for six-year terms, staggered so that approximately one-third of the members will be elected at each general election. Members of the board of directors receive their actual expenses and compensation for their services not to exceed one hundred dollars a month for board members and one hundred and fifty dollars a month for the chairman. When a public power district has gross revenue in excess of forty million dollars a year the board of directors may receive such

compensation not exceeding $200.00 a month except the president who may not exceed $250.00 a month. The board of directors is not a full-time board and it appoints a full-time manager who carries on the actual administration of the district.

These districts are governmental subdivisions and public corporations, having the power to sue and be sued, enter into contracts, fix rates, buy, lease and sell property; but they do not have the power to levy taxes nor issue bonds secured by tax funds.

NEBRASKA PUBLIC POWER DISTRICT

OFFICERS

President	R. M. Gilmore	Kearney
Vice President	Robert E. Peterson	Lincoln
Second Vice President	John R. Brogan	York
Treasurer	David L. Duren	Columbus
Secretary	James W. Waddell	Indianola
Assistant Treasurer	T. M. Kyster	Columbus
Assistant Secretary	J. M. White	Columbus
General Manager	D. W. Hill	Columbus
Controller	R. D. Malmstrom	Columbus

On January 1, 1970, the Nebraska Public Power District (merger Consumers Public Power District and Platte Valley Public Power and Irrigation District) became an official political subdivision of the state by a certificate issued by the Department of Water Resources under date of December 16, 1969, which certificate approved changes in the Petitions for Creation of both the Consumers and Platte Valley Districts.

Under stipulations contained in the December 16, 1969 certificate of the Department of Water Resources, membership of the Board of Directors of Nebraska Public Power District was reduced from 14 to 11 on January 1, 1971, to represent the following 11 subdivisions of the District.

Subdivision 1 and 2: Lancaster County.

Subdivision 3: Buffalo and Hall Counties.

Subdivision 4: Keith, Perkins, Lincoln and Dawson Counties.

Subdivision 5: Sioux, Scotts Bluff, Banner, Dawes, Box Butte, Morrill, Sheridan, Garden, Deuel, Cherry, Hooker, Thomas, McPherson, Logan, Blaine, Loup and Custer Counties.

Subdivision 6: Chase, Dundy, Hayes, Hitchcock, Frontier, Red Willow, Gosper, Furnas, Phelps, Harlan, Kearney, Franklin, and Adams Counties.

Subdivision 7: Webster, Nuckolls, Thayer, Clay, Fillmore, Saline, Hamilton, Merrick, York and Seward Counties.

Subdivision 8: Jefferson, Gage, Pawnee, Richardson, Johnson, Nemaha, Otoe and Cass Counties.

Subdivision 9: Valley, Greeley, Sherman, Howard, Nance, Boone, Platte, Colfax, Polk, Butler and Saunders Counties.

Subdivision 10: Keya Paha, Brown, Rock, Boyd, Holt, Garfield, Wheeler, Knox, Antelope, Pierce, Madison and Stanton Counties.

Subdivision 11: Cedar, Wayne, Cuming, Dixon, Dakota, Thurston and Burt Counties; in Dodge County (the voting precincts of Webster, Pebble, Cuming, Logan, Pleasant Valley, Ridgeley, Everett, Hooper, Union, Cotterell and Maple;) and in Washington County (the voting precincts of Herman No. 1, Herman No. 2, Fontanelle and Cuming City;) and omitting Kimball, Cheyenne, Grant, Arthur, Douglas and Sarpy Counties.

For the purpose of establishing the permanent 11-member Board of Directors, the certificate lists the following procedure for directorship elections:

All terms of office begin on January 1 in the odd-numbered year following the general election.

In 1970 a director shall be elected for a six-year term from Subdivision 5.

In 1972 a director shall be elected for a four-year term from Subdivision 11; and a director shall be elected for a six-year term from Subdivisions 1, 2, 7, and 9.

In 1974 a director shall be elected for a two-year term from Subdivision 6; and a director shall be elected for a six-year term from Subdivisions 3, 4, 8, and 10.

In 1976 a director shall be elected for a six-year term from Subdivisions 5, 6, and 11; and

In 1978 a director shall be elected for a six-year term from Subdivisions 1, 2, 7, and 9.

OMAHA PUBLIC POWER DISTRICT

OFFICERS

General Manager—Ralph W. Shaw ..... Omaha
Assistant General Manager and Treasurer—Irvin H. Smith..... Omaha
Group Manager-Corporate Services—William F. Bachman..... Omaha
Group Manager-Operations—Lloyd C. Shalla..... Omaha
Group Manager-Engineering and Construction—Jack L. Wilkins Omaha
Assistant Secretary and Assistant Treasurer—Kathleen M. Boler Omaha
Assistant Secretary and Assistant Treasurer—Martin L. Champion Omaha

Assistant Secretary and Assistant Treasurer—Robert Macfie..... Omaha
Assistant Secretary and Assistant Treasurer—John W. Marcil ..... Omaha
Assistant Secretary—Robert C. Learch..... Omaha

DIRECTORS

President—Richard T. Dugdale..... Omaha
Vice President—M. M. Meyers ..... Omaha
Secretary—Richard Sievers..... Fort Calhoun
Board Member—Robert K. Corn..... Papillion
Board Member—Raymond C. Matson ..... Omaha
Board Member—John P. Munnelly ..... Omaha
Board Member—Rosemary M. Skrupa..... Omaha

The Omaha Public Power District was established in 1945 under amendments to the public power and irrigation law which were enacted in the 1945 session of the Legislature. The district purchased the Nebraska Power Company on December 2, 1946. On January 1, 1965, the Omaha Public Power District and the Eastern Nebraska Public Power District were consolidated, in accordance with a plan of consolidation adopted by each district's board of directors.

The district provides electric service in the City of Omaha, Nebraska, and adjacent territory comprising all of Douglas and Sarpy Counties. It also serves, on an estimated population basis, 56% of Washington County, 60% of Cass County, 54% of Saunders County, 30% of Dodge County, 41% of Otoe County, 48% of Nemaha County, 54% of Johnson County, 50% of Pawnee County and 34% of Richardson County. In addition, the district serves small areas in Burt and Colfax Counties. The area served also includes the community of Carter Lake, which is in the State of Iowa, but located west of the Missouri River, and is served directly from the Omaha distribution system. The service area is approximately 5,000 square miles, with an estimated population of 550,000. Omaha, with an estimated population of 391,000 within the corporate limits, is the largest of the 49 cities and villages served by the district, and the largest city in the state.

LOUP RIVER PUBLIC POWER DISTRICT
COLUMBUS, NEBRASKA

OFFICERS

H. Keith Newton..... President
Robert C. Kayton ..... Vice President
Barney L. Micek..... 2nd Vice President
Clarence J. Wittler ..... Treasurer
John C. Byrnes ..... Secretary
Max E. Kiburz..... General Manager
Robert E. White ..... Assistant General Manager
Vernon G. Beckmann..... Deputy Treasurer

Maxine Kolm ..... Assistant Secretary

DIRECTORS (10)	ADDRESS	ZIP	TERM
Dr. Francis J. Brown	R.F.D. 1 Genoa	68640	to 1981
H. Keith Newton	704 S. 3rd Albion	68620	to 1981
Barney L. Micek	2809 9 Street, Columbus	68601	to 1981
Richard J. Ternes	R.F.D. 1 Columbus	68601	to 1981
John C. Byrnes	Box 267 Columbus	68601	to 1979
Lavern W. Kracl	803 G Schuyler	68661	to 1979
Robert C. Kayton	Cedar Rapids	68627	to 1979
Clarence J. Wittler	Humphrey	68642	to 1977
Herman A. Wolfe	2014 16 Street, Columbus	68601	to 1977
Edward J. Svik	Clarkson	68629	to 1977

The Loup River Public Power District was organized June 3, 1933. It includes Platte, Colfax, Boone, Nance and parts of Wheeler and Greeley Counties.

THE CENTRAL NEBRASKA PUBLIC POWER AND IRRIGATION DISTRICT

(Central Nebraska District)

Directors and Officers

President and Director	A. C. Hove	Minden
Vice President and Director	C. J. Hargleroad	Hastings
Treasurer and Director	Roy Waller	Holdrege
Secretary & Director	Charles E. Uerling, Sr.	Hastings
Director	Raymond S. Cannon	Minden
Director	LaVern H. Johnson	Holdrege
Director	Russel J. Morgan	Elwood
Director	Leo Steinbrink	Elwood
Director	Harlan H. Hock	Bertrand
Director	Roy E. Anderson	Minden
Director	Moritz Aabel	Hastings
Director	John M. Delp	Smithfield
Legal Counsel	Aten, Noble & Ide	Holdrege
General Manager	R. D. Dirmeyer	Holdrege
Assistant General Manager	Frank J. Dragoun	Holdrege
Assistant Secretary	Phyllis McClymont	Holdrege

The Central Nebraska Public Power and Irrigation District was organized November 1, 1933. It includes Adams, Kearney, Phelps and Gosper Counties.

RURAL PUBLIC POWER DISTRICTS AND MEMBERSHIP ASSOCIATIONS
(Rural Electrification Districts)
(As of September 1, 1976)

Name of District	City	Manager
Burt County Public Power District	Tekamah	Jesse Rogers
Butler County Rural Public Power District	David City	Richard S. Polak
Cedar-Knox County Rural Public Power District	Hartington	Harold Martindale
Cherry-Todd Electric, Cooperative Incorporated	Mission, S. D.	Julius Petersen
Chimney Rock Public Power District	Bayard	Harry Pappas
Cornhusker Public Power District	Columbus	Jack McEnerney
Cuming County Public Power District	West Point	Tom A. Thomas
Custer Public Power District	Broken Bow	John Evans
Dawson County Public Power District	Lexington	Philip E. Darby, Jr.
Elkhorn Rural Public Power District	Battle Creek	Milton Smith
Franklin County Rural Public Power District	Franklin	Darwin Gates
Highline Electric Association	Holyoke, Colo.	Robert R. Goldenstein
Howard-Greeley Rural Public Power District	St. Paul	Roy Olson
K.B.R. Rural Public Power District	Ainsworth	Duane Philben
Lacreek Electric Association, Incorporated	Martin, S.D.	Harry F. Curry
Loup Valley Rural Public Power District	Ord	Wilbert Calvin
McCook Public Power District	McCook	James Underwood
The Midwest Electric Membership Corporation	Grant	Harold Hermann
Niobrara Electric Association, Incorporated	Lusk, Wyo.	C. W. Ausborn
Niobrara Valley Electric Membership Corporation	O'Neill	Walter R. Schmidt
Norris Public Power District	Beatrice	Glen Schmeiding
North Central Public Power District	Creighton	Peter Thomassen
Northeast Nebraska Rural Public Power District	Emerson	Cecil C. Plummer
Northwest Rural Public Power District	Hay Springs	Donald R. Armstrong
Panhandle Rural Electric Membership Association	Alliance	Paul E. Phaneuf
Polk County Rural Public Power District	Stromsburg	W. L. Anderson
Roosevelt Public Power District	Mitchell	Howard Moranville
Rural Electric Company	Pine Bluffs, Wyo.	B. E. Lyons
Seward County Rural Public Power District	Seward	E. C. Bentzinger
South Central Public Power District	Nelson	Yale A. Meyer
Southern Nebraska Rural Public Power District	Grand Island	C. J. Hoke
Southwest Public Power District	Palisade	Donald Husted
Stanton County Public Power District	Stanton	George Cunningham
Twin Valleys Public Power District	Cambridge	John W. McLane
Wayne County Public Power District	Wayne	C. W. Comstock
Wheat Belt Public Power District	Sidney	Gene Lienemann
Wyrulec Company	Lingle, Wyo.	Jim Hudelson
York County Rural Public Power District	York	vacancy

SCHOOL DISTRICTS

The school district in Nebraska is a separate unit of government. Its area may be coterminous, but most usually is not, with that of the city, village or other subdivision but it is a separate corporation, with its own governing body, exercising powers and prerogatives conferred upon it directly by the state. School districts are created for a specific purpose to carry out a single governmental function, that of public education. School districts are divided into six classes on the basis of population of

the district and type of school maintained. A Class I district provides education for elementary grades from kindergarten through eighth grade only. Classes II, III, IV, and V maintain both elementary and high school grades, with Class II districts including those having a population of 1,000 or less; Class III more than 1,000 and less than 50,000; Class IV more than 50,000 and less than 200,000 and Class V more than 200,000. Class VI includes any district in the state which maintains a high school only.

The principal governing authority of the school district is vested in a local body of citizens and taxpayers variously styled, board of education, or just school board, the members of which are elected by popular vote. Class II, III, IV, V and VI school districts which operate their own school systems employ a superintendent, appointed by the board, to serve as chief executive officer, responsible to the board for the administration of school affairs. In Class I districts, administrative supervision is performed by the board and the county superintendent.

SPECIAL DISTRICTS

There are 880 other units of government in Nebraska which include city airport authorities, drainage districts, ground water conservation districts, health districts, hospital districts, housing authorities, irrigation
districts, natural resources districts, noxious weed eradication districts, metropolitan utilities district, public power districts, reclamation districts, road improvement districts, rural cemetery districts, rural and suburban fire protection districts, rural water districts, sanitary and improvement districts, soil and water conservation districts, watershed districts, and watershed conservancy districts. The chief governing authority
in all of these districts is vested in a body of local citizens variously styled the board of directors, board of trustees, or board of supervisors and the members are elected either by all of the qualified voters in the district or by property owners who are directly concerned with the function or service performed.

COUNTY OFFICERS, 1976-1978

COMMISSIONERS AND SUPERVISORS

Adams—County Supervisors

Bill Sole (R), Hastings; Dennis Burr (D), Juniata; Gaylord C. Goble (D), Ayr; Willis L. Kailey (R), Hastings; Ed Lightner (R), Hastings; C. Robert Tripp (R), Hastings; Orville Hoagland (R), Hastings

Antelope—County Supervisors

Everett Johnston (R), Royal; Keith Thelander (R), Orchard, Harold Krebs (R), Neligh; Carl Schrader (R), Neligh; Donald Ofe (R), Oakdale; Dewey Carr (R), Elgin; Julius Parr (D), Elgin

Arthur—County Commissioners

Gerald Packard (R), Arthur; George Cross (R), Arthur; Joe Cullinan (D), Sutherland

Banner—County Commissioners

Klayton D. Johnson (R), Potter; Dale E. Shaul (R), Harrisburg; Charles Person (D), Pine Bluffs, Wyo.

Blaine—County Commissioners

Walter L. Rhoades (R), Dunning; Joseph H. Johnson (R), Halsey; Leland L. Fox (R), Brewster

Boone—County Commissioners

James S. Tisthammer (R), Albion; James J. Vandewalle (D), Albion; Conrad M. Arends (D), Petersburg

Box Butte—County Commissioners

Clifford Bartels (D), Alliance; J. L. Saylor (R), Alliance; John M. Ditsch (R), Alliance

Boyd—County Supervisors

Wayne D. Kibby (R), Butte; Herman Heiser (R), Lynch; August Eilers (R), Spencer; Lyle Luber (D), Butte; Norman Anderson (R), Bristow; Harold D. Fischer (R), Naper; Carl Weeder (R), Lynch

Brown—County Commissioners

William Gudgel (R), Ainsworth; Richard H. Gable (R), Long Pine; John R. Reynolds (D), Long Pine

Buffalo—County Supervisors

Dale R. Wright (R), Elm Creek; Floyd Conroy (D), Shelton; Lynn Thomas (R), Kearney; R. Dean Cannon (R), Kearney; John K. Hammer (R), Kearney; Fred Hehner (R), Pleasanton; Doralene E. Weed (R), Kearney

Burt—County Supervisors

Lloyd Olson (D), Tekamah; Roger Nelson (R), Craig; Harvey Walker (R), Tekamah; Lyle Farrens (D), Decatur; Robert Betts, Sr. (R), Lyons; Randy Johnson (R), Oakland; Otto Bromm (R), Craig

Butler—County Supervisors

Laddie J. Svoboda (D), Bruno; Henry R. Kobza (D), Bellwood; Marvin J. Grubaugh (D), Rising City; Anton L. Samek (D), David City; LeRoy Kobza (D), David City; Leo M. Behne (D), David City; James L. Korinek (D), Ulysses

Cass—County Commissioners

Roger Wehrbein (R), Plattsmouth; Martin A. Zoz (D), Alvo; Robert Curtright Jr. (R), Plattsmouth

Cedar—County Commissioners

Leonard Kuehn (D), Crofton; Marvin Hartung (R), Coleridge; Otto Dendinger (D), Hartington

Chase—County Commissioners

Joseph E. Heim (D), Champion; C. W. Arenz (D), Wauneta; Glen Ashmore (D), Lamar

Cherry—County Commissioners

Mabel D. Jones (R), Whitman; Clyde Weber (R), Merriman; Stan R. Danekas (R), Thedford

Cheyenne—County Commissioners

George Railey (D), Dalton; Kenneth Rose (D), Potter; Edward Narjes (R), Sidney

Clay—County Supervisors

Harold Engel (R), Inland; Earl England (D), Harvard; Phillip Steinhauer (R), Sutton; Lawrence Griess (R), Sutton; Harold Beck (R), Edgar; Robert Matticks (D), Fairfield; Wayne E. Hodges (R), Clay Center

Colfax—County Commissioners

Edward Ehlers (D), Leigh; James L. Waters (D), Schuyler; Lambert E. Karel (D), Howells

Cuming—County Supervisors

Norris Maack (R), West Point; Ed Stratman (D), West Point; Arnold Daberkow (R), West Point; Leo Raabe (R), Beemer; Martin Weiler (R), West Point; Harvey Harder (R), West Point; Elmer Lase (R), West Point

Custer—County Supervisors

Gene Lewis (R), Broken Bow; Wayne Hardy (D), Anselmo; Robert L. Weatherly (D), Oconto; Kenneth Kingston (R), Broken Bow; Burdett Thompson (R), Sargent; Edwin Scott (R), Ansley; Grayston Cool (R), Callaway

Dakota—County Commissioners

George Shrader (R), South Sioux City; Daniel J. Rohde (R), Emerson; Henry DeGraaff (D), Hubbard

Dawes—County Commissioners

John M. Paris (R), Crawford; Arthur E. Maachant (R), Chadron; Dean V. Redfern (R), Chadron

Dawson—County Commissioners

Dan Grafton (R), Lexington; Walter J. Hagadone (R), Cozad; Jack Miles (R), Gothenburg

Deuel—County Commissioners

Murl Mauser (D), Big Springs; Gilbert Carlson (R), Chappell; Richard E. Essman (R), Chappell

Dixon—County Supervisors

Doyle Hanson (D), Newcastle; Jerry Knerl (D), Ponca; Donald Thomas (R), Newcastle; Art Doescher (D), Wakefield; Merle Von Minden (R), Allen; Donald Mackling (R), Emerson; Dorothy Mattes (D), Allen

Dodge—County Supervisors

Walter Mruz (D), Fremont; Robert Kelly (D), Fremont; Chester C. Marquardt (R), Scribner; LaVerne Marquardt (R), Hooper; Patrick S. Trizila (D), Fremont; Donald Claasen (R), Fremont; Dean T. Lux (D), North Bend

Douglas—County Commissioners

Michael L. Albert (R), Omaha; George J. Buglewicz (D), Omaha; Richard M. Fellman (D), Omaha; William Green (D), Omaha; Daniel C. Lynch (D), Omaha

Dundy—County Commissioners

Dale Lingo (D), Benkelman; Harley Howard (R), Max; Don Harford (R), Haigler

Fillmore—County Supervisors

Harve J. Johnson (D), Exeter; Ralph Keil (R), Fairmont; Michael R. O'Brien (D), Grafton; Donald R. Hofferber (R), Fairmont; John D. Fahlberg (R), Geneva; Ed Uldrich (R), Milligan; Edwin A. Johnson (R), Shickley

Franklin—County Supervisors

Bernard Choquette (D), Campbell; George Casper, Jr. (R), Hildreth; Carl Bolle (D), Bloomington; Bernard Holmberg (D), Riverton; Burgal Lyden (R), Naponee; Ross B. Bonhamm (D), Franklin; Wayne Steinkruger (R), Franklin

Frontier—County Commissioners

Donald Wood (R), Curtis; Clarence Keller (R), Eustis; Everett Palmer (R), Maywood

Furnas—County Commissioners

Jerry D. Warner (R), Beaver City; Charles A. Breinig (R), Arapahoe; Harold Hilton (D), Cambridge

Gage—County Supervisors

Jesse Hill Jr. (D), Holmesville; Bruce Carsten (R), Clatonia; Ray E. Elwood Sr. (D), Beatrice; William R. Boyce (R), Beatrice; Louis E. Bates (R), Beatrice; Alvie Riemann (D), Wymore; Ivan Hagemeier (R), Odell

Garden—County Commissioners

Dale D. Kastens (D), Lodgepole; George Zoucha (D), Oshkosh; Edwin Dettman (D), Lewellen

Garfield—County Commissioners

Stanley Keys (R), Burwell; Gerald Quinn (R), Burwell; Henry I. Bonsall (R), Burwell

Gosper—County Commissioners

Joe Jeffrey (R), Smithfield; Burdette Moncrief (R), Elwood; Raleigh D. Nott (D), Arapahoe

Grant—County Commissioners

Lewis A. Anderson (R), Hyannis; Gerald O. Boots (R), Ashby; Leroy Evans (R), Whitman

Greeley—County Commissioners

Harry Bannister (D), Wolbach; Bill Dugan Sr. (D), Greeley; Millard D. Vlach (R), Scotia

Hall—County Supervisors

Walter Stull (R), Grand Island; Rudy V. Larson (R) Cairo; Ben J. Camp (R), Wood River; Robert F. Boehm (R), Grand Island; Donald C. Marquard (R), Grand Island; Bernard Crick (D), Grand Island; Ralph A. Herndon (R), Grand Island

Hamilton—County Commissioners

Ronald Coats (D), Giltner; Ted Regeir (R), Aurora; Paul Kemling (D), Aurora

Harlan—County Supervisors

Albert Covey (D), Ragan; Dale Tams (R), Oxford; Edwajd H. Backes (D), Orleans; Richard D. Heft (D), Alma; Conrad J. Boehler (D), Orleans; Raymond Christensen (R), Orleans; Marvin Kammerer (R), Republican City

Hayes—County Commissioners

Murel D. McNutt (R), Hayes Center; Hugo Mohr (R), Wauneta; Charles B. Clark (R), Hayes Center

Hitchcock—County Commissioners

George Sitzman (D), Culbertson; Clarence T. Hay (D), Trenton; Burdette E. Golding (R), Stratton

Holt—County Supervisors

Stanley Holly (D), O'Neill; Fred Crugman (R), O'Neill; Ray A. Bosn (D), O'Neill; Harold Melcher (R), Page; Harlan A. Dierking (R), Amelia; James R. Davis (R), Stuart; Donald Kramer (R), Stuart

Hooker—County Commissioners

Francis L. Sexton (R), Mullen; Roy E. Haney (R), Mullen; Wayne Fitzgerald (D), Mullen

Howard—County Commissioners

Gerald Hruza (R), St. Paul; Clifford Stefanowicz (D), Ashton; Myron Nielsen (R), Dannebrog

Jefferson—County Commissioners

Willard Gumaer (D), Fairbury; Con Callaway (R), Fairbury; Ray Pohlmann (R), Plymouth

Johnson—County Commissioners

Ivan G. Gottula (R), Elk Creek; Verle E. Hurlbutt (R), Elk Creek; George Dorn (D), Cook

Kearney—County Supervisors

Dale E. Christensen (D), Minden; Clifford Jacobsen (D), Heartwell; John H. Knaus (R), Wilcox; Arnold M. Anderson (R), Axtell; R. E. Veal (D), Minden; Lester Nelson (D), Minden; Bernard D. Laue (R), Kearney

Keith—County Commissioners

J. Darrel Thalken (D), Paxton; Paul Schwasinger (D), Brule; George Blomenkamp (D), Keystone

Keya Paya—County Commissioners

Lloyd Lawrence (R), Springview; R. R. Hallock (R), Springview; Larry Shepperd (R), Mills

Kimball—County Commissioners

James L. Bourret (R), Kimball; Douglas Elrod (D), Kimball; R. J. Henson (R), Dix

Knox—County Commissioners

James V. McCabe (R), Crofton, Tom Danaher (R), Niobrara; Donald Schwartz (D), Winnetoon; Max N. Copper (R), Bloomfield; Ed J. Koehler (D), Wausa; Ivan E. Johnson (R), Creighton

Lancaster—County Commissioners

H. Bruce Hamilton (D), Lincoln; Robert E. Colin, Sr. (R), Lincoln; Jan Gauger (R), Lincoln

Lincoln—County Commissioners

William Dymond (R), Hershey; Leo W. Gutherless (D), Maxwell; Eugene F. Herron (D), North Platte

Logan—County Commissioners

Elmer Kamer (R), Stapleton; Edward Strasburg (R), Arnold; Kenneth Uphoff (R), Stapleton

Loup—County Commissioners

Floyd Dunbar (R), Taylor; Robert Schrup (R), Burwell; Glen Pollard (R), Milburn

Madison—County Commissioners

Harold E. Seiler (R), Madison; Paul Terry (R), Norfolk; Ernest M. Werner (D), Meadow Grove

McPherson—County Commissioners

E. L. Kemp (R), Tryon; John L. Neal (D), Tryon; Orville D. Thompson (R), Sutherland

Merrick—County Supervisors

Louis Sock (D), Silver Creek; Richard Wruble (D), Clarks; Leonard Pelican (D), Palmer; Alfred Bader (R), Grand Island; Arnold Klingenberg (D), Chapman; Arvid Stranberg (R), Central City; Neil Osborn (R), Central City

Morrill—County Commissioners

Lawrence V. Korell (R), Bayard; G. L. Dolson (R), Broadwater; A. C. Johnson (R), Bridgeport

Nance—County Supervisors

Dean Childers (R), Genoa; Walter J. Steiner (D), Genoa; Edward J. Knopik (D), Belgrade; Henry J. Syslo (D), Silver Creek; Carl H. Newquist (R), Cedar Rapids; Louis Dubas (D), Fullerton; Ben J. Cuba (D), Silver Creek

Nemaha—County Commissioners

Logan Majors (D), Auburn; DeLynn W. Behrends (R), Elk Creek; William Seiber (R), Brownville

Nuckolls—County Commissioners

T. V. Kastrup (R), Ruskin; Walster R. Williams (R), Nora; Arnold M. Ehlers (R), Superior

Otoe—County Commissioners

Donald Larson (R), Nebraska City; Victor D. Bremer (R), Nebraska City; Jessee Steinkuhler (R), Douglas

Pawnee—County Commissioners

Floyd P. Vrtiska (R), Table Rock; Clifford Boehmer (R), DuBois; Frank O. Brinkman (R), Pawnee City

Perkins—County Commissioners

Warren Softly (R), Elsie; Albert Mahnken (R), Grant; Ted N. Olson (D), Venango

Phelps—County Supervisors

Paul W. Erickson (R), Holdrege; Melvin Sall (R), Holdrege, Earl Thorell (D), Loomis; Alfred Holthus (R), Bertrand; L. E. Johnson (R), Holdrege; Willard E. Peterson (R), Holdrege; Marvin Dannehl (R), Holdrege

Pierce—County Commissioners

Henry J. Purdie (R), Plainview; Johnnie McClain (R), McLean; Elmer Maas (R), Pierce

Platte—County Supervisors

Arne Buhl (R), Lindsay; Herman Blahak (D), Columbus; Jack Schumacher (R), Columbus; Reinhold Ernst (D), Duncan; Ronald Saawfeld (R), Columbus; Wilbert Thield (D), Columbus; Clarence Albracht (D), Humphrey

Polk—County Commissioners

Tony Kerkman (D), Shelby; Otto Daum (R), Osceola; Dale Lindburg (R), Polk

Red Willow—County Commissioners

Kenneth McCoy (D), Danbury; Eldon D. Moore (R), Bartley; William E. McBride (D), McCook

Richardson—County Commissioners

Ralph C. Steinbrink (R), Falls City; Burnus W. Schuler (D), Humboldt; Clarke W. Whitten (D), Falls City

Rock—County Commissioners

Kenneth B. Shear (R), Bassett; D. L. Jamison (D), Newport; John L. Dearmont (R), Rose

Saline—County Commissioners

E. S. Rychecky (D), Crete; John F. Bartels (R), Western, C. H. Rule (D), Friend

Sarpy—County Commissioners

William Brooks (R), Bellevue; Ray Lind (R), Bellevue; Leo W. Hike (D), Omaha; Leon Ruff (D), Gretna; Blase J. Cupich (D), Omaha

Saunders—County Supervisors

Louis F. Wotipka, Jr. (D), Wahoo; Raymond Nygren (R), Mead; Louis Noha (D), Wahoo; Archie Hightshoe (D), Ashland; George H. Rezac (D), Valparaiso; Chester Knuth (D), Cedar Bluffs; Ernest T. Kuncl (D), Prague

Scotts Bluff—County Commissioners

Fred A. Lockwood (R), Gering; C. A. Thomas (R), Scottsbluff; Ben Wilson (D), Mitchell

Seward—County Commissioners

John Ehlers (D), Utica; Arthur Sell (R), Milford; Frederick Petsch (D), Pleasant Dale; Wayne Schreurs (R), Seward; Robert Jeary (R), Seward

Sheridan—County Commissioners

Frank Krotz (R), Rushville; Thomas G. Annett (R), Gordon; Marvin Jacobson (R), Hay Springs

Sherman—County Supervisors

Marvin Gallaway (R), Arcadia; Wendell Glinsmann (R), Rockville; Frederick Roth (D), Ravenna; Joe Siegel (D), Litchfield, Ervon Fowler (R), Loup City; Albert Smith (D), Loup City; Hubert Stobbe (D), Ashton

Sioux—County Commissioners

Dean Lundy (D), Harrison; Elmer L. Pullen (R), Harrison; Raymond C. Strey (R), Mitchell

Stanton—County Commissioners

Orin Weatherholt (R), Stanton; Ray Zoucha (D), Stanton; Kenneth Podany (D), Stanton

Thayer—County Commissioners

Bernard Hinrichs (D), Bruning; Edwin L. Cording (D), Hebron; Bruno Fangmeier (R), Hebron

Thomas—County Commissioners

Karl Marten (R), Halsey; Ernest Mason (D), Thedford; Charles N. Licking (R), Seneca

Thurston—County Supervisors

Raymond L. Wingett (R), Rosalie; James Welsh (D), Pender; Orville Pearson (D), Pender; Larry McQuistan (D), Pender; Lawrence Jepsen (D), Emerson; James Rossiter (D), Walthill; Walter Nielsen (R), Walthill

Valley—County Supervisors

Kenneth Collins (R), Ord; T. C. Lenker (R), Ord; Leon Klanecky (R), Ord; Richard Peterson (R), Ord; Charles B. Zangger (R), North Loup; Henry Benda (R), Ord; Richard Bossen (R), Arcadia

Washington—County Supervisors

Emmett Rogert (D), Blair; Fred Hansen (D), Ft. Calhoun; Robert Wilkins (D), Arlington; Floyd Triplett (R), Blair; Jack P. Jensen (D), Arlington; William Shamburg (R), Herman; James Hancock (R), Blair

Wayne—County Commissioners

Merlin Beiermann (R), Wayne; Kenneth Eddie (R), Carroll; Floyd Burt (R), Winside

Webster—County Commissioners

Raleigh Vance (R), Bladen; Loy H. Robb (D), Guide Rock; Lawrence J. Goll (R), Blue Hill; Jack E. Reichstein (D), Red Cloud; W. Boyd Vance (D), Red Cloud

Wheeler—County Commissioners

Richard W. Burtwistle (R), Ewing; Paul Dwyer (R), Bartlett; Ralph D. Poland (D), Spalding

York—County Commissioners

Frank Whitemore (R), McCool Jct.; Harley Bergen (R), Henderson; Stanley Diehl (R), York; Hubert Zieg (R), York; Milo G. Dier (R), York

ASSOCIATE COUNTY JUDGES

DISTRICT	COUNTY	ASSOCIATE JUDGE	CITY
1	Johnson	Harlan Rengstorf	Tecumseh
	Nemaha	Georgine Adams	Auburn
	Pawnee	Clifford A. Brown	Pawnee City
	Richardson	Merle Hinde	Falls City
2	Cass	Darline Glushenko	Plattsmouth
	Otoe	Kathryn Nelson	Nebraska City
	Sarpy		Papillion
	Sarpy	William D. Staley	Papillion
	Sarpy	Donald Voss	Papillion
3	Lancaster	County Court Don Nichols, Clerk	Lincoln
4	Douglas	County Court Dean Hadorn, Clerk	Omaha
5	Butler	Aldeen M. Riha	David City
	Hamilton		Aurora
	Polk	Mary Rempe	Osceola
	Saunders	Adell Sudik	Wahoo
	Seward	Karen Miers	Seward
	York	Virginia Lakin	York
6	Burt	Mary Moore	Tekamah
	Dodge	Barbara Haslam	Fremont
	Dodge	Kathryn Louise Graef	Fremont
	Thurston	Betty J. Brondum	Pender
	Washington	Jon Harold Stewart	Blair
7	Fillmore	Howard W. Hamilton	Geneva
	Nuckolls	John Wheeland	Nelson
	Saline	Eugene C. Zajicek	Wilber
	Thayer	Robert L. Stutz	Hebron
8	Cedar	Bernard A. Burton	Hartington
	Dakota	Eileen E. Conway	Dakota City
	Dixon	Walter L. Malcom	Ponca
9	Antelope	Alice Mahood	Neligh
	Cuming	Effie V. Kahler	West Point
	Knox	Ora J. Ballard	Center
	Madison	Betty L. Wehrle	Madison
	Pierce	Milton Rosenkotter	Pierce
	Stanton	Verda Marie Lundberg	Stanton
	Wayne	Luverna Hilton	Wayne

ASSOCIATE COUNTY JUDGES

DISTRICT	COUNTY	ASSOCIATE JUDGE	CITY
10	Adams	Helen Blum	Hastings
	Adams	Robert Knight	Hastings
	Clay	Allen Wilkins	Clay Center
	Franklin	John J. Jones	Franklin
	Harlan	Gregory J. Miller	Alma
	Kearney	Margaret Carney	Minden
	Phelps	Marvin D. Watson	Holdrege
	Webster	Robert Harris	Red Cloud
11	Hall	Patricia Sanford	Grand Island
	Hall	Dean Johnson	Grand Island
	Howard	Linda Scarborough	St. Paul
12	Buffalo	Richard Anderson	Kearney
	Buffalo	Evelyn Christensen	Kearney
	Sherman	Elden V. Bass	Loup City
13	Arthur	Ernest C. Cerny	Arthur
	Dawson	Marjorie B. Brinley	Lexington
	Hooker	Edgar J. Macke	Mullen
	Keith	Robert Scott	Ogallala
	Lincoln	Sheila Barton	North Platte
	Lincoln	Dorothy Kriz	North Platte
	Logan	Leslie M. Bay	Stapleton
	McPherson	John R. Cotton	Tryon
	Thomas	Fred Arnholt	Thedford
14	Chase	Stephen G. McCulloch	Imperial
	Dundy	Robert I. Andrews	Benkelman
	Frontier	Ronald L. Werkmeister	Stockville
	Furnas	Lester E. Payne	Beaver City
	Gosper	George V. Moor	Elwood
	Hayes		Hayes Center
	Hitchcock	Verle A. Carlson	Trenton
	Perkins	Arlene Kurkowski	Grant
	Red Willow	Janice Walker	McCook
15	Boyd	Donald L. Bursell	Butte
	Brown	Ray R. Shorney	Ainsworth
	Cherry	Ray Schaefer	Valentine
	Holt	Frank Cronk	O'Neill
	Keya Paha	W. J. Rowan	Springview
	Rock	W. Lorene Shear	Bassett

ASSOCIATE COUNTY JUDGES

DISTRICT	COUNTY	ASSOCIATE JUDGE	CITY
16	Box Butte	Colleen Seward	Alliance
	Dawes	Hattie L. Duncan	Chadron
	Grant	Earl Schufeldt	Hyannis
	Sheridan	Frank J. Hutfless	Rushville
	Sioux	Charles N. Umphenour	Harrison
17	Garden	Orland Anderberg	Oshkosh
	Morrill	Linda L. Hayden	Bridgeport
	Scotts Bluff	Joan Dee Fisher	Gering
18	Gage	Vicki Brolhorst	Beatrice
	Jefferson	Lena Smith	Fairbury
19	Banner	Robert Downer	Harrisburg
	Cheyenne	Lavonna Bobo	Sidney
	Deuel	Wilmer Castle	Chappell
	Kimball	Jeanette Nelson	Kimball
20	Blaine	Lester E. Haszard	Brewster
	Custer	John T. Finney	Broken Bow
	Garfield	Dorothy M. Hall	Burwell
	Greeley	Anthony Scott	Greeley
	Loup	Florence Beals Marshall	Taylor
	Valley	Rollin R. Dye	Ord
	Wheeler	Karen Day	Bartlett
21	Boone	Howard B. Watson	Albion
	Colfax	Helen M. Klein	Schuyler
	Merrick	Matthias Billesbach	Central City
	Nance	Edmund F. Balasa	Fullerton
	Platte	Barbara Nielsen	Columbus

COUNTY OFFICERS
COUNTY OFFICERS, 1976-1979
CLERK, ASSESSOR, REGISTER OF DEEDS

County	Clerk	Assessor	Register of Deeds
Adams	Anita Hawes (R)	Roscoe E. Story (R)	L. John Meridith (R)
Antelope	Eleanor Holm (R)	Marguerite Ryan (R)	Alice Mahood (R)-(ex officio)
Arthur	W.H. Dorris (R)		
Banner	Robert W. Downer (R)		
Blaine	Lester Haszard (R)		
Boone	O.G.Sherrill (D)	Rudolph Brandt (R)	
Box Butte	Grace E. Mote (R)	Alvin J. Hausmann (R)	
Boyd	Myron Armfield (D)	Ralph Zeisler (D)	Myron Armfield-(ex-officio)
Brown	Marilyn A. Calver (R)	Carleton Pettijohn, Jr. (R)	
Buffalo	Daniel G. Urwiller (R)	Robert D. Guge (R)	Margaret A. Swanson (D)
Burt	A. Dale French (R)	John Wm. Muhs (R)	
Butler	D.E. Struebing (D)	D. James Barlean (D)	
Cass	W.J.B. McDonald (R)	Gerald Wayne Ault (R)	Betty S. Philpot (R)
Cedar	Edward S. Stevens (D)	Deward Erickson (R)	
Chase	Leroy Mather (D)	Homer Browning (R)	
Cherry	George V. Riggle (R)	Doris O'Keefe (D)	
Cheyenne	Robert Hossle (R)	Mabel Portz (D)	
Clay	Janet Hajny (R)	Loren Hill (R)	
Colfax	Lamar J. Brdicko (R)	Hester Guidinger (R)	
Cuming	Lucille Toelle (R)	Fred M. Naber (R)	
Custer	Marian J. Woodward (R)	Leroy W. Schaad (R)	Donald L. Ellingson (R)
Dakota	Bert G. Harris (D)	Joy K. Nixon (R)	
Dawes	Gealy W. Mathis (R)	Dixie Eaton (R)	
Dawson	Opal Magnuson (R)	Grace E. York (D)	Ruth Meyer (R)
Deuel	Associate Judge (N)	Harold Dethlefsen (R)	Claudia M. Vogt (R)
Dixon	Esther Brennan (D)	Virgil Putman (R)	
Dodge	Fred Mytty (D)	Amos K. Gramlich (R)	Howard C. Johnson (R)
Douglas	Walter B. Spellman (D)	Frank W. Bemis (R)	C. Harold Ostler (R)
Dundy	John E. Martin (R)	O. Dale Osborn (R)	
Fillmore	Willard H. Foster (R)	Elsie M. Reinsch (D)	
Franklin	Erma L. Jelken (D)	Ruth E. Jackson (R)	
Frontier	Virginia Hovey (R)	Donald J. Nickerson (R)	
Furnas	Kennis R. McClelland (R)	Ruby Hays (D)	
Gage	Calvin H. Gullion (R)	Hubert Kreuzberg (D)	Lodeen Clausen (D)
Garden	Edward P. Sullivan (D)	Charles R. Ardissono (D)	
Garfield	Mildred Owen (R)	Flody C. Anderson (R)	
Gosper	Ellen High	George Sweeley	
Grant	Earl Schufeldt (R)		
Greeley	Sandra L. Voboril (D)	Jack L. Nowak (D)	
Hall	Walter H. Loescher (R)	Raymond S. Hessel (R)	Jean Ann Fisher (R)
Hamilton	Larry G. Hansen (R)	Glen A. Troyer (R)	
Harlan	Iva M. Husband (R)	Conrad E. Bose (R)	
Hayes	William W. Fowler (D)		
Hitchcock	Devonnabelle Reynolds (R)	Barbara J. Dye (D)	
Holt	Leigh Reynoldson (R)	Carl L. Hallgrimson (R)	
Hooker	Walter L. Wadlow (D)		
Howard	Merlin Goering (R)	Janet Edwards (R)	
Jefferson	Mary E. Schmal (D)	Irene Hunsberger (R)	
Johnson	Wayne C. McCoy (R)	Marjorie A. Riensche (D)	
Kearney	A.M. Maxon (D)	John G. Oder (D)	
Keith	Leota Wood (D)	Norman Weiler (R)	
Keya Paha	W.J. Rowan (R)		
Kimball	Ervin Frohm (R)	Donna Smith (R)	
Knox	Wm. N. Iseman, Jr. (R)	Wesley G. Mach (D)	
Lancaster	Carl S. Hartman (D)	Fritz Meyer (R)	Kenneth Ferguson (R)
Lincoln	Virgil G. Burke (D)	Bernadine M. Meyer (R)	William T. Smith (R)
Logan	Cora E. Mahoney (R)		

COUNTY OFFICERS
COUNTY OFFICERS, 1976-1979
CLERK, ASSESSOR, REGISTER OF DEEDS

County	Clerk	Assessor	Register of Deeds
Loup	H.R. Tonack (R)		
Madison	David M. DeCamp (R)	Judy L. Schroeder (R)	
McPherson	Ray Dobbins (R)		
Merrick	Floyd M. Gorgen (R)	Ruth Tyler (D)	
Morrill	Jimmie J. Mills (R)	Evelyn M. Sharp	
Nance	Marvin McAfee (D)	John C. Jarecke (D)	
Nemaha	JoAnn Rohrs (D)	Claude E. Matthews (R)	
Nuckolls	Nora V. Wehrman (R)	Kate O. Whartman (D)	
Otoe	Gerald Schmitz (R)	Howard Zimmer (R)	Doris Wurtele (R)
Pawnee	Kenneth A. Bowman (R)	Lawrence E. Stehlik (D)	
Perkins	Harry Shalla (R)	Virginia Thompson (D)	
Phelps	Duane A. Peterson	Beulah Gerdes	
Pierce	Wanda Kolterman (D)	Harlan Herbolsheimer (R)	
Platte	Milton J. Langan (D)	Mona Moje (R)	Katherine Byrnes (D)
Polk	Dale Frizzell (D)	Richard N. Anderson (D)	
Red Willow	Freda Olson (R)	Robert F. Prest (R)	
Richardson	Nevada Williams (D)	Virgil G. Vohl (R)	
Rock	Mildred Hasch (R)	Orfa E. Carr (D)	
Saline	Ray E. Houska (D)	Eleanor M. Reid (D)	
Sarpy	Mary Cowger (D)	Albin Dvorak (D)	Carl Hibbeler (D)
Saunders	Charles J. Egr (R)	Ray E. Hoy (D)	Ned Swanson (R)
Scotts Bluff	Melvin Maxwell (R)	Marjorie Kleist (D)	Mary Jo Ellis (R)
Seward	John D. Gill (D)	Leslie Nelson (D)	
Sheridan	Rita M. Huigens (D)	Floreen Sydow (R)	
Sherman	Murl J. Badura (D)	Janice Robertson (R)	
Sioux	Alvin Publow (R)		
Stanton	Rita Roenfeldt (R)	Verna Ditman (D)	
Thayer	Lefa M. Sulz (R)	Maxine Kulba (R)	
Thomas	Raymond W. Kramer (R)		
Thurston	Pauline Benson (R)	Lyle Porter (D)	
Valley	Thelma M. Dulitz (R)	Robert D. Sevenker (R)	
Washington	Charlotte L. Petersen (R)	Stanley C. Taylor (R)	
Wayne	Norris F. Weible (R)	Doris Stipp (R)	
Webster	Betty Bohrer (D)	G. Russell Latta (R)	
Wheeler	Katherine Berney (D)		
York	Evelyn M. Folts (R)	Melvin Reetz (R)	

Where no name is given, the county clerk serves as assessor or register of deeds.

COUNTY OFFICERS
CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT, ATTORNEY, SHERIFF

County	Clerk of the District Court	Attorney	Sheriff
Adams	Bernard H. Taylor (R)	Arthur C. Toogood (R)	Robert Anderson (R)
Antelope	Nadene Hughes (R)	Stephen P. Finn (R)	Vernon W. Hixson (R)
Arthur	W.H. Dorris (R)	Firman Q. Feltz (D)	James I. Bowlin (R)
Banner	Robert W. Downer (R)	Robert G. Simmons, Jr. (R)	Robert D. Stoddard (R)
Blaine	Lester Haszard (R)	Joseph J. Divis (R)	Vernon A. Johnson (D)
Boone	LaVonne M. Sherrill (R)	Larry D. Bird (R)	Richard F. Johnson (R)
Box Butte	Susan C. Dyer (R)	Paul D. Empson (R)	Don Underwood (D)
Boyd	Myron Armfield (D)-(ex-officio)	August F. Schuman (R)	Wayne Kinzie (D)
Brown	Marilyn A. Calver (R)	Rodney J. Palmer (R)	Dale E. Coleman (D)
Buffalo	Verne Freeman (D)	Gary L. Hogg (D)	Vernon D. Newbold (R)
Burt	James M. Cherry (R)	Ralph M. Anderson, Jr. (R)	Leonard D. Canarsky (R)
Butler	Daniel D. Hook (D)	John G. Tomek (D)	Leo F. Meister (R)
Cass	Ralph E. Beckman (R)	Ronald D. Moravec (R)	Fred E. Tesch (R)
Cedar	Shirley Arens (D)	Patrick G. Rogers (D)	John F. Riibe (D)
Chase	LeRoy Mather (D)	Guy G. Curtis (R)	Gordon R. Jaeger (R)
Cherry	Clement Schaefer (D)	Bill Quigley (D)	James M. Ward (R)
Cheyenne	Elva Davison (R)	Thomas Sonntag (D)	Oren O. Cox (R)
Clay	Donna L. Boeka (R)	Dan W. Baird (R)	Lloyd Pontine (R)
Colfax	Lambert J. Jonas (D)	Larry J. Karel (D)	Richard P. Kruse (D)
Cuming	Genevieve Strehle (D)	John M. Thor (D)	Harold Welding (R)
Custer	Mary L. Mohatt (R)	Steven O. Stumpff (R)	Larry Hickenbottom (R)
Dakota	Virginia A. Piper (R)	Don A. Fitch (R)	Allan E. Bligh (R)
Dawes	Jen Umshler (R)	James Slavik (R)	Lester Jensen (R)
Dawson	Lois M. Anderson (R)	Willard Weinhold (R)	John Rohnert (R)
Deuel	Claudia M. Vogt (R)	R. E. Richards (R)	Floyd H. Stahr (R)
Dixon	Irma Foulks (R)	Merle Kingsbury (R)	Dean Chase (R)
Dodge	Aaron Niebaum (R)	F.A. Gossett III (R)	Richard Wennstedt (R)
Douglas	Rudy J. Tesar (D)	Donald L. Knowles (D)	Theodore J. Janing (R)
Dundy	John E. Martin (R)	Ross D. Druliner, Jr. (R)	Walter S. Barenberg (R)
Fillmore	Wayne J. Winchell (R)	Frank Heinisch (R)	Murray Holmes (R)
Franklin	Erma L. Jelken (D)	Patrick A. Duncan (R)	Harold Schafer (R)
Frontier	Virginia Hovey (R)	Fred J. Schroeder, Jr. (R)	Lannie L. Roblee (R)
Furnas	Judy A. Beins (R)	Eric B. Eisenhart (R)	James A. DeWitt (R)
Gage	Dean F. Brandt (R)	Charles Balsiger (R)	Fred Steinkamp, Jr. (R)
Garden	Edward P. Sullivan (D)	Eugene J. Hynes (D)	William H. Keisel (D)
Garfield	Mildred Owen (R)	Keith J. Kovanda (D)	Donald R. Mattern (R)
Gosper	Ellen High	Carlton E. Clark	M.E. Sunquist
Grant	Earl Schufeldt (R)	Alan Curtiss (R)	Noelin R. Hooper (R)
Greeley	Sandra L. Voboril (D)	Harold E. Connors (D)	Doyal Keller (D)
Hall	Max E. Moses (R)	Sam Grimminger (R)	Charles F. Headley (R)
Hamilton	Dorthy J. Campbell (R)	William L. Mersch (R)	W.G. Schultz (R)
Harlan	Iva M. Husband (R)	Jack R. Ott (R)	Terry G. White (R)
Hayes	William W. Fowler (D)	John F. Hanson (R)	Clyde F. Garrett (R)
Hitchcock	Devonnabelle Reynolds (R)	Marvin R. Steinke (D)	Richard D. League (R)
Holt	Howard D. Manson (R)	Ronald D. Olberding (R)	Charles R. Fox (R)
Hooker	Walter L. Wadlow (D)	Mark E. Kleinfield (D)	Pete L. Hale (D)
Howard	Merlin Goering (R)	Michael J. Shaughnessy (D)	Ronald R. Bryer (D)
Jefferson	Elsie Wood (R)	James P. McKernan (D)	Clyde Kellie (R)
Johnson	Wayne C. McCoy (R)	Thomas L. Morrissey (D)	Julius W. Knippelmeyer (R)
Kearney	A.M. Maxon (D)-(ex-officio)	Jerry C. Stirtz (R)	G.R. Petersen (R)
Keith	Kathryn E. Coker (R)	Patrick B. Hays (D)	Eldon H. Webb (R)
Keya Paha	W.J. Rowan (R)	D. John Heitz (D)	Gary D. Sell (D)
Kimball	Ervin Frohm (R)	Jack H. Myers (R)	James J. Taylor (R)
Knox	Ray Hansen (D)	Frank Roubicek (R)	Herb Thompson (R)
Lancaster	Kandra Hahn (D)	Ronald Lahners (R)	Merle Karnopp (R)
Lincoln	Imogene L. Boyle (D)	Milton R. Larson (R)	Gordon D. Gilster (R)
Logan	Cora E. Mahoney (R)	Robert E. Roeder (R)	James E. Wonch (R)
Loup	H.R. Tonack (R)	Thomas A. Emerton (D)	Charlie Nekuda, Jr. (D)
Madison	Eileen M. Eucker (R)	Daniel B. Flood (D)	Marvin Adams (R)
McPherson	Ray Dobbins (R)	Robert E. Roeder	Donald Nicholson (D)
Merrick	Darlene Miller (R)	Steven Curry (D)	Dan Schneiderheinz (R)
Morrill	Jimmie J. Mills (R)	R.J. Barnica (D)	Charles F. Watson (R)
Nance	Marvin McAfee (D)	Donald R. Treadway (R)	Richard V. Shepoka (R)

COUNTY OFFICERS
CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT, ATTORNEY, SHERIFF

County	Clerk of the District Court	Attorney	Sheriff
Nemaha	Ruby Clover (R)	Charles D. Hahn (D)	Gerry A. Daffer (D)
Nuckolls	Doris Menke (D)	Wayne L. Garrison (R)	Donald W. Squires (D)
Otoe	Loneta Sheair (D)	William F. Davis (R)	Russell Seals, Jr. (D)
Pawnee	Kenneth A. Bowman (R)	Loren Joe Stehlik (D)	Charles J. Hall (R)
Perkins	Harry Shalla (R)	Donn R. Rojeski (D)	Anton Nowak (D)
Phelps	Luella Phelps	Robert A. Ide	Dwayne C. Newman
Pierce	Darrel Herbolsheimer (R)	William E. Webster (R)	Roger A. Bailey (R)
Platte	Evelyn Lueke (R)	Raymond E. Baker (R)	Donald Franzen (R)
Polk	Dale Frizzell (D)	Philip H. Nyberg (R)	Reynold Peterson (R)
Red Willow	Marlys J. McKillip (R)	Mike Freeman (R)	James R. Short (R)
Richardson	Lena Mae VonSeggren (R)	Thomas J. Gist (R)	Lanthan D. Camblin (R)
Rock	Mildred Hasch (R)	Arthur A. Weber (D)	Burton Vargason (R)
Saline	Edward C. Shimerda (D)	Robert H. Conner (D)	Edward J. Prokop (D)
Sarpy	Caroline Beerline (D)	John P. Kelly (D)	Patrick Thomas (R)
Saunders	Elsie Anderson (R)	Curtis E. Bromm (R)	Joseph F. Divis (D)
Scotts Bluff	Madalynn E. Kelsen (R)	Robert O. Hippe (D)	David R. Schleve (R)
Seward	Frances Rine (R)	Curtis Evans (D)	Marvin Pollock (D)
Sheridan	Valora L. Musfelt (R)	Michael V. Smith (R)	Marvie J. Talbot (R)
Sherman	Murl J. Badura (D)	Frederick King (D)	William Whear (D)
Sioux	Alvin Publow (R)	John H. Skavdahl (R)	James G. Robertson (R)
Stanton	Rita Roenfeldt (R)	Charles L. Caskey (R)	Donald E. Schneider (R)
Thayer	Echo E. Hoffmeyer (R)	Duane L. Hubbard (R)	Jim V. Johnson (R)
Thomas	Raymond W. Kramer (R)	Van G. Clark (D)	Donald D. Keys (R)
Thurston	Pauline Benson (R)-(ex-officio)	Mark J. Fuhrman (D)	Clyde Storie (R)
Valley	Thelma M. Dulitz (R)	Robert D. Stowell (R)	Martin J. Sonnenfeld (D)
Washington	C. Mark Lallmann (R)	Darvid Quist (R)	James Kelley (R)
Wayne	Joann Ostrander (R)	Budd B. Bornhoft (I)	Donald Weible (R)
Webster	Betty Bohrer (D)	Jerry McDole (R)	James L. Disney (R)
Wheeler	Katherine Berney (D)	James J. McNally (R)	James Woodworth (R)
York	Jeanne Yowell (R)	Michael J. Murphy (I)	Darold W. Roberdeau (R)

PUBLIC DEFENDER

County	County Public Defender
Adams	Stephen A. Scherr (D)
Box Butte	Herbert M. Sampson III (R)
Buffalo	Jeffrey Orr (R)
Dawes	Judy L. Raetez Bergfield (D)
Douglas	Thomas M. Kenney (D)
Gage	Dennis McCrea (D)
Hooker	Joseph A. Shaughnessy
Lancaster	T. Clement Gaughan (R)
Lincoln	Keith Bystrom (D)
Saline	Robert H. Conner (D)
Sarpy	Larry F. Fugit (D)
Scotts Bluff	James Hansen (D)
Sheridan	Charles Plantz (R)

COUNTY OFFICERS
SUPERINTENDENT, SURVEYOR, TREASURER

County	Superintendent	Surveyor	Treasurer
Adams	Gordon L. Hansen (R)		C.G. Yost (R)
Antelope	C.M. Cowling (R)		Donna Payne (R)
Arthur	Wilsie Cross		Lloyd E. Daly (R)
Banner			Robert D. Dick (D)
Blaine			Jessie Ferguson (R)
Boone	Joseph J. Matrisciano (R)	Leonard Thomazin (R)	Marge Flanagan (D)
Box Butte	Joan Kollars (R)		Gwen Warthen (R)
Boyd	Mabelle Borrall (R)		Ione L. Riesselman (D)
Brown	Orville Gaskins		Don R. Medcalf (D)
Buffalo	Marvin A. Lofgren (R)	Wayne A. Humphrey (D)	M.L. Wimberley (R)
Burt	Orville W. Wendel	Joe P. Neary (R)	Clarence E. Mock, Jr. (R)
Butler	J.P. Young		Richard R. Liebrecht (D)
Cass	H. Neil Lancaster	Francis L. Rotter (R)	Terry Lee Gaebel (R)
Cedar	Otis C. Decker		Roger Schwartz (D)
Chase	Opal C. Fortkamp (D)	Marvin Athey (R)	Kay J. Hazard (D)
Cherry	John D. Carr (R)	Donald Pettigrew (D)	Mary Rose Kuskie (R)
Cheyenne	Irwin Caldwell		Milton Nissen (D)
Clay	Charles J. Sanderson	Everett E. Ablott (D)	Jerry R. Oates (R)
Colfax	Alvah M. Muehlich (R)		Dwaine W. Ladwig (D)
Cuming	Margaret M. Graves (R)	Raymond W. Bailey (R)	Lenora Jahnke (D)
Custer	George M. Miller (R)	Harold J. Norris (R)	LeaDell Jones (R)
Dakota	Maxine E. Titler		Lucile Sundt (R)
Dawes	Dorothy Schmiedt	J.M. Morison (R)	Margery E. Stoner (R)
Dawson	Emil Benthack (R)	Fred F. Dickson (R)	Kermit O. Pearson (D)
Deuel			Eugene C. Frederick (R)
Dixon	Otis Decker		Jack Conrad (R)
Dodge	Miriam M. Matousek	James Coen	Dorothy Karlin (R)
Douglas	Carl B. Palmquist (R)	Louis E. Lamberty (D)	Sam J. Howell (D)
Dundy			Shirley I. Baney (R)
Fillmore	Emma E. Renken		Marilyn L. Christiancy (R)
Franklin	Hattie Hager		Arnold L. Johnson (R)
Frontier	Wanda J. Nelson (R)		Elma Marcile Nelson (R)
Furnas	Dale Ator		Grace C. Faw (R)
Gage	Alvin Quiring (R)		William R. Kleman (R)
Garden	Harry Kuska (R)		Harry E. Tilgner (R)
Garfield	Gertrude M. Banks (N)		Leila Flowers (R)
Gosper	Doris Smith		Delores Houlden
Grant	Della J. Hayward (D)		Betty J. Gentry (D)
Greeley	James W. Beck		James A. O'Connor (D)
Hall	Betty L. Saunders (R)	Lester Ehlers (R)	Keith F. Schoel (R)
Hamilton	Russell W. Hoppner (D)		Donald L. Sorenson (R)
Harlan	Marilyn Shaffer		Reta Artz (R)
Hayes		Marvin Athey (R)	Stanley D. Rucker (R)
Hitchcock	Louis J. Hagan		Betty L. Horinek (D)
Holt	Kenneth Weller (R)		Joseph E. Stutz (R)
Hooker			Louis K. Lowe (R)
Howard	Richard Nielsen (D)		Edna Petersen (D)
Jefferson	Everette Schwarm		Dwaine R. Siemsen
Johnson	Edwin M. Wieland		Edward J. Borrenpohl
Kearney	Sarah C. Jepsen (D)		Sara M. Weidenbach (R)
Keith	Carl Clifford Hermance (R)	Robert D. Temple (D)	Mary A. Wagner (R)
Keya Paha	Stanley J. Tuton (R)	Robert D. Schroeder	Timothy A. Stephen (R)
Kimball	William Rauert (R)	George Herrin (R)	Arthur Johnson (R)
Knox		Donald J. Jiracek (D)	Sam Key (R)
Lancaster	Glenn Turner (R)	Marvin Nuernberger (R)	Frank Golden (D)
Lincoln	Ray W. Craig (D)	Lyle K. Birkby (R)	Ilene G. Rockwell (D)
Logan	George Bauer (D)		Hilda Jane Lorentzen (R)
Loup		Harvey Johnson	Theo. Goos (R)
Madison	Marlys Mortensen Say		Bessie A. Bove (R)
McPherson	Karen Hunn (R)		Vera M. Gragg (D)
Merrick	Gerald Carnes		James Heins (D)
Morrill	Lillian E. Small (R)	W.E. Keefover (R)	Irene Foster (R)
Nance	Wayne H. Nicholls (R)		Amelia C. Jarecke (D)
Nemaha	Robert E. Smith	John H. Stevenson (R)	Mabel Garber (D)
Nuckolls	Leroy Pointer (R)		Dorothy J. Joy (R)
Otoe	Robert Smith (R)	Ronald Hazard (R)	Wilma King (R)

COUNTY OFFICERS
SUPERINTENDENT, SURVEYOR, TREASURER

County	Superintendent	Surveyor	Treasurer
Pawnee	Marjorie Thiemann (D)	Orville D. Howe (D)	Ivan O. Chase (D)
Perkins	Lavonne Mrasek		Arlene Norman (D)
Phelps		Darrold Tagge	Sharon Rupe
Pierce	Kenneth L. Scheer		Phil Beckwith (R)
Platte	Gladys Homan Breidert	James McMeekin (R)	Marietta Newman (D)
Polk	Virgil V. Bugbee	Leroy G. Gerrard (R)	Louis S. Timm (R)
Red Willow	Gladys Greeley (R)		Margaret Shank (R)
Richardson	Robert S. Smith	Frank D. Norris (R)	Eugene F. Hulbert (D)
Rock	Jane Peterson (R)		Clint N. Davis (R)
Saline	Bernard J. Klasek (R)	Carl Engel (R)	Stanley Pospisil (D)
Sarpy	H.E. Warren (D)	Norman Whitney (D)	Kathleen Ingram (D)
Saunders	Edgar F. Knox	Ralph C. Cullen (D)	William E. Peters (D)
Scotts Bluff	William R. Zalman	Ronald L. Vogel (R)	Donald C. Stannard (R)
Seward			Edward A. Svoboda (R)
Sheridan	Frank Reed		Katie Tallon (D)
Sherman	Eldon Kieborz (I)	Stanley Moritz (D)	Mildred Peterson (D)
Sioux	Elizabeth Anne Quintard		Dale DeHaven (R)
Stanton	Mary Lee Timperley		Ronald Denney (R)
Thayer	S.G. Mohler (R)	Ronald Rystrom (R)	R.H. Drews (R)
Thomas			Clarice V. Mercer
Thurston			Lois Appleton (D)
Valley		Emanuel Petska (D)	Sharon L. Foth (R)
Washington	Bill Stafford (D)	Stewart A. Smith (R)	Virginia Bauer (R)
Wayne	Fred Rickers (R)		Leon F. Meyer (R)
Webster	Eunice M. Fritz		Louise Molley Blankenbaker (R)
Wheeler			Ruth Pibel (R)
York			Marjorie King (R)

NEBRASKA INCORPORATED CITIES AND VILLAGES, 1976

City or Village	County	Name of Mayor or Chairman of Board	Name of Clerk
Abie	Butler	Lumir Kriuanek	LaVerne Kriuanek
Adams	Gage	Glen Van Engen	Mrs. Pauline Pittam
Ainsworth	Brown	Clyde E. Burdick	Patricia S. Straight
Albion	Boone	Wayne Boilesen	Steve Lind
Alda	Hall	Glenn D. Powers	Dolly L. Bond
Alexandria	Thayer	Wm. T. Apking	Rheta Purzycki
Allen	Dixon	Kenneth L. Linafelter	Pearl M. Snyder
Alliance	Box Butte	Edward C. Lewis	Gary L. Tomlin
Alma	Harlan	William E. Boston	A.L. Schulke
Alvo	Cass		
Amherst	Buffalo	Terrence Taubenheim	Dale Sickler
Angus	Nuckolls		
Anoka	Boyd		
Anselmo	Custer	Tom Fetherston	Laura Miller
Ansley	Custer	Harry M. Woolstrum	John W. Parks
Arapahoe	Furnas	Howard T. Davis	Ward C. Urbom
Arcadia	Valley	Gilbert Fowler	Rae Jean Gogan
Arlington	Washington	Dr. Jack Cady	Mrs. Hazel Sorensen
Arnold	Custer	Gerald D. Eastburn	R. R. Brown
Arthur	Arthur	William Hill	Robert J. Crouse
Ashland	Saunders	Delbert Lacey	George Grauerholz
Ashton	Sherman	Kenneth C. Maschka	Ralph J. Badura
Atkinson	Holt	Lou G. Livingston	Lillian Kokes
Atlanta	Phelps	Larry McCumbers	Mrs. Clyda F. Johnson
Auburn	Nemaha	Audre L. Blankenship	Lucille Harper
Aurora	Hamilton	Hans O. Jensen	Charles L. Whitney
Avoca	Cass		
Axtell	Kearney		
Ayr	Adams	Stan Aman	Virginia Hurd
Bancroft	Cuming	Clarence Beutler, Sr.	Cheryl J. Dixon
Barada	Richardson		
Barneston	Gage	Lawrence Graham	Dale E. York
Bartlett	Wheeler	Jerry Koinzan	Elmer Green
Bartley	Red Willow	J. P. Proud	Noel H. Blake
Bassett	Rock	Walter H. Crook	Rolland A. Litz
Battle Creek	Madison	LeRoy Hansen	Arlene M. Buckendahl
Bayard	Morrill	W. L. George	Bernece D. Hughes
Bazile Mills			
Beatrice	Gage	Robert J. Sargent, Sr.	Terry A. Doyle
Beaver City	Furnas	Ervin F. Purple	Ellen L. Powell
Beaver Crossing	Seward	Paul Schmit	Janice Simons
Bee	Seward		
Beemer	Cuming	Edwin Doescher	Fred J. Galster
Belden	Cedar	Arnold H. Hansen	G. E. Barks
Belgrade	Nance	Lewis L. Adams	Maurine Fraka
Bellevue	Sarpy	Robert M. Haworth	Mary Stricklett
Bellwood	Butler	Dean Kallenback	Dorothy Oborny
Belvidere	Thayer	Viola Bruning	Kent Williamson
Benedict	York	Jack L. Brooke	Lorene Junge
Benkelman	Dundy	E. W. Schreiner	Floyd Nicholson
Bennet	Lancaster	Edwin F. Berryman	Wayne Hagaman
Bennington	Douglas	Russell Johns	Donald L. Bergman
Bertrand	Phelps	Wayne Luethje	Wilma Nutzman
Berwyn	Custer	Martin Templin	Lucille Poland
Big Springs	Deuel	Ronald Hendrickson	Dan Mercer
Bladen	Webster	Phillip Boyd	Mrs. Ethel Call
Blair	Washington	Alfred O. Sick	L. W. Svendgaard
Bloomfield	Knox	Allen Beaudette	Leora Schuett
Bloomington	Franklin	Dean Dunn	Ruth L. Schmidt
Blue Hill	Webster	Wendel Stevens	Connie R. Karr
Blue Springs	Gage	R. E. Wilson	Mrs. Mary M. McPheron
Boelus (Howard City)	Howard	Willie Sorensen	Gene Whitefoot
Boys Town	Douglas		
Bradshaw	York	Donald L. Klute	Arlene Eklund

NEBRASKA INCORPORATED CITIES AND VILLAGES, 1976—Cont'd

City or Village	County	Name of Mayor or Chairman of Board	Name of Clerk
Brady	Lincoln	Harry Discoe	Victor Oman
Brainard	Butler		
Brewster	Blaine	R. L. Therien	F. J. Wengrzyn
Bridgeport	Morrill	Norman L. Christensen	Elinor Krieger
Bristow	Boyd	Tom Kubik	Lyle Ruff
Broadwater	Morrill	Marvin C. Nussbaum	Tillie M. Billeter
Brock	Nemaha	Lester McKnight	Penny Shuey
Broken Bow	Custer	Marvin R. Talbot	James E. Peister
Brownville	Nemaha	Delbert Clifton	Ethel G. Miner
Brule	Keith	Carleton Olson	Vicki Malmkar
Bruning	Thayer	Everett Stych	Lorraine E. Philippi
Bruno	Butler	William R. Voboril	Donald A. Stara
Brunswick	Antelope	John L. Meuret	Larry L. Shaffer
Burchard	Pawnee		
Burr	Otoe		
Burton	Keya Paha		
Burwell	Garfield	William D. Simpson	Robert D. Beat
Bushnell	Kimball	Larry Woken	Patricia J. Gawith
Butte	Boyd		
Byron	Thayer	Melvin I. Nutsch	Carmen Marquart
Cairo	Hall	David Schaffer	James Sheeks
Callaway	Custer	Forrest K. Cook	Geraldine Jorgenson
Cambridge	Furnas	Eugene A. Young	Wilma M. Flint
Campbell	Franklin	William Vankirk	Lucille Chevalier
Carleton	Thayer	Leo Lange	Allen Joss
Carroll	Wayne	Kenneth Eddie	Alice C. Rohde
Cedar Bluffs	Saunders	Bob L. Wiegand	Kathleen J. Furstenau
Cedar Creek	Cass	Bob Luxa	Elizabeth R. Blomenkamp
Cedar Rapids	Boone		
Center	Knox	Jack Luckert	Paul N. Crosley
Central City	Merrick	Robert J. Lambe	David H. Rish
Ceresco	Saunders	Gerald Lawton	Evelyn Stewart
Chadron	Dawes	Athel L. Fuller	Douglas E. Bullock
Chambers	Holt	Norman Harley	Ledean Weller
Chapman	Merrick	Jasper Rice	Eva Ceplecha
Chappell	Deuel	E. O. Richards	Mary Stegeman
Chester	Thayer	Vincent Henstorf	Mrs. Maxine Crouse
Clarks	Merrick	William H. Kohl	Lynda Strobel
Clarkson	Colfax	Adolph C. Kudrna	Charles G. Roggenstein
Clatonia	Gage	Charles Schuerman	Robert A. Sykes
Clay Center	Clay	Wilbur G. Hoyt	V. Christine Eads
Clearwater	Antelope	Charles Curtright	Dean Mather
Clinton	Sheridan	Harold Retzlaff	Thelma P. Witt
Cody	Cherry	Rex Stotts	Dortha Crandell
Coleridge	Cedar	Otto G. Froendt	Grace R. Andrus
Colon	Saunders		
Columbus	Platte	Frederick W. Gerber, Jr.	Leo A. Boettcher
Comstock	Custer	Richard Erikson	Orlie W. Watts
Concord	Dixon		
Cook	Johnson	Dennis L. Bish	Merle H. Johns
Cordova	Seward		
Cornlea	Platte	Howard J. Bender	Leonard N. Bender
Cortland	Gage	Harvey Zimmerman	Dorothy Bollen
Cotesfield	Howard	Homer A. Simpson	Milton D. Moravec
Cowles	Webster	Rellis Rreichstein	Ronald Gestring
Cozad	Dawson	Ivan Svoboda	Percy Carl York
Crab Orchard	Johnson	J. G. Richardson	Mirlene E. Kramer
Craig	Burt	Vivian E. Carlson	Clifford A. Nelson
Crawford	Dawes	Betty M. Norgard	Carson E. Bench
Creighton	Knox	Gerald H. Langhorst	Joetta J. Hartman
Creston	Platte	Raymond Wurdeman	Donna Ritter
Crete	Saline	Norman H. Behrens	Glen Baker
Crofton	Knox	Loren Steffen	Donna Boecker
Crookston	Cherry		
Culbertson	Hitchcock	James T. Hoyt	Mrs. Mary Lou Ross

NEBRASKA INCORPORATED CITIES AND VILLAGES, 1976—Cont'd

City or Village	County	Name of Mayor or Chairman of Board	Name of Clerk
Curtis	Frontier	M. Joyce Petersen	Allen D. Covey
Cushing	Howard	Alvie Petersen	Roy W. Robbins
Dakota City	Dakota	Charles E. Strong	Ward E. Henderson
Dalton	Cheyenne	John Heizer	Lola Rathman
Danbury	Red Willow	Alfred Haag	Vera Cumming
Dannebrog	Howard	Earl C. Miller	Janice Hochstetler
Darr	Dawson		
Davenport	Thayer	Robert L. Stofer	Evelyn Kosek
Davey	Lancaster	Rudolph Halla	Lorene A. Vomacka
David City	Butler	Lewis Zinnecker	L. Jean Hansen
Dawson	Richardson	James Koch	Mrs. Iva Van Winkle
Daykin	Jefferson	I. E. Tilgner	Ruth Gaston
Decatur	Burt	Jack Maryott	Golda Stafford
Denton	Lancaster	Donald M. Baughman	Isabel C. Soucie
Deshler	Thayer	William Posvar	R. G. Koerwitz
Deweese	Clay		
DeWitt	Saline	Russell Badman	Harvey Fort
Dickens	Lincoln	Derald E. Fristo	Vern E. Harris
Diller	Jefferson	Jerry Munsterman	Lydia J. Holle
Dix	Kimball	Jerome Lobner	Raymona R. Williams
Dixon	Dixon		
Dodge	Dodge		
Doniphan	Hall		
Dorchester	Saline	Marvin Slepicka	Leroy F. Vyhnalek
Douglas	Otoe	Lyman Ballard	Wanda Ferguson
DuBois	Pawnee	Glenn E. Chavza	Donna J. Boydston
Dunbar	Otoe		
Duncan	Platte	Erwin Schacher	S. J. Micek
Dunning	Blaine	B. F. Milleson, Jr.	Inez Johnson
Dwight	Butler	Donald D. Foral	David Hotovy
Eagle	Cass	Richard Weyers	Connie Walker
EddyVille	Dawson	Wendell Shuck	Billie Jean Larson
Edison	Furnas	Merlin Hollinger	Thad French
Elba	Howard	Gene Wray	Arlene K. Johnson
Elgin	Antelope	Kenneth Bergstrom	Patricia L. Sheets
Elk Creek	Johnson	A. J. Damm	Raymond L. Hoke
Elkhorn	Douglas	H. Dean Jones	Donna J. Klebe
Elm Creek	Buffalo	Richard T. Marshall	Joan Kugler
Elmwood	Cass	Michael Smith	Sandra Leroy
Elsie	Perkins	Delbert Coppersmith	Genevieve Hastings
Elwood	Gosper	Leonard Puls	Winona Robb
Elyria	Valley	Larry Barta	Donald W. Naeve
Emerson	Dakota) Dixon) Thurston)	Gayle D. Moody	Barbara Schwarten
Emmet	Holt	Al Kloppenborg	Gerald Schaaf
Endicott	Jefferson	Donald Bakewell	Mary Kellie
Ericson	Wheeler		
Eustis	Frontier		
Ewing	Holt	Jerry Tomjack	Jim Bourn
Exeter	Fillmore	Richard Erdkamp	Lana K. Harre
Fairbury	Jefferson	Dr. C. B. Schwab	Cleo Beavers
Fairfield	Clay	Lloyd Dana	Maxine M. Hoins
Fairmont	Fillmore	Francis L. Jacobsen	Karen P. West
Falls City	Richardson	Dale L. Shaffer	Martin R. Gist
Farnam	Dawson	Wayne Williams	Richard Hopkins
Farwell	Howard	Ronald Pawloski	LaVenne N. Venzal
Filley	Gage	P. J. Jurgens	Ivan W. Hedge
Firth	Lancaster	Richard Mulder	Roland F. Beach
Fordyce	Cedar	Dean A. Wiebelhaus	Donovan L. Wieseler
Fort Calhoun	Washington	Kenneth Robinson	Rosalie Freburg
Franklin	Franklin	Dean Gartin	Edward W. Wolf
Fremont	Dodge	Arthur L. Peters	A. Earl Heuring
Friend	Saline	Orville S. Himmelberg	Phyllis Svehla
Fullerton	Nance	Don M. Simmonson	Ernest L. Yetter

NEBRASKA INCORPORATED CITIES AND VILLAGES, 1976—Cont'd

City or Village	County	Name of Mayor or Chairman of Board	Name of Clerk
Garland	Seward	Loren Pankoke	Mary Lue Gahm
Garrison	Butler	Karl Zeithen	Joanne Schroeder
Geneva	Fillmore	Reuben Lichti	Irene Merrill
Genoa	Nance	Leon Anderson	Jane L. Strong
Gering	Scotts Bluff	John McLellan, Jr.	Richard J. Kroon
Gibbon	Buffalo	Larry D. Fox	Garlan D. Speer
Gilead	Thayer	Loraine Gibson	Vernida Messing
Giltner	Hamilton	Donald Obermeir	Helen Dodson
Glenvil	Clay	Wayne Colburn	Lena Reed
Goehner	Seward	Charles L. Rigby	D. D. Hodgkin
Gordon	Sheridan	Jane Morgan	Toni Sideri
Gothenburg	Dawson	John H. Gallagher	Marcia Oberg
Grafton	Fillmore	Dean Stuckey	Robert Laschanzky
Grainton	Perkins		
Grand Island	Hall	Oscar Bredthaver	R. L. Retallick
Grant	Perkins	R. B. Burns	Ruth Borowski
Greeley	Greeley	James Dutcher	Patty A. Bauer
Greenwood	Cass	John Stewart	Geri C. Frank
Gresham	York	Robert Tobey	Patricia Chapman
Gretna	Sarpy	Joe H. Verbeck	Sally A. Hileman
Gross	Boyd		
Guide Rock	Webster	Keith Hartman	Roland Norman
Gurley	Cheyenne	Earl Lessig	Lyle Mather
Hadar	Pierce	Merlin Raabe	Lloyd Herbolsheimer
Haigler	Dundy		
Hallam	Lancaster	Ronald G. Schuerman	Dian Bottcher
Halsey	Blaine) Thomas)		
Hamlet	Hayes		
Hampton	Hamilton	Fred Heiden	Duane R. Ericksen
Harbine	Jefferson	Elmer Meyer	Raymond Bangert
Hardy	Nuckolls	Jerry L. Cordis	Clyde Cramer
Harrison	Sioux	LaVerne Hanley	C. A. Schnurr
Hartington	Cedar	Maurice P. Kneifl	John H. Heitman
Harvard	Clay	Albert L. Will	M. G. Yost
Hastings	Adams	D. W. Malouf	Mrs. Maurine Butterfield
Hayes Center	Hayes		
Hay Springs	Sheridan	Everett J. Hansen	Jean Hoefer
Hazard	Sherman	John Reynolds	Lloyd Unick
Heartwell	Kearney	Eugene Schneider	Alleyne Doyle
Hebron	Thayer	Clarence Wright	Iona Henning
Hemingford	Box Butte	Douglas Shaver	Jane Planansky
Henderson	York	D. P. Ratzlaff	William H. Bamesberger
Hendley	Furnas	Earl Bruning	Bonnie McClain
Henry	Scotts Bluff	Robert Anderson	B. F. Lindsey
Herman	Washington	John F. Eriksen	Donna Husk
Hershey	Lincoln	Kenneth Nieden	W. O. Stevenson
Hickman	Lancaster	Jimmy D. McNeese	Joyce Anne Menard
Hildreth	Franklin		
Holbrook	Furnas	Walter Glanzer	H. F. Lucas
Holdrege	Phelps	Herbert Bierhaus	Mrs. Helen D. Anderson
Holstein	Adams	Keith Fair	Karen Eckhardt
Homer	Dakota	Darrel Lyon	Nancy Ellyson
Hooper	Dodge	Dale W. Sager	Kenneth Thernes
Hordville	Hamilton	Merlin Guilford	Joyce Rickenberg
Hoskins	Wayne	James A. Miller	Shirley Mann
Howells	Colfax	James J. Fiala	Edward E. Dvorak
Hubbard	Dakota	Gerald Jensen	Charlene Jensen
Hubbell	Thayer	Aaron Porter	Reuben Coonrod
Humboldt	Richardson	Paul L. Lewis	Mildred A. Van Deventer
Humphrey	Platte	Dr. R. C. Albers	E. J. Kessler
Huntley	Harlan		
Hyannis	Grant	Karl D. Wilder	Mabel E. Michal
Imperial	Chase	Dr. Bryce G. Shopp	Leonard A. Gloy
Indianola	Red Willow	Louis Carney	Janet D. Rammage
Inglewood	Dodge	Thomas Wilshusen	Marianne M. Schuler

NEBRASKA INCORPORATED CITIES AND VILLAGES, 1976—Cont'd

City or Village	County	Name of Mayor or Chairman of Board	Name of Clerk
Inman	Holt	James Christ	Shirley Thomson
Ithaca	Saunders	Joseph Murray	Marilynne K. Bergman
Jackson	Dakota	John Hartnett	Nell Heenan
Jansen	Jefferson	Alvin Knispel	Allen L. Tinstman
Johnson	Nemaha	Richard L. Meyer	Carolyn Bednar
Johnstown	Brown	Glen Koch	Alvin J. Goochey
Julian	Nemaha	H. Dean Harney	Velma F. Epler
Juniata	Adams		
Kearney	Buffalo	Dr. Francis L. Richards	Arlette Neal
Kenesaw	Adams	DeWayne L. Boesen	Joyce Hadenfeldt
Kennard	Washington	William Rosenbaum	Norma Jane Wiese
Kilgore	Cherry	Clarence Clasen	R. L. Hand
Kimball	Kimball	W. O. Begley, Jr.	Florence LeMay
Lamar	Chase	Amel Peterson	Marilyn Donjon
Laurel	Cedar	Merlin D. Swanson	B. D. Pehrson
LaVista	Sarpy	Harold C. Leathers	Rod Austin
Lawrence	Nuckolls	Anthony T. Kotinek	Reynold J. Kohmetscher
Lebanon	Red Willow	E. L. Walker	Joyce I. Newport
Leigh	Colfax	Leo Daniels	Mrs. Lola J. Hake
Leshara	Saunders	Al Leaver	Sandra Coakley
Lewellen	Garden		
Lewiston	Pawnee		
Lexington	Dawson	Charles Wrightsman	Norris L. Warren
Liberty	Gage	Robert W. Zvolanek	Roxanna Zvolanek
Lincoln	Lancaster	Helen G. Boosalis	Marguerite E. Spaedt
Lindsay	Platte		
Linwood	Butler		
Litchfield	Sherman	Floyd Holm	Warren Currey
Lodgepole	Cheyenne	Roy B. Grimes	Ruth M. Dykman
Long Pine	Brown	Norman Johnson	Wayne W. Swett
Loomis	Phelps	Gary Swanson	Tommy Smith
Lorton	Otoe	Duane Scott	David J. Rowen
Louisville	Cass	Don Maxon	Alice Wiesneth
Loup City	Sherman	L. D. Clark	Norma J. Sekutera
Lushton	York	Lovene Sweem	Tommy Arndt
Lyman	Scotts Bluff	Donald M. Houver	Norma McClure
Lynch	Boyd	Lester Derickson	Leland Moody
Lyons	Burt	Leland Going	Elinor M. Carle
McCook	Red Willow	Ervin A. Westfahl	Betty Coufal
McCool Junction	York	Robert L. Kaliff	Mrs. Alice L. Teaford
McGrew	Scotts Bluff	William Van Pelt	Rose Watson
McLean	Pierce		
Madison	Madison	John F. Geary	George Moehnert
Madrid	Perkins	Larry Harger	Charlotte Easter
Malcolm	Lancaster	Klare M. Meltvedt	Walter Werner
Malmo	Saunders	Dwaine McPeck	Shirley A. Holtorf
Manley	Cass	Leonard Stolhmann, Jr.	Alan How
Marquette	Hamilton	John D. Ferguson	Nina L. Anderson
Marsland	Dawes	Jack Wingit	Opal Hinchley
Martinsburg	Dixon		
Maskell	Dixon		
Mason City	Custer	Charles Zimmer	Eugene Burns
Maxwell	Lincoln		
Maywood	Frontier		
Mead	Saunders	Douglas Gustafson	Irma Dostal
Meadow Grove	Madison	J. W. Warrick, III	M. Warneke
Melbeta	Scotts Bluff	Richard Lewis	D. Grant Clark
Memphis	Saunders	Fred Campbell	Sheryl McDonell
Merna	Custer	Fred M. Hirsch	Cristy Koch
Merriman	Cherry	Vivian Thayer	Marjorie Reynolds
Milford	Seward	Ralph Kapke	Ruth J. Curtis
Miller	Buffalo		
Milligan	Fillmore	John Kassik	Tom J. Oliva
Minatare	Scotts Bluff	Gary D. Knotts	Agnes A. Kelso
Minden	Kearney	A. C. Hove, Jr.	R. E. Christensen

NEBRASKA INCORPORATED CITIES AND VILLAGES, 1976—Cont'd

City or Village	County	Name of Mayor or Chairman of Board	Name of Clerk
Mitchell	Scotts Bluff	Kenneth E. Mitchell	Myrtle Elmquist
Monowi	Boyd		
Monroe	Platte	Gayle Gerber	Kay Rupp
Moorefield	Frontier	Raymond J. Covey	Irene Fickenscher
Morrill	Scotts Bluff	Leo Kuxhausen	James A. Anderson
Morse Bluff	Saunders	Francis Ladenburg	Francis Sullivan
Mullen	Hooker	Donald D. Stull	Eula R. Fosdick
Murdock	Cass	John E. Jones	W.J.B. McDonald
Murray	Cass	Olin E. Morris	Norma G. Price
Naper	Boyd		
Naponee	Franklin	Robert Stephens	Mamie Way
Nebraska City	Otoe	Mrs. Edith Fenstermacher	Miss Gladys Wenzel
Nehawka	Cass	Dr. R. R. Andersen	Lewis C. Royal
Neligh	Antelope	Noel M. Brennan	Ferne M. White
Nelson	Nuckolls	James L. Young	Marjorie Adamson
Nemaha	Nemaha	Bruce Sweenie	Anita Allen
Nenzel	Cherry	N.H. Kehr	Erma Nollette
Newcastle	Dixon	Larry L. Crosley	Floyd A. Bernard
Newman Grove	Madison	Kenneth L. Hansen	Stella D. Wyant
Newport	Rock	Roy Doke	Debra Fox
Nickerson	Dodge	LeRoy Tomsen	Elaine Knoell
Niobrara	Knox	Lester Fitch	Robert L. Olson
Nora	Nuckolls	Clyde Gerbeling	Patsy D. Lanham
Norfolk	Madison	James R. Miller	Alvin S. Ahlman
Norman	Kearney	Walter Schmidt	Marvin Deisley
North Bend	Dodge	Edward F. Sloup	Dolores Beckmann
North Platte	Lincoln	Robert A. Phares	R. L. Grady
Oak	Nuckolls	Jack Gillan	Levonn Peterson
Oakdale	Antelope	Raymond Crosier	Shirley Ofe
Oakland	Burt	C. L. Andreasen	R. D. Swanson
Obert	Cedar	Mike Pinkelman	Neil F. Bobenmoyer
Oconto	Custer	William H. Miller	Mrs. Sylvia J. Shea
Octavia	Butler	LeVern Beringer	Gerald F. DeWispelare
Odell	Gage	Elmer Antons	Theo Leitschuck
Ogallala	Keith	Don B. Armour	Paul W. Fisher
Omaha	Douglas	Robert Cunningham	Mary Galligan Cornett
O'Neill	Holt		
Ong	Clay	Lovelle Karnatz	Roy Thurin
Orchard	Antelope	Wayne Holliday	Janet Schoanebeck
Ord	Valley	Gaylord Boilesen	Wilma D. Kroeger
Orleans	Harlan	Virgil D. Peterson	Anita Morris
Osceola	Polk	W. F. Monson	Joyce Page
Oshkosh	Garden	E. W. McCormick	William A. Patterson
Osmond	Pierce	John P. Theisen	Duane L. Reed
Otoe	Otoe	Robert E. Thummel	Donnie Boldt
Overton	Dawson	Emil Hubka	Ralph I. Burns
Oxford	Furnas)		
	Harlan)	Eldon Marty	Marie Mayo
Page	Holt		
Palisade	Hayes)		
	Hitchcock)	Bernes Schutte	Ruth E. Wrightsman
Palmer	Merrick	Albert Meyer	Jim Thede
Palmyra	Otoe	Ross A. Smith	Gary R. Gartner
Panama	Lancaster	Richard Schroeder	Connie S. Miller
Papillion	Sarpy	William R. Oliver	William F. Sullivan
Pawnee City	Pawnee	Robert L. Moser	Glenn Schultz
Paxton	Keith		
Pender	Thurston	Donald L. Berg	John C. Grothe
Peru	Nemaha	Rex Allgood	Arlyn Moran
Petersburg	Boone	Alphonse B. Reicks, Jr.	Cherylle Arends
Phillips	Hamilton	Daniel Bykerk	Charlene J. Yonker
Pickrell	Gage	Larry Shaw	Willa Pittman
Pierce	Pierce	Martin A. Otto	Mrs. Anne Hahn
Pilger	Stanton	Robert Miller	Raymond Hipp
Plainview	Pierce		

NEBRASKA INCORPORATED CITIES AND VILLAGES, 1976—Cont'd

City or Village	County	Name of Mayor or Chairman of Board	Name of Clerk
Platte Center	Platte	Arden Mark	Geraldine McManigal
Plattsmouth	Cass	Clayton J. Rhylander	Virginia Bunch
Pleasant Dale	Seward	Robert Hays	Vernon Lemmert
Pleasanton	Buffalo	Norman Hand	Darold Carman
Plymouth	Jefferson	Larry Milius	Alice Fort
Polk	Polk	Dwane Burney	Arnold L. Neuhaus
Potter	Cheyenne	Elvin T. Thies	P. J. Wiekhorst
Prague	Saunders	Myron Krondak	A. F. Chmelka
Preston	Richardson		
Primrose	Boone	Ronnie Erickson	T. G. McBride
Prosser	Adams	Rupert Uden	Cynthia Oldham
Ragan	Harlan	George R. Norman	Dale C. Guthrie
Ralston	Douglas	Joe Wager	C. L. Adams
Randolph	Cedar	Walter N. Andersen	J. F. Atwood
Ravenna	Buffalo	Harvey D. Adamson	Bethyne T. Hanna
Raymond	Lancaster	Wesley W. Hornung	Sally S. Grant
Red Cloud	Webster	Stanley R. Offner	Isabel McCracken
Republican City	Harlan	Denver W. Brooks	Mrs. Dorothy Barker
Reynolds	Jefferson	Ira J. Beachler	Richard A. Gregory
Richland	Colfax	Fred Pfeifer	Elsie Brockelsby
Rising City	Butler	Joe E. Sloup	D. E. Struebing
Riverdale	Buffalo		
Riverton	Franklin	Herold Hundt	Valda Phelps
Roca	Lancaster	Ervin Gana	Rodney L. Parris
Rockville	Sherman		
Rogers	Colfax		
Rosalie	Thurston	Patrick Akins	Etta Mae Krahmer
Roseland	Adams	James C. Hoffman	Jerome E. Konen
Royal	Antelope	James Bright	Terri Hergert
Rulo	Richardson		
Rushville	Sheridan	Frederick C. Wefso	Frank Alonso, Jr.
Ruskin	Nuckolls	Gail Kleen	Leslie D. Brandt
St. Edward	Boone		
St. Helena	Cedar	Charles Schneider	Arland Paltz
St. Paul	Howard	Dr. J. J. Lewis	Mrs. Elma O'Neill
Salem	Richardson	Jon Marrs	O. E. Lawritson
Sargent	Custer	Don D. Mason	Orson W. Brass
Saronville	Clay	Darrell Roemmick	Brian Hultine
Schuyler	Colfax	Russell D. Salak	Marlene Moore
Scotia	Greeley	Darrel L. Vance	Janet S. Irwin
Scottsbluff	Scotts Bluff	Donald E. Overman	W. L. Ferguson
Scribner	Dodge	Donald Berg	Margaret Backhus
Seneca	Thomas	John Drake	Rita Micheal
Seward	Seward	Dessalee Rousselle	Nona Burwell
Shelby	Polk	Richard Cook	Willis H. Wills
Shelton	Buffalo		
Shickley	Fillmore	William Wilkins	Norma Hendrickson
Sholes	Wayne	Donald Bauer	Glenn H. Nelsen
Shubert	Richardson	Jesse Wing	Bert Albrecht
Sidney	Cheyenne	Edward Haupt	G. R. Tobin
Silver Creek	Merrick	Janet Brockman	Karen Euse
Smithfield	Gosper		
Snyder	Dodge	Herman Kaup	Marvin M. Mead
South Bend	Cass		
South Sioux City	Dakota	Keith Ferris	Semelda Hanrahan
Spalding	Greeley	Bernard Fairbanks	Ralph E. Brown
Spencer	Boyd	Lucian Loock	Irene Cizek
Sprague	Lancaster	Leland D. Pavel	Roger E. Palmer
Springfield	Sarpy	Allen F. Kreifels	Dorothy Richards
Springview	Keya Paha	Glen A. Hallock	L. B. Gibson
Stamford	Harlan	Chris Mumford	Ed Zelske
Stanton	Stanton	Jack Plugge	Adolph Stuchlik
Staplehurst	Seward	L. J. Brandenburg	Florence Niemann
Stapleton	Logan	Don Vetter	Ms. Amanda Vetter
Steele City	Jefferson	Susan V. Taylor	Mrs. Sharon Scheele

NEBRASKA INCORPORATED CITIES AND VILLAGES, 1976—Cont'd

City or Village	County	Name of Mayor or Chairman of Board	Name of Clerk
Steinauer	Pawnee	Robert H. Gyhra	Charles P. Jasa
Stella	Richardson	George W. Ketner	Elizabeth S. Ketner
Sterling	Johnson	Morris Weyers	Mrs. Gladys Hansen
Stockham	Hamilton	John E. Hunter	John D. Tessman
Stockville	Frontier	Joe Crawford	Louis M. Hovey
Strang	Fillmore	Leland Krug	Kenneth Ebbeka
Stratton	Hitchcock	Carl L. Philo	Kay Petersen
Stromsburg	Polk	Don E. Nordberg	Alice R. Bouska
Stuart	Holt	Don Myers	Del Stracke
Sumner	Dawson	Herbert Ver Moos	L. A. Felker
Superior	Nuckolls	Harry M. Robinson	Geo. L. Whitney, Jr.
Surprise	Butler	Donald Gill	Allen Laird
Sutherland	Lincoln	Marvin P. Beatty	Betty J. Painter
Sutton	Clay		
Swanton	Saline	Carl O. Swanson	Dennis Bessler
Syracuse	Otoe	Ervin Kehlenbeck	Agnes Petersen
Table Rock	Pawnee	Willard Binder	Orval O. Johnson
Talmage	Otoe	Robert Kinnison	Mrs. Dora W. Rottman
Tamora	Seward	Leroy Ihde	Edwin Petri
Tarnov	Platte	James Sliva	Frank Chlopek
Taylor	Loup	Gerald Jones	Kay Huddleston
Tecumseh	Johnson	Virgil C. Blumhorst	Charleen M. Scott
Tekamah	Burt	A. L. Zink	Dayle M. Hopkins
Terrytown	Scotts Bluff	Barbara Carpenter	Fred W. Ruff
Thayer	York	Wilfred Sackschewsky	Elmer Sackschewsky
Thedford	Thomas	Merle Mercer	Kathy Ogle
Thurston	Thurston	Darrel Merry	Robert Vraspir
Tilden	Antelope) Madison)	Darrel I. Wyatt	Pat Borgelt
Tobias	Saline	Adolph J. Dlouhy	Alan Krupicka
Trenton	Hitchcock	D. D. Whaley	Ruth Ward
Trumbull	Adams) Clay)	Larry L. Peterson	Mrs. Mary Salmen
Uehling	Dodge	Herbert Luedke	Ione Popken
Ulysses	Butler	Lois Miller	Helen M. Sleight
Unadilla	Otoe	Ronald J. Wilhelm	Wm. B. Brandt
Union	Cass	Donald Becker	Helen M. Wolfe
Upland	Franklin	Donald R. Bunger	Vivian Bunger
Utica	Seward	Ewald Fehlafer	Robert W. Bredwell
Valentine	Cherry	T. W. Deakin	Norma Jean Neu
Valley	Douglas		
Valparaiso	Saunders	Nels J. Nelson	Joyce A. Rezac
Venango	Perkins	Dale Grothman	Garrett Grothman
Verdel	Knox	Milford Kemnitz	G. F. Franklin
Verdigre	Knox	C. L. Schreier	Donald Maslonka
Verdon	Richardson	William Jhun	Violet Fritz
Virginia	Gage	John V. Mencl	Ronald Weiss
Waco	York	Carnie Finley	B. Janice Finley
Wahoo	Saunders	James L. Fauver	Wayne H. Edgar
Wakefield	Dixon) Wayne)	Alfred B. Benson	M. L. Schroeder
Wallace	Lincoln	John R. Kilgore	Glenn R. Glinsmann
Walthill	Thurston	Leo Morgan	Robin R. Snyder
Washington	Washington	Eric Knudsen	Mertin Opfer
Waterbury	Dixon	Timothy S. Beacom	Robert A. Gwin
Waterloo	Douglas		
Wauneta	Chase	Dale Bischoff	Mrs. Beryl Knotwell
Wausa	Knox		
Waverly	Lancaster	Wayne C. Marolf	Patricia J. Beeson
Wayne	Wayne	F. B. Decker	Bruce Mordhorst
Weeping Water	Cass	Byron Baker	Ruth Norris
Wellfleet	Lincoln	Robert Garner	Donald J. Coder
Western	Saline	Carl Schmidt	Arlene Roesler
West Point	Cuming	William Zobel	May Dee Stoltzman
Weston	Saunders	James M. Hakel	Reuben F. Pestal

NEBRASKA INCORPORATED CITIES AND VILLAGES, 1976—Cont'd

City or Village	County	Name of Mayor or Chairman of Board	Name of Clerk
Whitney	Dawes		
Wilber	Saline	Glenn Zajicek	Ernestine Warta
Wilcox	Kearney	John E. Stratman	Tom Lynch
Wilsonville	Furnas	Warren Rice	Sharon Tillotson
Winnebago	Thurston		
Winnetoon	Knox	Roy Koppelman	Floyd Weaver
Winside	Wayne	Dallas D. Puls	Marian Hill
Winslow	Dodge	Mrs. Marion O. Nelson	Mrs. Jean J. Haase
Wisner	Cuming	Pat Risor	Alice E. Breitkrentz
Wolbach	Greeley	Stuart Teter	Alice M. James
Wood Lake	Cherry	Herman Gilliland	Marcella Welke
Wood River	Hall	Donald Graper	John Markussen
Wymore	Gage	Merle Hale	Al Wood
Wynot	Cedar		
York	York	LeRoy L. Vineyard	C. Jean Thiele
Yutan	Saunders	Richard C. Fisher	James W. Anderson

SECTION IV

GOVERNMENT SERVICES AND MISCELLANEOUS

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EDUCATION

The state constitution requires the Legislature "to provide for the free instruction in the common schools of this state of all persons between the ages of five and twenty-one years." The Legislature has largely delegated this responsibility to the local school districts. In addition to grade and high school education provided by the 1,277 districts in the state, post-secondary education is furnished by the Nebraska network of Technical Community Colleges. These offer "vocational technical education, two-year academic programs, and comprehensive community service programs." The state is divided into six technical community college areas. Each area has its own governing body, under the umbrella of a state-wide governing body composed of representatives from each of the six boards and the State Board of Education. There are four Nebraska state colleges located at Chadron, Kearney, Peru, and Wayne, and the state university at Lincoln and Omaha. There is one technical agriculture school at Curtis which is operated by the University of Nebraska at Lincoln. Nine post-secondary practical nurse training programs are located at Alliance, Columbus, Fairbury, Kearney, Lincoln, Norfolk, North Platte, Omaha, and Scottsbluff. Four dental assistant programs are located at Hastings, Lincoln, Omaha, and North Platte. These post-secondary vocational technical colleges and programs are locally operated, state and locally funded and are available to residents of the entire state.

PUBLIC SCHOOL STATISTICS, 1869-1870 to 1974-1975

Year	No. of Counties	No. of Districts	No. of Schoolhouses	No. of Children Ages 5 to 21 Years	No. of Children Enrolled in School[3]			No. of Districts Kindergarten to Twelfth Grade	Number of Teachers[1]	Total Wages Paid to Teachers[1]
					Public	Non-Public	Total			
1869-1870	32	797	298	32,589	12,719	———	———	20	536	$ 57,738
1879-1880	64	3,132	2,701	142,348	92,549	———	———	70	4,100	549,200
1889-1890	89	6,243	5,937	232,243	240,300	———	———	250	10,555	2,076,790
1899-1900	90	6,708	6,733	377,791	288,227	———	———	448	9,463	2,624,712
1909-1910	92	7,071	7,157	376,477	278,936	———	———	534	11,099	4,568,423
1919-1920	93	7,264	7,655	392,592	311,821	———	———	749	13,789	10,907,630
1929-1930	93	7,244	7,565	423,602	325,216	———	———	940	14,400	15,209,877
1934-1935	93	7,216	7,553	415,834	312,355	———	———	861	13,852	10,037,590
1939-1940	93	7,192	7,511	369,154	276,188	———	———	836	13,759	10,900,654
1940-1941	93	7,186	7,498	354,787	267,103	———	———	808	13,619	10,951,913
1941-1942	93	7,009	7,440	342,145	257,664	———	———	720	13,397	10,948,395
1942-1943	93	6,998	7,360	328,923	253,856	———	———	729	12,990	12,354,892
1943-1944	93	6,986	7,379	318,714	237,603	———	———	736	12,503	13,986,768
1944-1945	93	6,975	7,358	312,330	230,666	———	———	665	12,184	16,258,308
1945-1946	93	6,956	7,277	308,662	230,147	———	———	651	12,125	17,803,457
1946-1947	93	6,923	7,147	309,396	225,692	———	———	661	11,902	19,541,584
1947-1948	93	6,864	7,136	314,610	225,525	———	———	654	11,857	22,055,957
1948-1949	93	6,807	7,135	315,828	225,516	———	———	642	11,816	25,149,484
1949-1950	93	6,734	7,008	317,850	227,879	———	———	647	11,948	26,856,628
1950-1951	93	6,604	6,794	319,782	231,618	———	———	648	11,942	27,604,726
1951-1952	93	6,466	6,611	327,339	233,031	———	———	640	11,905	29,849,304
1952-1953	93	6,276	6,393	336,204	242,267	———	———	654	12,085	32,453,836

Year	No. of Counties	No. of Districts	No. of Schoolhouses	No. of Children Ages 5 to 21 Years	No. of Children Enrolled in School[3]			No. of Districts Kindergarten to Twelfth Grade	Number of Teachers[1]	Total Wages Paid to Teachers[1]
					Public	Non-Public	Total			
1953-1954	93	5,983	6,071	343,428	249,920	———	———	660	12,413	35,161,005
1954-1955	93	5,631	5,836	354,830	259,305	———	———	693	12,692	37,872,601
1955-1956	93	5,340	5,067[2]	358,554	253,173[3]	———	———	462	13,142	40,069,841
1956-1957	93	4,966	4,753[2]	363,690	257,259	42,170	299,429[3]	453	13,209	42,223,848
1957-1958	93	4,660	4,340[2]	372,323	261,248	44,842	306,090[3]	439	13,290	44,661,108
1958-1959	93	4,403	4,193[2]	383,333	269,450	47,310	316,760[3]	431	13,500	47,978,736
1959-1960	93	3,777	3,953[2]	394,156	275,802	50,882	326,684	394	13,753	51,514,811
1960-1961	93	3,529	3,748[2]	406,502	283,665	53,700	337,365	393	13,316	55,001,670
1961-1962	93	3,278	3,567[2]	421,799	294,233	55,455	349,688	386	13,354	59,493,955[4]
1962-1963	93	3,099	3,413[2]	433,966	302,456	57,362	359,818	380	14,050	71,253,447[4]
1963-1964	93	2,927	3,253	442,359	312,157	58,386	370,543	396	14,985	76,258,817
1964-1965	93	2,701	3,111	449,838	319,225	59,362	378,587	389	15,205	83,316,679
1965-1966	93	2,557	2,916	455,449	318,881	60,442	379,323	375	15,700	83,000,517
1966-1967	93	2,366	2,707	463,060	322,055	59,093	381,148	363	18,511	87,860,124
1967-1968	93	2,125	2,436	460,762	326,660	57,295	383,955	344	18,749	98,854,741
1968-1969	93	2,002	2,295	461,801	330,391	55,061	385,452	333	19,508	123,823,846
1969-1970	93	1,824	2,308[5]	461,801	332,072	52,387	384,459	327	19,931	129,148,882
1970-1971	93	1,488	2,315[5]	460,843	332,898	49,716	382,614	324	19,552	144,557,895
1971-1972	93	1,414	2,320[5]	456,552	332,507	47,018	379,525	323	20.705	152,454,763
1972-1973	93	1,348	2,325[5]	451,856	330,257	44,532	374,789	323	20,067	160,803,296
1973-1974	93	1,287	2,331[5]	448,477	324,527	43,154	367,681	323	20,297	170,021,508
1974-1975	93	1,241	1,876[5]	444,843	318,672	41,929	361,544	298	20,478	186,340,255

[1] Classroom teachers. Does not include principals and supervisors.
[2] Publicly owned school plants.
[3] Pupil count taken on the first day pupils entered school in the fall. Prior to 1955-1956 re-enrollments were also included. Commencing with 1959-1960 actual membership count was made on October 1.
[4] Includes salaries of principals and supervisors.
[5] Estimated.

Year	Value of School Property	Receipts	Expenditures	Indebtedness	State Apportionment from Endowments	Total Population of State
1869-1870	$ 177,082	$ 120,806	$ 143,535	$ 31,657	$ 138,841	133,993
1879-1889	2,064,768	1,134,039	1,108,617	1,008,799	257,623	———
1889-1890	6,613,464	3,639,116	3,499,300	2,648,224	586,270	1,058,910
1899-1900	9,591,134	4,410,400	4,403,222	3,373,691	693,205	1,066,300
1909-1910	16,290,412	8,971,991	7,454,215	4,640,590	692,357	1,192,214
1919-1920	42,145,280	20,062,926	19,563,064	15,070,715	985,579	1,296,372
1929-1930	85,303,692	27,733,859	27,853,595	35,121,274	1,025,162	1,377,963
1934-1935	80,311,120	18,623,392	18,343,159	30,716,938	940,965	———
1939-1940	82,361,854	20,549,162	20,427,683	26,740,166	984,696	1,315,834
1940-1941	83,369,193	20,739,024	20,505,922	26,090,194	1,001,569	———
1941-1942	84,869,351	21,123,277	20,991,682	24,622,082	1,015,568	———
1942-1943	82,356,338	23,367,394	21,753,011	23,306,671	1,055,169	———
1943-1944	82,961,309	24,829,968	23,845,259	21,183,850	1,171,807	———
1944-1945	84,897,201	27,509,381	28,349,732	19,764,472	1,004,454	———
1945-1946	86,373,538	30,173,401	29,530,870	16,813,203	982,719	———
1946-1947	89,345,751	33,850,770	33,983,117	17,811,655	1,136,188	———
1947-1948	92,718,617	39,103,901	38,988,347	18,060,934	1,321,974	———
1948-1949	99,598,126	44,364,036	43,044,290	20,183,394	1,548,212	———
1949-1950	112,612,541	48,577,379	46,544,048	22,120,221	1,561,307	———
1950-1951	122,872,697	52,349,009	52,786,583	20,355,687	1,960,455	1,325,510
1951-1952	134,895,474	64,267,780[1]	55,067,746[2]	30,850,045	2,934,602	———
1952-1953	147,045,609	63,707,719[1]	61,771,696[2]	37,971,548	5,587,386	———
1953-1954	160,798,629	65,400,718[1]	65,799,029[2]	41,884,241	1,988,331	———
1954-1955	185,859,668	80,342,150[1]	74,232,625[2]	56,697,831	2,388,289	———

Year	Value of School Property	Receipts	Expenditures	Indebtedness	State Apportionment from Endowments	Total Population of State
1955-1956	239,225,587	71,007,239	72,617,107	83,014,567	3,040,758	———
1956-1957	229,265,849	75,308,292	74,895,238	86,667,495	2,676,535	———
1957-1958	236,131,180	78,599,979	78,102,027	89,816,495	2,719,752	———
1958-1959	252,447,184	84,610,724	83,858,894	96,398,451	3,002,356	———
1959-1960	293,436,124	92,946,748	83,988,931	102,464,631	3,079,681	———
1960-1961	291,713,419	98,891,999	90,316,949	107,845,919	3,629,810	1,411,330
1961-1962	312,545,519	102,922,342	101,296,532	110,290,573	3,246,468	———
1962-1963	342,783,639	109,274,020	108,829,582	156,511,470	6,358,613	———
1963-1964	387,445,810	120,417,898	116,787,415	160,015,447	2,610,274	———
1964-1965	531,099,112	125,631,864	128,571,192	164,407,346	3,391,732	———
1965-1966	434,738,683	151,603,953	151,947,336	163,142,825	3,600,087	———
1966-1967	458,845,551	167,571,127	167,965,835	170,524,838	3,881,004	———
1967-1968	481,558,888	189,181,030	187,907,505	182,124,694	4,465,246	———
1968-1969	519,658,613	236,996,769	236,484,219	190,087,422	4,312,105	———
1969-1970	559,312,183	255,391,920	250,257,954	192,478,807	4,759,784	———
1970-1971	597,116,616	274,135,004	268,428,115	190,897,179	5,036,303	1,483,791
1971-1972	638,346,736	300,735,142	291,698,346	193,436,161	6,535,178	———
1972-1973	677,418,529	318,011,151	311,277,425	203,535,604	7,946,422	———
1973-1974	6,060,287,540	340,691,464	328,961,826	215,047,481	7,946,422	———
1974-1975	6,477,981,307	375,909,569	374,720,297	215,984,410	16,268,040	———

[1] Does not include money on hand at the beginning of the year nor the money received for the Veterans' Education Program.
[2] Does not include money expended for the Veterans' Education Program.

INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION SUPPORTED BY STATE FUNDS

THE UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA

Ronald W. Roskens, Interim President

The University of Nebraska, under the direction of the Legislature, is governed by an elective, nonpartisan, unsalaried, eight-member Board of Regents. Founded in 1869, the University now has three major components, each headed by a chancellor who is responsible to the president and to the Regents. The components include the University of Nebraska-Lincoln, the University of Nebraska Medical Center in Omaha and the University of Nebraska at Omaha. Altogether, the University served nearly 39,000 students in 1975, some 22,350 on the Lincoln campuses, approximately 15,000 at the University of Nebraska at Omaha, and nearly 1,500 at the Medical Center.

University of Nebraska-Lincoln

Roy A. Young, Chancellor

The University of Nebraska-Lincoln is composed of 10 colleges: Architecture, Agriculture, Arts and Sciences, Business Administration, Dentistry, Engineering and Technology, Graduate, Home Economics, Law, and Teachers. There are also schools of Journalism, Life Sciences, and Music. Study areas include 39 at the doctoral level, 61 at the Master's, 110 majors at the undergraduate level, and 15 pre-professional programs. During recent years, enrollment has been in the 22,000 range.

The City Campus, located at the north edge of Lincoln's business district, covers approximately 200 acres and is the site of the original building, University Hall, which was razed in 1948 to make way for Ferguson Hall. East Campus, once known as the "Ag Campus," is located about two miles from the City Campus and covers almost a half section of land. The colleges of Agriculture, Home Economics, Dentistry, and Law are on the East Campus; so is the Nebraska Center for Continuing Education and the Barkley Center for Special Education.

Most of the University's outstate activities are related to research and extension in agriculture and home economics as well as educational programs in a variety of subject areas. There is a 9,400-acre University Field Laboratory near Mead where much of the work is agricultural. Major research-extension centers are located at Clay Center, Concord, North Platte and Scottsbluff. The University also operates a School of Technical Agriculture at Curtis and agricultural research laboratories at Sidney, Alliance, and Tryon. The Agricultural Extension Service has 82 local and area offices throughout the state.

From the beginning the University has remained open to all qualified students regardless of race, color, creed, or nationality and it has always been coeducational. At the time of the chartering, the Legislature subscribed to the terms of the Federal Morrill or Land-Grant College Act and thereby committed the University to include in its curricula instruction in agriculture, the "mechanic arts," and military tactics. This commitment built the Land-Grant program into the University and made the establishment of a separate Land-Grant college unnecessary. It contributed an unusual and beneficial unity to the University.

The earliest years of the University were made difficult by ideological disputes and financial hardships but by the mid-1880's the institution had established the first program of graduate instruction west of the Mississippi and in 1906 was accorded membership in the Association of American Universities, an organization devoted to high standards of scholarship and composed of a number of the nation's best-known institutions of higher education.

In more recent years the University has developed one of the nation's major university-related high school and college correspondence programs, pioneered in educational television, and established, with financial help from the W.K. Kellogg Foundation, one of the early centers and programs for continuing education. The University also played a fundamental role in the establishment of the new Ataturk University in Turkey and directed an extensive agricultural education program in Colombia, South America, financed by federal and foundation grants.

The University of Nebraska Medical Center

Harry W. McFadden, Jr., M.D., Interim Chancellor

The University opened a program of instruction in medicine in 1883 but the effort died five years later for want of funds from the state. In 1902 the Omaha Medical College became affiliated with the University and has since developed into the Medical Center located on a campus of approximately 30 acres in the heart of a medical and healing arts community in Omaha.

The Medical Center includes the College of Medicine, the College of Nursing, the College of Pharmacy, the 280-bed University Hospital and associated clinics, the C. Louis Meyer Children's Rehabilitation Institute, the Eppley Institute for Research in Cancer and Allied Diseases, and a variety of health-supporting educational, training and research programs. The Center has responsibility for the operation of the Nebraska Psychiatric Institute, an educational, research and treatment facility, and maintains cooperative programs with several teaching hospitals in Omaha, Lincoln and outstate Nebraska. It also operates three out-reach clinics in the city of Omaha.

A major expansion of physical plant and concurrent expansion of programs during the past decade has resulted in a tripled enrollment. The College of Medicine is now graduating in excess of 130 M.D.'s annually, while the Colleges of Nursing and Pharmacy and the School of Allied Health Professions coupled with the graduate level programs are providing more than 300 graduates a year.

The University of Nebraska at Omaha

Herbert Garfinkel, Ph.D, Interim Chancellor

The University was founded in 1908 as the University of Omaha, a private, co-educational, nonsectarian institution. It became the Municipal University of Omaha in 1931 and merged with the University of Nebraska system in 1968 after an act of the Legislature and a vote of approval in Omaha.

The original campus was located at 24th and Pratt Streets. It was moved to the present location, 60th and Dodge, in 1937. The $20 million physical plant includes the Administration Building, library, fieldhouse and stadium, student center, performing arts center, conference center and four classroom buildings. The University will again serve the downtown Omaha area upon completion of the UNO Downtown Center-State Office Building approved by the Legislature in 1976.

The University consists of nine colleges: Arts and Sciences, Education, Business Administration, Engineering and Technology, Home Economics, Continuing Studies, Public Affairs and Community Service, Fine Arts, and Graduate Studies and Research. The University is accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education

and the American Assembly of Collegiate Schools of Business (undergraduate programs). In addition, it has programs approved by the American Chemical Society, The Council on Social Work Education, the Engineers Council for Professional Development and the International Reading Association.

The University of Nebraska at Omaha awards Baccalaureate, Masters and Specialists degrees and gives particular attention and emphasis to serving the changing needs of the urban community. It designs training courses for thousands of business and industrial employees, supplies in-service training for teachers and sponsors a wide variety of conferences, workshops, lectures and concerts in support of its academic program. In addition, it offers television classes for credit and provides instructional programming for Omaha area schools through its educational station, KYNE-TV.

PERU STATE COLLEGE

Douglas W. Pearson, President

This school was established by a charter granted by the Territorial Legislature in 1860. The first term commenced in September, 1866. In the Fall of 1867 the Nebraska Legislature accepted the school as a gift from the Board of Trustees and thus established the first institution of higher learning in the state, and the third teacher-training institution west of the Missouri River. Until 1905 Peru Normal was the only state college in Nebraska. In 1921 the Legislature extended the normal schools from two- to four-year colleges, and authorized the granting of BA in Education, BS in Education and BFA in Education degrees. In 1949 the Legislature authorized the granting of the liberal arts degree. The name of the institution was changed from the Nebraska State Teachers College at Peru to Peru State College by action of the 1963 Legislature. In 1970 the State College Board of Trustees authorized an Associate in Arts degree at Peru State College. A cooperative Masters Degree program in Elementary Education with the University of Nebraska at Lincoln was initiated in 1975. The college is fully accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, the American Association of Colleges of Teacher Education, the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education and is a charter member of the Nebraska Council on Teacher Education. Full-time equivalent enrollment during the 1975-76 academic year was 820.

KEARNEY STATE COLLEGE

Brendan McDonald, President

In 1903 the Legislature enacted a law providing for the establishment of a second Normal School in Nebraska. The Board of Education of State Normal Schools chose Kearney as a site after considering proposals made by a number of interested cities. The City of Kearney presented as a gift to the state twenty-five acres of land and one building, Green

Terrace Hall. The Legislature appropriated $50,000 for the construction of the first college building. School opened for a summer term in June, 1905. Kearney State College has five schools: Business and Technology, Education, Fine Arts and Humanities, Natural and Social Sciences, and Graduate Studies. The college is authorized to grant the following degrees: Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Science, Bachelor of Arts in Education, Bachelor of Science in Education, Master of Science in Education, and The Specialist Degree. All programs are fully accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools and the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education. The 28 buildings on the campus have a construction value of over $18,000,000.00

WAYNE STATE COLLEGE

Lyle E. Seymour, President

A private educational institution known as the Nebraska Normal College was established at Wayne in 1891. The Legislature of 1909 authorized the Board of Education of State Normal Schools to enter into a contract for the purchase of the buildings, grounds, and instructional equipment for which the sum of $70,000 was paid. The school opened as a State Normal School in September, 1910, with two-year programs in teacher education. In 1921, it became a degree granting institution, awarding the Bachelor of Arts in Education degree. The liberal arts degree of Bachelor of Arts was authorized in 1949, and graduate study leading to the degree of Master of Science in Education was commenced in 1956. The physical plant includes nineteen major buildings located on a campus of 135 acres. All Baccalaureate and Master's degree programs are fully accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, and by the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education.

CHADRON STATE COLLEGE

Edwin C. Nelson, President

An act of the Nebraska Legislature in 1909 provided for the location of a Normal School in the northwest section of the state. An appropriation of $35,000 was made to carry into effect the provisions of the act. The Board of Education of State Normal Schools selected Chadron in January, 1910, and accepted a gift of 85 acres of land as the site for the new school. The first classes met for the summer term of 1911. The campus now has 263 acres. Chadron State College is the only educational institution in the western half of the state offering six years of college instruction. In 1949 the college began offering work leading to a liberal arts degree. In the summer session of 1956 programs of instruction leading to the Master of Science in Education were initiated. In 1973 programs leading to the Specialist's Education Degree in Educational Administration were initiated. The college has grown to be a comprehensive, multipurpose institution with offerings ranging from short-term career related programs through graduate programs in education. It is

accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, and by the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education for the undergraduate and graduate programs. The enrollment in the fall of 1975 was 2,024 students.

DIRECTORY OF NEBRASKA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

1976-1977

STATE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITY

CHADRON STATE COLLEGE, 10th & Main, Chadron 69337, Tel. (308) 432-4451
President: Dr. Edwin C. Nelson
Registrar: Lavern J. Fitzgibbon
Director of Admissions: Jacque H. Schmiedt
Financial Aids Officer: Delbert E. Hussey
Dean of Students: Dr. C. Marjorie Holton
Academic Dean: Dr. Larry A. Tangeman

KEARNEY STATE COLLEGE, 905 West 25th, Kearney 68847, Tel. (308) 236-4141
President: Dr. Brendan J. McDonald
Director of Admissions: Dr. Wayne Samuelson
Financial Aids Officer: Gary Curry
Dean of Students: Robert Nye
Academic Dean: Dr. Marvin G. Knittel

PERU STATE COLLEGE, Peru 68421, Tel. (402) 872-3815
President: Dr. Douglas W. Pearson
Registrar: Dr. Kelly J. Liewer
Director of Admissions: Bradley Hall
Financial Aids Officer: Donald G. Miller
Dean for Student Development: Dr. Myron Apilado
Dean of Student Services: Paul Stubbe
Vice-President Academic Affairs: Dr. Clyde J. Barrett

WAYNE STATE COLLEGE, 200 East 10th, Wayne 68787, Tel. (402) 375-2200
President: Lyle E. Seymour
Registrar: Virginia L. Wright
Director of Admissions: Jim D. Hummel
Financial Aids Officer: L. Douglas Barry
Dean of Students: Loren F. Kamish
Academic Dean: Eddie M. Elliott

UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA

University of Nebraska—Lincoln, 14th & R Street, Lincoln 68508, Tel. (402) 472-7211

Chancellor: Roy Young
Interim President: Ronald W. Roskens, Ph.D.
Registrar: Ted Pfeifer
Director of Admissions: Elvin Papik
Financial Aids Officer: Jack Ritchie
Acting Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs: Ron Gierhan
Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs: Adam Breckenridge

University of Nebraska at Omaha, 60th & Dodge, Box 688 Downtown Station, Omaha 68101, Tel. (402) 554-2800

Interim Chancellor: Herbert Garfinkel, Ph.D.
Dean for Student Academic Services: Dr. Gardner Van Dyke
Admissions Director: Dr. David Harbeck
Director, Financial Aids: Dr. Robert Pike
Vice Chancellor for Student and Educational Services: Dr. Ronald Beer

University of Nebraska—Medical Center, 42nd & Dewey Avenue, Omaha 68105, Tel. (402) 541-4000

Interim Chancellor: Harry W. McFadden, Jr., M.D.
Registrar: Helen B. Coon
Assistant Registrar - Admissions: M. Jo Wagner
Financial Aids Officer: Robert T. Fredlund
Dean, College of Medicine: Perry G. Rigby, M.D.
Dean, College of Nursing: Rena E. Boyle, Ph.D.
Dean, College of Pharmacy: Albert R. Haskell, Ph.D.
Interim Associate Dean, Graduate College: Harry W. McFadden, Jr., M.D.
Associate Dean, School of Allied Health Professions: William R. Ruegamer, Ph.D.

TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGES

CENTRAL TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGE, East Highway 6, P. O. Box 1024, Hastings 68901, Tel. (402) 462-9811

President: Michael Paradise
Registrar and Director of Admissions: Bill Wright
Financial Aids Officer: Helen Kennedy
Dean of Students: Edwin Minnick
Academic Dean: Dennis Tyson

McCOOK COMMUNITY COLLEGE, 1205 East 3rd Street, McCook 69001, Tel. (308) 345-6303

Registrar: Dr. Gil Taylor
Director of Admissions: Dr. Gil Taylor
Financial Aids Officer: Hoagy Carmichael
Dean of Students: Hoagy Carmichael
Academic Dean: Dr. Gil Taylor

METROPOLITAN COMMUNITY TECHNICAL COLLEGE, 132nd & I Streets, Omaha 68107, Tel. (402) 334-8000
President: Dr. Marm M. Harris
Registrar, Southwest Campus: Jerry Montag
Registrar, Fort Omaha Campus: Julee Tillman
Director of Admissions: Jerry Montag
Financial Aids Officer, Southwest Campus: Dennis Mic Martin
Financial Aids Officer, Fort Omaha Campus: Carole Fischer
Dean of Students: Dr. Darrell Vandermeulen
Academic Dean: Dr. Rex Craig

MID-PLAINS COMMUNITY COLLEGE, I-80 & Highway 83, North Platte 69101, Tel. (308) 532-8740
President: Kenneth L. Aten
Director of Admissions and Associate Dean of Students: Donald L. Rockafellow
Financial Aids Officer and Dean of Students: Warren D. Oldham
Academic Dean: Burton B. Brackney
Vocational Dean: James E. Doyle

NEBRASKA WESTERN COLLEGE, 1601 East 27th N.E., Scottsbluff 69361, Tel. (308) 635-3606
President: Dr. John Harms
Registrar: Jerry P. Lee
Director of Admissions: Jerry P. Lee
Financial Aids Officer: Delbert M. Smith
Dean of Students: Dr. J. D. Hunter
Academic Dean: Dr. Wes Channell

NORTHEAST NEBRASKA TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGE, 801 East Benjamin Avenue, Norfolk 68701, Tel. (402) 371-9680
President: Dr. Robert P. Cox
Registrar: Lewis J. Copple
Director of Admissions: Martin Hartford
Financial Aids Officer: Gelinda Clark
Dean of Students: Willotte Medow
Academic Dean: Lee Rawhouser

PLATTE TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGE, R.D. 3-Mason Road, P. O. Box 1027, Columbus 68601, Tel. (402) 564-7132
President: Dr. Jerry A. Lee
Registrar: Norris C. Augustin
Director of Admissions: Norris C. Augustin
Financial Aids Officer: James Fisher
Dean of Students: Robert H. Snow
Academic Dean: Joseph W. Preusser

SOUTHEAST COMMUNITY COLLEGE—FAIRBURY CAMPUS, 924 K Street, Fairbury 68352, Tel. (402) 729-6148
Campus Director: Dr. Daniel Gerber
Registrar: Jamie Renshaw
Director of Admissions: Robert Kluge
Financial Aids Officer: Jamie Renshaw
Coordinator for Student Services: Gilbert Jackson
Academic Dean: Fred Drexler

SOUTHEAST COMMUNITY COLLEGE—LINCOLN CAMPUS, 720 South 22nd Street, P. O. Box 82889, Lincoln 68501, Tel. (402) 477-8963
Campus Director: Dr. David Buettner
Registrar: Mr. Richard Hawley
Director of Student Services: Jerry Gruber
Financial Aids Officer: Shari Maddox
Coordinator of Instruction: Robert Glenn

SOUTHEAST COMMUNITY COLLEGE—MILFORD CAMPUS, Milford 68405, Tel. (402) 477-5753
President: Dr. Robert M. Eicher
Campus Director: Dr. Robert E. Klabenes
Director of Student Services: Dr. Albert W. Winseman, Jr.
Supervisor of Student Services: Gilbert R. Brauer
Financial Aids Officer: Mrs. Merlyn Williams
Coordinator of Instruction: James C. Power

WESTERN COMMUNITY COLLEGE, Sidney 69162, Tel. (308) 254-5450
President: Charles D. Michael
Registrar: Marjory H. Fish
Director of Admissions: Thomas G. A. Dindinger
Financial Aids Officer: Ronald E. Monheiser
Dean of Students: Ronald E. Monheiser
Academic Dean: Thomas G. A. Dindinger

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION

Maintaining Approved Teacher-Education Programs

COLLEGE OF SAINT MARY, (a) 1901 South 72nd Street, Omaha 68124, Tel. (402) 393-8800
President: Sr. Mary Angelica Costello, RSM
Registrar: Kathleen L. Mahoney
Director of Admissions: Gary Johnson
Financial Aids Officer: Sr. Mary Alice Long, RSM
Dean of Students: Sr. Terese Lux, OSM
Academic Dean: Sr. Mary Mechtilde Hill, RSM

CONCORDIA TEACHERS COLLEGE, (b) 800 North Columbia, Seward 68434, Tel. (402) 643-3651
President: Rev. W. Theophil Janzow
Registrar: Dr. Orville C. Walz
Director of Admissions: Dr. Elden F. Duensing
Financial Aids Officer: Gary Heinicke
Dean of Students: Dr. Erich E. Helge
Academic Dean: Dr. Martin B. Kirch

CREIGHTON UNIVERSITY, (a) 2500 California Street, Omaha 68131, Tel. (402) 536-2701
President: Rev. J. J. Labaj, S.J., A.M., S.T.D.
Registrar: Jack N. Williams
Director of Admissions: Howard J. Bachman
Financial Aids Officer: Leo Munson
Dean of Students: James R. Doyle
Acting Academic Vice President: Rev. Michael P. Sheridan, S.J.

DANA COLLEGE, (b) Blair 68008, Tel. (402) 426-4101
President: Dr. Earl R. Mezoff
Registrar: Dr. Verlan J. Hanson
Director of Admissions: Richard V. Showers
Financial Aids Officer: Rodney E. Christenson
Dean of Students: Richard L. Palm
Academic Dean: Dr. Robert J. Glass

DOANE COLLEGE, (c) Crete 68333, Tel. (402) 826-2161
President: Dr. Philip Heckman
Registrar: Loyd C. Oleson
Director of Admissions: Pappy Khouri
Financial Aids Officer: Bruce Dickinson
Dean of Students: Robert Thomas
Academic Dean: Donald Ziegler

HASTINGS COLLEGE, (d) Seventh & Turner Avenue, Hastings 68901, Tel. (402) 463-2402
President: Clyde B. Matters
Registrar: Marvin M. Fink
Director of Admissions: Gene Schuppan
Financial Aids Officer: Robert Ormsby
Dean of Students: Kenneth Rhodus
Academic Dean: A. L. Langvardt

MIDLAND LUTHERAN COLLEGE, (b) 720 East 9th, Fremont 68025, Tel. (402) 721-5480
President: Dr. L. Dale Lund
Registrar: L. P. Mitchell
Director of Admissions: Roland R. Kahnk
Financial Aids Officer: Harold E. Nott
Dean of Students: Dr. Caryl A. Steyer
Academic Dean: Dr. Donald L. Kahnk

NEBRASKA WESLEYAN UNIVERSITY, (e) 50th & St. Paul, Lincoln 68504, Tel. (402) 466-2371
President: Dr. Vance D. Rogers
Registrar: Mrs. Irene C. Wiegers
Director of Admissions: Ronald Johnson
Financial Aids Officer: Claire Fredstrom
Dean of Students: Dr. Milton Evans
Academic Dean: Dr. Paul Laursen

UNION COLLEGE, (f) 3800 South 48th Street, Lincoln 68506, Tel. (402) 488-2331
President: Myrl O. Manley
Registrar: Mrs. Anita Kidwiler
Director of Admissions: Richard Duerksen
Financial Aids Officer: Dan Duff
Academic Dean: Dean L. Hubbard

(a) Catholic, (b) Lutheran, (c) United Church of Christ, (d) Presbyterian, (e) Methodist, (f) Seventh-Day Adventist.

PRIVATE SCHOOLS

BELLEVUE COLLEGE, Wright Way at Galvin Road, Bellevue 68005, Tel. (402) 291-8100
President: Richard D. Winchell
Registrar: Lester J. Palmquist
Director of Admissions: David D. Domanish
Financial Aids Officer: Diane Baker
Dean of Students: Jess C. Hansen
Academic Dean: Ralphy G. K. Beach

COTNER COLLEGE, 1641 North Cotner, Lincoln, 68505, Tel. (402) 477-6909
Academic Dean: Dr. Raleigh J. Peterson, Jr.

GRACE BIBLE INSTITUTE, 1515 South Tenth Street, Omaha 68108, Tel. (402) 342-3377
President: Dr. Robert W. Benton
Registrar: Russell G. Jones
Director of Admissions: Leo Thomas
Business Manager: Frank S. Harder
Dean of Students: Ruben E. Dyck
Academic Dean: Donald J. Tschetter

NEBRASKA CHRISTIAN COLLEGE, 1800 Syracuse, Box 919, Norfolk 68701, Tel. (402) 371-5960
President: Harold B. Milliken
Registrar: Mrs. Carol Bowland
Director of Admissions: Loren T. Swedburg/Carol Bowland
Financial Aids Officer: Loren T. Swedburg/Allen W. Boelter

Dean of Students: Dick Wamsley
Academic Dean: Loren T. Swedburg

PLATTE VALLEY BIBLE COLLEGE, 305 East 16th, Scottsbluff 69361, Tel. (308) 632-6933
President: Frank Bush
Registrar: Robert K. Kelly
Director of Admissions: R. Kelly
Financial Aids Officer: R. W. Nischan
Dean of Students: Dennis Murray
Academic Dean: Robert K. Kelly

YORK COLLEGE, 9th & Kiplinger, York 68467, Tel. (402) 362-4441
President: Dale R. Larsen
Registrar: Mabrey L. Miller
Director of Admissions: Steve Eckman
Financial Aids Officer: Steve Eckman
Dean of Students: Michael L. Lewis/Jo Ella Kite
Academic Dean: Mabrey L. Miller

STATEWIDE SYSTEM OF TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGES

A new statewide, independent system of locally governed technical community colleges was created in 1971 under Nebraska Statute 79-2601 to 33. The act proposed to bring all two-year schools under one system as community technical colleges offering a comprehensive educational program. The comprehensive community college system became operative July 1, 1973, and was extensively revised under LB 344 effective July 1, 1975. Previously, all two-year institutions of the state were either under the junior college system of which there were six: Fairbury, McCook, Nebraska Western at Scottsbluff, Platte at Columbus, and Northwestern at Norfolk, or five area vocational technical schools: Omaha, Lincoln, Central Nebraska at Hastings, Mid Plains at North Platte, and Northeast at Norfolk, or the two state systems, Nebraska Technical at Milford or Western Nebraska at Sidney.

Comprehensive community colleges are institutions offering vocational technical education, two-year academic programs, and comprehensive community service programs.

The state is divided into six technical community college areas as follows: Western Nebraska, Mid-Plains, Central Nebraska, Northeast Nebraska, Southeast Nebraska and Metropolitan, each having a Board of Governors.

COORDINATING COMMISSION FOR TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGES

Dr. Don Benning, Omaha ..... June 30, 1979
Dr. M. Anne Campbell, Lincoln ..... June 30, 1979
Mrs. Loretta Draper, Plattsmouth ..... June 30, 1979

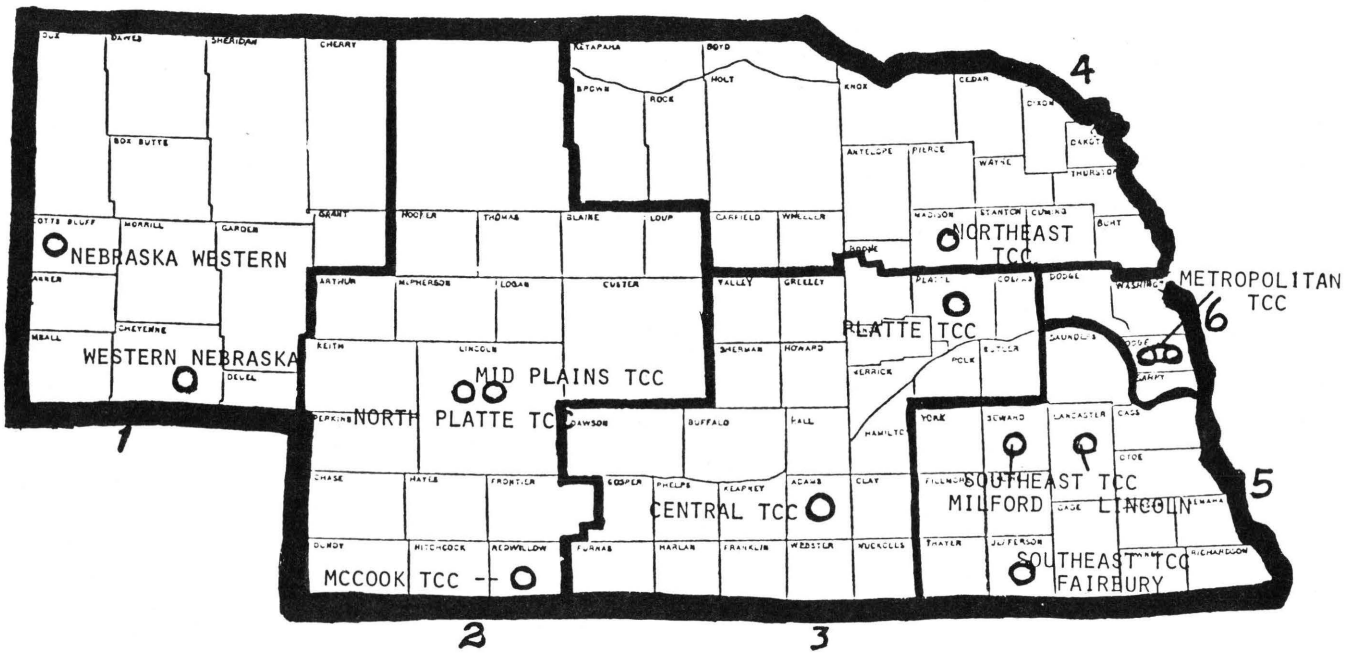
Father John Flynn, Omaha ..... June 30, 1979
Father Joseph Labaj, Omaha ..... June 30, 1979
Don McGinley, Ogallala ..... June 30, 1979
Dr. H. C. O. Nelson, Sidney ..... June 30, 1979
Dr. Douglas Pearson, Peru ..... June 30, 1979
Dr. Steven Sample, Lincoln ..... June 30, 1979
Mrs. Rita Sheldon, Omaha ..... June 30, 1979
Arlo Wirth, Hartington ..... June 30, 1979
Ken Wortman, Aurora ..... June 30, 1979

One Commission member represents: each technical community college area, the University of Nebraska, the state colleges, private institutions of higher education, public elementary and secondary education schools, private elementary and secondary education schools and the Commissioner of Education. The Commission seeks to harmonize the efforts of the various areas to prevent duplication, but has only advisory powers.

Technical Community College Board of Governors

Complete control over and financing of technical community colleges is vested in area boards empowered to acquire all needed properties and equipment, hire staff, choose own courses of study, and take all other actions necessary to operate the colleges. Each board is autonomous, and no operational control is exercised at the state level. Financing of the colleges is the sole responsibility of each board, and all revenues must be generated from property tax levied within the region. The Legislature can give the regional boards certain grant money from the state general fund; but such grants are discretionary and are distributed to the six regional schools on a student population basis.

NEBRASKA TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGE AREAS



1—Western Technical Community College Area
2—Mid Plains Technical Community College Area
3—Northeast Technical Community College Area
4—Central Technical Community College Area
5—Southeast Technical Community College Area
6—Metropolitan Technical Community College Area

LIBRARIES

Another governmental service, educational in nature, rendered by the state and its subdivisions, is the establishment and maintenance of libraries. The oldest library in Nebraska is the State Library (Supreme Court Library) which dates from the Kansas-Nebraska Act of May 20, 1854. The Nebraska Library Commission was established by an act of the Legislature in 1901 and opened on November 11 of that year.

STATE LIBRARIES

LIBRARY	LIBRARIAN
Nebraska Library Commission, Lincoln	John L. Kopischke
State Historical Society, Lincoln	Louise A. Small
State Library (Supreme Court Library), Lincoln	Larry D. Donelson

STATE INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARIES

Location	Institution	Librarian
Beatrice	State Developmental Center	Elizabeth Martz
Cozad	School for Trainable Children	Amelia Nicks
Geneva	Youth Development Center*	Delores Wolsleben
Grand Island	Veterans Home	Elva Kohtz
Hastings	Regional Center*	Marvel Ellis Harriet Scott*
Kearney	Youth Development Center	Sue Brockmeier
Lincoln	Center for Children & Youth	Dianna Pryor
Lincoln	Penal & Correctional Complex*	Jack McCarthy
Lincoln	Regional Center*	Glennis Leapley
Nebraska City	School f/t Visually Handicapped	Corinne Adams
Norfolk	Regional Center*	Muriel Hillson
Norfolk	Veterans Home Annex	DeLilah Planer
Omaha	Psychiatric Institute*	Pauline Allen
Omaha	School for the Deaf	Carrie Warren
Scottsbluff	Western Nebraska Veterans Home	Sheila Miller
York	Center for Women	Jane Tooley

(*Staff Libraries)

POST SECONDARY & ACADEMIC LIBRARIES

Town	Librarian
BELLEVUE COLLEGE, Bellevue	Ruth A. Palmquist
CHADRON STATE COLLEGE, Chadron	Reta King
COLLEGE OF ST. MARY, Omaha	Sister Dorothy Marie Gores
CONCORDIA TEACHERS COLLEGE, Seward	Vivian Peterson
CREIGHTON UNIVERSITY, Omaha:	
Alumni Memorial Library	Rev. James P. Kramper
Health Sciences Library	Marjorie Wannarka
Law School Library	Robert Kelley
DANA COLLEGE, Blair	Ronald D. Johnson
DOANE COLLEGE, Crete	Peggy Smith
GRACE BIBLE INSTITUTE, Omaha	Ruth Loewen
HASTINGS COLLEGE, Hastings	Charles A. Gradner
KEARNEY STATE COLLEGE, Kearney	Ron Martin
MIDLAND LUTHERAN COLLEGE, Fremont	Thomas Boyle
NEBRASKA CHRISTIAN COLLEGE, Norfolk	Loren T. Swedbury
NEBRASKA WESLEYAN UNIVERSITY, Lincoln	Lois W. Collings
PERU STATE COLLEGE, Peru	Faye Brandt
PLATTE VALLEY BIBLE COLLEGE, Scottsbluff	Shirley Kelly
UNION COLLEGE, Lincoln	Floda V. Smith

UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA-LINCOLN:
- Don L. Love Memorial Library ..... Gerald Rudolph
- C.Y. Thompson Library-East Campus ..... Wayne R. Collings
- College of Law Library ..... Larry L Kahle
- Undergraduate Library ..... Barbara J. Chandler

UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA AT OMAHA ..... John M. Christ
UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA MEDICAL CENTER, Omaha ..... David Bishop
WAYNE STATE COLLEGE, Wayne ..... Charles W. Stelling
YORK COLLEGE, York ..... Charles V. Baucom

TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGES

CENTRAL TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGE, Hastings ..... John Vonnes
PLATTE COMMUNITY COLLEGE, Columbus ..... Marvin Kraenow
METROPOLITAN TECHNICAL COMMUNITY
- COLLEGE, Omaha ..... Jane Stehlik

MCCOOK COMMUNITY COLLEGE ..... Camila Chavez
NORTH PLATTE TECMNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGE ..... Keith Saathoff
NORTHEAST TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGE, Norfolk ... Dale T. Butler
SOUTHEAST NEBRASKA TECHNICAL COLLEGE:
- Fairbury Campus ..... Shirley Lewis
- Lincoln Campus ..... Barbara Swanson
- Milford Campus ..... Marilyn Lester

NEBRASKA WESTERN COMMUNITY COLLEGE, Scottsbluff ..... Margy E. Martin
WESTERN NEBRASKA TECHNICAL COMMUNITY
- COLLEGE, Sidney ..... John Hawse

PUBLIC LIBRARIES:

TOWN	LIBRARIAN
Adams	Verna Coleman
Ainsworth	Kris Broekmeier
Albion	Mrs. Rispah Howell
Alexandria	Mrs. Francis Walsh
Alliance	Janella Strand
Alma	Genevieve Dugan
Anselmo	Ruth Lindly
Arapahoe	Donna Soncksen
Arcadia	Evelyn Marco
Arlington	Mrs. Duane Chappelear
Arnold	Norene Mills
Arthur	Marilyn White
Ashland	Dorothy Hayes
Atkinson	Mrs. Lucille Davis
Auburn	Loy Mowery
Aurora	Mrs. J.B. Newberry
Axtell	Mrs. Archie Bloom
Bancroft	Joyce Daberkow
Bassett	Alice Fox
Battle Creek	Lucille Lemke
Bayard	Aileen Elliott
Beatrice	Richard Allen
Beaver City	Ruby Strayer
Beemer	Marguerite Nellor
Bellevue	James Dertien
Bennington	Mrs. S.C. Flogstad
Big Springs	Gladys Johnson
Blair	Mrs. James Hansen
Bloomfield	Adele Steuck
Blue Hill	Judy Grandstaff
Bridgeport	Sondra Foster
Broadwater	Mrs. Dale Abel
Broken Bow	Juanita Lang
Burwell	Agnes Becker
Butte	Mrs. Iola Hansen
Byron	Mrs. Ernest Eitzmann
Callaway	Mrs. LeRoy Schaad
Cambridge	Dorothy Jones
Carleton	Ruth Braun
Carroll	Mrs. Lyle Cunningham
Cedar Rapids	Mrs. Albert Franzen
Central City	Minnie Butt
Chadron	Carol Grimme
Chappell	Cora Stutzman
Chester	Ledra Heidbrink
Clarkson	Marilyn Castka
Clay Center	Elsie Jaeger
Clearwater	Hilda Jones
Columbus	W. O. Jacobsen
Cook	Carol Gobber
Cozad	Betty Werner
Craig	Mrs. Dwight Patrick
Crawford	Stella Lindeman
Creighton	Mrs. C.T. Britt
Crete	Mrs. J.W. Zumpfe
Culbertson	Iva Richards
Curtis	Elna Kibren
Dakota City	Shirley Brunton
Dalton	Alma Crow
Davenport	Mrs. Adolph Doering
David City	Marie Vlach
Dawson	Mrs. Jacob Gergen
Daykin	Brenda Roebke
Deshler	Mrs. Melvin Schoenfeld
DeWitt	Gertrude Ebbers
Diller	Mrs. Chester Weaver
Dodge	Imelda Pieper
Dwight	Doreen Novacek
Elgin	Marlene Scholl
Elkhorn	Mrs. Glenn Chappell
Elmwood	Joan Williams
Elwood	Barb Hickenbottom
Emerson	Mildred Boeshart
Eustis	Ella Pavel
Ewing	Mrs. Harold Harris
Exeter	Henrietta Harre
Fairbury	Jean Messler
Fairfield	Leona Zook
Fairmont	Mrs. Russell Snodgrass
Falls City	Mary Hulbert
Farnam	Myrtle Rogers
Franklin	Mrs. Ilo Lipps
Fremont	William McDermott
Friend	Darlene Shippen
Fullerton	Joyce Anderson
Geneva	Thelma Hamilton
Genoa	Sue Mahoney
Gering	Jean Howard

TOWN	LIBRARIAN
Gibbon	Dorothy Guthrie
Gordon	Myrtle Johnson
Gothenburg	Verna D. Burnkhorst
Grand Island	Roberta Lawrey
Grant	Mrs. A.E. Chase
Greeley	Mary Swinarski
Gresham	Fern Stevenson
Gretna	Margaret McKeon
Guide Rock	E. Katherine Guy
Hartington	Lee Rose
Harvard	Mona Labarr
Hastings	Paula Smith
Hay Springs	Elvah Molzahn
Hayes Center	Dawn Anderson
Hebron	Enda Mitchell
Hemingford	Leona Stull
Hildreth	Carol Pollock
Holdrege	Jermain Kaup
Hooper	Mrs. Walter Pfeiffer
Howells	Rose Wolff
Humboldt	Mrs. William McGuire
Humphrey	Mary H. Fuchs
Hyannis	Wilma Heigh
Imperial	Elnor Brown
Indianola	Mrs. Clarence Sahm
Kearney	Ronald Norman
Kimball	Jean Long
LaVista	Elaine Savage
Leigh	Mrs. Robert Neuhaus
Lewellen	Waunita Rohlfing
Lexington	Jean Sands
Lincoln	Charles Dalrymple
Lisco	Irple Ruby
Litchfield	Rose Swanson
Lodgepole	Helen Sterling
Louisville	Leslie Hlavac
Loup City	Marjorie Travis
Lyman	Helen Schmidt
Lyons	Florence Preston
McCook	Melba Herrmann
Madison	Loretta Nelson
Mason City	Mrs. Orvin Cox
Mead	Mrs. George Rice
Meadow Grove	Betty Boyer
Merna	Helen Souders
Milford	Mrs. Jack Rediger
Milligan	Clara Cecrle
Minatare	Janice Wolf
Minden	Doris Olsen
Mitchell	Judith Auger
Morrill	Elva Cline
Mullen	Mary L. Schenck
Nebraska City	Dorothy Bliss
Neligh	Alta Marsh
Nelson	Fern Crandell
Newman Grove	Elinor Boettcher
Niobrara	Mrs. Jessie Colwell
Norfolk	Lucky Waugh
North Bend	Mabel Frahm
North Loup	Leona Babcock
North Platte	Wilma McFarland
Oakdale	Wanda Cornett
Oakland	Ann Anderson
Ogallala	Dorothy Keller
Omaha	Frank E. Gibson
O'Neill	Mrs. Leonard Olberding
Orchard	Mrs. Bruce Fletcher
Ord	Ida Caselton
Orleans	Cleda Davis
Osceola	Glenna Wieseman
Oshkosh	Loretta Cerny
Osmond	Winifred Record
Overton	Ropha Payne
Oxford	Carol Schroeder
Palisade	Bodell Werschke
Papillion	Mrs. Harvey Petersen
Pawnee City	Mary French
Paxton	Mrs. Virgie Cody
Pender	Bonnie Groskurth
Pierce	Mrs. M. Turek
Pilger	Mrs. Ora Hawkins
Plainview	Esther Carrell
Plattsmouth	Leona Brink
Polk	Mrs. O.E. Sunberg
Ponca	Dorothy Brewer
Potter	Virginia Smith
Ralston	Inez Naumann
Randolph	Eva Gartner
Ravenna	Helen Ogle
Red Cloud	Mildred Sibert
Rising City	Marie Gerdes
Rushville	Christina Winston
Ruskin	E. Carol Jeppesen
St. Edward	Esther Shaver
St. Paul	Julia Stevens
Sargent	Edith Tinkham
Schuyler	Adela Dudek
Scotia	Mrs. Dan Sautter
Scottsbluff	Shirley Flack
Scribner	Mrs. O.W. Wehrmann
Seward	Sandra Steinbach
Shelton	Mrs. D.F. Hayman
Shickley	Marie Langenberg
Sidney	R.W. Brown
Silver Creek	Mrs. Vernetia Fuehrer
Snyder	Della Deptien
So. Sioux City	Marjorie Davis
Spalding	Mrs. Agnes Stromp
Spencer	Mrs. Melvin Jacoby
Springfield	Mrs. Jean Rice
Stanton	Barb Wittgow
Stapleton	Florence Brown
Stella	Pauline Cook
Sterling	Alma Thompson
Stratton	Mrs. Iris Bose
Stromsburg	Mildred Floodman
Superior	Marie Marshall
Sutton	Mrs. Dwight Nuss
Syracuse	Marian Wetz
Table Rock	Emma Tomek
Talmage	Marie Roos
Taylor	Leola Brodine
Tecumseh	Grace Sherman
Tekamah	Louise Fairbairn
Thedford	Mrs. Eleanor Manning
Tilden	Ruth Lenser
Tobias	Lydia Oliva
Trenton	Mayble Grovert
Ulysses	Patty Block
Valentine	Charlotte Ladd
Valley	Mary Ann Cerin
Valparaiso	Mrs. Adah Draper
Verdigre	Elaine Smith
Wahoo	Mrs. John Koenig
Wakefield	Marie Pretzer
Waterloo	Mrs. Robert Mockelman
Wauneta	LeRue Gunderson
Wausa	Mrs. Roy Carlson
Wayfe	Katherleen Tooker
Weeping Water	Mrs. Ken Boyd
West Point	Mrs. Earl Rasmus
Western	Margaret Abbott
Wilber	Marjorie Kobes
Wilsonville	Beverly Ankenman
Winside	Mrs. Harry Suehl
Wisner	Della Chittenden
Wolbach	Jessie Fox
Wood River	Jennelea Carter
Wymore	Pauline Ragen
York	Elsie Moline
Yutan	Jolene Buck

EDUCATIONAL MEDIA COLLECTIONS AND PROGRAMS IN ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION AGENCIES IN NEBRASKA

(Formerly the School Library Report) FY 1973-1974

In accordance with Section 79-328 of the Nebraska School Laws of Chapter 79, Article 3, Section 328 of the Nebraska Statutes as amended in 1969, the Commissioner of Education through the State Board of Education shall have as one of his functions:

> Par. (5), (c) "establish rules and regulations based upon ———— instructional materials and equipment, ———— library facilities and materials, ———— for approving the opening of new schools, for the continued legal operation of all schools ————"

The traditional school library has, since approximately 1958, experienced a significant metamorphosis as it has struggled (1) to fulfill its function as the resource center for teaching and learning resources for the teachers and students, and (2) to supply, to a limited degree, the recreational reading for students. With the advent of a systematic and empirical technology of instruction in our schools, we have seen the development of programs within schools which provide not only the customary collections of printed matter but also collections of audiovisual materials. Such additional factors as provisions for (1) the local creation and production of resources not available commercially, (2) space reserved specifically to facilitate the acquisition, organization, administration, utilization, and correlation of all resources, (3) the specific services necessary for the proper use of the technical equipment available, and (4) a new dimension in the role of the professional required to coordinate the action of all these forged together to prompt the concept of a MEDIA CENTER, a MEDIA SPECIALIST, and a MEDIA PROGRAM.

Although Nebraska was striving to keep abreast of the changes developing in the general realm of education, the impact of the ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT was sufficient to open the doors for change to even the smallest school district within the State. Across Nebraska MEDIA suddenly made a difference in things and places, to students and staff, for learning and teaching. The information formerly included within the pages of the Nebraska Blue Book and pertinent to school libraries only was no longer relevant. The following pages reflect data applicable to a more technological concept than was evident before.

Public and private schools, educational service units, and/or county superintendents not listed among the following are omitted (1) because a request for exclusion was received or (2) because no reply was made to the survey.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

SCHOOL SYSTEM Centers	SIZE OF MEDIA COLLECTION: Total Attendance Media level Elem.	Sec.	Total System Titles of Centers	Total All in Media Center ALL media	Average Titles Professional by level Elem.	Sec.	Total ALL Professional Media Persons	Name of Media Person in charge of System Media Program
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Adams	1	1		1238			1	
Ainsworth	1	1	2	8429	4325	4054	1	
Allen	1	1	1	4826				
Alliance	3	2	5	20020	4480	1554	3	Mrs. Vivian Andrews
Albion	1	1	2	12986	5989	6997	2	
Amherst	1	1	1	2991			1	
Anselmo-Merna	2	1	3	6623	3827	2796	1	
Arapahoe	1	1	2	9884	4875	5009	1	
Arlington	1	1	2	13552	9090	4462	2	
Ashland	2	1	2	8331	4079	4252	2	
Atkinson Elem.	2		1	3096	3096		1	
West Holt High (Atkinson)		1	1	3724		3724	1	
Auburn			5	15280	3857	11423	1	Helen Nixon
Aurora	2	2	3	9281	283	8998	1	John O. Arnold
Axtell	1	1	2	3543			1	
Bancroft	1	1	2	15771	7147	8624	1	
Barneston	1	1	2	6131			1	
Bassett Grade	1		1	453			1	
Bayard	1	1	2	9417	3205	6212	1	
Beaver Valley	1	1	2	4158			1	
Beemer	1	1	1	6262	3677	2585		
Bellevue	12	2	14	359821	6531	29451	13	Bill Mahnke
Benkelman	1	1	2	7669	3978	3691	2	
Bennington	1	1	1	2695	2695		1	
Big Springs	1	1	1	6421	2746	3845	1	
Bloomfield	1	1	2	9919	4637	5282	1	
Blue Hill	1	1	1	8503	4429	4074	1	
Bradshaw	1	1	2	7144	3131	4013	1	
Brady	1	1	1	1975		1975	1	
Broken Bow	2	2	4	18707	3706	15001	2	
Burwell Elem.	1		1	3797	3797		1	
Burwell Jr-Sr High		1	1	4625		4627	1	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bushnell	1	1	2	2051			1	
Cedar Bluffs	1	1	2	5407	2934	2473	1	
Cedar Rapids	1	2	3	6341	3038	3303	1	
Centennial-Utica	2	1	3	8276	4794	3482	2	
Central City	3	2	5	9527	4505	5022	1	
Centura-Cairo	3	1	4	7997	1988	6009	2	
Central-Raymond	3	1	3	2424			2	
Chadron	2	2	4	29392	5892	23500	3	
Chambers	1	1	2	3791			1	
Chappell	1	1	2	6822	3295	3529	1	
Chase CHS-Imperial		1	1	3214		3214	1	
Clay Center	1	1	2	6618	2876	3742	2	
Clarks	1	1	1	3972	1667	2305	2	
Cody-Kilgore	1	1	2	2906	146	2760	1	
Coleridge	1	1	2	7478			1	
Columbus	10	2	12	15727	2352	13375	4	Donald Fowler
Cozad	3	2	5	21087	4814	16273	3	
Crawford	1	1	2	7738	2655	5083	2	
Creighton	1	2	2	4314			2	
Crete	3	1	4	10445	2602	7843	2	
Crofton	1	1	2	5434	2184	3250	1	
Curtis	1		1	7244	7244		1	
Dalton	1	1	1	227	109	118	1	
David City	1	1	2	6282			1	
Dawson Verdon	1	1		5705	2359	3346	1	
Decatur	1	1	1	7562	3362	4200		
Dodge	1	1	1	3024			1	
Dorchester	1	1	2	7020	3990	3030	1	
Sandhills-Dunning	2	1	3	7183	1717	3748	1	
East Butler	1	1	2	8691			1	
Elba	1	1	2	4619	2180	2439	1	
Elk Creek	1	1	2	1690			1	
Elkhorn	2	1	3	6747	3698	3049	1	
Elmwood	1	1	2	3658			1	
Emerson	2	1	3	7667	2248	5419	1	
Eustis	1	1	1	9187			1	
Exeter	1	1	2	6163	4285	1878	1	
Fairmont	1	1	1	3133			1	
Falls City	2	2	4	12936	6964	5972	1	
Farnam	1	1	2	7018	3035	3983	1	
Fort Calhoun	1	1	2	5596	2188		1	
Franklin	1	1	1	6470			2	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Fremont	9	2	11	22623	2664	19959	4	
Friend	1	1	2	9872	4156	5716	1	
Fullerton	1	1	2	11046	5805	5241	1	
Geneva	1	1	2	8713	4447	4266	1	
Genoa	1	1	2	6425			1	
Gering	4	2	6	12971	4473	8498	2	
Gibbon	1	1	2	8583	3956	4627	1	
Gordon Elem.	1			3850	3850		1	
Gordon High		2	1	4373		4373	1	
Gothenburg	1	1	2	10763	4609	6154	1	
Grand Island	12	3	15	29910	5906	24004	8	Dorothea Miller
Greeley	1	1	1	6948			1	
Gretna	1	1	2	12973	4601	8372	1	
Guide Rock			2	13392			1	
Gurley	1	1	2	827			1	
Hampton	1	1	2	4345			1	
Hastings	6	2	8	27947	6148	21796	7	
Hay Springs	1	1	2	6289	2480	3809	1	
Hayes Center Elem.	1			3045	3045			
Hayes Center HS		1		4074		4074	1	
Henderson	1	1	2	8928			1	
Hershey	1	1	2	3180			1	
Holdrege	4	2	6	19911	4450	15461	2	
Homer	1	1	2	8734			1	
Hooper Elem.	1		1	2835	2835			
Hordville	1		1	1818		1818	1	
Howells	1	1	2	3317			1	
Humboldt	1	1	2	4973	1075	3898	1	
Humphrey	1	1	2	3971	1548	2423	1	
Johnson-Brock	1	2	3	11402	3865	7537	2	
Kearney	6	2	8	20176	4425	15751	3	Darlene Lyons
Kenesaw	1	1	1	7382			1	
Keya Paha CHS		1	1	3214		3214	1	
Kimball CHS		1	1	8105			1	
Kimball Elem.	3			9494			1	
Lakeview High		1	1	3599		3599	1	
Laurel	1	1	2	10569	4474	6095	1	
Lawrence	1	1	2	4973	1903	3070	1	
Leigh	1	1	2	3959	1902	2057	1	
Lewiston	1	2	1	5464			1	
Lexington	3	2	5	15747	4699	11048	3	Charles Messerschmidt
Lincoln	33	13	46	16045	7423	8622	46	Clara Rottman

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Litchfield	1	1	2	7208	3018	4190	2	
Logan View Jr-Sr High		1	1	4103		4103	1	
Louisville	1	1	2	13778	6920	6858	1	
Loup City	2	2	4	17874		17874	1	
Lyons	1	1	1	3950			1	
McCook	3	3	6	25115	2851	6856	3	
McCool Junction	1	1	1	4050	2258	1792	1	
Malcolm	1	1	2	5145	1518	3627		
Marquette	1	1	2	6183	1716	4467	1	
Maxwell	1			3058				
Maywood	1	1	2	10595	3251	7344	1	
Mead	1	1	2	7153	3020	5413	1	
Milford	2	1		16237	6707	9530	2	
Millard	11	2	13	17244	4616	12628	10	Dick Corwine
Minden	2	2	4	19567	3247	16320	2	
Mitchell	1	1	2	8290	4729	3561	1	
Monroe	1	1	2	1779	603	1176		
Morrill	1	1	2	9015			1	
Murdock	1	1	1	5300	2360	2940	1	
Murray	1		1	4761	4761		1	
Nebraska City	5	2	7	13536	2668	10868	2	
Nehawka			1	15000	7000	8000	1	
Nemaha Valley	2	2	4	4992	1300	3682	2	
Newman Grove	1	1	2	3611	1865	1746	1	
Niobrara	1	1	2	15307	7080	8227	1	
Norfolk	8	2	10	21657	2509	19148	4	
Norris	1	1	2	14155	7716	6439	2	
North Bend Jr-Sr High		1	1	7465	3066	4399	1	
North Loup Scotia	1	1	1	8600	4528	4072	1	Carol Young
North Platte	9	3	12	42346	5762	36584	5	Ken Hughes
Oakland	2	2	4	10548	2761	7787	1	
Ogallala			4	11906	4281	7625	3	
Omaha	74	21	99	743409	6272	11865	77	Helen Oeschger
O'Neill	1	1	2	10938	5707	5231	1	
Orchard	1	1	2	5744	2070	3674	1	
Ord	2	1	3	9916	4255	5661	3	
Osceola	1	1		596			1	
Oshkosh Elem.	1		1	3524			1	
Garden CHS-Oshkosh		1	1	2683		2683	1	
Palisade	1	1	2	5217			1	
Palmer	1	1	1	6100			1	
Palmyra	1	1	2	8147	3365	4782	2	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Papillion	6	2	8	13850	4928	8922	6	Curtis Linse
Pawnee City	2	1		6949			1	
Pender	1	1	2	9530	3813	5717	2	
Perkins CHS-Grant		1	1	2989			1	
Plattsmouth	5	1	3	7175	3344	3831	1	
Pleasanton	1	1	1	3816			1	
Polk	1	1	1	3800	510	3290	1	
Ponca	1	1	2	6253			1	
Potter	1	1	2	9384	4842	4542	1	
Ralston	7	2	9	23532	5115	18417	3	
Randolph	1	2	3	8343	2012	6331	3	
Ravenna	1	1	2	8607	3216	5800	1	
Red Cloud	1	1	2	8465	4017	4448	1	
Republican City			1	2352			1	
Republican Valley	1	1	2	7202	3266	3936	1	
Rock CHS		1		5356		5356	1	
Roseland	1	1	1	3603				
Rushville	1	1	2	4964	1946	3018	1	
Ruskin	1	1	1	2700	1500	1200		
St. Edward	1	1	1	6000	3258	3132	1	
St. Paul	1	1	2	7344	3592	3752	1	
Sandy Creek	3	1	4	3250			1	
Sargent	1	1	2	11697			1	
Schuyler Central		1	1	7870		7870	1	
Schuyler Grade	1		1	9368			2	
Scottsbluff	5	2	7	30356	6206	24150	4	Jerry Ingram
Scribner	1	1	2	8744	3704	5040	1	
Seward	5	2	7	19249	5679	13570	2	
Shelby	1	1	1	16161	6447	9714	1	
Shelton	1	1	2	6104	2862	3242	1	
Sidney	3	2	5	19645	3615	16030	3	
Shickley	1	1	2	7270	3719	3551	1	
Silver Creek	1	1	1	5253			1	
South Sioux City	5	2	7	12769			2	
Southeast Nebr. Cons.	1	1	1	1191			1	
Spalding	1	1	1	4703	1967	2736	1	
Spencer	1	1	2	5671	3125	2546	2	
Springfield	2	1	3	5264	1095	4169	1	
Sterling	1	1	2	8905			1	
Stratton			1	7169			1	
Stromsburg	1	1		9500	5000	4500	1	
Stuart	1	1	2	5848	3081	2757	1	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Sumner-Eddyville	2	1	3	6835	2145	4690	1	
Sunflower	1	1	2	5694				
Sutton	1	1	2	7722	4000	3722	1	
Syracuse	3	2	5	13699	2798	10901	1	
Tecumseh	1	1	2	11879	4866	7013	1	
Tekamah	2	1	3	18341	5327	8514		
Thedford HS		1	1	3068				
Trumbull	1	1	2	6004	2584	3420	1	
Valentine	1	1	2	6552	4124	2428	1	
Valentine Rural High		1	1	4892			1	
Valley	1	1	2	6649	4320	3912	2	
Venango	1	1	2	5850	2300	3550	1	
Wahoo	1	2	3	11931	4204	7727	1	
Wakefield	1	1	2	9110	3417	5693	2	
Wallace	1	1	2	5848	3422	2426	1	
Walthill	1	1	2	13205				
Waterloo	1	1	2	7485	3020	4475	1	
Wauneta	1	2	2	20718			1	
Wausa	1	1	1	7615			1	
Waverly	2	1	3	12956	5627	7329	3	
Wayne	2	2	3	22677	5813	16864	4	Laura Frederickson
West Point	1	1	1	7616	3105	4511	1	
Westside	12	4	16	39682	6372	33310	11	Mary Leeper
Weeping Water	1	1	2	7361			1	
Wilbur	1	1	2	9969	3964	6005		
Wilsonville				4660			1	
Winnebago	1	2	3	9583			2	
Winside	1	1	2	5560	2760	2800	1	
Wisner-Pilger	2	1	3	8149	2528	5621	1	
Wolbach	1	1	1	5022			1	
Wood River Elem.	1		1	9782			1	
Wood River High		1	1	5744			1	
Wymore	2	1	3	9193	1779	5635	1	
York	3	1	3	17642	3967	13675	2	
Yutan	1	1	2	12960	6711	6249	1	

PRIVATE SCHOOLS

SCHOOL SYSTEM	Total Attendance Centers level Elem.	Sec.	Total System Media Centers	SIZE OF MEDIA COLLECTION Total ALL Titles of ALL Media Elem.	Average Titles in Media Center by level Sec.		Total ALL Professional Media Persons	Name of Media Person in charge of System Media Program
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
BEATRICE								
Martin Luther			1	500				
BOYS TOWN								
Boys Town	1	1	2	15100	7100	8000	3	Judith Wallcave
CENTRAL CITY								
Nebr. Christian HS		1	1	550				
COLUMBUS								
St. Anthony	1		1	2077			1	
Scotus Central Cath.		1		7000			1	Miss Holly Tell
CROFTON								
St. Rose	1		1	3055				
DAVID CITY								
Aquinas HS		1		672			1	SM Mildred Christoph
St. Mary	1		1					
DODGE								
St. Wenceslaus	1		1	1000	1000		1	Sister Bernadine
ELGIN								
Pope John XXIII		1	1	1100		1100	1	Sister Amator Vogel
ELKHORN								
Mt. Michael HS		1	1	25000		25000	1	Fr. Robert Halter O.S.B.
FALLS CITY								
Sacred Heart	1	1	2	5901	2218	3683	1	Sister M. Emile
FREMONT								
Bergan High		1	1	4000		4000	1	Carolyn Folke
Trinity Lutheran	2		2	3690	1845			
GRAND ISLAND								
Blessed Sacrament	1		1	5763			1	Sr. Maria del Rey Mangan

PRIVATE SCHOOLS—Continued

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Central Catholic		1	1	6300		6300	2	Maureen Hoffman
St. Mary's Elem.	1		1	3500			1	Sister Leonilla Sauer
Trinity Lutheran	1		1	10000				
HARTINGTON								
Cedar Catholic		1	1	4965				
Holy Trinity	1		1	3924				
HUMPHREY								
St. Francis	1	1	2	11574	4069	7505	1	Sr. M. Lucina Lopez
KEARNEY								
Kearney Catholic		1	1	3035			1	Delphine Sanks
LEXINGTON								
St. Ann's		1	1	238			1	Sr. Cathenne Gallagher
LINCOLN								
Lincoln Lutheran		1	1	1692			1	Kaye Tidball
St. John's	1		1	4854				
St. Mary	1		1	33				
Sacred Heart	1		1	8				
LINDSAY								
Holy Family	1	1	2	5185	2156	3029		
NEBRASKA CITY								
Lourdes Central H.		1	1	2036			1	Sr. Rose Marie Craycroft
NORTH PLATTE								
St. Patrick	1	1	2	12702	4802	7900		
OMAHA								
Brownell-Talbot	1	1		7842	1036	6806	1	Sarah Watson
Cardinal Spellman	1	1	1					
Christ the King	1		1	6400				
Daniel J. Gross		3	1	20000			2	Sr. Amate Borkowski
Duchesne Academy				32000				
Holy Cross	1		1	6000				
Immaculate Conception	1		1	2893				
Mary Our Queen	1		1	3747				
Our Lady of Lourdes	1		1	8874				

PRIVATE SCHOOLS—Concluded

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Paul VI		1					1	Sr. Margaret Martholer
Roncalli High		1	1	512			1	Mrs. Ina Zager
Ryan High		1	1	8550			2	Sr. M. Nola Parr
St. Bernard	1		1	6275				
St. Bridget			2	3500	3500		1	Charles Stillman
St. Cecilia	1		1	8400			1	Sr. Mary Franz
St. James	1		1	3309				
St. Joseph Elem.	1		1	200				
St. Margaret Mary			1	4715			1	Sr. Mary Raymonda
St. Peter	1		1	2931				
Sts. Peter & Paul	1		1	17				
St. Robt. Bellarmine	1		1	1802			1	Sr. Helen Richardson
St. Thomas More	1		1	4075			1	Sr. Mary Raymonda Grant
PAPILLION								
Sacred Heart	1		1	5108				
PETERSBURG								
St. John the Baptist	1		1	2500				
SHELTON								
Platte Valley Academy		1	1	4490			1	Robert Westermeyer
SOUTH SIOUX CITY								
St. Michael	1		1	2018	2018			
WAHOO								
St. Wenceslaus	1		2	3308				
WEST POINT								
Central Catholic		1	1	4354			1	Sr. Jarlath Happ
Guardian Angels	1		1	4451			1	Sr. Teresa Luetkenhaus
Pebble Valley	1		1					
YORK								
St. Joseph Grade	1		1	3080				

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT

SCHOOL SYSTEM	Total Attendance Centers level Elem.	Sec.	Total System Media Centers	Total ALL TITLES of ALL Media	SIZE OF MEDIA COLLECTION Average Titles in Media Center by level Elem.	Sec.	Total ALL Professional Media Persons	Name of Media Person in charge of System Media Program
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
BROWN COUNTY								
Ainsworth	1		1	3841			1	
CASS COUNTY								
Plattsmouth			1	970	970		1	
DAWSON COUNTY								
Lexington	1	6	7		1800	1800	7	
HAMILTON COUNTY								
Aurora	1	1	1	2770			1	
HOLT COUNTY								
O'Neill	1		1	1624				
MADISON COUNTY								
Madison	28	5	34	5284	3164	2120	7	
NUCKOLLS COUNTY								
Nelson	7		1	1600	1600		1	

STATE OPERATED

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
KEARNEY								
West Kearney		1	1	4500				
LINCOLN								
Lincoln Regional	1	1	1	1807	902	905		
NEBRASKA CITY								
Nebr. Sch. for Visually Hcpd.	1	1	2	6000	2000	4000		

SCHOOL SYSTEM	SIZE OF MEDIA COLLECTION Total Attendance Centers level		Total System media Centers	Total ALL Titles of ALL Media	Average Titles in Media Center by level		Total ALL Professional Media Persons	Name of Media Person in charge of System Media Program
	Elem.	Sec.			Elem.	Sec.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
UNIT#1								
Wakefield				638	Serving K-12			
UNIT#2								
Fremont				1239	Serving K-12		1	Ruth Moline
UNIT#3				5500	Serving K-12			
Omaha				4000	16mm via OSACS		1	David D. Arp
UNIT#4								
Auburn				5742	Serving K-12		1	Robert Pfeiffer
UNIT#5								
Beatrice				4368	2500	1868	1	Dan Mook
UNIT#6								
Milford				1139	1139	200	1	Michael Goff
UNIT#7								
Columbus				45670	Serving K-12		1	Lois Pearson
UNIT#8								
Neligh				11017	Serving K-12		1	Hope Weaver
UNIT#9					16mm films			
Hastings				2000	Serving K-12		1	Gil Feis
UNIT#10								
Kearney				3192	Serving K-12		1	K. Dale Williams
UNIT#11								
Holdrege				2153	Serving K-12		1	Clifford E. Lowell
UNIT#12								
Alliance				2366	Serving K-12			
UNIT#13				9237				
Scottsbluff				via PERC in Chadron				
					Serving K-12			

ESU's—Concluded

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
UNIT#14 Sidney				9237 via PERC in Chadron	Serving K-12			
UNIT#15 Trenton				by contract via ESU#11				
UNIT#16 Ogallala				1500	Serving K-12			
UNIT #17 Ainsworth				3500	2700	800	1	Jacqueline Grace

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE TRENDS

Programs implemented in Nebraska to give financial assistance and provide services to persons with economic need have in general followed socio-economic conditions of the state.

In the 1930's, during the Great Depression, emergency programs such as WPA and CCC were inaugurated. These programs stimulated the economy by providing employment in public works projects. In 1935, the Legislature passed enabling legislation to give financial assistance, with federal matching funds, to dependent children, the elderly, and the blind. The total number of persons receiving public aid during this critical period reached almost 100,000.

After the entry of the United States into World War II, employment was no longer a major problem and the emergency programs were discontinued. Public assistance then became primarily a source of aid to dependent children, the aged, and the blind. The total caseload fluctuated between 30,000 and 35,000 in the late 1940's and during the 1950's. In 1953 the caseload was about 30,000 persons, of whom 20,000 were aged, 9,000 were ADC recipients, and 1,000 were blind. A program of aid to the disabled was implemented in the mid 1950's which initially gave assistance to about 1,000 persons.

In the late 1950's, the total caseload continued to be fairly stable, but there were definite trends in the four categories. Old age assistance exhibited a downward trend which had been prevalent since 1943. Blind assistance and aid to the disabled were on the increase and aid to dependent children was fluctuating between 8,000 and 10,000 persons.

By the mid 1960's, there was a definite upward trend in the total caseload. Persons 65 years of age and over receiving maintenance payments continued to decrease as a result of broader Social Security coverage, but there was an increase of those receiving medical services. The number of blind recipients began to decrease in the early 1960's and continued to decrease. The number of disabled recipients increased and at an increasing rate. But the most noticeable change was in the Aid to Dependent Children program. For the first time, the number of ADC recipients outnumbered those receiving old age assistance. This was the result of both an increase in ADC recipients and a decrease in old age recipients.

In June, 1964, a program of medical assistance to the aged (MAA) was implemented. It was continued until July, 1966, when a broader program of medical assistance (Medicaid) was implemented to provide medical services for all assistance recipients as well as persons who reeived no assistance payments, but were medically needy. The MAA program provided medical services for a monthly average of 2,000 elderly persons. The Medicaid program began providing medical services for about 15,000 persons per month of all ages. This number has since continued to increase.

During the late 1960's and early 1970's, especially FY 1971, the number of public assistance recipients and the amount of payments increased dramatically—mostly as a result of ADC and Medical Assistance upward trends. Then in 1973 there was a leveling off of recipients and payments, followed in 1974 by an actual decrease.

In January of 1974, the federal Social Security Administration took over federal payments to public assistance recipients who were aged, blind, or disabled. This program was called Supplemental Security Income (SSI). The state continued supplemental payments to certain SSI recipients and to certain other aged, blind, or disabled persons who were ineligible for SSI. However, the number of persons receiving state payments decreased substantially.

In 1975 and 1976, the number of ADC recipients continued to decrease somewhat. Expenditures for the ADC program, however, increased. The number of Medical Assistance recipients increased somewhat during this period, but expenditures for the Medical Assistance programs increased greatly.

AVERAGE MONTHLY NUMBER OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS

Fiscal Years 1967-1976[1]

FY	Old Age Ass't	Aid To Blind	Aid To Disabled	ADC	Medical Ass't	Total[2]
1967	10,679	461	3,004	19,868	15,054	37,885
1968	8,648	365	3,301	23,254	17,483	40,848
1969	8,094	350	3,460	25,690	20,661	43,835
1970	8,000	344	4,076	29,600	22,258	48,862
1971	7,642	320	4,734	37,604	26,706	57,588
1972	7,278	296	5,398	41,122	29,896	61,795
1973	6,830	284	6,080	40,978	31,194	61,917
1974	6,409[3]	263[3]	6,215[3]	38,692	31,632	55,943
1975	2,450	150	3,054	38,398	32,266	52,712
1976	2,488	143	3,415	36,797	33,315	52,464

[1] For data before FY 1967, see previous issues of the Blue Book.
[2] Components do not add to total due to duplication of maintenance and medical.
[3] First half of FY 1974 only, second half, and thereafter, state supplemental recipients.

EXPENDITURES FOR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

Fiscal Years 1967-1976[1] (In $Millions)

FY	Old Age Ass't	Aid To Blind	Aid To Disabled	ADC	Medical Ass't	Total
1967	$6.1	$0.4	$2.2	$ 7,0	$17.0	$32.7
1968	6.0	0.4	2.7	10.2	19.7	39.0
1969	5.6	0.4	2.8	11.5	24.4	44.7
1970	5.5	0.4	3.3	13.8	29.5	52.5
1971	5.5	0.4	4.3	19.3	38.9	68.4
1972	5.1	0.3	5.6	21.4	44.6	77.0
1973	5.0	0.4	7.2	21.6	45.9	80.3
1974	3.1[2]	0.2 [2]	4.7[2]	21.3	46.5	75.8
1975	0.9	0.08	1.8	25.6	54.4	82.8
1976	1.0	0.08	1.8	29.0	58.3	90.1

[1] For data before FY 1967, see previous issues of the Blue Book.
[2] First half of FY 1974—aged, blind, disabled—state and federal funds, second half, and thereafter, all state funds.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS

JACK M. CLEAVENGER, Director

Year Ending June 30, 1976

Institution	Location	Chief Executive Officer	Average Population in Institution During Year	Average Per Capita Cost During Year	Population in Institution as of June 30, 1976
MEDICAL SERVICES		Klaus Hartmann, M.D.			
Resident Patients					
Beatrice State Home[3]	Beatrice	M. E. Wyant	990	31.11	974
Hastings Regional Center	Hastings	Mrs. Hildreth Hultine, R.N.	218	87.79	195
Lincoln Regional Center	Lincoln	Klaus Hartmann, M.D.	190	82.86	189
Norfolk Regional Center	Norfolk	Howard D. Herrick, M.D.	139	87.66	129
OTHER SERVICES					
Nebraska Veterans' Home	Grand Island[2]	Everett P. Phillips	558	25.57	560
Office of Mental Retardation	Lincoln	Arnold Carmel, Ph.D.	(Average Clients served fiscal year—1,778[1]) (Active clients end of period—1,877[1])		
Services for the Visually Impaired	Lincoln	James S. Nyman, Ph.D.	(Clients served fiscal year—1,081) (Active clients end of period—314)		
TOTALS			2,095		2,047

[1] Indicates preliminary figures only
[2] Includes facilities at Norfolk and Scottsbluff
[3] Name changed to Beatrice State Developmental Center July 1, 1976

COST OF GOVERNMENT IN NEBRASKA

One of the most notable trends in government in the United States in recent decades is the rapid rise in government costs. This is especially true of the national and state government. The state is being compelled to look more and more to other sources of revenues, primarily sales tax, income tax, federal aid, gasoline taxes and liquor taxes. The following tables show the cost of state government in Nebraska.

ANNUAL DISBURSEMENTS
for Nebraska Blue Book Publication
1965-1976

	Disbursements to Vendors	Tax Refunds	Inter-Agency Disbursements	Total Cost to State
1976-1976	$1,024,106,527	$61,840,970	$391,512,868	$1,477,460,365
1974-1975	902,870,884	57,977,488	356,263,396	1,317,111,768
1973-1974	759,917,939	54,949,678	301,384,441	1,116,252,058
1972-1973	665,175,820	48,020,541	250,953,684	964,150,045
1971-1972	624,269,058	35,929,285	231,573,662	891,772,005
1970-1971	580,005,877	28,965,249	199,064,534	808,035,660
1969-1970	477,688,625	21,953,869	169,802,410	669,444,904
1968-1969	441,637,396	*	216,412,297	658,049,693
1967-1968	367,332,317	*	197,275,743	564,608,060
1966-1967	350,493,874	*	163,984,124	514,477,998
1965-1966	292,156,004	*	122,334,200	414,490,204

* The tax refund figure was included in the column marked Disbursements to Vendors.

TOTAL SALES AND USE TAX COLLECTIONS

Month	Fiscal Year 1967-1968	Fiscal Year 1968-1969	Fiscal Year 1969-1970
July	$ 1,369,625	$ 7,025,214	$ 5,766,427
August	4,851,365	6,540,523	5,686,185
September	5,203,406	6,062,452	5,478,901
October	5,680,109	6,612,943	6,276,265
November	6,075,365	6,157,819	4,796,842
December	5,415,426	6,114,706	6,112,675
January	6,260,864	6,669,995	7,273,348
February	6,685,248	6,618,758	6,228,061
March	5,732,571	5,084,163	6,949,419
April	4,769,706	4,014,893	5,715,444
May	6,877,735	5,614,423	7,332,141
June	6,301,929	6,002,766	7,549,327
Total	$65,403,349	$72,518,655	$75,165,035

Month	Fiscal Year 1970-1971	Fiscal Year 1971-1972	Fiscal Year 1972-1973
July	$ 8,073,940	$ 8,327,004	$ 8,213,606
August	7,215,804	8,454,431	9,177,761
September	7,465,447	8,224,138	7,846,935
October	7,438,663	7,170,759	9,434,197
November	6,876,697	8,593,690	10,127,411
December	7,676,791	9,312,864	8,667,243
January	6,910,474	7,199,832	9,083,805
February	7,788,981	9,291,560	10,100,063
March	7,467,062	8,151,421	9,125,379
April	5,958,496	5,571,820	6,585,915
May	7,863,096	10,513,420	11,529,518
June	7,398,388	9,166,710	8,948,732
Total	$88,133,839	$99,977,649	$108,840,565

Month	Fiscal Year 1973-1974	Fiscal Year 1974-1975	Fiscal Year 1975-1976
July	$ 10,463,064	$ 12,879,471.78	$ 13,976,885.56
August	12,549,292	13,637,571.45	13,430,099.39
September	8,956,619	10,993,333.73	12,503,254.38
October	10,666,630	12,649,667.05	14,373,000.08
November	11,996,372	10,567,553.35	12,033,713.36
December	7,554,584	12,354,989.76	13,498,275.73
January	12,887,964	13,460,634.60	13,553,676.76
February	11,262,998	11,693,232.76	14,805,335.62
March	10,547,910	10,584,382.66	13,751,486.11
April	8,949,021	8,837,827.66	11,668,244.00
May	12,615,825	13,524,880.50	14,886,226.85
June	9,600,869	11,193,942.26	17,583,127.64
Total	$128,051,148	$142,377,487.56	$166,063,325.48

RECEIPTS OF NEBRASKA PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICTS SCHOOL YEAR, 1973-1974

Revenue Receipts

Local Sources

Local district taxes	$213,173,387.90
Public Power District Sales Tax	1,452,340.86
Local license fees	626,053.34
Police court fines	1,436,165.09

Tuition paid by school districts	2,045,343.92
Transportation paid by school districts	90,581.95
Tuition paid by individuals	468,778.03
Transportation paid by individuals	90,880.72
Other local revenue receipts	3,393,938.26
County Sources	
Free high school tuition	11,658,571.68
Fines and license fees	2,553,156.04
Other county receipts	295,724.25
Service unit payments	285,978.02
State Sources	
State Apportionment	6,660,244.31
In-lieu-of tax on school lands	1,182,332.61
Insurance premium tax	3,200,632.00
State appropriations	3,830,718.56
State Aid	54,412,260.80
Federal Sources	
For vocational education	2,296,368.24
For school lunch	5,889,127.62
For National Defense education	240,663.31
Other Federal receipts	8,966,738.69
For Elementary and Secondary Education Act	8,339,135.59
Non-revenue Receipts	
Sale of funding bonds	3,062.21
Short-term loans	4,338,116.94
Insurance adjustments, sale of property	317,743.46
Other non-revenue receipts	2,442,124.61
Sales and use tax	
Non-revenue Receipts	
Transfers from other funds	1,001,294.66
Total Receipts, All Sources	$340,691,463.67

EXPENDITURES OF NEBRASKA PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICTS
SCHOOL YEAR, 1973-1974

Administration	$ 12,503,291.59
Teachers' salaries, including salaries of principals and other instructional personnel	189,114,953.32
Textbooks	3,740,220.41
Library Books and Periodicals	2,005,249.84
Audiovisual materials	1,071,123.32
Teaching supplies	6,940,521.28
Other instructional expense	4,209,846.13
Plant operation	26,169,418.61
Plant maintenance	11,718,449.47

Other school services	13,495,684.73
Fixed charges	25,501,153.78
Sales and use tax	
Total Current Expenses	$296,469,912.48

Capital outlay	7,879,793.77
Community services	78,166.65
Summer schools	1,065,813.97
Adult education programs	252,384.13
Debt service	4,789,003.56
Transfers	18,426,751.55
Total Disbursements	$328,961,826.11

RECEIPTS OF NEBRASKA PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICTS SCHOOL YEAR, 1974-1975

Revenue Receipts

Local Sources

Local district taxes	$225,234,274.32
Public Power District Sales Tax	1,746,600.00
Local license fees	404,770.42
Police court fines	1,540,553.03
Tuition paid by school districts	2,118,132.00
Transportation paid by school districts	90,477.56
Tuition paid by individuals	345,214.84
Transportation paid by individuals	84,597.49
Other local revenue receipts	4,477,204.40

County Sources

Free high school tuition	13,211,577.07
Fines and license fees	3,249,493.39
Other county receipts	135,446.77
Service Unit payments	122,738.85

State Sources

State Apportionment	13,755,915.57
In-lieu-of tax on school lands	2,248,961.56
Insurance premium tax	3,551,513.87
State appropriations	9,893,541.12
State Aid	55,097,089.06

Federal Sources	
For vocational education	2,532,722.02
For school lunch	7,023,080.65
For Elementary and Secondary Education Act	106,515.72
For National Defense education	10,918,889.25
Other Federal receipts	9,304,723.55
Non-revenue Receipts	
Sale of funding bonds	4,765.91
Short-term loans	5,511,979.53
Insurance adjustments, sale of property	374,785.71
Other non-revenue receipts	1,959,136.00
Non-revenue Receipts	
Transfers from other funds	864,869.43
Total Receipts, All Sources	$375,909,569.09

EXPENDITURES OF NEBRASKA PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICTS
SCHOOL YEAR, 1974-1975

Administration	$ 14,156,823.34
Teachers' salaries, including salaries of principals and other instructional personnel	208,654,136.02
Textbooks	3,851,093.74
Library Books and Periodicals	2,110,240.57
Audiovisual materials	1,211,036.81
Teaching supplies	7,439,295.58
Other instructional expense	5,474,202.82
Plant operation	30,109,256.80
Plant maintenance	13,470,389.66
Other school services	15,895,708.47
Fixed charges	34,443,952.22
Total Current Expenses	$336,816,136.03
Capital outlay	8,199,825.80
Community services	90,736.21
Summer schools	1,262,095.31
Adult education programs	580,925.88
Debt service	5,643,660.40
Transfers	22,126,917.50
Total Disbursements	$374,720,297.13

TOTAL ASSESSMENT, ASSESSMENT OF REAL ESTATE, PERSONAL TANGIBLE PROPERTY AND RAILROADS, 1867-1976

Year	Total Assessed Valuation	Real Estate	Real Estate Per Cent of Total Assessment	Personal Property (Tangible) Exclusive of Railroads	Personal Property Per Cent of Total Assessment	Railroad Property	Railroad Property Per Cent of Total Assessment
1867	$ 20,069,222	$ 12,101,211	60.30	$ 6,889,961	34.33	$ 1,078,050	5.37
1877	71,311,578	46,833,647	65.67	16,130,095	22.62	8,347,836	11.71
1887	160,506,266	96,358,889	60.03	40,546,015	25.26	23,601,362	14.70
1897	165,193,736	112,968,973	68.39	26,605,662	16.11	25,619,101[1]	15.51
1907	329,413,349	192,933,917	58.57	83,081,460[2]	25.22	53,397,972	16.21
1917	528,891,424	352,057,625	66.57	119,978,346	22.68	56,855,453	10.75
1920	762,284,909	540,197,502	70.87	160,788,213	21.09	61,299,188	8.04
1921	3,212,737,091[3]	2,366,548,148[5]	73.66	539,068,627	16.78	307,120,316	9.56
1922	3,202,705,714	2,293,043,094[6]	71.60	594,032,740	18.55	315,629,880	9.86
1925	3,176,773,795[4]	2,356,963,175	74.19	506,667,668	15.95	313,142,952	9.86
1926	3,177,159,318	2,376,019,296	74.78	488,050,275	15.36	313,089,747	9.85
1927	3,141,146,610	2,391,522,671	76.14	468,475,552	14.91	281,148,387	8.95
1928	3,125,855,462	2,400,614,031	76.80	466,799,354	14.93	258,442,077	8.27
1929	3,167,489,383	2,409,769,335	76.08	497,716,692	15.71	260,003,356	8.21
1930	3,102,050,571	2,357,541,588	76.00	484,373,892	15,61	260,135,091	8.39
1931	3,045,793,706	2,358,299,796	77.43	434,652,071	14.27	252,841,839	8.30
1932	2,521,000,981	1,965,705,448	77.97	334,338,251	13.26	220,957,282	8.76
1933	2,073,283,250	1,598,243,869	77.09	291,457,726	14.06	183,581,655	8.85
1934	2,059,678,928	1,587,987,654	77.10	304,087,911	14.76	167,603,363	8.14
1935	2,030,243,533	1,587,710,975	78.20	296,795,706	14.62	145,736,852	7.18
1936	2,060,835,168	1,581,278,483	76.73	331,270,590	16.07	148,286,095	7.20
1937	2,058,224,967	1,580,200,530	76.77	318,594,227	15.48	159,430,210	7.75
1938	2,033,302,482	1,575,646,085	77.49	314,819,092	15.48	142,837,305	7.02
1939	2,047,519,591	1,573,350,879	76.84	335,457,787	16.38	138,710,925	6.77
1940	1,922,271,788	1,457,849,933	75.84	333,129,615	17.33	131,292,240	6.83
1941	1,949,775,725	1,463,623,407	75.07	355,189,958	18.22	130,962,360	6.72
1942	2,042,442,436	1,448,884,200	70.94	457,905,661	22.42	135,652,575	6.64
1943	2,123,882,890	1,450,987,413	68.32	531,938,227	25.05	140,957,250	6.64
1944	2,115,063,748	1,453,194,829	68.71	517,587,944	24.47	144,280,975	6.82
1945	2,153,798,946	1,453,766,320	67.50	551,837,526	25.62	148,195,100	6.88
1946	2,160,972,214	1,482,406,559	68.60	529,705,150	24.51	148,860,505	6.89
1947	2,315,369,866	1,488,397,061	64.28	674,712,300	29.14	152,260,505	6.58
1948	2,499,222,769	1,533,713,684	61.37	811,321,135	32.46	154,187,950	6.17
1949	2,640,565,444	1,557,543,971	58.90	927,048,668	35.11	155,972,805	5.91
1950	2,719,489,560	1,586,594,626	58.34	978,066,444	35.96	154,828,490	5.69
1951	3,014,247,550	1,610,856,676	53.44	1,246,515,574	41.35	156,875,300	5.20

PERSONAL INTANGIBLE PROPERTY, 1867-1967

Year	Total Intangible Personal Property
1867	$ 1,064,638
1877	2,199,341
1887	4,032,794
1897	2,272,418
1907	15,361,496
1917	16,418,836
1920	20,267,538
1921	84,235,452
1922	141,266,092[1]
1925	151,642,492
1926	144,582,220
1927	142,235,872
1928	172,562,291
1929	300,783,204[3]
1930	242,115,831
1931	206,321,388
1932	150,962,544
1933	119,704,144
1934	103,080,003
1935	104,081,555
1936	110,960,397
1937	115,662,946
1938	106,260,614
1939	112,891,068
1940	114,623,255
1941	133,246,090
1942	142,369,989
1943	169,066,125
1944	215,206,984
1945	243,865,914
1946	318,114,173
1947	413,462,649
1948	474,139,556
1949	500,682,682
1950	507,602,933
1951	555,907,085

TOTAL ASSESSMENT, ASSESSMENT OF REAL ESTATE, PERSONAL TANGIBLE PROPERTY AND RAILROADS, 1867-1976—Concluded

Year	Total Assessed Valuation	Real Estate	Real Estate Per Cent of Total Assessment	Personal Property (Tangible) Exclusive of Railroads	Personal Property Per Cent of Total Assessment	Railroad Property	Railroad Property Per Cent of Total Assessment
1952	$3,104,475,679	$1,670,371,892[7]	53.81	$1,275,736,527	41.09	$158,367,260	5.10
1953	3,383,619,610[5]	2,255,487,203	66.66	970,874,127	28.69	157,258,280	4.65
1954	3,043,753,089	2,030,914,111	66.72	870,580,928	28.60	142,258,050	4.67
1955	3,059,667,319	2,072,888,026	68.04	839,224,448	27.11	147,554,845	4.84
1956	2,955,664,238	2,099,906,982	71.05	717,248,081	24.25	138,509,175	4.69
1957	2,968,251,035	2,113,714,760	71.21	829,518,930	27.95	138,319,455	4.66
1958	3,192,817,877	2,174,291,860	68.10	849,636,484	26.61	134,401,405	4.21
1959	3,175,691,135	2,205,839,408	69.46	833,861,697	26.25	135,990,130	4.28
1960	3,212,807,088	2,243,524,342	69.83	870,120,735	27.10	99,162,011	3.09
1961	3,278,007,212	2,318,617,271	70.73	866,017,201	26.40	93,372,740	2.84
1962	3,367,213,876	2,371,833,963	70.43	902,065,914	26.78	89,224,590	2.65
1963	3,458,065,766	2,424,048,733	70.10	945,614,038	27.24	88,402,995	2.56
1964	3,553,328,531	2,470,718,926	69.53	995,576,495	28.02	86,933,110	2.45
1965	3,824,944,306	2,732,479,530	71.44	1,001,128,073	26.17	86,529,081	2.26
1966	4,334,187,613	3,159,596,852	72.90	1,086,309,231	25.06	88,281,530	2.04
1967	4,250,081,231	2,984,666,685	70.23	1,175,988,689	27.67	89,425,857	2.10
1968	4,468,372,340	3,200,919,638	71.63	1,176,104,251	26.32	91,348,451	2.05
1969	5,134,478,973	3,849,257,487	74.97	1,199,053,559	22.35	86,187,927	1.68
1970	5,375,575,178	3,998,915,338	74.39	1,291,269,257	24.02	85,390,583	1.59
1971	5,537,901,733	4,098,047,282	74.00	1,355,531,749	24.48	84,322,702	1.52
1972	5,731,535,854	4,225,861,385	73.73	1,422,997,118	24.83	82,677,351	1.44
1973	6,077,281,894	4,399,344,363	72.39	1,595,208,108	26.25	82,729,423	1.36
1974	6,503,268,242	4,545,771,789	69.90	1,869,689,620	28.75	87,806,833	1.35
1975	6,748,224,013	4,714,977,422	69.87	1,936,470,363	28.70	96,776,228	1.43
1976	7,014,552,162	4,870,738,201	69.43	2,033,928,295	29.00	109,885,666	1.57

[1] This total contains valuation of railroad and pullman cars. Prior to 1889 no provision was made for the separate assessment of sleeping cars and dining car property.
[2] In this table pullman car valuations have been included in the personal property beginning with 1907.
[3] From 1921 to 1952 property was assessed at full value instead of one-fifth value as in prior years.
[4] Since 1925 the total assessment does not include valuation of intangible property class a and b.
[5] From 1953 to 1958 property was assessed at fifty percent of value and since 1959 property has been assessed at thirty-five percent of value.
[6] Purchasers interest in state lands included.
[7] Includes mineral interests.

PERSONAL INTANGIBLE PROPERTY, 1867-1967 Concluded

Year	Total Intangible Personal Property
1952	$ 573,707,391
1952	616,303,295
1954	630,066,852[4]
1955	696,306,628
1956	681,728,426
1957	717,252,624
1958	762,321,077
1959	1,240,857,320
1960	1,529,115,007
1961	1,584,952,524
1962	———
1963	2,108,598,300
1964	2,501,310,940
1965	2,652,907,328
1966	2,884,000,414
1967	2,863,209,129
1968	———[5]

[1] Intangible property was assessed at one-fourth actual value, 1922 to 1924, inclusive.
[2] Intangible property was divided into two classes A and B, in 1925. The levy on Class A intangible property was 2½ mills; on Class B 5 mills.
[3] In 1929 the levy on Class B intangible property was raised to 8 mills.
[4] Since 1954 the levy on Class B intangible property is 4 mills.
[5] Tax on intangible property repealed.

AVERAGE ASSESSED VALUATION PER ACRE OF FARM LANDS SOLD[1]

County	1930	1940	1950	1960	1967	1968[2]	1971[3]
Adams	$ 68.74	$ 37.37	$ 37.40	$ 31.88	$ 42.99	$ 50.96	$ 56.73
Antelope	44.06	26.69	27.61	20.22	35.49	41.63	39.31
Arthur	4.52	3.00	3.88	6.59	6.25	8.78	10.61
Banner	7.25	4.92	5.51	7.84	8.81	23.73	28.17
Blaine	4.40	3.38	3.48	6.09	——	——	33.25
Boone	71.55	37.90	30.20	27.93	32.69	31.59	53.52
Box Butte	12.46	8.11	9.99	15.88	21.92	20.39	32.87
Boyd	28.71	15.49	13.62	12.47	12.98	19.38	25.95
Brown	7.88	4.90	4.87	8.96	11.15	10.24	20.56
Buffalo	46.43	27.50	26.60	35.88	39.95	24.44	69.74
Burt	90.54	58.39	58.60	59.44	78.95	89.32	108.76
Butler	97.27	58.49	58.79	58.31	57.87	54.17	88.57
Cass	108.74	66.04	66.16	68.37	62.41	58.29	111.77
Cedar	93.29	47.58	45.67	42.86	38.91	52.92	53.43
Chase	13.00	8.54	9.40	21.10	28.44	29.90	24.94
Cherry	4.41	3.03	3.85	13.68	11.96	10.15	12.42
Cheyenne	22.10	13.94	16.10	——	25.55	31.25	30.60
Clay	75.47	40.03	39.95	49.81	61.78	56.38	102.59
Colfax	108.76	66.88	60.67	67.91	68.54	56.56	91.09
Cuming	110.80	67.02	67.22	70.71	71.21	84.46	90.45
Custer	20.06	10.83	11.51	14.43	20.78	22.61	27.99
Dakota	90.87	53.32	54.35	30.34	40.89	72.84	52.13
Dawes	10.16	6.73	7.02	12.86	18.87	18.75	14.10
Dawson	42.61	27.21	27.68	33.09	79.16	44.15	73.54
Deuel	26.48	16.51	16.92	30.48	44.18	65.90	35.25
Dixon	71.22	44.71	41.94	38.23	32.86	66.79	61.00
Dodge	112.28	65.24	69.40	78.74	88.11	124.19	134.49
Douglas	142.71	88.77	97.26	83.13	N/A	——	——
Dundy	11.37	7.17	8.82	15.24	15.79	13.33	29.40
Fillmore	85.29	45.77	39.67	46.55	69.54	——	89.92
Franklin	38.23	22.02	19.07	22.01	27.44	35.85	38.72
Frontier	18.10	10.54	10.54	15.43	23.25	25.32	21.72
Furnas	30.00	17.59	19.12	19.66	23.80	22.51	36.03
Gage	81.96	51.69	52.48	50.73	49.17	189.35	77.03
Garden	7.33	5.66	7.08	17.19	31.58	31.44	17.07
Garfield	9.69	6.35	6.15	12.52	28.15	——	36.89
Gosper	29.72	18.61	20.55	18.57	22.50	21.70	49.48
Grant	4.38	3.51	3.95	7.45	——	——	13.39
Greeley	37.40	20.29	17.74	13.61	26.78	25.46	21.42
Hall	64.43	37.16	40.24	56.59	65.95	——	77.39
Hamilton	87.17	44.29	42.73	51.70	81.62	71.23	167.14
Harlan	31.47	17.62	19.67	20.96	28.98	44.07	37.96
Hayes	12.47	7.78	10.16	13.41	18.73	25.77	21.50
Hitchcock	20.62	11.35	14.63	17.32	21.88	18.82	28.94
Holt	12.00	7.66	7.70	12.15	27.16	22.27	21.30
Hooker	3.44	2.83	2.97	47.38	9.23	——	15.36
Howard	45.05	25.28	24.68	26.13	32.60	27.57	41.81
Jefferson	70.62	43.11	39.09	33.81	32.46	47.83	70.50
Johnson	78.15	49.05	48.54	34.45	24.71	39.58	36.50
Kearney	50.58	28.13	30.87	46.05	62.73	43.96	77.28
Keith	11.90	8.24	11.44	27.83	25.09	36.38	25.21
Keya Paha	9.33	5.35	5.03	8.43	9.66	12.17	21.21
Kimball	15.90	9.93	9.41	15.36	21.94	18.77	21.46
Knox	39.21	21.11	23.77	23.18	35.69	29.51	54.73
Lancaster	101.71	57.10	55.64	40.78	43.32	66.17	93.45
Lincoln	10.02	6.66	7.34	10.69	15.76	16.48	23.45
Logan	9.25	6.49	5.66	10.43	17.53	11.35	10.48
Loup	6.05	4.77	4.87	7.61	——	6.23	21.55
McPherson	3.52	2.64	2.70	6.84	——	9.13	10.15
Madison	85.27	50.76	50.86	——	49.20	44.30	66.91
Merrick	61.64	38.86	35.89	22.50	66.74	68.12	82.10
Morrill	10.37	7.00	8.27	18.21	30.56	59.59	22.97
Nance	66.49	32.70	31.66	21.18	29.14	32.14	44.43
Nemaha	93.92	60.87	60.21	55.69	53.50	55.06	69.71
Nuckolls	59.12	34.08	33.85	29.52	39.11	45.28	46.58
Otoe	100.86	63.83	63.85	45.76	58.68	61.30	76.86

AVERAGE ASSESSED VALUATION PER ACRE OF FARM LANDS SOLD[1]

County	1930	1940	1950	1960	1967	1968[2]	1971[3]
Pawnee	68.73	44.56	44.18	30.73	33.26	38.08	22.38
Perkins	16.63	10.45	14.39	27.04	24.00	27.68	32.52
Phelps	47.12	26.20	26.68	43.65	57.00	60.30	132.75
Pierce	71.26	41.66	43.35	42.33	49.96	48.92	60.15
Platte	98.69	55.97	48.35	50.44	53.24	55.19	75.45
Polk	94.04	52.13	52.29	49.34	67.71	67.97	71.34
Red Willow	22.08	13.24	17.32	31.18	33.63	39.16	31.32
Richardson	89.95	58.43	58.51	51.13	58.20	31.07	87.39
Rock	6.95	4.95	5.52	10.71	14.83	27.15	14.75
Saline	90.07	52.89	52.86	54.96	62.14	57.14	75.86
Sarpy	108.34	69.38	70.41	84.54	144.12	139.46	106.36
Saunders	104.08	63.47	63.08	58.65	56.11	61.43	118.18
Scotts Bluff	37.51	26.78	39.74	53.99	57.23	60.65	131.27
Seward	94.08	55.48	56.06	56.10	57.16	79.76	126.39
Sheridan	6.20	4.17	5.56	11.31	16.48	16.76	16.63
Sherman	34.29	20.55	18.89	18.21	17.53	24.28	106.75
Sioux	5.80	3.95	4.90	8.20	11.27	9.09	14.10
Stanton	93.48	54.68	54.34	39.76	56.67	38.39	73.03
Thayer	62.65	36.22	36.21	33.80	33.71	51.01	75.18
Thomas	3.37	2.45	2.52	5.14	28.97	—	—
Thurston	82.29	48.34	51.06	46.46	63.40	67.19	65.78
Valley	38.93	21.51	20.34	20.95	32.06	36.61	26.80
Washington	114.28	70.09	69.62	67.64	83.64	76.90	99.30
Wayne	106.62	63.97	63.98	19.46	53.52	67.77	68.51
Webster	42.65	23.25	22.16	17.83	19.28	31.26	33.40
Wheeler	9.57	6.08	6.53	13.96	16.75	24.23	13.65
York	92.72	50.43	50.28	45.81	95.16	74.18	111.94

[1] Prior to 1920 this represents the average value of the improved lands only. Valuation from 1921 to 1952 at full value, and at one-fifth value in prior years. 1953 to 1958 at fifty percent of actual value, and since 1959, at thirty-five percent of actual value.
[2] Not available for 1969 and 1970.
[3] Not available for 1972-1975.

TOTAL ASSESSED VALUATION, TOTAL STATE AND LOCAL LEVIES 1887-1975*

Year	Total Assessed Valuation[1]	Total State Levy in Mills	Total Amount of State Levy	Total Amount of County Levy	Total Amount of City and Village Levy	Total Amount of Township Levy	Total Amount of School Levy	Total Amount of Special Levies	Grand Total All Property Tax Levies
1867	$ 20,069,222	5.99	$ 100,576						
1877	71,311,578	6.18	440,424						
1887	160,506,266	8.13	1,305,659						
1897	165,193,736	7.15	1,181,919						
1907	329,413,349	7.00	2,305,893						
1917	528,891,424	8.48	4,484,999						
1920	762,284,909	10.39	7,932,575						$ 51,600,457.36
1921	3,212,737,091	3.30	10,930,607						59,365,699.26
1925	3,176,773,795	2.35	7,482,542						55,967,004.92
1926	3,177,159,318	1.80	5,718,886						54,970,346.96
1927	3,141,146,610	3.75	11,779,299						66,028,255.91
1928	3,125,855,462	2.06	6,439,262						58,273,807.24
1929	3,167,489,383	2.40	7,645,798						59,442,398.97
1930	3,102,050,571	2.34	7,258,798						58,485,076.39
1931	3,045,793,706	2.04	6,213,419						56,424,184.07
1932	2,521,000,981	2.37	5,974,772						49,588,994.64
1933	2,073,283,250	2.39	4,955,147						42,906,527.94
1934	2,059,678,928	2.10	4,424,207						42,068,482.03
1935	2,030,243,533	2.15	4,467,760						43,878,947.41
1936	2,060,835,168	1.76	3,732,183						44,113,357.43
1937	2,058,224,967	2.64	5,536,161						47,024,422.95
1938	2,033,302,482	2.68	6,213,375[2]						47,183,558.77
1939	2,047,519,591	2.61	6,111,012[2]						46,819,088.50
1940	1,922,271,788	2.57	5,751,790.31[2]	$ 8,522,835.62	$ 9,363,959.00	$ 827,583.52	$ 19,089,644.91	$ 2,157,241.36	45,713,054.72
1941	1,949,775,725	2.71	6,114,720.49[2]	8,544,696.34	9,528,105.72	868,795.63	19,249,031.84	1,965,941.85	46,271,291.87
1942	2,042,442,436	2.39	5,892,250.53[2]	8,437,615.85	9,923,106.54	911,358.28	20,321,586.08	1,931,019.45	47,416,936.73
1943	2,123,882,890	2.48	6,434,989.90[2]	7,346,061.49	9,731,625.33	902,633.21	22,596,098.56	2,780,305.76	49,791,714.25
1944	2,115,063,748	2.54[3]	6,646,877.64[2]	7,089,268.72	9,635,450.57	918,210.88	24,661,371.55	2,862,832.43	51,814,011.79
1945	2,153,798,946	2.84[4]	7,541,696.98[2]	8,344,525.21	10,360,226.65	1,119,521.03	27,193,352.52	2,951,922.42	57,511,244.81
1946	2,160,972,214	3.30[4]	8,970,146.90[2]	8,895,475.72	11,392,713.44	1,299,012.87	29,212,466.96	3,473,962.34	63,243,778.23
1947	2,315,369,866	5.99[5]	16,226,395.97[2]	10,021,306.17	12,190,072.88	1,528,623.29	37,887,372.40	3,202,980.14	81,396,348.29[9]
1948	2,499,222,769	5.26[6]	16,590,938.10[2]	11,128,634.02	14,026,147.84	1,829,223.68	43,285,645.46	3,163,184.71	90,287,562.48[9]
1949	2,640,565,444	5.86[7]	19,118,120.38[2]	12,798,837.04	15,451,581.85	2,081,642.24	45,907,269.75	3,005,280.95	98,664,524.15[9]
1950	2,719,489,576	5.76	19,519,763.70[2 8]	12,835,629.71	16,199,324.47	2,182,106.43	53,225,772.76	3,218,657.15	107,576,591.44[9]
1951	3,014,247,550	6.59	24,171,039.33[2 8]	14,358,334.06	18,371,648.03	2,296,761.73	58,265,008.79	2,621,993.26	120,653,280.82[9]
1952	3,104,475,679	6.98	27,025,733.01[2 8]	14,424,701.63	20,346,311.25	2,467,706.17	55,240,372.79	2,683,738.43	122,746,134.67[9]

TOTAL ASSESSED VALUATION, TOTAL STATE AND LOCAL LEVIES 1887-1975*—Concluded

Year	Total Assessed Valuation[1]	Total State Levy in Mills	Total Amount of State Levy	Total Amount of County Levy	Total Amount of City and Village Levy	Total Amount of Township Levy	Total Amount of School Levy	Total Amount of Special Levies	Grand Total All Property Tax Levies
1953	3,383,619,610	5.75	24,830,943.41[2 8]	14,194,973.78	21,824,327.76	2,480,913.40	57,896,786.43	2,621,022.59	124,347,195.93[9]
1954	3,043,753,089	6.69	20,820,539.57[8]	19,138,043.41	21,692,901.55	2,351,358.95	60,463,284.26	2,902,266.64	128,041,382.23[9]
1955	3,059,667,317	8.18	25,468,398.01[8]	21,939,063.84	22,761,837.33	2,171,542.77	66,811,906.76	2,856,726.27	142,627,677.96[9]
1956	2,958,572,814	8.09	24,388,599.86	22,741,831.79	23,187,048.99	1,974,012.50	70,246,466.64	3,094,990.67	146,212,379.98[9]
1957	2,968,251,035	8.23	24,949,837.30	24,081,108.68	23,784,781.65	1,891,013.32	75,396,263.55	2,795,780.66	153,524,482.99[9]
1958	$3,026,479,555	7.97	$24,598,189.28	$25,162,038.00	$25,072,450.95	$2,010,803.07	$ 81,258,148.92	$ 2,789,387.21	$161,513,035.51[9]
1959	3,175,363,640	8.45	27,742,734.00[10]	27,010,154.00[10]	26,916,580.00[10]	2,108,651.00	89,390,547.00[10]	1,823,095.00	175,700,835.00[9]
1960	3,212,814,395	8.43	27,084,022.00[10]	29,209,653.04	29,078,360.40	2,379,647.37	97,361,961.77	1,797,134.61	189,000,049.35
1961	3,278,007,212	8.41	27,568,040.00	30,288,018.92	31,089,977.95	2,416,916.27	102,502,803.84	2,283,652.45	198,260,199.20
1962	3,367,213,876	8.43	28,385,612.00	33,298,733.90	33,450,894.22	2,472,914.89	110,833,920.33	2,862,106.94	214,740,261.73
1963	3,458,065,766	9.80	33,871,754.17	35,173,833.83	35,679,276.30	2,665,803.07	120,789,718.71	3,508,721.12	235,101,945.65
1964	3,553,328,531	9.14	32,477,422.77	37,387,165.00	38,454,973.00	2,585,621.00	126,879,196.00	4,527,456.00	246,171,142.00
1965	3,824,944,306	11.73	44,866,596.73	42,191,781.00	42,010,524.00	2,526,240.00	137,366,909.00	5,595,374.00	278,511,202.00
1966	4,334,187,613	10.67	49,317,239.46	47,162,520.04	47,093,081.86	2,590,065.42	155,612,952.14	5,227,918.82	308,319,630.21
1967	4,250,081,231	—	—	52,228,134.16	47,711,381.94	2,772,969.00	188,637,979.46	2,673,756.93	296,865,045.75
1968	4,450,148,845	—	—	52,698,236.33	48,477,535.15	2,707,718.34	186,970,844.29	1,703,395.38	291,657,729.49
1969	5,134,365,585	—	—	55,240,378.58	52,225,096.24	2,978,619.20	207,010,518.22	1,877,520.28	319,322,132.65
1970	5,375,575,178	—	—	60,070,893.23	55,540,398.42	2,886,917.00	227,298,397.69	5,494,558.40	351,261,164.85
1971	5,537,901,733[11]	—	—	67,941,724.18[12]	58,579,109.57[12]	3,021,725.63	253,055,623.67[13]	6,957,773.65	389,555,956.70
1972	5,731,535,854	—	—	66,815,345.18	59,850,069.91	3,067,721.90	268,140,216.20	11,841,962.08	409,715,315.27
1973	6,077,281,894	—	—	67,530,676.69	63,207,701.26	3,192,637.20	266,937,559.55	14,836,694.79	415,705,269.49
1974	6,503,268,242	—	—	79,948,378.28	69,070,859.84	3,383,437.94	283,085,525.68	16,840,654.20	452,328,855.94
1975	6,748,224,013	—	—	89,488,177.16	77,568,121.34	3,938,242.37	335,418,412.12	20,170,789.27	526,583,742.26

* Taken from statements in State Tax Commissioner's Reports.

[1] From 1921 to 1952 property was assessed at full value instead of one-fifth value as in prior years. From 1953 to 1958 property was assessed at fifty percent value and since 1959 property has been assessed at thirty-five percent value.

[2] Includes tax levied by counties but remitted to state for hospitals for insane and feebleminded.

[3] Includes one-tenth of a mill for reimbursing permanent school fund.

[4] Includes one-tenth of a mill for reimbursing permanent school fund and .47 of a mill for Veterans Aid Fund Levy.

[5] Includes one-tenth of a mill for historical society building; .44 of a mill for Veterans Aid Fund Levy; and 1.10 mills for Building Fund Levy.

[6] Includes .41 of a mill for Veterans Aid Fund Levy and 1.10 mills for Building Fund Levy.

[7] Includes .38 of a mill for Veterans Aid Fund Levy and 1.10 mills for Building Fund Levy.

[8] Includes Douglas County Tax Appraisal Board Taxes and Veterans Aid Fund, 1950-1955.

Year	Douglas County Tax Appraisal Board Taxes	Veterans Aid Fund
1950	$57,177.36	$1,006,211.05
1951	57,913.09	
1952	61,708.89	
1953	67,652.38	
1954	55,415.44	
1955	54,570.03	

[9] Includes Rural Fire District Taxes, Road District Taxes and Grain and Seed Taxes, 1947-1969, listed on following page.
[10] Includes Head Tax.
[11] Homestead exemption amount fo $6.3 million.
[12] State aid to cities and counties amount to $12.6 million annually.
[13] State aid to public schools amount to $35 million annually.

Year	Rural Fire Taxes	Road District Taxes	Grain and Seed Taxes
1947	$ 90,029.99	$249,567.45	
1948	144,994.43	118,794.24	
1949	172,182.61	129,609.33	
1950	242,969.20	152,368.02	
1951	356,819.40	211,676.22	
1952	391,489.51	166,081.88	
1953	407,888.64	90,339.92	
1954	525,555.19	92,017.22	
1955	482,268.82	135,934.16	
1956	458,691.77	120,777.76	
1957	506,996.01	119,701.82	
1958	543,293.47	78,724.61	$2,170,063
1959	611,391.19	97,772.00	1,315,808
1960	668,649.01	79,761.05	1,814,107
1961	759,644.11	86,027.00	1,970,543
1962	1,056,071.70	79,097.54	1,709,656
1963	926,028.54	129,279.91	1,748,953
1964	1,009,463.80	112,130.81	1,775,036
1965	1,038,385.85	89,872.97	1,541,013
1966	1,213,437.99	102,414.48	1,692,847
1967	1,316,741.90	101,515.27	2,225,453
1968	1,597,010.23	106,385.15	2,186,220
1969	1,840,770.26	36,750.02	2,015,434
1970	1,839,610.93	164,406.99	2,545,343
1971	1,928,648.66	87,721.11	2,187,658
1972	2,355,559.55	88,283.87	2,582,012
1973	2,746,870.68	16,691.70	2,735,548
1974	3,063,487.65	*	3,175,842
1975	3,597,165.68	*	2,550,640

Footnote 9 preceding page.

APPROPRIATIONS

Appropriations for the 1975-76 fiscal year totaled $800,026,117 for the operation of state government. That amount reflects the 1975 Special Session reductions and is inclusive of supplemental appropriations provided by the 1976 Legislature. Of the total appropriation, $333,259,282 was appropriated from the state General Fund which is supported by the Sales and Use Tax, State Income Tax, and miscellaneous other taxes and receipts; $214,234,995 from Cash Funds which include receipts from Gasoline Tax and Federal reimbursement for highway construction, revenue from hunting and fishing licenses, receipts of educational, charitable, and penal institutions, and other miscellaneous sources; $176,245,714 from Federal Funds; $74,205,126 from Revolving Funds; and $2,081,000 from Federal Revenue Sharing Trust Funds. An additional appropriation of $28,571,486 from various revenue sources was made by the 1975 Legislature for capital construction.

The 1976 session of the Legislature appropriated $930,923,027 for the operation of state government for the fiscal year 1976-77. Of this appropriation, $437,019,404 was from the state General Fund; $216,890,589 from Cash Funds; $198,696,664 from Federal Funds; and $78,316,370 from Revolving Funds. The 1976 Legislature additionally appropriated $37,389,305 from various revenue sources for capital construction.

Appropriations for Administration of the State Government for the Biennium Beginning July 1, 1975 and ending June 30, 1977 by Fiscal Years

	1975-76	1976-77
Abstractors, Board of Examiners of	$ 9,653	$ 12,899
Accountancy, State Board of Public	49,951	60,385
Adjutant General's (Military) Department	2,119,506	2,135,342
Administrative Services Department	12,625,828	15,073,315
Aeronautics Department	6,093,277	9,190,180
Aging, Advisory Committee	3,627,036	3,186,516
Agricultural Activities	10,250	10,865
Agriculture, Board of (State Fair)	69,281	70,776
Agriculture Department	4,219,782	4,647,818
Agricultural Products Industrial Utilization Committee	185,202	131,433
Arts Council, Nebraska	549,070	722,329
Athletic Commissioner	20,289	22,983
Attorney General (Dept. of Justice)	600,271	686,648
Auditor of Public Accounts	1,334,218	1,261,388
Banking Department	765,089	860,756
Barber Examiners, Board of	36,246	45,105
Brand Committee, Nebraska	1,419,515	1,366,472
Code of Ethics Board	485	500
Colleges, (Four) State	20,478,738	23,706,977
Colleges, Board of Trustees of the State	884,890	103,129
Correctional Services, Department of	16,138,507	15,683,915
District Courts	2,953,891	3,080,690
Drug Commission	485,700	538,898
Economic Development Department	1,672,751	1,801,835
Economic Opportunity Commission	275,351	-0-
Education Department	109,311,867	116,663,658
Educational Lands and Funds, Bd. of	1,036,263	1,356,523
Educational Television Commission	2,829,400	2,530,895
Employee Retirement Board, State	5,581,341	5,288,254
Engineers and Architects, Board of Examiners for	90,287	123,966
Environmental Control, Dept. of	1,099,374	5,983,352
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission	241,499	334,883
Fire Marshal	752,749	695,090
Game and Parks Commission	9,350,947	10,383,195
Governor	168,519	189,136
Hall of Fame Commission, Nebraska	3,880	4,000
Health Department	8,812,066	10,877,363
Higher Education Coordination	175,000	391,759
Historical Society, Nebraska State	1,050,636	1,295,933
Industrial Relations, Court of	79,913	100,333

Institutions, Department of Public	43,077,818	48,379,056
Insurance Department	843,487	1,017,558
Investment Council, Nebraska	173,470	172,093
Labor Department	13,784,277	19,292,760
Landscape Architects, Board of	3,100	3,200
Land Surveyors, Board of Examiners for	4,140	5,020
Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice	6,063,110	6,597,200
Legislative Council	3,015,000	4,101,899
Library Commission, Public	1,257,535	1,567,547
Lieutenant Governor	47,116	47,047
Liquor Control Commission	551,113	545,172
Mexican-American Commission	104,771	98,971
Merit System Council, Joint	-0-	167,856
Motor Vehicle Dealers' License Board	110,438	167,800
Motor Vehicle Department	6,319,415	5,151,959
Natural Resources Commission, Nebraska	2,763,342	3,166,684
Nebraska-American Bicentennial Revolution Commission	167,759	73,890
Nursing, Board of	148,775	173,876
Oil and Gas Conservation Commission	125,284	133,600
Pardons, Board of	119,203	160,765
Personnel Office, State	516,239	448,026
Planning and Programming, State Office of	-0-	1,127,104
Psychologists, Board of Examiners for	4,653	6,525
Public Service Commission	1,052,718	1,215,666
Racing Commission	290,919	291,127
Real Estate Commission	404,287	369,484
Revenue, Department of	24,417,967	27,259,462
Roads, Department of	122,750,849	118,632,260
State Patrol	9,321,170	10,570,998
Status of Women, Commission on the	35,427	50,555
Secretary of State	381,299	491,158
Supreme Court	4,862,385	5,318,114
Treasurer	186,314	54,170,537
University of Nebraska-Lincoln & Omaha	199,395,967	220,408,785
Veterans' Affairs	423,444	1,415,777
Vocational and Technical Colleges Board	11,612,000	13,000,000
Water Resources Department	560,863	690,472
Welfare, Department of Public	126,957,011	142,833,386
Workmen's Compensation Court	401,115	428,186
Workmen's Compensation Claim Fund	563,819	551,958
OPERATIONAL TOTAL[1]	800,026,117	930,923,027
Capital Construction	28,571,486	37,389,305
TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS[2]	828,597,603	968,312,332

[1] Does not include reappropriated funds.
[2] Total Appropriations represents budgeted funds from all revenue sources for the operation of State government and capital construction projects.

Governmental Aid	12,600,000	[3]
Personal Property Tax Relief Fund	22,924,000	[3]
GRAND TOTAL[4]	864,121,603	968,312,332

[3] Included as part of appropriations to Treasurer during 1976-77.
[4] Grand Total includes non-budgeted funds which were treated as reductions of revenue rather than appropriations during 1975-76.
SOURCE: Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst

OIL AND GAS DEVELOPMENT IN NEBRASKA

Oil was discovered in the Nebraska portion of the Forest City Basin in 1939 when the Boice #1 well was completed in Richardson County. In 1949, the Mary Egging #1 well opened the prolific Denver-Julesburg Basin in Cheyenne County for oil and gas production. The Denver-Julesburg Basin underlies the Panhandle counties. In 1959, a third geologic province was opened for oil production when oil was discovered in the Cambridge Arch of southwest Nebraska's Red Willow County at the Sleepy Hollow Field, the State's largest field. Sixteen of Nebraska's 93 counties have been proven productive of oil and/or gas.

Nebraska's crude oil production is transported to market via trucks and over 1,000 miles of pipeline. One crude oil refiner, located at Scottsbluff, refines 10,000 barrels of oil per day.

Natural gas is produced in the Panhandle counties with Cheyenne and Deuel Counties being the leaders in production. Two natural gasoline plants, one located in Cheyenne County and one in Kimball County, process produced gas resulting in pipeline quality natural gas, propane, butane, and other natural gas liquids.

A total of 13,290 tests have been drilled in Nebraska to January 1, 1976, with 1,209 oil wells and 19 gas wells producing on that date. A total of 450 wells were shut-in. Approximately 40% of the oil produced is a result of secondary recovery which involves the injection of extraneous fluids into the oil reservoir.

A 2% severance tax is levied on all oil and gas produced and sold, and is paid into the permanent school fund along with royalty payments amounting to 1/8th of the oil and gas produced from school lands. The temporary school fund collects lease rentals and bonuses from the sale of school land oil and gas leases. Oil and gas production is also taxed in the same manner as real estate with the tax funds going into the county treasuries.

The Oil and Gas Conservation Commission, consisting of three members appointed by the Governor, became effective on September 29, 1959, for the purpose of regulating the drilling for and production of oil and gas in the State. Production may be limited only to the maximum efficient rate of production, to protect correlative rights or to prevent waste. The cost of operation of the Commission is paid by a levy on oil and gas production and a $75 per well permit fee for each well drilled.

The annual oil production in Nebraska since the first year of discovery is as follows:

Year	Barrels	Year	Barrels
1939	1,800	1958	20,366,954
1940	274,680	1959	23,021,366
1941	1,886,920	1960	23,786,739
1942	1,278,150	1961	24,339,769
1943	695,400	1962	24,893,777
1944	450,500	1963	21,845,633
1945	316,250	1964	19,113,662
1946	297,335	1965	17,213,786
1947	227,621	1966	13,850,367
1948	216,209	1967	13,372,591
1949	289,237	1968	13,183,023
1950	1,396,046	1969	12,105,728
1951	2,162,814	1970	11,451,062
1952	2,681,114	1971	10,061,690
1953	6,126,668	1972	8,705,122
1954	8,142,513	1973	7,240,309
1955	12,201,022	1974	6,610,595
1956	16,560,987	1975	6,119,671
1957	19,627,424		

Natural gas production, in thousands of cubic feet, for Nebraska since 1950 is as follows:

Year	Thousand Cubic Feet	Year	Thousand Cubic Feet
1950	1,881	1963	12,909,175
1951	3,678,600	1964	9,303,744
1952	5,232,091	1965	11,736,024
1953	6,467,053	1966	11,097,598
1954	6,328,683	1967	9,884,224
1955	10,264,632	1968	9,146,108
1956	14,543,124	1969	6,989,419
1957	15,041,526	1970	6,184,845
1958	17,506,041	1971	4,955,127
1959	18,243,908	1972	4,646,995
1960	18,265,891	1973	4,579,029
1961	16,385,851	1974	4,583,565
1962	14,644,383	1975	3,884,635

STATEWIDE ASSOCIATIONS OF NEBRASKA

September 1, 1976

ABERDEEN-ANGUS ASSOCIATION, INC., NEBRASKA—Pres., Lowell Minert, Dunning; Sec, Rodney S. Uhrig, Hemingford.

ACTUARIES CLUB, NEBRASKA.—Pres., Robert Shapland, Mutual of Omaha, Omaha; Richard Files, Lincoln Liberty Life, P. O. Box 82449, Lincoln.

ADOPTIVE AGENCY ASSOCIATION, NEBRASKA.—Pres., Dorothy Jobst, Lutheran Family & Social Service, 120 S. 24th Street, Omaha; Sec., Saliy Cameron, Catholic Social Service Bureau, Box 2723, Lincoln.

ADULT & CONTINUING EDUCATION ASSOCIATION OF NEBRASKA.—Pres., Curt Sederburg, 2050 Pacific Dr., Lincoln; Sec., Debbie Fisher, 1330 Urbana, Lincoln.

A.F. & A.M., GRAND LODGE OF NEBRASKA.—Grand Master, T. Leo Stines, Route #1, Central City; Sec., Norris W. Lallman, 201 Masonic Temple, Omaha.

AFL-CIO, NEBRASKA STATE.—Pres., William E. Brennan, 1821 California St., Omaha; Sec., Nels Petersen, 1821 California St., Omaha.

AGRICULTURAL ACHIEVEMENT, NEBRASKA HALL OF.—Pres., Willard H. Waldo, DeWitt; Sec., A. W. Epp, 6800 Rexford, Lincoln.

AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL ASSOCIATION, NEBRASKA.—Pres., Mike Wray, 7521 Oakwood St., Ralston; Sec., vacancy.

AGRICULTURAL COUNCIL, NEBRASKA.—Pres., Ronald D. Holsteen, Box 82048, Lincoln; Sec., Maynard Jensen, Route #2, Box 102, Aurora.

AGRICULTURAL STABILIZATION & CONSERVATION SERVICE, NEBRASKA ASSOCIATION OF COUNTY OFFICE EMPLOYEES.—Pres., Myrna Grosskopf, Box 167, Papillion; Sec., Marge Peterson, Box 7, Center.

AIR FORCE ASSOCIATION, NEBRASKA.—Pres., Lyle O. Remde, 4911 So. 25th St., Omaha; Sec., Frank W. Kauffman, 100 So. 19th St., Rm. 630, Omaha.

AIRPORT OFFICIALS, NEBRASKA ASSOCIATION OF.—Pres., Joan A. Cook, Box 1083, North Platte; Sec., Don Fitzwater, Beatrice.

ALCOHOL EDUCATION, NEBRASKA COUNCIL ON.—Pres., Rev. R. O. McClead, Avery United Presbyterian Church, Bellevue; Sec., Charles L. Samuelson, P. O. Box F, Milford.

ALFALFA DEHYDRATORS ASSOCIATION, NEBRASKA.—Pres., Russell Jackson, Consolidated Blenders, Inc., Shelton; Sec., Howard W. Elm, 1001 Terminal Building, Lincoln.

ALLIED POULTRY INDUSTRIES, NEBRASKA.—Pres., Dick Brownell, M. G. Waldbaum Co., Wakefield; Sec., DeLayne Eigenberg, 400 West 4th, Fairbury.

AMATEUR ATHLETIC UNION, NEBRASKA MIDWEST ASSN. OF.—Pres., Pat Landis, 2955 Pacific, Apt. 9, Omaha; Sec., William D. Shaneyfelt, Jr., Box 1522, Grand Island.

AMATEUR GOLF ASSOCIATION, NEBRASKA.—Pres., Orville A. Olson, Jr., 631 S. 20th St., Omaha; Sec., Del W. Ryder, 211 W. Third, Box 1492, Grand Island.

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF FAMILY PHYSICIANS, NEBRASKA CHAPTER.—Pres., John M. McCammond, M.D., 11 West 31 St., Kearney; Sec., Wm. A. DeRoin, M.D., 8258 Hascall St., Omaha.

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF PEDIATRICS & STATE PEDIATRIC SOCIETY, NEBRASKA CHAPTER.—Pres., Dr. Kenneth Fijan, 630 No. Cotner, Lincoln; Sec., Dr. Charles G. Erickson, 4701 Normal Blvd., Lincoln.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF UNIVERSITY PROFESSORS, NEBRASKA STATE CONFERENCE OF.—Pres., Erick R. Egertson, Dept. of Philosophy, Midland College, Fremont; Sec., Robert D. Narveson, Dept. of English, UN-Lincoln.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF UNIVERSITY WOMEN, NEBRASKA STATE DIVISION.—Pres., Elizabeth Mayer, 2108 W. Louise, Grand Island; Sec., Mable Morrow, Ogallala.

AMERICAN BAPTIST WOMEN OF NEBRASKA.—Pres., Mrs. B. E. Todd, 4526 So. 46th Ave., Omaha; Sec., Mrs. Leo Phillip, Rt. 1, Box 52, Scottsbluff.

AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, NEBRASKA SECTION.—Pres., Dr. A. Denise George, 3355 Grimsby Lane, Lincoln; Sec., Dr. John Demuth, 3820 L St., Lincoln.

AMERICAN COLLEGE OF DENTISTS, NEBRASKA SECTION.—Pres., Robert V. Vining, D.D.S., 6615 Stratford Circle, Omaha; Sec., Randolph Drahota, D.D.S., 8610 Countryside Plaza, Omaha.

AMERICAN COLLEGE OF SURGEONS.—Pres., John Porter, M.D., Beatrice; Sec. H. E. Reese, M.D., 5440 South Street, Lincoln.

AMERICAN DAIRY ASSOCIATION OF NEBRASKA.—Pres., LeRoy Wadzinski, Ravenna; Exec. Sec., J. S. Lewis, Daykin.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF ARCHITECTS, NEBRASKA CHAPTER OF.—Pres., Donald P. Polsky, AIA, 7337 Farnam St., Omaha; Sec., Charles Wilscam, Jr., AIA, 3220 Harney St., Omaha.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF PLANNERS, NEBRASKA CHAPTER.—Pres., Douglas Bereuter, Room 2000, State Capitol, Lincoln; Sec., James Morley, c/o Henningson, Durham & Richardson, 8404 Indian Hills Dr., Omaha.

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July 1, 1976

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Ainsworth Development Corporation	Dude Daniels	
Ainsworth Lions Club	Don Friendricksen	
Albion Chamber of Commerce	Randy Stevenson	Betty Harris
Alda Lions Club	Otto Albertson	Larry Powers
Alexandria Community Club	George Dein	Marcella Mussman
Allen Community Betterment Club	Gaylen Kjer	Keith Hill
Alliance Area Chamber of Commerce	Gordon Hoff	Kay Bandell
Alma Chamber of Commerce	Francis Shaffer	John Nelson
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Amherst Volunteer Fire Department	Tim Taubenheim	Dale Sickler
Ansley Rotary Club	Thomas T. McCauley	E. C. Varney
Arapahoe Chamber of Commerce	Scott E. Emmett	Don Sandell
Arcadia Booster Club	Jill Ritz	Demaris Schmidt
Arlington Community Club	Charles Parr	Don Meints
Arnold Chamber of Commerce	Bob Foran	
Arthur Lions Club	Wilsie Cross	David Sizer
Ashland Chamber of Commerce	Robert Blobaum	Katherine Hiatt
Ashland Community Medical Fund	George Spargen	Judy McReynolds
Ashland Rotary International	George Spargen	
Ashton Community Club	Kenneth C. Maschka	Roman F. Badura
Atkinson Chamber of Commerce	Conrad Frickel	Marcella Piekenrock
Atkinson Lions Club	Charles Hamik	Fred Dunn
Auburn Chamber of Commerce	William Dahlke	Mrs. Betty Bohling
Aurora Chamber of Commerce	Clyde Haskins	Donna Rassmussen
Bancroft Community Club	Gerald Schmidt	Roberta Kai
Bancroft Jaycees	Gene Poppe	Larry Lill
Barneston Commercial Club	Brett Robertson	Imogene Raney
Bartlett Lions Club	Norman Smith	Ernest Collins
Bartley Lions Club	Melvin Meguire	Roy Hart, Jr.
Bassett Chamber of Commerce	John Heitz	Ann Austin
Battle Creek Commercial Club	Dick Evans	Lela Keipke
Battle Creek Lions Club	Harold Allen	Alvin Massman
Battle Creek Improvement Club	Mrs. Willis Bennett	Mrs. Wm. Zohner
Battle Creek Legion Post #75	Don Bierman	Norris Bredhoft
Battle Creek Legion Auxiliary	Mrs. Cleo Deuel	Mrs. Willis Bennett
Bayard Lions Club	Mike Lewis	Ralph Townsend
Beatrice Chamber of Commerce	Dan Ferguson	Sterling Kent
Beaver City Chamber of Commerce	Russell Leiding	Virginia Mortensen
Beaver City Lions Club	Art Becker	Clifford Clements
Beaver Crossing Chamber of Commerce	Carl Burkhart	Joyce Christain
Beemer Chamber of Commerce	Henry Heller	Eugene J. Mestl
Belden Community Club	David G. Hay	Julia B. Fuchs
Belgrade Community Club	Mrs. Darold Imus	Mrs. Donna Adams
Bellevue Area Chamber of Commerce	Warren Keeler	Ann Albers
Belvidere Community Improvement Organization	Mrs. Lonnie Priefert	Viola Bruning
Benkelman Chamber of Commerce	Vince Brokel	Eugene Jones
Benkelman Lions Club	Robert Folsom	Randal Raile
Bennington JayCees	Darrell Fagger	
Bennington Lions Club	Charles Johnson	Jim Bonge
Bertrand Chamber of Commerce	Delmer Berry	Frank Barrett
Bertrand Lions Club	Kendall Moseley	Byron Hock
Big Springs Chamber of Commerce	Ron Hendrickson	Beverly Johnson
Blair Chamber of Commerce	Lynn Wederquist	Mike Wallin
Bloomfield Chamber of Commerce	Roger Leader	Garry Young
Blue Hill Chamber of Commerce	Clayton Heinrich	Geneva Petsha
Boelus Commercial Club	Andy Jensen	Alan Nielsen
Brady Lions Club	Karl Whipple	Eugene Whipple
Bridgeport Lions Club	Leon Michel	Jimmie J. Mills
Bristow Lions Club		Ivan Hiatt
Broken Bow Chamber of Commerce	Charles Koozer	Deloris Schoffield
Brule Lions Club	Delmer Westerbuhr	Lester Sautter
Bruning Community Club	Rich Philippi	Warren Williams

Brunswick Community Club	Gordon Smith	Jodi Forbes
Burwell Chamber of Commerce	Dr. Richard Pederson	Robert D. Beat
Bushnell Lions Club	Wm. B. Patton	Arnold Gadeken
Byron Lions Club	Elmer Holmes	Ben Kemper
Cairo Lions Club	Dean Olson	Ken Purdy
Callaway Chamber of Commerce	Dale Farmer	Jim Smith
Cambridge Rotary Club	William E. Shoemaker	William G. Hiatt
Campbell Chamber of Commerce	Herbert Steen	Nadine Rutt
Carleton Community Club	Virgil Vinkenberg	Ronald Waldmann
Carroll Commercial Club	Ron Otte	Mrs. LeRoy Nelson
Cedar Bluffs Community Club	Don Jensen	Pat Janovec
Cedar Bluffs Lions Club	Jim Wirka	Howard Thomsen
Central City Chamber of Commerce	Gary Webster	Mrs. Carolyn Westerby
Ceresco Commercial Club	Donald Johnson	Linda Nagel
Chadron Chamber of Commerce	Ralph Byerly	John Gericke
Chappell Chamber of Commerce	Ramona Freeman	
Chester Community Club	Earnest Dunn	Harold Porter
Clarks Lions Club	Joann Foulk	Verna Schlondorf
Clarkson Commercial Club	Dr. T. C. Chudomelka	Donald Sucha
Clarkson Lions Club	Loren Spatz	Paul Dolezal
Clatonia Commercial Club		Melvin Rehm
Clay Center Community Club	Ben Doupnik	Larry Cundiff
Clearwater Chamber of Commerce	John Mlnarik	Duaine Filsinger
Coleridge Commercial Club	Dr. James Litel	Emory Graffis
Columbus Area Chamber of Commerce	E. M. Nielsen	Jerry Engdahl
Comstock Community Club	Richard Stone	Ted Erikson
Cook Area Jaycees	Gordon P. Budt	Larry Grundman
Cowles Chamber of Commerce	Rellis Reichstein	Ronald Gestring
Cozad Chamber of Commerce	Duane Neuenburg	DeEtta Hartman
Crawford Area Chamber of Commerce	Donna Brown	Shirley Wasserberger
Creighton Chamber of Commerce	Gene Wagner	Gerald H. Langhorst
Creston Lions Club	Dennis Muth	Kenneth Wendt
Creston Women's Community Club	Mrs. Norman Hellbusch	Mrs. Ronald Osten
Crete Chamber of Commerce	Mrs. Marilyn Behrens	Mrs. Marilyn McElravy
Crofton Chamber of Commerce	Dr. J. W. Carlson	Dennis Mines
Curtis Chamber of Commerce	Douglas Johnston	Pamela Hazen
Dalton Lions Club	Theodore Panas	Charles Geller
Danbury Lions Club	Robert Quaduor	Dale Blake
Dannebrog Lions Club	Gilbert Wayne Lauritsen	Forrest Nielsen
Davenport Lions Club	Marvin Holtzen	Floyd Row
David City Chamber of Commerce	Larry Sloup	Eugene Coufal
Dawson Jaycess	Charles Kimes	John Vaughn
Daykin Businessmen Club	Robert Minks	Ed Krejci
Daykin Community Club	Jerry Gaston	Melvin Roebke
Daykin Firemen's Club	Charles Houser, Jr.	Larry Niederklein
Decatur Business Men's Club	John Small	Alta Wolf
Deshler Chamber of Commerce	Doug Leerssen	Darrell Finke
DeWitt Civic Club	Lowell Eisenhauer	Norma Schmale
Diller Commercial Club	Roger Shinn	Mrs. Kathy Lottman
Dix Lions Club	Wayne Craig	
Dix Legion Club	Duane Barrett	
Dorchester Chamber of Commerce	Dale Frahm	Faye Hladoulack
Duncan Lions Club	Geo. Tiaden	Clarence D. Sokol
Dwight Businessmen's Association	Evelyn Nemec	Lawrence Sedlak
Eagle Lions Club	Larry McNeese	
Eagle Chamber of Commerce	Doug Duehy	
Eagle Evening Eagles	Kay Reynoldson	
Eagle JayCees	Jim Peterson	
Eagle JayCee Jaynes	Mrs. Bob Todd	
Edgar Lions Club	Gary Ward	
Edgar Community Club	Carl Sasthoff	
Edgar American Legion Post #248	Robert Koontz	
Edgar Women's Club	Evangeline Wilson	
Edison Community Club	Joe Hays	Kelvin Wolzen
Elba Community Club	Alfred Novotny	Arden Svoboda
Elgin Commercial Club	Mark Jensen	
Elkhorn Lions Club	Arkie McNair	Leo Weckerlin
Elm Creek Lions Club	Fred Gewecke	Tom Neill
Elm Creek Jaycees		Richard Marshall
Elmwood Jaycees	Theron Bornemeier	Ted Zbytniuk
Elsie Commercial Club	Warren Softley	Emil Hanson
Elwood Chamber of Commerce	James S. Leggott	William Houser

Elwood Lions Club	Jack Wilson	Mike Schutz
Elyria Lions Club	Dr. Charles Blaha	James Studnicka, Jr.
Emerson Chamber of Commerce	Marlowe Langmack	Albin Svoboda
Emerson Junior Chamber of Commerce	Roger Schwarten	
Ewing Lions Club	Willie Schrader	
Exeter Chamber of Commerce	Farrell Jancks	James T. McCabe
Fairbury Chamber of Commerce	Lloyd Gerdes	Marvin Engles
Fairfield Community Club	Douglas Kissinger	Dixie Wolfe
Fairmont Chamber of Commerce	Marvin E. Eifert	
Falls City Chamber of Commerce	Rod Vandeberg	Jo Bohrer
Farnam Lions Club	Harold Ellis	Al Brauer
Farwell Community Club	Glen Hansen	Gary Christensen
Filley Junior Jaycees	Tom Young	Roger Smidt
Fort Calhoun Chamber of Commerce	Steve Kemper	Richard Larsen
Franklin Chamber of Commerce	Emerald Ost	Mrs. Henry Smith
Fremont Chamber of Commerce	Wayne Larsen	Chas. Strasburg
Friend Chamber of Commerce	Dr. V. F. Colon	Don Talley
Friend Rotary Club	Leo Stokes	Marvin Kraus
Friend Jaycees	David Bruntz	Steve Smith
Fullerton Chamber of Commerce	Robert Anderson	Mrs. Lanna Gonsior
Geneva Chamber of Commerce	Max Lichti	John O'Brien
Genoa Chamber of Commerce	Charles Dannelly	Lee Jacobsen
Gering-Scottsbluff Chamber of Commerce		Bershell Baird
Gibbon Chamber of Commerce	Lanny Robinson	Avnelle Lauer
Giltner Lions Club	Caroll Hanson	T. L. Smith
Gordon Chamber of Commerce	Patsy Schultz	Marlene Parrott
Grand Island Chamber of Commerce	Harry Rinder	Richard Good
Grant Chamber of Commerce	Gaylord Lacy	Dolores Sexson
Greeley Service Club	Ron Snodgrass	Midge Johnson
Gresham Commercial Club	Don Zerson	Pauline Schultz
Gretna Optimist Club	Marvin Killton	William Koeber, Jr.
Guide Rock Lions Club	Bob Fausch	Bob Shaw
Gurley Lions Club	Virgil Horst	Earl Lessig
Hampton Commercial Club	Arnold Joseph	
Hampton Lions Club	Duane R. Ericksen	Russel Hoppner
Hardy Community Club	J. Kohl	
Harrison Men's Community Club	Leo Turner	Wm. Clements
Hartington Chamber of Commerce	Norman Starr	
Harvard Chamber of Commerce	Tony Stec	
Harvard Lions Club	Darrel Adam	
Hastings Chamber of Commerce	Gayle McClure	Robert W. Seigel
Hay Springs Chamber of Commerce	Dale Joy	Burton Lackey
Heartwell Lions Club	Eugene Ryan	
Hebron Chamber of Commerce	Milton Johnson	Dorothy Virgin
Hebron Junior Chamber of Commerce	Warren Ehlers	Raymond Henning
Hebron Lions Club	Clarence McGhghy	Robert Baker
Hebron Rotary Club	Lon Adams	David Cording
Hemingford Chamber of Commerce	Kathy Gaertig	Tamara Murdock
Henderson Commercial Club	Bill Bamesberger	Homer Friesen
Herman Community Club	Jack Wachter	Rev. Wm. Whitaker
Holbrook Lions Club	Eldon Reese	Maurice Schrock
Holdrege Chamber of Commerce	Rex Kelly	Ronald Maday
Homer Community Club	Norman Lauritsen	Harry Hart
Hooper Commercial Club	Al Crosen	Mike Egan
Hordville Community Club	Elmer Garner	Gladys Anderson
Howells Commercial Club	Dennis Ernesti	Ed. Baumert
Hubbell Lions Club	Myron Deeke	Ralph Laverentz
Humboldt Chamber of Commerce	Marvin Hayes	Janice Oehm
Humphrey Community Club	William Albracht	Kenneth Backes
Hyannis Commercial Club	Jack Dubs	Jodi Daley
Imperial Chamber of Commerce	Fern Martin	
Imperial Lions Club	Rodney Einspahr	
Imperial Rotary Club	Bill D. Pribbeno	
Indianola C.I.P.	Willard Elmer	Billie Boyer
Indianola Community Club	Edgar Frank	James Blume
Indianola Rotary Club	Jerry Beckenhauer	John Hanson
Indianola Jaycees	George Cornwell	Dale Stritt
Indianola Mrs. Jaycees	Billie Boyer	Kathy Haag
Inman Commercial Club	Harvey Tompkins	
Johnson Chamber of Commerce	August Blinde, Jr.	Alvin Bohling
Kearney Area Chamber of Commerce	Barry Sherman	Jon Daveline
Kenesaw Community Club	Ernest Torske	Dale Norris
Kimball Chamber of Commerce	Bruce Madden	Nate Eastman

Laurel Chamber of Commerce	R. E. Adkins, Jr.	Rev. Douglas Potter
Laurel Lions Club	James Lofquist	
LaVista Chamber of Commerce	Marv Kelly	
Lawrence Chamber of Commerce	William Schroer	Harold Ostrander
Lebanon Lions Club	Neal Warner	
Lebanon American Legion Post #313	Jack Helt	Harold Blakley
Leigh Commercial Club	Norman Osten	George Deichmann
Lexington Area Chamber of Commerce	Duane Phillippi	Mark Kapfer
Lincoln Chamber of Commerce	Leo J. Beck, Jr.	Duane Vicary
Litchfield Commercial Club	Frank Feldman	Ann Beck
Lodgepole Lions Club	Lee Nelsen	Ernest H. Meyer
Loomis Commercial Club	Don Staub	Myren Canada
Louisville Chamber of Commerce	Mrs. David Pankonin	Mrs. Lonnie Coonts
Loup City Chamber of Commerce	George A. Peterson	Janice Robertson
Lyman Booster Club	Donald M. Houver	Lupe Sanchez
Lynch Community Club	Leroy Purviance	Geraldine Spencer
Lyons Chamber of Commerce	James Busskohl	Burma Kroger
Lyons Jaycees	Wayne Vavra	Rick Georgeson
McCool Junction Community Improvement Club	Dan Jantzen	Mrs. Keith Bredenkamp
Madison Chamber of Commerce	Morris Ochsner	Morris Moyer
Madison Lions Club	Robert Wedge	Larry Hughes
Madrid Community Club	Herman Regier	Edw. Hanson
Mason City Commercial Club	Francis Lucas	Mildred Standage
Meadow Grove Lions Club	Charles Harlan	Duane Kallhoff
Milford Chamber of Commerce	George VanEngelen	
Milligan Community Club	Melvin R. Vavra	Arlene Vavra
Minatare Lions Club	Walter Darnall	Duane Whitaker
Minden Chamber of Commerce	Robert Christensen	Marje Madsen
Mitchell Kiwanis Club	Carol Wagoner	Dick Douglas
Mitchell Jaycees	Bud Andreason	Rick Hale
Mitchell Lions Club	R. Elliston	A. Swaney
Monroe Lions Club	Gayle Gerber	Paul Schmid
Morrill Chamber of Commerce	Frank Flock	John Legband
Mullen Commercial Club	Donald Cox	Joan Rogers
Murdock Lions Club	Alvin Oehlerking	W. J. B. McDonald
Murray Lions Club	Fred Dettmer	Richard Fox
Nebraska City Chamber of Commerce	Joe Miller	Mrs. Robert Melchert
Nehawka Business Men's Club	John A. Royal	
Neligh Chamber of Commerce	Benny Taylor	June Bragg
Neligh Lions Club	Allan Petersen	James McNally
Nelson Chamber of Commerce	Robert Meyer	Donald Biltoft
Newman Grove Commercial Club	Ron D. Swalley	Nick Breckenfeld
Newman Grove Lions Club	Merle Christensen	
Nickerson Lions Club	Ramon Janssen	Fred Hagerbaumer
Niobrara Community Club, Inc	William Schwartzer	Robert L. Olson
Norfolk Chamber of Commerce	Jerry Arkfeld	Robert Bentz
North Bend Chamber of Commerce	Jerry Tipton	Jan Hobza
North Platte Chamber of Commerce	Duane Strother	Gary Toebben
Oakdale Chamber of Commerce	Alvin Schwarting	Barry Marsh
Oakland Chamber of Commerce	Bernard Noordhoek	
Oakland Lions Club	Wm. Enstrom	
Oconto Lions Club	Don Spry	Ronald Hemphill
Odell Commercial Club	Wayne Colgrove	Larry Stanosheck
Odell Jaycees	Allan Klaus	
Ogallala Chamber of Commerce	Harold Buenz	
Ogallala Optimists	Gene Holscher	
Ogallala Lions Club	Ted Holyoke, M. D.	
Ogallala Rotary Club	Douglas M. Parks, D.V.M.	
Ogallala Jaycees	Brian Mickles	
Ogallala Junior Chamber of Commerce	Pat Fought	
Omaha (Greater) Chamber of Commerce	Howard P. Doerr	Keith Carter
Ong Lions Club	Herman Fischer	Richard Yost
Orchard Commercial Club	Richard Bruce	Marvin Kner
Orchard Lions Club	Loren Wilson	Mel Schafer
Ord Chamber of Commerce	Don Blaha	Geri Bundy
Ord Jaycees	Allen Hagemeier	Mickey Puckett
Ord Rotary Club	Marvin Weems	A. W. McDermott
Orleans Chamber of Commerce	Russell Smith	Verne Dahlstrand
Osceola Chamber of Commerce	Dennis Johansen	Maxine Winslow
Osceola Lions Club	Gene Stenys	Truman Bachenburg
Oshkosh Chamber of Commerce	Charles Brown	Eugene Hynes
Osmond Community Club	Duane Weber	Donald Blecha
Osmond Jaycees	Rod Erwin	Richard Bloomquist

Overton Commercial Club	Leo Margritz	Peg Eliker
Overton Lions Club	Norm Taylor	
Oxford Chamber of Commerce	Nancy Knuth	Ardyth Fox
Palisade Civic Service Club	Tom Monmohan	Judy Suda
Palmer Commercial Club	Willard Kunze	Kathy Schlueter
Palmyra Legion Club	Gerald Egger	Joy Schroder
Panama Improvement Program	Shirley Buis	Sharon Stricker
Papillion Chamber of Commerce	Roland Timmerman	George Miller
Pawnee City Chamber of Commerce	Leonard Rogers	Lou Haverkamp
Pawnee City Rotary Club	Bill Thompson	George Johnson
Pender Chamber of Commerce	Ms. Bonnie Janke	Ms. Winifred Welsh
Peru Chamber of Commerce	Leyon Brestel	Arlene Whisler
Petersburg Commercial Club	Marvin Koch	Freda Carey
Petersburg Area Jaycees	Ray J. Thieman	Alf Metz, Jr.
Pierce Chamber of Commerce	Dale F. Reed	Don Zimmer
Pilger Community Club	Ronald Siecke	Shirley Skovsende
Platte Center Lions Club	Robert Schmidt	Clifford Mark
Plattsmouth Chamber of Commerce	Richard Fischer	Anna Ragland
Plattsmouth Lions Club	Glenn White	George Bunch
Plattsmouth Rotary Club	Charles Warga	William Veldhuis
Plattsmouth V.F.W.	Jerry Lutz	Robert Rice
Plattsmouth American Legion	Lloyd Fitch	Donald Warga
Plattsmouth Eagles	George Eledge	Art Hay
Plattsmouth Optimist Club	Terry Gaebel	David Nielsen
Pleasant Dale American Legion	Robert Borgman	Earl Mitchel
Pleasant Dale American Legion Auxiliary	Mrs. Ed Lebsock	
Pleasanton Lions Club	Fred Hehener	Dean Hadwiger
Plymouth Businessmen's Club	Jerry Huffman	Ronald Brackle
Polk Community Club	Paul Wagner	Mrs. Ed Saylor
Potter Lions Club	Roland Schilz	Lumir Studnicka
Prague Jaycees	Clarence Egr	Terry Vanek
Primrose Community Club	Thomas Burda	Marion Jones
Ralston Chamber of Commerce	Henry McCaw	Gerald Koch
Ralston Lions Club	Jack Pearson	Don Sorensen
Randolph Community Club	David Winkelbauer	Ed. Kessler
Randolph Lions Club	Robert Berner	Gary Osborn
Ravenna Chamber of Commerce	Dr. James Easter	Bethyne T. Hanna
Red Cloud Chamber of Commerce	Richard Lawson	Mrs. Courtney Hanson
Red Cloud Lions Club	Jerry Hays	Guy Wescoat
Republican City Chamber of Commerce	D. W. Brooks	
Republican City American Legion Post #361	Dan Mulder	
Republican City American Legion Auxiliary	Mrs. Virginia Ott	
Reynold Commercial Club	Earl Dorman	Clarence E. Thompson
Rising City Chamber of Commerce	Kenneth Crook	Loren Stuhr
Riverton American Legion Post #328	Jim Schmidt	Clayton Gurney
Rosalie Jaycees	Doug Gustin	Jim Morgan
Roseland Lions Club	Peter Bonifas	Berl Friend
Rushville Chamber of Commerce	Ben Crane	Art Teeter
Rushville Rotary Club	David Tiensvold	Max Finkey
Ruskin Lions Club	Walter Schlamann	Harvey A. Hansen
St. Paul Chamber of Commerce	Rev. Kenneth Christensen	Mrs. Gerry Eppenbach
Salem Men's Town & Country Club	Donald VanWinkle	Chris Beer
Sargent Chamber of Commerce	Roger Tederman	
Schuyler Chamber of Commerce	Marvin Capone	Gail Wagner
Scotia Community Club	Harold Keep	Margaret Williams
Scottsbluff-Gering Greater Chamber of Commerce	Ray Hilderman	Hershel Baird
Scribner Chamber of Commerce	Lee Burkink, Jr.	Alvin Cerny
Seneca Community Club	Sandie Hansen	Gerald Devine
Seward Chamber of Commerce	Steve Nesbitt	Pat Dickinson
Shickley Commercial Club	Elmer Lauber	William Wilkins
Shickley Lions Club	Delbert Witt	Charles Dondlinger
Sidney Cheyenne County Chamber of Commerce	Rodney Hinman	Marv Meick
Silver Creek Civic Club	Jack Burger	Geo. VanWinkle
Snyder Lions Club	Gale Mahnke	Gerald Kassmeier
South Sioux City Chamber of Commerce	John McNeil	Robert Post
Spalding Commercial Club	John Keber	Ralph E. Brown
Spencer Community Club	Glen Stahlecker	Roger Rust
Springview Service Club	Larry Haszard	Harvey I. Neal
Stamford Chamber of Commerce	Steve Grueber	Donald Mai
Stanton Community Club	George Cunningham	Adolph Stuchlik
Staplehurst Ladies Community Club	Mrs. Loraine Dobesh	Mrs. Van Springer

Staplehurst Men's Community Club	Melvin Zwick	Fred Duer
Stapleton Chamber of Commerce	Dennis Barner	Wallace Salisbury
Steinauer Community Club	Phyllis Gottula	Erma Gyhra
Stella Research Club	Jan Mason	Vicki Jacobitz
Sterling Jaycees	Darrell Rathe	LaVerne Vermeer
Stratton Community Club	James Earnest	Kerry Krutsinger
Stromsburg Commercial Club	Orville E. Dodds	Carleton Anderson
Stuart Men's Community Club	Gerald Fahrenholz	John Madson
Stuart Women's Community Club	Sandra Shald	
Sumner Commercial Club	Gene Beerbohm	Francis McTygve
Superior Chamber of Commerce	Kenneth Ayres	Larry Weeke
Sutherland Chamber of Commerce	Gordon Larson	Roger Paulman
Sutherland Lions Club	Elwood Kealy	Melvin Bayne
Syracuse Chamber of Commerce	Rev. R. Beckman	Mrs. Anna Mullis
Table Rock Community Club	David Harris	Libby Kalina
Talmage Chamber of Commerce	Rudolph Meyer	Mrs. Stanley Ritter
Taylor Lions Club	Berton Raish	Roland Petersen
Tecumseh Chamber of Commerce	Wilson E. Field	Betty Evans
Tekamah Chamber of Commerce	Rich Anderson	Anne Bundy
Thedford Service Club	Sam Ogle	Reed Hamilton
Tilden Commercial Club	Duane Warneke	
Tilden Jaycees	Doug Tassemeyer	
Tobias Community Club	Alan Krupicka	Laird Bartels
Trenton Rotary Club	D. D. Whaley	James J. Baudier
Uehling Lions Club	Donald Huwaldt	Tom Meyer
Ulysses Community Club	Keith Aldrich	Michele Young
Unadilla Community Club	Ron Barrett	Janet Twohig
Upland Community Club	Mrs. Lavern Rudd	Mrs. Walt Nielsen
Utica Commercial Club	Kenneth Ackermann	G. E. Nicolaus
Valentine Chamber of Commerce	Ron Scranton	Helen Young
Valparaiso Businessmen's Assn.	Don Kobza	James Buresh
Valparaiso Jaycees	Randy McCoy	Dennis Masek
Venango American Legion	Randy Graham	Dale Grothman
Venango Fire Department	Clyde Barry	Randy Busch
Verdigre Improvement Club	Robert Sheckler	Melvin Kotrous
Verdon Jaycees	John Vaughn	
Verdon Rebekah Lodge	Eleanor Last	Violet Fritz
Waco Betterment Club	Wilmer Sackschewsky	Mrs. Adele Heine
Wahoo Chamber of Commerce	Nis Jessen	Beverly Martin
Wakefield Lions Club	Paul Eaton	Don Rouse
Wallace Community Club	Inez Fattig	Carolyn Muirhead
Walthill Jaycees	Larry Maslonka	
Wauneta Commercial Club	Bill McCurry	Ida Bartels
Waverly Chamber of Commerce	Kevin Popp, D.D.S.	Marilyn Carney
Wayne Chamber of Commerce	Roy Hurd	Howard Witt
Weeping Water Chamber of Commerce	DeForest Brown	Ruth Cover
Wellfleet Community Club	Merle Durner	Mrs. John Votaw
West Point Chamber of Commerce	Dennis Krueger	Jean Miller
Western Commercial Club	Paul Dittbrenner	Norma Clark
Wilber Chamber of Commerce	Bob Nickelson	Lois Havel
Wilber Nebraska Czecks	George Hynek	
Wilcox Lions Club	Dewaine Erickson	Carroll Falk
Wilsonville Lions Club	Gale Wolfe	W. J. Carter
Winside Community Club	George Voss	Dale Miller
Wisner Chamber of Commerce	Carrol Kersten	Jerry Puritan
Wisner Lions Club	Doug Lueders	Gary Bellar
Wisner Jaycees	Gary Buhrman	Gay Wilcox
Wolbach Community Club	Carroll Thompson	Shirley Kolar
Wood River Lions Club	Larry Gill	
Wymore Chamber of Commerce	Jerry Sidman	Susan Campbell
York Chamber of Commerce	Marion Bonham	Cindy Renquist
Yutan Area Jaycees	Gary Griffin	John Cleveland
Yutan Mrs. Jaycees	Mrs. Donna Macchietto	Mrs. Sue Fortney

POST OFFICES IN NEBRASKA, 1976

Post Office	County	Zip Code
Abie	Butler	68001
R B Bruno		68014
Adams	Gage	68301

POST OFFICES IN NEBRASKA, 1976—Continued

Post Office	County	Zip Code
Agnew	Lancaster	68302
Ainsworth	Brown	69210
Albion	Boone	68620
Alda	Hall	68810
Alexandria	Thayer	68303
Allen	Dixon	68710
Alliance	Box Butte	69301
Alma	Harlan	68920
Almeria	Loup	68811
Alvo	Cass	68304
Amelia	Holt	68711
Ames	Dodge	68621
Ames Avenue, Sta. Omaha	Douglas	68111
Amherst	Buffalo	68812
Angora	Morrill	69331
Angus	Nuckolls	68921
Anselmo	Custer	68813
Ansley	Custer	68814
Antioch	Sheridan	69332
Arapahoe	Furnas	68922
Arcadia	Valley	68815
Archer	Merrick	68816
Arlington	Washington	68002
Arnold	Custer	69120
Arthur	Arthur	69121
Ashby	Grant	69333
Ashland	Saunders	68003
Ashton	Sherman	68817
Atkinson	Holt	68713
Atlanta	Phelps	68923
Auburn	Nemaha	68305
Aurora	Hamilton	68818
Stockham R B		
Avoca	Cass	68307
Axtell	Kearney	68924
Ayr	Adams	68925
Bancroft	Cuming	68004
Barneston	Gage	68309
Bartlett	Wheeler	68622
Bartley	Red Willow	69020
Bassett	Rock	68714
Battle Creek	Madison	68715
Bayard	Morrill	69334
Beatrice	Gage	68310
Beaver City	Furnas	68926
Beaver Crossing	Seward	68313
Bee	Seward	68314
Beemer	Cuming	68716
Belden	Cedar	68717
Belgrade	Nance	68623
Bellevue	Sarpy	68005
Bellwood	Butler	68624
Belvidere	Thayer	68315
Benedict	York	68316
Benkelman	Dundy	69021
Bennet	Lancaster	68317
Bennington	Douglas	68007
Benson Sta. Omaha	Douglas	68104
Bertrand	Phelps	68927
Berwyn	Custer	68819
Big Springs	Deuel	69122
Bingham	Sheridan	69335
Bladen	Webster	68928
Blair	Washington	68008
Bloomfield	Knox	68718

POST OFFICES IN NEBRASKA, 1976—Continued

Post Office	County	Zip Code
Bloomington	Franklin	68929
Blue Hill	Webster	68930
Blue Springs	Gage	68318
Boelus	Howard	68820
Boone	Boone	68625
Boys Town	Douglas	68010
Bradshaw	York	68319
Brady	Lincoln	69123
Brainard	Butler	68626
Brandon	Perkins	69102
R B Grant		69140
Brewster	Blaine	68821
Bridgeport	Morrill	69336
Bristow	Boyd	68719
Broadwater	Morrill	69125
Brock	Nemaha	68320
Broken Bow	Custer	68822
Brownlee	Cherry	69126
Brownville	Nemaha	68321
Brule	Keith	69127
Bruning	Thayer	68322
Bruno	Butler	68014
Abie R B		68001
Brunswick	Antelope	68720
Bucktail	Arthur	69155
R B Paxton	Keith	69155
Burchard	Pawnee	68323
Burkett, Sta. Grand Island	Hall	68801
Burr	Otoe	68324
Burton	Keya Paha	68721
Burwell	Garfield	68823
Bushnell	Kimball	69128
Butte	Boyd	68722
Byron	Thayer	68325
Cairo	Hall	68824
Callaway	Custer	68825
Cambridge	Furnas	69022
Campbell	Franklin	68932
Carleton	Thayer	68326
Carroll	Wayne	68723
Cedar Bluffs	Saunders	68015
Cedar Creek	Cass	68016
Cedar Rapids	Boone	68627
Center	Knox	68724
Central City	Merrick	68826
Ceresco	Saunders	68017
Chadron	Dawes	69337
Chambers	Holt	68725
Champion	Chase	69023
Chapman	Merrick	68827
Chappell	Deuel	69129
Chester	Thayer	68327
Clarks	Merrick	68628
Clarkson	Colfax	68629
Clatonia	Gage	68328
Clay Center	Clay	68933
Clearwater	Antelope	68726
Cody	Cherry	69211
Eli R B		69213
Coleridge	Cedar	68727
College View Sta. Lincoln	Lancaster	68506
Colon	Saunders	68018
Columbus	Platte	68801
Comstock	Custer	68828
Concord	Dixon	68728
Cook	Johnson	68329
Cordova	Seward	68330

POST OFFICES IN NEBRASKA, 1976—Continued

Post Office	County	Zip Code
Cornlea	Platte	68630
Cortland	Gage	68331
Cotesfield	Howard	68829
Cozad	Dawson	69130
Crab Orchard	Johnson	68332
Craig	Burt	68019
Crawford	Dawes	69339
Creighton	Knox	68729
Creston	Platte	68631
Crete	Saline	68333
Crofton	Knox	68730
Crookston	Cherry	69212
Culbertson	Hitchcock	69024
Curtis	Frontier	69025
Dakota City	Dakota	68731
Dalton	Cheyenne	69131
Danbury	Red Willow	69026
Dannebrog	Howard	68831
Davenport	Thayer	68335
Davey	Lancaster	68336
David City	Butler	68632
Garrison R B		68639
Dawson	Richardson	68337
Daykin	Jefferson	68338
Decatur	Burt	68020
Denton	Lancaster	68339
Deshler	Thayer	68340
Deweese	Clay	68934
De Witt	Saline	68341
Dickens	Lincoln	69132
Diller	Jefferson	68342
Dix	Kimball	69133
Dixon	Dixon	68732
Dodge	Dodge	68633
Doniphan	Hall	68832
Dorchester	Saline	68343
Douglas	Otoe	68344
Downtown, Sta. Omaha	Douglas	68102
DuBois	Pawnee	68345
Dunbar	Otoe	68346
Duncan	Platte	68634
Dunning	Blaine	68833
Dwight	Butler	68635
Eagle	Cass	68347
Eddyville	Dawson	68834
Edgar	Clay	68935
Edison	Furnas	68936
Elba	Howard	68835
Elgin	Antelope	68636
Eli	Cherry	69213
R B Cody		
Elk Creek	Johnson	68348
Elkhorn	Douglas	68022
Mount Michael R B		
Ellsworth	Sheridan	69340
Elm Creek	Buffalo	68836
Elmwood	Cass	68349
Elmwood Park Sta. Omaha	Douglas	68106
Elsie	Perkins	69134
Elsmere	Cherry	69135
Elwood	Gosper	68937
Elyria	Valley	68837
Emerson	Dakota	68733
Emmet	Holt	68734
Enders	Chase	69027

POST OFFICES IN NEBRASKA, 1976—Continued

Post Office	County	Zip Code
Endicott	Jefferson	68350
Ericson	Wheeler	68637
Eustis	Frontier	69028
Ewing	Holt	68735
Exeter	Fillmore	68351
Fairbury	Jefferson	68352
Gladstone R B		68363
Powell R B		68425
Fairfield	Clay	68938
Fairmont	Fillmore	68354
Falls City	Richardson	68355
Farnam	Dawson	69029
Farwell	Howard	68838
Filley	Gage	68357
Firth	Lancaster	68358
Florence Sta. Omaha	Douglas	68112
Fordyce	Cedar	68736
Fort Calhoun	Washington	68023
Foster	Pierce	68737
Franklin	Franklin	68939
Fremont	Dodge	68025
Friend	Saline	68359
Fullerton	Nance	68638
Funk	Phelps	68940
Gandy	Logan	69137
Garland	Seward	68360
Garrison	Butler	68639
R B David City		68632
Gates	Custer	68339
Geneva	Fillmore	68361
Genoa	Nance	68640
Gering	Scotts Bluff	69341
Gibbon	Buffalo	68840
Gilead	Thayer	68362
Giltner	Hamilton	68841
Gladstone	Jefferson	68363
R B Fairbury		68352
Glenvil	Clay	68941
Goehner	Seward	68364
Gordon	Sheridan	69343
Gothenburg	Dawson	69138
Grafton	Fillmore	68365
Grainton	Perkins	69139
Grand Island	Hall	68801
Burkett Sta.		
Grant	Perkins	69140
Brandon R B		69102
Greeley	Greeley	68842
Greenwood	Cass	68366
Gresham	York	68367
Gretna	Sarpy	68028
Guide Rock	Webster	68942
Gurley	Cheyenne	69141
Hadar	Pierce	68738
R B Norfolk	Madison	68701
Haigler	Dundy	69030
Hallam	Lancaster	68368
Halsey	Thomas	69142
Hamlet	Hayes	69031
Hampton	Hamilton	68843
Harbine	Jefferson	68369
R B Jansen		68377
Hardy	Nuckolls	68943
Harrisburg	Banner	69345
Harrison	Sioux	69346

POST OFFICES IN NEBRASKA, 1976—Continued

Post Office	County	Zip Code
Hartington	Cedar	68739
Harvard	Clay	68944
Hastings	Adams	68901
Havelock, Sta. Lincoln	Lancaster	68529
Hayes Center	Hayes	69032
Hay Springs	Sheridan	69347
Hazard	Sherman	68844
Heartwell	Kearney	68945
Hebron	Thayer	68370
Hemingford	Box Butte	69348
Henderson	York	68371
Hendley	Furnas	68946
Henry	Scotts Bluff	69349
Herman	Washington	68029
Hershey	Lincoln	69143
Hickman	Lancaster	68372
Hildreth	Franklin	68947
Holbrook	Furnas	68948
Holdrege	Phelps	68949
Holland	Lancaster	68373
Holmesville	Gage	68374
Holstein	Adams	68950
Homer	Dakota	68030
Hooper	Dodge	68031
Hordville	Hamilton	68846
Hoskins	Wayne	68740
Howells	Colfax	68641
Hubbard	Dakota	68741
Hubbell	Thayer	68375
Humboldt	Richardson	68376
Humphrey	Platte	68642
Tarnov R B		
Huntley	Harlan	68951
Hyannis	Grant	69350
Imperial	Chase	69033
Inavale	Webster	68952
Indianola	Red Willow	69034
Ingleside	Adams	68953
Inland	Clay	68954
Inman	Holt	68742
Ithaca	Saunders	68033
Jackson	Dakota	68743
Jamison	Keya Paha	68744
Jansen	Jefferson	68377
Harbine R B		68369
Johnson	Nemaha	68378
Johnstown	Brown	69214
Julian	Nemaha	68379
Juniata	Adams	68955
Kearney	Buffalo	68847
Kenesaw	Adams	68956
Kennard	Washington	68034
Keystone	Keith	69144
Kilgore	Cherry	69216
Kimball	Kimball	69145
Lakeside	Sheridan	69351
Lamar	Chase	69035
Laurel	Cedar	68745
Lawrence	Nuckolls	68957
Lebanon	Red Willow	69036
Leigh	Colfax	68643
Lemoyne	Keith	69146
Leshara	Saunders	68035
Lewellen	Garden	69147
Lewiston	Pawnee	68380
Lexington	Dawson	68850
Liberty	Gage	68381

POST OFFICES IN NEBRASKA, 1976—Continued

Post Office	County	Zip Code
Lincoln	Lancaster	
Main Post Office		68501
Princeton R B		68533
A Sta.		68503
B Sta.		68502
C Sta.		68505
College View Sta.		68506
Havelock Sta.		68529
State House Sta.		68509
University Place Sta.		68504
Lindsay	Platte	68644
Linwood	Butler	68036
Lisco	Garden	69148
Litchfield	Sherman	68852
Lodgepole	Cheyenne	69149
Long Pine	Brown	69217
Loomis	Phelps	68958
Loretto	Boone	68646
Lorton	Otoe	68382
Louisville	Cass	68037
Loup City	Sherman	68853
Lushton	York	68383
R B McCool Junction		68401
Lyman	Scotts Bluff	69352
Lynch	Boyd	68746
Monowi R B		68754
Lyons	Burt	68038
McCook	Red Willow	69001
McCool Junction	York	68401
Lushton R B		68383
McGrew	Scotts Bluff	69353
McLean	Pierce	68747
Macy	Thurston	68039
Madison	Madison	68748
Madrid	Perkins	69150
Magnet	Cedar	68749
Malcolm	Lancaster	68402
Malmo	Saunders	68040
Manley	Cass	68403
Marquette	Hamilton	68854
Marsland	Dawes	69354
Martell	Lancaster	68404
Maskell	Dixon	68751
Mason City	Custer	68855
Max	Dundy	69037
Maxwell	Lincoln	69151
Maywood	Frontier	69038
Mead	Saunders	68041
Meadow Grove	Madison	68752
Melbeta	Scotts Bluff	69355
Memphis	Saunders	68042
Merna	Custer	68856
Merriman	Cherry	69218
Milburn	Custer	68857
Milford	Seward	68405
Millard	Douglas	68137
Br. Omaha		
Miller	Buffalo	68858
Milligan	Fillmore	68406
Mills	Keya Paha	68753
Minatare	Scotts Bluff	69356
Minden	Kearney	68959
Mitchell	Scotts Bluff	69357
Monowi	Boyd	68754
R B Lynch		68746
Monroe	Platte	68647
Moorefield	Frontier	69039

POST OFFICES IN NEBRASKA, 1976—Continued

Post Office	County	Zip Code
Morrill	Scotts Bluff	69358
Morse Bluff	Saunders	68648
Mount Michael	Douglas	68022
R B Elkhorn		
Mullen	Hooker	69152
Murdock	Cass	68407
Murray	Cass	68409
Naper	Boyd	68755
Naponee	Franklin	68960
Nebraska City	Otoe	68410
Nehawka	Cass	68413
Neligh	Antelope	68756
Nelson	Nuckolls	68961
Nemaha	Nemaha	68414
Nenzel	Cherry	69219
Newcastle	Dixon	68757
Newman Grove	Madison	68758
Newport	Rock	68759
Nickerson	Dodge	68044
Niobrara	Knox	68760
Nora	Nuckolls	68962
Norden	Keya Paha	68778
R B Springview		
Norfolk	Madison	68701
Hadar R B		68738
Norman	Kearney	68963
North Bend	Dodge	68649
North Loup	Valley	68859
North Platte	Lincoln	69101
Northport	Morrill	69359
Northwest	Douglas	68134
Br. Omaha		
Oak	Nuckolls	68964
Oakdale	Antelope	68761
Oakland	Burt	68045
Obert	Cedar	68762
Oconto	Custer	68860
Octavia	Butler	68650
Odell	Gage	68415
Odessa	Buffalo	68861
Offutt Air Force Base	Sarpy	68113
Br. Omaha		
Ogallala	Keith	69153
Ohiowa	Fillmore	68416
Omaha	Douglas	68103
Main Office		68103
Millard Br.		68137
Northwest Br.		68134
Offutt A.F.B. Br.		68113
Ralston Br.		68127
A Sta.		68120
Ames Ave. Sta.		68111
B Sta.		68155
Benson Sta.		68104
C Sta.		68109
Downtown Sta.		68101
Elmwood Park Sta.		68106
Florence Sta.		68112
South Omaha Sta.		68107
Stock Yards Sta.		68107
Veterans' Admin. Hosp. Sta.		68107
West Dodge Sta.		68131
West Omaha Sta.		68114
O'Neill	Holt	68763
Ong	Clay	68452
R B Shickley	Fillmore	68436
Orchard	Antelope	68764

POST OFFICES IN NEBRASKA, 1976—Continued

Post Office	County	Zip Code
Ord	Valley	68662
Orleans	Harlan	68966
Osceola	Polk	68651
Oshkosh	Garden	69154
Osmond	Pierce	68765
Otoe	Otoe	68417
Overton	Dawson	68863
Oxford	Furnas	68967
Page	Holt	68766
Palisade	Hitchcock	69040
Palmer	Merrick	68864
Palmyra	Otoe	68418
Panama	Lancaster	68419
Papillion	Sarpy	68046
Parks	Dundy	69041
Pawnee City	Pawnee	68420
Paxton	Keith	69155
Bucktail R B	Arthur	69155
Pender	Thurston	68047
Peru	Nemaha	68421
Petersburg	Boone	68652
Phillips	Hamilton	68865
Pickrell	Gage	68422
Pierce	Pierce	68767
Pilger	Stanton	68768
Plainview	Pierce	68769
Platte Center	Platte	68653
Plattsmouth	Cass	68048
Pleasant Dale	Seward	68423
Pleasanton	Buffalo	68866
Plymouth	Jefferson	68424
Polk	Polk	68654
Ponca	Dixon	68770
Poole	Buffalo	68867
Potter	Cheyenne	69156
Powell	Jefferson	68425
R B Fairbury		68352
Prague	Saunders	68050
Preston	Richardson	68427
Primrose	Boone	68655
Princeton	Lancaster	68533
R B Lincoln		
Prosser	Adams	68868
Purdum	Blaine	69157
Raeville	Boone	68656
Ragan	Harlan	68969
Ralston	Douglas	68127
Br. Omaha		
Randolph	Cedar	68771
Ravenna	Buffalo	68869
Raymond	Lancaster	68428
Red Cloud	Webster	68970
Republican City	Harlan	68971
Reynolds	Jefferson	68429
Richfield	Sarpy	68054
Richland	Colfax	68657
Rising City	Butler	68658
Riverdale	Buffalo	68870
Riverton	Franklin	68972
Roca	Lancaster	68430
Rockville	Sherman	68871
Rogers	Colfax	68659
Rosalie	Thurston	68055
Roscoe	Keith	69159
Rose	Rock	68772
Roseland	Adams	68973
Royal	Antelope	68773

POST OFFICES IN NEBRASKA, 1976—Continued

Post Office	County	Zip Code
Rulo	Richardson	68431
Rushville	Sheridan	69360
Ruskin	Nuckolls	68974
Saint Columbans	Sarpy	68056
Saint Edward	Boone	68660
Saint Helena	Cedar	68774
Saint Libory	Howard	68872
Saint Mary	Johnson	68432
Saint Paul	Howard	68873
Salem	Richardson	68433
Sarben	Keith	69160
Sargent	Custer	68874
Saronville	Clay	68975
R B Sutton		
Schuyler	Colfax	68661
Scotia	Greeley	68875
Scottsbluff	Scotts Bluff	69361
Scribner	Dodge	68057
Seneca	Thomas	69161
Seward	Seward	68434
Shelby	Polk	68662
Shelton	Buffalo	68876
Shickley	Fillmore	68436
Ong R B	Clay	68452
Shubert	Richardson	68437
Sidney	Cheyenne	69162
Silver Creek	Merrick	68663
Smithfield	Gosper	68976
Snyder	Dodge	68664
South Bend	Cass	68058
South Omaha, Sta. Omaha	Douglas	68107
South Sioux City	Dakota	68776
Spalding	Greeley	68665
Sparks	Cherry	69220
Spencer	Boyd	68777
Sprague	Lancaster	68438
Springfield	Sarpy	68059
Springview	Keya Paha	68778
Norden R B		
Stamford	Harlan	68977
Stanton	Stanton	68779
Staplehurst	Seward	68439
Stapleton	Logan	69163
State House Sta. Lincoln	Lancaster	68509
Steele City	Jefferson	68440
Steinauer	Pawnee	68441
Stella	Richardson	68442
Sterling	Johnson	68443
Stockham	Hamilton	68818
R B Aurora		
Stockville	Frontier	69042
Stock Yards, Sta. Omaha	Douglas	68107
Strang	Fillmore	68444
Stratton	Hitchcock	69043
Stromsburg	Polk	68666
Stuart	Holt	68780
Sumner	Dawson	68878
Sunol	Cheyenne	69164
Superior	Nuckolls	68978
Surprise	Lincoln	68667
Sutherland	Lincoln	69165
Sutton	Clay	68979
Saronville Rural Sta.	Clay	68975
Swanton	Saline	68445
Swedeburg	Saunders	68060
Syracuse	Otoe	68446

POST OFFICES IN NEBRASKA, 1976—Continued

Table Rock	Pawnee	68447
Talmage	Otoe	68448
Tarnov	Platte	68642
R B Humphrey		
Taylor	Loup	68879
Tecumseh	Johnson	68450
Tekamah	Burt	68061
Thedford	Thomas	69166
Thurston	Thurston	68062
Tilden	Madison	68781
Tobias	Saline	68453
Trenton	Hitchcock	69044
Trumbull	Clay	68980
Tyron	McPherson	69167
Uehling	Uehling	68063
Ulysses	Butler	68669
Unadilla	Otoe	68454
Union	Cass	68455
University Place Sta. Lincoln	Lancaster	68504
Upland	Franklin	68981
Utica	Seward	68456
Valentine	Cherry	69201
Valley	Douglas	68064
Valparaiso	Saunders	68065
Venango	Perkins	69168
Verdel	Knox	68782
Verdigre	Knox	68783
Verdon	Richardson	68457
Veterans Administration Hospital, Sta. Omaha	Douglas	68105
Virginia	Gage	68458
Waco	York	68460
Wahoo	Saunders	68066
Wakefield	Dixon	68784
Wallace	Lincoln	69169
Walthill	Thurston	68067
Walton	Lancaster	68461
Washington	Washington	68068
Waterbury	Dixon	68785
Waterloo	Douglas	68069
Wauneta	Chase	69045
Wausa	Knox	68786
Waverly	Lancaster	68462
Wayne	Wayne	68787
Weeping Water	Cass	68463
Weissert	Custer	68880
Wellfleet	Lancaster	69170
West Dodge Sta. Omaha	Douglas	68131
Western	Saline	68464
Westerville	Custer	68881
West Omaha Station, Omaha	Douglas	68114
Weston	Saunders	68070
West Point	Cuming	68788
Whiteclay	Sheridan	69365
Whitman	Grant	69366
Whitney	Dawes	69367
Wilber	Saline	68465
Wilcox	Kearney	68982
Willow Island	Dawson	69171
Wilsonville	Furnas	69046
Winnebago	Thurston	68071
Winnetoon	Knox	68789
Winside	Wayne	68790
Winslow	Dodge	68072
Wisner	Cuming	68791
Wolbach	Greeley	68882
Wood Lake	Cherry	69221
Wood River	Hall	68883
Wymore	Gage	68466
Wynot	Cedar	68792
York	York	68467
Yutan	Saunders	68073

NEBRASKA WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS LISTED ALPHABETICALLY BY CITY 1976

Town	Newspaper	Editor or Publisher	Day Printed
Adams	Globe	Duane Kunzman	Thursday
Ainsworth	Star-Journal	Fred & Mary Rose	Thursday
Albion	News	John Ward	Wednesday
Alma	Harlan County Journal	Wyane Lingg	Thursday
Ansley	Herald	Raymond C. Jarusek	Thursday
Arapahoe	Public Mirror	T. M. Gill	Thursday
Arlington	Citizen	J. Hilton Rhoades	Thursday
Arnold	Sentinel	William C. Crosland	Thursday
Arthur	Enterprise	Robert J. Crouse	Thursday
Ashland	Gazette	Arthur J. Riedesel	Thursday
Atkinson	Graphic	Steven W. Kelly	Thursday
Auburn	Nemaha County Herald	John G. Sanders	Friday
	Press-Tribune	John G. Sanders	Tuesday
Aurora	News-Register	Ronald L. Furse	Thursday
Bartlett	Wheeler County Independent	Fred Reinhardt & Robert Andersen	Thursday
Bassett	Rock County Leader	Billy G. Fegley	Thursday
Battle Creek	Enterprise	Leslie Falter	Thursday
Bayard	Transcript	Danny L. Reneau	Thursday
Beaver City	Times-Tribune	Daryl D. Killough	Thursday
Bellevue	Press	George P. Miller	Saturday
Benkelman	Post & News-Chronicle	G. B. Crapson	Thursday
Bertrand	Herald	Everette Waters	Thursday
Blair	Enterprise	J. Hilton Rhoades	Thursday
	Pilot-Tribune	J. Hilton Rhoades	Monday
Bloomfield	Monitor	Wm. A. Skrivan	Thursday
Blue Hill	Leader	Leland Ostdiek	Thursday
Bridgeport	News-Blade	Wendlin P. Lummel	Thursday
Broken Bow	Custer County Chief	Harry C. Purcell	Mon-Thurs.
Bruning	Thayer County Banner-Journal	John F. Edgecombe, Sr.	Thursday
Burwell	Tribune	Fred Reinhardt & Robert Anderson	Thursday
Butte	Gazette	Leon O. Wells	Thursday
Cairo	Record	Richard Mohanna	Thursday
Callaway	Courier	Paul A. Evans	Wednesday
Cambridge	Clarion	Allan Gaskill	Thursday
Cedar Rapids	Press	Ronald M. Bopp	Monday
Central City	Republican-Nonpareil	Darrel Willoughby & Garland Stephenson	Thursday
Chadron	Record	Donald S. Huls	Mon-Thurs.
Chappell	Register	C. R. Talbott	Wednesday
Chester	Herald	W. W. Williams	Wednesday
Clarks	Twin City Post	Richard D. Woods	Friday
Clarkson	Colfax County Press	Donald & Helen Evans	Wednesday
Clay Center	Clay County Leader	Allen Ostdiek	Thursday
	Clay County Sun	Charles A. Spearman	Thursday
Clearwater	Record-News	Leslie Reiss	Thursday
Coleridge	Blade	Robert B. Yost	Thursday
Comstock	News	Dennis C. Krikac	Thursday
Cortland	News	Carol Ann Allen	Thursday
Cozad	Tri-City Tribune	Dean Dorsey	Tues.-Thurs.
Crawford	Tribune	John Saunders	Thursday
Creighton	News	Jerrold L. Johnson	Thursday
Crete	News	Lloyd Reeves	Wednesday
Crofton	Journal	John Kerr & H. E. Hosch	Thursday
Curtis	Hi-Line Enterprise	Don Harpst, Jr.	Thursday
David City	Banner-Press	Jack Tarr	Thursday
Deshler	Rustler	Delmar L. Wicks	Wednesday
DeWitt	Times-News	M. L. Korinek	Thursday
Dodge	Criterion	Ken H. Kauffold	Thursday

LIST OF NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED IN NEBRASKA—Continued

Town	Newspaper	Editor or Publisher	Day Printed
Doniphan	Herald	Richard J. Mohanna	Thursday
Edgar	Sun	Charles A. Spearman	Thursday
Elgin	Review	Geo. & Leona Voorhies	Wednesday
Elwood	Bulletin	Mervin Deck	Wednesday
Emerson	Tri-County Press	Chris Hingst	Thursday
Eustis	News	Don Harpst, Jr.	Thursday
Exeter	Fillmore County News	W. A. Bonta	Thursday
Fairbury	Journal-News	William C. Nuckolls	Tues-Fri.
Franklin	Franklin County Sentinel	Randall Secrest	Thursday
Fremont	Legal & Business Reporter	Harold L. Conrad	Thursday
Friend	Sentinel	Wm. D. Sand	Wednesday
Fullerton	Nance County Journal	Clarence S. Hebda	Thursday
Geneva	Nebraska Signal	John F. Edgecombe, Sr.	Thursday
Genoa	Leader-Times	Paul G. Kaup	Thursday
Gering	Courier	Jack D. Lewis	Thursday
Gibbon	Reporter	Douglas Duncan	Thursday
Gordon	Journal	Mrs. Reva R. Evans	Wednesday
Gothenburg	Times	J. D. Holmes	Thursday
Grand Island	West Nebraska Register	Rev. Bernard Berger	Friday
Grant	Tribune-Sentinel	Allan Fillingham	Monday
Greeley	Citizen	Maurice W. Curran	Thursday
Gresham	Gazette	Mrs. Gladys Linstrom	Thursday
Gretna	Breeze	George P. Miller	Thursday
	Guide & News	Larry Ostdiek	Wednesday
Harrison	Sun	Gerald Bardo	Thursday
Hartington	Cedar County News	Donald Johnson	Wednesday
Harvard	Courier	Charles A. Spearman	Thursday
Hayes Center	Times-Republican	Viola Fowler	Thursday
Hebron	Journal-Register	Philip Lee	Wednesday
Hemingford	Ledger	Arnold E. Kuhn	Thursday
Henderson	News	Melvin D. Goerz	Thursday
Holbrook	Observer	T. M. Gill	Thursday
Hooper	Sentinel	Mike Egan	Thursday
Howells	Journal	Ray P. Stone	Thursday
Humboldt	Standard	Jack Cooper	Thursday
Humphrey	Democrat	Wayne Zavadil	Thursday
Hyannis	Grant County News	Sharon Wheelock	Thursday
Imperial	Republican	Loral Johnson	Thursday
Indianola	News	Allan Gaskill	Thursday
Kimball	Western Nebraska Observer	Robert J. Pinkerton	Thursday
Laurel	Advocate	Keith B. Clarkson	Thursday
Lawrence	Locomotive	Louise C. Ostdiek	Thursday
Leigh	World	Harold L. Conrad	Thursday
Lexington	Clipper	James C. Kelly	Thursday
	Dawson County Herald	Dale A. Taylor	Monday
Lincoln	Sun Newspapers	C. W. (Cal) Stewart	Wednesday
	Die Welt-Post	William A. Peter	Friday
Louisville	Messenger	Francis Moul	Thursday
Loup City	Sherman County Times	George Peterson	Thursday
Lyons	Mirror-Sun	Jim Enstrom	Thursday
Madison	Star-Mail	Joseph C. Flack	Thursday
Meadow Grove	News	Lloyd W. Gnirk	Thursday
Milford	Times	George Seeley	Thursday
Minden	Courier	Leslie Carver	Wednesday
	Kearney County News	L. A. Moffet	Wednesday
Mitchell	Index	Bryce Wilkins	Thursday
Monroe	Booster	Mrs. D. H. Ziegler	Thursday
Mullen	Hooker County Tribune	Byron Neiman	Thursday
Neligh	News & Leader	Loren C. Fry	Thursday
Nelson	Gazette	James A. Menke	Thursday
Newman Grove	Reporter	Mrs. F. H. Price	Wednesday
Niobrara	Tribune	William Schwartzer	Thursday
North Bend	Eagle	Fred Lambley	Thursday
Oakland	Independent & Republican	Bob & Shirley Bogue	Thursday
Ogallala	Keith County News	Jack Pollock	Mon-Thurs.

LIST OF NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED IN NEBRASKA—Continued

Town	Newspaper	Editor or Publisher	Day Printed
Omaha	America Herold	William A. Peter	Wednesday
	Catholic Voice	John C. McGinn, me	Friday
	Omaha Sun Newspapers	Stanford Lipsey	Thursday
	Tribune	William A. Peter	Friday
O'Neill	Frontier & Holt County Independent	George A. Miles	Thursday
Orchard	News	Veda Knapp	Friday
Ord	Quiz	Kerry E. Leggett	Thursday
Osceola	Record	Alton Wilhelms	Thursday
Oshkosh	Garden County News	W. F. Greenlee, Jr.	Thursday
Osmond	Republican	Duane L. Weber	Wednesday
Overton	Beacon-Observer	Norman Taylor	Thursday
Oxford	Standard	Bernard E. Wimmer	Thursday
Palmer	Journal	Richard D. Woods	Thursday
Papillion	Times	George P. Miller	Thursday
Pawnee City	Pawnee Republican	William H. Thompson	Thursday
Pender	Times	Norvin Hansen	Thursday
Peru	Challenge	Francis Moul	Thursday
Petersburg	Press	Paul E. Thies	Wednesday
Pierce	Pierce County Leader	Bob & Don Zimmer	Thursday
Pilger	Herald	D. J. Evans	Thursday
Plainview	News	Leonald J. Warneke	Wednesday
Plattsmouth	Journal	J. W. Parsons	Mon-Thurs.
Polk	Progress	Norris W. Alfred	Thursday
Ponca	Nebraska Journal-Leader	Larry Meints	Thursday
Ralston	Recorder	George P. Miller	Thursday
Randolph	Times	Marvin Taylor	Thursday
Ravenna	News	Jack Spiegel	Thursday
Red Cloud	Chief	Dean Furse	Thursday
Rushville	Sheridan County Star	Mary Jane Gottschalk	Thursday
Ruskin	Leader	Miss Frances Hansen	Friday
St. Edward	Advance	Raymond S. Dawson	Thursday
St. Paul	Phonograph-Herald	C. E. Thompson	Wednesday
Sargent	Leader	Gary Long	Thursday
Schuyler	Sun	Francis C. Svoboda	Thursday
Scotia	Register	George P. Urich	Thursday
Scottsbluff	Business Farmer	James R. Numon	Saturday
Scribner	Rustler	Albert E. Harper	Wednesday
Seward	Seward County Independent	Henry Mead	Wednesday
Shelby	Sun	Alton Wilhelms	Thursday
Shelton	Chipper	Douglas Duncan	Thursday
Sidney	Telegraph-zz	Larry Boyer	Mon-Wed-Friday
So. Sioux City	Star	Henry Trysla	Thursday
Spalding	Enterprise	Ronald M. Bopp	Thursday
Spencer	Advocate	Leon O. Wells	Thursday
Springfield	Monitor	Goerge P. Miller	Thursday
Springview	Herald	H. Duane McCormick	Thursday
Stanton	Register	Marlin G. Waechter	Thursday
Stapleton	Enterprise	Arthur M. French	Thursday
Stromsburg	Headlight	Alton W. Wilhelms	Thursday
Superior	Express	Bill Blauvelt	Thursday
	Farmer Stockman of Nebr.	Hal Ramsbottom	Monday
Sutherland	Courier-Times	Jack Pollock	Thursday
Sutton	Clay County News	Charles A. Spearman	Thursday
Syracuse	Journal-Democrat	Francis D. Moul	Thursday
Table Rock	Argus	William H. Thompson	Thursday
Taylor	Clarion	Hazen Smith	Thursday
Tecumseh	Chieftain	Duane Kunzman	Thursday
Tekamah	Burt County Plaindealer	C. D. Beaver & A. L. Zink	Thursday
Tilden	Citizen	Leslie Falter	Thursday
Trenton	Hitchcock County News	Lester C. Powers	Wednesday
Tryon	Graphic	Bradley A. Johnson	Thursday

LIST OF NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED IN NEBRASKA—Concluded

Town	Newspaper	Editor or Publisher	Day Printed
Valentine	Newspaper	Mr. & Mrs. Ray K. Dover	Thursday
Verdigre	Eagle	Daniel J. Pavlik	Thursday
Wahoo	Newspaper	Derrel D. Ludi	Thursday
Wakefield	Republican	Wm. & Linda Rischmueller	Thursday
Walthill	Citizen	Anne Flicker	Thursday
Waterloo	Metro	Ron Henningsen	Wednesday
Wauneta	Breeze	G. B. Crapson	Thursday
Wausa	Gazette	Duane Hamm	Thursday
Waverly	News	Zean Carney	Thursday
Wayne	Herald	J. Alan Cramer	Mon-Thurs.
Weeping Water	Republican	J.W. & R.W. Parsons	Thursday
West Point	Newspapers	Dick & Gwen Lindberg	Thursday
Wilber	Republican	M. L. Korinek	Thursday
Wisner	News-Chronicle	Theodore Huettmann	Thursday
Wolbach	Messenger	C. E. Thompson	Thursday
Wood River	Sunbeam	Miss Alice L. Senseney	Thursday
Wymore	Arbor State	Sidney E. Charf	Thursday

NEBRASKA DAILY NEWSPAPERS LISTED ALPHABETICALLY BY CITY 1976

Town	Newspaper	Editor or Publisher	Day Printed
Alliance	Times-Herald	Keith D. Kemper	D-ex Sunday
Beatrice	Sun	Kent Thomas	D-ex Sat.
Columbus	Telegram	David Lyons	D-ex Sunday
Falls City	Journal	George W. Schock	D-ex Sunday
Fremont	Tribune	Russell W. Weber	D-ex Sunday
Grand Island	Independent	Ralph A. Clark	D-ex Sunday
Hastings	Tribune	Donald R. Seaton	D-ex Sunday
Holdrege	Citizen	Dwight King	D-ex Sat., Sundays & Holidays
Kearney	Hub	Edward Chittenden	D-ex Sunday
Lincoln	Daily Reporter	Robert Gant	D-ex Sunday & Monday
	Evening Journal	Joe R. Seacrest	D-Evening
	Sunday Journal-Star	Adam Llewellyn	Sunday
	Star	William O. Dobler	D-Morning
McCook	Gazette	Allen D. Strunk	D-ex Sun. & Holidays
Nebraska City	News-Press	Ivan D. E. Beaumont	D-ex Sat.
Norfolk	News	Jerry Huse	D-ex Sun.
North Platte	Telegraph	Donald Wing	D-ex Sunday
Omaha	Daily Record	A. H. Henningsen	D-ex Sat. & Sunday
	World-Herald	Keith Wilson	Daily & Sunday
Scottsbluff	Star Herald	Marc W. Anthony	D-ex Mon.
York	News-Times	Donald I. Gillen	D-ex Sunday

NEBRASKA HOSPITALS

Licensed as of July 1, 1976

Town	Name of Hospital	Administrator
Ainsworth	Brown County Hospital	Donald B. Naiberk
Albion	Boone County Community Hospital	Mrs. Irene E. Yetter
Alliance	St. Joseph's Hospital	Sister M. Kathleen Dillon
Alma	Harlan County Community Hospital	Roger L. Kampfe
Atkinson	West Holt Memorial Hospital	Gary Bieganski
Auburn	Nemaha County Hospital	Glen E. Krueger
Aurora	Memorial Hospital	Mr. L. A. Vanderheiden
Bassett	Rock County Hospital	Theodore W. Blake
Beatrice	Beatrice State Home Hospital	Mr. M. E. Wyant
	Lutheran Hospital	Lester Wehner
	Mennonite Deaconess Home & Hospital	Kenneth Zimmerman
Benkelman	Dundy County Hospital	Robert Cottrell
Blair	Memorial Community Hospital	Terry J. Thompson
Boys Town	Boys Town Clinic	Brother Thomas Keusenkothen
Bridgeport	Morrill County Community Hospital	Mrs. Marie E. Hoke
Broken Bow	Jennie M. Melham Memorial Medical Center	Robert H. Carey
Burwell	Community Memorial Hospital	Wilber Kizer
Callaway	Callaway Hospital District	Mrs. Betty Schuster
Cambridge	Cambridge Memorial Hospital	Mrs. Merle J. Harpst
Central City	Litzenberg Memorial County Hospital	Robert Driewer
Chadron	Chadron Community Hospital	R. B. Gamel
Chappell	Miller Memorial Hospital & Nursing Home	Mrs. Pearl Henrickson
Columbus	Columbus Community Hospital, Inc.	Clarence B. Cory
Cozad	Cozad Community Hospital	Harold D. Lewis
Crawford	Community Memorial Hospital	Edith Hall
Creighton	Lundberg Memorial Hospital	Houston W. Edwards
Crete	Crete Municipal Hospital	Kenneth M. Bors
David City	Butler County Hospital	Miss Mary Ann Vybiral
Fairbury	Jefferson County Memorial Hospital, Inc.	Verlyn D. Foster
Falls City	Community Hospital	Max Rathman
Franklin	Franklin County Memorial Hospital	Mrs. Maxine M. Campbell
Fremont	Memorial Hospital of Dodge County	Michael R. Miller
Friend	Warren Memorial Hospital	Gene T. Spellman
Fullerton	Fullerton Memorial Hospital	Douglas E. Maw
Geneva	Fillmore County Hospital	Larry Warrelmann
Genoa	Genoa Community Hospital	Mrs. Vivian Denman
Gordon	Gordon Memorial Hospital	Richard H. Graber
Gothenburg	Gothenburg Memorial Hospital	Roger Heidebrink
Grand Island	Lutheran Memorial Hospital	Sherman A. Jackson
	St. Francis Hospital	Sister M. Frances Ann Havel, O.S.F
	World War II Memorial Building	Robert W. Broadstone
Grant	Perkins County Community Hospital	Don Benge
Hastings	Hastings Regional Center	Lloyd G. Jenson
	Mary Lanning Memorial Hospital	James W. Kenney
Hebron	Thayer County Memorial Hospital	Marilyn N. Cooper
Henderson	Henderson Community Hospital, Inc.	Paul Kirst
Holdrege	Phelps Memorial Health Center	Rex J. Kelly
Humboldt	Community Memorial Hospital	John L. Fischer
Imperial	Chase County Community Hospital	William L. Ferguson
Kearney	Good Samaritan Hospital	Kenneth F. Kimball, M.D.
Kimball	Kimball County Hospital	Mrs. Barbara Rosendahl
Lexington	Lexington Community Hospital	Gary T. Hermanson
Lincoln	Bethesda Hospital	Ken Klaasmeyer
	Bryan Memorial Hospital	Eugene G. Edwards
	Lincoln General Hospital	W. Robert Brungard
	Lincoln Regional Center	Ben F. Simmons
	Madonna Professional Care Center	Sister Phyllis Hunhoff
	St. Elizabeth Community Health Center	Jack F. Stiles
	University Health Center	Tom Bowen

NEBRASKA HOSPITALS

Town	Name of Hospital	Administrator
Loup City	Sacred Heart Hospital, Inc.	William R. Pospisil
Lynch	Niobrara Valley hospital	Sister M. Herma Appel
McCook	Community Hospital	Ken Noteboom, Jr.
Minden	Kearney County Community Hospital	Mr. Carroll Weedlun
Mullen	Pioneer Memorial Community Hospital	James R. O'Bryan
Nebraska City	St. Mary's Hospital	Philip H. Fisher
Neligh	Antelope Memorial Hospital	Steve L. Urosevich
Norfolk	Lutheran Community Hospital	Daryl Mackender
	Norfolk Regional Center	Raymond J. Kanoff
	Our Lady of Lourdes Hospital	Sister M. Terese Koch, O.S.B.
North Platte	Great Plains Medical Center	Paul A. Balerud
Oakland	Oakland Memorial Hospital	William Laws
Ogallala	Ogallala Community Hospital	Dick L. Easley
Omaha	Archbishop Bergan Mercy Hospital	James E. Johnson
	Bishop Clarkson Memorial Hospital	James A. Canedy
	Booth Memorial Hospital & Maternity Home	Major Helen Prosser
	Children's Memorial Hospital	Stephen D. Long
	Creighton Memorial St. Joseph Hospital	John Gaffney
	Douglas County Hospital	David W. Bean, M.D.
	Douglas County Hospital Annex	Mrs. Eleanor Skogman
	Immanuel Medical Center	Russell Hilderbrand
	Emanuel Medical Center-West	Riley M. Green, Jr.
	Lutheran Medical Center of Omaha	Wilton H. Zinn
	Medicenter of Omaha	William A. Golden
	Nebraska Methodist Hospital	John W. Estabrook
	Nebraska Methodist Hospital-Eugene C. Eppley Complex	John W. Estabrook
	Nebraska Psychiatric Institute	John A. Henderson
	St. Catherine's Hospital Center for Continuing Care	Sister Mary Laetice Williams, R.S.C.
	University of Nebraska Hospital	Douglas S. Peters
O'Neill	St. Anthony's Hospital	Charles A. Scheinost
Ord	Valley County Hospital	Ronald Edzards
Osceola	Annie Jeffrey Memorial County Hospital	Donald Buller
Oshkosh	Garden County Hospital	Gerald L. Heyne
Osmond	Osmond General Hospital	Leonard R. Frodyma
Oxford	Fritzer Memorial Hospital	Jerrell Gerdes
Papillion	Midlands Community Hospital	Phyllis B. Schmidt
Pawnee City	Pawnee County Memorial Hospital	James A. Kubik
Pender	Pender Community Hospital	David R. Hove
Plainview	Plainview Public Hospital	Ivan Craft
Red Cloud	Webster County Community Hospital	Lonnie Pevalka
Rushville	Rushville Community Hospital & Parkview Lodge Nursing Home	D. J. Blankenviller
St. Paul	Howard County Community Hospital	Kenneth Simpson
Sargent	Sargent District Hospital	Mrs. Audrey Peterson
Schuyler	Memorial Hospital	Lynn H. Wattier
Scottsbluff	St. Mary Hospital	Tom Spence
	West Nebraska General Hospital	Max C. Coppom
Seward	Memorial Hospital	Walter S. Waas
Sidney	Memorial Hospital & Home	Darold Hendee
Stratton	Hitchcock County Hospital	Ronald P. Craw
Superior	Nuckolls County Hospital	Jerome J. Adamek
Syracuse	Community Memorial Hospital	Vernon Niebuhr
Tecumseh	Johnson County Hospital	Dennis F. Mattheis
Tilden	Tilden Community Hospital	Lawrence C. Jones
Valentine	Cherry County Hospital	Jon Davenport
Wahoo	Saunders County Community Hospital	Don Brodahl
Wakefield	Wakefield Community Hospital	Russell W. Swigart
Wayne	Providence Medical Center	Charles Thomas
West Point	St. Francis Memorial Hospital	Sister Mary Victima Feider
York	York General Hospital, Inc.	Dale W. Karnopp

HOMES FOR AGED AND INFIRM

Licensed as of July 1, 1976

Town	Name and Address of Home	Administrator
Ainsworth 69210	*Bethel Nursing Home 143 North Fullerton Street	Jeannia J. Nyberg, LPN
Albion 68620	*Max & Hattie Wolf Memorial Center 1222 South 7th Street	Jerry A. Ellwanger
Alliance 69301	*The Good Samaritan Village 1016 East Sixth Street	Clarence Wegenast
Alma 68920	*Colonial Villa Nursing Home	John Knutson
Arapahoe 68922	*C. A. Mues Memorial Good Samaritan Center, 601 Main Street	Eugene L. Rall
Ashland 68003	*Ash Manor, 1700 Furnas Street	Shirley L. Hemke
Atkinson 68713	*Atkinson Good Samaritan Center, Box 697	Dan Apple
Auburn 68305	*Nemaha County Good Samaritan Center, Route 3	Antons Zeps
Aurora 68818	*Hamilton Manor, 1515 Fifth Street	Earl L. Strong
	*Larson's Pioneer Homes, Inc., 610 13th Street	Mrs. Sena Larson
Axtell 68924	*Bethphage Mission	Robert A. Turnquist
Bassett 68714	Hillside Manor, Fort Street	Donna D. Kegley
Bayard 69334	*Chimney Rock Villa, Box A	Virginia Darnall
Beatrice 68310	*Beatrice Manor Care Center, 1800 Irving	Roy B. Kempf
	*Good Samaritan Home & Center 1306 South 9th Street	Rev. Harry L. Anderson
	Martin Luther Home, 804 South 12th	H. W. Fruehling
	*Beatrice State Home, 3000 Lincoln Blvd	Mr. M. E. Wyant
Beaver City 68926	*Beaver City Manor, 905 Floyd Street	Thomas D. Hardin
Beemer 68716	*Colonial Haven, Box 397	Oscar Deines
Bellevue 68005	*Bellevue Leisure Manor, Inc. 1702 North Hillcrest	Mrs. Martha L. Tiller
Benkelman 69021	*Sarah Ann Hester Memorial Home 350 East Street, S.W.	Judy I. Clark
Bertrand 68927	*Bertrand Nursing Home, 100 Minor Ave.	Katherine Huston, R.N.
Blair 68008	*Crowell Memorial Home 245 South 22nd Street	Rev. Guy B. McClure
	*Good Shepherd Lutheran Old People's Home, 2242 Wright Street	Rev. Henry Stoiz
Bloomfield 68718	*Bloomfield Good Samaritan Center P. O. Box 307	Dan Guenther
Blue Hill 68930	*Colonial Terrace Nursing Home, Box 156	Alfred Klaasmeyer
Bridgeport 69336	*Platte Valley Care Center Fifth and N Streets	Mrs. Bernice M. Fields
Broken Bow 68822	*Rest Haven Manor, East Highway No. 2	John C. Pirnie
Bruning 68322	*Molthan Nursing Home	Mrs. Orville Molthan, R.N.
Butte 68722	*Butte Nursing Home, Box 356	Mr. W. A. Nickless
Callaway 68825	*Callaway Good Samaritan Home P. O. Box 298	Mrs. Evelyn Gladem
Campbell 68932	*Grandview Manor Nursing Home Broad Street & Highway No. 4	Shirley M. Steen
Central City 68826	*Parkview Home, South 17th Avenue	Dale R. Turner
Chadron 69337	Crest View Manor, 420 Gordon Avenue	Sheldon Snelson
Clarkson 68629	*Colonial Manor of Clarkson West 3rd Sunset Drive	William H. Harris
Coleridge 68727	Parkview Haven Nursing Home 325 N. Madison, P. O. Box 39	K. D. Harmon
Columbus 68602	*Columbus Manor, 3918 27th Street	Kirk Snelson
	*Morys' Haven Hursing Home 1112 15th Street	Howard Drayer
Cozad 69130	*Southview Manor, Inc., 318 West 18th St.	Mrs. Nedra L. Auch Moedy
Crawford 69339	*Ponderosa Villa, First & Paddock	Dixie G. Moody
Creighton 68729	*Creighton Care Center Main Street at Lundberg Drive	Daniel Boyle
Crete 68333	*Crete Manor, First & Boswell Streets	Mrs. Alice Smejdir

HOMES FOR AGED AND INFIRM

Town	Name and Address of Home	Administrator
Curtis 69025	*Sunset Haven Nursing Home 902 Howard Street	Mrs. Elda Roethemeyer
David City 68632	*St. Joseph's Villa, 927 7th Street	Sister Esther Marie Miller
Deshler 68340	*Parkview Haven, 1203 4th Street	Gary S. Nelson
Dodge 68633	*Parkview Home, Inc.	Dwaine E. Lauer
Edgar 68935	*Oakwood Manor Nursing Home	Mrs. Ellen G. Jones
Elkhorn 68022	*Golden Years Nursing Home 315 Hooper St.	Mrs. Vivian Meneely
Elwood 68937	*Elwood Care Center, 613 Smith Street	Donna M. Misterek
Emerson 68733	*Terrace Hill Manor	Tom Klug
Exeter 68351	*Memory Manor	Farrel E. Jencks
Fairbury 68352	*Heritage of Fairbury, 909 17th St.	Michael G. Steele
Fairmont 68354	*Fairview Manor	Larry Eichelberger
Falls City 68355	East Valley View Nursing Home East 18th & Burton, P. O. Box 450	Laura A. Whaley
	*Northview Care Center, 28th & Towle	Vern Ketter
	*Sunny Court, Inc., 1010 East 21 Street	Vern B. Ketter
Firth 68358	*Lakeview Rest Home	James M. Helmink
Franklin 68939	*Franklin S-C-H, Inc.	Beryl L. Gibson
Fremont 68025	*Arbor Manor, Inc., 26th & North Nye Ave.	Mrs. Marguerite McCardle
	*Fremont Care Center, 2700 LaVerna Street	Linda Heidemann
Friend 68359	*Friend Manor, 905 Second Street	Gene T. Spellman
	Warren Memorial Hospital Annex 920 Second Street	Gene T. Spellman
Fullerton 68638	*Fullerton Manor, 102 North Esther	Mrs. Evelyn McCray
Geneva 68361	*Fillmore County Long Term Care 1325 H Street	Larry G. Warrelmann
	*Heritage of Geneva, 501 North 13th St.	Chester Frey
	*Sunset Home, Box 76, Route 1	David A. Schlegel
Gering 69341	Bel Air Manor, Inc., 2125 21st Street	Eugene Brandt
	Northfield Villa, Inc., 2550 21st St.	Rev. Donald W. Leff
Gibbon 68840	*Good Samaritan Center, Box 0	John Lusk
Gordon 69343	*Gordon Good Samaritan Center 500 East 10th Street	Geraldine Warrington
Gothenburg 69138	*Slack Nursing Home, 121 Sixth St.	Mrs. Elva A. Slack
Grand Island 68801	*Bauman Home, 800 Stoeger Drive	Eva Jamieson
	*Lakeview Nursing Home, Route 2, Box 250	Mrs. Hazel I. Hecht
	*Parkside Homes, Inc., 610 No. Darr St.	Joyce Tague
	*Nebraska Veterans Home, Burkett Station	Robert W. Broadstone
Greeley 68842	Greeley Care Home	Mary Haschke
Gretna 68028	Colonial Manor of Gretna	Miriam K. Bell
Hartington 68739	*The Cedars	Mrs. Laverne Dorsey
Harvard 68944	*Rest Haven Home	Ronald E. Crosby
Hastings 68901	Adams County Care Home 907 South Kansas Avenue	Mrs. Verla McGee
	*Perkins Pavilion, Good Samaritan Village, 300 South 1st Avenue	Rev. Jacob Jerstad
	*Villa Grace, Good Samaritan Village 931 East F. Street	Rev. Jacob Jerstad
Hay Springs 69347	*Pioneer Manor, East Line Avenue	Patsy A. Bridge
Hebron 68370	*Blue Valley Lutheran Home Fourth & Park Avenue	LaVerne Poppe
Holdrege 68949	Christian Homes, Inc., Route 2	Gordon R. Jensen
	Melvin & Selma Anderson Health Care Unit 1319 Tenth Avenue	James S. McClure
Hooper 68031	*Hooper Care Center	Mrs. Adaline L. Malone
Humboldt 68376	*Colonial Acres	John L. Fischer
Imperial 69033	*Imperial Manor, 933 Kramer	Robert M. Allen
Kearney 68847	Mother Hull Home, 125 East 23rd Street	Mrs. Frances B. Saltzgaber
	Mt. Carmel Home, Keen's Memorial 18th Street at 5th Avenue	Sister Ann Mary Schmidt
	*St. John's Center, 3410 North Central Avenue	Mrs. Lois C. Okerlund
	*St. Luke's Home & Center 2300 East 32nd Street	Myles Tyler
Kenesaw 68956	*Haven Home of Kenesaw, Box 10	Robert Williams

HOMES FOR AGED AND INFIRM

Town	Name and Address of Home	Administrator
Kimball 69145	*Kimball County Manor 810 East Seventh Street	Earl L. Baker
Laurel 68745	The Sauser Home, 212 West 2nd Street	Eldon & Marcia Haisch
Lewellen 69147	Lewellen Community Care Home, Box E	Donna Fiesterman
Lexington 68850	*Westside Home, Inc. 1505 North Adams Street	Mrs. Marcia Morgan, R.N.
Lincoln 68506	Americana Nursing Center 4405 Normal Boulevard	Robert T. Whitson
68502	Beighley Care Home, 904 Sumner Street	Mrs. Laverna Filbert
68510	*Eastmont Towers, 6315 O Street	Rev. Floyd J. Sauer
	*Holmes Lake Manor, 6101 Normal Blvd.	Margaret Cole
68516	*Homestead Nursing Home 4735 South 54th Street	Timothy D. Hagerty
68502	*Lancaster Manor, 1145 South Street	Jerry Gibson
68501	Lincoln Regional Center No. 2 Folsom & Van Dorn Streets	Ben F. Simmons
68506	*Madonna Professional Care Center 2200 South 52nd Street	Sister M. Phyllis Hunhoff
68502	*Milder Manor Nursing Home 1750 South 20th Street	Jerome J. Milder
	*Tabitha Home, 4720 Randolph Street	Harold F. Norby
68521	Village Manor Nursing Home 3220 North 14th Street	Mrs. Harold Metz
Louisville 68037	*Louisville Care Center 6th and Hazel Street	Elaine Storovich
Loup City 68853	*Rose Lane Nursing Home, Box 280	Edwin M. Brass, Jr.
Lyons 68038	*Logan Valley Manor, Inc.	Russell V. Peterson
Madison 68748	*Countryside Home, North Pearl Street P. O. Box 505	Mrs. Vivian S. Boe, R.N.
McCook 69001	*Hillcrest Nursing Home, 311 West 7th St.	Dorothy Schreiber
Milford 68405	Crestview Nursing Home, Box 50, 1st Street	Mrs. Sabra Lauer
	*Milford Rest Home, Route 2	Mrs. Meriel Stauffer
Minden 68959	*Bethany Home, 515 West First Street	Wesley K. Andersen
Mitchell 69357	*Western Nebraska Rest Home 1508 22nd Avenue	Mrs. Clara Reisig
Nebraska City 68410	*Duff Memorial Nursing Home 1104 Third Avenue	Diane Schneider
	*Nebraska City Manor, 1420 No. 10th St.	Homer C. Smith III
	Valley View Care Center, Inc. 1800 14th Street	Arlene Inman
Neligh 68756	*Keahaven, Inc.	Mrs. Emogene Kahland
Nelson 68961	*Evangelical Lutheran Good Samaritan Nursing Home	Alan Windedahl
Newman Grove 68758	*Mid-Nebraska Lutheran Homes Association	George H. Olson
Norfolk 68701	*Bel Air Nursing Home 13th & Bel Air Road	Linda Kellogg
	*Nebraska Veterans Home, Box 409	Harry A. Warren
	*Norfolk Regional Center No. 2, P. O. Box 1209	Raymond J. Kanoff
	*St. Joseph's Nursing Home 401 North 18th Street	Sister Bernadette Harrison
	*Valley View Lodge, 1900 Vicki Lane	Don Whitehorn
North Bend 68649	*Birchwood Manor, 1120 Walnut Street	LeRoy Heigenberger
North Platte 69101	Linden Manor Nursing Home 420 West 4th Street	William J. Wagner
	*Valley View Care Center, 2900 West E	Larry Tharnish
Oakland 68045	*Oakland Heights, 207 So. Engdahl St.	Brian E. Farrell
Ogallala 69153	*Indian Hills Manor Nursing Home Route 2, Box 35A	Myron Clopine
Omaha 68124	Convalescent Care, Inc. 7410 Mercy Road	William A. Golden
68104	*Dr. Philip Sher Jewish Home 4801 North 52nd Street	Ben Laub
68112	Florence Heights Village Nursing Center, Inc., 3220 Scott Street	Mrs. Mary Pratkelis

HOMES FOR AGED AND INFIRM

Town	Name and Address of Home	Administrator
68112	*Florence Home for the Aged 7915 North 30th Street	Richard J. Booth
68104	Fontenelle Boulevard Home 3325 Fontenelle Boulevard	Alexander Beninger
68111	Fowler Manor, 2406 Fowler Avenue	Oral Tague
68106	*Hallmark Care Center, 5505 Grover St.	Robert R. Conlon
68114	*Haven House Nursing Home 1540 North 72nd Street	Margaret Freshman & George Bergstrom
68505	Lindenwood Nursing Home, Inc. 910 South 40th Street	Gerald Stednitz
68105	*Lutheran Home (The) 520 South 26th Street	Byron G. Will
68104	*Maple-Crest, 2824 North 66th Avenue	Rev. Richard Peterson
68137	Millard Good Samaritan Center 12856 Deuville Drive	Orvis Okerlund
68144	Montclair Nursing Center 2525 South 135th Avenue	John F. Kinze, Ph.D.
68117	*Omaha Nursing Home, 4835 So. 49th St.	Mrs. Emelie Jonusas
68111	Orchard Hill Nursing Manor 3853 Decatur Street	Richard Agnitsch
68104	*Redman Nursing Home 4809 Redman Avenue	Michael Yates
68104	*St. Vincent's Home for Aged 4500 Ames Avenue	Sister Mary Sean Crimmins, R.S.M
68134	*Skyline Manor, Inc., 7300 Graceland Drive	Mrs. Jeanne H. Boehr, R.N.
68104	*Ville De Sante Nursing Home 6032 Ville De Sante Drive	Mrs. Roberta Barnhart
O'Neill 68763	*O'Neill Senior Citizen's Home Route 1, Box 85	James R. Falk
Osceola 68651	*Osceola Good Samaritan Center Box 507	Roger Haas
Oxford 68967	*Oxford Senior Citizen's Home 404 West Derby	Jerrell Gerdes
Palmer 68864	The Coolidge Center	Mrs. Jane Thede
Papillion 68046	Papillion Manor, Inc., 610 So. Polk St.	C. Esther Davis
Pawnee City 68420	Pawnee Manor, Inc., 438 12th Street	Mrs. Florence I. Schafer
Pender 68047	*Valley View Nursing Home, P.O. Box 550	Joanne Vaspar, R.N.
Pierce 68767	*Pierce Manor, 515 East Main Street	Mrs. Doris Prahl
Plainview 68769	*Plainview Manor	Berkley Holmstedt
Plattsmouth 68048	*Plattsmouth Manor, 602 South 18th St.	Mrs. Ruth Rhoden
Ponca 68770	*Elms Health Care Center	Robert A. Elliott
Randolph 68771	*Colonial Manors of Randolph, Inc. Box D	Roger E. Johnson
Ravenna 68869	*Ravenna Good Samaritan Home 411 East Genoa Street	Mrs. Eleanor Carter
Red Cloud 68970	*Sprague Nursing Home Seventh & Locust Streets	Harry Sprague
St. Edward 68660	*Cloverlodge Nursing Home, Inc., Box B	Pauline T. Korup
St. Paul 68873	*Abel's Nursing Home 920 Jackson Street	Darline Abel
Sargent 68874	Sargent Nursing Home, South Highway 183	Mrs. Ardith Ballagh
Schuyler 68661	*Schuyler Senior Citizen's Home 2023 Colfax Avenue	Mrs. Clara L. Fox
Scottsbluff 69361	Gra-Mar Manor, 111 West 36th Street Box 1227	Paul N. Aberle
Scribner 68057	*Good Samaritan Center	Arthur H. Rosenkotter
Seward 68434	*Anna Sundermann Home, 446 Pinewood Ave.	Audrey M. Johnson
	*Country Side Villa, 624 Pinewood Ave.	Richard Scott
Sidney 69162	*Lodgepole Plaza Nursing Home 1425 Toledo	Mrs. Lois Willey
South Sioux City 68776	*Green Acres Nursing Home 3501 Dakota Avenue	Dorothy L. Hooks
	*Matney's Colonial Manor, 3200 G St.	Daniel J. Morten
Spalding 68665	*Friendship Villa of Spalding	Hope Rott
Stanton 68779	*Stanton Nursing Home, P. O. Box 396	Connie Arens, L.P.N.

HOMES FOR AGED AND INFIRM

Town	Name and Address of Home	Administrator
Stromsburg 68666	*Midwest Convenant Home, Inc. 615 East 9th Street	Robert L. Greenwall
Stuart 68780	*Parkside Manor	Mel E. Stracke
Superior 68978	*Good Samaritan Center, Box 307 North Idaho Street	Mrs. Mary Kraus
Sutherland 69165	*Moore Memorial Nursing Center 344 Hickory	Joan L. Anderson
Sutton 68979	*Sutton Community Home	James Lamberty
Syracuse 68446	*Good Samaritan Center, 1622 Walnut	Rev. Reinhard Beckman
Tecumseh 68450	Maple Grove Home	Leo Zillig
	*Tecumseh Care Center, Third Street	Charles R. Hass
Tekamah 68061	*Tekamah S-C-H, Inc., 823 N Street	Mrs. Helen Kahlandt
Tilden 68781	*Manor Hall Nursing & Convalescent Home, Box 400	Mrs. J. Darleen Emel
Trenton 69044	*El Dorado Manor, East Junction & Highway 34 & 35	Vivian Whaley
Utica 68456	Utica Community Home	Marjorie Stuhr, L.P.N.
Valentine 69201	*Pine View Good Samaritan Center Highway 83	Ronald Rukstad
Verdigre 68783	*Alpine Village of Verdigre, Box 130	Sandra K. Effle
Wahoo 68066	*Haven House, 1145 Laurel Street	Mrs. Lorraine Prinz, R.N.
	*Saunders County Care Center 844 West 9th Street	Orville L. Willis
Wakefield 68784	*Wakefield Health Care Center 306 Ash Street	W. Russell Swigart, Jr.
Wauneta 69045	*Kinder Kare Center, Box 128	Elaine E. Hink
Wausa 68786	*Valley View Home	Kearl D. Schmidt
Wayne 68787	*Wayne Care Center, 918 Main Street	Timothy J. Boyle
West Point 68788	*West Point Nursing Home, Route 3, East Sellenten	Mrs. Vernelle Rasmus, R.N.
Wilber 68465	*Wilber Nursing Home	Mrs. Mary Beck
Wisner 68791	*Wisner Manor, North 9th	Patricia A. McElhose
Wood River 68883	*Western Hall County Good Samaritan Center, 1401 East Street, Box 130	Robert E. Sutton
Wymore 68466	*Good Samaritan Center #1, 101 East D St.	Everett D. Sigler
York 68467	The Hearthstone, 2319 Lincoln Avenue	Dale Karnopp

* Indicates a home licensed as an "Intermediate Care Facility I" where daily skilled nursing care is provided by or under the direction of a Registered Professional Nurse or a Licensed Practical Nurse for a minimum of 56 hours per week.

No asterisk (*) indicates beds licensed as "Intermediate Care Facility II" providing 0-55 hours of skilled nursing care by or under the direction of a Registered Professional Nurse or a Licensed Practical Nurse.

NEBRSKA BOARDING HOMES FOR THE AGED

Licensed as of July 1, 1976

Town	Name of Boarding Home	Administrator
Beatrice	Beatrice State Home	M. E. Wyant
Cambridge	Cambridge Memorial Heritage Plaza	Mrs. Merle J. Harpst
David City	Frances Gray Boarding Home for the Aged	Emily Frohner
	Frances Gray Community Boarding Home	Emily Frohner
Elmwood	Ebeler Boarding Home for the Aged	Mable M. Ebeler
Genoa	Genoa Haven Home	Jeanette Anderson & Joan Kuntz
	Hoffmeister Home	John A. Hall
Grand Island	Lebensraum, Inc.	Patricia E. Wissel
	Nebraska Veterans Home	Robert W. Broadstone
Hastings	Sunnyside, Inc.	Mrs. Ilene Mitchell
	Villa Faith	Mrs. Pearl McAlister

Holdrege	Methodist Memorial Homes Retirement Center	James S. McClure
Imperial	Hixon Home	Mrs. Ramona Hixon
Kenesaw	Beal's Boarding Home for the Aged	Verneda Beal
Kimball	Kimball County Manor West	Earl L. Baker
Lexington	Snider's Boarding Home	Bonnie Snider
Lincoln	Bel Air Home	Sandra S. Sons
	Clark Jeary Memorial Manor	Charles G. Johnson
	Kinney Retirement Home	Grace Kinney
	Sailor's	Eften Sailors
	Village Manor Boarding Home for the Aged	Mrs. Harold Metz
Milford	Milford Rest Home, Inc.	Mrs. Meriel Stauffer & Ms. Wanetta Stabenow
Newman Grove	Mid-Nebraska Lutheran Home	George H. Olson
North Platte	Driftwood Manor	Arleen O. Young
Omaha	Blue Board & Room Home	Candy M. Downard
	Fontenelle Boulevard Home	Alexander Beninger
	Lucas Hall	Frederick M. Wright
	McKeon Board & Roon, Inc.	Mary R. Dudzinski & Clara J. McKeon
	New Cassel Retirement Center	Sister Dorothy Tremel
	The Paxton Manor	C. Bruce Davis
	St. Catherine's Hospital and Center for Continuing Care	Sister Mary Laetice Williams
	Toth Board & Room Home for the Aged	Georgia Toth
	Williams Retirement Home	Berdine Williams
Ord	Ord Rest Home	Vivian Wajda
Schuyler	Beebe Retirement Home	Maxine Harmon
Scottsbluff	Nebraska Veterans Home	Everett P. Phillips
Spalding	Friendship Villas of America	Hope Rott
Valentine	Sunset Harbor	Naomi H. Dickey
Weeping Water	Hilltop Manor	Larry L. Hanson
York	I.O.O.F. Home	Elizabeth M. Carter

NEBRASKA DRUG TREATMENT CENTERS

Licensed as of July 1, 1976

Town	Name of Drug Treatment Center	Administrator
Fremont	The School House	Deborah Boe
Lincoln	Full Circle	Dr. Olga Bom
	Nebraska Penal & Correctional Complex	Miriam P. Haworth, Ph.D.
Omaha	Central Intake Unit	Shelton Duruisseau
	Cuming Street Halfway House	Shelton Duruisseau
	Equilibria Medical Center	Roger Kronholm
	Omaha Awareness & Action, Inc.	Mr. Gordon D. Helberg
	Operation Bridge, Inc.	Ronald E. Walters
	Women's Drug Treatment Center	Shelton Duruisseau
York	Nebraska Center for Women	Jacqueline Crawford

NEBRASKA ALCOHOL TREATMENT CERNTERS

Licensed as of July 1, 1976

Town	Name of Alcohol Treatment Center	Administrator
Lincoln	Chemical Dependency Unit	W. Robert Brungard
	Detoxification Center	Dona L. Giles, R.N.
	St. Monica's Home for Women	Ellen McCrory
Lindsay	St. Bernard's Halfway House	Robert Sievert

Omaha	*ARCH* Halfway House	Charlotte Ressegieu
	Island of Hope, 320 North 40th	John L. Feichtmayer
	Island of Hope, 414 South 13th	John L. Feichtmayer
	North Omaha Halfway House	Harold E. Simmons
	Santa Monica, Inc.	Nelle Linder
	South Omaha Alcoholism Counseling Program, Inc.	Mrs. Marjorie Wise
	Veterans Admin. Hospital Alcohol Program	S. H. Birdzell

NEBRASKA HEALTH CLINICS

Licensed as of July 1, 1976

Town	Name of Health Clinic	Administrator
Bellevue	Sarpy County Mental Health Clinic	Shelton Duruisseau
Kearney	South Central Community Mental Health Center	James L. McKee, Ph.D.
Norfolk	Northern Nebraska Comprehensive Mental Health Center	Dr. Richard A. Sanders
Omaha	Family Health Center Dodge Street	Douglas Peters
	Family Health Center South Omaha	Douglas Peters
	North Omaha Family Mental Health Clinic	Shelton Duruisseau
	North Omaha Health Center	Stanley Lutz, M.D.
	South Omaha Family Mental Health Clinic	Shelton Duruisseau
	West Omaha Mental Health Clinic	Shelton Duruisseau
Plattsmouth	Cass County Mental Health Clinic	Shelton Duruisseau
Scottsbluff	Panhandle Mental Health Center	C. Allen Roehl, Ph.D.
Seward	Pioneer Mental Health Center	Jan Zegers

NEBRASKA CENTERS FOR THE DEVELOPMENTALLY DISABLED

Licensed as of July 1, 1976

Town	Name of Center	Administrator
Beatrice	Martin Luther Home Cottage	H. W. Fruehling
Broken Bow	Residential Unit #1 641 South 12th Street	Glena W. Knapp
	Residential Unit #2 1020 South 2nd Street	Glenn W. Knapp
Kearney	Residence #1 940 West 24th Street	Robert H. Brown
	Residence #2 3121 Avenue "A"	Robert H. Brown
	Residence #3 611 West 25th Street	Robert H. Brown
Omaha	Developmental Maximation Unit	David M. Howard

CHILD CARING AND CHILD PLACING AGENCIES
August 1, 1976

City	Name of Agency, Person in Charge, Address, Etc.

CHILD-CARING AGENCIES

Alliance NEBRASKA BOYS RANCH: Mr. Richard Haslow, Superintendent. Seventeen miles south of Alliance. Provides residential care of dependent, neglected and pre-delinquent boys of school age who can benefit from a ranch program. Children attend Alliance public schools.

Axtell BETHPHAGE MISSION: Robert Turnquist, Director. Creative, long-term residential care facility for mentally retarded and physically handicapped persons. Mental retardation is a basis for admission. Minimum age, five years.

Beatrice MARTIN LUTHER HOME: Walter Fruehling, Acting Superintendent. Residential educational, pre-vocational, and vocational program for mentally retarded and multiply-handicapped persons above age six. Non-residential pre-school for persons ages two to six.

Boys' Town FATHER FLANAGAN'S BOYS' HOME: Robert P. Hupp, Director. Accepts homeless and underprivileged boys, 10-16 years of age, regardless of race, religion or residence, who are capable of achieving in a regular school program and without serious emotional disturbance or serious physical handicaps. Facilities include grade school, high school with supplemental trade program and vocational guidance and counseling service in addition to normal social work services. A year-round program, accredited by North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools and the Nebraska Department of Education.

Culbertson CORNHUSKER CHRISTIAN CHILDREN'S HOME: Billy Joe Mize, Superintendent. Children of both sexes, ages 3-16, cared for in family units to create a family home atmosphere. Children attend local public schools unless they require special education services in McCook. The agency cannot serve children with severe mental, physical or emotional disorders.

Fremont MASONIC-EASTERN STAR HOME FOR CHILDREN: H. A. Hjortsvang, Superintendent. Residential care for children and grandchildren of Masons and Eastern Star members, ages 3-18. Dependent, non-affiliated children accepted on a fee basis when space available. Must be able to attend public school. Some handicapped children admitted at the discretion of the board.

Grand Island CHILDREN'S VILLAGE: Mary Ann Richards, Director. Hall County facility for temporary care of Hall County children.

Henderson GRACE CHILDREN'S HOME: Larry Fast, Director. Temporary home for well functioning children who are in need of care until problems within the natural home can be resolved.

Kearney CAMPUS HOUSE, INC.: Gregory L. Hershberger, Director. Accepts girls, ages 12-17 on court order determined to be delinquent and/or in need of special supervision. A group living facility with girls attending public schools. Staff works with families in order that girls return to their own homes when possible.

Lincoln CEDARS HOME FOR CHILDREN: Alberta Kuklish, Superintendent. Temporary care of neglected and dependent children, primarily of school age.

NEBRASKA CENTER FOR CHILDREN AND YOUTH: Robert Rudell, Administrator. Group care for dependent and neglected children committed to the Department of Public Welfare on permanent or special arrangement provision. Evaluation, planning and treatment are available for any child found within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court. Dental, medical, psychiatric diagnosis, group living, special elementary school, recreation, social skills training and casework services. Limited to children and youth whose behavior or social condition requires programming in a group care setting with treatment emphasis.

Mitchell—DUNROVEN HOME FOR EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN: Barbara Richards, Executive Director. Residential care for handicapped children from birth to age ten. The agency will accept severely retarded children.

Omaha NEBRASKA CHILDREN'S HOME SOCIETY: Harris Van Oort, Executive Director. Provides temporary living arrangements or emergency shelter for pre-teen and teenage children as part of a state-wide foster care program.

OMAHA HOME FOR BOYS: W. Harry Bruner, General Manager. Residential care for homeless boys of school age through high school who are mentally and physically well and not habitually delinquent. Admission age limit is 15 years.

OMAHA HOME FOR GIRLS, INC.: Don P. Holdren, Executive Director. Residential treatment and foster home care facility for homeless, neglected girls, ages 12-18. Girls may be placed by courts, parents, or legal guardians. Must be eligible for public schools.

Stapleton LARIAT BOYS RANCH AND VOCATIONAL SCHOOL: Don Lair, Director. Ranch setting which recreates the family home unit providing individual care and training for boys, grades 4-8, with average or above-average intellectual abilities. Academic instruction and vocational training on an individual basis encouraging motivation and achievement. Private and agency placements.

Winnebago ST. AUGUSTINE'S INDIAN MISSION: Msgr. Frank J. Hulsman, Director. Boarding and day school facilities for dependent, neglected and needy Indian children of school age. Licensed capacity—120 children.

York EPWORTH VILLAGE: Melvin W. Ammon, Executive Director. Care and treatment for youth, ages 13-16 years, who are determined to be in need of supervised group living in an open, but structured environment. As part of the total residential treatment program, social work services are provided to youth in residence, and their families.

CHILD PLACING AGENCIES

Boys Town FATHER FLANAGAN'S BOYS' HOME, Donald Weber, Director of Satellite Programs, Foster Placements.

Kansas City, MO LATTER DAY SAINTS SOCIAL SERVICES, J. Neil Birch, Director. Adoptive and Foster Placements.

Lincoln FAMILY SERVICE ASSOCIATION OF LINCOLN, INC., John Vogt, Executive Director. Adoptive and Foster Placements.

MENTAL RETARDATION SERVICES (Region V), Lyn Martin, Director. Foster Placements.

STATE DIVISION OF SOCIAL SERVICES, Larry E. Nedrow, Chief. Adoptive and Foster Placements.

Omaha CHILD SAVING INSTITUTE, Richard Lance, Executive Director. Adoptive and Foster Placements.

EASTERN NEBRASKA COMMUNITY OFFICE OF MENTAL HEALTH, Shelton Duruissau, Director. Foster Placements.

EASTERN NEBRASKA COMMUNITY OFFICE OF RETARDATION(ENCOR), Dave Howard, Acting Director. Foster Placements.

FAMILY SERVICE OF OMAHA-COUNCIL BLUFFS, Leslie W. Nummela, Executive Director. Adoptive and Foster Placements.

LUTHERAN FAMILY AND SOCIAL SERVICES OF NEBRASKA, INC., Rev. Eugene Jobst, Executive Director. Adoptive and Foster Placements.

NEBRASKA CHILDREN'S HOME SOCIETY, Harris Van Oort, Executive Director. Adoptive and Foster Placements.

OMAHA HOME FOR GIRLS, INC., Helen Ross, Acting Director, Foster Placements.

UNITED CATHOLIC SOCIAL SERVICES OF THE ARCHDIOCESE OF OMAHA, INC., Rev. Wm. L. Kelligar, Executive Director. Adoptive and Foster Placements.

Roca CATHOLIC SOCIAL SERVICE, Rev. Edward C. Tuchek, Director. Adoptive and Foster Placements.

York EPWORTH VILLAGE, Melvin W. Ammon, Director. Adoptive and Foster Placements.

BROADCASTING STATIONS IN NEBRASKA

September 1, 1976

Commercial Radio Stations

City	Station
Ainsworth	KBRB-AM
Alliance	KCOW-AM
Beatrice	KWBE-AM-FM
Blair	KDCV-FM*
Broken Bow	KCNI-AM
Chadron	KCSR-AM
Columbus	KJSK-AM-FM
Columbus	KTLX-FM*
Columbus	KTTT-AM-FM
Cozad	KAMI-AM
Crete	KTAP-FM
Fairbury	KGMT-AM
Falls City	KTNC-AM
Fremont	KHUB-AM-FM
Grand Island	KMMJ-AM
Grand Island	KRGI-AM-FM
Grand Island	KROA-FM
Hastings	KHAS-AM
Hastings	KICS-AM-FM
Hastings	KCNT-FM*
Holdrege	KUVR-AM-FM
Kearney	KGFW-AM
Kearney	KOVF-FM*
Kearney	KRNY-AM-FM
Kimball	KIMB-AM
Lexington	KRVN-AM-FM
Lincoln	KECK-AM
Lincoln	KFMQ-FM
Lincoln	KFOR-AM-FM
Lincoln	KHAT-FM
Lincoln	KHKS-FM
Lincoln	KLIN-AM-FM
Lincoln	KLMS-AM
Lincoln	KRNU-FM*
Lincoln	KUCV-FM*
McCook	KBRL-AM
McCook	KICX-AM
Nebraska City	KNCY-AM
Norfolk	WJAG-AM-FM
North Platte	KAHL-AM-FM
North Platte	KJLT-AM
North Platte	KODY-AM
Ogallala	KIBC-FM
Ogallala	KOGA-AM
Omaha	KEZO-FM
Omaha	KFAB-AM
Omaha	KGBI-FM*
Omaha	KGOR-FM
Omaha	KIOS-FM*
Omaha	KLNG-AM
Omaha	KOOO-AM-FM
Omaha	KOWH-AM-FM
Omaha	KVNO-FM*
Omaha	WOW-AM
O'Neill	KBRX-AM-FM
Ord	KNLV-AM
Plattsmouth	KOTD-AM
Scottsbluff	KEYR-AM
Scottsbluff	KNEB-AM-FM
Scottsbluff	KOLT-AM
Seward	KSRD-FM
Sidney	KSID-AM-FM
Superior	KRFS-AM
Valentine	KVSH-AM
Wayne	KTCH-AM-FM
Wayne	KWSC-FM*
York	KAWL-AM-FM

* Non-commercial.

Television Stations

City	Station		City	Station	
Albion	KCNA-TV	Ch. 8	McCook	KOMC	8
Alliance*	KTNE-TV	13	Merriman*	KRNE-TV	12
Bassett*	KMNE-TV	7	Norfolk*	KXNE-TV	19
Grand Island	KGIN-TV	11	North Platte	KNOP-TV	2
Hastings	KHAS-TV	5	North Platte*	KPNE-TV	9
Hastings*	KHNE-TV	29	Omaha	KETV	7
Hayes Center	KWNB-TV	6	Omaha	KMTV	3
Hay Springs	KDUH-TV	4	Omaha*	KYNE-TV	26
Kearney	KHGI-TV	13	Omaha	WOW-TV	6
Lexington*	KLNE-TV	3	Scottsbluff	KSTF	10
Lincoln	KOLN-TV	10	Superior	KSNB-TV	4
Lincoln*	KUON-TV	12			

* Educational Station.

NEBRASKA LICENSED AIRPORTS

July 1, 1976

Municipal Airports

Town	Airport
Ainsworth	Ainsworth Municipal
Albion	Albion Municipal
Alliance	Alliance Municipal
Alma	Alma Municipal
Arapahoe	Arapahoe Municipal
Arthur	Arthur Municipal
Atkinson	Stuart-Atkinson Municipal
Auburn	Auburn Municipal
Aurora	Aurora Municipal
Bassett	Bassett Municipal
Bayard	Bayard Municipal
Beatrice	Beatrice Municipal
Blair	Blair Municipal
Bloomfield	Bloomfield Municipal
Bridgeport	Bridgeport Municipal
Broken Bow	Broken Bow Municipal
Burwell	Cram Field
Cambridge	Cambridge Municipal
Cedar Rapids	Cedar Rapids Municipal
Central City	Central City Municipal
Chadron	Chadron Municipal
Chambers	Perkins Memorial Airpark
Chappell	Chappell Municipal
Columbus	Columbus Municipal
Cozad	Cozad Municipal
Creighton	Creighton Municipal
Crete	Crete Municipal
Curtis	Curtis Municipal
David City	David City Municipal
Fairbury	Fairbury Municipal
Falls City	Brenner Field
Fremont	Fremont Municipal
Genoa	Genoa Municipal
Gordon	Gordon Municipal
Gothenburg	Gothenburg Municipal
Grand Island	Grand Island Airpark
Grant	Grant Municipal
Greeley	Greeley Municipal
Harrison	Harrison Municipal
Hartington	Hartington Municipal
Hastings	Hastings Municipal
Hay Springs	Hay Springs Municipal
Hebron	Hebron Municipal
Holdrege	Brewster Field
Humboldt	Humboldt Municipal
Hyannis	Grant Co. Municipal
Imperial	Imperial Municipal
Kearney	Kearney Municipal
Kimball	Kimball Municipal
Lexington	Lexington Municipal
Lincoln	Lincoln Municipal
Loup City	Loup City Municipal
McCook	McCook Municipal
Merriman	Cole Memorial Field
Minden	Pioneer Village Airport
Mitchell	Mitchell Municipal
Mullen	Mullen Municipal
Neligh	Antelope County Airport
Norfolk	Karl Stefan Memorial
North Platte	Lee Bird Field
Ogallala	Searle Field
Omaha	Eppley Airfield
Omaha	Millard Airport

O'Neill	O'Neill Municipal
Ord	Sharp Field
Oshkosh	Garden County Airport
Oxford	Oxford Municipal
Pender	Pender Municipal
Plainview	Plainview Municipal
Plattsmouth	Plattsmouth Municipal
Potter	Potter Municipal
Red Cloud	Red Cloud Municipal
Republican City	Republican City Municipal
Rushville	Modisett Field
Sargent	Sargent Municipal
Scotia	Scotia Municipal
Scottsbluff	Scotts Bluff County
Seward	Seward Municipal
Sidney	Sidney Municipal
Springview	Springview Municipal
Stromsburg	Stromsburg Municipal
Superior	Superior Municipal
Tecumseh	Tecumseh Municipal
Tekamah	Tekamah Municipal
Thedford	Thomas Co. Airport
Trenton	Trenton Municipal
Valentine	Miller Field
Wahoo	Wahoo Municipal
Wallace	Wallace Municipal
Wayne	Wayne Municipal
York	York Municipal

Commercial Airports

Benkelman	Jones Airport
Bruning	Hawk's Field
Fullerton	C.A.M.P. Airport
Imperial	Top Flight Strip
Lincoln	Arrow Airport
Lincoln	Warbonnet Ag Strip
Nebraska City	Grundman Airport
Norfolk	Simpson Field
North Platte	Clinch Air Park
Ogallala	Shelburne's Airport
Omaha	Flightland Airport
Omaha	North Omaha Airport
Papillion	South Omaha Airport
Pleasanton	Hunter Field
St. Paul	Walt's Aerial Service
Utica	Flying "V"
Weeping Water	Brown's Airport
Weissert	Weissert Airport
West Point	Knievel Airport

State Government Airports

Fairmont	Fairmont State Airfield
Harvard	Harvard State Airfield
Mead	University of Nebraska Field Lab. Airfield
Scribner	Scribner State Airport
Sidney	Western Nebraska Tech. College Airport

U. S. Government Airports

Town	Airport
Omaha	Offutt Air Force Base
	Heliports
Lincoln	Lincoln Municipal Airport
	State Fairgrounds Heliport

PASSENGER CAR LICENSING SYSTEM

In 1951, counties in Nebraska were identified on automobile license plates by letters. The 1951 Legislature provided for the return in 1952 to the former system of numbers. The 1955 Legislature provided for the lettering of The Beef State upon the license number plates. The 1963 Legislature passed a law which provided that for the years 1966, 1967, and 1968, the word Centennial should be lettered and placed on the number plate in lieu of The Beef State. The 1967 Legislature provided for the lettering of Cornhusker State upon the license number plates in lieu of Centennial or The Beef State.

LB 763 (1974) provided that plates issued in the year 1972 were valid for the year 1975. In 1976 a specially designed passenger license plate was issued in commemoration of the national bicentennial, valid for four years bearing the inscription "1776 BICENTENNIAL 1976" across the bottom. At the upper left and right corners were drawings of a covered wagon and an Indian chief in full headdress.

The numbers representing the various counties are given below:

No.	County	No.	County	No.	County
1	Douglas	32	Thayer	63	Boyd
2	Lancaster	33	Jefferson	64	Morrill
3	Gage	34	Fillmore	65	Box Butte
4	Custer	35	Dixon	66	Cherry
5	Dodge	36	Holt	67	Hitchcock
6	Saunders	37	Phelps	68	Keith
7	Madison	38	Furnas	69	Dawes
8	Hall	39	Cheyenne	70	Dakota
9	Buffalo	40	Pierce	71	Kimball
10	Platte	41	Polk	72	Chase
11	Otoe	42	Nuckolls	73	Gosper
12	Knox	43	Colfax	74	Perkins
13	Cedar	44	Nemaha	75	Brown
14	Adams	45	Webster	76	Dundy
15	Lincoln	46	Merrick	77	Garden
16	Seward	47	Valley	78	Deuel
17	York	48	Red Willow	79	Hayes
18	Dawson	49	Howard	80	Sioux
19	Richardson	50	Franklin	81	Rock
20	Cass	51	Harlan	82	Keya Paha
21	Scotts Bluff	52	Kearney	83	Garfield
22	Saline	53	Stanton	84	Wheeler
23	Boone	54	Pawnee	85	Banner
24	Cuming	55	Thurston	86	Blaine
25	Butler	56	Sherman	87	Logan
26	Antelope	57	Johnson	88	Loup
27	Wayne	58	Nance	89	Thomas
28	Hamilton	59	Sarpy	90	McPherson
29	Washington	60	Frontier	91	Arthur
30	Clay	61	Sheridan	92	Grant
31	Burt	62	Greeley	93	Hooker

POPULATION

The population figures for Nebraska for 1970 as compiled by the U. S. Bureau of the Census, revealed that on April 1, 1970, Nebraska had a population of 1,483,791 as compared with 1,411,330 in 1960 showing an increase of 72,461 during the decade. This represents an increase of 5.1 per cent between 1960 and 1970, as compared with an increase of 6.5 per cent between 1960 and 1950. Of the 93 counties, 25 showed an increase since 1960 ranging from 0.7 per cent for Dawson County to 107.4 per cent for Sarpy County. All the 12 cities of 10,000 or more population also showed increases ranging from 2.1 per cent for Beatrice to 148.6 per cent for Bellevue in the last decade.

The drift of population to the urban areas has continued, 61.5 per cent of the population in 1970 was classified as urban as compared with 54.3 per cent in 1960. Urban population as defined by the Bureau of the

Census includes those persons living in (a) places of 2,500 inhabitants or more incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except Alaska), and towns (except in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding those persons living in the rural portions of extended cities; (b) unincorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more; and (c) other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas. The population not classified as urban constitutes the rural population.

Of the 540 incorporated cities and villages in Nebraska only 51 are classified as urban, while 75 incorporated places of 1,000 to 2,500 and 414 incorporated places under 1,000 are classified as rural.

In 1970 96.6 per cent of the population of Nebraska was white. Negroes constituted 2.7 per cent of the population of the state. There were only 10,715 persons of other races in the state or 0.7 per cent of the total population. In 1960 Negro and Other Races constituted 1.0 per cent of the total population while in 1970 the percentage was 3.4. Whites who were foreign born decreased from 2.9 per cent in 1960 to 1.9 per cent in 1970.

The aging of the population of Nebraska was shown by the 1970 Census. There was an increase of the total population from 1960 to 1970 in the following age groups: 10 to 14 years from 128,207 to 152,969; 15 to 19 years from 100,283 to 143,175; 20 to 24 years from 82,974 to 114,687; 25 to 29 years from 82,625 to 89,053; 45 to 49 years from 79,694 to 81,002; 50 to 54 years from 75,736 to 75,961; 55 to 59 years from 68,833 to 71,788; 60 to 64 years from 63,742 to 66,870; 70 to 74 years from 46,675 to 48,861; and 75 years and over from 59,007 to 78,305. The median age in 1960 was 30.2 and in 1970 it was 28.6, a decrease of 1.6 per cent in the last decade.

POPULATION BY AGES FOR NEBRASKA, 1970 AND 1960

Age	1970		1960	
	Total	Per Cent	Total	Per Cent
All Ages	1,438,493	100.0	1,411,330	100.0
Under 5 years	120,222	8.1	160,207	11.4
5 to 9 years	147,228	9.9	147,411	10.4
10 to 14 years	152,969	10.3	128,207	9.1
15 to 19 years	143,175	9.7	100,283	7.1
20 to 24 years	114,687	7.7	82,974	5.9
25 to 29 years	89,053	6.0	82,625	5.9
30 to 34 years	77,931	5.3	86,819	6.2
35 to 39 years	77,774	5.2	87,839	6.2
40 to 44 years	81,307	5.5	82,804	5.9
45 to 49 years	81,002	5.5	79,694	5.6
50 to 54 years	75,961	5.1	75,736	5.4
55 to 59 years	71,788	4.8	68,833	4.9
60 to 64 years	66,870	4.5	63,742	4.5
65 to 69 years	56,360	3.8	58,474	4.1
70 to 74 years	48,861	3.3	46,675	3.3
75 years and over	78,305	5.3	59,007	4.2
Median Age	28.6		30.2	

POPULATION OF NEBRASKA SHOWING TOTAL FOREIGN BORN

April 1, 1970

County	Total Population 1970	Total Foreign Born
Adams	30,553	486
Antelope	9,047	117
Arthur	606	25
Banner	1,034	12
Blaine	847	—
Boone	8,190	112
Box Butte	10,094	196
Boyd	3,752	86
Brown	4,021	37
Buffalo	31,222	272
Burt	9,247	153
Butler	9,461	133
Cass	18,076	245
Cedar	12,192	113
Chase	4,129	42
Cherry	6,846	21
Johnson	5,743	54
Kearney	6,707	109
Keith	8,487	73
Keya Paha	1,340	—
Kimball	6,009	97
Knox	11,723	204
Lancaster	167,972	4,189
Lincoln	29,538	330
Logan	991	7
Loup	854	15
McPherson	623	—
Madison	27,402	458
Merrick	8,751	84
Morrill	5,813	118
Nance	5,142	142
Nemaha	8,976	137
Cheyenne	10,778	64
Clay	8,266	158
Colfax	9,498	198
Cuming	12,034	188
Custer	14,092	94
Dakota	13,137	173
Dawes	9,761	114
Dawson	19,537	287
Deuel	2,717	6
Dixon	7,453	69
Dodge	34,782	565
Douglas	389,455	11,284
Dundy	2,926	23
Fillmore	8,137	97
Franklin	4,566	47
Frontier	3,982	74
Furnas	6,897	35
Gage	25,719	338
Garden	2,929	45
Garfield	2,411	22
Gosper	2,178	8
Grant	1,019	7
Greeley	4,000	36
Hall	42,851	469
Hamilton	8,867	50
Harlan	4,357	79
Hayes	1,530	8
Hitchcock	4,051	87
Holt	12,933	73
Hooker	939	—
Howard	6,807	87
Jefferson	10,436	121
Nuckolls	7,404	106
Otoe	15,576	208
Pawnee	4,473	26
Perkins	3,423	35
Phelps	9,553	184
Pierce	8,493	99
Platte	26,544	295
Polk	6,468	108
Red Willow	12,191	154
Richardson	12,277	118
Rock	2,231	7
Saline	12,809	174
Sarpy	64,889	1,685
Saunders	17,018	219
Scotts Bluff	36,432	1,223
Seward	14,460	148
Sheridan	7,285	133
Sherman	4,725	25
Sioux	2,034	21
Stanton	5,758	118
Thayer	7,779	63
Thomas	954	10
Thurston	6,942	26
Valley	5,783	115
Washington	13,310	125
Wayne	10,400	122
Webster	5,396	55
Wheeler	1,047	—
York	13,685	221
The State	1,483,791	30,553

AREA AND POPULATION[1] OF NEBRASKA COUNTIES, 1860-1970

County	Area in Square Miles[2]	Population											
		1970	1960	1950	1940	1930	1920	1910	1900	1890	1880	1870	1860
The State	76,483	1,483,791[1]	1,411,330	1,325,510	1,315,834	1,377,963	1,296,372	1,192,214	1,066,300	1,058,910	452,403	122,993	28,841
Adams	562	30,553	28,944	28,855	24,576	26,275	22,621	20,900	18,840	24,303	10,235	19	—
Antelope	853	9,047	10,176	11,624	13,289	15,206	15,243	14,003	11,344	10,399	3,953	—	—
Arthur	704	606	680	803	1,045	1,344	1,412	—	—	91	—	—	—
Banner	738	1,034	1,269	1,325	1,403	1,676	1,435	1,444	1,114	2,435	—	—	—
Blaine	710	847	1,016	1,203	1,538	1,584	1,778	1,672	603	1,146	—	—	—
Boone	683	8,190	9,134	10,721	12,127	14,738	14,146	13,145	11,689	8,683	4,170	—	—
Box Butte	1,065	10,094	11,688	12,279	10,736	11,861	8,407	6,131	5,572	5,494	—	—	—
Boyd	538	3,752	4,513	4,911	6,060	7,169	8,243	8,826	7,332	695	—	—	—
Brown	1,218	4,021	4,436	5,164	5,962	5,772	6,749	6,083	3,470	4,359	—	—	—
Buffalo	952	31,222	26,236	25,134	23,655	24,338	23,787	21,907	20,254	22,162	7,531	193	114
Burt	483	9,247	10,192	11,536	12,546	13,062	12,559	12,726	13,040	11,069	6,937	2,847	388
Butler	582	9,461	10,312	11,432	13,106	14,410	14,606	15,403	15,703	15,454	9,194	1,290	27
Calhoun	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	41
Cass	555	18,076	17,821	16,361	16,992	17,684	18,029	19,786	21,330	24,080	16,683	8,151	3,369
Cedar	742	12,192	13,368	13,843	15,126	16,427	16,225	15,191	12,467	7,028	2,899	1,032	246
Chase	890	4,129	4,317	5,176	5,310	5,484	4,939	3,613	2,559	4,807	70	—	—
Cherry	5,966	6,846	8,218	8,397	9,637	10,898	11,753	10,414	6,541	6,428	—	—	—
Cheyenne	1,186	10,778	14,828	12,081	9,505	10,187	8,405	4,551	5,570	5,693	1,558	190	—
Clay	570	8,266	8,717	8,700	10,445	13,571	14,486	15,729	15,735	16,310	11,294	54	165
Colfax	406	9,498	9,595	10,010	10,627	11,434	11,624	11,610	11,211	10,453	6,588	1,424	—
Cuming	571	12,034	12,435	12,994	13,562	14,327	13,769	13,782	14,584	12,265	5,569	2,964	67
Custer	2,558	14,092	16,517	19,170	22,591	26,189	26,407	25,668	19,758	21,677	2,211	—	—
Dakota	255	13,137	12,168	10,401	9,836	9,505	7,694	6,564	6,286	5,386	3,213	2,040	819
Dawes	1,389	9,761	9,536	9,708	10,128	11,493	10,160	8,254	6,215	9,722	—	—	—
Dawson	975	19,537	19,405	19,393	17,890	17,875	16,004	15,961	12,214	10,129	2,909	103	16
Deuel	436	2,717	3,125	3,330	3,580	3,992	3,282	1,786	2,630	2,893	—	—	—
Dixon	475	7,453	8,106	9,129	10,413	11,586	11,815	11,477	10,535	8,084	4,177	1,345	247
Dodge	528	34,782	32,471	26,265	23,799	25,273	23,197	22,145	22,298	19,260	11,263	4,212	309
Douglas	335	389,455	343,490	281,020	247,562	232,982	204,524	168,546	140,590	158,008	37,645	19,982	4,328
Dundy	921	2,926	3,570	4,354	5,122	5,610	4,869	4,098	2,434	4,012	37	—	—
Fillmore	577	8,137	9,425	9,610	11,417	12,971	13,671	14,674	15,087	16,022	10,204	238	—
Fort Randall	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	353

[1] United States Census. The corrected 1970 population count for Nebraska is 1,483,791.
[2] Land area. Water area is estimated to be 730 square miles.
[3] For census figures of 1854, 1855 and 1856, see earlier editions of the Nebraska Blue Book.

AREA AND POPULATION[1] OF NEBRASKA COUNTIES, 1860-1970—Continued

County	Area in Square Miles[2]	Population											
		1970	1960	1950	1940	1930	1920	1910	1900	1890	1880	1870	1860
Franklin	578	4,566	5,449	7,096	7,740	9,094	10,067	10,303	9,455	7,693	5,465	26	—
Frontier	962	3,982	4,311	5,282	6,417	8,114	8,540	8,572	8,781	8,497	934	—	—
Furnas	722	6,897	7,711	9,385	10,098	12,140	11,657	12,083	12,373	9,840	6,407	—	—
Gage	858	25,719	26,818	28,052	29,588	30,242	29,721	30,325	30,051	36,344	13,164	3,359	421
Garden	1,678	2,929	3,472	4,114	4,680	5,099	4,572	3,538	—	—	—	—	—
Garfield	659	2,411	2,699	2,912	3,444	3,207	3,496	3,417	2,127	1,659	—	—	—
Gosper	464	2,178	2,489	2,734	3,687	4,287	4,669	4,933	5,301	4,816	1,673	—	—
Grant	764	1,019	1,019	1,057	1,327	1,427	1,486	1,097	763	458	—	484	—
Greeley	570	4,000	4,595	5,575	6,845	8,442	8,685	8,047	5,691	4,869	1,461	—	—
Green	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16
Hall	537	42,851	35,757	32,186	27,523	27,117	23,720	20,361	17,206	16,513	8,572	1,057	116
Hamilton	537	8,867	8,714	8,778	9,982	12,159	13,237	13,459	13,330	14,096	8,267	130	—
Harlan	556	4,357	5,081	7,189	7,130	8,957	9,220	9,578	9,370	8,158	6,086	—	—
Harrison	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	631	—
Hayes	711	1,530	1,919	2,404	2,958	3,603	3,327	3,011	2,708	3,953	119	—	—
Hitchcock	712	4,051	4,829	5,867	6,404	7,269	6,045	5,415	4,409	5,799	1,012	—	—
Holt	2,405	12,933	13,722	14,859	16,552	16,509	17,151	15,545	12,224	13,672	3,287	—	—
Hooker	722	939	1,130	1,061	1,253	1,180	1,378	981	432	426	—	—	—
Howard	564	6,807	6,541	7,226	8,422	10,020	10,739	10,783	10,343	9,430	4,391	—	—
Jackson[5]	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
Jefferson	577	10,436	11,620	13,623	15,532	16,409	16,140	16,852	15,196	14,850	8,096	2,440	—
Johnson	377	5,743	6,281	7,251	8,662	9,157	8,940	10,187	11,197	10,333	7,595	3,429	528
Jones	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	122
Kearney	512	6,707	6,580	6,409	6,854	8,094	8,583	9,106	9,866	9,061	4,072	58	474
Keith	1,032	8,487	7,958	7,449	8,333	6,721	5,294	3,692	1,951	2,556	194	—	—
Keya Paha	768	1,340	1,672	2,160	3,235	3,203	3,594	3,452	3,076	3,920	—	—	—
Kimball	953	6,009	7,975	4,283	3,913	4,675	4,498	1,942	758	959	—	—	—
Knox	1,107	11,723	13,300	14,820	16,478	19,110	18,894	18,358	14,343	8,582	3,666	261	152
Lancaster	845	167,972	155,272	119,742	100,585	100,324	85,902	73,793	64,835	76,395	28,090	7,074	153
Lincoln	2,522	29,538	28,491	27,380	25,425	25,627	23,420	15,684	11,416	10,441	3,632	17	—
Logan	570	991	1,108	1,357	1,742	2,014	1,596	1,521	960	1,378	—	—	—

[4] With Platte County.
[5] Never had a legal existence.

AREA AND POPULATION[1] OF NEBRASKA COUNTIES, 1860-1970—Continued

County	Area in Square Miles[2]	Population											
		1970	1960	1950	1940	1930	1920	1910	1900	1890	1880	1870	1860
Loup	574	854	1,097	1,348	1,777	1,818	1,946	2,188	1,305	1,662	———	———	———
Lyon	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	78	———
McPherson	856	623	735	825	1,175	1,358	1,692	2,470	517	401	———	———	———
Madison	572	27,402	25,145	24,338	24,269	26,037	22,511	19,101	16,976	13,669	5,589	1,133	———
Merrick	480	8,751	8,363	8,812	9,354	10,619	10,763	10,379	9,255	8,758	5,341	557	109
Monroe	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	235	———
Morrill	1,402	5,813	7,057	8,263	9,436	9,950	9,151	4,584	———	———	———	———	———
Nance	439	5,142	5,635	6,512	7,653	8,718	8,712	8,926	8,222	5,773	1,212	44	———
Nemaha	400	8,976	9,099	10,973	12,781	12,356	12,547	13,095	14,952	12,930	10,451	7,593	3,139
Nuckolls	579	7,404	8,217	9,609	10,446	12,629	13,236	13,019	12,414	11,417	4,235	8	22
Otoe	619	15,576	16,503	17,056	18,994	19,901	19,494	19,323	22,288	25,403	15,727	12,345	4,211
Pawnee	433	4,473	5,356	6,744	8,514	9,423	9,578	10,582	11,770	10,340	6,920	4,171	882
Perkins	885	3,423	4,189	4,809	5,197	5,834	3,967	2,570	1,702	4,364	———	———	———
Phelps	524	9,553	9,800	9,048	8,452	9,261	9,900	10,451	10,772	9,869	2,447	———	———
Pierce	573	8,493	8,722	9,405	10,211	11,080	10,681	10,122	8,445	4,864	1,202	152	———
Platte	667	26,544	23,992	19,910	20,191	21,181	19,464	19,006	17,747	15,437	9,511	1,899	782
Polk	432	6,468	7,210	8,044	8,748	10,092	10,714	10,521	10,542	10,817	6,846	136	19
Red Willow	686	12,191	12,940	12,977	11,951	13,859	11,434	11,056	9,604	8,837	3,044	———	———
Richardson	550	12,277	13,903	16,886	19,178	19,826	18,968	17,448	19,614	17,574	15,031	9,780	2,835
Rock	1,009	2,231	2,554	3,026	3,977	3,366	3,703	3,627	2,809	3,083	———	———	———
Saline	575	12,809	12,542	14,046	15,010	16,356	16,514	17,866	18,252	20,097	14,491	3,106	39
Sarpy	239	64,889	31,281	15,693	10,835	10,402	9,370	9,274	9,080	6,875	4,481	2,913	1,201
Saunders	759	17,018	17,270	16,923	17,892	20,167	20,589	21,179	22,085	21,577	15,810	4,547	———
Scotts Bluff	726	36,432	33,809	33,939	33,917	28,644	20,710	8,355	2,552	1,888	———	———	———
Seward	571	14,460	13,581	13,155	14,167	15,938	15,867	15,895	15,690	16,140	11,147	2,953	———
Sheridan	2,462	7,285	9,049	9,539	9,869	10,793	9,625	7,328	6,033	8,687	———	———	———
Sherman	567	4,725	5,382	6,421	7,764	9,122	8,877	8,278	6,550	6,399	2,061	———	———
Shorter	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	117
Sioux	2,063	2,034	2,575	3,124	4,001	4,667	4,528	5,599	2,055	2,452	699	———	———
Stanton	431	5,758	5,783	6,387	6,887	7,809	7,756	7,542	6,959	4,619	1,813	636	———
Taylor	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	97	———
Thayer	577	7,779	9,118	10,563	12,262	13,684	13,976	14,775	14,325	12,738	6,113	———	———
Thomas	716	954	1,078	1,206	1,553	1,510	1,773	1,191	628	517	———	———	———
Thurston	388	6,942	7,237	8,590	10,243	10,462	9,589	8,704	6,517	3,176	109	31	———
Valley	569	5,783	6,590	7,252	8,163	9,533	9,823	9,480	7,339	7,092	2,234	———	———

AREA AND POPULATION[1] OF NEBRASKA COUNTIES, 1860-1970—Concluded

County	Area in Square Miles[3]	Population											
		1970	1960	1950	1940	1930	1920	1910	1900	1890	1880	1870	1860
Washington	386	13,310	12,103	11,511	11,578	12,095	12,180	12,738	13,086	11,869	8,631	4,452	1,249
Wayne	443	10,400	9,959	10,129	9,880	10,566	9,725	10,397	9,862	6,169	813	182	—
Webster	575	5,396	6,224	7,395	8,071	10,210	10,922	12,008	11,619	11,210	7,104	16	—
Wheeler	576	1,047	1,297	1,526	2,170	2,335	2,531	2,292	1,362	1,683	644	—	—
York	577	13,685	13,724	14,346	14,874	17,239	17,146	18,721	18,205	17,279	11,170	604	—
Unorganized Territory	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,913	235	1,765
Winnebago Indian Reservation	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	31	—

POPULATION OF NEBRASKA, URBAN AND RURAL, 1950 TO 1970

Class	1970 (April 1)	1960 (April 1)	1950 (April 1)
The State	1,483,493*	1,411,330	1,325,510
Urban	912,598	766,053	621,905
Urban-Farm	—	—	1,273
Rural	570,895	645,277	703,605
Rural-nonfarm		336,518	312,170
Rural-farm		308,759	391,435
Percent Distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0
Urban	61.5	54.3	46.9
Rural	38.5	45.7	53.1
Rural-nonfarm		23.8	23.6
Rural farm		21.9	29.5

* 1,483,791 is the correct total for population of state. Census figures were prepared on total indicated above.

POPULATION OF PLACES IN NEBRASKA 1950-1970

Class	Number of Places 1970	1960	1950	Population 1970	1960	1950
Urban Territory						
Places of 250,000 or more	1	1	1	347,328	301,598	251,117
Places of 100,000 to 250,000	1	1	—	149,518	128,521	—
Places of 25,000 to 100,000	1	1	1	31,269	25,742	98,884
Places of 10,000 to 25,000	9	8	8	163,593	123,600	121,209
Places of 5,000 to 10,000	20	13	9	126,999	86,897	60,726
Places of 2,000 to 5,000	18	19	22	65,592	67,237	77,311
Places under 2,500	1	—	1	989	—	1,300
Other Urban Territory	—	—	—	27,310	32,458	11,358
Total	51	43	42	912,598	766,053	621,905
Rural Territory						
Incorporated places of 1,000 to 2,500	75	69	75	107,730	120,169	112,494
Incorporated places under 1,000	414	426	420	126,755	136,923	139,580
Other Rural Territory	—	—	—	336,410	406,185	451,531
Total	489	495	495	570,895	645,277	703,605
Grand Totals	540	538	537	1,483,493*	1,411,330	1,325,510

* The corrected 1970 population count for Nebraska is 1,483,791, but census tables were prepared using total 1,483,493. No revised reports have been received.

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION IN NEBRASKA, 1940-1975

Year	WHEAT			CORN FOR GRAIN		
	Harvested Acres	Production in Bushels	Value	Harvested Acres	Production in Bushels	Value
1940	2,643,000	34,725,000	$ 23,613,000	4,658,000	95,489,000	$ 55,384,000
1941	2,354,000	36,155,000	35,432,000	6,373,000	152,952,000	102,478,000
1942	2,947,000	69,908,000	78,996,000	6,991,000	223,712,000	183,444,000
1943	2,948,000	61,244,000	82,679,000	7,499,000	202,473,000	208,547,000
1944	2,675,000	33,762,000	47,248,000	8,452,000	281,452,000	273,008,000
1945	3,596,000	82,358,000	121,042,000	8,020,000	232,580,000	262,815,000
1946	3,954,000	90,677,000	171,370,000	7,418,000	218,831,000	330,435,000
1947	4,434,000	92,757,000	206,808,000	6,973,000	139,460,000	295,655,000
1948	4,275,000	87,111,000	172,411,000	6,945,000	243,075,000	313,567,000
1949	4,165,000	58,213,000	111,123,000	7,293,000	226,812,000	274,443,000
1950	4,051,000	88,482,000	180,503,000	6,710,000	241,560,000	350,262,000
1951	4,005,000	58,073,000	125,370,000	6,726,000	188,328,000	291,908,000
1952	4,390,000	98,367,000	205,561,000	6,660,000	253,080,000	377,089,000
1953	3,856,000	85,980,000	178,838,000	6,646,000	196,057,000	288,204,000
1954	3,107,000	60,093,000	129,801,000	6,497,000	188,413,000	275,083,000
1955	3,141,000	78,255,000	156,510,000	4,775,000	95,500,000	137,520,000
1956	3,324,000	64,698,000	128,741,000	4,037,000	94,870,000	129,023,000
1957	2,920,000	78,741,000	151,172,000	4,718,000	219,387,000	239,132,000
1958	3,442,000	113,488,000	197,463,000	5,415,000	276,165,000	309,305,000
1959	3,104,000	68,204,000	120,023,000	6,558,000	318,063,000	327,605,000
1960	3,011,000	85,712,000	148,263,000	6,538,000	333,438,000	326,769,000
1961	3,220,000	78,807,000	140,276,000	5,296,000	275,392,000	305,685,000
1962	2,760,000	53,820,000	104,411,000	5,031,000	304,376,000	337,857,000
1963	2,815,000	60,522,000	110,755,000	5,031,000	286,767,000	309,708,000
1964	2,871,000	70,340,000	93,552,000	3,793,000	204,822,000	237,594,000
1965	2,727,000	54,540,000	72,538,000	3,565,000	249,550,000	291,974,000
1966	2,891,000	101,185,000	164,932,000	4,100,000	328,000,000	390,320,000
1967	3,325,000	88,112,000	120,713,000	4,510,000	329,230,000	355,568,000
1968	3,159,000	101,088,000	118,273,000	4,239,000	313,686,000	341,918,000
1969	2,780,000	87,570,000	102,457,000	4,620,000	429,660,000	468,329,000
1970	2,410,000	91,580,000	111,728,000	4,828,000	366,928,000	458,660,000
1971	2,434,000	102,228,000	126,763,000	5,300,000	450,500,000	500,055,000
1972	2,509,000	92,833,000	161,529,000	5,135,000	534,040,000	817,081,000
1973	2,680,000	93,800,000	356,440,000	5,900,000	554,600,000	1,336,586,000
1974	2,900,000	98,600,000	375,666,000	5,700,000	387,600,000	1,131,792,000
1975	3,070,000	98,240,000	329,104,000	5,920,000	503,200,000	1,207,680,000

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION IN NEBRASKA, 1940-1975—Continued

Year	OATS			BARLEY		
	Harvested Acres	Production in Bushels	Value	Harvested Acres	Production in Bushels	Value
1940	1,426,000	34,224,000	$ 10,267,000	1,321,000	21,136,000	$ 8,243,000
1941	1,840,000	54,280,000	18,998,000	1,915,000	48,832,000	20,509,000
1942	1,766,000	58,278,000	25,642,000	2,068,000	38,258,000	21,807,000
1943	2,172,000	71,676,000	47,306,000	1,551,000	27,918,000	26,522,000
1944	2,085,000	35,028,000	22,418,000	760,000	8,740,000	8,216,000
1945	2,439,000	76,828,000	46,097,000	610,000	13,420,000	12,883,000
1946	2,561,000	71,708,000	53,781,000	549,000	11,529,000	13,835,000
1947	2,279,000	62,672,000	62,045,000	467,000	10,274,000	15,822,000
1948	2,621,000	73,388,000	49,904,000	472,000	9,204,000	9,664,000
1949	2,228,000	45,674,000	29,231,000	326,000	6,096,000	5,547,000
1950	2,562,000	61,488,000	47,961,000	310,000	4,650,000	5,068,000
1951	2,101,000	56,727,000	47,651,000	202,000	4,444,000	5,333,000
1952	2,374,000	45,106,000	34,732,000	166,000	3,403,000	4,152,000
1953	2,232,000	41,292,000	29,317,000	174,000	3,306,000	3,537,000
1954	2,254,000	63,112,000	44,178,000	226,000	3,955,000	4,153,000
1955	2,029,000	52,754,000	33,763,000	190,000	3,800,000	3,534,000
1956	1,339,000	16,068,000	12,212,000	190,000	2,280,000	2,326,000
1957	1,500,000	50,250,000	30,150,000	239,000	7,409,000	5,927,000
1958	1,380,000	48,300,000	27,048,000	244,000	6,710,000	5,905,000
1959	1,277,000	31,925,000	20,113,000	317,000	6,816,000	4,976,000
1960	1,213,000	43,062,000	24,976,000	225,000	6,525,000	4,633,000
1961	1,067,000	34,144,000	21,511,000	225,000	6,300,000	5,103,000
1962	939,000	30,987,000	19,832,000	117,000	3,042,000	2,525,000
1963	845,000	23,238,000	15,105,000	84,000	1,512,000	1,270,000
1964	617,000	17,584,000	11,781,000	78,000	1,638,000	1,441,000
1965	617,000	24,680,000	16,042,000	37,000	1,110,000	1,010,000
1966	543,000	21,720,000	14,770,000	32,000	960,000	941,000
1967	483,000	20,010,000	14,287,000	35,000	875,000	831,000
1968	464,000	12,760,000	8,549,000	35,000	1,155,000	1,016,000
1969	561,000	24,404,000	15,130,000	45,000	1,530,000	1,346,000
1970	578,000	24,276,000	15,779,000	45,000	1,620,000	1,442,000
1971	517,000	26,367,000	17,402,000	42,000	1,680,000	1,529,000
1972	390,000	19,110,000	14,715,000	38,000	1,292,000	1,331,000
1973	430,000	21,070,000	24,231,000	30,000	1,080,000	1,890,000
1974	535,000	25,145,000	38,220,000	27,000	945,000	2,079,000
1975	570,000	27,930,000	40,499,000	35,000	1,260,000	2,583,000

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION IN NEBRASKA, 1940-1975—Continued

Year	SORGHUM FOR GRAIN Harvested Acres	Production in Bushels	Value	SOYBEANS Harvested Acres	Production in Bushels	Value
1940	464,000	5,104,000	$ 2,144,000	4,000	56,000	$ 52,000
1941	226,000	3,842,000	1,767,000	20,000	220,000	332,000
1942	133,000	2,128,000	1,511,000	40,000	600,000	954,000
1943	72,000	1,116,000	1,228,000	73,000	876,000	1,586,000
1944	115,000	2,564,000	2,282,000	19,000	338,000	649,000
1945	75,000	1,350,000	1,566,000	17,000	306,000	627,000
1946	78,000	1,560,000	1,794,000	23,000	483,000	1,232,000
1947	75,000	1,125,000	2,104,000	32,000	464,000	1,559,000
1948	117,000	2,632,000	3,737,000	23,000	529,000	1,180,000
1949	109,000	2,572,000	3,164,000	20,000	444,000	959,000
1950	194,000	4,850,000	4,898,000	50,000	1,200,000	2,880,000
1951	128,000	1,664,000	2,196,000	58,000	1,276,000	3,394,000
1952	97,000	2,231,000	3,101,000	88,000	2,288,000	6,086,000
1953	187,000	2,992,000	3,590,000	105,000	1,942,000	4,991,000
1954	540,000	14,580,000	17,788,000	188,000	4,042,000	9,458,000
1955	720,000	7,920,000	8,237,000	180,000	1,890,000	3,988,000
1956	889,000	12,446,000	14,188,000	146,000	1,679,000	3,526,000
1957	1,983,000	77,337,000	74,244,000	142,000	3,692,000	7,199,000
1958	1,624,000	76,328,000	78,618,000	206,000	5,974,000	11,590,000
1959	1,418,000	61,683,000	48,113,000	146,000	3,504,000	6,482,000
1960	1,796,000	90,698,000	72,558,000	164,000	4,592,000	8,908,000
1961	1,185,000	59,842,000	59,842,000	292,000	7,446,000	16,158,000
1962	1,540,000	101,640,000	101,640,000	310,000	8,370,000	18,665,000
1963	1,863,000	102,465,000	94,268,000	356,000	10,146,000	24,553,000
1964	1,975,000	90,850,000	89,942,000	523,000	11,506,000	28,535,000
1965	2,271,000	121,498,000	110,563,000	696,000	16,356,000	39,582,000
1966	2,089,000	142,052,000	136,370,000	745,000	21,978,000	58,022,000
1967	2,193,000	123,904,000	110,275,000	782,000	17,595,000	42,932,000
1968	1,700,000	98,600,000	86,768,000	782,000	18,377,000	43,737,000
1969	1,514,000	110,522,000	106,101,000	766,000	24,895,000	55,765,000
1970	1,480,000	75,480,000	81,518,000	812,000	17,864,000	49,662,000
1971	2,057,000	123,420,000	114,781,000	609,000	15,225,000	45,523,000
1972	1,640,000	118,080,000	161,770,000	707,000	22,978,000	102,712,000
1973	2,000,000	136,000,000	284,240,000	1,210,000	36,300,000	194,931,000
1974	1,900,000	62,700,000	168,663,000	1,190,000	27,965,000	173,942,000
1975	1,880,000	103,400,000	234,718,000	1,230,000	33,210,000	149,445,000

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION IN NEBRASKA, 1940-1975—Continued

Year	RYE			ALFALFA HAY	
	Harvested Acres	Production in Bushels	Value	Harvested Acres	Production in Tons
1940	296,000	2,812,000	$ 1,181,000	548,000	795,000
1941	394,000	4,531,000	2,220,000	674,000	1,180,000
1942	465,000	6,045,000	3,506,000	829,000	1,699,000
1943	451,000	5,186,000	4,771,000	837,000	1,507,000
1944	365,000	3,322,000	3,189,000	887,000	1,978,000
1945	361,000	4,512,000	5,369,000	922,000	1,982,000
1946	282,000	3,102,000	5,739,000	913,000	1,735,000
1947	305,000	2,745,000	6,121,000	1,070,000	2,194,000
1948	238,000	2,261,000	3,165,000	1,145,000	2,347,000
1949	207,000	1,532,000	1,731,000	1,260,000	2,482,000
1950	224,000	2,464,000	3,006,000	1,348,000	2,696,000
1951	202,000	1,717,000	2,558,000	1,456,000	3,058,000
1952	170,000	1,615,000	2,616,000	1,529,000	3,211,000
1953	128,000	1,152,000	1,244,000	1,712,000	2,996,000
1954	146,000	1,387,000	1,470,000	2,054,000	3,903,000
1955	155,000	1,705,000	1,620,000	2,198,000	3,407,000
1956	186,000	1,674,000	1,774,000	2,088,000	3,132,000
1957	166,000	2,573,000	2,470,000	2,234,000	5,026,000
1958	166,000	2,905,000	2,644,000	2,122,000	4,774,000
1959	156,000	2,106,000	1,874,000	1,782,000	3,920,000
1960	175,000	2,975,000	2,350,000	1,764,000	4,057,000
1961	168,000	2,940,000	2,617,000	1,711,000	3,679,000
1962	225,000	3,600,000	3,168,000	1,831,000	4,394,000
1963	151,000	1,812,000	1,703,000	1,831,000	4,394,000
1964	136,000	2,040,000	1,877,000	1,813,000	4,079,000
1965	113,000	1,978,000	1,820,000	1,813,000	4,532,000
1966	145,000	3,045,000	2,984,000	1,795,000	4,308,000
1967	88,000	1,320,000	1,267,000	1,795,000	4,308,000
1968	88,000	1,320,000	1,228,000	1,741,000	4,178,000
1969	150,000	2,925,000	2,720,000	1,741,000	4,701,000
1970	190,000	4,750,000	4,228,000	1,750,000	4,025,000
1971	210,000	5,880,000	4,939,000	1,698,000	4,585,000
1972	70,000	1,680,000	1,596,000	1,670,000	4,760,000
1973	78,000	1,560,000	2,402,000	1,770,000	5,310,000
1974	55,000	1,100,000	2,420,000	1,700,000	4,335,000
1975	55,000	1,100,000	2,365,000	1,730,000	4,671,000

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION IN NEBRASKA, 1940-1975—Concluded

Year	SUGAR BEETS Harvested Acres	Production in Tons	Value	ALL HAY Harvested Acres	Production in Tons	Value
1940	70,000	933,000	$ 4,357,000	3,294,000	2,437,000	$ 20,958,000
1941	60,000	927,000	5,710,000	3,626,000	3,561,000	27,420,000
1942	80,000	930,000	5,617,000	3,748,000	4,155,000	34,071,000
1943	49,000	568,000	4,748,000	3,983,000	3,803,000	52,481,000
1944	46,000	490,000	4,998,000	4,355,000	4,865,000	63,245,000
1945	58,000	632,000	5,814,000	4,062,000	4,436,000	51,014,000
1946	60,000	825,000	8,580,000	3,915,000	3,787,000	61,728,000
1947	71,000	805,000	9,177,000	4,305,000	4,881,000	86,882,000
1948	42,000	496,000	4,563,000	4,334,000	4,532,000	92,906,000
1949	38,000	558,000	5,859,000	4,871,000	5,260,000	77,322,000
1950	59,000	812,000	9,582,000	4,994,000	5,563,000	80,107,000
1951	55,000	683,000	7,991,000	5,138,000	6,194,000	108,395,000
1952	57,900	904,000	9,582,000	5,317,000	6,098,000	140,864,000
1953	51,700	789,000	9,130,000	5,391,000	5,529,000	103,604,000
1954	60,100	786,000	8,410,000	5,595,000	6,399,000	113,262,000
1955	46,300	665,000	7,514,000	5,506,000	5,514,000	103,663,000
1956	56,100	848,000	10,939,000	5,339,000	4,966,000	106,272,000
1957	59,800	895,000	10,561,000	5,435,000	7,655,000	94,922,000
1958	61,100	902,000	11,185,000	5,236,000	7,344,000	71,237,000
1959	63,900	1,107,000	13,505,000	4,772,000	6,230,000	92,204,000
1960	68,700	1,226,000	15,815,000	4,922,000	6,685,000	100,275,000
1961	77,700	1,155,000	14,322,000	4,900,000	6,047,000	100,985,000
1962	72,700	940,000	12,314,000	5,227,000	7,433,000	115,212,000
1963	83,100	1,594,000	19,766,000	4,809,000	6,602,000	118,836,000
1964	86,200	1,407,000	18,150,000	4,724,000	6,272,000	126,067,000
1965	66,500	928,000	12,064,000	4,673,000	7,063,000	134,197,000
1966	65,200	1,205,000	16,388,000	4,490,000	6,379,000	137,148,000
1967	62,900	853,000	12,283,000	4,491,000	6,497,000	126,692,000
1968	71,800	1,222,000	18,819,000	4,297,000	6,054,000	133,188,000
1969	87,300	1,673,000	19,407,000	4,328,000	6,951,000	142,496,000
1970	78,700	1,365,000	20,202,000	4,150,000	6,100,000	128,100,000
1971	77,700	1,425,000	23,085,000	4,170,000	6,933,000	145,593,000
1972	82,100	1,650,000	29,865,000	4,050,000	7,140,000	171,360,000
1973	74,400	1,482,000	53,352,000	4,050,000	7,476,000	242,970,000
1974	75,500	1,382,000	69,376,000	3,850,000	6,270,000	282,150,000
1975	96,000	1,776,000	———	4,050,000	6,643,000	305,578,000

NUMBER AND VALUE OF LIVESTOCK AS ASSESSED, APRIL 1,* IN NEBRASKA, 1880-1969

Year	HORSES		MULES		CATTLE	
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
1880	176,000	$11,330,274	15,200	$ 1,326,808	570,000	$ 12,925,960
1890	542,036	37,787,194	45,792	4,040,579	1,726,441	30,706,938
1900	636,995	4,330,317	41,930	311,034	2,169,409	10,119,478
1910	906,116	74,566,175	87,429	8,578,300	2,475,639	52,696,290
1920	879,763	56,698,709	93,438	10,700,342	2,598,057	113,778,114
1930	670,139	24,705,294	84,298	4,958,300	2,474,215	95,267,425
1931	633,292	21,854,602	80,299	4,306,665	2,606,219	78,784,088
1932	610,353	17,606,813	76,205	3,551,794	2,572,906	50,376,854
1933	595,617	16,927,008	75,737	3,302,696	2,776,843	48,147,064
1934	601,587	21,386,817	67,863	3,554,048	3,029,487	55,726,457
1935	562,851	21,701,550	53,839	3,282,255	2,488,466	58,182,223
1936	533,408	24,130,986	49,523	3,208,118	2,547,051	67,326,768
1937	483,832	19,975,358	49,804	2,540,795	2,287,427	56,686,200
1938	444,735	16,392,672	44,448	1,888,710	2,048,040	51,965,818
1939	427,179	15,621,471	41,859	1,621,210	2,100,636	64,736,922
1940	420,332	14,026,184	41,872	1,467,094	2,179,963	67,547,728
1941	403,680	11,947,305	39,779	1,160,954	2,262,278	82,614,792
1942	402,145	13,646,684	37,055	1,192,480	2,513,492	118,315,887
1943	398,684	13,871,429	32,374	1,067,345	2,774,198	164,795,832
1944	376,958	11,958,860	27,263	840,825	2,865,239	160,463,081
1945	347,961	8,667,486	23,252	612,580	3,216,217	161,248,328
1946	276,402	6,526,600	12,421	397,540	3,095,543	153,130,637
1947	269,407[1]	5,591,929[1]	———	———	3,079,638	166,698,365
1948	241,792[1]	5,288,277[1]	———	———	3,032,307	192,881,153
1949	212,589[1]	3,954,759[1]	———	———	3,032,722	193,861,030
1950	184,649[1]	3,304,440[1]	———	———	3,112,635	196,741,375
1951	147,567[1]	2,898,010[1]	———	———	3,372,084	334,022,723
1952	120,074[1]	2,406,530[1]	———	———	3,756,654	366,098,352
1953[2]	97,405[1]	1,952,208[1]	———	———	4,301,118	230,493,866
1954[2]	89,379[1]	1,297,355[1]	———	———	4,135,862	173,439,729
1955[2]	67,118[1]	1,764,803[1]	———	———	4,236,147	166,348,123
1956[3]	58,769[1]	1,586,344[1]	———	———	3,854,562	121,147,706
1957[3]	55,471[1]	1,623,831[1]	———	———	3,623,898	115,163,109
1958[3]	53,015[1]	2,312,575[1]	———	———	3,861,649	164,579,429
1959[4]	52,898[1]	1,711,218[1]	———	———	6,486,282	202,146,266
*1960[4]	55,716[1]	1,881,498[1]	———	———	4,355,546	183,923,105
1961[4]	57,543[1]	1,995,009[1]	———	———	4,444,229	158,030,593
1962[4]	60,885[1]	1,963,147[1]	———	———	4,924,191	158,337,651
1963[4]	62,410[1]	1,943,952[1]	———	———	5,180,378	170,709,150
1964[4]	———	2,022,732[1]	———	———	———	174,968,834
1965[4]	———	2,117,538[1]	———	———	———	152,930,730
1966[4]	———	1,899,972[1]	———	———	———	150,240,304
1967[4]	———	1,854,039[1]	———	———	———	201,006,041
1968[4]	62,439	1,379,112	———	———	5,707,041	211,276,959
1969[4]	60,211	1,371,884	———	———	5,619,406	211,346,681

1970-1975 (Not available).

* Commencing 1960, assessment date is January 1.
[1] Includes mules.
[2] Fifty per cent of actual value.
[3] Fifty per cent of basic value.
[4] Thirty-five per cent of actual value.
Source: Figures from Office of State Tax Commissioner.

NUMBER AND VALUE OF LIVESTOCK AS ASSESSED, APRIL 1,* IN NEBRASKA, 1880-1969—Concluded

Year	SWINE Number	SWINE Value	SHEEP AND GOATS Number	SHEEP AND GOATS Value	POULTRY Dozens	POULTRY Value
1880	698,700	$ 3,640,220	172,800	$ 471,744	———	———
1890	2,309,679	12,985,579	239,400	503,338	———	———
1900	1,752,163	1,743,206	371,275	274,298	———	———
1910	1,680,460	18,084,400	257,004	1,061,795	———	———
1920	1,707,092	28,204,860	236,402	1,959,740	———	———
1930	2,028,436	21,874,948	309,114	1,436,953	907,306	$5,020,810
1931	1,968,270	17,237,885	267,254	1,073,994	817,024	4,047,137
1932	2,040,266	7,995,779	253,444	622,712	725,570	3,157,228
1933	1,908,728	7,253,257	295,148	627,550	———	2,627,888
1934	2,346,013	8,108,344	306,488	1,043,786	———	2,345,027
1935	883,009	7,553,969	250,856	942,291	644,833	2,012,921
1936	978,491	10,932,050	266,684	986,144	622,801	2,020,268
1937	552,173	5,851,879	250,351	860,843	648,045	1,800,629
1938	524,354	5,630,870	245,550	770,896	507,611	1,547,880
1939	851,033	7,654,301	297,016	902,198	613,478	1,744,225
1940	890,440	4,716,165	344,615	1,065,630	678,877	1,862,939
1941	725,334	7,042,214	388,823	1,191,60	———	1,783,492
1942	1,168,647	19,747,007	432,714	2,274,694	———	2,563,443
1943	1,785,411	35,445,270	582,254	3,110,547	———	5,393,313
1944	1,558,508	23,013,402	420,246	2,552,476	———	6,223,291
1945	1,022,032	18,269,521	336,023	2,192,307	———	5,171,772
1946	1,077,698	18,035,732	255,674	1,551,646	———	4,447,521
1947	1,037,439	29,961,512	354,142	1,937,567	814,682	4,174,108
1948	1,062,992	28,133,235	261,548	1,915,670	783,134	3,943,157
1949	966,886	24,787,978	219,912	1,642,710	719,948	3,626,534
1950	1,116,388	22,541,118	184,647	1,400,070	732,800	3,769,363
1951	1,370,150	33,968,058	209,565	2,230,655	695,231	3,589,908
1952	1,254,133	18,240,779	276,140	3,653,290	680,014	3,445,110
1953[1]	918,750	14,479,260	238,556	1,724,828	631,586	3,119,686
1954[1]	922,809	17,619,424	271,721	1,706,997	675,312	3,368,745
1955[1]	1,065,543	12,206,157	278,558	1,400,105	637,010	3,191,048
1956[2]	1,740,469	6,662,146	258,649	926,915	626,147	2,224,155
1957[2]	844,240	7,230,657	311,425	1,411,065	636,822	1,627,340
1958[2]	1,769,032	10,081,917	388,913	2,016,510	689,129	2,325,260
1959[3]	2,125,222	9,549,051	———	1,262,552	618,184	1,122,033
*1960[3]	1,694,385	7,387,757	387,532	1,422,718	583,589	1,052,593
1961[3]	1,649,430	7,864,047	534,533	1,758,901	609,806	1,013,857
1962[3]	2,025,410	13,352,719	482,237	837,417	512,777	911,565
1963[3]	2,045,940	12,761,230	426,491	892,951	446,559	786,518
1964[3]	———	12,355,141	———	863,329	———	760,258
1965[3]	———	11,057,428	———	759,456	———	746,475
1966[3]	———	13,302,073	———	886,422	———	699,333
1967[3]	———	18,458,223	———	910,245	———	495,088
1968[3]	2,204,663	18,785,343	285,383	855,822	551,249	518,434
1969[3]	2,149,140	17,486,961	257,234	708,336	481,083	459,008

1970-1975 (Not available).

* Commencing 1960, assessment date is January 1.
[1] Fifty per cent of actual value.
[2] Fifty per cent of basic value.
[3] Thirty-five per cent of actual value.
Source: Figures from Office of State Tax Commissioner.

ESTIMATED LIVESTOCK IN NEBRASKA ON JANUARY 1, 1900-1976

Year	CATTLE Number	CATTLE Value	SHEEP Number	SHEEP Value	POULTRY[1] Number	POULTRY[1] Value
1900	2,808,000	$ 87,709,000	———	———	———	———
1910	2,972,000	72,816,000	———	———	———	———
1920	3,154,000	149,500,000	———	———	———	———
1930	3,060,000	168,300,000	1,208,000	$ 9,906,000	16,282,000	$12,700,000
1931	3,242,000	126,438,000	990,000	4,653,000	15,700,000	8,949,000
1932	3,330,000	80,586,000	1,095,000	3,285,000	14,453,000	6,793,000
1933	3,610,000	67,868,000	1,115,000	3,122,000	14,610,000	4,967,000
1934	3,980,000	69,613,000	1,055,000	4,395,000	15,423,000	4,627,000
1935	3,232,000	58,193,000	804,000	3,433,000	12,027,000	4,931,000
1936	3,491,000	119,715,000	1,068,000	7,511,000	12,431,000	8,702,000
1937	3,037,000	93,788,000	721,000	4,154,000	12,925,000	5,946,000
1938	2,780,000	90,485,000	859,000	5,015,000	11,077,000	7,311,000
1939	2,810,000	108,267,000	910,000	5,551,000	12,624,000	7,574,000
1940	2,904,000	119,645,000	1,045,000	6,682,000	13,740,000	6,595,000
1941	3,009,000	129,688,000	942,000	6,493,000	13,179,000	6,985,000
1942	3,285,000	176,709,000	1,154,000	10,299,000	15,338,000	11,197,000
1943	3,765,000	264,640,000	1,265,000	12,534,000	19,308,000	18,729,000
1944	3,957,000	258,392,000	1,228,000	11,199,000	19,938,000	20,536,000
1945	4,176,000	258,077,000	1,079,000	10,161,000	17,330,000	18,716,000
1946	4,026,000	288,872,000	990,000	10,690,000	16,970,000	19,176,000
1947	3,922,000	358,471,000	716,000	10,886,000	15,299,000	18,818,000
1948	3,797,000	455,640,000	779,000	14,007,000	14,349,000	16,214,000
1949	3,856,000	520,560,000	729,000	12,585,000	13,066,000	18,815,000
1950	3,843,000	476,532,000	588,000	10,349,000	13,552,000	16,262,000
1951	4,105,000	685,535,000	765,000	19,051,000	12,913,000	16,141,000
1952	4,575,000	841,800,000	871,000	22,229,000	12,652,000	15,815,000
1953	4,992,000	559,040,000	810,000	12,674,000	11,423,000	12,565,000
1954	4,752,000	427,680,000	788,000	10,496,000	11,810,000	15,353,000
1955	5,065,000	471,045,000	849,000	13,219,000	11,563,000	9,250,000
1956	4,759,000	390,238,000	695,000	9,391,000	11,167,000	11,725,000
1957	4,455,000	392,040,000	780,000	11,318,000	11,615,000	11,034,000
1958	4,533,000	580,224,000	759,000	13,785,000	10,896,000	12,530,000
1959	4,886,000	815,962,000	813,000	15,634,000	11,047,000	10,826,000
1960	5,072,000	664,432,000	836,000	12,653,000	10,425,000	6,985,000
1961	5,134,000	698,224,000	811,000	11,796,000	9,938,000	10,435,000
1962	5,434,000	787,930,000	723,000	9,537,000	9,224,000	7,471,000
1963	5,773,000	894,815,000	671,000	10,188,000	8,117,000	6,494,000
1964	6,048,000	792,288,000	634,000	8,791,000	7,952,000	6,759,000
1965	6,077,000	704,932,000	585,000	9,247,000	7,532,000	6,478,000
1966	6,259,000	863,742,000	577,000	11,104,000	6,719,000	6,450,000
1967	6,377,000	962,927,000	569,000	10,946,000	6,819,000	6,819,000
1968	6,394,000	952,706,000	451,000	8,665,000	6,259,000	4,569,000
1969	6,330,000	1,006,470,000	393,000	8,528,000	5,343,000	4,595,000
1970	6,330,000	1,171,050,000	377,000	9,318,000	4,979,000	5,228,000
1971	6,457,000	1,194,545,000	370,000	7,955,000	5,230,000	4,969,000
1972	6,780,000	1,457,700,000	366,000	8,601,000	4,812,000	4,379,000
1973	6,865,000	1,750,575,000	370,000	9,620,000	4,427,000	4,427,000
1974	7,410,000	2,630,550,000	320,000	10,400,000	4,630,000	7,408,000
1975	6,900,000	1,035,000,000	280,000	8,260,000	4,450,000	7,788,000
1976	6,550,000	1,244,500,000	230,000	7,935,000	4,250,000	7,225,000

[1] Starting 1969 estimates are for the preceding December 1.

ESTIMATED LIVESTOCK IN NEBRASKA ON JANUARY 1, 1900-1976

Year	HORSES[1] Number	HORSES[1] Value	MULES[2] Number	MULES[2] Value	SWINE[3] Number	SWINE[3] Value
1900	775,000	$ 33,325,000	54,000	$ 2,916,000	2,969,000	$ 17,814,000
1910	1,010,000	109,080,000	82,000	9,758,000	2,960,000	32,560,000
1920	961,000	74,296,000	100,000	10,628,000	3,436,000	79,028,000
1930	757,000	46,177,000	99,000	7,821,000	5,010,000	78,156,000
1931	734,000	38,168,000	95,000	5,890,000	4,820,000	64,588,000
1932	712,000	31,328,000	91,000	5,096,000	5,334,000	32,004,000
1933	681,000	31,326,000	88,000	4,928,000	4,534,000	19,496,000
1934	666,000	38,396,000	83,000	6,118,000	5,010,000	21,441,000
1935	651,000	41,941,000	75,000	6,063,000	2,034,000	12,391,000
1936	618,000	52,956,000	68,000	7,140,000	2,238,000	33,838,000
1937	569,000	47,335,000	64,000	6,830,000	1,567,000	22,164,000
1938	523,000	35,024,000	55,000	4,813,000	1,507,000	18,944,000
1939	491,000	30,302,000	53,000	4,306,000	1,869,000	25,360,000
1940	532,000	30,983,000	———	———	2,385,000	20,750,000
1941	515,000	24,937,000	———	———	1,813,000	17,513,000
1942	503,000	24,857,000	———	———	2,375,000	45,745,000
1943	497,000	32,285,000	———	———	3,491,000	97,073,000
1944	477,000	28,848,000	———	———	4,329,000	94,805,000
1945	445,000	21,927,000	———	———	2,597,000	69,859,000
1946	409,000	15,064,000	———	———	3,168,000	90,605,000
1947	350,000	13,220,000	———	———	2,503,000	106,878,000
1948	307,000	11,232,000	———	———	2,403,000	132,405,000
1949	260,000	9,755,000	———	———	2,403,000	109,817,000
1950	229,000	7,653,000	———	———	2,499,000	79,968,000
1951	201,000	6,231,000	———	———	2,999,000	116,961,000
1952	162,000	5,670,000	———	———	3,239,000	99,437,000
1953	133,000	5,187,000	———	———	2,397,000	71,910,000
1954	115,000	4,600,000	———	———	2,061,000	94,600,000
1955	101,000	4,646,000	———	———	2,308,000	83,319,000
1956	85,000	4,080,000	———	———	2,423,000	42,402,000
1957	77,000	4,928,000	———	———	1,841,000	52,837,000
1958	73,000	6,132,000	———	———	2,080,000	71,968,000
1959	70,000	7,420,000	———	———	2,579,000	91,554,000
1960	70,000	7,420,000	———	———	2,502,000	48,038,000
1961	———	———	———	———	2,527,000	74,799,000
1962	———	———	———	———	2,704,000	78,146,000
1963	———	———	———	———	2,758,000	79,430,000
1964	———	———	———	———	2,868,000	69,979,000
1965	———	———	———	———	2,696,000	68,478,000
1966	———	———	———	———	2,561,000	123,696,000
1967	———	———	———	———	2,766,000	97,640,000
1968	———	———	———	———	3,043,000	87,334,000
1969	———	———	———	———	3,226,000	98,070,000
1970	———	———	———	———	3,000,000	120,600,000
1971	———	———	———	———	3,691,000	86,739,000
1972	———	———	———	———	3,322,000	97,999,000
1973	———	———	———	———	3,300,000	143,550,000
1974	———	———	———	———	3,455,000	214,210,000
1975	———	———	———	———	3,050,000	134,200,000
1976	———	———	———	———	2,700,000	230,850,000

[1] Estimates discontinued 1961.
[2] Mule estimates included with horses 1940-1960.
[3] Starting 1968, swine estimates are for the preceding December 1.

U.S. GOVERNMENT INSPECTION RECORDS OF CATTLE AND HOGS SLAUGHTERED IN FEDERALLY INSPECTED PLANTS—1975

Month	Number of Cattle Slaughtered	Number of Hogs Slaughtered
January	420,507	191,144
February	390,451	228,510
March	391,697	267,744
April	397,499	294,857
May	383,771	242,229
June	366,017	224,566
July	366,018	180,725
August	380,294	192,351
September	411,149	247,672
October	426,990	277,534
November	370,324	249,354
December	417,836	276,950
Total	4,722,553	2,873,636

DAIRY PRODUCTS PRODUCTION
1964-1975

Commodity	Unit	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Creamery Butter	1,000 lbs.	52,948	48,482	44,084	42,496	39,391	32,849
Cottage Cheese—Creamed	1,000 lbs.	10,310	9,969	9,489	10,061	10,516	10,574
Cottage Cheese—Curd	1,000 lbs.	7,086	6,802	6,334	6,612	6,856	7,021
Total American Cheese	1,000 lbs.	9,238	10,587	13,156	17,501	22,486	22,001
Cheddar Cheese	1,000 lbs.	6,994	8,732	9,542	14,122	17,922	15,591
Dry Milk, Non-fat[1]		38,825	40,653	41,456	43,468	44,933	37,395
Ice Milk	1,000 gal.	3,950	3,817	3,615	4,012	——	4,871
Ice Cream—Total	1,000 gal.	10,398	10,314	10,116	10,400	10,111	10,202

[1] For human food.

DAIRY PRODUCTS PRODUCTION—Continued
1964-1975

Commodity	Unit	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975
Creamery Butter	1,000 lbs.	30,388	30,737	26,952	22,944	20,988	19,273
Cottage Cheese—Creamed	1,000 lbs.	19,923	11,275	11,636	11,363	9,978	10,408
Cottage Cheese—Curd	1,000 lbs.	7,152	7,266	7,468	7,192	6,362	6,512
Total American Cheese	1,000 lbs.	28,470	29,797	30,969	31,212	33,769	30,345
Cheddar Cheese	1,000 lbs.	21,160	22,189	22,972	17,858	17,388	12,669
Dry Milk, Non-fat[1]		32,999	27,706	18,667	17,676	16,849	14,826
Ice Milk	1,000 gal.	4,388	4,555	4,714	4,062	4,229	4,035
Ice Cream—Total	1,000 gal.	9,594	9,212	8,449	7,487	8,500	9,240

[1] For human food.

ASSESSED FARM LAND AND VALUE,* 1911-1975

Year	Total Acres Assessed	Assessed Value Total	Assessed Value Av. per Acre	Year	Total Acres Assessed	Assessed Value Total	Assessed Value Av. per Acre
1911	36,445,453	$ 953,952,145	$26.17	1943	44,792,892	1,014,720,112	22.65
1912	38,094,777	1,143,705,685	30.02	1944	46,229,000	1,011,977,480	21.88
1913	40,020,007	1,149,658,970	28.73	1945	46,007,166	1,012,107,904	22.00
1914	41,739,991	1,168,479,990	27.99	1946	46,211,342	1,019,839,596	22.07
1915	42,583,294	1,181,680,550	27.75	1947	47,362,375	1,020,672,019	21.55
1916	44,186,146	1,332,301,595	30.15	1948	46,304,492	1,039,775,246	22.45
1917	45,128,866	1,349,630,240	29.91	1949	46,197,015	1,044,759,818	22.61
1918	45,140,226	1,356,420,765	30.05	1950	46,180,741	1,050,704,960	22.75
1919	45,703,561	1,379,883,290	30.19	1951	46,215,244	1,051,439,473	22.75
1920	———	2,231,644,795	——	1952	46,109,591	1,075,753,423	23.33
1921	46,389,534	1,831,048,877	39.47	1953[1]	46,192,963	1,289,292,253	27.91
1922	46,421,647	1,753,312,309	37.77	1954[1]	46,130,684	1,195,564,100	25.92
1923	46,487,757	1,797,276,553	38.45	1955[1]	46,242,575	1,201,915,450	25.99
1924	46,452,035	1,773,564,474	38.18	1956[2]	46,058,603	1,197,076,098	26.00
1925	46,466,452	1,774,883,955	38.20	1957[2]	46,058,603	1,194,160,550	25.93
1926	46,611,649	1,775,231,543	38.09	1958[2]	46,058,603	1,429,928,290	31.05
1927	46,611,594	1,778,440,372	38.15	1959[3]	———	1,219,362,899	——
1928	46,990,280	1,780,032,546	38.87	1960[3]	———	1,228,721,457	——
1929	46,622,760	1,782,761,375	38.23	1961[3]	———	1,272,133,894	——
1930	46,802,438	1,736,632,786	37.10	1962[3]	———	1,293,221,683	——
1931	46,700,008	1,736,537,692	37.18	1963[3]	———	1,311,309,620	——
1932	46,811,348	1,435,384,208	30.66	1964[3]	———	1,323,914,363	——
1933	46,663,197	1,148,126,823	24.53	1965[3]	———	1,470,722,492	——
1934	46,791,712	1,140,556,070	24.43	1966[3]	———	1,680,167,588	——
1935	46,758,936	1,140,719,997	24.40	1967[3]	———	1,484,020,764	——
1936	46,689,217	1,136,629,834	24.34	1968[3]	———	1,563,490,664	——
1937	46,559,004	1,136,408,362	24.41	1969[3]	———	2,073,497,474	
1938	46,538,928	1,132,457,641	24.33	1970	———	2,102,374,566	——
1939	46,513,633	1,129,400,943	24.28	1971	———	2,064,256,166	——
1940	46,412,020	1,032,542,666	22.25	1972[3]	———	1,908,747,044	——
1941	46,443,145	1,032,947,415	22.24	1973[3]	———	1,938,741,482	——
1942	46,318,850	$1,015,787,214	$21.93	1974[3]	———	1,965,041,094	——
				1975[3]	———	1,966,206,157	——

* Assessed farm land only. Leased school land not included. Values equalized by the State Board of Equalization and Assessment since 1920. Between 1920 and 1928 there was some slight difference between the assessed and equalized value. Since 1929, the equalized value is used only as the assessed value.

[1] Fifty per cent of actual value.

[2] Fifty per cent of basic value.

[3] Thirty-five per cent of actual value.

AVERAGE VALUE OF FARMS, 1860-1969

Census Year	Av. Acres per Farm	Average Value per Farm[1] All Farm Property	Land and Buildings	Implements and Machinery	Domestic Animals, Poultry and Bees	Av. Value of Land and Buildings per Acre
1969	634.3	———	$97,931	——	——	$154.38
1964	596.2	———	65,268	——	——	109.39
1959	527.8	———	47,750	——	——	88.66
1954	470.9	———	34,395	——	——	71.60
1950	442.9	———	25,939	——	——	57.62
1945	427.3	$20,030	15,205	$1,629	——	35.58
1940	391.1	11,528	9,399	805	——	24.03
1935	348.9	———	11,696	——	——	33.53
1930	345.4	22,687	19,274	1,142	$2,231	55.81
1920	339.4	33,771	29,836	1,231	2,704	87.91
1910	297.8	16,038	13,983	341	1,714	46.95
1900	246.1	6,155	4,753	205	1,196	19.31
1890	190.1	4,505	3,542	145	818	18.63
1880	156.9	2,431[2]	1,671	123	637[2]	10.65
1870[3]	168.6	2,494	1,967	101	426	11.67
1860	226.3	1,869	1,391	74	405	6.14

[1] Includes estimated value of range animals.
[2] Averages are based on "all farms" in state.
[3] Computed gold values, being 80 per cent of the currency values reported.

FARM PROPERTY

Number, Area and Value of Farms[1]	1960	1970	1974
Population of state	1,411,330	1,483,791	1,537,000[2]
Rural Population	645,277	569,652	N/A
Number of farms	90,475	72,257	68,973
Approximate land area of state, acres	49,031,680	49,031,680	49,031,680
Land in farms, acres	47,755,708	48,949,376	46,361,232
Value of farms,land and buildings	$46,796	$97,931	$191,664

[1] Census Bureau.
[2] July 1, 1974

INDEX NUMBERS OF PRICES RECEIVED BY NEBRASKA FARMERS
1963-1975
August 1909-July 1914—100

INDEXES	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975
All Commodities	249	237	270	292	270	272	307	303	297	352	495	476	512
All Crops	198	189	184	191	180	166	164	168	175	187	317	456	411
Food Grains	233	198	165	190	176	152	143	151	156	186	364	509	416
Feed Grains and Hay	184	193	200	209	198	189	193	199	208	204	298	456	458
Seed Crops	299	218	207	222	236	256	261	252	226	250	460	650	419
Specialty Crops	124	140	185	129	130	125	127	114	121	130	212	263	236
Livestock Products	269	255	303	330	304	312	360	354	342	414	562	484	551
Meat Animals	295	278	340	369	339	349	406	400	389	483	658	560	646
Dairy Products	241	242	245	269	273	274	283	286	283	285	303	298	315
Poultry and Eggs	121	117	114	138	103	102	137	118	94	97	193	172	165

GROSS CASH RECEIPTS FROM FARM MARKETING BY MONTHS
1965-1975
(In Thousands)

PRINCIPAL CROPS

Month	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975
January	53,728	59,869	77,575	67,562	79,692	102,739	90,719	84,362	202,300	269,678	187,181
February	20,186	27,434	45,681	30,236	31,430	45,250	48,930	40,567	90,105	173,398	121,859
March	17,046	17,831	41,945	24,012	22,605	33,220	34,675	35,900	68,616	109,905	85,479
April	18,794	20,016	32,912	18,227	19,545	28,465	29,017	27,702	65,668	91,925	105,092
May	14,893	12,954	24,508	12,345	14,078	25,170	32,431	24,838	62,391	79,435	92,587
June	11,625	15,046	24,679	15,564	6,738	21,201	27,403	21,909	57,611	95,613	83,442
July	41,980	77,747	60,159	27,043	46,850	78,565	81,808	93,550	115,216	190,116	165,832
August	22,606	34,978	37,263	28,155	36,934	33,667	31,714	58,383	162,440	124,076	162,078
September	17,151	24,020	29,509	27,139	25,093	32,176	37,174	32,980	106,874	100,431	106,605
October	51,595	71,580	51,244	53,058	60,552	77,636	84,177	85,148	168,068	246,563	229,333
November	69,766	93,678	73,408	89,506	107,060	114,222	110,736	150,976	239,562	224,970	214,150
December	39,631	67,126	72,563	71,231	98,298	88,376	86,123	183,972	221,293	158,355	164,079
Total	379,001	522,279	571,446	464,078	548,875	680,687	694,907	840,287	1,560,144	1,864,465	1,717,717

LIVESTOCK AND LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS

Month	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975
January	84,473	102,279	114,117	116,974	124,550	132,857	133,650	168,297	220,027	262,759	137,174
February	74,920	95,861	88,647	116,676	101,545	116,402	120,513	159,840	190,307	185,359	138,104
March	85,059	101,394	98,232	100,939	127,907	118,326	135,973	169,269	210,308	183,002	152,009
April	75,709	88,922	98,538	112,364	132,745	138,673	107,910	150,730	186,911	222,188	200,898
May	78,472	103,188	111,044	103,583	120,570	107,760	119,666	187,040	216,475	192,977	204,179
June	77,663	90,386	93,940	99,580	113,012	132,715	119,577	178,123	172,394	153,406	180,785
July	66,705	69,287	76,607	94,291	97,573	113,948	100,562	128,400	136,865	170,209	163,383
August	86,827	99,661	97,112	92,811	104,327	110,065	116,351	160,216	189,964	181,182	177,299
September	79,165	119,021	106,225	120,601	132,691	116,676	145,558	179,092	223,271	166,067	226,754
October	87,135	104,523	109,505	105,851	123,353	124,517	131,146	169,913	265,075	217,646	227,049
November	86,251	86,826	82,066	97,675	105,258	112,407	129,499	157,993	201,958	155,238	169,928
December	87,296	98,550	95,023	106,242	129,144	121,977	125,104	171,724	184,701	135,035	180,652
Total	969,675	1,159,898	1,171,056	1,267,587	1,412,675	1,446,323	1,485,599	1,980,637	2,398,156	2,225,068	2,158,214

GROSS CASH RECEIPTS FROM SALES, GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS CONSUMED ON FARMS WHERE PRODUCED, 1924-1975

(Million Dollars)

Year	Gross Cash Income From Farm Marketings			Government Payments[1]	Cash Income & Government Payments	Value of Products Consumed on Farms Where Produced	Cash Income Government Payments and Value of Products Consumed on Farms where Produced
	Crops	Livestock & Livestock Products	Crops & Livestock Total				
1924	135.1	286.0	421.1	—	421.1	32.1	453.2
1925	115.9	329.0	444.9	—	444.9	36.2	481.1
1926	96.6	337.6	434.2	—	434.2	37.9	472.1
1927	126.3	292.1	418.4	—	418.4	36.5	454.9
1928	141.8	342.8	484.6	—	484.6	36.2	520.8
1929	126.3	362.8	489.1	—	489.1	38.0	527.1
1930	99.3	309.1	408.4	—	408.4	32.3	440.7
1931	55.8	223.3	279.1	—	279.1	24.1	303.2
1932	28.5	138.2	166.7	—	166.7	18.5	185.2
1933	52.4	141.0	193.4	1.0	194.4	18.5	212.9
1934	45.4	181.8	227.2	23.5	250.7	17.2	267.9
1935	42.0	167.4	209.4	33.1	242.1	25.8	268.3
1936	57.4	223.6	281.0	17.3	298.3	26.9	325.2
1937	63.2	187.6	250.8	17.5	268.3	25.5	293.8
1938	46.7	153.8	200.5	15.4	215.9	21.2	237.1
1939	56.6	164.9	221.5	28.1	249.6	19.1	268.7
1940	51.0	173.3	224.3	46.3	270.6	18.9	289.5
1941	77.8	212.2	290.0	15.9	305.9	23.1	329.0
1942	131.5	337.4	468.9	36.4	505.3	29.2	534.5
1943	179.0	474.6	653.6	37.1	690.7	33.6	724.3
1944	185.5	449.0	634.5	21.6	656.1	30.8	686.9
1945	280.7	453.9	734.6	18.7	753.3	37.1	790.4
1946	277.9	563.2	841.1	23.6	864.7	42.3	907.0
1947	401.6	671.0	1,072.6	13.5	1,086.1	49.8	1,135.9
1948	354.9	675.3	1,030.2	8.5	1,038.7	50.4	1,089.1
1949	339.2	615.8	955.0	6.8	961.8	39.3	1,001.1
1950	344.7	664.9	1,009.6	8.8	1,018.4	36.7	1,055.1
1951	337.4	851.5	1,188.9	9.1	1,198.0	41.1	1,239.1
1952	378.6	795.1	1,173.6	10.0	1,183.6	38.4	1,222.0
1953	395.4	724.9	1,120.3	7.9	1,128.2	35.7	1,163.9
1954	342.0	718.8	1,060.8	8.6	1,069.4	31.0	1,100.4
1955	300.5	717.2	1,017.7	7.7	1,025.4	27.4	1,052.8
1956	263.8	650.9	914.7	42.7	957.4	25.9	983.3
1957	256.2	646.1	902.3	54.8	957.1	25.0	982.1
1958	470.3	746.9	1,217.2	36.9	1,254.1	27.6	1,281.7
1959	413.8	821.8	1,235.6	19.9	1,255.5	24.6	1,280.1
1960	445.4	766.8	1,212.2	22.1	1,234.3	23.2	1,257.5
1961	448.8	791.9	1,240.7	88.6	1,329.3	22.6	1,351.9
1962	405.1	834.0	1,239.1	101.4	1,340.5	21.3	1,361.8
1963	473.2	834.7	1,307.9	106.9	1,414.8	19.6	1,434.4
1964	397.1	868.7	1,265.8	164.9	1,430.7	18.4	1,449.1
1965	379.0	969.7	1,348.7	184.7	1,533.4	19.3	1,552.7
1966	522.3	1,159.9	1,682.2	175.4	1,857.6	19.7	1,877.3
1967	571.4	1,171.1	1,742.5	134.5	1,877.0	14.5	1,891.5
1968	464.1	1,267.6	1,731.7	185.3	1,917.0	15.2	1,932.2
1969	548.9	1,412.7	1,961.6	200.6	2,162.2	16.1	2,178.3
1970	674.5	1,450.6	2,125.1	203.0	2,328.1	14.6	2,342.7
1971	694.9	1,485.6	2,180.5	171.0	2,351.5	11.9	2,363.4
1972	840.3	1,980.6	2,820.9	233.3	3,054.2	14.4	3,068.6
1973	1,560.1	2,398.2	3,958.3	151.8	4,110.1	22.2	4,132.3
1974	1,864.4	2,225.1	4,089.5	21.0	4,110.5	22.2	4,132.7
1975	1,717.7	2,158.2	3,875.9	72.0	3,947.9	20.5	3,968.4

[1] Includes rental and benefit agricultural conservation, price adjustment and parity and sugar act programs.

NEBRASKA—IRRIGATION STATISTICS, 1972-1975

COUNTY AND DISTRICT	Number of Wells Registered to Jan. 1, 1976[1]	Total Acres Irrigated[2] 1972	1973	1974[4]	1975[5]
Banner	138	14,000	15,200	16,900	18,000
Box Butte	575	66,900	69.300	72.600	78,000
Cheyenne	317	25,300[3]	27.500[3]	30,400[3]	33,000[3]
Dawes	51	16,500[3]	16,500[3]	16,500[3]	17,000[3]
Deuel	234	23,800[3]	24,800[3]	26,900[3]	27,000[3]
Garden	203	22,700[3]	25,100[3]	26,500[3]	30,000[3]
Kimball	173	18,500[3]	19,700[3]	22,200[3]	24,000[3]
Morrill	383	92,100[3]	96,000[3]	103,800[3]	108,000[3]
Scotts Bluff	381	190,400[3]	195,700[3]	203,700[3]	206,000[3]
Sheridan	296	31,800[3]	34,300[3]	36,800[3]	39,000[3]
Sioux	126	42,500[3]	43,000[3]	45,900[3]	46,000[3]
NORTHWEST	2,877	544,500	567,100	602,200	626,000
Arthur	30	3,300	3,600	3,900	4,000
Blaine	83	6,400	7,700	9,000	9,500
Boyd	16	1,600	1,800	2,100	3,500
Brown	261	40,400	44,600	49,000	52,000
Cherry	231	11,200	15,800	23,100	27,000
Garfield	88	10,900	11,700	12,100	12,500
Grant	16	600	600	1,300	1,500
Holt	1,362	111,400	132,100	149,700	169,000
Hooker	19	1,000	1,500	1,900	2,000
Keya Paha	86	6,100	7,500	9,600	11,000
Logan	79	8,200	8,400	9,300	10,000
Loup	80	10,200	11,500	12,000	13,000
McPherson	36	2,900	2,800	3,500	4,000
Rock	273	17,100	22,700	27,000	32,000
Thomas	28	2,000	2,600	2,600	3,000
Wheeler	160	11,500	14,200	16,700	18,000
NORTH	2,848	244,800	289,100	332,800	372,000
Antelope	761	59,300	67,500	80,900	97,000
Boone	674	54,500	60,100	64,400	71,000
Burt	197	15,700	16,800	17,700	22,000
Cedar	139	10,300	11,200	12,600	16,000
Cuming	94	7,700	8,100	9,100	11,000
Dakota	50	3,800	3,800	5,200	6,500
Dixon	31	2,400	2,600	3,000	4,500
Knox	122	9,100	10,300	12,000	15,000
Madison	343	25,700	28,500	33,000	41,000
Pierce	379	24,300	28,100	36,000	43,000
Stanton	143	11,400	11,600	12,100	14,000
Thurston	31	4,600	4,200	4,800	5,000
Wayne	37	2,300	2,500	3,100	4,000
NORTHEAST	3,001	231,100	255,300	293,900	350,000
Buffalo	2,495	174,100	184,200	188,000	196,000
Custer	1,188	125,900	137,600	144,800	149,000
Dawson	2,696	218,800[3]	241,100[3]	249,400[3]	257,000[3]
Greeley	379	30,800	33,600	37,100	40,000
Hall	2,785	168,700	170,300	173,600	174,000
Howard	481	65,300	66,000	68,000	71,000
Sherman	259	31,700	32,500	33,800	35,000
Valley	361	53,900	55,400	56,000	60,000
CENTRAL	10,644	869,200	920,700	950,700	982,000

Butler	691	55,100	58,000	63,000	69,000
Cass	32	3,200	2,800	2,800	3,500
Colfax	493	33,600	34,600	35,400	37,000
Dodge	825	50,200	55,900	60,800	67,000
Douglas	120	6,200	6,600	6,900	7,500
Hamilton	2,212	185,000	190,700	190,800	208,000
Lancaster	161	11,000	11,900	13,100	15,000
Merrick	2,963	155,100	158,900	159,300	163,000
Nance	375	26,700	28,300	31,500	34,000
Platte	913	72,100	75,100	81,700	91,000
Polk	1,188	96,800	105,700	106,200	113,000
Sarpy	60	5,500	5,500	5,600	6,000
Saunders	289	24,300	24,200	25,700	30,000
Seward	804	67,900	74,800	76,200	80,000
Washington	42	3,200	3,300	3,600	4,000
York	2,058	163,700	178,200	179,800	186,000
EAST	13,226	959,600	1,014,500	1,042,400	1,114,000
Chase	966	90,600	104,200	118,500	131,000
Dundy	514	39,200	43,100	53,400	63,000
Frontier	498	37,700	45,1300	50,900	58,000
Hayes	205	20,400	22,300	23,700	26,000
Hitchcock	296	50,300	52,900	53,300	56,000
Keith	656	65,700	68,200	74,000	80,000
Lincoln	1,040	109,000[3]	123,000[3]	131,300[3]	140,000[3]
Perkins	447	29,100	36,400	50,000	59,000
Red Willow	479	60,800	63,800	65,400	68,000
SOUTHWEST	5,101	502,800	559,200	620,500	681,000
Adams	1,339	106,400	109,300	113,600	122,000
Franklin	507	48,600	51,500	53,300	56,000
Furnas	412	39,600	41,800	43,100	46,000
Gosper	443	46,400[3]	48,700[3]	51,600[3]	55,000[3]
Harlan	572	53,600	56,000	56,300	58,000
Kearney	1,235	130,400[3]	138,500[3]	141,800[3]	146,000[3]
Phelps	1,287	165,900[3]	176,000[3]	177,100[3]	187,000[3]
Webster	293	26,200	27,600	28,200	30,000
Buffalo	2,495	174,100	184,200	188,000	196,000
Custer	1,188	125,900	137,600	144,800	149,000
Dawson	2,696	218,800[3]	241,100[3]	249,400[3]	257,000[3]
Greeley	379	30,800	33,600	37,100	40,000
Hall	2,785	168,700	170,300	173,600	174,000
Howard	481	65,300	66,000	68,000	71,000
Sherman	259	31,700	32,500	33,800	35,000
Valley	361	53,900	55,400	56,000	60,000
CENTRAL	10,644	869,200	920,700	950,700	982,000
Butler	691	55,100	58,000	63,000	69,000
Cass	32	3,200	2,800	2,800	3,500
Colfax	493	33,600	34,600	35,400	37,000
Dodge	825	50,200	55,900	60,800	67,000
Douglas	120	6,200	6,600	6,900	7,500
Hamilton	2,212	185,000	190,700	190,800	208,000
Lancaster	161	11,000	11,900	13,100	15,000
Merrick	2,963	155,100	158,900	159,300	163,000
Nance	375	26,700	28,300	31,500	34,000
Platte	913	72,100	75,100	81,700	91,000
Polk	1,188	96,800	105,700	106,200	113,000
Sarpy	60	5,500	5,500	5,600	6,000
Saunders	289	24,300	24,200	25,700	30,000
Seward	804	67,900	74,800	76,200	80,000
Washington	42	3,200	3,300	3,600	4,000
York	2,058	163,700	178,200	179,800	186,000
EAST	13,226	959,600	1,014,500	1,042,400	1,114,000

Chase	966	90,600	104,200	118,500	131,000
Dundy	514	39,200	43,100	53,400	63,000
Frontier	498	37,700	45,1300	50,900	58,000
Hayes	205	20,400	22,300	23,700	26,000
Hitchcock	296	50,300	52,900	53,300	56,000
Keith	656	65,700	68,200	74,000	80,000
Lincoln	1,040	109,000[3]	123,000[3]	131,300[3]	140,000[3]
Perkins	447	29,100	36,400	50,000	59,000
Red Willow	479	60,800	63,800	65,400	68,000
SOUTHWEST	5,101	502,800	559,200	620,500	681,000
Adams	1,339	106,400	109,300	113,600	122,000
Franklin	507	48,600	51,500	53,300	56,000
Furnas	412	39,600	41,800	43,100	46,000
Gosper	443	46,400[3]	48,700[3]	51,600[3]	55,000[3]
Harlan	572	53,600	56,000	56,300	58,000
Kearney	1,235	130,400[3]	138,500[3]	141,800[3]	146,000[3]
Phelps	1,287	165,900[3]	176,000[3]	177,100[3]	187,000[3]
Webster	293	26,200	27,600	28,200	30,000
SOUTH	6,088	617,100	649,000	665,000	700,000
Clay	1,588	138,200	140,800	148,300	155,000
Fillmore	1,366	123,900	127,600	128,100	140,000
Gage	311	29,900	31,200	31,800	34,000
Jefferson	354	31,100	32,000	33,500	37,000
Johnson	50	4,200	4,600	4,600	5,500
Nemaha	10	1,300	1,300	1,400	2,000
Nuckolls	417	43,700	44,800	45,600	46,000
Otoe	11	2,400	3,800	3,300	3,500
Pawnee	2	500	500	500	1,000
Richardson	2	700	700	900	1,000
Saline	686	55,000	62,000	65,100	67,000
Thayer	896	78,000	78,400	79,400	83,000
SOUTHEAST	5,693	508,900	527,700	542,500	575,000
NEBRASKA	49,478	4,478,000	4,783,000	5,050,000	5,400,000

[1] Data from State Department of Water Resources.
[2] Represents total acres that have wells available and could be irrigated if conditions warrant.
[3] Some duplication of acreage where wells are used to supplement canal water.
[4] Revised.
[5] Preliminary.

NEBRASKA IRRIGATION, 1954-1975

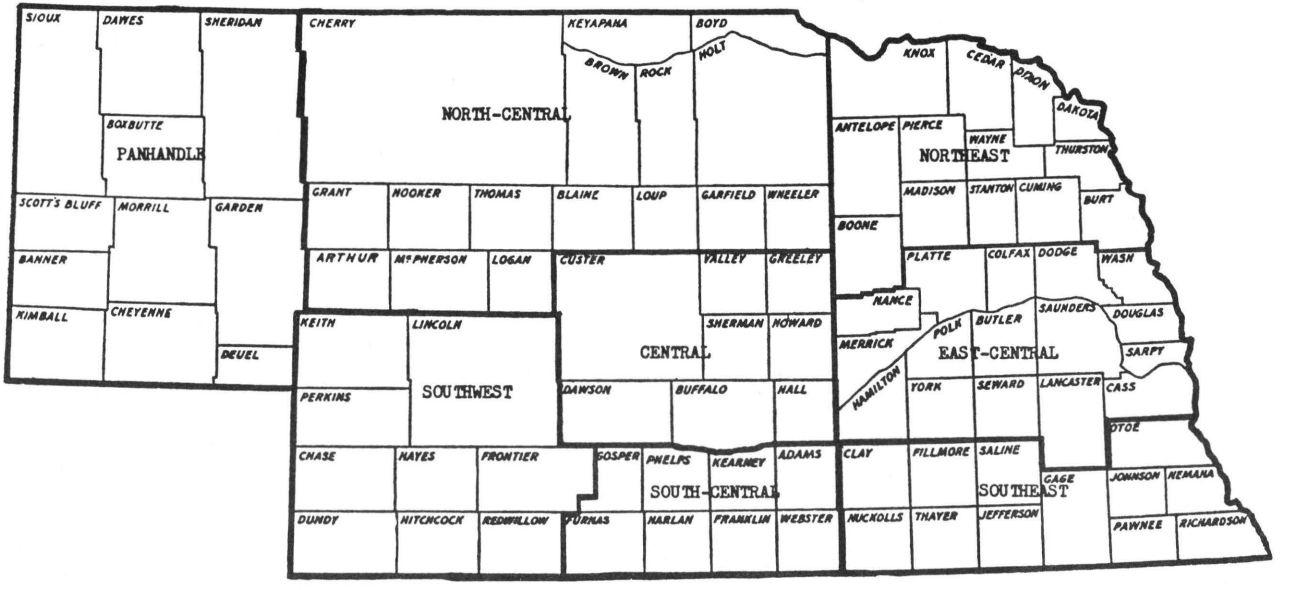
	1954 Acres	1955 Acres	1956 Acres	1957 Acres	1958 Acres	1959 Acres	1960 Acres	1961 Acres
Land Under Irrigation	1,365,000	1,685,680	2,012,320	2,408,000	2,585,000	2,625,000	2,557,900	2,604,500
Leading Crops Irrigation								
Alfalfa Hay	183,040	228,000	264,240	240,000	237,000	224,000	175,000	178,000
Barley	———	———	———	18,200[1]	14,360	16,430	3,490	2,140
Corn For Grain	669,000[2]	835,000[2]	956,000	1,244,000	1,217,000	11,490,000	1,569,000	1,393,000
Dry Edible Beans	74,040	70,550	62,800	58,010	70,900	72,940	70,100	75,980
Oats	———	———	———	23,500[1]	22,120	20,560	26,000	17,600
Potatoes	15,690	15,270	15,080	14,570	14,790	14,000	———[3]	———[3]
Sorghum Grain	———	———	90,000	173,000	160,000	114,000	120,000	110,000
Soybeans	———	———	23,110	11,600	16,500	12,000	7,000	15,600
Sugar Beets	67,500	56,500	58,900	61,900	64,800	65,900	69,300	83,300

	1962 Acres	1963 Acres	1964 Acres	1965 Acres	1966 Acres	1967 Acres	1968 Acres	1969 Acres
Land Under Irrigation	2,633,900	2,687,000	2,780,000	2,914,000	3,100,000	3,313,000	3,605,000	3,783,000
Leading Crops Irrigated								
Alfalfa Hay	194,000	222,000	228,000	223,000	230,000	238,000	236,000	241,940
Barley	3,920	4,240	3,500	1,600	———[3]	———[3]	———[3]	———[3]
Corn For Grain	1,197,000	1,394,000	1,340,000	1,328,000	1,537,000	1,840,000	1,965,000	2,062,000
Dry Edible Beans	91,530	83,010	76,000	85,000	74,000	71,000	82,000	92,000
Oats	17,450	23,170	20,500	18,000	13,500	11,000	14,000	23,500
Potatoes	———[3]	———[3]	———[3]	———[3]	———[3]	———[3]	———[3]	———[3]
Sorghum Grain	202,000	244,000	293,000	386,000	314,000	261,000	204,000	145,000
Soybeans	14,800	19,800	26,000	31,000	40,500	36,000	55,500	51,800
Sugar Beets	87,100	85,800	89,600	72,200	69,200	69,300	75,800	87,300

NEBRASKA IRRIGATION, 1954-1975—Concluded

	Acres 1970	Acres 1971	Acres 1972	Acres 1973	Acres 1974	Acres 1975
Land Under Irrigation	3,998,000	4,200,000	4,478,000	4,783,000	5,050,000	5,400,000
Leading Crops Irrigated						
Alfalfa Hay	255,000	250,000	267,000	279,000	310,000	330,000
Barley	———[3]	———[3]	———[3]	———[3]	———[3]	———[3]
Corn For Grain	2,220,000	2,526,000	2,470,000	2,740,000	3,050,000	3,250,000
Dry Edible Beans	86,000	88,000	95,000	104,000	———	———[3]
Oats	15,000	12,400	———[3]	———[3]	———	———[3]
Potatoes	———[3]	———[3]	———[3]	———[3]	———	———[3]
Sorghum Grain	130,000	161,000	125,000	123,000	143,100	170,000
Soybeans	64,000	30,000	43,000	95,000	100,000	114,000
Sugar Beets	78,700	77,700	82,100	74,500	———	———[3]

[1] No estimates made prior to 1957 on irrigated acreage.
[2] Corn for all purposes.
[3] Not available.



CLIMATE DIVISIONS

CLIMATE OF NEBRASKA

Based on 1941 to 1970 Period

Normal Temperature

Month	Pan-handle	North-Cent.	North-east	Cen-tral	East-Cent.	South-west	South Cent.	South-east
Jan.	24.8	22.2	19.7	23.2	22.4	25.9	25.3	24.3
Feb.	29.0	26.6	24.9	28.2	27.8	30.6	30.7	29.9
March	33.8	33.1	33.8	35.4	36.4	36.4	37.7	38.1
April	46.1	47.5	49.5	49.7	51.4	49.6	51.7	52.5
May	56.1	58.3	60.6	60.2	62.1	59.7	61.9	62.8
June	65.4	67.6	70.2	69.9	71.6	69.3	71.5	72.1
July	73.0	74.3	75.6	75.6	76.8	75.9	77.3	77.3
August	71.5	73.0	73.9	74.4	75.2	74.6	76.0	76.1
Sept.	61.0	62.5	63.7	64.0	65.4	64.4	66.1	66.5
Oct.	50.0	51.7	53.1	53.1	55.1	52.9	55.0	56.1
Nov.	36.1	36.4	37.1	37.8	39.3	38.3	39.5	40.5
Dec.	27.8	26.3	25.0	27.2	27.6	29.3	29.1	29.1
Annual	47.9	48.3	48.9	49.9	50.9	50.6	51.8	52.1

AVERAGE HUMIDITY, WIND AND WEATHER

Station	Relative Humidity (per cent)	Hourly Wind Velocity (MPH)	Prevailing Wind Direction	Sunshine (per cent of possible)	Sky Cover Sunrise to Sunset (tenths)	Annual Number of Days with Measur-able Precipi-tation
Grand Island	66	12.0	S	—	5.5	88
Lincoln	69	10.4	S	64	5.2	95
Norfolk	65	—	—	—	5.7	87
North Platte	66	10.5	NW	65	5.6	84
Omaha	68	10.9	SSE	62	5.7	99
Scottsbluff	60	10.8	ESE	—	5.6	84
Valentine	66	10.9	S	66	5.6	78

NORMAL PRECIPITATION

Based on 1941 to 1970 Period

Month	Pan-handle	North-Cent.	North-east	Cen-tral	East-Cent.	South-west	South-Cent.	South-east
Jan.	.40	.45	.64	.48	.69	.43	.51	.75
Feb.	.43	.61	.90	.65	.99	.47	.71	1.01
March	.87	1.04	1.48	1.15	1.55	.98	1.26	1.74
April	1.69	2.04	2.38	2.18	2.63	1.79	2.16	2.68
May	3.18	3.24	3.86	3.56	3.85	3.18	3.66	4.11
June	3.56	4.07	4.76	4.53	5.14	3.45	4.63	5.49
July	2.37	2.80	3.15	3.11	3.45	3.02	3.23	3.62
August	1.60	2.50	3.15	2.62	3.61	2.16	2.75	3.94
Sept.	1.40	1.98	2.52	2.41	3.08	1.83	2.49	3.64
Oct.	.96	1.18	1.51	1.27	1.68	1.07	1.35	2.01
Nov.	.51	.56	.80	.54	.91	.55	.64	1.03
Dec.	.40	.49	.70	.50	.78	.41	.52	.88
Annual	17.36	20.97	25.85	22.99	28.37	19.32	23.91	30.90

SNOWFALL[1]

Season	Panhandle	North-cent.	North-east	Central	East-cent.	South-west	South-cent.	South-east
1956-1957	54.9	39.3	29.4	26.3	29.2	34.4	25.0	27.7
1957-1958	46.7	33.0	27.8	33.9	35.4	44.4	52.0	36.2
1958-1959	53.7	41.5	30.9	35.3	28.3	44.0	32.2	29.2
1959-1960	36.4	52.5	61.0	47.0	59.9	50.1	52.1	62.0
1960-1961	45.8	40.0	27.5	26.1	17.2	35.2	20.6	18.6
1961-1962	29.5	34.0	49.7	39.4	42.6	21.5	37.3	35.8
1962-1963	37.0	31.1	23.2	29.5	33.4	27.1	21.6	22.3
1963-1964	28.4	24.5	23.3	29.1	22.3	25.2	21.2	18.0
1964-1965	27.3	23.0	37.5	28.3	48.5	26.3	30.2	35.7
1965-1966	38.7	25.1	16.8	15.3	11.4	23.9	12.8	9.0
1966-1967	29.3	21.4	16.4	26.5	22.1	19.0	20.1	21.4
1967-1968	44.6	20.3	9.0	12.3	9.0	15.3	11.3	12.7
1968-1969	29.8	42.6	53.0	44.6	44.9	26.7	38.3	34.9
1969-1970	59.1	51.5	33.9	30.1	22.8	43.4	27.2	22.5
1970-1971	48.3	43.8	26.1	30.8	38.0	41.1	24.9	45.4
1971-1972	22.6	21.1	22.7	11.7	17.8	9.7	9.9	17.1
1972-1973	58.0	38.0	33.0	30.7	36.0	32.6	22.6	34.4
1973-1974	60.7	35.8	24.5	39.9	36.9	37.1	37.6	28.0
1974-1975	42.6	36.6	41.0	29.8	45.6	23.3	26.4	39.7
1975-1976	58.4	43.4	30.5	36.1	25.0	38.6	30.7	29.1

[1] Snowfall statistics from years 1889-1890 to 1955-1956 will be found in the 1960 Nebraska Blue Book.

ANNUAL AND SEASONAL RAINFALL 1950-1975[2]

	PANHANDLE		NORTH CENTRAL		NORTHEAST		CENTRAL	
Year	Annual	Crop Season[3]	Annual	Crop Season[3]	Annual	Crop Season[3]	Annual	Crop Season[3]
1950	15.44	10.28	22.41	15.13	26.61	20.26	24.92	19.63
1951	21.25	14.17	30.15	21.85	35.55	24.26	27.19	20.53
1952	14.91	10.64	15.83	11.35	25.92	19.70	17.71	12.97
1953	17.12	12.32	21.27	14.76	24.69	16.12	21.16	13.98
1954	14.30	10.13	18.73	12.90	24.54	16.21	18.71	14.18
1955	17.69	12.19	15.93	10.51	17.99	12.61	17.06	11.31
1956	12.00	9.20	15.14	11.08	17.55	13.48	15.25	11.40
1957	20.57	16.53	25.78	18.74	28.98	17.55	29.50	19.67
1958	18.26	14.12	21.45	17.05	22.75	18.02	22.34	17.90
1959	15.75	9.44	19.96	12.79	30.28	19.60	23.65	14.79
1960	13.75	9.68	21.55	15.67	29.07	21.15	24.91	17.18
1961	17.20	12.02	19.10	12.85	22.74	14.16	23.20	16.48
1962	18.98	15.92	28.00	22.82	27.71	19.77	28.58	22.03
1963	16.96	10.48	20.90	14.60	23.25	17.78	20.48	12.58
1964	11.36	9.27	18.96	14.83	27.28	20.18	21.19	15.06
1965	21.65	15.39	23.91	16.25	31.52	19.96	31.32	20.15
1966	16.14	11.19	18.37	13.17	22.95	15.77	19.50	14.31
1967	19.05	15.65	18.64	14.24	23.12	18.85	23.07	18.98
1968	16.92	14.03	21.11	15.70	25.13	14.07	23.78	16.97
1969	15.63	10.86	17.78	10.91	25.49	15.94	24.13	14.16
1970	14.77	10.77	17.59	12.17	23.96	12.41	19.36	12.11
1971	18.40	12.42	23.83	14.96	25.96	15.49	24.63	14.75
1972	17.18	12.74	21.86	16.12	29.81	21.09	23.20	16.00
1973	20.45	9.85	25.46	12.61	30.42	13.54	30.75	14.55
1974	11.18	8.16	14.79	11.55	18.10	13.65	16.49	12.19
1975	14.09	10.09	17.42	12.08	24.62	16.89	23.09	16.48

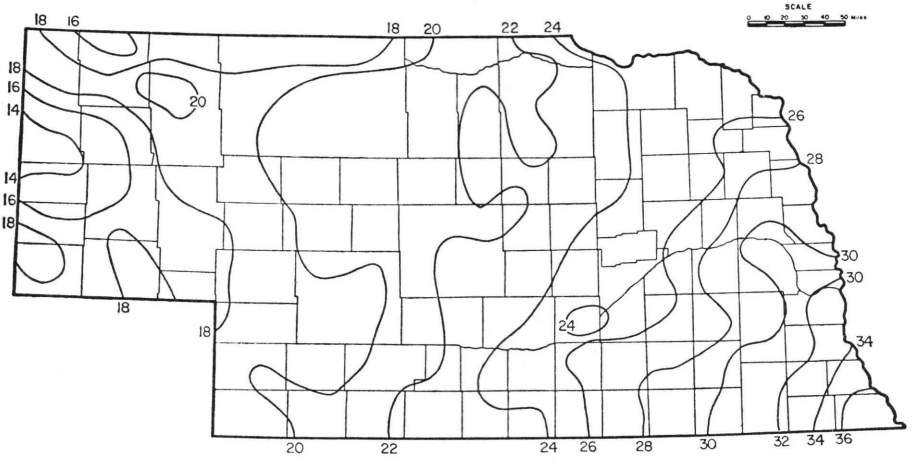
Year	EAST CENTRAL		SOUTHWEST		SOUTH CENTRAL		SOUTHEAST	
	Annual	Crop Season[3]	Annual	Crop Season[3]	Annual	Crop Season[3]	Annual	Crop Season[3]
1950	26.14	19.75	18.88	14.92	22.85	16.77	32.48	22.95
1951	36.90	25.60	26.26	19.87	30.67	22.53	45.31	32.53
1952	29.45	21.52	14.60	10.72	20.71	15.72	32.52	23.14
1953	21.38	13.28	16.60	11.08	21.79	13.12	22.68	13.27
1954	25.44	18.32	12.33	8.99	18.43	14.06	30.91	23.99
1955	18.63	12.06	14.66	9.87	17.81	10.47	19.68	11.95
1956	19.41	13.78	14.31	11.22	15.80	10.30	21.32	15.71
1957	33.53	21.99	23.22	17.95	29.66	22.06	33.43	21.53
1958	28.37	20.12	22.09	15.93	23.74	16.58	34.68	21.49
1959	34.77	23.11	18.60	11.11	23.97	14.61	34.85	19.71
1960	31.28	22.17	17.41	10.30	26.14	17.82	32.62	21.12
1961	28.49	14.54	18.88	13.17	25.83	18.46	36.66	18.14
1962	28.35	18.42	26.12	21.50	27.01	19.42	29.69	18.08
1963	24.46	16.23	18.68	10.60	20.63	11.41	27.30	18.41
1964	30.24	22.99	15.39	11.89	18.80	14.22	26.83	19.13
1965	39.93	22.62	27.00	18.20	36.35	23.09	35.55	21.71
1966	21.60	14.91	18.54	13.16	17.53	12.48	20.42	13.78
1967	29.86	22.30	18.74	15.61	24.18	19.66	29.91	19.95
1968	31.66	18.07	15.48	12.06	24.11	16.96	30.59	19.40
1969	26.93	17.45	20.13	13.63	29.19	19.26	33.10	22.71
1970	25.60	14.11	14.02	9.41	19.74	12.41	28.08	16.41
1971	27.55	15.51	23.28	15.56	24.68	15.02	27.24	14.37
1972	32.47	19.78	18.66	13.94	24.46	17.70	29.95	18.97
1973	38.95	15.96	24.22	12.61	32.65	13.43	46.43	17.30
1974	20.54	13.92	14.69	11.76	15.67	11.74	18.88	12.54
1975	24.85	15.92	18.69	14.15	24.36	18.27	28.16	17.82

[2] Annual rainfall statistics from 1850 to 1949 will be found in the 1960 Nebraska Blue Book.
[3] Crop seaon means the five months, April to August, inclusive.

NEBRASKA

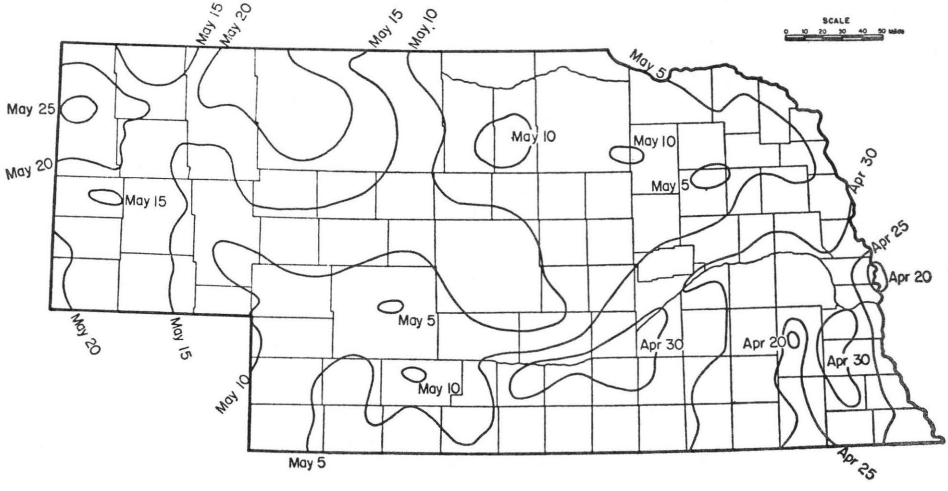
NORMAL ANNUAL PRECIPITATION (inches)

Based on 1941 to 1970 Period



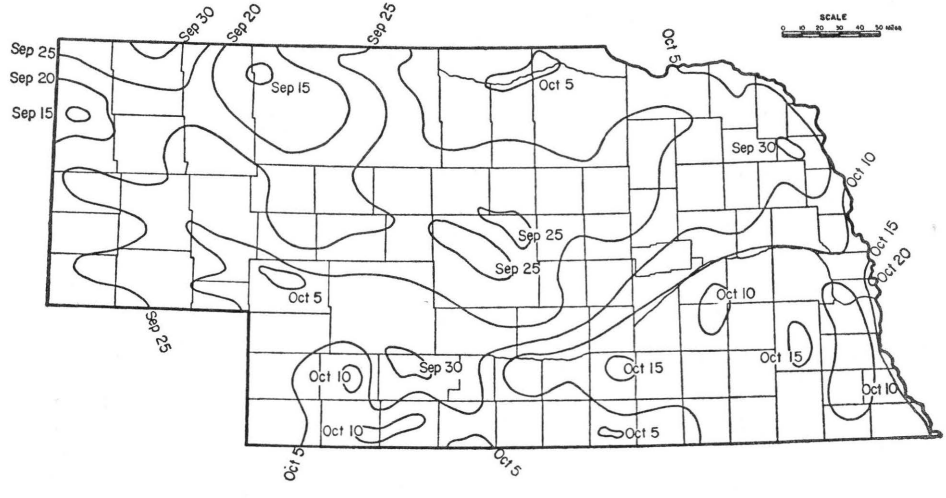
NEBRASKA

Average date of last 32°F temperature in spring. Map based on data from the 50 year period 1921 through 1970.



NEBRASKA

Average date of first 32°F temperature in fall. Map based on data from the 50 year period 1921 through 1970.



(From University of Nebraska Station Bulletin 524)

POLITICAL CONVENTIONS AND PARTY ORGANIZATION IN NEBRASKA

In 1953 the Nebraska State Legislature repealed the pre-primary convention law which permitted political parties to endorse candidates which endorsement appeared on the primary ballot. Since the 1943 Law was repealed, all partisan and nonpartisan candidates for elective offices are nominated by primary election or by petition as provided by statute.

The post primary convention is held biennially following the primary election at a date set by the state central committee, but not later than October 1. The convention formulates and promulgates a state platform, selects a state central committee, nominates such candidates for elective offices as are excepted from the operation of the direct primary law and selects candidates for electors for President and Vice President of the United States.

STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE AMERICAN PARTY OF NEBRASKA

Chairman ..... J.H. Schroeder, Ord
Vice Chairman ..... Dr. Bill Steen, Sargent
Secretary ..... Judy Stahl, Chadron
Treasurer ..... Beverly Miller, Ord
National Committeemen ..... Dr. Otis Miller, Ord
Doug Nutter, Kearney
1st District Chairman ..... Roger Bowker, Lincoln
2nd District Cbairman ..... Myrna McCulloch, Bellevue
3rd District Chairman ..... Clifford Kuskie, Brule

THE AMERICAN PARTY OF NEBRASKA PLATFORM 1974

The American Party of Nebraska, an affiliate of the American Party of the United States, has been duly formed and is ready to serve.

The goal of the American Party is to once again offer to the voters of Nebraska, and to the nation, a clear choice at the polling places. We believe that the Democrats and the Republicans are in reality two separate wings of a socialist liberal philosophy for those who prefer labels rather than positions. We consider ourselves common-sense, constitutional conservatives as opposed to the Democrat/Republican "big government" liberals.

For the past two generations the two well-established political parties have been controlled by ultra-rich, power-hungry individuals who have almost totally subverted our Constitutional Republic. That Constitutional Republic, founded on the twin principles of belief in God and the strict limitation of government, is the finest system of government

ever devised by man. It shall be the purpose of the American Party of Nebraska to restore and rebuild these foundations of the American system of government.

To aid the voter in an analysis of our stand on specific issues, particularly concerning statewide issues, the American Party of Nebraska invites you to review the contents herein and to support the American Party movement to retain and/or regain those citizen freedoms which have been under so much pressure from the socialistic forces now running rampant in our nation.

FOREIGN POLICY: The foreign policy of this party shall be summarized in the belief that it is high time to treat our enemies as enemies and our friends as friends. We do not believe that this simple and sensible rule has been applied for decades. Accordingly, we see no further reason to submit to the humiliation of membership in the United Nations; no positive good to be gained from aiding, trading, or making agreements with Communist nations; and no good sense in continuing the policy of betrayal of friends such as the Republic of Free China, the Union of South Africa, Rhodesia, and other freedom-loving nations.

We deem it a violation of the right of private property, guaranteed under the Constitution, for the Federal government to forcibly deprive the citizens of this nation of their property through taxation or otherwise, and make a gift thereof to foreign governments or their citizens.

DOMESTIC POLICY: The domestic policy of this party shall be summarized in the belief that those who work ought to live better than those who won't. Accordingly, we do not favor handouts to the ablebodied; we are opposed to deficit spending and debased currency; and we are opposed to the increasing strangulation and bureaucratic control of the businessman and the working man, who are the backbone of this nation.

The American Party stands for individual freedom, the right of each citizen to the ownership of property and the control of his own property, the right to engage in business or labor without governmental interference.

We shall steadfastly oppose Federal legislation permitting the Federal bureaucracy to tell a business man whom he must hire or fire, to tamper with seniority lists and apprenticeship programs, or to invade the individual's right to privacy. We call for the elimination of government competition with free and competitive institutions.

Close study of the past few decades has revealed to us the presence of deliberate and systematic efforts on the part of some Democrats and some Republicans alike to destroy the "free enterprise" system in favor of socialism and total government. Whenever and wherever evidence of such activity becomes obvious we shall not shrink from the obligation to label it for what it truly is—**we dare to call it conspiracy!**

PROPERTY RIGHTS:

1. We are opposed to forced housing.
2. We believe in the constitutional rights to own, rent, and dispose of privately owned property with no infringement by the local, state, or Federal government or any appointive authority.
3. We oppose any interference by government in the operation of private clubs.

There is no such thing as a free man who does not retain the right to dispose of his property as he sees fit. Property rights are not distinct from, nor do they stand opposed to, human rights. They are the same thing. Man's rights are God-given. In a free nation the state gets its rights from the people, but in a slave nation the people get their rights, if any, from the state.

ZONING: All state laws which infringe upon community zoning laws are a violation of the right of home rule and a grave affront to common sense. Social planners who have taken it upon themselves to decide what is best for everyone will be opposed by this party.

RESPECT FOR LIFE: The American Party recognizes that the first and most important role of government at any level is the protection of the "right to life." The American Party opposes all attempts to liberalize any anti-abortion laws, which laws, by their very nature, protect the lives of those innocents least able to defend themselves.

We are opposed to "euthanasia", the so-called "mercy killing" of the aged, ailing, or infirm by the administration of drugs or the withholding of medication essential to the patient's comfort and possible recovery.

We fully support laws providing criminal penalties for the unsolicited presentation or exhibition of obscenity, including the public display of homosexuality.

THE RIGHT TO KEEP AND BEAR ARMS: The right to defend ourselves from any intruder is as basic as the right to life itself. For this reason the Bill of Rights in our Constitution enunciated the right for citizens to be armed. We are opposed to any restriction on the law-abiding citizen to keep and bear arms and any or all components to render them functional and effective.

FLUORIDATION: We do not favor compulsory fluoridation of water supplies. We believe the people should decide whether or not they wish to be mass-medicated.

BUSING AND RACIAL IMBALANCE: We believe that it is contrary to existing law and to good common sense to categorize children by race. Therefore, we are firmly opposed to the degrading racial imbalance laws and to any forced busing schemes. Both result in division and bitterness

and should be stopped at once. Any government that mandates forced association is in conflict with the laws of nature and the God-given rights of free men.

PRAYER AMENDMENT AND TEACHING OF CREATION IN SCHOOLS-: We stand for the return of voluntary prayer and Bible-reading in the schools. Strong Judeo-Christian teachings are the moral background of our nation. Therefore, we support the teaching of the biblical Genesis account of creation in all schools, regardless of level.

LOCAL CONTROL OF SCHOOLS: We believe in local control of public schools. We oppose all Federal aid to public schools because it leads to Federal control.

SEX AND DRUGS: We believe that sex education cannot be properly given in a group at some predetermined time and without the personal and individual attention of a parent or guardian. We are therefor opposed to sex education in the schools. We further recommend a review of all drug information programs to insure that they are not serving as indoctrination for, rather than inoculation against the use of drugs.

PRISONS: Since all civilized societies have recognized the value of confinement as a deterrent to crime, we believe that more discipline, not less, is called for in our prisons.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT: Legislation establishing the mandatory death sentence for certain crimes should be restored.

JUDICIARY: We believe that judges should be answerable for their actions and therefore propose that all judgeships be made elective offices.

POLICE-COMMUNITY RELATIONS: A free society is best protected from criminals and tyrants when there is local control of independent police forces. We are opposed to Federal aid to local police because Federal aid cannot help but mean Federal control. We are also opposed to the insertion of any outside group or agency between the working policeman and his superiors on the force. This includes civilian review boards, human relations commissions, and other such groups. If a policeman abuses his office, let his superiors correct the situation. If the superiors refuse to do so, then those elected officials who appointed the superiors, and who are answerable to the electorate, should deal with them, and not the working policeman.

METROPOLITAN GOVERNNENT: Government is always more honest, more sensible, and more responsive to the people when it is close to them. We therefore stand opposed to regionalization, metropolitan government, or any other similar attempt to over-ride the basic common sense of "home-rule."

SIZE OF THE LEGISLATURE: We oppose any reduction in the people's representation and favor the adoption of a partisan legislature.

WELFARE: Public welfare is not and never has been a right. It means acceptance of a "government will take care of you" philosophy. Government should guarantee each individual an opportunity—and nothing more. We therefore are opposed to any additional welfare proposals and will work to reduce, and in time to eliminate, the state and Federal government's involvement in welfare. Man's future depends solely upon his own ambition. Welfare responsibility must be kept at the county level and it is only fair to those paying the bills that the welfare rolls be opened to public inquiry.

TAXES AND FINANCES: The best way to reduce taxation is to reduce the size, power, and influence of the growing bureaucracy in government. The American Party is in favor of curtailing all wasteful spending and reversing the upward growth of government at every level. The resulting decrease in taxes will cause a general economic upswing.

The government should get out of costly unconstitutional competition with free enterprise, thereby saving enough to give each wage-earner a substantial increase in take-home pay. We favor the abolition of the Federal Reserve system and the return of the control of issuing money to the Congress of the United States as set forth in the Constitution. We favor the right of the American citizen to own gold.

INSTITUTIONS: We favor a free and open market as the only sensible means of price stabilization rather than to have continuing inflation through governmental controls.

We uphold the rights of local, state, and Federal employees to be free of compulsory contributions. All government employees should be free to contribute to, or be actively engaged in political campaigns without the fear of reprisal from government bureaucrats.

We favor the retaining of the electoral college. We are opposed to forcing the American taxpayer to support political candidates.

We urge the restoration of the freedom of the press by breaking up the monopolies within the news media.

SUMMARY: In summation, our platform is less government and more individual responsibility, and with God's help, a better world. We seek less government at every level, more responsibility in individuals, in organizations, and in government itself. When combined with the help of Almighty God, we believe that such a program will lead to a better world.

To all voters in Nebraska who are tired of the continuous erosion of personal liberty at the hands of the Democrats and Republicans alike, we invite you to join with us in the American Party. Ours shall not be another party full of foreign ideology and allegiance to men. We swear allegiance only to those principles which made America free and strong and we shall not compromise that allegiance for no man, nor men—**so help us God!**

NEBRASKA DEMOCRATIC PARTY STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
1976-1978

CHAIRMAN
Richard White, 2635 "O" St., Lincoln 68510,
ASSOCIATE CHAIRMAN
DiAnna Schimek, 2321 Camelot Ct., Lincoln 68512,
ASSOCIATE CHAIRMAN
Larry Doyle, Box 554, Benkelman 69021,
SECRETARY
Ruth Short, 10717 Oak, Omaha 68124,
TREASURER
Loren Belker, 2631 Sewell, Lincoln 68502,
NATIONAL COMMITTEEMAN
Allen O'Donnell, 802 Lincoln, Wayne 68787,
NATIONAL COMMITTEEWOMAN
Frances Ohmstede, RR 1, Box 75, Guide Rock 68942,
1st DISTRICT CHAIRMAN
James Roberts, 1845 S. 20th, Lincoln 68502,
1st DISTRICT ASSOCIATE CHAIRMAN
Rosemary Bauer, 5849 Randolph, Lincoln 68510,
2nd DISTRICT CHAIRMAN
Robert Bass, 4810 Boyd St. #3, Omaha 68104,
2nd DISTRICT ASSOCIATE CHAIRMAN
Peggy O'Neill, 1201 Betz Road, Bellevue 68005,
3rd DISTRICT CHAIRMAN
Jack Cary, 3109 Tenth Ave , Kearney 68847,
3rd DISTRICT ASSOCIATE CHAIRMAN
Madeline Coder, Wellfleet 69170,
MEMBERS-AT-LARGE
Nick Garcia, 3027 S. 48th, Lincoln 68506,
J. Duane Haywood, 6117 Read, Omaha 68152,
B. R. McGuire, 9948 Broadmoor, Omaha 68114.

NEBRASKA DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE
1976-1978

District No.	Committeeman	Committeewoman
1	John Albin, RR 3, Humboldt 68376	Marge Engles, 1820 M. Auburn 68305
2	Thomas Morrissey, 962 N. 5th, Tecumseh 68450	Maxine Moul, Box 508, Syracuse 68446
3	Orville A. Kreifels, 205 N. 3rd, Springfield 68059	Jenine Hibbeler, 260 Elm, Springfield 68059

District No.	Committeeman	Committeewoman
4	Bill Latenser, 1855 So. 114th, Omaha 68144	Kathleen Kelley, 8728 Broadmoor Dr., Omaha 68114
5	Terry Lee Landmichael, 6053 S. 39th St., Omaha 68107	Gayle Malmquist, 4379 S. 42nd St., Omaha 68107
6	Armin Konrad Ludwig, 5124 Underwood Ave., Omaha 68131	Anne Howell Boyle, 315 S. Happy Hollow Blvd., Omaha 68132
7	Bernie Barrett, 1209 Polk, Omaha 68107	Judy Barrett, 1209 Polk, Omaha 68107
8	Jack Cassidy, 3103 N. 45th, Omaha 68111	Mary F. Manhart, 5136 Seward, Omaha 68104
9	Lawrence S. Primeau, 709 N. 33rd St., Apt. 5, Omaha 68131	Lynn Marie Corbeil, 707 N. 33rd St., Omaha 68131
10	Mike O'Connor, 2309 N. 67th Ave., Omaha 68104	Rita O'Sullivan, 8117 Bowie Dr., Omaha 68114
11	Lawrence McVoy, P. O. 2026, Sta. A, Omaha 68120	Thelma Carr, 1817 Pratt, Omaha 68110
12	William Kranda, 2422 S. 105th Ave., Omaha 68124	Maryjean Lyon, 2009 Mullen Rd., Omaha 68124
13	J. Duane Haywood, 6117 Read St., Omaha 68152	Carolyn B. Kiper, 5470 King St., Omaha 68152
14	Wesley Brown, 3484 Ames Ave., Omaha 68111	Princie Brown, 3484 Ames Ave., Omaha 68111
15	Pat Trizila, 1448 W. 8th St., Fremont 68025	Joan Chesley, RR #1, North Bend 68649
16	Jon Sedlacek, 1616 Adams, Blair 68008	Rita Lipps, RR #1, Box 83, Tekamah 68061
17	Allen O'Donnell, 802 Lincoln, Wayne 68787	Dorothy Ley, 518 Hillcrest, Wayne 68787
18	Lawrence Marvin, 1023 N. Main, West Point 68788	Evelyn Wragge, Howells 68641
19	Dr. V. A. Walstrom, Verdigre 68783	Mae M. Bogner, Crofton 68730
20	Ralph T. Scalzo, 5333 Grover, Omaha 68106	Faye Gomez, 2131 S. 61st, Omaha 68106
21	Merle Hansen, RFD #2, Newman Grove 68758	Virginia Renner, Battle Creek 68715
22	George Steinsberger, 2721 20th St., Columbus 68601	Delores H. Schneider, 2960 Linden Dr., Columbus 68601
23	Erwin Matulka, RFD, Valparaiso 68065	Judith A. Davis, 345 11th St., David City 68632
24	T. R. McCarthy, York 68467	Gladys Stephens, Milford 68405

District No.	Committeeman	Committeewoman
25	Kenneth M. Thayer RFD, Denton 68339	LaRue Wunderlich, Route 1, Roca 68430
26	Bill Hoppner, 1631 N. 76th, Lincoln 68505	Carolyn Clark, 2020 N. 52nd, Lincoln 68504
27	Don Geis, 2425 Calvert, Lincoln 68502	Bernadette Lassek, 1701 SW 15th, Lincoln 68522
28	David Buntain, 540 S. 55th St., Lincoln 68510	Margaret Carter, 612 S. 37th, Lincoln 68510
29	John R. Doyle, 3024 Summit Blvd., Lincoln 68502	Gail Dworak, 3278 Normal Blvd., Lincoln 68502
30	Al Boettcher, 1010 E. Fairbury 68352	Daisy Gottula, 624 9th St., Adams 68301
31	Michael David Tucker, 6635 S. 153rd, Omaha 68137	Connie Chizek, 2807 S. 137th St., Omaha 68144
32	Albert Engel, Box 66, Friend 68359	Margaret M. Bettger, RFD, Fairmont 68354
33	Richard Weber, 711 Webster Ave., Hastings 68901	Janice L. Scherr, 810 E. 9th St., Hastings 68901
34	Maynard Jensen, RR #2, Box 102, Aurora 68818	Jan Shambaugh, Harvard 68944
35	Larry Long, 615 W. Koenig, Grand Island 68801	Sue Jenkins, 1912 W. Division, Grand Island 68801
36	Ray Muhlbach, Ravenna, Sodtown 68869	Donna Sydow, 2708 W. Anna, Grand Island 68801
37	Wayne Ziebarth, RR 1, Wilcox 68982	Dolores Christensen, Rural Route, Minden 68959
38	Charles W. Harman, Beaver City 68926	Virginia Coffey, Orleans 68966
39	Richard Berryman, Cozad 69130	Leona Shaffer, Box 6, Willow Island 69171
40	Arden McKenzie, Oakdale 68761	Mary McKenzie, Oakdale 68761
41	Arthur F. Shotkoski, Arcadia 68815	Frances McCall, 2516 J, Ord 68862
42	Joseph A. Shaughnessy, P. O. Box 8, North Platte 69101	June Popken, 820 McDonald Rd., North Platte 69101
43	Joe Johnson, SW Star Rt., Box 16, Anselmo 68813	Joan Glaser, Route 2, Box 83, Ansley 68814
44	Larry Doyle, Box 554, Benkelman 69021	Mary Elizabeth Mitchell, 112 W. C St., Ogallala 69153
45	Monroe G. McCann, 414 W. 30th, Bellevue 68005	Linda Lewis, 307 Anna Ave., Bellevue 68005
46	Ed Icenogle, 309 N. 32nd, Lincoln 68503	Gina Dunning, 3051 Starr St., Lincoln 68503

District No.	Committeeman	Committeewoman
47	Robert R. Rauner, 1520 King St., Sidney 69162	Leota Brawner, 112 E. 9th, Kimball 69145
48	Del Rosenberry, 1908 Avenue N, Scottsbluff 69361	Jacqueline Pierce, 1405 Ave. J, Scottsbluff 69361
49	Mike Marrall, Main St., Crawford 69339	Elenora Annable, 316 Potash, Alliance 69301

1976 NEBRASKA DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

PREAMBLE

We the people of the DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF NEBRASKA, in order to perfect the freedom, justice, and representative government that our democratic leaders have brought to this Nation over the past 200 years, do ordain and establish our pledge to the people of Nebraska that we shall continue in the spirit of Jefferson and Bryan to furnish the leadership that this nation and state may look forward to a more perfect government dedicated to the fulfillment of the promises of the founders of this nation:

In order to fulfill this covenant with the people we pledge:

That we shall work for the promises of the National Democratic Platform;

That we shall permit no abridgement of the rights fought for by Jefferson, and guaranteed in the Bill of Rights of the Constitution;

That the promises of Justice for All shall be fulfilled; That Justice demands that government at all levels be the servant and not the master of the people; That the Justice of the courts shall be visited with equal forces upon the rich and the poor, men and women, and people of all races alike; That Justice shall include economic equality among the races and the sexes, and among agriculture, labor and business; That Justice obligates the commitment that every person who is able should have employment for a fair wage; That health care should be within the physical and financial reach of all; That thru Justice we shall establish the dignity of all humankind and build an esteem for our brothers and sisters which shall bring to this planet a world of peace.

At the Democratic Convention of 1896, William Jennings Bryan posed the question, "Upon which side will the Democratic Party fight; upon the side of the idle holders of idle capital, or upon the side of the struggling masses?"

We Nebraska Democrats pledge to carry forward Bryan's fight for the "Struggling masses," we pledge to augment the National Democratic effort with the following proposals which we believe will achieve our promises to the people.

AGRICULTURE

Agricultural production and its many related facets is the backbone of the Nebraska economy. Consequently, the health of the rural economy is paramount to a sound state economy. The Democratic Party of Nebraska recommends that all levels of government should work to insure that the family farm operations of the state receive full parity for full production.

The Democratic Party believes that the family farm is the farm production structure which best serves the purposes of sound resource management, efficient and high quality production of food and fiber, and guarantees the continuation of valuable rural communities.

We believe that any surplus agriculture production needed to protect the people of this country (and world) from famine should be stored on the farm isolated from the market and protected by government loans at 90% of parity.

We believe that Nebraska's "Gasohol Program" (The production of anhydrous ethanol from grain) provides a means of using any surplus that might be produced over and above this reserve. We further believe that the Gasohol Program will help save depletive oil resources and is a viable renewable source of energy. Therefore, we recommend that the Nebraska legislature study the feasability of forming a public corporation similar to the REA to produce anhydrous ethanol for use by Nebraska motorists at cost as a fuel additive. We also recommend that every consideration should be given to the research and production of protein isolates (a by-product of anhydrous ethanol) as a means of raising the protein diet of undernourished nations.

The abuses of import and export laws by the Republican administration have brought a particular hardship to Nebraska's farmers. We believe that our parity should be the exchange price in trade negotiations with other countries. We should re-examine foreign aid programs to prevent American tax dollars from being used to directly compete with the domestic markets of agriculture and labor. Present examples of this are the AID program which threatens to destroy our domestic soybean market through the unlimited production and import of palm oil. Foreign boxed beef should meet the high quality of American beef and should not compete cheaply with domestic skilled labor and domestic production.

Of special concern to Nebraskans is the danger that the land and water needed for family farm operations will be monopolized by business and corporate interests whose primary interests are non-

agricultural. Conservation of soil and water resources should take precedence over the exploitation by these conglomorates. The exploitation of our water supply for a coal slurry pipeline is one example.

Therefore, non-farm interests buying land for agricultural production in this state should be closely monitored, publicly reported, severely taxed, and actively discouraged. Non-family farm corporations should be prohibited from owning and operating agricultural land.

The rural communities of the state should share equally with urban centers in federal and state programs including welfare, housing, sewer, and domestic water development, assistance to elderly, education and medical and nutritional programs.

We urge the University of Nebraska to increase its research into new fertilizer sources, including organic farming and other methods of fertilizing crops without so much reliance upon commercial fertilizer. We also urge the University of Nebraska to increase research on energy to be made from straw, corn stalks, hay straw to produce electricity and hot water heat.

We should encourage soil and water conservation practices with economic incentives.

We need to have a food and fiber board to develop sound long range food and fiber goals that respect our soil and water resources.

Land use, zoning and water development decisions should be made at the local level by a majority of private citizens especially those directly affected by any proposed changes. This is to ensure the practice/implementation of Democratic principles.

This Republican Administration, while telling farmers they are going to get the government out, through moratoriums, embargos, vetoes, freezes, lack of enforcement, incompetence and food weaponry, has brought government influence to bear on farmers more than any administration in the history of our nation, always to the detriment of farmers.

We should carry on a strong public relations program for agriculture. Food is cheap compared to all the other things we buy. The reason we Americans can buy so many luxuries of life is because we spend only about 16% of our income on food. Many other nations spend three times that percentage for food, leaving little for other items.

Whereas the Occupational Safety and Health Administration has seen fit to enter into the field of agriculture in regulating what farmers must do for their employees, there should be representation on the OSHA Committee from agriculture.

LABOR

Jobs are the solution to poverty, to hunger, to filling the ever-present needs of workers for income to feed, clothe and shelter their families.

From jobs come the tax revenues government must have to provide essential services and programs to help their citizens.

There is no lack of a will to work; there is only a lack of meaningful jobs.

To translate good intentions into effective, practical, feasible programs, the Nebraska Democratic Party supports:

1. The Employment Act of 1946 guaranteeing the right of every person able and seeking work to be employed at a decent wage. A Full Employment Economy is an absolute necessity; the public and private sectors of the economy share equally in this responsibility.

2. The provision of economic incentives to business and industry to create permanent new jobs in this country. Incentives should not be in the form of wage subsidies but rather tax advantages to effect increased production and the establishment of new products and/or services.

3. Compensation for on-the-job injury be based on actual wages earned without an arbitrary ceiling.

4. Legislation guaranteeing that wages or benefits due or accumulated by a person for service rendered are legally the property of the employed person and giving the Nebraska Department of Labor the authority to collect such wages or other benefits when due, without the expense and time involved in a judicial remedy.

5. Full enforcement of all equal employment opportunity laws, including a state affirmative action plan to ensure equality of employment opportunities in state government and a state contract compliance law to ensure equal opportunity employment by state contractors and the provision of adequate staff and resources to the Nebraska Equal Opportunity Commission to perform its mandate.

6. An amendment to the Hatch Act which presently relegates a segment of Nebraska citizens to second class citizenship by denying them the right to participate fully in political activities.

7. Legislation allowing a recognized bargaining agent the right to bargain over the collection of established fees for services provided; or legislation, state and national, allowing bargaining only for the group paying fees for services rendered. Representatives of such groups shall not be required to bargain for, or provide services for non-fee paying employees, but shall have legal bargaining status for employees who desire and do participate.

SMALL BUSINESS

During the last seven Republican Administration years, we have been governed by:

A President and a Vice President who were forced to resign; one appointed President and two appointed Vice Presidents;

Six Attorney Generals	Four Secretaries of Labor;
Five Secretaries of Commerce	Four Secretaries of HEW;
Four Secretaries of Defense	Four Secretaries of Interior;
Four Secretaries of the Treasury	Three Secretaries of HUD;

Add to this, three C.I.A. Directors, three F.B.I. Chiefs; four Directors of the Office of Management and Budget; four Directors of Energy Policy; and it is no wonder that the small businessman becomes greatly frustrated when attempting to discover government policy and to comply with government regulations in the conduct of his business.

The ever-growing federal bureaucracy has not only pushed the Federal Budget to well over $413 Billion, and the National Debt to over $600 Billion, but is now victimizing the American Small Businessman with its entanglement of "red tape" and senseless regulations, many of which are conflicting between the various bureaus. Small manufacturers are unable to make production planning schedules because of lack of information and constantly changing rules and regulations from the various government agencies. Many Nebraska businesses are daily being invaded by inspectors who have the power of judge and jury.

We therefore, recommend that immediate legislative steps be taken toward Regulatory Reform to eliminate unnecessary, harmful regulation; to merge, modify or abolish existing agencies and functions, and to eliminate overlapping jurisdiction.

We support the Regulatory Reform to reorganize the executive branch of the Federal Government, to eliminate excessive duplicative, inflationary and anticompetitive regulation. We further support a procedure and timetable for the systematic examination of Federal regulatory activities and comprehensive reform in order to eliminate excessive regulatory restraints on the economy, reduce paperwork and streamline regulatory bureaucracy.

We further support legislation to improve agency rule-making by expanding the opportunities for public participation by creating procedures for congressional review of agency rules, and by expanding judicial review.

The Democratic response to combinations in restraint of trade caused by the creation of vertical monopolies at the turn of the century must be amended to meet late 20th century combinations in the form of multi-national combinations and horizontal monopolies require a modern adjunct to the Sherman and Clayton anti-trust acts to deal with their anti-competitive nature.

Nebraska Democrats oppose the anti-competitive concentration of power within the business sector. This can be accomplished by strengthening the anti-trust laws and insuring adequate commitment and resources for the enforcement of these laws.

A healthy and growing small business community is a prerequisite for increasing competition and a thriving national economy.

We support the availability of loans to small business, including direct government loans at reasonable interest rates, including minority-owned businesses.

Efforts should be made to strengthen minority business programs and increase opportunities for business ownership. We also support similar programs and opportunities for women. State contract and procurement regulations should be designed to increase the volume of minority and female owned small business involvement.

NATURAL RESOURCES

The Nebraska Democratic Party recognizes the inviolate relationship of man to his environment and that a healthy respect for the laws of nature should form the basis of all resource development.

We support the greater development of environmentally safe and renewable sources such as solar, geothermal, and wind energy and caution against headlong involvement in potentially dangerous sources such as nuclear energy until safety and disposal technology reduce the risk to acceptable levels.

The Democratic Party further insists that energy conservation programs be accorded a more significant role in present and future energy development.

We support the state application for location of the Solar Energy Institute in Mead, Nebraska and the ERDA grant for gasohol production in Nebraska.

We express an abiding concern with the broad implications involved by the introduction of center pivot irrigation in the social, political, and economic life of rural Nebraska. The entry of conglomerates into center pivot irrigation in this state is a prime example of the kind of exploitive and monopolistic control they can hold over the land and water of the state to the detriment of the family farm.

We need wise public policies that take into account such consequences. Such policies should include establishment of standards to protect the supply and quality of groundwater.

FINANCIAL REFORM

TAX REFORM

Reform of the property tax to provide relief from this regressive form of tax remains as the number one priority reform at the state level. The Democratic Party supports shifting of the tax support for operation of public schools from the property tax to the state income and sales tax.

This must be done in such a way that there is true relief from the burden of property tax and local control of the school is maintained and should include mandatory consolidation of inefficient districts and distribution of these revenues on per pupil basis.

Federal income taxes should be adjusted for state income purposes to remove loopholes.

Recommend that the legislature study a property tax. This study should include separation of the property tax on the land value from that on the improvements, values, and the assessor's responsibility for timely appraisals of property. We support a change in the property tax which would increase the rate of taxation on the land value relative to that on the improvements.

Reforms are also needed in the estate and gift taxes. Inflation has made the current exemptions unrealistic. We favor increase in these exemptions. We also favor a legislative presumption that both spouses have contributed equally to the creation of an estate.

Nebraska taxpayers bear an unfair burden of federal taxes because of special tax law loopholes for the giant multi-national corporations and banks.

A Congressional study shows that 26 corporations with profits totaling over six billion dollars paid an effective tax rate of zero to under 10% in 1974. The biggest of the big corporations gets the biggest tax breaks. For example, about 1% of American businesses benefitted from foreign tax credits, a favorite of oil companies. Another loophole saves multinationals hundreds of millions of tax dollars annually by permitting them to defer tax payments on foreign subsidiaries.

Such breaks for multi-national giants, by reducing their share of taxes, has increasingly shifted the weight of raising government funds to small businesses, farmers and ranchers, and working people in our cities and small towns. They also encourage the location of jobs and investment capital outside the United States.

Tax reform should be designed to remove all tax advantages for the rich and especially the corporate rich. All loopholes should be closed and low ceilings placed on expense account spending.

A maximum transfer from one subsidiary to another should be established. All corporate profits earned in foreign countries should be taxed more heavily than would the same profits in the United States.

Therefore, we support genuine and effective federal tax reform with particular attention to closing the loopholes for the giant corporations and banks.

CREDIT

Availability of credit is essential to the health of business, industry and agriculture. Individuals must also count on credit in meeting many of their needs. We oppose discrimination in the provision of credit. In particular, we believe that opportunities for obtaining credit should not be determined on the basis of sex, age, marital status, or ethnic origin. We support the adoption of a Nebraska Equal Credit Opportunity Act aimed at the elimination of this type of discrimination.

In urban areas the practice of "red lining" by some lending institutions makes it impossible to maintain and improve some neighborhoods. We condemn this practice and support legislation which would eliminate it.

One method of serving home buyers, small businesses, and consumer cooperatives that are presently ignored by the private banks is through a state owned bank. We support the investigation of the creation of such a bank.

HUMAN RIGHTS

We, the Democratic Party of Nebraska, support equal educational and career opportunities, equal rights, and full dignity for all American citizens without regard to race, sex, creed, life style or ethnic origin; and we urge the Unicameral to strike out those laws which contain archaic language which discriminates against segments of Nebraska citizens unjustly and also those laws or codes which impose different fines for similar types of offenses. Furthermore, we support self-determination for the Native American and endorse steps toward that goal such as retrocession. Be it further resolved that the Democratic Party of Nebraska continue its support for the ratification of the Equal Rights Amendment (ERA) and support the right of farm workers to organize themselves under the labor laws which protect all working people in the country.

Be it resolved that the Democratic Party is committed to the transfer of funds to national programs of human resources and services particularly in regard to full employment; income security; health security and services; improved quality of education for all; decent housing for all; general (personal) social services, particularly those designed to strengthen family life; the capacity of all people for self support; the capacity of handicapped persons for self-care; to protect children and disabled or incompetent adults from neglect, abuse, or exploitation and to provide opportunities for all people to attain their potential for personal happiness and useful citizenship.

We advocate that pharmacists be allowed to substitute generic drugs for brand name drugs, both being the same, to eliminate the high costs of many drugs needed by Nebraska's senior citizens and all others who are in need, if the drugs are medically approved.

We also advocate that wherever public meetings are held that barrier-free entrances be provided for those who may be physically handicapped, particularly all voting (polling) places.

Be it also resolved that the Nebraska Democratic Party urge the development of a regionalized, decentralized, integrated, comprehensive system of human services, including the treatment of the handicapped in community based facilities, instigated and accountable to the people through their duly elected representatives at the lowest level of government consistent with principles of efficiency/effectiveness.

The Democratic Party recommends the establishment of a comprehensive, universally available and accessible health care delivery system providing both preventive and healing services.

We support a strong federal law to prevent toxic chemicals from damaging the health of workers or consumers, and call for effective legislation to direct the Environmental Protection Agency to screen both existing and new chemicals and require full testing when indicated to determine cancer-causing genetic damage or other possible ill effects on health. Also further legislation should be passed to prevent companies from firing employees who report hazardous substances.

EDUCATION

Be it resolved that the Democratic Party strive for legislation that Elementary, Junior High and Senior High education in the State be supported by another source of revenue besides the property tax. Also that the faculty of the Medical College of the University of Nebraska be increased and that its enrollment be expanded to provide improved medical service for the entire state of Nebraska. We further support ample funding for the University of Nebraska to insure quality education to keep outstanding faculty members and administrators, and to allow for research to improve the quality of life in Nebraska. We also support student control over student fees.

Be it resolved that the Democratic Party strive for appropriate means of instituting a state system of public educational radio, giving our citizens greater cultural and educational opportunities.

Whereas Nebraska is one of the leading states in the production of the meat supply and the production is essential to the economy of our state and whereas, having a college of Veterinary Medicine would increase the annual livestock receipts; therefore, be it resolved that the Nebraska Democratic Party seek legislation that would establish a Veterinary College to work in conjunction with the College of Agriculture.

AMERICAN PRISONERS

In the interest of humanity which affects scores of Nebraska families and hundreds of others across the nation, the Nebraska Democratic Party supports the fullest possible accounting of those unaccounted for in South East Asia, recommends the appointment of a full-time negotiator for normalizing relations with all governments involved in that conflict, and recommends the extension of the House Select Committee on MIA's and POW's until that accounting is completed.

FOOD STAMP PROGRAM

The President's attempt to bypass Congress and dictate who is and who is not eligible for food stamps is an untenable position. Reasonable reforms enacted by the full Congress are acceptable. However, if full

employment or at least a substantial move in that direction were made this would alleviate many problems with the Food Stamp Program.

STATE GOVERNMENT

ELECTIONS

Because the right to be a candidate for public office is inherent to the concept of a democracy, we oppose the imposition of filing fees for candidacy for election to any political office.

However, we would support an endorsement petition to file based on size of constituency.

In particular, we support present statutes which require no filing fee for a person to be a candidate for delegate to a local, state, or national political convention. We also support legislation which would eliminate any age qualification for public office in the State of Nebraska other than being a qualified elector.

We oppose the present method of placing presidential candidates on the Primary ballot in Nebraska at the sole discretion of the Secretary of State.

We recommend that a candidate be placed on the ballot only by petition of Nebraska electors or by public announcement of the candidate.

REAPPORTIONMENT

That wherever possible the Legislature shall be required to follow county and city boundaries in establishing legislative distri:cts. That the boundaries of legislative districts should not divide a city unless the city's population exceeds the population of a legislative district. That except for counties with a population greater than a legislative district, no county shall be divided between more than two legislative districts and that a county shall be included within one legislative district whenever possible. This in no way shall abrogate the principle of one man-one vote and in no case shall legislative districts be divided between two congressional districts.

GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY

The State of Nebraska has taken a significant step toward a more accountable government by the adoption of the Political Accountability and Reform Act of 1976. It enacts most of the proposals of the 1974 State Democratic Party. We must now see that this law works to increase integrity and accountability in state government and does not inhibit citizens from full participation in government.

Something must also be done about bureaucratic accountability. We support a "sunset" mechanism which will force legislative review of the existing programs. Programs whose purposes and accomplishments do not justify continued public investment should be reorganized or abolished.

We see the severe problems created by regulations written by non-elected bureaucrats.

We believe that the State Legislature should resist the trend toward legislation by administrative regulation.

We further support the adoption of zero-based budgeting for the State Government of Nebraska and the Federal Government.

LAW ENFORCEMENT

Specific proposals:

1. We recommend that resources of state and local correctional institutions be concentrated on the rehabilitation of juvenile offenders and first offenders.

2. We support legislation that the State of Nebraska regulate private security firms by establishing minimum standards of qualification, training and conduct.

We feel that the people of Nebraska would be better served if the drug enforcement agencies would concentrate their efforts on hard drug pushers and their financial backers and not use up valuable investigative, enforcement, and court time with prosecuting people in possession of small amounts of marijuana.

LEGISLATURE

That a state convention should be convened for the purpose of drafting a modern constitution.

An amendment to the Constitution of the state should be passed to create a partisan legislature.

The salaries of the State Senators should be increased to no less than $8,100 annually.

NATIONAL CONVENTION DELEGATES

We recommend that the election of delegates to the National Convention be proportionately allocated by the vote won by each Presidential candidate in each congressional district according to National Democratic rules.

RESOLUTIONS

1. BE IT RESOLVED that the State Democratic Party appeal to the Legislature of the State of Nebraska to pass legislation to require counties to place on the ballots the names of all county delegates.

2. The Nebraska Democratic Party commends Governor Exon for protecting the citizens of Nebraska from excessive interest by his veto of the Usury Bill.

3. WHEREAS, elected Democratic officials have proven in the past that Democrats do the best job of representing the citizens of Nebraska, therefore, BE IT RESOLVED that in the calendar year 1976 the members of the Nebraska State Democratic Convention work for the election of Democrats.

4. WHEREAS, more American homes have a telephone than in any other part of the world, and,

WHEREAS, this near universality of telephone service is a product of telecommunication policies established by the United States Congress in the Communications Act of 1934 and,

WHEREAS, the Federal Communications Commission, the agency created by Congress to administer the Act, proposes to set policies which are issues for the Congress to decide.

WHEREAS, the policy changes proposed by the Federal Communications Commission will result in higher rates for ordinary telephone users and unnecessarily infringe upon regulatory powers of the States,

BE IT RESOLVED, that the United States Congress is urged to speedily reaffirm and assert its responsibility to preserve and establish public policies which foster development of our unique national resource, which is the world's most efficient national telecommunications system, and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the United States Congress is urged to affirm the Consumer Communications Reform Act of 1976 as the vehicle whereby the public interests may be protected.

5. WHEREAS, malnutrition is a fact of life for many of the poor and elderly citizens of Nebraska, as well as for millions of Americans and a billion persons throughout the world; and

WHEREAS, the Republican administration has largely ignored the need of the hungry with severe reductions in the food stamp program, WIC Program and child nutrition programs; and

WHEREAS, the right to food resolution, now before Congress, asserts the right of every person to a nutritionally adequate diet and asks that this right become a cornerstone of United States policy; and

WHEREAS, the right to food resolution lays down a principle for meeting the need of the people:

Therefore, BE IT RESOLVED that the Nebraska Democratic Convention hereby register support for the right to food resolution.

6. The Nebraska Democratic Party opposes the curtailing of mail service to rural areas and urges the maintenance of Post Offices in the small towns of Nebraska.

7. WHEREAS, on June 12, 1975, the Eighth Circuit Court ruled that the Omaha Public School district did maintain racially segregated schools, and,

WHEREAS, the Court did order that this segregation be discontinued commencing with the 1976 school year, and

WHEREAS, the Court ordered that buses be used as means to transport students to their respective new assignments, and

WHEREAS, as an issue of national controversy, busing has created a forest of fears, myths and incorrect and misleading statements, and

WHEREAS, we have witnessed the violence and disruptive behavior exhibited by irresponsible individuals opposed to the concept of equal and quality education achieved by busing, and

WHEREAS, we are all concerned with the welfare of our fellow citizens and understand the need to provide quality education for all children,

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED, that we, in our respective communities, will engage in those activities that will promote the easing of community tensions and avoid violence arising from desegregation, promote and assist in the establishment of programs and activities assigned to deal constructively with problems incidental to desegregation, thus enhancing the chances for a peaceful and orderly desegregation process and finally that we

RESOLVE to find ways of influencing community leaders to support desegregation efforts and to comply positively with the law.

8. We are committed to a substantial reduction in military spending, beginning with cuts in arms aid to countries which deny their citizens basic human rights.

9. BE IT RESOLVED that the Nebraska Democratic Party also supports full and unconditional amnesty for all individuals who resisted the IndoChina War.

10. WHEREAS, we reaffirm our strong conviction that educational opportunities of integrated quality must be available for all Nebraskans, and

WHEREAS, the opportunities must not be dependent upon race, or family income, or area of residence,

BE IT RESOLVED that we support measures which will move forward to that desired end.

WHEREAS, the great difficulty in the public schools of our state lies in the tax structure which provides their principle means of support.

BE IT RESOLVED that the Nebraska State Democratic Party affirms its support for the concept of fair and equitable state financial aid to local public school districts and that the tax structure should be so designed that all students in the state have a comparable education and all tax payers share comparable tax burden for public elementary and secondary education.

WHEREAS, we support programs for the gifted, for the emotionally disturbed and for those with minimal brain dysfunction.

BE IT RESOLVED that we support full funding of laws that provide these programs.

11. So that full employment and income security can be obtained by all Americans, we endorse the provision of child care for low-income people who are seeking training either at a vocational school or 4-year college, in order that these people might obtain employment and income security.

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES FOR 1976

United States Senate ..... Edward Zorinsky
United States Congress, First District ..... Pauline Anderson
United States Congress, Second District ..... John Cavanaugh
United States Congress, Third District ..... Jim Hansen

NEBRASKA REPUBLICAN STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE 1976-1978

National Committeeman (E)	William Morrow, Jr.	Omaha
National Committeewoman (E)	Patricia Lahr Smith	Lincoln
State Chairman (E)	Anne Batchelder	Omaha
State Finance Chairman (A)	Wyman B. Kenagy	Lincoln
Treasurer (E)	Dale Young	Lincoln
General Counsel (A)	Howard Tracy	Grand Island
Secretary (A)	Carolyn Witthoff	Lincoln
Executive Director (A)	Lloyd Herbener	Lincoln
Vice Chairman (A)	D. Don Steen	Morrill
Assistant Chairman (A) Legislative	Larry Ruth	Lincoln
Assistant Chairman (A) Program Planning and Development	Ron Schwab	Fairbury
Assistant Chairman Public Relations	Gar Donnelson	Lincoln
National Federation of Republican Women (NFRW)	Lorraine Langford	Kearney
Young Republican State Chairman	Phil Buswell	Omaha
1st District Chairman (E)	Monroe Usher, Jr.	Lincoln
1st District Vice Chairman (E)	Robert McGowen	Ulysses
1st District Member-at-Large	Bill Apking	Alexandria
2nd District Chairman (E)	Robert Gunderson	Omaha
2nd District (E) Vice Chairman	Carolynn Glover	Gretna
2nd District (E) Member-at-Large	Ty Grothe	Omaha
3rd District Chairman (E)	Dwight Dam	Valentine

3rd District (E) Vice Chairman	Jerda Garey	McCook
3rd District (E) Member-at-Large	James Haggart	Hastings
Immediate Past State Chairman	Bill Barrett	Lexington
1st District (A) Member-at-Large	Art Knox	Lincoln
2nd District (A) Member-at-Large	Bill Craig	Omaha
3rd District (A) Member-at-Large	Tom Bradley	Hastings

NEBRASKA STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE MEMBERS
1976-1978

District No.	Committeeman	Committeewoman
101	Paul Robinson Hartington	Mrs. Jan Cross Bloomfield
102	John Kingsbury Ponca	Mrs. Jean Muilenburg So. Sioux City
103	D. H. Purdie Pierce	Marilyn Wartig Wisner
104	Richard Peterson Norfolk	Mrs. Velma B. Price Newman Grove
105	Dr. L. G. Lefler Fremont	Mrs. Rosalie Faltin Scribner
106	Dick Weaver Wahoo	Mrs. Roberta McGowen Ulysses
107	Dennis Richters Utica	Jean Hylton York
108	Hugh Wilkins Geneva	Rose Marie Brooke Deshler
109	Charles Balsiger Beatrice	Hilda Andersen Beatrice
110	John Cooper Humboldt	Mrs. Carl Boehmer Pawnee City
111	R. Wiley Remmers Auburn	Mrs. Marylou Pickerill Syracuse
112	Charles L. Brazie Lincoln	Mildred Fairchild Lincoln
113	Gar Donnelson Lincoln	Lois Noble Lincoln
114	Alan Haugner Lincoln	Dorothy Anderson Lincoln

NEBRASKA STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE MEMBERS
1976-1978

District No.	Committeeman	Committeewoman
115	C. Arlen Beam Lincoln	Mrs. Carol Walker Lincoln
116	Oscar Sandberg Lincoln	Sue Clifford Lincoln
117	Paul Armstrong Lincoln	Mrs. Earlene Knox Lincoln
201	Bob O'Hanlon Blair	Edith Guhl Lyons
202	Calvin Carsten Avoca	Maxine Cloidt Plattsmouth
203	Ronald Patterson Gretna	Mrs. Carolynn Glover Gretna
204	William R. Hood Bellevue	Jan Robinson Bellevue
205	George Althouse Omaha	Inez Roesky Omaha
206	Alvin Goodwin Omaha	Mildred Althouse Omaha
207	Carl Palmquist Omaha	Carolyn Een Omaha
208	Hal Daub Omaha	Salley Ganem Omaha
209	Phil Buswell Omaha	Susan Dwight Omaha
210	Martin Stolinski Omaha	Dee Stokes Omaha
211	Harold T. McCurdy Omaha	Eileen Hansen Omaha
212	John Nelson Omaha	Greta Wade Omaha
213	Robert Anderson Omaha	Phyllis Haller Omaha
214	James T. Gleason Omaha	Tyrone Grothe Omaha
215	Cecil Crawford Omaha	Susette Sutton Omaha
216	Mike Berry Omaha	Pat Gunderson Omaha
217	Eugene Lyons Omaha	Dianne Desler Omaha
301	Russell Aerni Columbus	Mrs. Lee Lewis Monroe
302	Dr. Michael Paradise Hastings	Mrs. Mary Lou Haggart Hastings

303	Paul Bender, Sr. Sutton	Rosalie Lippincott Central City
304	Glenn Wilson Grand Island	Sallie Folsom Grand Island
305	Jim Johnson Kearney	Mrs. Frances Link Ravenna
306	Robert Vogler Guide Rock	Mrs. Sharon Lueking Oxford
307	John Dier Holdrege	Mrs. Angus Garey McCook
308	Engaard E. Lynn Gothenburg	Elaine Remmenga Elwood
309	Dr. J. C. Marcum Spencer	Mrs. Jerrene J. Bennett Elgin
310	Orel W. Koelling Ord	Lillian Haggart St. Paul
311	Tedd C. Huston Broken Bow	Mrs. Emmett Long Mullen
312	Ralph A. Baker Valentine	Mrs. Helen Dam Valentine
313	Greg Beal Ogallala	Mrs. Marge Jackman Grant
314	Ken Huebner North Platte	Mrs. Lorraine Orr North Platte
315	Edward Narjes Sidney	Mrs. Wayne Robbins Kimball
316	Don Steen Morrill	Mrs. Marie Michel Scottsbluff
317	Jon Sleeper Chadron	Mrs. Lila Fiebig Alliance

1976 NEBRASKA REPUBLICAN PLATFORM

LEGISLATURE

The Republican Party supports a strong Republican interest and presence in the Nebraska Unicameral Legislature, including active Republican lobbying and Republican organization of the legislative body itself, including a partisan legislature by internal rule or constitutional amendment. The Republican Party recognizes the unrealistic rate of compensation afforded our state legislators, and recommends the active support of the proposed amendment to the Nebraska Constitution to increase the salary of state legislators.

GOVERNMENT GROWTH

In order to stem the incessant growth of government at all levels, the Republican Party strongly urges the legislative bodies of city, county and state government to establish definite periodic review of all agencies

of government, and all programs within each agency, demanding absolute justification for the continuance of such programs and agencies. If these legislative bodies are unwilling or unable to effectively undertake such action, we then recommend that support be given the so-called Sunset proposal whereby programs within agencies, and/or agencies themselves, will automatically be terminated if their continuation cannot be absolutely justified.

ELECTION OF NATIONAL CONVENTION DELEGATES

The Republican Party recognizes that the removal of any requirements upon those seeking election as delegates to the Republican National Convention has resulted in great confusion at the polls because of the great number of candidates. We recommend that state legislation be enacted requiring such delegate candidates to file individual petitions bearing the signatures of 100 registered Republicans before their names may be placed on the ballot.

CAMPAIGN FINANCING

The Republican Party opposes any form of public financing of political campaigns at the state and local levels, including any proposal for a checkoff through state income tax returns.

CRIME

We recognize that rising crime rates threaten our society today as never before. Accordingly, we recognize a need for a thorough re-evaluation of all elements of the criminal justice system, including, but not limited to, the function and efficiency of the prosecutor, the judge, probation and parole officers, and correction and treatment facilities. Efforts should be made to bring legal principles applied by Federal and State Courts into harmony.

We support a vigorous and consistent effort to keep organized crime out of the State of Nebraska, and continuing support of all agencies of law enforcement.

GUN CONTROL

We reaffirm and support the right to bear arms as guaranteed by the U. S. Constitution, and oppose any restriction on this right. We support legislation for stiffer penalties for those who commit a crime with the use of a gun. We fully support programs of gun safety which educate and train our citizens on the safe and proper use of firearms.

POST-SECONDARY EDUCATION

We support the policy of providing quality education in all public institutions of post-secondary education in Nebraska, funded at a level within the ability and willingness of all citizens to support. To insure adequate educational programs at an acceptable cost, we believe the

Legislature must impose coordination between all public post-secondary institutions. We believe the role and mission of each campus must be defined, and a budget process must be established which will eliminate unnecessary and expensive duplication between institutions. Recognizing that Nebraska does not now have a written State philosophy about post-secondary education, we urge the Legislature to develop a consistent philosophy about higher education under which the institutional officers may group their financial requests or recommendations for educational policy. We pledge our support and assistance toward this accomplishment as a means of providing effective coordination and proper allocation of the State's resources.

TAXATION

We support a reexamination of the tax system with particular emphasis on whether the present proliferation of authority for property taxation is imposing an inequitable burden on property owners.

WATER RESOURCES

The Nebraska Republican Party recognizes that there is a need for assuring an adequate water supply, both surface and underground, for the various needs of the people of this state. We also realize that the quality of our waters, both surface and underground, must be safeguarded. Therefore, we expect the careful consideration by all State officials of state and federal laws and decisions and interstate compacts that might either directly or indirectly affect our water resources. We must be ever watchful of our needs when dealing with other states regarding water allocations. We must guard against intervention by the Federal government which would interfere with adequate supplies of water needed by the people within this state.

BUSING

One cannot be interested in America without being interested in integration. But, where busing has been used, it has not achieved quality in education nor equality in education. It has increased suspicion and fear among races. Thus it has not contributed toward real integration but has only juggled numbers. The Republican Party favors passage of a Constitutional amendment or legislation to stop forced busing solely for the purpose of integration. Meanwhile, the Republican Party encourages all to work within the framework of the law in solving this most complicated problem.

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

The Republican Party realizes that in a complex society such as ours there is a need for fair unemployment compensation payment to protect the dignity of the unemployed individual. We also realize that under present laws there is continual abuse in the administration of the law and a wasting of the fund by a generous interpretation of existing regula-

tions. We oppose federal legislation to set a federal benefit standard for the payment of unemployment compensation payments by the individual states. We also urge the Nebraska Department of Labor to establish, and periodically review, a set of administrative guidelines to be followed in determining the minimum and maximum disqualification period for the payment of unemployment compensation benefits in the case of employees who voluntarily quit their jobs without good cause, are discharged for ordinary misconduct, or who refuse to look for or accept suitable work.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION

We oppose the federalization of the workmen's compensation system, which is one of the few programs still remaining under the control of the individual states. We also urge the Nebraska Legislature to continue to oppose the setting of workmen's compensation benefit payments on a formula basis tied to a percentage of our State's average weekly wage.

WELFARE

We believe the personal dignity and initiative of the individual member of society is of primary importance in the implementation of any welfare program. We support those programs which assist the individual recipient in becoming a self-sustaining member of society to his fullest potential, but we recognize that the problems of the elderly do not rightfully come under this program. We encourage continued scrutiny through public disclosure of quarterly reports for publication.

EQUAL RIGHTS

The Republican Party recognizes that all persons have the right to human dignity and equal treatment under the laws of this state and nation. Therefore, we recommend active support of equal treatment under the law, for all persons.

PUBLIC OFFICIAL ACCOUNTABILITY

The Republican Party supports the basic concept of fair and open government, but we recognize that we must attain the goal of honest government without putting excessive requirements upon those who would serve in public office and that any necessary adjustment in the 1976 act be considered for adoption.

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES FOR 1976

United States Senator ..... John Y. McCollister
U. S. Congress, First District ..... Charles Thone
U. S. Congress, Second District ..... Lee Terry
U. S. Congress, Third District ..... Virginia Smith
Public Service Commission, First District ..... Harold D. Simpson
Public Service Commission, Third District ..... Duane Gay

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION RETURNS IN NEBRASKA 1868-1976

Year	Candidates	Vote	Total Vote
1868	Grant, Rep.	9,772	15,291
	Seymour, Dem.	5,519	
1872	Grant, Rep.	18,329	25,932
	Greeley, Dem.	7,603	
1876	Hayes, Rep.	31,915	49,328
	Tilden, Dem.	17,413	
1880	Garfield, Rep.	54,979	87,452
	Hancock, Dem.	28,523	
	Weaver, Greenback	3,950	
1884	Blaine, Rep.	76,912	134,202
	Cleveland, Dem.	54,391	
	St. John, Proh.	2,899	
1888	Harrison, Rep.	108,425	202,632
	Cleveland, Dem.	80,552	
	Fisk, Proh.	9,429	
	Streeter, Nat'l Labor	4,226	
1892	Harrison, Rep.	87,213	200,192
	Cleveland, Dem.	24,943	
	Weaver, People's Ind.	83,134	
	Bidwell, Proh.	4,902	
1896	McKinley, Rep.	103,064	223,182
	Palmer, Nat'l Dem.	2,885	
	Bryan, Dem. & People's Ind.	115,007	
	.....Mid. Rd. Pop.	797	
	Bentley, Proh.	1,243	
	Matchett, Soc.	186	
1900	Bryan, Fusion	114,013	241,430
	McKinley, Rep.	121,835	
	Woolley, Proh.	3,655	
	Barker, Md. Rd. Pop.	1,104	
	Debs, Soc.	823	
1904	Roosevelt, Rep.	138,558	225,732
	Parker, Dem.	52,921	
	Watson, People's Ind.	20,518	
	Swallow, Proh.	6,323	
	Debs, Soc.	7,412	
1908	Taft, Rep.	126,997	266,799
	Bryan, Dem. & People's Ind.	131,099	
	Chafin, Proh.	5,179	
	Debs, Soc.	3,524	

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION RETURNS IN NEBRASKA
1868-1876—Concluded

Year	Candidates	Vote	Total Vote
1912	Taft, Rep.	54,216	249,481
	Wilson, Dem. & People's Ind.	109,008	
	Debs, Soc.	10,185	
	Chafin, Proh.	3,383	
	Roosevelt, Prog.	72,689	
1916	Wilson, Dem.	158,827	287,315
	Hughes, Rep.	117,771	
	Benson, Soc.	7,141	
	Hanley, Proh.	2,952	
	Reimer, Soc. Labor	624	
1920	Harding-Coolidge, Rep.	247,498	382,653
	Cox-Roosevelt, Dem.	119,608	
	Watkins-Colvin, Proh.	5,947	
	Debs-Stedman, Soc.	9,600	
1924	Davis-Bryan, Dem.	137,289	464,169
	Coolidge-Daws, Rep.	218,585	
	Faris-Brehm, Proh.	1,594	
	LaFollette-Wheeler, Ind.	106,701	
1928	Hoover-Curtis, Rep.	345,745	547,138
	Smith-Robinson, Dem.	197,959	
	Thomas-Maurer, Soc.	3,434	
1932	Roosevelt-Garner, Dem.	359,082	570,135
	Hoover-Curtis, Rep.	201,177	
	Thomas-Maurer, Soc.	9,876	
1936	Roosevelt-Garner, Dem.	347,454	609,032
	Landon-Knox, Rep.	248,731	
	Lemke-O'Brien, Union	12,847	
1940	Roosevelt-Wallace, Dem.	263,677	615,878
	Willkie-McNary, Rep.	352,201	
1944	Dewey-Bricker, Rep.	329,880	563,126
	Roosevelt-Truman, Dem.	233,246	
1948	Dewey-Warren, Rep.	264,774	488,939
	Truman-Barkley, Dem.	224,165	
1952	Eisenhower-Nixon, Rep.	421,603	609,660
	Stevenson-Sparkman, Dem.	188,057	
1956	Eisenhower-Nixon, Rep.	378,108	577,137
	Stevenson-Kefauver, Dem.	199,029	
1960	Kennedy-Johnson, Dem.	232,542	619,399
	Nixon-Lodge, Rep.	380,553	

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION RETURNS IN NEBRASKA
1868-1976—Concluded

Year	Candidates	Vote	Total Vote
1964	Johnson-Humphrey, Dem.	307,307	592,673
	Goldwater-Miller, Rep.	276,847	
1968	Nixon-Agnew, Rep.	321,163	540,176
	Humphrey-Muskie, Dem.	170,784	
	Wallace-Griffin*, Amer.	44,904	
1972	Nixon-Agnew, Rep.	406,215	591,616
	McGovern-Schriver, Dem.	169,955	
1976	Carter-Mondale, Dem.	233,293	623,764
	Ford-Dole, Rep.	359,219	

Explanation:
Rep.—Republican.
Dem.—Democrat.
Proh.—Prohibition.
Nat'l Labor—National Labor.
People's Ind.—People's Independent.
Nat'l Dem.—National (Gold) Democrat.
Mid. Rd. Po.—Middle of the Road Populist.
Soc.—Socialist.
Prog.—Progressive.
Soc. Lab.—Socialist Labor.
Ind.—Independent.
Greenback.
Fusion.
Union.
* Stand-in for Curtis Le May
Amer.—American.

ELECTION STATISTICS

General Election—November 2, 1976

Figures Furnished By Secretary Of State

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

County	Total Registration				
	Dem.	Rep.	Am.	Ind.	Total
Adams	8,189	9,442	0	814	18,445
Antelope	2,026	3,192	0	175	5,393
Arthur	125	259	0	3	387
Banner	237	404	0	20	661
Blaine	173	391	0	15	579
Boone	2,246	2,636	0	279	5,161
Box Butte	2,532	3,644	0	320	6,496
Boyd	1,025	1,254	0	137	2,416
Brown	909	1,601	2	78	2,590
Buffalo	6,958	8,895	18	796	16,667
Burt	2,070	3,003	7	304	5,384
Butler	3,794	1,850	0	324	5,968
Cass	4,762	4,401	5	532	9,700
Cedar	3,647	2,987	0	445	7,079
Chase	1,085	1,554	0	68	2,707
Cherry	1,637	3,042	2	135	4,816
Cheyenne	2,311	3,057	0	205	5,573
Clay	1,909	2,906	7	288	5,110
Colfax	2,978	2,539	0	215	5,732
Cuming	2,451	3,966	0	227	6,644
Custer	3,348	5,444	14	341	9,147
Dakota	3,770	3,349	5	495	7,619
Dawes	1,716	3,428	16	464	5,624
Dawson	4,276	6,610	1	518	11,405
Deuel	432	1,036	0	132	1,600
Dixon	1,843	2,316	0	264	4,423
Dodge	9,205	10,190	0	972	20,367
Douglas	112,292	82,737	12	13,717	208,758
Dundy	600	1,129	0	58	1,787
Fillmore	2,193	2,484	0	194	4,871
Franklin	1,250	1,730	0	217	3,197
Frontier	843	1,421	0	124	2,390
Furnas	1,966	3,059	0	127	5,152
Gage	5,952	6,427	3	438	13,320
Garden	577	1,371	0	68	2,016
Garfield	405	875	17	17	1,314
Gosper	501	830	0	26	1,357
Grant	174	389	0	14	577
Greeley	1,571	769	0	48	2,388
Hall	11,675	12,640	8	1,345	25,668
Hamilton	1,902	3,307	0	219	5,428
Harlan	1,326	1,775	0	72	3,173
Hayes	304	641	0	47	992
Hitchcock	991	1,403	0	99	2,493
Holt	2,860	4,214	7	267	7,348
Hooker	144	452	2	15	613
Howard	2,270	1,465	1	141	3,877
Jefferson	2,623	3,436	0	282	6,341
Johnson	1,579	1,812	0	125	3,516
Kearney	1,890	2,140	2	148	4,180
Keith	2,004	3,164	2	218	5,388
Keya Paha	215	723	0	8	946
Kimball	924	1,628	0	137	2,689
Knox	2,651	3,341	0	309	6,301
Lancaster	45,944	43,852	24	7,579	97,399
Lincoln	9,236	9,115	8	744	19,103
Logan	218	428	2	27	675
Loup	219	438	0	15	672
McPherson	118	291	0	4	413
Madison	5,712	9,789	3	1,010	16,514
Merrick	2,207	2,967	1	157	5,332
Morrill	1,250	1,996	0	138	3,384
Nance	1,475	1,402	0	139	3,016
Nemaha	2,006	2,635	0	230	4,871

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

	Total Registration				
County	Dem.	Rep.	Am.	Ind.	Total
Nuckolls	2,386	2,244	0	159	4,789
Otoe	3,408	4,604	0	286	8,298
Pawnee	1,231	1,379	3	123	2,736
Perkins	915	1,265	1	159	2,340
Phelps	2,275	4,014	0	191	6,480
Pierce	1,697	2,477	0	130	4,304
Platte	7,180	6,561	3	732	14,476
Polk	1,741	1,977	0	216	3,934
Red Willow	2,605	3,783	0	429	6,817
Richardson	3,530	3,965	1	345	7,841
Rock	442	860	4	39	1,345
Saline	4,999	2,998	0	391	8,388
Sarpy	13,548	10,253	7	2,128	25,936
Saunders	5,390	4,459	1	300	10,150
Scotts Bluff	8,048	10,065	2	1,543	19,658
Seward	3,768	4,011	0	536	8,315
Sheridan	1,312	2,765	0	120	4,197
Sherman	1,825	962	8	87	2,882
Sioux	361	849	0	96	1,306
Stanton	1,132	1,906	0	134	3,172
Thayer	1,883	2,467	0	251	4,601
Thomas	136	527	0	10	673
Thurston	2,050	1,613	0	186	3,849
Valley	1,410	1,920	20	203	3,553
Washington	3,417	4,373	0	525	8,315
Wayne	1,576	3,020	0	270	4,866
Webster	1,437	1,749	1	136	3,323
Wheeler	238	334	0	35	607
York	2,618	5,290	8	447	8,363
TOTAL	388,279	404,861	230	47,296	840,666

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

County	Total Vote	PRESIDENT & VICE-PRESIDENT			
		DEMOCRAT		REPUBLICAN	
		Jimmie Carter & Walter Mondale	New Residents Presidential	Gerald Ford & Robert Dole	New Residents Presidential
Adams	13,387	4,949	10	7,612	11
Antelope	4,234	1,325	0	2,488	0
Arthur	273	64	0	193	0
Banner	528	210	0	281	0
Blaine	445	133	0	281	0
Boone	3,554	1,329	0	2,035	0
Box Butte	4,699	1,516	0	2,956	0
Boyd	1,887	792	0	1,004	0
Brown	1,917	557	0	1,239	2
Buffalo	13,098	4,296	12	8,083	12
Burt	4,095	1,373	2	2,507	3
Butler	4,333	2,336	1	1,808	1
Cass	7,281	3,202	3	3,800	7
Cedar	4,883	2,225	0	2,415	0
Chase	2,014	724	1	1,146	0
Cherry	3,302	906	0	2,197	0
Cheyenne	4,105	1,663	2	2,285	0
Clay	3,824	1,369	0	2,254	0
Colfax	4,271	1,666	0	2,363	1
Cuming	4,939	1,367	7	3,298	5
Custer	6,366	1,985	0	3,935	0
Dakota	5,160	2,290	2	2,629	2
Dawes	3,985	1,278	8	2,435	11
Dawson	8,047	2,393	2	5,411	2
Deuel	1,234	398	0	775	1
Dixon	3,443	1,286	0	1,981	0
Dodge	14,722	5,276	7	8,972	10
Douglas	160,626	61,692	185	92,980	224
Dundy	1,303	457	0	774	0
Fillmore	3,822	1,489	0	2,098	0
Franklin	2,270	941	0	1,170	0
Frontier	1,707	588	0	994	0
Furnas	3,139	1,126	0	1,844	0
Gage	10,476	4,506	6	5,199	7
Garden	1,482	445	0	928	0
Garfield	1,175	343	0	726	0
Gosper	1,043	332	0	654	0
Grant	455	116	0	313	1
Greeley	1,782	877	0	787	0
Hall	17,436	6,077	2	10,931	4
Hamilton	4,288	1,337	0	2,737	0
Harlan	2,338	879	0	1,325	0
Hayes	713	267	0	411	0
Hitchcock	1,810	786	0	898	0
Holt	5,518	1,751	0	3,389	0
Hooker	441	98	0	326	0
Howard	2,874	1,316	0	1,362	0
Jefferson	4,996	2,067	1	2,628	0
Johnson	2,555	1,115	0	1,298	0
Kearney	3,219	1,218	1	1,827	3
Keith	3,847	1,139	0	2,485	0
Keya Paha	690	245	0	405	0
Kimball	2,074	696	0	1,257	0
Knox	4,828	1,922	0	2,610	0
Lancaster	70,653	28,193	108	38,937	104
Lincoln	13,502	5,352	3	7,074	2
Logan	513	195	1	283	0
Loup	475	140	0	299	0

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

County	Total Vote	PRESIDENT & VICE-PRESIDENT			
		DEMOCRAT		REPUBLICAN	
		Jimmie Carter & Walter Mondale	New Residents Presidential	Gerald Ford & Robert Dole	New Residents Presidential
McPherson	340	104	0	221	0
Madison	11,935	3,433	0	7,844	2
Merrick	3,816	1,360	0	2,229	0
Morrill	2,462	971	0	1,351	0
Nance	2,161	936	0	1,119	2
Nemaha	3,673	1,404	2	2,092	1
Nuckolls	3,312	1,424	0	1,752	1
Otoe	6,538	2,436	0	3,715	0
Pawnee	1,948	845	0	990	0
Perkins	1,701	622	0	981	0
Phelps	4,571	1,166	2	3,209	1
Pierce	3,353	1,004	0	2,172	0
Platte	11,531	3,681	12	7,206	11
Polk	3,124	1,190	0	1,795	2
Red Willow	4,974	1,722	0	2,978	0
Richardson	5,719	2,415	1	3,117	2
Rock	1,039	255	0	732	0
Saline	5,820	3,205	0	2,330	0
Sarpy	19,983	7,384	1	11,912	5
Saunders	7,741	3,504	3	3,840	4
Scotts Bluff	12,750	4,297	1	6,885	2
Seward	6,119	2,609	1	3,215	5
Sheridan	3,021	810	0	2,003	0
Sherman	2,175	1,078	0	935	0
Sioux	908	329	0	532	0
Stanton	2,350	763	1	1,462	7
Thayer	3,497	1,315	0	1,994	0
Thomas	500	103	0	343	0
Thurston	2,462	1,020	1	1,290	0
Valley	2,871	1,042	0	1,587	0
Washington	6,298	2,233	0	3,792	7
Wayne	3,787	1,089	0	2,521	0
Webster	2,534	1,130	0	1,267	0
Wheeler	459	146	0	274	0
York	6,216	1,655	10	4,202	21
TOTAL	623,764	233,293	399	359,219	486

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

County	U. S. SENATOR Edward D. Zorinsky Democrat	John Y. McCollister Republican
Adams	6,027	7,038
Antelope	1,558	2,401
Arthur	68	184
Banner	184	334
Blaine	124	291
Boone	1,587	1,847
Box Butte	1,740	2,845
Boyd	711	909
Brown	548	1,300
Buffalo	5,827	6,879
Burt	1,890	2,147
Butler	2,570	1,422
Cass	4,081	3,074
Cedar	2,057	2,484
Chase	727	1,189
Cherry	950	2,182
Cheyenne	1,589	2,118
Clay	1,598	2,110
Colfax	2,374	1,813
Cuming	2,286	2,537
Custer	2,487	3,661
Dakota	2,625	2,276
Dawes	1,392	2,461
Dawson	2,906	4,794
Deuel	395	800
Dixon	1,225	2,037
Dodge	8,577	5,887
Douglas	97,126	56,054
Dundy	412	782
Fillmore	1,647	2,007
Franklin	939	1,135
Frontier	659	981
Furnas	1,115	1,787
Gage	5,146	4,762
Garden	502	909
Garfield	407	698
Gosper	366	637
Grant	146	295
Greeley	926	753
Hall	8,007	8,137
Hamilton	1,592	2,480
Harlan	962	1,275
Hayes	216	459
Hitchcock	763	968
Holt	1,945	3,154
Hooker	123	304
Howard	1,579	1,213
Jefferson	2,158	2,664
Johnson	1,255	1,131
Kearney	1,500	1,506
Keith	1,509	2,220
Keya Paha	156	477
Kimball	727	1,293
Knox	1,923	2,664
Lancaster	37,580	30,462
Lincoln	6,957	5,880
Logan	199	282
Loup	180	272
McPherson	101	223
Madison	4,777	6,736
Merrick	1,679	2,022
Morrill	983	1,421
Nance	1,125	961
Nemaha	1,906	1,670
Nuckolls	1,636	1,576
Otoe	3,433	2,929
Pawnee	929	947
Perkins	661	973
Phelps	1,505	2,962
Pierce	1,085	2,113
Platte	5,608	554
Polk	1,549	1,481
Red Willow	1,870	2,962
Richardson	2,791	2,691
Rock	307	689
Saline	3,555	2,057
Sarpy	11,934	7,798
Saunders	4,613	2,955
Scotts Bluff	5,202	6,946
Seward	3,032	2,781
Sheridan	863	2,059
Sherman	1,200	889
Sioux	309	577
Stanton	1,088	1,204
Thayer	1,443	1,932
Thomas	131	338
Thurston	1,131	1,205
Valley	1,257	1,520
Washington	4,398	1,773
Wayne	1,391	2,256
Webster	1,107	1,355
Wheeler	169	259
York	2,212	3,809
TOTAL	313,805	279,284

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

U.S. REPRESENTATIVE
First District

County	Pauline F. Anderson Democrat	Charles Thone Republican
Butler	1,174	2,726
Cedar	763	3,910
Colfax	1,092	2,999
Cuming	837	3,843
Dakota	1,662	3,326
Dixon	698	2,625
Dodge	3,768	10,440
Fillmore	891	2,778
Gage	2,625	7,123
Jefferson	1,250	3,567
Johnson	698	1,787
Knox	1,056	3,577
Lancaster	19,884	46,901
Madison	2,454	9,017
Nemaha	928	2,610
Otoe	1,882	4,407
Pawnee	454	1,411
Pierce	504	2,734
Richardson	1,700	3,764
Saline	1,849	3,705
Saunders	2,343	5,085
Seward	1,496	4,264
Stanton	446	1,835
Thayer	746	2,631
Thurston	708	1,629
Wayne	715	2,951
York	1,076	4,913
TOTAL	53,699	146,558

U.S. REPRESENTATIVE
Second District

County	John J. Cavanaugh Democrat	Lee Terry Republican
Burt	1,415	2,594
Cass	3,088	4,041
Douglas	89,208	68,503
Sarpy	9,908	9,780
Washington	2,677	3,434
TOTAL	106,296	88,352

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

County	U.S. REPRESENTATIVE Third District		
	James Thomas Hansen Democrat	Virginia Smith Republican	William W. Stern American
Adams	4,117	8,565	226
Antelope	812	3,040	75
Arthur	33	227	5
Banner	107	408	4
Blaine	40	365	21
Boone	859	2,478	55
Box Butte	1,065	3,436	76
Boyd	443	1,236	56
Brown	310	1,519	33
Buffalo	3,594	8,740	323
Chase	309	1,603	26
Cherry	528	2,552	59
Cheyenne	982	2,903	74
Clay	995	2,591	88
Custer	1,022	4,552	634
Dawes	794	2,945	126
Dawson	1,597	5,964	146
Deuel	170	1,039	8
Dundy	183	1,014	18
Franklin	507	1,628	35
Frontier	271	1,367	24
Furnas	641	2,328	53
Garden	270	1,132	33
Garfield	212	771	113
Gosper	161	816	14
Grant	44	389	7
Greeley	603	1,015	42
Hall	4,879	11,451	404
Hamilton	1,058	3,012	80
Harlan	564	1,620	42
Hayes	82	599	11
Hitchcock	317	1,383	30
Holt	1,102	4,055	159
Hooker	52	365	9
Howard	958	1,718	78
Kearney	869	2,187	82
Keith	756	2,909	65
Keya Paha	99	544	12
Kimball	483	1,509	27
Lincoln	3,403	9,359	181
Logan	58	428	8
Loup	90	295	73
McPherson	35	286	4
Merrick	998	2,580	84
Morrill	594	1,766	28
Nance	646	1,342	44
Nuckolls	1,051	2,104	39
Perkins	229	1,412	19
Phelps	934	3,444	76
Platte	2,764	8,060	218
Polk	813	2,146	48
Red Willow	871	3,798	76
Rock	200	745	42
Scotts Bluff	3,736	8,128	257
Sheridan	433	2,439	57
Sherman	626	1,339	85
Sioux	173	711	13
Thomas	51	424	14
Valley	712	1,823	235
Webster	612	1,796	30
Wheeler	95	320	21
TOTAL	51,012	150,720	5,025

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSIONER

First District

County	Joyce Dorand	Harold D. Simpson
Cass	2,881	2,994
Johnson	976	1,197
Lancaster	27,563	33,418
Nemaha	1,220	1,831
Otoe	2,286	3,101
Pawnee	611	873
Richardson	1,938	2,617
Sarpy	8,791	8,178
TOTAL	46,266	54,209

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSIONER

Third District

County	Donald J. Jensen	Duane Gay
Antelope	1,191	2,314
Boone	1,198	1,787
Burt	1,412	2,031
Cedar	1,840	2,085
Colfax	1,590	2,029
Cuming	1,442	2,409
Dakota	2,598	1,995
Dixon	1,306	1,550
Douglas	21,002	23,407
Holt	1,623	3,178
Knox	1,820	2,263
Madison	3,689	6,866
Pierce	955	1,986
Platte	3,868	6,574
Stanton	892	1,175
Thurston	1,090	914
Washington	2,589	2,509
Wayne	1,116	2,118
TOTAL	51,221	67,190

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

MEMBER, STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

First District

County	Frank E. Landis	Dee Everitt
Lancaster	34,116	23,819
Saunders	3,664	2,116
TOTAL	37,780	25,935

Second District

County	Mimi Waldbaum	James H. Monahan
Douglas	32,325	37,382
TOTAL	32,325	37,382

Third District

County	Walter M. Thompson	Walter L. Moller
Burt	2,581	738
Butler	1,152	1,177
Colfax	1,691	1,047
Cuming	1,890	1,406
Dakota	2,144	1,710
Dixon	1,213	1,398
Dodge	6,072	5,029
Douglas	4,546	3,338
Madison	4,901	3,879
Seward	428	219
Stanton	969	707
Thurston	904	891
Washington	2,501	1,636
Wayne	1,521	1,844
TOTAL	32,513	25,019

Fourth District

County	Don H. Lienemann	Virginia L. Spangler
Cass	1,914	4,124
Gage	4,656	2,450
Jefferson	2,064	1,615
Johnson	1,052	741
Nemaha	1,562	1,276
Otoe	2,265	2,611
Pawnee	734	614
Richardson	2,387	1,861
Saline	2,073	1,917
Sarpy	8,421	7,816
Seward	1,727	1,816
TOTAL	28,855	26,841

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA BOARD OF REGENTS

Third District

County	Kermit Wagner	Merle E. Hansen
Burt	1,979	1,361
Butler	1,776	1,490
Colfax	2,325	1,625
Cuming	1,942	1,717
Dakota	2,247	1,767
Dixon	1,102	1,445
Dodge	7,014	5,404
Douglas	4,282	4,197
Madison	5,675	4,010
Seward	272	416
Stanton	1,021	955
Thurston	847	894
Washington	2,347	2,268
Wayne	1,598	1,411
TOTAL	34,427	28,960

Fourth District

County	Willard H. Waldo	Robert J. Prokop
Cass	3,002	2,861
Gage	4,373	4,347
Jefferson	2,417	2,061
Johnson	1,108	1,011
Nemaha	1,640	1,380
Otoe	2,618	2,592
Pawnee	832	776
Richardson	2,181	2,211
Saline	2,301	3,108
Sarpy	6,330	9,432
Seward	2,092	2,014
TOTAL	28,894	31,793

Fifth District

County	Robert R. Koefoot	Mrs. Fred A. Seaton
Adams	5,332	7,194
Clay	1,647	1,856
Fillmore	1,536	1,713
Franklin	856	1,034
Hall	12,187	3,963
Hamilton	2,433	1,491
Merrick	2,503	996
Nance	1,364	545
Nuckolls	1,522	1,375
Platte	5,290	4,256
Polk	1,579	1,232
Thayer	1,154	1,723
Webster	1,065	1,165
York	2,886	2,714
TOTAL	41,354	31,257

Eighth District

County	James H. Moylan	William C. Minier
Douglas	31,273	18,013
TOTAL	31,273	18,013

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE

District One

County	Guy Cooper	Nelson Merz
Gage	1,058	400
Nemaha	1,772	1,629
Pawnee	842	934
Richardson	1,999	3,458
TOTAL	5,671	6,421

District Three

County	Keith Barkley	Orval Keyes
Sarpy	4,067	5,409
TOTAL	4,067	5,409

District Five

County	Michael B. Staskiewicz	Bernice Labedz	David Marrero (Pet.)
Douglas	923	4,524	3,499
TOTAL	923	4,524	3,499

District Seven

County	Patrick Venditte	Fritz Stanek
Douglas	4,259	3,936
TOTAL	4,259	3,936

District Nine

County	Sam J. Howell III	Bill Brennan
Douglas	3,388	4,147
TOTAL	3,388	4,147

District Eleven

County	Ernest Chambers	John A. Guy
Douglas	4,111	1,185
TOTAL	4,111	1,185

District Thirteen

County	George Syas	Dave Newell
Douglas	5,185	5,998
TOTAL	5,185	5,998

District Fifteen

County	Barry B. Reutzel	Rupert Dunklau
Dodge	6,195	5,778
TOTAL	6,195	5,778

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE—Continued

District Seventeen

County	John R. Murphy	Aaron C. Butler
Dakota	3,291	1,379
Dixon	2,250	757
Wayne	2,439	757
TOTAL	7,980	2,893

District Nineteen

County	Elroy M. Hefner	William R. Hengstler
Cedar	3,089	1,221
Knox	2,099	2,470
Pierce	1,047	858
Wayne	169	36
TOTAL	6,404	4,585

District Twenty-One

County	J. Paul McIntosh	Keith M. Boughn
Madison	4,938	6,248
Pierce	806	396
TOTAL	5,744	6,644

District Twenty-Three

County	Erwin F. Matulka	Loran Schmit
Butler	1,494	2,719
Platte	537	1,027
Polk	564	906
Saunders	2,696	3,019
TOTAL	5,291	7,671

District Twenty-Five

County	Jerome Warner	Reginal Powers
Cass	1,182	942
Johnson	320	224
Lancaster	5,286	2,304
Otoe	635	360
Saunders	1,028	456
TOTAL	8,451	4,286

District Twenty-Seven

County	Don Stenberg	Steve Fowler
Lancaster	5,619	7,186
TOTAL	5,619	7,186

District Twenty-Nine

County	Shirley Marsh	Ronald Wylie
Lancaster	8,274	6,835
TOTAL	8,274	6,835

District Thirty-One

County	James A. Dickinson	Neil Simon
Douglas	7,987	8,660
TOTAL	7,987	8,660

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE—Continued

District Thirty-Three

County	Richard D. Marvel
Adams	11,209
TOTAL	11,209

District Thirty-Five

County	Rose Ann Jacobsen	Ralph D. Kelly
Hall	2,877	7,964
TOTAL	2,877	7,964

District Thirty-Seven

County	Martin F. Kahle	Richard S. Ely
Buffalo	2,576	788
Franklin	731	1,248
Kearney	2,337	647
Nuckolls	449	1,199
Webster	536	1,829
TOTAL	6,629	5,711

District Thirty-Nine

County	Herbert J. Duis
Buffalo	475
Dawson	6,540
Phelps	3,714
TOTAL	10,729

District Forty-One

County	Dennis L. Rasmussen
Custer	526
Garfield	904
Greeley	1,471
Hall	667
Howard	2,397
Loup	368
Sherman	1,737
Valley	2,409
Wheeler	347
TOTAL	10,826

District Forty-Three

County	Howard Lamb	Lawrence A. Peterson
Blaine	278	106
Brown	1,154	601
Cherry	1,793	1,070
Custer	3,587	874
Hooker	274	87
Keya Paha	400	229
Logan	326	75
McPherson	192	98
Rock	699	307
Thomas	321	113
TOTAL	9,024	3,560

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE—Continued

District Forty-Five

County	Frank Lewis	J. Neal Clemmer
Sarpy	5,274	1,841
TOTAL	5,274	1,841

District Forty-Seven

County	Robert L. Clark
Banner	380
Cheyenne	3,168
Kimball	1,740
Morrill	1,834
Scotts Bluff	1,099
TOTAL	8,221

District Forty-Nine

County	Leslie A. Stull	Samuel K. Cullan
Box Butte	2,074	2,540
Dawes	1,794	1,957
Grant	217	203
Sheridan	1,243	1,604
Sioux	518	333
TOTAL	5,846	6,637

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURT

DISTRICT TWO

County	Ronald E. Reagan YES	NO
Cass	4,146	1,050
Otoe	3,894	893
Sarpy	12,686	3,862
TOTAL	20,726	5,805

DISTRICT THREE

County	William D. Blue YES	NO	Samuel Van Pelt YES	NO	Herbert A. Ronin YES	NO
Lancaster	43,522	9,271	45,508	9,608	45,558	9,163
TOTAL	43,522	9,271	45,508	9,608	45,558	9,163

County	Dale E. Fahrnbruch YES	NO
Lancaster	43,435	9,341
TOTAL	43,435	9,341

DISTRICT FOUR

County	John E. Clark YES	NO	John E. Murphy YES	NO	Lawrence C. Krell YES	NO
Douglas	94,964	20,921	96,244	22,927	89,259	27,243
TOTAL	94,964	20,921	96,244	22,927	89,259	27,243

County	John C. Burke YES	NO	Patrick Wm. Lynch YES	NO
Douglas	94,806	19,706	96,200	22,596
TOTAL	94,806	19,706	96,200	22,596

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURT

DISTRICT SIX

County	Walter G. Huber YES	NO
Burt	1,999	755
Dodge	8,176	1,951
Thurston	984	441
Washington	3,592	1,644
TOTAL	14,751	4,791

DISTRICT TEN

County	Norris Chadderdon YES	NO
Adams	8,744	1,846
Clay	2,413	620
Franklin	1,166	368
Harlan	1,296	392
Kearney	1,950	443
Phelps	3,292	757
Webster	1,258	420
TOTAL	20,119	4,846

DISTRICT THIRTEEN

County	Keith Windrum YES	NO
Arthur	124	34
Dawson	4,928	1,244
Hooker	202	36
Keith	2,092	569
Lincoln	8,068	1,893
Logan	236	82
McPherson	120	48
Thomas	245	78
TOTAL	16,015	3,984

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURT

DISTRICT SIXTEEN

County	Robert R. Moran YES	NO
Box Butte	3,327	926
Dawes	2,045	1,502
Grant	304	66
Sheridan	1,711	837
Sioux	525	120
TOTAL	7,912	3,451

DISTRICT SEVENTEEN

County	Alfred J. Kortum YES	NO
Garden	669	280
Morrill	1,406	441
Scotts Bluff	7,553	1,751
TOTAL	9,628	2,472

DISTRICT TWENTY

County	Earl C. Johnson YES	NO
Blaine	265	50
Custer	3,396	1,622
Garfield	556	105
Greeley	765	247
Loup	200	85
Valley	1,344	474
Wheeler	184	45
TOTAL	6,710	2,628

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

JUDGES OF THE COUNTY COURT

JUVENILE COURTS
Douglas County

County	Colleen R. Buckley YES	Colleen R. Buckley NO	Joseph W. Moylan YES	Joseph W. Moylan NO
Douglas	99,313	19,763	95,198	19,693
TOTAL	99,313	19,763	95,198	19,693

DISTRICT ONE

County	Albert Maust YES	Albert Maust NO
Johnson	1,219	510
Nemaha	2,196	844
Pawnee	1,004	321
Richardson	3,744	1,461
TOTAL	8,163	3,136

DISTRICT TWO

County	Jeffery L. Campbell YES	Jeffery L. Campbell NO
Cass	3,378	1,594
Otoe	3,297	1,079
Sarpy	10,408	5,504
TOTAL	17,083	8,177

DISTRICT THREE

County	Jeffre P. Cheuvront YES	Jeffre P. Cheuvront NO
Lancaster	43,421	11,581
TOTAL	43,421	11,581

DISTRICT FOUR

County	Samuel V. Cooper YES	Samuel V. Cooper NO	Robert C. McGowan YES	Robert C. McGowan NO
Douglas	96,653	19,618	95,212	18,865
TOTAL	96,653	19,618	95,212	18,865

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

JUDGES OF THE COUNTY COURT

DISTRICT FIVE

County	Robert J. Cattle Jr. YES	Robert J. Cattle Jr. NO	Myrl D. Edstrom YES	Myrl D. Edstrom NO
Butler	1,741	710	1,548	711
Hamilton	2,197	1,345	2,328	757
Polk	1,310	913	1,084	1,197
Saunders	3,718	1,508	4,074	2,130
Seward	3,433	1,596	3,094	1,077
York	3,462	1,010	3,282	984
TOTAL	15,861	7,082	15,410	6,856

DISTRICT SIX

County	Chester N. Sutton YES	Chester N. Sutton NO
Burt	1,853	1,097
Dodge	8,132	2,039
Thurston	1,002	512
Washington	2,518	2,843
TOTAL	13,505	6,491

DISTRICT SEVEN

County	Clarence C. Kunc YES	Clarence C. Kunc NO	Ray L. Gellar YES	Ray L. Gellar NO
Fillmore	1,939	782	2,060	1,237
Nuckolls	1,641	476	1,568	487
Saline	2,435	1,316	2,836	1,103
Thayer	1,919	515	1,672	513
TOTAL	7,934	3,089	8,136	3,340

DISTRICT EIGHT

County	Cecil W. Orton YES	Cecil W. Orton NO	David W. Curtiss YES	David W. Curtiss NO
Cedar	1,940	921	2,429	985
Dakota	2,866	1,492	2,968	949
Dixon	1,680	548	1,873	492
TOTAL	6,486	2,961	7,270	2,426

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

JUDGES OF THE COUNTY COURT

DISTRICT NINE

County	R. Bruce Henning YES	R. Bruce Henning NO	Eugene C. McFadden YES	Eugene C. McFadden NO
Antelope	2,017	703	2,156	689
Cuming	2,036	785	2,106	769
Knox	2,553	904	2,583	793
Madison	7,288	2,271	6,983	2,530
Pierce	1,756	515	1,742	538
Stanton	1,154	502	1,153	540
Wayne	2,012	572	2,098	556
TOTAL	18,816	6,252	18,821	6,415

DISTRICT TEN

County	Bernard Sprague YES	Bernard Sprague NO	Harry C. Haverly YES	Harry C. Haverly NO
Adams	8,777	1,786	8,607	2,379
Clay	2,373	578	2,296	604
Franklin	1,239	430	1,116	437
Harlan	1,229	390	1,032	415
Kearney	1,772	459	1,817	493
Phelps	2,732	655	2,520	709
Webster	1,625	436	1,309	410
TOTAL	19,747	4,734	18,697	5,447

DISTRICT THIRTEEN

County	Richard P. Myers YES	Richard P. Myers NO	Ronald A. Ruff YES	Ronald A. Ruff NO	George W. Bigelow YES	George W. Bigelow NO
Arthur	129	39	119	35	107	41
Dawson	4,056	1,210	4,005	1,224	4,166	2,656
Hooker	228	36	218	54	203	48
Keith	2,259	701	1,804	670	1,705	687
Lincoln	7,196	1,793	8,284	2,800	7,217	1,973
Logan	205	109	236	123	218	115
McPherson	107	57	172	56	114	59
Thomas	226	81	227	83	239	83
TOTAL	14,406	4,026	15,065	5,045	13,969	5,662

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

JUDGES OF THE COUNTY COURT

DISTRICT FOURTEEN

County	Cloyd Clark Jr. YES	NO
Chase	1,024	321
Dundy	619	201
Frontier	859	279
Furnas	1,674	693
Gosper	745	139
Hayes	323	131
Hitchcock	924	422
Perkins	862	247
Red Willow	2,462	1,690
TOTAL	9,492	4,123

DISTRICT FIFTEEN

County	Samuel C. Ely YES	NO	C. Norman Gonderinger YES	NO
Boyd	807	462	745	577
Brown	1,193	442	814	399
Cherry	1,909	501	1,407	580
Holt	2,277	1,363	2,412	1,953
Keya Paha	327	129	271	96
Rock	644	186	459	214
TOTAL	7,157	3,083	6,108	3,819

DISTRICT SIXTEEN

County	Glen A. Fiebig YES	NO	Laurice M. Margheim YES	NO
Box Butte	3,318	910	3,008	943
Dawes	1,969	1,183	1,634	1,888
Grant	304	70	213	86
Sheridan	1,700	804	1,113	1,205
Sioux	472	136	489	158
TOTAL	7,763	3,103	6,457	4,280

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

JUDGES OF THE COUNTY COURT

DISTRICT SEVENTEEN

County	G. Glenn Camerer YES	G. Glenn Camerer NO	James L. Macken YES	James L. Macken NO
Garden	742	280	664	285
Morrill	1,483	496	1,635	536
Scotts Bluff	7,293	2,096	7,720	2,187
TOTAL	9,518	2,872	10,019	3,008

DISTRICT EIGHTEEN

County	Dennis A. Winkle YES	Dennis A. Winkle NO
Gage	3,355	6,335
Jefferson	1,546	3,114
TOTAL	4,901	9,449

DISTRICT NINETEEN

County	Kenneth C. Fritzler YES	Kenneth C. Fritzler NO
Banner	292	96
Cheyenne	1,778	882
Deuel	536	262
Kimball	1,393	499
TOTAL	3,999	1,739

DISTRICT TWENTY

County	C.S. Marchek YES	C.S. Marchek NO
Blaine	282	48
Custer	3,395	1,482
Garfield	583	123
Greeley	791	292
Loup	231	72
Valley	1,457	496
Wheeler	212	56
TOTAL	6,951	2,569

DISTRICT TWENTY-ONE

County	Gerald E. Rouse YES	Gerald E. Rouse NO	Gary Hatfield YES	Gary Hatfield NO	Joe R. Broz YES	Joe R. Broz NO
Boone	1,589	765	1,604	803	1,451	822
Colfax	1,981	870	1,853	882	2,252	1,286
Merrick	1,660	705	1,940	830	1,466	723
Nance	1,103	378	1,075	390	935	380
Platte	6,328	2,770	5,936	2,125	5,957	2,159
TOTAL	12,661	5,488	12,408	5,030	12,061	5,370

ABSTRACT OF VOTES
General Election—November 2, 1976
JUDGES OF THE COUNTY COURT

JUDGES—MUNICIPAL COURT
Douglas County

County	Robert C. Vondrasek YES	Robert C. Vondrasek NO	Walter H. Cropper YES	Walter H. Cropper NO	Fred J. Montag YES	Fred J. Montag NO
Douglas	88,118	24,551	91,186	22,657	88,228	24,121
TOTAL	88,118	24,551	91,186	22,657	88,228	24,121

County	William F. Ryan YES	William F. Ryan NO
Douglas	91,899	20,097
TOTAL	91,899	20,097

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

County	Ballots Issued	No. 1 Eliminate Reading of Bills		No. 2 Override Line Item Veto	
		For	Against	For	Against
Adams	13,387	4,774	6,668	6,378	4,606
Antelope	4,234	1,132	2,098	1,464	1,461
Arthur	273	60	132	80	100
Banner	528	144	286	210	189
Blaine	445	100	221	146	152
Boone	3,554	1,114	1,689	1,450	1,127
Box Butte	4,699	1,714	2,384	2,417	1,509
Boyd	1,887	413	889	551	585
Brown	1,917	533	985	781	619
Buffalo	13,098	4,882	6,345	6,254	4,348
Burt	4,095	1,252	2,018	1,660	1,351
Butler	4,333	1,131	1,856	1,413	1,422
Cass	7,281	2,215	3,886	3,150	2,562
Cedar	4,883	1,408	2,287	1,935	1,447
Chase	2,014	595	1,067	901	640
Cherry	3,302	808	1,892	1,251	1,262
Cheyenne	4,105	856	1,978	1,575	1,086
Clay	3,824	1,179	2,028	1,529	1,476
Colfax	4,271	1,149	2,083	1,571	1,401
Cuming	4,939	1,503	2,163	1,833	1,477
Custer	6,366	1,838	3,324	2,310	2,464
Dakota	5,160	1,424	2,788	2,376	1,571
Dawes	3,985	1,123	2,289	1,875	1,319
Dawson	8,047	2,864	3,908	3,450	2,858
Deuel	1,234	363	655	560	402
Dixon	3,443	962	1,593	1,302	1,017
Dodge	14,722	5,247	7,165	6,795	4,913
Douglas	160,626	58,122	82,970	83,048	51,727
Dundy	1,303	330	644	444	426
Fillmore	3,822	1,106	1,918	1,465	1,350
Franklin	2,270	666	1,036	774	802
Frontier	1,707	479	881	616	652
Furnas	3,139	881	1,656	1,187	1,161
Gage	10,476	3,582	4,405	4,305	3,125
Garden	1,482	378	710	511	492
Garfield	1,175	274	583	354	435
Gosper	1,043	356	460	415	320
Grant	455	117	249	174	156
Greeley	1,782	558	797	672	577
Hall	17,436	6,044	7,729	7,563	5,030
Hamilton	4,288	1,433	2,246	1,868	1,568
Harlan	2,338	703	1,144	892	815
Hayes	713	194	394	264	256
Hitchcock	1,810	446	1,014	686	667
Holt	5,518	1,395	2,968	1,997	2,006
Hooker	441	109	216	173	122
Howard	2,874	856	1,429	1,064	1,037
Jefferson	4,996	1,506	2,428	1,953	1,668
Johnson	2,555	673	1,314	951	920
Kearney	3,219	1,169	1,467	1,411	1,021
Keith	3,847	1,142	2,165	1,687	1,399
Keya Paha	690	163	366	210	252
Kimball	2,074	692	1,123	1,018	723
Knox	4,828	1,356	2,301	1,818	1,570
Lancaster	70,653	27,054	36,039	37,310	21,762
Lincoln	13,502	4,561	7,020	5,566	5,277
Logan	513	128	285	197	186
Loup	475	132	218	159	158

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

County	Ballots Issued	No. 1 Eliminate Reading of Bills		No. 2 Override Line Item Veto	
		For	Against	For	Against
McPherson	340	73	207	89	165
Madison	11,935	4,291	5,526	5,312	3,936
Merrick	3,816	1,256	1,933	1,584	1,397
Morrill	2,462	647	1,273	935	836
Nance	2,161	517	1,077	785	734
Nemaha	3,673	1,048	1,958	1,462	1,368
Nuckolls	3,312	968	1,605	1,313	1,093
Otoe	6,538	1,902	3,181	2,585	2,191
Pawnee	1,948	489	990	707	653
Perkins	1,701	501	944	767	595
Phelps	4,571	1,502	2,424	2,082	1,573
Pierce	3,353	1,038	1,535	1,303	1,100
Platte	11,531	3,275	6,032	4,645	3,987
Polk	3,124	980	1,559	1,218	1,170
Red Willow	4,974	1,311	2,921	1,982	1,932
Richardson	5,719	1,504	2,638	1,958	1,928
Rock	1,039	286	514	384	335
Saline	5,820	1,657	2,889	2,266	1,945
Sarpy	19,983	6,590	11,304	10,672	6,525
Saunders	7,741	2,310	4,179	3,242	2,827
Scotts Bluff	12,750	4,385	6,003	5,586	4,034
Seward	6,119	1,998	2,996	2,750	1,911
Sheridan	3,021	829	1,719	1,301	1,064
Sherman	2,175	592	1,006	748	724
Sioux	908	235	543	354	376
Stanton	2,350	735	1,230	1,007	834
Thayer	3,497	1,032	1,687	1,346	1,149
Thomas	500	140	259	174	191
Thurston	2,462	674	1,121	894	748
Valley	2,871	866	1,413	1,085	1,033
Washington	6,298	2,115	2,948	2,788	1,882
Wayne	3,787	1,351	1,807	1,829	1,117
Webster	2,534	688	1,273	936	885
Wheeler	459	128	202	151	142
York	6,216	1,894	3,341	2,587	2,328
TOTAL	623,764	207,816	315,089	284,796	205,732
		Failed to Pass		Passed	

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

County	No. 3 Change Meeting of Legislature		No. 4 Remove Lt. Governor as Presiding Officer		No. 5 Auth. Pol. Subd. to Issue Bonds	
	For	Against	For	Against	For	Against
Adams	5,146	5,602	3,822	7,130	4,327	6,366
Antelope	1,135	1,749	792	2,162	987	1,962
Arthur	57	115	33	142	60	121
Banner	150	247	112	287	134	250
Blaine	102	186	67	226	85	202
Boone	1,119	1,400	845	1,746	1,080	1,504
Box Butte	1,968	1,879	1,510	2,369	1,826	1,973
Boyd	372	750	290	862	398	728
Brown	525	868	379	1,014	582	841
Buffalo	4,951	5,489	3,460	7,055	4,146	6,327
Burt	1,320	1,630	944	2,073	1,334	1,700
Butler	1,158	1,614	912	1,840	1,135	1,702
Cass	2,404	3,187	1,653	4,042	2,395	3,335
Cedar	1,329	1,994	1,063	2,281	1,295	1,963
Chase	632	901	535	1,018	579	948
Cherry	827	1,638	626	1,857	748	1,683
Cheyenne	1,020	2,038	1,096	1,900	1,239	1,707
Clay	1,147	1,827	900	2,119	1,069	1,902
Colfax	1,210	1,713	812	2,187	1,261	1,758
Cuming	1,494	1,821	1,165	2,175	1,581	1,808
Custer	1,788	2,881	1,367	3,411	1,590	3,194
Dakota	1,780	2,079	1,339	2,541	1,797	2,098
Dawes	1,283	1,860	936	2,153	1,163	1,975
Dawson	2,894	3,302	2,225	4,072	2,306	3,996
Deuel	363	562	277	669	344	591
Dixon	939	1,302	690	1,582	906	1,342
Dodge	5,521	5,896	3,998	7,600	5,336	6,213
Douglas	69,869	61,117	44,628	88,423	68,439	68,256
Dundy	340	527	253	615	357	507
Fillmore	1,133	1,663	806	2,049	1,081	1,739
Franklin	630	912	461	1,074	581	977
Frontier	500	752	358	916	484	782
Furnas	855	1,471	697	1,675	926	1,447
Gage	3,304	4,053	2,237	4,681	3,492	3,554
Garden	370	611	319	702	338	683
Garfield	280	490	181	605	272	531
Gosper	316	409	260	482	277	459
Grant	124	207	92	229	108	213
Greeley	535	687	351	878	490	743
Hall	6,392	6,745	3,720	9,354	5,173	8,046
Hamilton	1,504	1,889	1,004	2,380	1,248	2,103
Harlan	655	1,043	487	1,241	697	1,047
Hayes	196	307	158	367	212	310
Hitchcock	474	842	399	946	509	800
Holt	1,379	2,551	1,068	2,945	1,532	2,467
Hooker	132	156	99	198	113	181
Howard	777	1,283	584	1,537	781	1,380
Jefferson	1,459	2,118	1,046	2,546	1,580	2,070
Johnson	668	1,150	512	1,365	682	1,171
Kearney	1,101	1,303	813	1,630	1,078	1,364
Keith	1,200	1,840	903	2,184	1,075	1,929
Keya Paha	148	297	107	375	167	288
Kimball	714	983	492	1,238	710	1,008
Knox	1,339	2,004	1,101	2,338	1,328	1,996
Lancaster	27,626	30,188	20,312	36,138	22,695	33,394
Lincoln	5,239	5,674	3,436	7,580	4,118	6,754
Logan	136	245	90	291	114	261
Loup	123	193	86	233	91	239

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

County	No. 3 Change Meeting of Legislature		No. 4 Remove Lt. Governor as Presiding Officer		No. 5 Auth. Pol. Subd. to Issue Bonds	
	For	Against	For	Against	For	Against
McPherson	62	193	32	231	44	212
Madison	4,325	4,787	3,014	6,177	3,365	5,765
Merrick	1,210	1,711	1,132	2,220	976	1,967
Morrill	681	1,083	502	1,244	597	1,040
Nance	547	901	384	1,100	566	913
Nemaha	1,078	1,700	746	2,069	1,152	1,694
Nuckolls	999	1,390	741	1,653	1,039	1,322
Otoe	2,097	2,555	1,404	3,266	2,060	2,670
Pawnee	490	861	381	1,000	539	856
Perkins	465	864	325	1,019	456	889
Phelps	1,697	1,941	1,248	2,471	1,581	2,092
Pierce	1,006	1,364	717	1,661	885	1,463
Platte	3,586	4,834	2,531	6,053	3,575	5,042
Polk	999	1,370	595	1,814	919	1,487
Red Willow	1,413	2,482	1,271	2,675	1,655	2,238
Richardson	1,474	2,339	1,069	2,816	1,540	2,358
Rock	266	441	225	495	290	454
Saline	1,774	2,401	1,263	2,974	1,689	2,582
Sarpy	8,172	8,556	5,138	11,872	8,261	8,873
Saunders	2,413	3,498	1,781	4,102	2,395	3,702
Scotts Bluff	4,500	5,107	3,404	6,278	3,888	5,861
Seward	2,190	2,362	1,641	2,977	1,900	2,740
Sheridan	828	1,641	617	1,707	752	1,555
Sherman	508	929	392	1,083	534	976
Sioux	246	463	181	556	214	503
Stanton	737	1,060	504	1,308	627	1,167
Thayer	1,036	1,442	743	1,778	1,025	1,508
Thomas	128	230	109	256	136	239
Thurston	624	949	519	1,086	695	913
Valley	867	1,211	542	1,574	704	1,403
Washington	2,338	2,198	1,467	3,181	2,238	2,432
Wayne	1,465	1,448	1,051	1,885	1,343	1,535
Webster	683	1,091	504	1,334	670	1,143
Wheeler	123	166	84	216	108	186
York	2,068	2,786	1,389	3,488	1,815	3,003
TOTAL	225,247	256,594	156,554	329,347	210,684	277,671
	Failed to Pass		Failed to Pass		Failed to Pass	

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

County	No. 6—Part 1 Permit Contracting For Handicapped Children		No. 6—Part 2 Prohibit Expenditure of Public Funds for Sectarian Purposes	
	For	Against	For	Against
Adams	5,707	5,844	5,496	6,102
Antelope	1,598	1,677	1,370	1,791
Arthur	77	109	79	105
Banner	195	208	138	264
Blaine	137	189	88	229
Boone	1,763	1,137	1,556	1,294
Box Butte	2,029	1,963	1,809	2,153
Boyd	573	614	513	722
Brown	702	707	525	898
Buffalo	4,875	6,348	4,348	6,800
Burt	1,637	1,609	1,477	1,795
Butler	1,920	1,456	1,597	1,532
Cass	3,230	2,763	2,716	3,278
Cedar	2,490	1,534	2,029	1,685
Chase	744	883	637	986
Cherry	1,004	1,700	807	1,804
Cheyenne	1,463	1,712	1,364	1,733
Clay	1,504	1,641	1,365	1,837
Colfax	1,982	1,329	1,750	1,536
Cuming	2,664	1,379	2,392	1,562
Custer	2,046	3,122	1,751	3,349
Dakota	2,452	1,679	2,114	1,992
Dawes	1,471	1,826	1,175	2,101
Dawson	2,808	3,924	2,458	4,308
Deuel	390	595	346	645
Dixon	1,374	1,132	1,127	1,354
Dodge	7,696	4,758	7,093	5,406
Douglas	93,399	49,751	80,908	61,307
Dundy	423	512	387	554
Fillmore	1,586	1,437	1,382	1,635
Franklin	792	952	699	997
Frontier	608	760	532	837
Furnas	1,093	1,450	938	1,562
Gage	4,102	3,152	4,354	3,620
Garden	508	575	463	594
Garfield	320	530	293	555
Gosper	380	430	321	491
Grant	150	206	149	195
Greeley	781	593	756	615
Hall	7,316	6,919	6,556	7,553
Hamilton	1,676	1,866	1,513	2,110
Harlan	860	998	746	1,102
Hayes	242	326	227	343
Hitchcock	607	829	494	922
Holt	2,335	1,907	2,135	2,134
Hooker	159	170	147	179
Howard	1,106	1,195	936	1,319
Jefferson	2,119	1,707	1,882	2,010
Johnson	1,100	926	924	1,067
Kearney	1,317	1,362	1,168	1,479
Keith	1,503	1,613	1,438	1,792
Keya Paha	188	295	173	311
Kimball	883	856	730	1,035
Knox	2,005	1,647	1,795	1,773
Lancaster	30,428	28,483	27,036	36,160
Lincoln	5,929	5,555	5,513	6,134
Logan	166	235	149	264
Loup	124	216	107	236

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

County	No. 6—Part 1 Permit Contracting For Handicapped Children		No. 6—Part 2 Prohibit Expenditure of Public Funds for Sectarian Purposes	
	For	Against	For	Against
McPherson	114	157	108	168
Madison	5,551	4,441	4,873	4,781
Merrick	1,575	1,592	1,374	1,794
Morrill	806	1,050	700	1,159
Nance	835	782	673	910
Nemaha	1,311	1,681	1,164	1,802
Nuckolls	1,375	1,209	1,289	1,302
Otoe	2,586	2,427	2,347	2,727
Pawnee	725	725	555	901
Perkins	606	802	913	884
Phelps	1,636	2,271	1,457	2,431
Pierce	1,429	1,291	1,230	1,387
Platte	5,613	3,777	5,060	4,322
Polk	1,375	1,259	1,178	1,421
Red Willow	1,969	2,155	1,557	2,554
Richardson	2,131	2,072	1,981	2,197
Rock	394	381	317	443
Saline	2,343	2,114	2,099	2,364
Sarpy	11,364	6,518	9,908	8,068
Saunders	3,698	2,938	3,194	3,360
Scotts Bluff	4,788	5,139	3,827	6,442
Seward	3,157	1,938	2,856	2,232
Sheridan	993	1,436	872	1,574
Sherman	825	781	461	846
Sioux	358	386	284	474
Stanton	1,066	904	919	1021
Thayer	1,499	1,189	1,304	1,419
Thomas	173	206	143	251
Thurston	931	770	815	895
Valley	1,011	1,220	943	1,301
Washington	3,180	1,898	3,002	2,131
Wayne	1,533	1,534	1,282	1,796
Webster	877	1,117	877	1,172
Wheeler	175	157	168	168
York	2,945	2,216	2,693	2,472
TOTAL	289,683	229,824	255,394	267,315
	Passed		Failed to Pass	

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

County	No. 7 Provide For Issuance of Bonds to Acquire and Develop Property		No. 8 Fix Salary of Legislature	
	For	Against	For	Against
Adams	4,304	6,403	5,681	5,870
Antelope	875	2,036	1,277	2,096
Arthur	48	123	90	108
Banner	101	280	198	241
Blaine	71	208	126	207
Boone	1,022	1,506	1,128	1,777
Box Butte	1,764	2,096	1,896	2,148
Boyd	354	748	377	941
Brown	527	844	536	1,020
Buffalo	4,058	6,263	5,815	5,577
Burt	1,242	1,714	1,510	1,827
Butler	997	1,690	1,325	1,841
Cass	2,159	3,413	2,363	3,786
Cedar	1,390	1,902	1,533	2,278
Chase	578	917	958	757
Cherry	746	1,704	1,040	1,737
Cheyenne	1,256	1,730	1,457	1,593
Clay	930	1,996	1,213	2,015
Colfax	1,131	1,801	1,325	2,042
Cuming	1,419	1,853	1,666	2,243
Custer	1,515	3,132	2,093	3,172
Dakota	1,740	2,130	1,805	2,419
Dawes	1,178	1,947	1,510	1,931
Dawson	2,176	4,039	3,169	3,544
Deuel	336	594	647	429
Dixon	838	1,386	1,026	1,577
Dodge	5,172	6,282	5,192	7,258
Douglas	60,162	69,789	69,245	70,937
Dundy	314	535	520	495
Fillmore	960	1,820	1,156	1,969
Franklin	551	992	674	1,081
Frontier	391	815	657	762
Furnas	872	1,424	1,079	1,553
Gage	3,669	3,610	3,226	4,925
Garden	339	644	566	589
Garfield	245	532	360	508
Gosper	271	447	440	409
Grant	88	237	140	240
Greeley	451	746	616	768
Hall	5,262	7,921	7,000	6,877
Hamilton	1,101	2,234	1,572	2,116
Harlan	626	1,052	783	1,131
Hayes	208	296	282	290
Hitchcock	473	829	631	867
Holt	1,443	2,456	1,477	3,033
Hooker	98	190	157	179
Howard	730	1,321	922	1,448
Jefferson	1,408	2,130	1,426	2,573
Johnson	590	1,187	679	1,387
Kearney	1,037	1,352	1,458	1,257
Keith	1,115	1,931	1,798	1,601
Keya Paha	137	302	179	363
Kimball	704	1,001	894	928
Knox	1,321	1,942	1,343	2,442
Lancaster	21,040	36,799	32,934	31,010
Lincoln	4,046	6,690	5,189	5,922
Logan	83	282	154	263
Loup	99	200	158	216

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

County	No. 7 Provide For Issuance of Bonds to Acquire and Develop Property		No. 8 Fix Salary of Legislature	
	For	Against	For	Against
McPherson	42	211	83	191
Madison	3,343	5,814	4,504	5,490
Merrick	999	1,890	1,266	1,881
Morrill	616	1,140	815	1,143
Nance	549	896	557	1,100
Nemaha	1,007	1,744	1,151	1,843
Nuckolls	968	1,360	1,084	1,566
Otoe	1,826	2,698	1,848	3,249
Pawnee	517	835	539	1,014
Perkins	437	869	839	630
Phelps	1,474	2,088	1,921	2,075
Pierce	869	1,485	1,121	1,587
Platte	3,448	4,882	3,365	6,068
Polk	799	1,563	1,120	1,507
Red Willow	1,618	2,232	2,008	2,287
Richardson	1,486	2,359	1,377	2,984
Rock	247	451	360	465
Saline	1,451	2,662	1,693	2,972
Sarpy	7,720	9,006	8,893	9,071
Saunders	2,211	3,725	2,531	4,158
Scotts Bluff	3,760	5,744	4,883	5,105
Seward	1,744	2,847	2,211	2,893
Sheridan	690	1,614	968	1,583
Sherman	506	940	559	1,090
Sioux	204	510	261	534
Stanton	601	1,172	939	1,096
Thayer	963	1,500	1,059	1,735
Thomas	112	252	181	210
Thurston	654	915	771	1,035
Valley	679	1,335	838	1,495
Washington	1,966	2,542	2,179	2,889
Wayne	1,364	1,513	1,482	1,716
Webster	609	1,146	809	1,248
Wheeler	99	184	156	196
York	1,669	3,107	1,990	3,338
TOTAL	195,008	283,674	241,032	286,017
	Failed to Pass		Failed to Pass	

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION COURT JUDGE

County	Mark A. Buchholz		Ben Novicoff		Paul E. LeClair	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Adams	8,228	1,973	7,671	2,032	7,754	1,856
Antelope	1,907	638	1,701	663	1,736	631
Arthur	101	45	103	40	105	37
Banner	231	110	227	104	227	101
Blaine	177	68	163	69	163	65
Boone	1,576	698	1,447	706	1,489	678
Box Butte	2,717	739	2,579	753	2,638	689
Boyd	730	350	664	365	652	355
Brown	774	317	667	335	697	325
Buffalo	6,460	2,145	6,261	2,262	6,461	2,096
Burt	1,956	646	1,770	676	1,798	647
Butler	1,661	682	1,493	676	1,475	646
Cass	3,749	1,320	5,228	1,361	3,508	1,325
Cedar	2,003	853	1,865	970	2,043	737
Chase	943	299	875	295	899	277
Cherry	1,405	589	1,341	625	1,363	549
Cheyenne	1,645	821	1,593	791	1,613	751
Clay	2,186	561	2,072	611	2,115	555
Colfax	2,013	728	1,933	802	1,904	747
Cuming	2,235	706	2,010	790	2,053	672
Custer	2,991	1,166	2,701	1,152	2,826	1,031
Dakota	2,912	882	2,697	942	2,849	831
Dawes	1,843	969	1,910	978	1,771	937
Dawson	4,393	1,047	4,013	1,121	3,940	1,004
Deuel	567	201	515	231	533	209
Dixon	1,610	519	1,533	534	1,569	463
Dodge	8,225	2,216	7,843	2,489	7,875	2,077
Douglas	92,196	18,507	85,085	21,346	88,324	19,118
Dundy	474	184	472	174	477	164
Fillmore	1,842	762	1,772	778	1,790	734
Franklin	1,036	385	1,008	409	999	391
Frontier	756	217	708	241	714	213
Furnas	1,490	572	1,372	586	1,393	545
Gage	5,240	944	4,973	932	5,008	839
Garden	621	253	548	265	554	251
Garfield	505	148	479	132	465	129
Gosper	460	167	412	181	420	173
Grant	196	80	176	83	181	76
Greeley	718	280	686	249	696	262
Hall	9,468	2,263	8,746	2,464	8,831	2,261
Hamilton	2,310	764	2,138	791	2,181	752
Harlan	1,085	399	943	424	974	380
Hayes	265	116	260	117	257	123
Hitchcock	753	390	706	386	723	355
Holt	2,210	1,203	2,065	1,177	2,157	1,072
Hooker	201	53	179	63	186	48
Howard	1,190	543	1,137	539	1,177	495
Jefferson	2,714	690	2,639	662	2,623	618
Johnson	1,086	441	995	474	1,037	423
Kearney	1,744	463	1,684	481	1,670	452
Keith	1,839	621	1,672	660	1,694	621
Keya Paha	256	92	220	97	219	94
Kimball	1,284	278	1,227	307	1,235	294
Knox	2,445	782	2,249	862	2,298	761
Lancaster	41,277	8,219	38,374	9,837	39,413	8,661
Lincoln	7,030	2,109	6,516	2,309	6,483	2,046
Logan	192	85	201	91	206	89
Loup	172	81	160	83	153	76
McPherson	85	65	76	69	78	65
Madison	6,189	1,881	6,098	1,986	6,348	1,775
Merrick	1,770	614	1,536	663	1,588	620
Morrill	1,298	446	1,210	461	1,230	423
Nance	945	355	892	346	896	323

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

General Election—November 2, 1976

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION COURT JUDGE

County	Mark A. Buchholz		Ben Novicoff		Paul E. LeClair	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Nemaha	2,011	621	1,854	662	1,863	617
Nuckolls	1,660	526	1,515	535	1,511	493
Otoe	3,338	891	3,051	969	3,055	926
Pawnee	823	281	718	288	742	269
Perkins	758	283	684	280	684	267
Phelps	2,702	590	2,563	526	2,614	560
Pierce	1,580	523	1,371	600	1,420	536
Platte	6,114	1,830	5,666	1,987	5,681	1,852
Polk	1,406	779	1,212	827	1,245	800
Red Willow	2,489	953	2,365	955	2,419	854
Richardson	2,320	505	1,582	570	1,696	517
Rock	415	151	365	166	373	146
Saline	2,779	1,000	2,606	996	2,625	945
Sarpy	12,114	3,247	11,776	3,343	12,002	3,088
Saunders	3,986	1,368	3,659	1,354	3,721	1,279
Scotts Bluff	5,575	1,679	4,797	1,638	4,908	1,496
Seward	3,192	987	2,963	1,046	3,021	935
Sheridan	1,295	609	1,180	650	1,150	638
Sherman	890	400	782	419	841	373
Sioux	442	172	409	183	418	161
Stanton	1,075	427	980	447	1,016	402
Thayer	1,816	482	1,591	503	1,637	444
Thomas	198	90	188	81	186	87
Thurston	970	455	888	495	972	491
Valley	1,241	544	1,214	571	1,202	513
Washington	2,922	1,204	2,743	1,243	2,830	1,118
Wayne	2,005	610	1,883	590	1,906	530
Webster	1,170	461	1,072	474	1,088	436
Wheeler	170	48	177	53	171	49
York	3,467	981	3,207	1,036	3,185	916
TOTAL	329,503	89,437	307,550	96,585	312,916	87,751

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